

Telegraphic News.
LONDON, September 4.—A dispatch from Madrid to the Times says the Cabinet crisis continues. Senor Caceres, President of the Council, persists in his resignation. General Blanes and other leaders of the Northern army have accompanied General Zaballos to Madrid.
HAVANA, September 3.—Concha today issued a decree, to go into effect immediately, requiring that hereafter all land taxes shall be paid entirely in specie.
MADRID, September 4.—Zaballos' Cabinet has resigned. Sagasta will form a new Ministry. It will probably be constituted as follows: Sagasta, President of the Council and Minister of the Interior; Ulloa, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Colmenares, Minister of Justice; Serrano Biedra, Minister of War; Comarcho, Minister of Finance; Rodriguez Arias, Minister of Marine; Navarro Rodrigo, Minister of Commerce; Rencoro Ortiz, Minister of Colonies. 2,000 men will be sent to Cuba in a few days, to reinforce the Spanish troops on that island. The Carlists have abandoned the siege of Ryoorda. The failure of the insurgents to capture the place causes great rejoicing.
LONDON, September 4.—The members of the Austrian polar expedition, for whose fate grave fears were felt, have been heard from. They were shipwrecked, when four took to sleighs, in which they have succeeded, after a long journey, in reaching the Norwegian island of Wardoe.
NAPLES, Sept. 4.—Rav. A. Carman, D. D., President of Albert College, was elected Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Canada, at the general conference this morning. Dr. Reid declined to accept the office.
Telegraphic—American Matters.
CHATTANOOGA, September 3.—Col. David N. Nelson, of Bradley County, was nominated for Congress on the third ballot to-day by the Republican Convention in the Third District. The resolutions denounced the recent outrages in Tennessee, deprecated a white man's party movement, counsel moderation on the part of the negroes, and are silent on civil rights.
NEW YORK, September 3.—A letter from Havana, dated August 29th, says: "Business of every description is very unsettled and scarcely anything doing, owing to the extreme fluctuations in gold."
FREDERICK DOCKERY, is to be sent to Spain tomorrow, by the Spanish mail steamer. Through the intervention of Hall, Consul-General of the United States, Dockery will be treated as a cabin passenger; he will be without irons and will have the liberty of the whole ship.
CHICAGO, September 3.—Lieutenant-General Sheridan, today, sent the following order by telegraph to Brigadier-General Alfred A. Terry, at St. Paul, Minnesota: "Should companies now organizing at Sioux City and Yankton trespass on the Sioux Indian reservation, you are hereby directed to use the force at your command, to burn the wagon trains, destroy their outfit and arrest the leaders, confining them at the nearest military post in the Indian country. Should they succeed in reaching the interior, you are directed to send such a force of cavalry in pursuit as will accomplish the purpose of the above named instructions. Should Congress open up the country for settlement by extinguishing the treaty rights of the Indians, the undersigned will give his cordial support to the settlement of the Black Hills." A duplicate copy of these instructions has been sent to the General commanding the Department of the Platte. The business portion of Greenville, Mississippi, was burned to-day.
CHATTANOOGA, W. T., September 3.—The election returns are nearly all in, and give Steel, Democrat, a majority between 500 and 600, re-electing him a delegate by double the majority that he received two years ago. The Democratic ticket has been generally successful throughout the Territory.
NEW YORK, September 4.—Agatha Orlandini, the opera singer, is dead.
A racket match, for the championship of America and a purse of \$500, was played by Thomas Moore and James Denny, yesterday. The former was the winner.
The Commissioners of Accounts have made an examination of the books of the Charity Commission, and make a report showing irregularities in distributing supplies, deceit in making returns, fraud in letting contracts, alteration of books and everything in a generally suspicious muddle.
HARRISBURG, Pa., September 4.—In a test case brought by the Sunday League, Judge Pierson has decided that the transgressor of the Sunday laws can be fined for each and every sale of cigars or merchandise during Sunday. This is the first decision on this point in Pennsylvania. Under the English law, only one fine for an entire Sunday could be imposed. He also decided that a house having a hotel license can sell ice cream or eatables to citizens or transient customers.
MEMPHIS, TENN., September 4.—The fire in Greenville, Mississippi, on Wednesday morning, is believed to have been incendiary, destroying the entire portion of the town from Mulberry street to the river, embracing nearly all the business houses of the place—in all seventy-three houses, valued at over \$250,000; insurance about \$150,000, of which the planters of Mississippi and Memphis have a large amount. There will be considerable suffering, as nearly all the provisions in town were destroyed. The house in which the fire originated had been previously fired four different times. A man, named Major Thompson, had been previously arrested, on suspicion of being concerned.
AUGUSTA, September 4.—The steam-

ship Vicksburg, of the Port Royal and New York Steamship Line, left Port Royal for New York so-day, with a full cargo and thirty passengers. By the 15th inst., a steamship will leave Port Royal for Liverpool weekly.
MONTPELIER, Vt., September 4.—Returns from Judge Poland's District (five small towns excepted) give Poland 5,575; Danahoe 4,875; Davenport 1,768 and scattering 924. Two years ago, these towns gave Poland 1,074; State 2,917; Davenport 2,680 and scattering 557. Judge Poland is elected Governor by 21,000 to 23,000 majority.
JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., September 4.—Clark and Lewis have been held for trial, for the murder of August Gardner. It is feared that there will be a serious difficulty, as threats have been made of lynching them, and the Sheriff is deterred.
WASHINGTON, September 4.—Before leaving Washington, last night, Attorney-General Williams addressed a letter to the Secretary of War, in the nature of a request, to order the station of United States troops at certain points indicated by him and where the Southern outrages have been the most violent. This letter was, to-day, forwarded by Secretary Belknap to General McDowell, commanding the Department of the South, together with the circular issued yesterday by the Attorney-General, with instructions to do so dispose of the forces under his command as to insure the strict enforcement of its provisions and the protection of both white and black citizens in their rights. Secretary Belknap says he intends to comply strictly with the terms of the circular, but will not issue the order for the movement of troops from the War Department direct; but from time to time, as information of outrages is communicated, will receive from the Attorney-General the localities wherein the military is most desired, and will notify General McDowell to so apportion his command as to meet the exigencies of the situation as they may arise. There are now in the Southern States, exclusive of Tennessee and Texas, four regiments of the army, with headquarters as follows: The First Artillery at Charleston, S. C.; Second Infantry at Atlanta, Ga.; Third Infantry at Holly Springs, Miss., and Eighteenth Infantry at Columbia, S. C. As the troubles are principally in the middle portion of Alabama, the Red River country of Louisiana and in Georgia, it is more than probable that General McDowell will at once issue orders changing the present stations of his command to a point which will cover the localities designated. The following is the distribution of the troops in the several Southern States; three companies of the Second Infantry in Alabama, six in Georgia and one in Tennessee. The entire Third Infantry is at Holly Springs, Miss.; three companies of the Sixteenth Infantry in Kentucky; two in Arkansas; one in Mississippi; one in Louisiana, and one in Tennessee. Eight companies of the Eighteenth Infantry in South Carolina and two in Georgia; eight companies of the First Artillery in Florida; one in Georgia; two in South Carolina, and one in Virginia; six companies of the Second Artillery in North Carolina; one in South Carolina; one in Virginia, and four in Maryland—making the whole number of troops in the South about 2,500. The Third Infantry was ordered to Louisiana several months ago, but on account of the warm weather and liability of fever, it was decided that the regiment should remain at Holly Springs, Miss., until the fall. It will now be hurried to Louisiana.
Probabilities.—Over the South Atlantic States, North-easterly winds, higher pressure, lower temperature and cloudy or partly cloudy weather. Over the Eastern Gulf States and lower Mississippi valley, rising barometer, North-east winds veering to South-east, cloudy and rainy weather. Over the Tennessee and Ohio valleys, North-east and South-east winds, falling barometer, stationary or higher temperature and partly cloudy weather. Over the North-west, upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys, falling barometer, higher temperature, South-easterly winds, cloudy and local rains. Over the upper lake region, Easterly to Southerly winds, falling barometer, higher temperature, partly cloudy weather and local rains. Over the lower lake region, Middle and Eastern States, stationary or falling barometer, North-east to South-east winds, partly cloudy and clear weather, with somewhat higher temperature.
SAN FRANCISCO, September 4.—The steamship Great Republic arrived here to-day, bringing Yokohama dates to August 4. The Japanese adhere to their determination not to be driven into a war with China, except in the last extremity. The whole tendency of their present negotiations is pacific, but so many influences are operating against them that they feel the necessity of fully preparing themselves. To this end, large bodies of troops have been assembled in certain Southern ports, ready for instant departure, in case of need, and several large steamers have been added to their transport fleet. Gen. Lesurde, who sailed for China a fortnight ago, to continue the peaceful negotiation commenced in Formosa, was arrested by the United States officials, on landing at Amoy. It is not yet known whether he will be temporarily or permanently detained. Astonishment at the news of his seizure is chiefly caused by the fact that the amicable character of his mission was known to everybody. It is looked upon as another proof of the determination of foreign representatives to obstruct the efforts of Japan to arrive at a fair understanding. No foreigner acting on behalf of China has been molested or interfered with in any way.

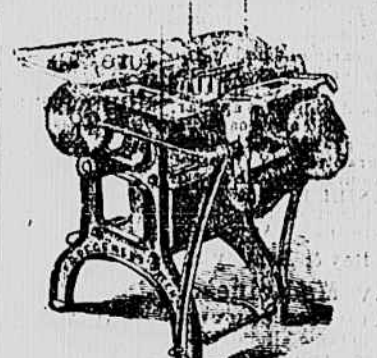
The Japanese Government, fortunately foreseeing the possibility of obstacles in Gen. Lesurde's case, despatched other commissioners immediately after his departure, who could not be hindered in the fulfillment of their duties. They are to proceed directly to Peking. The Mikado takes the keenest interest in the deliberations of the Government on the Formosa question. On the 4th instant, he personally visited the office of the First Board of the Government, and presided at the debates—an act almost without precedent in modern times. United States Consul-General Van Buren has arrived and assumed duties of his office. Gen. Meyers and Colonel Lyford, of the United States army, specially commissioned by Grant to bring presents of new and improved arms to the sovereign of Japan, are in Yaddo. They were, with Minister Bingham, received by the Mikado. In the unlikely event of war with China, it is probable that these instruments of attack, among which were Gatling guns, would be made immediate use of. It does not appear, however, that Bingham has issued any order forbidding their delivery to the Japanese authorities. The affair of the Simon-eski indemnity has taken a turn, that could never have been anticipated by the Americans. Bingham has received instructions from Washington to demand payment, and the amount has been deposited to his credit.
Telegraphic—Commercial Reports.
COLUMBIA, September 4.—Several bales of new cotton sold to-day at 14 1/2 for middling.
NEW YORK, September 4.—Noon.—Cotton firm and asking higher; sales 233—uplands 16 1/2; Orleans 17 1/2. Futures opened easier and now steady; September 15 7/16, 15 1/2; October 15 1/2, 15 5/16; November 15 1/2, 15 1/2. Wheat 1 1/2 @ 2 1/2, better. Corn excited and 2 1/2, higher. Pork firm—22 7/8. Lard firm—steam 14 1/16. Money 2. Gold 9 3/4. Exchange—long 4 8/7; short 4 8/9.
7 P. M.—Cotton receipts 19. Futures barely steady; sales 18,400; September 15 23/32, 15 1/2; October 15 1/2, 15 1/2; November 15 1/2, 15 1/2; December 15 1/2, 15 1/2; January 15 1/2, 15 1/2; February 15 1/2, 15 1/2; March 15 1/2, 15 1/2; April 15 1/2, 15 1/2. Cotton firm; sales 3,860, at 16 1/2 @ 17 1/2. Southern flour a shade firmer and rather more doing—common to fair extra 5 80 @ 6 15; good to choice 6 20 @ 9 00. Wheat 1 1/2 @ 2 1/2, higher and better demand—1 1/2 @ 1.30 old winter red and amber Western; 1 1/2 @ 1.24 new winter red Western; 1 1/2 @ 1.28 new amber. Corn active and excited and 2 1/2 @ 3 1/2, higher; some little export inquiry demand, but chiefly speculative—39 @ 90 Western mixed store; 90 @ 91 aflant. Coffee quiet—15 1/2 @ 19 1/4 for Rio. Sugar firm and good demand—8 1/2 @ 9 1/2 fair to good refining; 8 1/2 prime; 7 1/2 @ 8 1/2 common to prime Mascoado; 8 1/2 Porto Rico; refined finer—10 1/2 @ 11 crushed, powdered and granulated. Molasses and rice quiet and unchanged. Pork dull and nominal—22 7/8 new mess. Lard dull, at 14 1/2. Whiskey 1.06. Freights dull and declining. Money easy, at 2 @ 2 1/2. Exchange dull, heavy and lower—1 1/2 @ 1 1/2. Gold 9 3/4 @ 9 7/8. Government bonds dull but steady. States quiet and nominal.
SAVANNAH, September 4.—Cotton quiet—middling 15 1/2; low middling 15; good ordinary 14; net receipts 437; gross 437; exports coastwise 233; sales 121; stock 5 134; weekly net receipts 1,840; gross 1,837; exports coastwise 1,432; sales 1,003; since September 1, net receipts 1,277; gross 1,294; exports coastwise 39; sales 942.
CHARLESTON, September 4.—Cotton unchanged—middling 15 1/2; receipts 183; sales 150; stock 4,263; weekly net receipts 1,090; gross 1,187; exports to Great Britain 162; coastwise 1,239; sales 650; since September 1, net receipts 461; gross 461; exports to Great Britain 162; coastwise 136; sales 525.
MOBILE, September 4.—Cotton quiet and unchanged—middling 15 1/2; low middling 15; good ordinary 14; net receipts 26; sales 50; stock 3,766; weekly net receipts 240; exports coastwise 313; sales 840; since September 1, net receipts 86; exports coastwise 222; sales 450.
NORFOLK, September 4.—Cotton quiet—low middling 15; net receipts 101; exports coastwise 3; sales 46; stock 1,422; weekly net receipts 940; exports coastwise 379; sales 137; since September 1, net receipts 542; exports coastwise 180; sales 62.
BOSTON, September 4.—Cotton quiet—middling 17 1/2; gross receipts 1,385; sales 250; stock 8,000; weekly net receipts 66; gross 2,783; sales 1,510; since September 1, net receipts 1,753; sales 900.
WILMINGTON, September 4.—Cotton unchanged—middling 15 1/2; net receipts 2; exports coastwise 81; stock 160; weekly net receipts 16; exports coastwise 210; sales 99; since September 1, net receipts 13; exports coastwise 210; sales 99.
NEW ORLEANS, September 4.—Cotton dull and unchanged—middling 16 1/2; net receipts 275; sales 300; stock 16,561; weekly net receipts 1,209; gross 1,631; exports Great Britain 432; coastwise 1,847; to France 11; sales 2,400; since September 1, net receipts 786; gross 1,030; exports coastwise 400; sales 180.
CINCINNATI, September 4.—Flour steady. Corn firm—73 @ 75. Pork steady—23 50 @ 24 00. Lard unchanged. Bacon in fair demand and higher—shoulders 9 7/8 @ 10; clear rib 13 3/4 @ 14; clear 14 @ 14 1/2—outside prices paid at close. Whiskey in good demand and firm—90.
LOUISVILLE, September 4.—Flour unchanged. Corn quiet and unchanged—74 @ 78. Pork quiet and unchanged—23 50. Bacon firm—shoulders 10; clear rib 14; clear 14 1/2. Lard 16 1/2. Whiskey 90.

St. Louis, September 4.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn firm and in fair demand—72 @ 72 1/2 for No. 2 mixed. Whiskey higher—1.00. Pork 24.00 @ 24 25. Bacon firm and active—10 for shoulders; clear rib 14 @ 14 1/2, clear sides 14 1/2. Lard firm and only retail trade.
AUGUSTA, September 4.—Cotton quiet—middling 15; receipts 99; sales 59; stock 4,607; weekly receipts 293; shipments 924; sales 518; spinners 250.
BALTIMORE, September 4.—Cotton dull and easy—middling 16 1/2; net receipts 13; gross 16; exports coastwise 60; sales 650; stock actual count 1,914; weekly net receipts 45; gross 291; exports to Great Britain 700; coastwise 3,002; sales 1,522; spinners 873; since September 1, net receipts 13; gross 154; exports coastwise 155; sales 1,242; spinners 780. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and steady—Western 1.25 @ 1.35. Corn steady—white Southern 94 @ 97; yellow 85; mixed Western 83. Mess pork dull and nominal—23.50. Bulk meats strong and buoyant—shoulders 9 1/2; clear rib sides 13. Bacon dull for rib—sides 10 @ 10 1/2; clear rib sides 13 1/2 @ 14; hams dull and lower—14 1/2 @ 15. Lard dull and nominal—refined 15. Whiskey firmer and held at 1.06, and small sales at that figure. Sugar firmer and higher—10 1/2 @ 10 3/4.
GALVESTON, September 4.—Cotton quiet and steady—middling 15; low middling 15; good ordinary 14; receipts 545; sales 225; stock 6,510; weekly net receipts 2,844; gross 286; exports to Great Britain 387; coastwise 421; sales 1,372; net receipts since September 1, 1,987; gross 2,014; exports coastwise 9; sales 1,660.
COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.—Net receipts at all United States ports since September 1, 5,562—same time last year, 9,335; total to date, 5,562—to same date last year, 9,335, exports since September 1, 1,386—same time last year, 7,221; total to date, 1,386—to same date last year, 7,221; stock at all United States ports, 107,661—last year, 81,206; at interior towns, (less Selma and Columbus,) 16,516—last year, 10,437; at Liverpool, 890,000—last year, 775,000; American float for Great Britain, 26,000—last year 41,000.
WEEKLY COTTON STATEMENT.—Memphis—Quiet and unchanged—low middling 15 1/2; net receipts 434; shipments 140; stock in 1874, 6,058; 1873, 3,156; weekly net receipts 1,232; shipments 1,552. Philadelphia—Dull—middling 17; low middling 16; good ordinary 14 1/2; net receipts 45; gross 68; weekly net receipts 225; gross 1,661. Nashville—Firm—middling 16; low middling 15; good ordinary 14; weekly net receipts 183; shipments 126; stock 3,381. Liverpool—Good ordinary 11; weekly receipts 65; sales 20. Providence—Weekly net receipts 8; sales 3,000; stock 8,000. Montgomery—Quiet—low middling 14 1/2; weekly net receipts 212; shipments 159; stock 618. Macon—Quiet—middling 14 1/2; low middling 14 1/2; good ordinary 13 1/2; weekly net receipts 106; gross 106; shipments 42; stock 1,862. Indianapolis—Weekly net receipts 62; shipments 62. Selma—Firm—middling 15; low middling 14 1/2; good ordinary 13 1/2; weekly net receipts 239; gross 239; shipments 77; sales spinners 213; total 529; stock 214.
LONDON, September 4.—Eries 32 1/2. Street discount 3/4 below bank.
LIVERPOOL, September 4.—8 P. M.—Cotton dull—uplands 8; Orleans 8 1/2; sales 10,000, including 2,000 speculation and export; sales of the week 61,000, of which 10,000 are export and speculation; stock 890,000, including 335,000 American; receipts of the week 80,000, including 19,000 American; actual exports 11,000; aflant 384,000, including 26,000 American; sales on basis middling uplands, nothing below good ordinary, deliverable September, 7 13-16; sales shipments new crop, basis middling uplands, nothing below good ordinary, 7 7/8.
6 P. M.—Sales to-day 14,000, including 4,700 American; 7,000 speculation and export; sales on basis middling uplands, nothing below good ordinary, deliverable October, 7 7/8; nothing below low middling, deliverable October, November or December, 7 7/8. Yarns and fabrics at Manchester dull, with a downward tendency.

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