THLEGRAPHIC

RITURNIUZOO

Foreign Affaire Rome, July 28.—The Pope to-day received a number of newly nominated bishops. In his address, he urged them to defend zealously the rights of the church. Referring to the conflict of the ecclesiastical authorities in Brazil with Free Masonry, he said Free Masons were liable to excommunication the same as the members of other secret societies. notwithstanding the charitable objects of their organization.

MADRID, July 31.—The revolutionary Junta at Grenada has issued a decree, directing the seizure of the property belonging to the State, including churches, convents and bell foundries; the latter in order to obtain metal to coin into

The insurgent Junta at Seville has also issued a decree, ordering the reduction of fifty per cent. in leases and rents of the general community, and a similar reduction in the necessaries of life, closing the factories, and making a division among the people of uncultivated

The insurgents in Valencia still refuse to surrender, and the Republican troops resumed the bombardment of the city last night. The citizens of Alicante, fearing an attack from the insurgents. have made urgent application to the Madrid Government for reinforcements.

The second conference between Senor Palanca, the Colonial Minister, and the Deputies from Porto Rico, has been fixed for Monday next, to devise the frame-work of the bill for the abolition of slavery in the Antilles.

A despatch has been received at the A despatch has been received at the Ministry of War, announcing that the insurrection in Seville has been suppressed; that the city is now occupied by Government troops. The fires which were started by the insurgents were ex-

The Cortes has adopted a resolution thanking the Republican troops at Almeria for their heroic resistance to the from \$500 up. attack of the insurgents. Foreign property in Almeria is in great danger, and foreign residents will appeal to their respective Governments for protection.

The Radicals repudiate the pretensions of Marshal Serrano to be a friend of the republic.

MADRID, August 1.- In the Cortes, today, the Deputies of the Left protested against the proposed vote of thanks to the citizens of Almeria for their devotion to the republic. Angry exclamations from members of the majority followed the protest. Senor Quintro made a speech, in which he defended the proceedings of the insurgents. The members of the majority again protested against the course of the Deputies of the Left. A passionate debate followed, attended by a scene of great confusion. The insurgents at Carthagena attempted to fit the iron-clads Mendez, Pinto and Fernando El Catolico, to assist the ves asls engaged in the attack upon Almeria, but found their supply of coal insufficient. The insurgent government at Carthagena made an effort to place a loan in London, but failed to secure offers. A body of 700 insurgents from Carthagena surprised the garrison at Oriebula, in the province of Alicante, and captured that town. They are now marching upon the city of Alicante. The insurgents in Valencia are reported as becoming more discouraged. Gen. Martinez anticipates an easy victory over

MADRID, August 1.—In the Cortes, to-day, Senor DeGongalez, Minister of War, read a despatch, announcing that the insurgents had re-commenced tiring upon the city of Almeria, this afternoon. The insurgents' projectiles demolished the house occupied by the German Consulate, notwithstanding the Consular

flag was flying over the building.
PARIS, August 1.—Nancy and Belfort
were evacuated yesterday by the German troops, who burned all the goods which could not be carried off. The inhabitants of both cities remained in their houses while the Germans were leaving.

been received at the Ministry of War, announcing that a sharp fight has taken unchanged. Wheat quiet and start and s

clining to make more reforms in Cuba no material changes.

while the insurrection lasts.
CRESTLINE, August 1.—Twenty employees of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad have been arrested, charged with stealing from trains. A large amount of property was found in their houses.

PHILADELPHIA, August 1 .- A couple two months married were not happy; so the wife killed herself with a razer, and the husband himself with corrosive sublimate. The husband was jealous.
Boston, August 1.—The building of

Boston, Angust 1.—The punding of the National Dock and Warehouse Comthe National Dock and Warehouse ComSt. Louis, August 1.—Flour unSt. Louis, August 1.—Flour unhemp, gunny bags, sugar and saltpetre. Loss \$475,000.

BALTIMORE, August 1.-Nicholas and Hollahan, the murderers of Mrs. Lamp-

ley, were executed to day.

CARMIE, ILL., Angust 1.—The cholera is fearful here. Fourteen deaths occurred within a week.

Finehing and South Side Road struck a

carriage, killing a husband and fatally

LYOUT

hurting his wife and child.

Isidor Knonkeil, while drunk, struck his wife in her stomach, and killed her. PHILADELPHIA, August 1.-The deleates of Memonites from Southern Prussia, after a trip over the Northern Pacific Railroad, favor a settlement on that line. They number 40,000, and propose emigration to avoid military service, which their tenets forbid.

MEMPHIS, August 1 .- The Governor offers \$500 for the conviction of Moore's assassins, and commutes Earley Eason's sentence to life imprisonment.

PORTLAND, August 1.—Geo. A. Brown, naval paymaster, is dead; aged twentynine.

NEW ORLEANS, August 1 .- The murine hospital, on Common street, which cost the Government \$500,000, sold for

The railroad from Marshall to Dallas is completed 190 miles from Shreveport. Barbecdes bonor the event.

Chicago, August 1.-No failures from the wheat corner, though some parties are tightly squeszed.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, August 1 .- The State grange passed resolutions deprecating the prominence given horse racing

WASHINGTON, August 1.- Debt statement-decrease during the month, \$370,-000; coin in the Treasury, \$80,000,000; ourrency over \$9,000,000.

Governor Sam Bard has secured the Government patronage for his paper—the Atlanta New Era—which resumes publication September 1.

Probabilities—For the East Gulf and

South Atlantic States, falling barometer, high temperature, South-westerly winds, cloudy weather and occasional coast rains in the former.

St. Louis, August 1.—Tom. Allen. the pugilist, publishes a card, saying that if Charley Gallagher desires to tight him, as has been stated, he will give him a chance in two weeks from his meeting with McCool, for any amount be chooses,

Peter Kessler and his son August, who were arrested here a few days ago, for stealing mules in Caloway County, and taken to Fulton, the County seat of that County, for trial, had a narrow escape from lynching on Wednesday night. They arrived at Fulton on Wednesday, and were examined and committed to jail. About 2 o'clock on the following morning, some sixty horsemen, well armed, rode into town, with the avowed purpose of hanging old Kessler; but the city marshal, being advised of their intention, concealed the prisoners in the woods, and yesterday took them to Jef-

ferson City for safe-keeping.
CHARLOTTESVILLE, August 1-A despatch from Jonesboro, Tenu., reports fourteen cholera deaths in the past twenty-four hours. The citizens are in a panic.

New York, August 1.—A special reve-nue inspector, while searching a Spanish brig from Havana, for smuggled goods, found a lot of choice tobacco, eigars, oil cloth, brandy, gin and rum concealed under the coal used for ballast.

Financial and Commercial. LIVERPOOL, August 1-Noon,-Cotton firm and tending up-uplands 8%; Or-leans 9%; sales 15,000 bales; speculation and export 4,000; from Savannah and Charleston, September and Ostober delivery, not below low middling, 8 13-16; sales of the week 111,000; export 11,000; speculation 16,000; stock 848,000, where-of American is 355,000; receipts 39,000, whereof American is 24,000; actual export 7,000; affont 379,000, whereof American is 53,000.

London, August 1-Noon.-Now 5s

9034. London, August 1,—Evening—Con-

LONDON, Sols 925% @9234.

Sols 925% @9234.

August 1—Evening. LIVERPOOL, August 1—Evening.— Sales of American 9,256 bales; from Savannah and Charleston, September and October shipments, 834. Yarus and fabries firm.

NEW YORK, August 1-Noon.-Cotton irregular; sales 1,382 bales-middling MADRID, August 1.—A despatch has 1936@197-16; September 1836@187-16; place, near Malaga, between the Republicans and insurgents, in which the latter were defeated and driven from the field. Eighty-seven insurrectionists were killed. steady. Gold 15%. Money 3(3)4. Exchange—long 9; short 934. Government

DALTON, GA., July 30.—It is said that there were three deaths from cholera in the last day or two in Ringgold, and that there are now five or six cases in the town. There is serious talk of postponing the session of court called here for next week.

Jackson, Miss., July 31.—The caterpillar has made its appearance in the cotton. Crops are several weeks later than usual, and the presence of worm earlier.

Havana, July 31.—Slaves have increased in value since the promulgation by the home government of a decree declining to make more reforms in Cuba

Comparative cotton statement—Net receipts at all United States ports for the week 11,240 bales; same week last year 2,000; total to date 3,550,255; to same date last year 2,698,702. Exports for the week 9,321; same week last year 6,955, total to date 2,462,017, total to 6,985; total to date 2,463,917; to same date last year 1,901,915. Stock at all United States ports 168,530; last year 106,035; at all interior towns, less Selma, 25,435; last year 8,333; at Liverpool 848,000; last year 985,000. American affoat for Great Britain 53,000; last year

changed; business small. Corn dull and drooping—88@3914 for No. 2 mixed, in drooping—38@39½ for No. 2 mixed, in elevator; 42 sacked. Whiskey with advancing tendency, at 91@92. Pork unchanged, at 16 00@16 50. Bacon strong—8¾@8½ for shoulders; 10½@10½ for clear rib; 10½@10½ for clear; steam 10½@11. Lard quiet—refined 8½@15½; summer steam held at 7¾; winter New York, August 1.—A train on the steam sold at 714, in January, inshing and South Sale Road struck a Louisville, August 1.—Flour quiet

and upchanged. Corn firm with good supply, at 58@62, sacked Pork quiet and steady, at 16,00@16.50. Bacon in good demand-9@914 for shoulders; 1014@1034 for clear rib; 1054@1034 for olear, packed. Hams steady with fair demand-10@1314 for plain; 1414@15 for sugar cured, canvased, fancy picked. Lard quiet, at 9@955 for choice tierce; 10 for keg; steam \$14 Whiskey firm, at 92@93

CINCINNATI, August 1.-Flour quiet. at 6 25@6 50. Corn quiet, 43@41 Pork beld at 16 00. Lurd dull-steam held at 814 akettle 814. Bacon strong and higher —shoulders 874; clear rib 1014@1056 Whiskey steady, at 92

AUGUSTA, August 1 .- Cotton demand fair-middling 1814; receipts 212 bales; sales 150; stock in 1872, 3,033; in 1873, 3,110; weekly receipts 752; shipments 210; mills 626; sales 264.

COLUMBUS, August 1.—Cotton firm— low midding 17½; weekly receipts 67 bales; shipments 284; sales 123; stock

MONTGOMERY, August 1.-Cotton quiet; offerings light—low middling 1734; weekly receipts 72 bales; ship ments 165; stock in 1872, 377; in 1873,

1,768.
WILMINGTON, August 1.—Cotton steady -middling 1836; net receipts 23 bales; exports coastwise 107; stock 1,013; weekly net receipts 132; exports constwise 319; ales 54.

Mobile, August 1 .- Cotton quiet and nominal-low middling 17@1714; middling 1814; net receipts 175 bales; ex-ports coastwise 451; sales 150; stock 11,077; weekly net receipts 542; exports

CORSTWISE 1,024; sales 1,000.
PROVIDENCE, August 1.—Conton—net receipts 51 bules; sales 1,800; stock 15.000.

PHILADELPHIA, August 1—Cotton quiet—middling 2034; weekly net receipts 252 bales; gross 2,088.

New Orleans, August 1.—Corton in good demand—ordinary 12; good ordinary 14½@15; low middling 18; middling 18½@1876; net receipts 316 bales; gross 316; exports coastwise 269; sales foods 500; lest avaning 600; stock to-day 500; last evening 600; stock 26,263; weekly net receipts 1,803; gross 2.143; exports constwine 4,508; sales

BALTIMORE, August 1 .- Cotton dul!middling 20; gross receipts 25 bales; exports constwise 111; stock 2,700; weekly net receipts 652; gross 995; exports constwise 1,053; sales 753.

CITY POINT, August 1 .- Net receipts of cotton for the week 47 bales.

Macon, August 1.—Cotton steady— low middling 18; weekly receipts 66 bales; shipments 143; stock in 1872, 445; in 1873, 1,705.

CHICAGO, August 1.—The corner is broke, and wheat dropped from 1 40 to 1.19.

NORFOLK, August 1 .- Cotton quietlow middling 1815; net receipts 210 bales; exports constwise 385; sales 60; stock 3,194; weekly net receipts 2,132; exports coastwise 2,581; sales 355. MEMPHIS, August 1 .- Cotton firm-

low middling 1814; receipts 380 bales; shipments 352; stock 9,229; weekly receipts 1,653; shipments 1,850; sales 1,700. SAVANNAH, August I.—Cotton firm and in fair demand; offerings light-middling

18%; net receipts 139 bales; exports constwise 149; sales 43; stock 1,654; weekly net receipts 856; exports constwise 1,067; sales 228.

CHARLESTON, August 1.—Cotton dull and nominal—low middling 1834; middling 1914; good ordinary 1716; ordinary 14@15; net receipts 484 bales; exports constwise 298; sales 200; stock 4.023; weekly net receipts 2,383; exports coastwise 2,845; sales 850.

GALVESTON, August 1 .- Cotton quiet good ordinary 1434@15; not receipts 161 bales; exports coastwise ,2615; stock

Boston, August 1. - Cotton dull-middling 21; net receipts 77 bales; gross 441; sales 150; stock 10,000; weekly net receipts 178; gross 1,322; sales 1,150.

An election riot in Mexico is son thing serious. It is a revolution. Such a disturbance is pending in Nuevo Leon, where there are three candidates for Governor. The citizens of Monterey who guilt. and the American Consul at Monterey was put into the common jail for refusing to pay tribute to these brigands. The unfortunate people of Monterey and Matamoras are compelled to live in light marching order; with each successive revolution they pack up and leave. This year it is taken for granted that at least one of the defeated candidates will or-ganize a revolt and "get even," somehow, for expenses.

THE CATERPILLAR. -- Mr. Degolyer, on St. Helens, reports the caterpillar to be The plenty in the fields of that island. plant is at least ten days behind in done to the crop.

The Mexican Government is preparing to march an army of 6,000 men to reinforce the detachments serving on the line of the Rio Grande. The republic will then have quite an imposing army of troops stationed at various points near the American frontier.

It is said that in one of the Rhode Island factories recently, "a boy was lifted from the floor by the hair of the head by the overseer and held until the hair came out by the roots." seer should bring an action for damages against the parents of that boy for not fastening in his bair tighter.

fell in a spring, near Rock Hill, and was drewned

Official Declaration of the Government.

Washington, July 31 .- Attorney-WASHINGTON, July 31.—Altorney ly to my delight, I met my old friend.
General Wilhams, replying to the committer in behalf of the committer in behalf of the committee in behalf of the Ku Klux pri- street. He was just from the city of oners, says: "You are informed that Charleston, where he rains as a king, the prosecutions now pending in the was in a very happy frame of mind-I courts for violations of the Enforcement mean, financially. I knowd George in the prosecutions now pending in the courts for violations of the Enforcement mean, financially. I knowd Georg Act will be suspended or discontinued, Nacoochy, sum thirty years ago, and instructions to that effect have already been given to several District Attorneys, but there may be aggravated carried water in a big soap-gourd, to cases where the Government will insist upon conviction and punishment.

The following correspondence passed in reference to the prosecution: Washington, July 20, 1873. Hon. George H. Willi ims, Attorney Gene-

Sin: After our conference with you we proceeded to Long Branch, and were promptly accorded an interview with General Grant, which was in all respects cordial and satisfactory. The President expressed views of clemency similar to those previously expressed by you, and said he would address you a note defin-ing the present policy of the Govern-ment in relation to prosecutions under the Eutorcement Act. We beg to renew the suggestions already made that the purposes of the Government in the premises be made public so that all concerned, particularly the refugees, may have authentic information from proper official source, by which they may able to govern themselves. Such official announcement will, in our opinion, produce a great sense of relief. with great respect, your obedient servants.

W. D. PORTER, (Sigued) J. B. KERSHAW, W. R. M. SIMS.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE. Washington, July 31, 1873.
To Messrs. Porter, Kerslein and Sims, Washington, D. C.

of offences under said Acts should be treated with as much leniency as possible, without prejudice to the ends for which they were prosecuted. It must, however, be distinctly understood, that this action by the Government is not [Bill Arp.] prompted by any doubt as to necessity or validity of said Acts, or the necessity and justice of the convictions already had under them to prevent and punish high crimes, but by the belief that the Ku Klux Klans have, through said convictions, been almost if not altogether broken up, and that those who were concerned or sympathized with them have come to see the folly, wickedness and danger of such organizations.

You have been pleased to say to me, and similar assurances have been given by others seeking the same object, that executive clemency at this time on Ku Klux cases would tend to remove many cases of uneasiness and irritation now existing, and conduce generally to the public peace and tranquillity. The prosuch cases, with the full expectation that these assurances will be verified. You are informed that the prosecutions now pending in the courts for violation of Enforcement Acts will be suspended or discontinued, and instructions to that effect have already been given several District Attorneys, but there may be exceptional cases of great aggravation middling 1634; weekly receipts 652 conviction and punishment. There are, in 1873, 6,651. within my knowledge. Persons who have absented themselves on account of their complicity, or supposed complicity, in Ku Kiux offences, are at liberty to return, and unless their crimes bring them within the above exceptional cases, they will not be prosecuted. Many of those sentenced to imprisonment for such offences have already been pardoned, and the cases of the others are under will probably be dis-

have portable property are already preparing to decamp, for the first act of a revolutionary junta is to levy a forced loan. Last year Trevino and Quiroga headed the revolution in Nuevo Leon, fore committed, will be prosecuted with the American Cleans of Manager and processing appropriate the committee of these processing and processing and processing appropriate the committee of these processing and processing and processing appropriate the committee of these proceedings, perhaps it is necessary for me to say, that all conspirate said output to the committee of these proceedings, perhaps it is necessary for me to say, that all conspirate said output to say the committee of these proceedings, perhaps it is necessary for me to say, that all conspirate said output to say the committee of th fore committed, will be prosecuted with all possible energy and vigor, and it is to be understood that the Government does not intend to abandon said Acts, but to induce, if possible, a willing obedience to their reasonable requirements. Substantially, they are intended to protect citizens of the United States in the possession and enjoyment of their political and civil rights, guaranteed to them by the late amendments to the Constitution; and the President, whose duty it is to see that the laws are faithfully executed, would be recreant to that duty, if he did not so administer the Government as to afford to all citizens the equal protection of the laws. I have added these suggesgrowth, and the worm has appeared tions to the information for which you earlier than usual. The prospect is, therefore, that unusual damage will be croise of a mutual recognition of each other's rights, by all classes of people, no further necessity will arise for their protection and enforcement under said Acts, through the action of the General Government. Very respectfully, GEO. H. WILLIAMS,

Attorney-General.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.—On Monday atternoon last, Mr. J. S. Bell, living near Lynch's Creek, in the South-western part of Darlington County, was instantly killed by lightning in his yard. That over- He leaves a wife and seven children to mourn their loss.

The New York World declares that should thus seek to domn him with faint !

A MAN WORRIED WITH MONEY. - Greathe used to work like a nigger, in a little drought. He was always hard workin, and a mighty liberal man, according to his means. He is liberal yet; but in spite of all he can do, his money will akkumulate faster than he can give it away. I'm afeerd this worries him, and it does look like a pity to see a man so discumfitted with money in his declinin years. Considerin that he is a Georgia Methodist, I hav thought he might build em a college in Nacoochy, just to spite old Vanderbilt in Tennessee. I've no doubt he will do it, if he ever thinks of it. I notised that he was quite thin in the flesh, and remarked that it was a favorable sirkumstance, for he could kum nigher goint through the needless eye the Scriptures tell about, when the time cometh. That thing has bothered me so all my life. I've been aftered to lay up any money. The truth is, however, I have never had a chance as yet, and the be prospect for the future is mortal dim. George says that money is all vanity

and vexation of spirit, and the way he talked about the trouble and the care that it brings, I know he would have cheerfully given me a few thousand dollars if he hadn't had such a high regard for my family. He was aftered it would prove a burden instead of a blessin'. He said that when he was up on a visit to his Nacochy farm last summer, he put on some old ciothes and an old hat, and started on a tramp around the planta-tion. Gettin tired after awhile, he set down on a log by the side of the road, GESTS: Your letter of yesterday, intended to clicit from me a public expression of the policy of the Government and, ses he, "Morain', sur." "Good in relation to prosecutions and prisoners mornin'," ses George. "Do you work for George W. Williams?" "Yes, sur," under Enforcement Acts, is received. I for George W. Williams?" "Yes, sur," have to say in answer, as indicated in his conversation with you, the President you a year?" "My vittels and clothes has communicated to me what I have and tobakker, and pays my doktor's heretofore understood to be his wish, bills," says George. "How long have that the persons accused and convicted you been working that way?" "About you been working that way?" "About thirty years," says George. "Well, you're an old fool, and that's just the [Bill Arp.

> 200 n.ked youths turned loose in the streets of New York last Sunday must have been a novel and interesting sight. The hundreds of boys who bathe along the docks, insulting decent people, were raided on by the police, who approached in boats while reserves waited or shore. or shore. As soon as the naked army had left the water, the two squads pounced on them simultaneously, and for the space of ten minutes an indescribable scene of confusion ensued. The boys who were unable to find their own clothes grabbed those of their neighbors, and without waiting for further ceremony, struck a bee-line for escape. So scattered was the crowd, that it was impossible to catch all, and in order to divide the punishment as equally as circumstances would permit, the officers left their "trade mark" on the bare shoulders of the escaping ones with rattans, which they carried. having time to dress, the boys started toward Avenue D, some with a cap on, others with one leg in their pants, while the greater portion were perfectly naked. Many were captured and looked up.

The frightful murder of the unfortunate Delia Corcoran, whose body was found floating in the Hudson River, has an aspect revolting enough to make even those shudder who have become habituated to deeds of violence in this era of murder. The girl, judging from the testimony given at the coroner's inquest, went out boating with some negroes, and her body, bearing all the appearances of outrage and murder, was afterwards picked up in the river. The swiftne 11181100 posed of in like manner, keeping in have become proverbial, so that the murview the proper relation between their derers of this unhappy girl will be, punishment and the nature of their doubtless, daugling in the air before long.

The manner of restraining the playfu! impetuosity of Texas gentlemen while at church is very graceful and picturesque. Not with calm and tepid words does mon, the other day, raised a convenient rifle, and observed warmly in a spirit of love, "William Dollo, sit down, or I'll make it painful for you." The slightly obstreperous William immediately took this mild hint and sat him down to quiet enjoyment of his Christian privileges.

Joseph P. Police, a machinist in the State Road shops in Atlanta, has fallen heir to \$52,000, left him by a rich old uncle, who died recently in Charleston.

Pittaburg is fast becoming a great intellectual centre. A man of that town has just been arrested for stealing two enclyopedias.

PEACH BRANDY.

A CHOICE ARTICLE OF OLD PEACH BRANDY, for preserving purposes, for preserving P. CANTWELL'S. Aug 2

CARD. THE PALMETTO SUPPLY COMPANY thanks the citizens of Columbia for their prompt and generous patronage, and will deliver to the residences, offices, etc., in any quantity, IJE for ONE AFD-A-HALF CENTS PER PoUND. Full weight guaranteed. To

the Hotels, Salouns, etc., and all using 50 or A child of Howard White, colored, has the Shah done now that the World more; and a stone time, it cents per pound. Respectfully, E. PERRY BUTTS & CO.