

London, August 12.—The following interesting particulars of the escape of Marshal Bazaine from his prison on the Isle of St. Marguerite have been received: The apartments occupied by Marshal Bazaine opened upon a terrace, which was built upon a lofty and precipitous cliff overhanging the sea. A sentry was posted on the terrace, with orders to watch the prisoner's every movement. On Sunday evening, the Marshal walked upon the terrace, with Colvette, his aid-de-camp. At 10 o'clock, he retired as usual, apparently to sleep; but before day-break, he had effected his escape. He must have crossed the terrace in the dead hour of night, and eluding the sentinel, gained the edge of the precipice; thence, by means of a knotted rope, he descended to the sea. He evidently slipped during the descent and tore his hands, as the rope was found stained with blood in several places under the cliff. In a hired boat were Bazaine's wife and cousin. They received him as he reached the water, and Madame La Marchalle, taking the oars herself, rowed directly to a strange steamer, which had been lying off the island since the previous evening. They reached the vessel in safety, were taken on board, and the steamer then put to sea. It is thought that they have landed at Genoa, as the steamer proceeded in that direction. The first news of the affair came to Grasse, the nearest place on the coast, and the magistrates of the town immediately sent officers in every direction to search for the fugitive. There was great commotion in Marseilles when the facts became known. An investigation was opened, and Colvette, who was walking with the Marshal on the evening of his escape, was discovered there and imprisoned. The commandant of the fort of St. Marguerite was placed under arrest. Gen. Lewill has gone to the island to investigate the affair.

PARIS, August 12.—It has been ascertained that the plan for Marshal Bazaine's escape from Marguerite was arranged six weeks ago. It was entirely the work of Madame Bazaine. The Marshal refused at first to fly; but, finally, owing to his failure to obtain some modification of his sentence, yielded. He sailed from the island in the steam yacht Baron Ricassoli, belonging to an Italian company, having refused to employ a French vessel. He was accompanied in his flight by his wife and brother. His place of refuge is not known. The domestics at the fort where the Marshal was imprisoned have been arrested.

LONDON, August 12.—The *Mark Lane Express*, in its review of the bread-stuff market, has the following in regard to the wheat crop: "We are now at the middle of the harvest, and new wheat shows nothing to indicate more than an average quality and growth, though some of it shows more than average ripeness. Some of our contemporaries say the crop will be two-thirds above the average, others one-third and others about the average, while some think it will be below the average. An immense amount of wheat is yet unharvested, and an increase of rain would be serious. There is great diversity of opinion about the crops in France and Belgium." In closing its review, the *Express* says: "We do not see how the price of wheat can be much depressed."

MADRID, August 12.—The Government has received despatches from Gen. Moriones, announcing that his troops have attacked the Carlists at Otesias, in Navarre, and carried several of their entrenchments.

HAVANA, August 12.—Through the exertions of the American Consul-General, an arrangement has been effected with the Havana post-office authorities, by which mails for the United States will for the present be made up in the consulate.

TALLAHASSEE, August 11.—The Republican Convention for the nomination of a Representative to Congress met at the capitol to-day, and adjourned to allow the Committee on Credentials to report. In the meantime, the bolters took possession of the capitol and barred the doors, refusing admission to the regular delegates. Gov. Stearns was unable to quell the riot. No fire-arms were used. The regular convention will try to meet to-morrow, in a private hall.

MEMPHIS, August 12.—A special to the *Atlanta*, from Helena, dated noon, says in the fight at Austin, last night, eight or ten negroes were killed. Reinforcements are coming in to the whites from the hills, and the negroes are being reinforced from the surrounding country. The whites have Austin barricaded, and will probably be able to keep the negroes off; but they need assistance in provisions and ammunition. Several officials from Tunica County, who have been here since yesterday morning, telegraphed to Gov. Ames, at Jackson, for assistance; but up to this time have not heard a word. This special also states that the whites have taken Oak Landing, some three miles below Austin, and the only landing in that vicinity at the present stage of the water, and this is corroborated by the officers of the H. C. Yaeger, which arrived here to-night, and who saw a body of armed white men there as they passed. Captain James Lee, of the steamer St. Francis, which arrived from below, this morning, says after the negroes, who had Austin surrounded, were repulsed, yesterday, they disappeared, and the story soon circulated that they were murdering the women and children left unprotected on the surrounding plantations, which caused the men who had been defending the place to start for their homes to protect their families. Austin was soon left without

any defenders, except one or two white men, and the negroes came in and took possession, and proceeded to break open saloons and stores and help themselves. At last accounts, they had committed no acts of violence towards the few whites who were unable to get away; but, as they were becoming drunk, fears were entertained that they would burn the village. Messengers were sent to Captain Lee, asking him to land there, but he had a large number of refugees on board, some of whom the negroes had threatened to kill. Dr. Phillips, late Republican member of the Legislature, being of the number, and they begging him not to do so, he passed on up without landing. General Chalmers came up on the St. Francis to Peter's Landing, where the St. Francis met whites with reinforcements from here. He was requested by the Deputy Sheriff, in the absence of the Sheriff, to take command of the men, and he went, back with them. They will land at Oak Landing and endeavor to cut off the retreat of the negroes from the hills, and, doubtless, ere this, the whole force has been captured. The negroes had no suspicions of the approach of this force, and were too busily engaged in debauch to be prepared to meet them. General Chalmers is a man of well-known courage and coolness, and his being in command gives assurance that no blood will be unnecessarily shed. It is proper to state that the police have nothing to do with this trouble, and that Mayor Woodson and a number of other men who have been proscribed by the negroes are Republicans.

LATER.—The excitement here in regard to the Austin riot is becoming more intense, owing to unfounded rumors of young men from this city being killed in an attack on the place. The following is posted about the city: "Reliable men wanted, to report on board the St. Francis, at 4 o'clock this day. Arms and ammunition will be furnished to them; also, 300 men, well armed and equipped, to report at the same time and place. About twenty good artillerymen wanted. Gen. King White will assume command of the above force." It is thought several hundred men will go to-night on the St. Francis. Three pieces of artillery are expected here from Arkansas.

The *Appeal's* Helena special, dated 11.20, this morning, says some thirty Mississippians, stragglers from the force which left Memphis yesterday, for Austin, arrived here this morning, on a steamer, and put up at Ortawar's Hotel. The colored people, unable to understand the presence of an armed squad of men, became much excited. About 9 o'clock, the Mayor obtained possession of the arms and had them placed on the wharf boat, for shipment by the first steamer. On the arrival of the little steamer *Trader*, the Mississippians, escorted by the Mayor, Sheriff and other officials, and followed by a large crowd of negroes, were marched on board the *Trader* and shipped to Austin. There has been nothing reliable from Austin to-day. The negroes report a fight there last night, and that six or eight whites were killed.

It is twenty miles to the nearest telegraph station. The *Appeal's* special from Helena, this morning, after recounting the occupation of Austin by the negroes, says at Bennett's Landing, Col. Morgan held a council, and stated that it was too hazardous to make an assault on the blacks entrenched at Austin, owing to want of proper authority, suitable number of men and ammunition, and he preferred landing at Moon's, above Austin, where he could place himself in better condition and await Executive authority. Gen. Chalmers then came on board. He objected to landing at Moon's, and insisted on landing at "Oak," or "Shoo Fly," most of the officers agreeing with him. To this Col. Morgan objected, as being in the midst of the enemy and abjecting the command to an immediate attack from all sides, while unprepared for it. He then ordered back the commissary supplies, which had been landed, and Capt. Finley's company, which had been thrown out as skirmishers, and calling the officers together, told them he felt it was his duty, under the circumstances, not to take the risk. To this some of the officers objected. Col. Morgan then resigned, and General Chalmers was elected commander, and landed at "Shoo Fly."

The following has just been received: HELENA, August 12.—*Thomas H. Allen & Co.*: Send us reinforcements by the St. Francis. Send guns with fixed ammunition, if possible. Send rations for ten days for 500 men. (Signed) J. R. CHALMERS. From which it would seem that General Chalmers had decided not to attack to-day.

The following has just been received: JACKSON, Miss., August 12.—*To Col. Marion Campbell, Helena*: You are requested and authorized by me to suppress the riot at Austin, to the end that peace may be restored and life saved. (Signed) A. AMES, Governor. Another special to the *Appeal*, from Helena, says: A Mr. Sebastian, just arrived from Austin, makes the following statement: Between 300 and 400 men from Memphis landed at Shoo Fly, five miles below Austin, this morning, and marched into the town without opposition, at 3 o'clock. The citizens had abandoned the place the previous evening, and the negroes, after holding it a few hours and sacking it, left for their homes. The Memphians found about thirty negroes in the town, who surrendered at once, eight of whom were arrested and sent to jail; the others were non-combatants

and were not molested. Everything up to 8 A. M. when left as quiet. At 10 A. M. it was reported that the negroes were organizing for the purpose of retaking Austin, and their pickets were stopping every body. Col. Campbell, formerly Sheriff of De Soto County, Miss., has crossed the river here and gone to Austin, to endeavor to restore peace. Major Sweitzer, commanding at Fort Ellis, Montana, reports that on the 26th ult., he was apprised of Indians in that vicinity. A courier was sent to notify the company, at Flat-head Pass; and scouts were sent through the valley. It was found that some horses were missing from the vicinity. Two companies were immediately ordered out—Capt. Ball's and Capt. Tyler's. They are still in pursuit. The number of Indians reported is from 40 to 200. The companies left during the night, and were in pursuit before the citizens in the valley were aware of any Indians being in the vicinity.

The participation of certain officers of the United States service in movements of the Japanese Government against the inhabitants of the island of Formosa, is likely to cause some embarrassment between our Government and that of China. The latter claims to have jurisdiction over the island of Formosa and its people, and that any proceedings on the part of American citizens of an unfriendly or belligerent character against said island, is a violation of neutrality. One of the officers connected with the Formosa expedition is Lt. Douglas Cassel, of the navy. Gen. Legendre, an ex-United States Consul, is also attached to it.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., August 12.—The first bale of cotton of the season was received yesterday from Munter & Faber's plantation, and sold to Gerson & Winter, for 23½ cents. It weighed 403 pounds and classed low middling. The second bale, just received, was from Lowndes County, and brought at auction 25 cents. Corn and cotton are suffering from drought. Good crops of both are made, but the decrease in the acreage of cotton is fully twenty-five per cent.

The Radical Convention for nomination for Congress in the First District has been in session two days at Selma. Over 100 ballots and no nomination. The negroes want one of their set nominated. Busted, United States Judge, is actively canvassing the State for the Radicals.

SAVANNAH, August 12.—The *Advertiser-Republican*, of this city, appeared as a bait sheet this morning, announcing its suspension, on account of financial embarrassments.

NEW YORK, August 12.—The following are the pointed phrases of Mr. Sherman, member of the committee: "And yet even now I would not advise Mr. Beecher to speak out, knowing, as I do, the circumstances; he should tell the public what they have absolutely no right to know. This disgusting business is absolutely shocking. Beecher has held his tongue." Speaking of Mrs. Hooker: "She, it was very well known, was a weak-minded woman, and the Woodhull people got hold of her and preyed upon her weakened intellect; but if Beecher opened his mouth and told his story, there are distinguished citizens who have been mixed up in this matter who would suffer, and in his silence he has spared their feelings. When I reflect on what would be the consequence of his telling out what he knows about the whole business, I would advise him even now to keep silent, and explain away only what is necessary to the committee." It is said another effort is making to compromise, and the *Argus* goes so far as to state that Mrs. Tilton is prepared to state that she has been laboring under a hallucination; that Mr. Beecher is willing to resign his pastoral; that the society will refuse to accept his resignation, and that Mr. Tilton will, upon these conditions, again open the door of his house to his wife.

Beecher's letter has been laid before the committee. It is a lengthy document, and will make eight or nine ordinary newspaper columns.

August 12.—Last Monday evening, a German, named Jas. Peterson, was shot and instantly killed in a bar-room, near Langley, S. C., by a man named Jeter Awtry. Awtry shot at another man and killed Peterson, and then escaped. The difficulty originated about a game of cards.

MAON, GA., August 12.—Hon. Jas. H. Blount was renominated by acclamation for Congress by the Democrats of this District, at the convention at Milledgeville.

PITTSBURG, August 12.—Barney Aaron, Collier's principal second, announces: "You may telegraph, upon my authority, that Collier's seconds concede the stakes and fight to Edwards."

Ex-Mayor Wightman has been released from jail, having taken the poor debtors' oath. The attorneys of the plaintiff in suit against Wightman have filed charges of fraud against him, on the ground that to enable him to take the oath, he assigned all his property to his son.

The annual State Labor Reform Convention assembled in South Framingham, Mass., to-day, to discuss the eight hour law. The State Temperance Convention met in Harrisburg, Pa.; slim attendance.

Carroll, the referee in the Collier-Edwards prize fight, decides that Edwards fairly won the fight.

WASHINGTON, August 12.—The annual report of the Department of Agriculture will probably not be published till after the meeting of Congress. The appropriation for printing this report, contrary to precedent, is to be

disbursed subject to the order of the Commissioner, and not of the Congress. The printer, therefore, has refused to print unless the appropriation is placed to his credit, which Commissioner Waite refuses to do. The cotton crop presents a better appearance now than at the last monthly report, except in Tennessee and Arkansas.

Probabilities.—During Thursday, over New England, partly cloudy weather and rain areas are probable, followed by winds veering to West and North, rising barometer and clearing and cool weather. Over the South Atlantic and Gulf States, high temperature and partly cloudy weather, with South to West winds, higher barometer and coast rains in the former, and with slight changes of barometer and South to West winds in the latter. Over Tennessee and the Ohio valley, higher barometer, slightly lower temperature, winds mostly from the North-west and North-east, and partly cloudy weather. Over the lake region, higher barometer, winds mostly from the North-west and North-east, and partly cloudy and cool weather, occasional light rains in the lower lake region. Over the North-west, higher barometer, North-west to South-east winds and partly cloudy weather. Over the Middle States, winds veering to North-west and North-east, falling temperature, and on the coast rain, followed by clearing weather and rising barometer. The Worcester horse railroad stables were partially burned this morning. Twenty-five horses burned, including two owned privately and a valuable trotting mare.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., August 12.—Very small attendance at the independent mass convention to-day. A resolution was passed, declaring the places of Attorney-General and Auditor on the independent ticket vacant. The nominee for the latter—Mr. Henderson—has accepted the nomination for the same office on the Democratic ticket, and declined after the appointment of the committees.

ST. LOUIS, August 12.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn dull and unsettled; small business—No. 2 mixed 64@64½. Whiskey steady, at 98. Pork quiet, at 24.00. Bacon firm; some sales slightly higher—shoulders 9½@9½½; clear rib 13@13½; clear sides 13½@13½. Lard firm—10½ steam.

Telegraphic-Commercial Reports. NEW YORK, August 12.—Non-money dull, at 2. Gold dull, at 9½. Exchange—long 4.87½; short 4.91. Stocks moderately active, at ½% higher from the opening. Cotton steady; sales 1,402—middling uplands 17; Orleans 17½. Sales of futures: August 16½, 16 3/16; September 16 3/32; 16 11/32; October 16 5/32, 16 7/32; November 16, 16 1/16; December 16 1/32, 16 3/32; January 16½, 16 7/16, 16½; April 16½, 16½. Pork quiet—mess 23.75. Lard quiet—steam 14. Freights steady. 7 P. M.—Cotton net receipts 224; gross 909. Futures closed steady; sales 19,900; August 16½, 16 3/16; September 16 3/32, 16 7/32; October 16 1/32, 16 1/16; November 15 15/16, 15 31/32; December 15 31/32. Cotton steady and demand good; sales 2,260, at 17@17½. Southern flour quiet and unchanged—common to fair extra 5 60@6.25; good to choice 6.30. Wheat less active and 1¢@2¢ lower—1.23@1.25 for old winter red Western; 1.32@1.35 new. Corn—little better export demand—79 rejected; 79½@80 Western mixed; 80½@81 high mixed; 94@97 white Western. Coffee dull and nominal—Rio 18@21. Sugar dull and heavy—7@8½ fair to good refining; 8½ prime; Muscovado 9½. Molasses quiet, at 45. Rice dull and unchanged. Pork firmer—23 50 new mess. Lard firmer—14½. Whiskey more active and firm—1.01. Freights to Liverpool firm. Money easy, at 1½@2. Exchange quiet—4.87½. Gold 9½@9½. Governments dull but steady. States dull and nominal.

BALTIMORE, August 12.—Flour and wheat steady and unchanged. Corn nominal—white Southern 92; Southern yellow 82; Western mixed 79. Western butter active and firm—24@26. Coffee dull and nominal 19@21. Whiskey steady, at 1.01. Sugar quiet, at 10½@10½. Cotton quiet—middling 17; gross receipts 2; exports coastwise 41; sales 20; stock 3,047.

LOUISVILLE, August 12.—Flour unchanged. Corn quiet and unchanged—white 80@82; mixed 72. Pork unchanged—25.00. Bacon dull and lower—shoulders 9½; clear rib 13; clear 13½. Lard 16½@16½. Whiskey 96.

CINCINNATI, August 12.—Flour firm. Corn steady, at 64@66. Pork nominally unchanged. Lard firm—summer 13½@13½; kettle 16½. Bacon steady—shoulders 9½; clear rib 13; clear 13½@13½. Whiskey firm, at 97.

NEW ORLEANS, August 12.—Cotton firm—middling 16½; low middling 16; good ordinary 14½; ordinary 11½; net receipts 212; gross 211; sales 500—last evening 650; stock 16,837.

NORFOLK, August 12.—Cotton dull—low middling 15½; net receipts 71; exports coastwise 91; sales 48; stock 478.

MOBILE, August 12.—Cotton quiet and unchanged—middling 16; exports coastwise 183; sales 50; stock 4,663.

MEMPHIS, August 12.—Cotton steady and demand good—low middling 15½@16; receipts 30; shipments 9; stock 6,693.

BOSTON, August 12.—Cotton quiet—middling 17½; gross receipts 165; sales 200; stock 8,000.

WILMINGTON, August 12.—Cotton steady—middling 15½; stock 516.

GALVESTON, August 12.—Cotton quiet and unchanged—good ordinary 14½; net receipts 4; sales 100; stock 3,515.

CHARLESTON, August 12.—Cotton quiet—middling 15½; net receipts 70; sales 10; stock 5,388. PHILADELPHIA, August 12.—Cotton quiet—middling 17½; gross receipts 455. SAVANNAH, August 12.—Cotton nominal and asking higher—middling 16½; net receipts 10; gross 10; sales 16; stock 7,068. AUGUSTA, August 12.—Cotton demand good, at lower rates—middling 15½; receipts 76; sales 658. PARIS, August 12.—Rentes 63f. 55c. LIVERPOOL, August 12.—3 P. M.—Cotton strong—uplands 8½@8½; Orleans 8½@8½; sales 18,000, including 2,000 speculation and export; sales on basis of middling uplands, nothing below good ordinary, deliverable August, 8 3/16. 6 P. M.—Cotton sales, on basis of middling uplands, nothing below good ordinary, deliverable October or November, 8 7/16; sales include 11,000 American.

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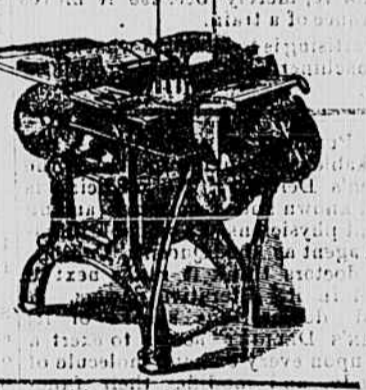
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