

London, January 12.—A despatch from a friend of the Imperial family, at Obishehurst, gives the following description of the scene there: "The remains of the late Emperor have been placed in a coffin. The corpse is dressed in the uniform of a field marshal. The upper lip is bare, the moustache having been cut off, to facilitate the taking of a plaster cast. The beard, which remains, is brown and bushy. The features are stern and care-worn, and have an expression of pain. The Grand Cordon of the Legion of Honor lies across his breast. The hands, which were unglazed, were disposed in an easy and natural manner, the right clasping the left. On the fourth finger of the left hand is a ring, with several diamonds, which was placed there by the Empress. A small cross of exquisite workmanship lies on his breast, and on the corpse are placed three sprigs of holly. Over the head a crown of violets is suspended. At the feet of the coffin is a brass camp bedstead, on which the Emperor died. Seated on either side, at the lower end of the coffin, are the priests and religious. The furniture of the room, as well as of the whole mansion, is simple and unostentatious. The body will lie in state on Tuesday, in the entrance of the hall of the chapel. The general public will not be admitted to view the remains. No change has been made in the time and place of the funeral and burial, as last announced. The ceremonies will probably begin at noon on Wednesday. The Empress is overwhelmed with sorrow, and her prostration is so great as to alarm her attendants. The Prince Imperial does all in his power to comfort her. The Empress has received letters of condolence from the Emperor of Russia and the King of Italy. Although none but relatives and intimate friends of the deceased are admitted, Obishehurst is crowded with visitors. Services were held this morning in the chapel, which was filled to repletion. Princess Mathilde, M. Rouher, M. Pietro and Drs. Conneau and Corvisart were present. Father Goddard attempted to preach, but was overcome by his feelings, and compelled to leave the pulpit. Beneditti arrived at Obishehurst to-day, and was received by the Empress. M. Olivier and Marshal MacMahon are expected there to-morrow. Princess Murat and suite arrived this evening. Great numbers of people from France are expected to come to the funeral. The South-eastern and Northern Railways of France have reduced the rates of fare for the poor classes attending the funeral. It is reported that the Prince Imperial has already assumed the title of Napoleon IV. This report is doubtless incorrect, but it is true the Prince is now addressed as "Sire" by all visitors at Obishehurst. The impression is gaining ground that the Emperor died from the effects of chloroform, administered to assuage pain.

Rome, January 12.—The municipal council have adopted resolutions of condolence with Empress Eugenie. The first subscription list for a monument to Napoleon, which was opened by the *Papaveranza*, of Milan, already exceeds \$5,000, and that paper reports subscriptions pouring in from all quarters. A national subscription for the same object has been opened at Venice.

London, January 13.—A despatch from Bombay says the report has reached that city that a terrible earthquake had occurred at Somghur, a town of India, in the District of Barba Dominos, 114 miles North of Bombay. 1,500 persons are said to have been killed in the town alone. Nothing has been heard from the surrounding country, but it is feared that there has been much additional loss of life.

Paris, January 13.—It is said the French Government will permit the final interment of Napoleon's remains in France, if the funeral is made strictly private, and deceased is buried as ex-Empress—not as Emperor. The ceremonies must be simply of a religious character. The President is understood to have conferred with the Minister of the Interior and the Prefect of Police, with the object of preventing the funeral, if it takes place in France, being made the opportunity of political manifestations.

London, January 13.—A despatch from Obishehurst announces that visitors continue to arrive there. The Empress Eugenie is seriously indisposed and her condition causes much alarm among her friends. Arrangements for the funeral of the Emperor have now been completed. It will take place on Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock. The remains will be conveyed in a hearse, drawn by eight horses. The Prince Imperial will follow as chief mourner; next will come the Princes of the Imperial family; the Prince of Wales, (if present); the members of the diplomatic corps; the aristocracy; the officers who were attached to the household of the Emperor, and friends of the family in the above-named order. The ladies will proceed to the chapel in advance of the funeral cortege. The procession will be of very simple character.

Little Rock, January 12.—It is understood that the Republicans will make no caucus nomination for Senator. The Democrats hold the balance of power.

Eufaula, January 12.—One of the fuses of the left-hand boiler of the upward bound steamer Julia St. Clair, collapsed near here at 11.30 last evening, scalding thirteen, mostly colored deck hands and firemen. One died immediately. One was drowned. Two were mortally injured. One is unaccounted for. Among the scalded is the engineer, he being also injured in the face.

Little Rock, January 12.—A despatch from Minneapolis says the storm on the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad was the severest ever known. At a station called Kirkhaven there were several farmers in town when the storm first burst upon

them; they left their homes with their teams, and very few have been heard from since. One wagon was found, containing a Mrs. Roland and a boy, both of whom were frozen to death. Many teams, both oxen and horses, are found frozen in drift, and the fate of their owners is unknown.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in a recent order, has decided that except in cases where the circumstances are peculiar, it is inexpedient to commence suit for the recovery of duties upon goods in bonded warehouses within the line of the so-called Confederate States at the time the war opened, or for the recovery of duties on goods imported into said States while the jurisdiction of the United States over said States was interrupted. There are similar suits now pending in the Southern courts awaiting decision. The diplomatic correspondence accompanying the President's annual message has just been printed. It appears from the documents that our Government addressed letters to all of our ministers in Europe, instructing them to represent to the respective Governments to which they are accredited the deep interest taken by the United States in the Jews of Roumania, and to ask their good offices in protecting them from outrages and persecutions. It is officially represented that the ill treatment is not connected with the religious question, but concerns labor; and that the Roumanian Government finds it a difficult task to so act as to preserve the public tranquility, and, at the same time, satisfy public opinion. The Roumanian people call upon their Government to take measures to prevent the country being overrun by Jew, and the authorities fear to take the required action, through fear of offending the tolerant spirit of Europe.

Owing to this state of things the country is kept in a constant state of agitation, which, prejudicial as it is to the interests of the province, serves the aims of those who desire to render stable government impossible in Roumania, and thus to facilitate its usurpation by the neighboring powerful States. Mr. Peixotto, our Consul at Bucharest, in a communication to the State Department, says it is a source of satisfaction to know that the action already taken, and that contemplated by the powers directly partaking of political control, is likely to hasten the results had in view by our Government when in my appointment it sought to exercise a moral influence in the same direction. Messrs. Robb and Savage, of the commission to inquire into the depredations by Mexicans on the Texas frontier, will leave Washington to-morrow for Chicago, where they will be joined by Gen. Osborne, of that city, who has been appointed a commissioner in the place of Mr. Mead, resigned. Judge Moore, of Illinois, has been appointed secretary of the commission, and when they reach the Rio Grande they will, by the authority given to them, employ a translator and interpreter. Thus the arrangements for ascertaining all the facts in the inquiry which they are charged, are more complete than heretofore. The President takes a deep interest in the subject, and has caused such instructions to be issued as will render the commission more efficient in the collection of facts; and, besides, cavalry is being sent to several points on the Rio Grande in accordance with the recommendation of the commissioners, with a view to guard several of the most exposed points from Mexican raids. Private advices represent that Gen. Corina is stronger than ever, and that he is now raising an army, and will, on the 15th of March, issue a pronunciamento taking possession of the Mexican frontier, thus acting independently of the Mexican Government. Accounts have been received that the treaty made by Ministers Nelson and Mariscal, last fall, for the extension of the mixed claims commission, has failed; the Mexican Congress having adjourned before Nelson returned to Mexico with the treaty for ratification. The present commission will, therefore, terminate next March or April, leaving many cases adjudicated.

New Orleans, January 12.—The city is quiet. The politicians are active. There is a quorum in both Legislatures. The fusionists are making preparations on an extensive scale for McEnery's inauguration on Monday, in LaFayette Square, if clear; in Exposition Hall, if rainy. The ladies are invited to be present. The Republicans will inaugurate Kellogg on Monday, in Mechanics' Institute.

The steamer Katie was sold to-day for \$23,200. When repaired she will be commanded by Captain John W. Cannon.

Ubassey will reply to Dion's challenge of Tuesday, accepting the terms proposed, except as to the number of games; there are to be four; the number of points 2,000. The first game is to be played in New Orleans; the balance where Dion designates.

WASHINGTON, January 13.—The reported consecration of a Protestant church within Rome is premature. The ceremony was over a corner-stone. The bill for the Constitutional Convention of May for Ohio became a law Saturday.

Despatches from Chicago report a thaw, with a drizzling rain. Many have been frozen dead. A fuel famine is apprehended.

Brown & Jakes' paper mill at Amsterdam, N. Y., was burned last night.

New Haven, Conn., January 12.—The confession of Mrs. Sherman will be published to-morrow. It admits the poisoning of eight persons. John R. Johnson, who was found guilty, on Saturday, of murder in the first degree, attempted suicide in his cell, to-day, by bursting an artery. He was found in time to save his life.

WASHINGTON, January 13.—The President sent to the House of Representatives, to-day, in answer to a resolution of that body, of the 16th December last, a mass of papers upon the subject of Louisiana political affairs, furnished by

Attorney-General Williams. The papers embrace copies of reports of judicial proceedings; correspondences by mail and telegraph, memorials and other matter, nearly all of which have heretofore been before the public. The following telegram from Gen. Emory, dated New Orleans, January 11, to the Adjutant-General's office, closes the correspondence: As Mr. Kellogg has been declared by Gov. Pinchback and the Legislature which he recognizes as the Governor elect of Louisiana, I presume it is intended by my instructions that I shall also recognize him; and shall accordingly do so, unless otherwise instructed. Addressed letters to the General commanding the army, on the 8th and 9th; but they may not reach in time for action. The situation is becoming more complicated, and, in my opinion, the use of the troops simply to keep the peace cannot lead to a satisfactory or permanent solution of the difficulties here. The report of the Attorney-General, alluded to by the President in his message, does not accompany the papers.

Judge Humphreys and Judge Busted have both resigned for the purpose of exchanging places with each other.

The Senate proceedings were unimportant.

Probabilities.—For New England, winds veering to Westery and Northwesterly, with clearing weather and falling temperature on Tuesday from Tennessee to the upper lake-region, and Eastward over the Middle States. Northwesterly and Westery winds, lower temperature and clear and clearing weather for the South Atlantic and Gulf States. East of the Mississippi, winds veering to Westery and Northwesterly, with clear and clearing weather. For the North-west, falling barometer and winds shifting to Southerly and Easterly.

Major Michael W. Cluskey died at Louisville to-day.

New York, January 13.—The widow of President Tyler is about selling her property on Staten Island, for the purpose of repurchasing the Tyler estate in Virginia.

St. Louis, January 13.—The Democratic caucus nominated Col. L. V. Bogy for United States Senator.

The speech of Gen. DaBose, on Saturday, favoring Government aid in behalf of the Atlantic and Great Western Canal, attracts general attention. The burden of his argument was against the unconstitutionality of the aid which is asked. He furnished facts and figures, showing that the work was a national necessity. The friends of the James River and Kanawha Canal have a hearing before the Commerce Committee of the House to-morrow. The House adopted a resolution for an inquiry into the conduct of Judge Darrell, of Louisiana, with a view to his impeachment. An animated discussion occurred in the House on a resolution, offered by Sheldon, of Louisiana, for the appointment of a joint select committee on the Louisiana troubles. It was opposed by many of the leading members on both sides of the House, and advocated by others. Finally, a resolution, offered by Garfield, of Ohio, was adopted in its stead, referring the whole matter, with a message from the President thereon, to the Judiciary Committee.

New Orleans, January 13.—The inauguration ceremonies passed off quietly. The weather was clear and pleasant. McEnery was inaugurated in LaFayette Square—several thousand persons present, including many ladies. The ceremonies were opened with prayer by Bishop Wilmarid; a valedictory address by Bishop Pierce, followed by an inaugural address by McEnery. The oath of office was then administered and the ceremonies conducted with a benediction by Rev. J. K. Grotheam. Kellogg was inaugurated at Mechanics' Institute, the doors of which are still guarded by United States soldiers. The Senators repaired to the hall of the House. Acting Governor Pinchback delivered a short valedictory, followed by Kellogg's inaugural. About 1,500 persons present—three-fourths colored.

New York, January 13.—Ex-Mayor D. C. Kingsland is dead; his age was seventy-five.

At an interview yesterday, Thomas C. Durant said he would not be surprised if the names of Wm. E. Dodge and Hooper appeared in the list of the Credit Mobilier stockholders. He also intimated that Dodge took care of President Grant's interest in town lots, in this connection. Durant does not think the books of the Credit Mobilier will disclose anything if they are found; but if they are not found, he has a certified copy of them.

CHARLESTON, January 13.—Arrived—Steamship Falcon, Baltimore; schooner A. H. Howe, New York; steamship South Carolina, New York.

Financial and Commercial.

COLEMBIA, S. C., January 13.—Sales of cotton to-day 87 bales—middling 18 3/4.

New York, January 13.—Noon.—Stocks dull. Gold steady, at 12 1/4. Money firm, at 7. Exchange—long 9 1/2; short 10 1/2. Governments very quiet. State bonds dull but steady. Cotton dull; sales 609 bales—uplands 20 1/2; Orleans 21 1/2. Flour quiet. Wheat unchanged. Corn steady. Pork quiet—mess 13.75@14.00. Lard firm—Western steam 8 3/8@8 1/4. Freights quiet.

7 P. M.—Cotton—receipts to-day 8,271 bales; sales of futures 7,450, as follows: January 19 11-16, 19 1/4; February 19 1/4; 19 1/2; 19 3/4; 20 1/4; April 20 1/2; 20 1/2; 20 3/4; 20 1/2; June 21 1/2; August 19 1/2. Cotton dull; sales 1,326 bales, at 20 1/2 for middling uplands, and 21 1/2 for Orleans. Southern flour in moderate demand, at 6.15@8.75; common to fair extra 8.85; 12 1/2 for good to choice ditto. Whiskey lower—94@94 1/4. Wheat 1@2c. better; offerings light and advancing. Corn dull, without material change. Pork dull and unchanged—13 75@14.00 for mess. Beef dull, at 10.00@12.00; plain mess 12.00@13.50. Lard weak, at 8@

8 1/2; Western steam 8 1/2 for kettle rendered. 7 1/2@8 1/4.

Mosby, January 13.—Cotton weak for lower grades—good ordinary 17 1/4; low middling 18 1/2; middling 19 1/2; receipts 3,437 bales; sales 300; stock 44,189.

Wilmington, January 13.—Cotton quiet—middling 19 1/4; receipts 97 bales; stock 2,816.

Philadelphia, January 13.—Cotton quiet—middling 20 1/4@21.

Boston, January 13.—Cotton quiet—middling 20 1/2; receipts 232 bales; sales 301; stock 5,500.

Savannah, January 13.—Cotton dull—middling 19 1/2; receipts 6,600 bales; exports 8,222; sales 743; stock 78,058.

Augusta, January 13.—Cotton dull and nominal—middling 19; receipts 954 bales; sales 555.

Galveston, January 13.—Cotton weak—good ordinary 17@17 1/2; receipts 1,695 bales; exports 7,147; sales 1,500; stock 74,477.

Charleston, January 13.—Cotton dull—middling 19 1/2; receipts 2,024 bales; exports 3,242; sales 400; stock 41,138.

New Orleans, January 13.—Cotton active and firm—good ordinary 18; low middling 18 1/2@18 3/4; middling 19 1/2@19 3/4; receipts 12,342 bales; exports 12,063; sales 350—670 last evening; stock 165,313.

Norfolk, January 13.—Cotton quiet—low middling 18 1/2@18 3/4; receipts 2,213 bales; exports 113; sales 290; stock 18,621.

Baltimore, January 13.—Cotton steady—middling 20 1/2; receipts 639 bales; exports 468; sales 325; stock 10,903.

Louisville, January 13.—Flour in good demand and firm—extra family 6.75. Corn firm and unchanged. Pork held at 12.50@12.75 for round lots. Bacon—shoulders 5 1/4; sides 7 1/4@7 3/4. Packed lard steady, at 7 1/4@8 3/4; prime steam 7 1/2. Whiskey firm, at 90.

Cincinnati, January 13.—Flour in fair demand and firm. Corn unchanged. Provisions dull and easier. Pork nominally 12 75@13.00. Lard easier—steam 7 1/4@7 1/2; kettle 7@7 1/2. Bacon steady—shoulders 5; clear sides 7 3/4@7 1/2. Whiskey firm, at 89@90.

London, January 13—5 P. M.—Consols and American securities closed unchanged.

Liverpool, January 13—Evening.—Cotton closed quiet; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; sales 7,000; sales of cotton shipped from Savannah or Charleston, December and January, at 9 1/2; shipments of cotton from Bombay since last report to 13th 21,000 bales.

London, January 13—Noon.—Consols 92 1/2. 6s 90 1/4.

Paris, January 13.—Rentes 54 1/2.

Liverpool, January 13—3 P. M.—Cotton opened quiet but steady, and is now easier—uplands 10 1/2; Orleans 10 3/4; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000.

AN ENOCH ARDEN CASE WITH VARIATIONS.—In the month of May, 1854, Dominick McLaughlin, a laborer, then about twenty-nine years of age, was united in marriage to Mary Cassidy, his junior by some years, at one of the Catholic churches in this city. They went to house-keeping in South Troy, and seemed to get along nicely; but after living together about three weeks, McLaughlin suddenly left for parts unknown. About eight months after his departure, Mrs. McLaughlin gave birth to a child, which soon died. Nine years passed, and hearing nothing of her husband, Mrs. McLaughlin was wooed by one Thomas Finn, also of this city, and thinking that her former husband must be dead, consented to cast her lot with him. They were accordingly married, and lived happily together for about eighteen months, when a son was born; after the child's birth, Finn seemed to be a changed man, and, following McLaughlin's example, he soon left her, and has not since been heard of. Some say he is dead, while others are confident that he is not, though no one has seen or heard from him.

Soon after Finn's departure, the child died, and Mrs. Finn, alias Mrs. McLaughlin, concluding that she had seen enough of married life, resumed her maiden name and began her own support, working hard and steadily, washing and cleaning, and it is said that she has saved considerable money. She resided in Pound Alley, which is just above Eighth street, between Ferry and Congress streets.

On the 24th of last December, while pursuing her daily avocation at her home, she was surprised by the entrance of an elderly man who addressed her as "Mary." She did not recognize him until he told her who he was—her first husband, McLaughlin. He gave no cause for his sudden departure, only saying that some hidden impulse drew him away. He had been over nearly all the States in the Union, working on railroads, as a mason's laborer, and in numerous other employments. He told her that he had saved money, and as a proof of it put \$1,000 in her lap, saying, "There, Mary, is a Christmas present for you." A mutual reconciliation and re-union followed.—*Troy Whig, 9th.*

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN MACON.—The *Telegraph and Messenger* reports a destructive fire in Macon on Friday night. The fire originated in the office of Messrs. Wilbourne & Edwards, grocery merchants, corner of Fourth and Plum streets. The building in which the fire originated was consumed, together with two or three small wooden tenements adjoining, on Plum street, occupied by families, who succeeded in removing most of their effects. Five one-story wooden buildings, on Fourth street, were also burned.

Fourteen men who had drifted in open boats, in the Magellan straits, forty-eight days, were picked up by a New Orleans vessel a few days since.

A TYPE METAL STATUE OF HORACE GREELY.—At a chapel-meeting of the commissioners employed on the New York Tribune, held on Thursday, January 9, 1873, the following preamble and resolutions were passed unanimously: Whereas it has been proposed that the several printing offices in the United States give one or more pounds of old type, for the purpose of making a statue of Horace Greeley, to be erected in the lot in Greenwood where his remains are interred; and whereas type metal is specially adapted to reproduce sharp and definite outlines, and peculiarly fitted to speak in the mute form of an image to those who in after years visit his resting-place, as it did beneath the training of his hand, and the grandeur of his brain and the largeness of his heart; therefore,

Resolved, That we approve of the idea of erecting a statue of Horace Greeley in Greenwood, made of type metal which has been cast into type and worn out in the service of teaching the people; and further, be it

Resolved, That we ask of our fellow-craftsmen (many of whom, now scattered over the country, have, like ourselves, either worked with or for him during the forty years gone by) to set up on Monday, February 3, 1873, the sixty-second anniversary of Mr. Greeley's birth, 1,000 ems, and give the receipts for the same to be expended in making and erecting the statue, the money to be forwarded to the President of New York Typographical Union, No. 6, 22 Duane street, New York city, of which Union Mr. Greeley was the first President.

Resolved, That the above preamble and resolutions be given to the press of the United States, with a request that they be printed and circulated as widely as possible.

LOCOMOTIVE BOILER EXPLOSION.—A despatch reported the explosion of the boiler of the locomotive of the down freight train No. 1, from Columbia for Charleston, at Lewisville, on the South Carolina Railroad, on an early hour Saturday morning. The engineer, fireman, and others connected with the train were at breakfast at the time, and no one is reported to have been hurt. The boiler was completely demolished, and the locomotive badly damaged by the explosion.

HOMICIDE ON WADMALAW ISLAND.—John Middleton, a colored youth, was brought to the city, yesterday, and locked up in the guard house, on the charge of having killed, with a double-barreled gun, on the night previous, another colored youth, named Alfred Peter.—*Charleston Courier.*

SEVERE SENTENCE.—Wm. Moore, of Fairfield County, has been recently sentenced to thirty years in the penitentiary, for the murder of his uncle. He is a son of Alfred Moore, once a member of the General Assembly.

The Shah of Persia wishes to make his European trip without ostentation, so he will take with him only three princes of the blood, three ministers of the first class, seven of the second, and thirty attendants.

A white lad, named Willis Harris, residing on the North-Eastern Railroad, was so severely injured, on the 11th, by the accidental discharge of a gun, that his life is despaired of.

A colored child, named Easter Brown, was severely burned, on Ashley River, on the 11th, by her clothes taking fire.

It is proposed to found a Greeley Professorship of Journalism in Cornell University.

California expects an average yield of 400 pounds of castor oil to the acre. There's a crop to stick in any one's craw!

Paper money is to be abolished in Hayti, where a dollar gold piece brings \$400 in currency.

A single fact is worth a ship-load of argument.

Seed Potatoes. 50 BARRELS EARLY ROSE and EARLY GOODRICH, in fine order, and for sale by HOPE & GYLES.

Dissolution. L. D. CHILDS having sold out his interest in Saluda Factory, the firm of CHILDS, JOHNSTON & PALMER is hereby dissolved. The undersigned, proprietors of said factory, will continue the business of COTTON MANUFACTURING, under the firm name of JOHNSTON & PALMER, and will settle the affairs of the late firm.

WILLIAM JOHNSTON, JOHN B. PALMER, COLUMBIA, January 1, 1873.

CAROLINA HIGH SCHOOL, FOR MALES AND FEMALES, AT ANDERSON, S. C. SCHOOL opens January 20. Tuition for forty weeks, in ad- vance, \$34. 30, 36 and 42. Boarding for males \$18 per month, payable monthly. Boarding for females in good families at reasonable rates. Apply for circular to W. J. LIGON, Eq., or Rev. D. E. FERRISON. Jan 14 '73

Headquarters National Guard, STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COLUMBIA, S. C., January 10, 1873. [Special Orders No. 4]

THE following Special Orders have been received from the Adjutant and Inspector-General's Department, are hereby promulgated for the information of all concerned: HEADQUARTERS SOUTH CAROLINA MILITIA, ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE, COLUMBIA, S. C., January 10, 1873. [Special Orders No. 3.]

On the recommendation of the Brigadier-General commanding the National Guard of this State, the following promotions and appointments are made, viz: E. W. FERRIS to be Colonel of the 8th Regiment, National Guard, vice Filiboren, removed.

P. C. FLETTING to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Frost, deceased. E. C. BAKER to be Major, vice Flett, promoted. They will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By order of His Excellency the Governor and Commander-in-Chief. (Signed,) H. W. PURVIS, Adjutant and Inspector-General S. C. By order of Brigadier-General S. A. SWails. JAMES KENNEDY, Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General, Jan 14

Laurensville Female College. OPENS 17th FEBRUARY next. Rev. J. B. RILEY, President. Rev. Z. L. ROLMES, JOHN BERGUSON, A. M., Professors. Primary Department, Miss ANN B. JUBAN. Music to be supplied. College supplied with fine mineralogical cabinet, chemical laboratory, philosophical apparatus, museum, five pianos and a good library. GARGAL and GOOD WORKS of all kinds. Charge of D. B. Pleasant, The President, Rev. J. B. Riley, and family, board in this house to superintendent same. Board in College Boarding House, or private families, \$10 to \$12 per month. Tuition in Primary Department, per sess., \$10 Tuition in Academic Department, per session, \$15 Tuition in Collegiate Department, per sess., \$20 Tuition in Music Department, per session, 24 One of the Professors will be at Newberry and Greenwood on 16th February, to take charge of pupils coming to the College.

POMARIA NURSERIES. Established 1850. The proprietor has a large and thrifty stock of Southern and acclimated FRUIT TREES, from the earliest to the latest. Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Apricots, Nectarines, Quinces, Medlars, Fige-graves, Tree-bearing Mulberries, Foreign English Walnuts, Spanish Chestnuts, Filberts, Grapes, in great variety; Raspberries, Strawberry Plants, all the best; Rose, Dahlias, Gladiolus, Verbena, Violets, &c.; Ornamental Flowering Shrubs, Evergreens, for Cemeteries and Lawn, in great variety; Orange, Grape and Macartney Roses, for Cages; Horse Ladies and Asparagus Roads, particularly adapted to our climate. A descriptive catalogue sent to all applicants. Mr. John White is my Agent at Columbia. Address, WM. SUMMER, Nov 24 Smot Pomaria, S. C.

Auction Sale. Bacon, Flour, Butter, &c. BY D. C. PEIXOTTO & SONS. THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, at our Auction Store, without reserve, D. S. Sides, Shoulders, Hams, Butter, Lard, Flour, Macarel, &c. 15 kegs No. 1 White Lead, in 25 and 50 lb. kegs. Conditions cash. Jan 14

Variety Sale. BY JACOB LEVIN. THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock, I will sell, before my Store, the following stock reserve, No. 1 D. S. Bacon Sides, No. 1 Smoked N. Y. Stripes, No. 1 Breakfast Bacon, 1 Case Dolly Varden Shoulders, Canned Hams, Choice Family Cakes, Boxes Canned Tomatoes, Boxes No. 1 Candy, Boxes Family Soap, Butter, Fire-Creokers, &c.

Sundry Furniture, among which are a handsome China Set, complete, handsome Mahogany Book-Case, Brass Andirons, Fender, &c. &c.

Sheriff's Sale. The State of South Carolina, in Common Pleas. James M. Barber and Thomas B. Taylor, as Special Executors, plaintiffs, against Henry G. Worthington and the Spartanburg and Union Railroad Company, defendants.

In pursuance of an order of sale made by the Hon. M. Moss, Judge of said Circuit, in February last, and on the first MONDAY in February next, at the Court House door of Unionville, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., to the highest bidder, the whole of the Spartanburg and Union Railroad Company's Railroad, known as the Spartanburg and Union Railroad, including road-bed, right of way, grading, bridges, masonry and superstructure, lying and situated in the Counties of Fairfield, Union and Spartanburg, all the stock embodied in the said Railroad and Union Railroad Company, the chartered rights and privileges thereof, the iron nails, spikes, chairs and equipments, and all the property owned by the said company, as incident to or necessary for its business, and also the following terms, to-wit: Fifty thousand dollars in cash, to be paid by the purchaser at the time of sale, and the balance in three equal annual installments, with interest on the said balance from the day of sale; the purchaser to give his bond, with a mortgage of property to secure the same, and to pay for all necessary papers.

The purchaser at said sale has leave, if he so be minded, in lieu of the cash payment above required, to pay twenty-five thousand dollars in cash and thirty thousand dollars in coupons of the first mortgage State guaranteed bonds of the Spartanburg and Union Railroad Company, in full of such coupons, sixty thousand dollars of bonds of said company, the said coupons or bonds to be finally credited for the amount to which they shall be entitled as dividend out of the proceeds of the road and the sale thereof.

The said sheriff will execute for the purchaser at said sale a deed of the premises sold; the said deed, with a deed of release, to be held by them as an escrow, and not to be delivered to the purchaser until the first installment be paid, but the purchaser will be let into possession of the premises and property sold forthwith.

When the first installment upon the bond so to be taken by the sheriff shall become due, the purchaser has leave, if he be so minded, in lieu of the same, to pay to the plaintiffs as referees as aforesaid two hundred thousand dollars in the aforesaid first mortgage State guaranteed bonds of the Spartanburg and Union Railroad Company, or the whole or any part of the said bonds, or installment in coupons of the said bonds at the rate of one dollar in coupons for two dollars in bonds; such bonds or coupons, however, to be finally credited for the amount to which they shall be entitled as dividend out of the proceeds of the road and the sale thereof.

R. G. BROWN, S. C. Sheriff's Office, Unionville, S. C., January 7, 1873. Jan 11th

Auction Sale of Material. By JACOB LEVIN, Auctioneer. WILL be sold, at public sale, on MONDAY NEXT, 18th Instant, in front of the IRON, STOVE and WOOD WORK of said Market. Each kind of material will be sold separately. By order Council. Jan 10 C. BARBUN, City Clerk.

C. F. JACKSON AHEAD OF ALL IN SELLING SPRING GOODS.

GREAT SACRIFICE OF STOCK TO RAISE MONEY AND MAKE ROOM FOR THE CHEAPEST STOCK OF SPRING GOODS That will be offered in this market. Jan 14

Laurensville Female College. OPENS 17th FEBRUARY next. Rev. J. B. RILEY, President. Rev. Z. L. ROLMES, JOHN BERGUSON, A. M., Professors. Primary Department, Miss ANN B. JUBAN. Music to be supplied. College supplied with fine mineralogical cabinet, chemical laboratory, philosophical apparatus, museum, five pianos and a good library. GARGAL and GOOD WORKS of all kinds. Charge of D. B. Pleasant, The President, Rev. J. B. Riley, and family, board in this house to superintendent same. Board in College Boarding House, or private families, \$10 to \$12 per month. Tuition in Primary Department, per sess., \$10 Tuition in Academic Department, per session, \$15 Tuition in Collegiate Department, per sess., \$20 Tuition in Music Department, per session, 24 One of the Professors will be at Newberry and Greenwood on 16th February, to take charge of pupils coming to the College.

POMARIA NURSERIES. Established 1850. The proprietor has a large and thrifty stock of Southern and acclimated FRUIT TREES, from the earliest to the latest. Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Apricots, Nectarines, Quinces, Medlars, Fige-graves, Tree-bearing Mulberries, Foreign English Walnuts, Spanish Chestnuts, Filberts, Grapes, in great variety; Raspberries, Strawberry Plants, all the best; Rose, Dahlias, Gladiolus, Verbena, Violets, &c.; Ornamental Flowering Shrubs, Evergreens, for Cemeteries and Lawn, in great variety; Orange, Grape and Macartney Roses, for Cages; Horse Ladies and Asparagus Roads, particularly adapted to our climate. A descriptive catalogue sent to all applicants. Mr. John White is my Agent at Columbia. Address, WM. SUMMER, Nov 24 Smot Pomaria, S. C.