

REPUBLICAN PARTY

...advice from ...

New York, May 22.—The Supreme Court refused to interfere in the Train case.

Columbus, May 22.—The Republican Convention nominated John A. Kasson for Governor.

Cincinnati, May 22.—Captain Stein, of the steamer Kliger, denies the reported cholera deaths on this boat.

City of Mexico, May 22.—The fifteenth Congress adjourns in a fortnight, to September.

London, May 22.—A riot in the town of Juchitan, in Tehuantepec, resulted in thirty killed and many wounded.

Little Rock, May 22.—The assembly appointed an Executive Committee for the current year.

Philadelphia, May 22.—The new steamship Pennsylvania sailed on her first trip to Liverpool.

San Francisco, May 22.—Despatches state that the Modocs are going toward Pitt River country.

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Memphis, May 22.—Robert Morgan, not Butler, was the man killed.

Washington, May 22.—The following proclamation has excited surprise in all circles.

Whereas, under the pretense that Wm. P. Kellogg, the Executive of Louisiana, and the officers associated with him in the State Administration, were not duly elected, certain turbulent and disorderly persons have combined together, with force and arms, to resist the laws and the constituted authorities of said State;

And whereas it has been duly certified by the proper local authorities, and judicially determined by the inferior and Supreme Courts of said State, that said officers are entitled to hold their offices, respectively, and execute and discharge the functions thereof;

And whereas Congress, at its late session, upon a due consideration of the subject, tacitly recognized the said Executive and his associates then and now in office, by refusing to take any action with respect thereto;

And whereas it is provided in the Constitution of the United States that the United States shall protect every State in this Union, on application of the Legislature or of the Executive, when the Legislature cannot be convened, against domestic violence;

And whereas it is provided in the laws of the United States, that in all cases of insurrection in any State, or of obstruction to the laws thereof, it shall be lawful for the President of the United States, on application of the Legislature of such State, or of the Executive, when the Legislature cannot be convened, to call forth the militia of any other State or States, and to employ such part of the land and naval forces, as shall be judged necessary, for the purpose of suppressing such insurrection, or causing the laws to be executed;

And whereas the Legislature of said State is not now in session, and cannot be convened in time to meet the present emergency, and the Executive of said State, under the section of Article VII of the Constitution of the United States, and the laws passed in pursuance thereof, has, therefore, made application to me for such part of the military force of the United States as may be necessary and adequate to protect said State and the citizens thereof against domestic violence, and to enforce the due execution of the laws; and whereas it is required, that whenever it may be necessary, in the judgment of the President, to use the military force for the purpose aforesaid, he shall forthwith, by proclamation, command such insurgents to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective homes within the limited time;

Now, therefore, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do hereby make proclamation, and command said

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Exports to continent 1,881; sales to-day 3,000; last evening 3,000.

Memphis, May 22.—Cotton—net receipts 488 bales; shipments 1,000; stock 32,890.

MOBILE, May 22.—Cotton higher—good ordinary 16 1/2; low middling 16 1/4; middling 17; net receipts 51 bales; exports coastwise 2,511; stock 1,000; stock 29,400.

CHARLESTON, May 22.—Cotton—net receipts 558 bales; exports coastwise 1,120; sales 300; stock 22,382.

NORFOLK, May 22.—Cotton dull and little doing—low middling 17 1/2; net receipts 515 bales; exports coastwise 700; sales 125; stock 7,242.

GALVESTON, May 22.—Cotton—net receipts 452 bales; sales 450; stock 41,044.

BOSTON, May 22.—Cotton—net receipts 3 bales; gross 489; sales 400; stock 11,000.

AUGUSTA, May 22.—Cotton—net receipts 167 bales; sales 265.

SAVANNAH, May 22.—Cotton—net receipts 654 bales; exports to continent 3,060; sales 512; stock 27,000.

WILMINGTON, May 22.—Cotton—net receipts 21 bales; sales 63; stock 3,640.

People ought to know what they eat, but a great many do not. The doctors are now daily confronted with some new and fatal disease, which kills off its thousands before a remedy is found or the cause ascertained, and Providence comes in for a large share of the responsibility. Some folks retain the old custom of cooking their own food, and of investigating closely every article, directly guarding against villainous adulterations; but thousands are daily placing their health and their lives at the mercy of those whose business it is to sell adulterated food. There are pains and aches and fevers and gripings and death; still the work of adulteration, sickness, death and burying goes on. Faro dealers are arrested and punished, intemperance is loudly condemned, but those who engage in the nefarious business of poisoning the people with adulterated food go unpunished and unrebuked by the authorities. We are glad to know, however, that here and there a city is looking into the subject with startling results. In the city of Dundee, Scotland, the people have been greatly surprised by an analysis of their daily food, instituted and carried forward by the Superintendent of the Police. An English paper states that the Dundeeans had no idea of the nastiness they had been in the habit of swallowing. Out of eighteen samples of tea, some of them purchased from the largest tea warehouses in Dundee, there was not one sample among them which was not more or less adulterated with Prussian blue, black lead, starch, tumeric, carbonate of lime, China clay and terra alba, or one or more of these articles. Out of five samples of coffee, there was not a pure sample, but all were mixed with chicory. Of four samples of cocoa, there was no sample unmixed with starch and sugar. Of samples of flour, none were pure, all being more or less mixed with alum. Of four samples of bread, none were unmixed with alum. Of four samples of butter, none were unadulterated, all being more or less mixed with fat. They are, however, in Dundee, better off than most people as regards their beer and wine. All the samples of claret, port, sherry, porter, bitter ale and sweet ram and brandy were found free from adulteration; and on the whole, the result of the analysis seems to show that in Dundee, at least, the drunkards have the advantage over gluttons, and that the grocers are bigger sinners than the publicans.

THE RAILROAD BRIDGE AT ALSTON.—The Union Times speaks as follows of the substantial structure being erected by the Greenville and Columbia Railroad over Broad River, which will be completed in a short time:

When finished it will be one of the best built bridges in the whole country, will last a hundred years, and be a monument to the taste, energy and skill of Col. Dodamead and the mechanics employed on it. We have never seen better timber put into any structure. It will be enclosed at the sides, with a tin roof, and when completed will cost about \$30,000. We think it will prove to be money well spent, for we doubt if our children's children will live to see the time when a new bridge at that point will be required.

That Brooklyn "drunk" who tried to strangle himself by forcing his head through the wicket door of his cell, Saturday night, didn't have a very good time. He weighed nearly 200 pounds, and instead of strangling at once, as he hoped, he found that it would probably take all night to choke him to death. So he yelled, but they couldn't push his head back, and it took the mechanics three hours to take the door to pieces.

The following beautiful and truthful lines are from the pen of Father Ryan: "Never hand drew sword from stain as free, And never sword led braver band, Or braver bled for a brighter land, Or a cause a chief like Lee."

This may be a trifle personal, but it's the way they put things out West. A St. Louis editor, in speaking of a brother ink-slinger, says: "He is young yet, but he can sit at his desk and brush the cobwebs from the ceiling with his ears."

Mr. John R. Millhouse died suddenly last Tuesday morning, at his residence in Orangeburg County, about ten miles from Graham's, of apoplexy.

A man and woman married in Columbus, Ga., last Friday morning, fought in the afternoon, and passed the first night of the honeymoon in the guard house.

The only encouraging sign of a republican government in Louisiana is the fact that a base ball club flourishes there.

One Mrs. Wade fulfills woman's mission as a blacksmith at Fort Scott, Kan. "An Informal Session of Congress" is what the St. Louis Republican calls it.

A PROUD INDIAN AGENT AND GAMER

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The New York Chamber of Commerce

has recently published a volume giving the statistics of the foreign trade of the country for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1872, with our dealings in detail with the various nations of the globe.

The aggregate imports, deducting re-exports, were \$617,569,589, gold valuation, and the exports, also stated at a gold valuation, on the basis of ten per cent premium, were \$600,193,144. This shows an excess of imports of \$17,366,825.

Our chief trade is with Great Britain. From that nation we receive two-fifths of our imports, and to it we send much more than half our exports, receiving goods valued at nearly \$241,000,000, and sending out produce amounting to nearly \$285,000,000, so that the British trade is \$44,000,000 in our favor.

The next heaviest trade is with Cuba, \$66,000,000 coming in and \$12,000,000 going out, a balance against us of \$54,000,000. Germany stands third, we receiving over \$45,000,000 and sending out \$36,000,000; and France fourth, our imports thence being \$42,000,000 and our exports to that country \$22,000,000, the balance being adverse in both cases.

With Canada, our dealings are \$33,000,000 imports and \$22,000,000 exports; with Brazil, \$30,000,000 imports and \$5,000,000 exports, and with China, \$25,000,000 imports and \$7,000,000 exports, the balances in all these cases also being against us.

In our trade with Holland and Belgium, the balance is favorable, being over \$14,000,000, petroleum helping largely to make this good showing. To Spain we send \$4,000,000 more than we get, but from Mexico we receive \$3,000,000 more than we send.

With Hayti, Chili, Peru, Russia and the Danish West Indies, our trade is of small amount, but the balance in each case is favorable. It will be noticed from the above that nearly one-half our excess of imports is in the trade with Cuba.

A RECRUIT FOR GRANT.—The eccentric Henry A. Wise, of Virginia, has bounded into the political field again, and this time as a supporter of Grant. He was, not long ago, an irreconcilable, a last ditch "rebel," a "war to the knife and knife to the hilt" Confederate.

Like Brownlow and other austable Southern men of his class, the ex-Governor has thought better of it and joined the ranks of the enemies of his section. We may now expect to hear pangs sung to the memory of the "hangman of John Brown" by the Republican newspaper chorus.

Mr. Wise proposes to run for Governor of Virginia on an independent Administration ticket, in the forthcoming election. He is sanguine of success, but does not say where the votes are coming from. The Democrats will not touch him, and the negroes and carpet-baggers will have a candidate of their own. His chances are exceedingly slim.

A Cincinnati drummer who, with the aid of his feet, filled two seats on the morning train of the I. C. & L. R. R. a few days since, and who was too ugly to move, though the car was crowded, was completely upset when the conductor quietly took out his foot rule, and, after deliberately taking the measure of his feet, announced in a loud tone, "Eighteen and three-quarter inches!" the great roar of laughter all through the car which followed causing the fellow's feet to come down in a hurry, as he made himself as small as possible in the one seat he had paid for.

A couple of white youths caught in the act of throwing rocks at the birds in the Augusta cemetery, were required to pay a fine of \$10 each for their mischievous amusement.

Auction Sales

Valuable Real Property for Sale. Administator's Sale.

By virtue of an order granted by the Court of Ordinary of Richmond County, Georgia, on the 19th day of May, 1872, will be sold at the Planters Hotel, in the city of Augusta, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN JULY, 1872, at public outcry, between the legal hours of sale, and to continue from day to day until all is sold, all the personal property belonging to the estate of John A. Goldstein, deceased, consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Bedsteads, Pillows, Blankets, Curtains, Mattresses, Spread, Bedsteads, Bedsteads, Carpets, Towels, Musquito Nets, Crochets and Glassware, Silverware, Spoons, Knives and Forks, Tableware and Table Furniture generally, Extra Beds and Bedding, Wine Casks, &c., all of which is fully set forth in the Inventory filed in office of Ordinary, being such personal property as is generally found at and used in keeping a hotel.

Sold as the property of said John A. Goldstein, deceased, for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate.

Trans—Cash. Purchasers to pay for all papers and expenses of said John A. Goldstein, Administrator of said John A. Goldstein, at the residence of the said Administrator, at the Hotel of the said City of Augusta, on the 22nd day of May, 1872.

Another lot of those fine French GAITERS and SHOES—the best and cheapest lot of goods ever offered to the public.

READ! READ! READ!

WE are just in receipt of a fine line of Ladies' and Misses' Marie Antoinette White KID SLIPPERS; also, a fine line of Ladies' BLACK KID and SERGE SLIPPERS, GAITERS and BOOTS.

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