

London, March 14.—The morning journals contain no information of a more definite character in relation to the Cabinet crisis than that forwarded to the United States in last night's despatches. The belief is entertained that Gladstone will resign the Premiership. Lord Derby is expected to arrive in London to-morrow.

Madrid, March 14.—The Corps of San Sebastian, who is a leader of the Carlist bands, treats the Spanish troops who fall into his hands with great cruelty. He recently flogged several prisoners so severely that they died from the effects of the blows.

Paris, March 14.—A Paris special says: "On Sunday last, President Thiers sent a note to Berlin, through Count Von Arnim. In it the French Government proposes to complete the payment of the first half of the fourth installment of the war indemnity by the end of April, and the second half by the end of July, and to further pay two hundred and fifty millions, with financial guarantees, upon the final evacuation of French territory, to begin on the 1st of September."

A London special says: "There appears to have been an understanding between the disaffected Liberals and Tories. The latter had given out, to secure the greatest amount of opposition to the University bill, that the defeat should not occasion the accession of Tories to office. Some of the Conservative leaders certainly radiated the hesitating Liberals to oppose the bill, on the assurance that a Tory Ministry would be impossible; consequently, the leaders, such as Lord Carnarvon, Gathorne Hardy, and the Marquis of Salisbury, resolutely refused to accept office. The Conservative party is thus divided on the safety and expediency of venturing to govern, with Parliament largely hostile on general principles, although in accidental harmony on this particular measure. Should this continue, the Conservatives will maintain their present attitude. It is more probable, however, that the Tories will reconsider their promise, and make an attempt to govern the country, on getting safely through the session, by only bringing up the necessary business bills, and not venturing on any measure involving difference of principle."

A great deal of uneasiness prevails in nearly all circles of trade, in view of the probable recurrence of strikes. Many dealers, especially in the various branches of the furniture trade, believe a strike imminent and general. The impression is, that if a strike occurs, it will be for eight hours' work and an advance of twenty-five cents for piece work.

Domestic Miscellany.—The troops are closing on Captain Jack. Some hope he will come to terms without a fight. John D. Page, of Vallejo, on bail for illegally opening a letter, shot himself and wife dead. The Governor and Lieutenant-Governor of Nevada are fighting over the State prison. The Lieutenant-Governor is in possession. The Governor has called out sixty militia and one gun to report to-day. The Lieutenant-Governor is determined to hold the prison till the appeal to the courts be taken. The opening speech at Oakes Ames' home yesterday closed thus: "Our guest—the man who knows how to build railroads and don't lie."

W. L. Wellar & Son's whiskey distillery, at Louisville, was burned to-day; loss \$85,000.

Foreign Miscellany.—The Carlists in Spain have achieved some success, and are accused of outrages. Socialistic disturbances are reported in Spain. Disraeli's visit to the Queen resulted in granting him time. Both parties seem to fear an appeal to the people. Disraeli, while riding through Westminster, to-day, was enthusiastically cheered by the populace. Owing to the dissension among the Conservatives, he will, however, probably refuse to take office. The Queen has sent for Earl Granville, who is now endeavoring to form a Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—In 1862, a law was passed by Congress imposing direct taxes on property in the insurrectionary Districts, and on the 8th of June, 1872, a law was passed giving parties interested the right to redeem the property sold in default of payment of the tax, on their paying the tax, with interest, and expenses of sale. The first case under the latter law is that of Wm. Sinclair, of Baltimore, who, having complied with its requirements, has, under an order of the Secretary of the Treasury, obtained a certificate of release of the Quincy property in Florida, and he is now again in possession of it.

Long Cabinet session over Treasury changes; nothing transpired yet.

Dr. Register, chairman of the committee to investigate the case, submitted the following, which was read by the secretary: "The committee to whom the case of the Rev. L. D. Huston was referred, beg leave to report: We have come to the conclusion that the charge of immorality is unanimously sustained, and that said L. D. Huston be expelled from the Methodist Episcopal Church, South." Bishop Doggett asked if any representative of Dr. Huston appealed from this decision. Dr. Register said that Dr. Eossile, as counsel for Dr. Huston, had intimated his purpose to appeal to the next General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. All the papers in the case were then handed over to the secretary of the conference. Bishop Doggett then remarked: "According to the report of the committee, L. D. Huston is expelled from the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, upon the charges as reported, and that is an end of this solemn matter."

New York, March 14.—Vanderbilt declines consenting to the postal rates fixed by the Act of March 3, 1873.

The British ship John Parker, hence for Liverpool, with 3,513 bales and other freight, caught fire. She was scuttled on the flats of South Pass.

Financial and Commercial.

LONDON, March 14.—Noon.—Consols 92½@93½, 5s unchanged.

Paris, March 14.—Bullion increased four and one-half million francs. Renten 56½, 45½.

LIVERPOOL, March 14.—8 P. M.—Cotton opened quiet and is now dull—uplands 9½; Orleans 8½; sales to-day 10,000 bales; of the week 78,000; export 7,000; speculation 6,000; stock 682,000, whereof American is 302,000; receipts 110,000, whereof American is 81,000; actual export 6,000; about 518,000, whereof American is 288,000.

LIVERPOOL, March 14.—Evening.—Cotton closed dull—from Savannah and Charleston, deliverable in February and March, 95-16. Yarns and fabrics dull but not lower.

New York, March 14.—Noon.—Stocks dull. Gold heavy, at 114½. Money firm, at 1-16. Exchange—long 7½; short 8½. Governments steady. State stocks quiet—Tennessee firm. Cotton weak; sales 921 bales—uplands 20½; Orleans 20½. Flour, wheat and corn dull. Pork quiet and firm—new 16.00. Lard dull and in buyers' favor—Western steam 8½. Freights quiet.

7 P. M.—Cotton dull; sales 1,350 bales—uplands 19½; Orleans 20½. Flour dull—common to fair extra 6.15@8.30; good to choice 8.40@13.00. Whiskey firm, at 91½@92. Wheat—spring 1c lower; winter unchanged. Corn very dull and heavy—new yellow Western and Southern 65½@66½. Rice steady. Pork quiet and firm. Lard closed steadier. Freights quiet—cotton, steam 7½. Money at a fraction commission. Sterling 7½@7½. Gold 15@15½. Governments and States dull but steady. Sales of futures 30,700 bales; March 19; April 19 1-16, 19 5-16; May 19 7-16, 19 11-16; June 19½, 20; July 19½, 20 1-16.

JEREMIAH D. YATES, Esq.—By a telegraphic despatch, received in this city yesterday afternoon, we learn of the sudden demise, at Wilmington, Del., of the esteemed gentleman whose name heads this brief notice. Mr. Yates was an old and valued member of our community, and in the palmy days of the State's history his fellow-citizens honored him twice with the office of Sheriff of this County. He also served the State in the Legislative halls and in the capacity of State Treasurer. In our immediate community, as well as in the State at large, he was held in high estimation as a man of undoubted integrity and sterling worth. In the declining years of his life, his health compelled his removal from our city, and he accordingly took up his residence at Wilmington, Delaware, where he has resided for several years prior to his death. He was taken suddenly ill yesterday morning, and died in the evening, at the ripe age of seventy years. Death has garnered a rich harvest, and the people among whom the best days of his life were spent will drop a tear at the grave of one who was so universally beloved, and who constituted one of the links that bound them to the memories of the past.

A TERRIBLE FALL.—The bark Florence, from Boston, arrived at our port yesterday, and touched at Brown's Wharf. She had aboard a young seaman—a Spaniard—about twenty years old, who lay on the cabin floor with a wild stare, sunken cheeks, and occasionally uttering an incoherent expression. He had not eaten anything for at least three days, and had been ill for several weeks. When the vessel was about a week out he fell from the main top yard, broke one of his arms, a piece of the bone penetrating the deck and carrying in with it a portion of his clothing. At sea he could not get the attention he should have had and naturally became ill, and continued so. He was carried to the City Hospital yesterday afternoon, and was placed under an anodyne, the physicians not desiring to inflict further pain on him by amputation, seeing that he could not live.

DIABOLICAL.—On Saturday night last, a drunken mob visited the house of a man living about sixteen miles from Oshoon, in Gordon County. Upon arriving at the door, without waiting for a moment, they entered the building, drew their pistols and shot the man dead. Three balls entered his body, and he fell to the floor a corpse. No reason or cause was assigned by the assassins for this horrible deed. They were not disguised, but in their ordinary dress. The bloody act was done in the presence of his family. Deceased, whose name we were unable to learn, was a chairmaker by trade, and was considered a harmless, inoffensive man. The coroner went to the residence of the deceased on Saturday last, for the purpose of holding an inquest, after which some further facts will be elicited. We are indebted to the conductor of No. 13 freight train, Western and Atlantic Railroad, for these facts, for which we return thanks.

A SAD OCCURRENCE.—A WARNING TO CARELESS BOYS.—On Friday, February 23, Walker Singleton, a lad of sixteen years, (the son of Samuel H. Singleton,) was whittling with a keen sharp knife, resting the piece of wood on his thigh, between the knee and hip joints. A slip of the knife caused it to enter the flesh and sever the femoral artery; and but for the presence of Mr. Higgins, his brother-in-law, he would have bled to death in a few minutes. Circulation in the lower extremity of the limb ceased and gangrene set in, and the foot became almost entirely decayed. On last Saturday, was performed the operation of amputating the limb, cutting it off above the ankle joint. No hopes are entertained of the youth's recovery.

Imprisonment for debt is by no means so generally abolished as people suppose. The Hartford (Conn.) Courant mentions that ten or twelve debtors have been lodged in the jail of that city during the past winter; and three are confined there now. Considering what a fuss was made some years ago, about the injustice of this method of collecting debts, it is not encouraging to consider that the world is going on very much in the old way.

Even the Boston Advertiser (Republican) says "the Kellogg Government of Louisiana is an outrageous usurpation," but the "policy for its opponents is patience and peace—a perpetual protest, but no violence. So doing, the rightful Government will be most certain to enlist the sympathy of the thinking people of the country, which it can ill afford to forfeit by unnecessary bloodshed."

The Chicago Post says: "If Miss Anthony would only advocate an educational or moral qualification, how glad we should be to embrace her—views." Hang it, man—go the whole hog while you are at it. Embrace her and her views, too.

After a brief illness Mr. Robert W. Miller, a gentleman long and well-known in Savannah, and lately in charge of the City Dispensary, died yesterday. Mr. Miller was about forty years old, and was a gentleman much respected and liked in Savannah.

Chazz.—A young man, evidently of unsound mind, has been prowling about Silver Street for some days. He seems to be about twenty-five years of age. Says his name is Robert Grady, and was raised about eighteen miles from Union C. H., Monroe County, N. C.

Dr. Henry J. Abbott, of Sumter, died on the 11th inst., aged seventy.

UNITED STATES CAVALRY AND THE ATLANTA POLICE.—Wednesday morning last, Company E, Seventh United States Cavalry, with horses and equipments, arrived in Atlanta from Union, S. C., en route to Decatur Territory. A short time after they reached the city, one of the members of the company entered a saloon in an intoxicated condition. He was arrested and taken to the station house, and fined \$5 and costs by Mayor Hammock. The "boy in blue" said that he would not in prison before he would pay it. The response was, "Then you'll rot." Not long afterwards an officer and several privates went to the station house and announced their intention to take their comrade *et armis* from the cell. They were informed that if they didn't move off in double-quick time, they would occupy adjacent rooms to the fellow in limbo. They concluded that discretion was the better part of valor, and left. The soldiers gathered in excited knots near the depot, and a crowd of negroes soon joined them. The police kept in readiness for any outbreak, but this, fortunately, did not take place. The fine was paid, and the soldier released. Later in the day three others of the cavalry were arrested in an intoxicated condition, and fined: This time no demonstration was made, but the fines quietly paid. The Federal commandant of the post, when appealed to by the cavalrymen, peremptorily declined to furnish aid to rescue a soldier who had been arrested and fined for intoxication, declaring that, if compelled to order his troops out, it would only be to support the civil authorities.

They have a nice official scandal out in Omaha. A discrepancy of \$2,600 having been discovered in the funds of the State Auditor, a demand for an explanation produced from that official a most astonishing statement. He said the money had been paid for detective services in reference to the burning of an insane asylum at Lincoln in 1871. From facts in the Auditor's possession, he knew the building had been burned by those who had it in charge, in order to get rid of it, on account of its having been so badly built. Three of the inmates were burned to death. The Auditor says he spent the missing money in trying to find out the guilty persons, and that he intended to lay the results of his inquiry before the Legislature. Suit is to be begun against the Auditor for the illegal use of money. There is one bad aspect to his story. He says he employed a female detective, but it does not appear that she ever found out anything. It would be better for him, were there "no woman in the case."

THE SALARY CORMORANTS.—Of the supporters of the proposition, forty-one were from the South, which section has but fifty-nine votes in the House. Thirty were from the West. Twenty-four were from the Middle States, as they were formerly called. Only four were from the East, and these were all furnished by Massachusetts, Oakes Ames very properly leading the list, and also very properly, being flanked by Ben. Butler and N. P. Banks. New York furnished twelve, or one-half of all the members from the Middle States engaged in the steal.

In the Senate there were 36 eyes, of which 21 were cast by Senators from the South, and of these 21, 14 were Republicans. In all, 32 Republicans voted aye, and 22 nay; 14 Democrats and Liberals voted aye, and 5 nay.

ROBBERY AND PROBABLE MURDER.—Dr. A. B. Lucas, residing about two miles from Marlville, on the W. O. & R. R. R., was knocked down and robbed by a colored shoemaker on his place, on Wednesday evening. The Doctor had been in the shoemaker's shop to see about some repairs, and just as he turned to leave it, the negro struck him on the back of the head with some heavy instrument, felling him to the ground. He then rifled his pockets and fled. Dr. Lucas' injuries are said to be very severe, and his recovery is considered extremely doubtful. The negro has succeeded in making his escape, but strenuous exertions are being made for his capture.

Last week Wm. M. Smith, who lost his right arm at Seven Pines, and was one of the first to volunteer in the Twenty-second North Carolina Regiment, (Pettigrew's Brigade,) arrived in Lexington, having walked all the way from Guilford County, N. C., for the purpose of seeing the graves of Lee and Jackson before he died. Having accomplished his purpose, he is now on his way back on foot. He was given "the freedom" of the town, and was kindly treated by all he met. He made this pilgrimage with no flourish of trumpets, but was found weeping at General Lee's tomb, and seemed the modest, brave soldier his papers and armless sleeve proved him to be.

J. G. Heister, the dirty dog from North Carolina, who came to this place on a detective expedition a year or more ago, has been nominated by President Grant for the position of Consul to Santiago. The North Carolina papers rejoice to learn that Heister will accept. If they had their way about it they would probably send him where the thermometer doesn't fall so low as it does at Santiago. Before he leaves the country he ought to be made to account for the barrel of whiskey he took from Mr. T. F. Clinton and carried to Major Brown's headquarters; and also for the various bottles of perfumery and other small articles he picked up in his raid on this town.

Tuesday, the anniversary of the death of Mazzini, a deputation of democrats attempted to visit his tomb; the police interfered; a riot was imminent; troops were called out, and order was restored.

Change of Base. I HAVE taken charge of the Brewery near the Charlotte Railroad Depot, and propose to keep it open every day. The grounds surrounding are well adapted to maroons or pic-nics. My friends and those of Mr. Seeger are invited to call.

The Hibernian Society. MEMBERS of the Hibernian Society who have not secured their Tickets for the Anniversary Supper, on the 17th instant, can do so by applying to the undersigned.

A list of decisions lately been published by a paper devoted to railroad subjects, which may be of interest to those who travel by rail. The legal definition of a passenger is "a person who undertakes, with the consent of the carrier, to travel in the conveyance provided by the latter, otherwise in the service of the carrier as such." Railway companies are bound to carry all who offer themselves, unless they are offensive in person or conduct, or the cars are already full. Waiting at the depot, with the intention to take the train, is sufficient to constitute the relation of passenger and carrier. "Good for this day only," printed upon a ticket, has been decided by the courts to be of no effect. The passenger has paid his money, and is entitled to transportation. It has also been decided by a New York court that a ticket between any two points is good either way, but the decision is a doubtful one. Any injury to the person of the passenger through the negligence of the agents of the railway, subjects the latter to damages, and any loss of proper baggage, (if it be only such as is necessary to the comfort of the traveler,) can be recovered by civil process, and the contents of a trunk can be proved by the oath of the plaintiff.

ESCAPE AND RE-ARREST OF MILES YARDL.—The negro man, Miles Yeldell, arrested in Augusta last week, under charge of robbing Postmaster Tilman, at Edgefield, S. C., of a considerable sum of money, while being carried back to Edgefield, escaped from the hack in the Hulet neighborhood, and disappeared in the woods, making good his escape. On Sunday morning last, he was re-arrested at what is known as the "Promised Land"—a settlement of negroes on Government land, three miles from town—and again lodged in jail.

The Columbia, Tenn., Herald says: "About two weeks ago, an infant daughter of James M. Shepard, after a severe case of whooping cough, died from strangulation. Half an hour afterward Dr. Harrison applied a galvanic battery to the child, and brought it to life. It lived nine days, and died again. The galvanic battery was resorted to again, with the same result. It lived eighteen hours and died again, and could not be reanimated, notwithstanding the skill of Drs. A. H. Brown and W. B. Harrison."

SUICIDE OF A GERMAN WOMAN IN MAON.—On Tuesday afternoon, in Macon, a German woman, named Catharina Herbst, employed as cook in the family of Mr. M. Loh, committed suicide by hanging herself with a clothes line, from a rafter in the privy. When found she was perfectly dead. No cause is assigned for the rash act of the unfortunate woman, who is represented to have been cheerful, and not the least given to melancholy.

An exchange tells us that James Wells, the head of a Parisian gambling hell, is a retired Massachusetts clergyman. There are a good many Massachusetts clergymen who ought to retire, but they ought to remember when they do retire that the less they have to do with all sorts of hells in this world the less they will have to do with the old original in the next.

A Sunday journal tells us that New Orleans paid \$35,000 for a four weeks' look at Lydia Thompson's legs. As much as Lydia doesn't care a continental all who sees her legs, it is a little singular that so experienced a festive as the New Orleans should have paid anything whatever for the privilege of seeing them.

Take Simmons' Liver Regulator; it will remove all unpleasant feelings and make you well. Prepared only by J. H. Zeilin & Co., Macon, Ga. M15931

A recent work on gardening is called "The Six of Spades." "The Rake's Progress" would not be an inappropriate title for a sequel.

The Misses Bowen, of Abbeville, were robbed on the 4th inst., of their jewelry and other articles to the extent of \$400. Lexington's tournament, on Friday last, was a great success.

Mary You, the Orangeburg negro child-killer, has escaped jail.

Auction Sales. WILL be sold, before the Court House, in the Court Room, MONDAY, March 17, 1873, at 10 o'clock, A. M. All that PLANTATION, belonging to the late Mrs. THOMAS DAVIS, known as the "Swamp Place," containing 4,000 acres more or less, situated on the Ocmulgee River, twelve miles below Columbia, and bounded by the lands of Lykes, Speigner, Gilmore and estate of Beckham. The said plantation contains a large quantity of first class Cotton and Proven Land and most admirably adapted to raising stock.

The Lot, with improvements thereon, situated on the South-west corner of Marion and Laurel streets. On WEDNESDAY, 19th March next, will be sold on the Forests Plantation, the following personal property, to-wit: 10 Mules and Horses, 150 head of Cattle, 50 head of Sheep, 20 Hogs, 1 Steam Engine and Cotton Gin and large lot of Plantation Implements.

Rooms to Rent. FOUR ROOMS, suitable for office, over the Citizens' Savings Bank. Apply to March 14

Notice to Taxpayers. FOR sale, of first class LEATHER SPLITTING MACHINE, from the house of Edward Godfrey & Sons, of New York. Perfectly new. Never used. Bill of sale will be exhibited and half-price taken. Apply at this office. March 13

New Family Grocery. THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have opened a FAMILY GROCERY STORE at the old stand of Campbell & Jones, and would respectfully solicit a portion of their patronage. Our goods are fresh, and will be sold at lowest market prices.

Land for Sale. I OFFER MY PLANTATION, situated near the town of Greenwood, S. C., for sale. It contains 900 acres, about one-half of which is woodland, well timbered, and partly in the corporate limits of the town. Most of the open land is very good, containing about forty or fifty acres of well-drained bottom, in a high state of cultivation.

Boynon's Lightning Saw. BOYNON'S LIGHTNING SAWS, after time and labor, enable one man to do with ease the work of two.

Buffalo Tongues. NEW sugar-cured HAMS, Breakfast Slices, Smoked Beef, for sale low.

1000 BUSHELS prime white CORN. 800 bushels heavy OATS. For sale low for cash.

10 PLOUGH HANDS and ten HOE HANDS. One-third crop of cotton, corn, &c., given. Apply to D. B. DEAUSSURE.