

The Ground Upon Which They Stand.

Since writing the article published yesterday, we have been informed that the late issue of bonds by the City Council is based upon the Act of 1854, which Act is entitled "An Act to alter and amend the charter of the town of Columbia, and for other purposes."

And whereas the present Town Council of Columbia have subscribed for stock in the Hamburg and Columbia Railroad Company, and are also considerably indebted, many of which debts are about to fall due:

Be it therefore enacted, by the authority of the Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized to borrow money by issuing city stock, from time to time, to the amount of \$500,000, if so much be necessary, to pay the instalments on the subscription of the Town Council to the said railroad, and the debts which may be due or may become due, and require to be paid by said Mayor and Aldermen: Provided, That the private property of the citizens of the said city of Columbia shall not be liable in law or equity for the payment of the corporate debts that shall or may be created under the granted powers herein made, in any other mode than by a regular and uniform taxation.

Then follows a clause giving the Mayor and Aldermen power to sell the stock of said railroad company to redeem the bonds thus authorized to be issued.

Our readers can now consider the grounds upon which, as we are reliably informed, the City Council based their recent issue of bonds. Whether advised to this course or not by their legal adviser, does not appear upon the record—at least, upon the record given to the public. Let us now consider the Act quoted above. Does that Act give the Council the right they were seeking? It appears to us, clearly and decidedly not.

In the first place, it is a matter of fact that the city of Columbia never consummated the subscription for stock in the Hamburg and Columbia Railroad. But the question arises, is the present Council, seventeen years after, authorized to issue "city stocks" "to pay the debts which may be due or may become due, and required to be paid by said Mayor and Aldermen?" We hold, clearly not.

"The debts which may be due or may become due," certainly have reference to obligations that had already been incurred by the city of Columbia. The reference being, then, to debts which had been incurred prior to the passage of this Act in December, 1854, it is obvious that under the said Act the Council had not a shadow of authority to issue new bonds, no matter how the proceeds were to be applied. In fact, we deem it unnecessary to enlarge upon this point. The City Council must, indeed, have been hard pressed for some authority to make a bond issuance, when they were disposed to depend upon this mere semblance of authority. If additional argument were necessary, we might refer to the fact, that in 1856 and in 1866, respectively, the city of Columbia was again authorized to issue bonds. Now, if this authority to issue \$500,000 in 1854 still existed, it is plain that the issues of 1856 and 1866 would have been unnecessary. It is, we hold, a plain case that the City Council had no right whatever to proceed under the Act of 1854, and we cannot perceive how any mind can maintain the affirmative. Thus we leave the Council in the wilderness, and standing upon a very sandy foundation. Upon a mere pretence of authority, the City Council proceeded to issue, and did in secret issue, city bonds to the extent of \$250,000!

THE LATE A. H. ABRAHAM, ESQ.—Another old citizen of Charleston has gone. Yesterday morning the venerable man, whose name heads this article, breathed his last, at his residence in State street, surrounded by a large host of weeping friends and relatives. Mr. A. H. Abraham was born in Bremen, in the year 1801, and was at the time of his death seventy years old. At an early age he came to Charleston, and started in business, which by his thrift, integrity and enterprise he soon made remunerative. He has lived in Charleston for half a century, and been identified with her business interests for over thirty years. Yesterday morning, while in the enjoyment of apparent health, a sudden fit of apoplexy carried him off, and terminated a long life of usefulness. He was a man of large heart, and although unostentatious, never tired in doing good. Among the Israelites he was held in high esteem, and none knew the man but to respect him.

THE BURNING OF CHICAGO, terrible as that catastrophe has been, is actually surpassed in horror by the greater fires in the North-west. These fires have swept through five great States, totally destroying cities, villages and farm-houses, consuming almost incalculable quantities of wood and lumber, ruining the crops, and causing a loss of life that is absolutely appalling. Probably 2,000 persons will prove to have perished in the burned district of the North-west, while it is impossible to estimate the actual and prospective loss in property which the fire has caused.

LYONS LAW.—It is currently reported that Gen. Sheridan has executed a number of thieves in Chicago, among them James Munday, Barney Aaron, Bill Tracey, Jim Brown, Edward Newman, famous under the alias of Dutch Heinrichs, and Joe Butts, the bank robber. The Northern papers generally commend this action of the military dictator; but if anything of the sort is done at the South it is termed Ku Kluxism, and in the attempt to punish the perpetrators many innocent persons are arrested, and put to great expense and inconvenience. Things will change after awhile, perhaps.

Book-keepers and chickens have to scratch for a living.

Nothing Extenuate, Nor Set Down Aught in Malice.—The Duty of the City Council.

The City Council have been advised to put forth a statement with reference to their conduct in connection with the City Hall and now market. Let us, by all means, have this "statement." We are prepared to do justice, though the heavens fall. This we have to say: We have offered no allegations, have made no charges which we believe cannot be substantiated. It is true, that we shall analyze very closely any statement that the City Council may make. But we shall give full credit to the merits of their defence—if defence they have. As to our object in this affair, it is the protection of the public interests. The proprietor of this journal is the city printer. If we were to be influenced by merely personal considerations, we might remain silent, and exercise indulgence to the Council. But we claim to have risen above these influences, and to be engaged in the earnest defence of those interests with which independent and honest journalism is charged. But we go farther. There is something more than a "statement" demanded. Excepting the motion to modify the bond arrangement, and to repudiate Alderman Wigg's arrangement with Dr. Neagle, the City Council have chosen to remain silent as to the serious allegations made of neglect and misconduct in connection with the contract awards. Now, they are bound to undo what has been wrongfully done, and to do so forthwith. We hold that it is obligatory upon the City Council:

1. To repudiate all they have done in connection with the bonds issued; to recover possession of them and to cancel them.

2. To declare the contracts made, respectively, with Mr. J. M. Allen and Messrs. Smith and Simons, null and void, and thus so to provide that if the new market and City Hall should be built at all—which is doubtful—they shall be built upon the best and cheapest terms possible, without fraud and collusion in the premises.

This we hold that the City Council are bound to do; this we believe is the popular demand, and this we hold the City Council should in law be made to do. Let the legal screw be applied—if necessary.

In referring to the President's South Carolina Ku Klux proclamation, the New York World says:

Republican logic is neatly exemplified in a city contemporary's defence of the "severe measures" against supposed members of the Ku Klux Klan carried out by "Federal officials" in North Carolina, and now to be enforced by the same authority in South Carolina. Avoiding the main question of jurisdiction, save in a passing allusion to the indignation of the Southern press at this usurpation of power by the central administration, it is placidly asserted that "no law-abiding citizen will be likely to object to any measure designed to put an end to the reign of violence and punish flagrant crime." On the contrary, it seems to us that all "law-abiding" citizens, and they alone, are "likely to object" to the exercise of despotic authority; and this not from any sympathy with the violence or crime of private individuals, but because justice, to be assured, must be circumscribed by laws which bind the rulers as well as the ruled. Such an argument as we have quoted is founded on the Jesuitical maxim that "the end justifies the means," over-riding all law save the law of might, and would apply with equal plausibility to the sudden vengeance of an irresponsible mob, or to the invasion of our shores by the forces of a foreign government which might desire, in the interest of humanity, to repress the violence of Butler and his followers in Massachusetts, or to punish the penitents of Federal office-holders in the New York Custom House.

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The South Carolina Delegation to the Colored Convention.

MR. EDITOR: The colored people of South Carolina have been not only defrauded out of their right to representation in the appointment of their delegates, but also grossly insulted by the Republican Executive Committee, (so-called,) in the assumption of that right which clearly belonged to their masters, the people. This fraud, perpetrated by these pseudo Republicans, is only equalled by their impudence. By what right has this committee assumed to speak for the people? What do they know of the wants or care for the rights and interests of either the white or the black race? Their delegation is that of a clique, elected in the interest of a corrupt ring, bent only on advancing its selfish schemes, at all hazards. The honied words of some of the speakers on that occasion will be long remembered as the utterances of those who have deceived us once, with the whining cant of the hypocrite, and but open our eyes to the fact that they can only be intended to deceive us again. The delegates chosen by the said committee might have been elected by the people, but must be repudiated hereafter if they accept the position of our representatives without our action or approval. That the colored people of the State have not elected delegates to represent them (despite the action of the committee) does indeed reflect upon their manhood, intelligence and patriotism, but it is not too late to say that there are those of us who prefer no representation whatever, to that of a delegation elected by a clique, which has shown so clearly its utter indifference to any higher aim than party success, and the emoluments of office. We utterly repudiate the trickery and corruption of that insolent ring, which, in the name of Republicanism, has perpetrated this fraud upon our rights; and we also repudiate the delegation which can only represent the corrupt clique which called it into existence. When the future candidates for office, nominated through the treachery and gold of these inflated tricksters, are placed before us for our suffrages, we will repudiate them also.

COLORED VOTERS 3D CON. DISTRICT.

COLUMBIA, October 17, 1871.—At a meeting held by James M. Allen, contractor on State Lunatic Asylum, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Board of Regents of the State Lunatic Asylum are most respectfully requested to place sufficient funds in the State Treasury to pay their orders, (when given,) so that the contractor may put such force on the building as will satisfy the Superintendent, and "add to the comfort of the unfortunate people entrusted to his care."

JAMES M. ALLEN, Contractor, Chairman.

In compliance with the request appended, we publish the following appeal. We cannot answer for the sanity of the writer:

NOTICE TO ALL.—Man—oh! man—why cast off the duties you owe to your God? The time is near at hand for all mankind to worship the true and living God, or drink an endless woe. Be it so. In the name of Jesus Christ, the time is on us for a change—otherwise you are cursed unaware of your condition. (Signed) H. W. MORRIS.

HONORABLE SIR: I have enclosed you a notice for the public, to all that may take warning, otherwise they will receive the cup of wrath and indignation of God, as He is disposed to issue in the fulness of His own name. Will you please have the same published in your papers of that vicinity and oblige. Yours, with obedience, H. W. MORRIS.

CAPT. JACOB H. POOSER.—Our Southern exchanges bring us the melancholy tidings of the decease of the gentleman whose name appears at the head of this article. He died at his residence in Marianna, Fla., after a lingering illness. Capt. Pooser was a native of South Carolina, but for the past twenty years a resident of the State of Florida. He was a prominent citizen in the locality in which he so long resided, having at one time represented Jackson County in the State Legislature. A man of sterling character, he possessed a Spartan firmness of purpose and an irreproachable integrity in all the affairs of life. An ardent Southerner, he gave to the cause of his native land three as noble sons as ever braved the perils of the battle-field, invested all his ready money in efforts to sustain the credit of the Confederacy, and, leaving his planting interests, hired them slaves to the Government to engage them in works of public utility. Brave of soul and high of honor, truthful, generous and sincere, he was profoundly respected and admired by associates and neighbors. As a prominent member of the Methodist Church, he lived in its communion with all fidelity, and died in its bosom, sustained, no doubt, by the consolations of the faith which he so long professed.—New York South.

PERSONAL.—The New York Herald, of Saturday, says: "Senor de Moncada, late Spanish Consul at Charleston, S. C., has been nominated member of the Spanish Congress for his State, while on a visit to that country. Senor de Moncada belongs to one of the most liberal and most respectable families in Murcia, his native State."

In the private office of Mr. Cowley, business manager of the Chicago Tribune, was a large Krupp shell, a relic of the siege of Paris. When the Tribune office took fire this shell exploded, making a breach in the walls fifteen feet wide from the foundation to the roof.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE DEATH OF LEE AT BAITIMORE.—ADDRESS OF GEN. WADE HAMPTON.—The Concordia Opera House was filled to overflowing, last evening, to hear Gen. Wade Hampton's address on the Life and Character of Gen. Robert E. Lee. The audience was well worthy of the orator, and the address was equally well worthy of the audience.

From first to last, during the two hours which were spent in its delivery, Gen. Hampton riveted the attention of his hearers, occasionally eliciting tumultuous applause, when he made allusion to the more prominent events in the life of the great Virginian, or to the more prominent of his great lieutenants and comrades-in-arms. It is not possible, in an outline of the address, to convey an adequate idea of its graphic power or fervid eloquence. It will be published shortly by the committee, in pamphlet form, when all will have an opportunity of reading the eloquent tribute of the great Carolina soldier to the memory of his illustrious commander. Among the distinguished gentlemen who occupied the stage we observed Hon. Jeff Davis, who was greeted with loud and hearty applause by the audience. There were also present on the stage Gens. Gordon, Fields, Stuart and Trimble, Commodore Hollins, Judges Bartol, Inglis, Garey and Pinckney, Hon. R. W. Johnson, Wm. George Brown, S. T. Wallis, Esq., Rev. Dr. Ballock, Col. Kane, Johnson, Marshall, McBlair and Andrews, Messrs. Steel, Armistead, Norris, Morrison, Gittings, Kirkland, Clark, Poe, Hale, Trippe, Hodges, Torsch, and other distinguished gentlemen.

[Baltimore Gazette, 13th.]

SAILING OF THE GEORGIA.—This popular mammoth steamship went to sea on Saturday afternoon with the largest cargo of the new crop yet moved coastwise, embracing 2,280 bales, besides 500 casks of rice, clay, naval stores and goods, footing up about 2,800 packages in all. Her draft of water was eleven feet four inches aft and ten feet four inches forward. Freight room under the recent heavy receipts is getting scarce, and but for the presence of such heavy freighters as the South Carolina and Georgia, there would be a pressure for accommodation; but with three steamships each week, and one of the three alone equal to 2,500 or 2,000 bales, the current is likely to flow smoothly and steadily forward to the great centres North and East. The South Carolina sails next Thursday, and will load full. [Charleston News, 16th.]

CIVIL RIGHTS.—The United States Commissioner at Wilmington, N. C., has decided a case under the Civil Rights Bill, where colored men prosecuted a saloon keeper for refusing to sell liquor, the Commissioner saying that the complainants could not purchase without a contract to that effect, and that it was impossible to compel any person to dispose of any property without his consent. A petition to the President is circulating asking the Commissioner's removal.

DEATH AT SEA.—On the last trip of the Virgo, Miss Caddie Monroe, of Boston, known as the "fat girl," aged nine years, and weighing 300 pounds, died very suddenly of heart disease, and was buried at sea on Thursday last. She, in company with her mother and Dr. D. Prescott, agent, were passengers on the Virgo, on their way to attend the fairs in Georgia during the ensuing season. The body would not keep, necessitating its commitment to a watery grave.

SUDDEN DEATH OF AN AGED COUPLE.—Mr. William Bandel and his wife, Mrs. Mary Bandel, both died yesterday within seven hours of each other, at the residence of their son, Mr. S. L. Bandel, No. 267 North Broadway. Mr. Bandel was in his eighty-fifth year and his wife in her eighty-fourth, and they had been married sixty-seven years. The wife had been quite active until within the past few days, and died at 10 A. M. yesterday, rather suddenly.—Baltimore Sun.

THE LATE CHARLES A. DESAUSURE.—The funeral of this highly esteemed and venerable gentleman took place yesterday afternoon, at St. Luke's Church, and was attended by a large number of the friends and relatives of the deceased. Mr. DeSaussure was one of a good old generation which has almost passed away.—Charleston News.

The Intelligencer expects the coming Anderson Fair to reflect the highest credit on the County. The farmers are fully alive to the occasion, and will present a splendid array of stock of all kinds and the finest specimens of their field crops. The household department promises to be unusually attractive.

The census statistics show that the total number of Germans residing in the United States is 1,690,533.

Mexico, Mo., is the happy home of a couple who have been married thrice and divorced twice.

Orangeburg Fair OPENS TUESDAY, October 24, and closes THURSDAY, October 26. Return passage and freight on South Carolina Railroad free. Articles received for exhibition at Railroad Depot in Orangeburg, and hauled to Fair Grounds free of charge. Address EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, O. A. S., Orangeburg, S. C., Oct 18

Strayed or Stolen, FROM the plantation of M. J. G. Lykes, on the night of the 15th inst., a fine black horse MULE, about four-two hands high, with three white spots on left hip, and is about six years old. Said mule is very quick in harness. A reward of \$25 will be paid if delivered to my camp, on the Watered River, or if left with M. J. Lykes. Oct 15

For Sale, THAT desirable property belonging to Mrs. F. H. Mayrant, situated between Bonate and Medium, Henderson and Barnwell streets, containing TEN ACRES. To be sold in one body, or divided to suit purchasers. Said property can be treated for at private sale until 1st December. Purchasers to pay for stamps and papers. Apply to W. H. GIBBES, Oct 18

CONSIGNEES PER YELLOW AND GREEN LINES, VIA CHARLOTTE, COLUMBIA AND AUGUSTA RAILROAD, COLUMBIA, October 17, 1871.—J. P. Elkin, Sulvan & Co., J. D. Cash, W. H. Webb, R. & W. C. Swaffield, W. B. Stanley, J. A. Hendrix & Bro., Copeland & B., J. Agnew & Son, W. C. Carr, Lorrick & L., B. F. Griffin, J. A. & W. H. Bailey, J. W. Rykard, C. E. Fleming, F. Brookbanks & Co., J. Sulzbacher, W. Robertson, R. Hannon, George Symmers, P. L. Lafitte, M. H. Barry, J. P. Love, J. H. Prier, J. N. Frick, J. B. Ransom, J. C. Dial, R. C. Shiver, Cooper & Taylor, M. Comerford, C. Hamberg, W. H. L., C. H. Miot, John Knox, Kennedy, M. & Co., J. L. Dodge, J. D. Pope, A. A. Blythe, W. F. Sturgiss, W. Gorman, J. McKenzie, G. Diercks, A. M. Bowden, L. Strouss, B. & M., Fagan & Bro., J. C. Seegers & Co., B. R. Smith & Co., M. D. Bailly, F. & Miller, James Brown, L. H. B., J. H. A. Quarles, P. & Co., J. A. Jarrett, J. D. M., J. H. White, J. A. Hudgins, Copeland, W. & Co., A. W. L., B. Davis, J. J. Hill & Co., A. P. Hafford, J. & J. L. McC., Ferguson & M., D. M. Ward & Co., Wheeler & M., J. L. & F. Bobbs, John S. Morgan, R. Williams, W. A. L., D. B. Glymps, A. D. Lovelace, J. L. & W. S., D. Miller, M. Brannon, M. N. Coleman, J. D. Lipscomb, J. Caldwell & Co., J. H. Allen, M. Hale, E. Hope, M. Fustenberg, G. M. Andrews, Geo. Symmers, H. Murdock, B. F. Y., W. O. Harris, R. McLadden, F. W. Wing, W. H. Webb.

Blue Ridge Railroad. THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Blue Ridge Railroad in South Carolina will be held on THURSDAY, the 16th day of November, 1871, at the office of the Company, in Columbia, at 12 o'clock. By order of the President, W. H. D. GAILLARD, Secretary, Oct 18

URSULINE CONVENT, VALLE CRUCIS, NEAR COLUMBIA, S. C. THIS excellent School opened September 1, and offers Board and Education at the moderate terms of \$150 per session. Music, Languages and Painting form extra charges. For circulars, apply to THE MOST REV. SUPERIOR, N. B. Refugees, or parents visiting Columbia for health, may enter their daughters for the month. Oct 18

JUST RECEIVED AT MCKENZIE'S, MAIN STREET, ORANGES, PEARS, Northern Apples, new Figs, new crop Raisins, Dates, Bordeaux Prunes in small packages, Fresh English Walnuts, Palm Nuts, Paper, Shell and other Almonds, Delaware Grapes, Caribbea Sugar Wafers, English Sugar Wafers, Albert Crackers, Nick Nacks, a full assortment of Cakes, Candies, &c., on hand constantly. Oct 18

OFFICIAL. Home Insurance Company. Cash assets, October 1, 1871, \$4,723,206 52 Losses at Chicago will not exceed 2,000,000.00 Leaving cash assets, October 12, 1871, \$4,723,206 52 All losses will be promptly paid, and policies issued as usual. CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.

J. H. WASHINGTON, Secretary. New York, October 12, 1871. S. L. LEAPHART, Agent, Columbia, S. C. Oct 17

J. R. SOLOMONS, M. D., DENTIST, TENDERS his professional services to citizens of Columbia during the prevalence of yellow fever in Charleston. Office opposite Columbia Hotel, over Dullie & Chapman's Bookstore. Oct 17

Cow Feed. 5,000 POUNDS more of fine COW FEED, just received, and will be sold lower than any on the market for cash. JOHN D. BATEMAN, At the Columbia Ice House. Oct 11

Cheviot Shirts. WE have received five dozen CHEVIOT SHIRTS, that we will warrant the cloth pure, and made by D. & J. Anderson, Glasgow, who manufacture these goods exclusively. ALSO, 50 pair fine BLACK CASSIMERE PANTS. HATS, HATS, HATS. A fresh arrival. Oct 15 Imo CHILDS & WILEY.

Barley! Barley! PLANTERS can have SEED BARLEY at \$1 25 per bushel. Terms cash. JOHN C. SEEGERS. Sept 22

Fish. WE are sound on the FISH question. New MACKEREL—Boston inspection—in kits, half barrels and barrels. Also "Moss Mackerel." These are strange Fish—having neither heads nor tails. Also, Codfish, Tongues and Sounds, highly recommended by the faculty. For sale by GEO. SYMMERS.

Maccaroni, &c. 20 CASES Italian MACCARONI. 1 case Tomatoes. Noa Moss Farina, Arrow Root, &c. All fresh. GEO. SYMMERS.

For Sale. 1,000,000 FEET LUMBER. Parties can be supplied at reasonable rates by applying to Sept 2 JOHN E. GYLES, at Hope's store.

New Mackerel. 200 WHOLE Half Barrels and Kits Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Boston inspection, just received and for sale much lower than at any time since the "little unpleasantness." E. HOPE. Sept 17

The South Carolina Club. THE annual ball of the South Carolina Club will be given on THURSDAY EVENING, November 9, 1871, at Irwin's Hall, Columbia, S. C. The annual meeting of the Club will be held in Columbia on November 10, 1871. By order Executive Committee. WM. T. GARY, President. Official: R. E. ELLISON, Jr., Secretary. Charleston Courier and News copy three times a week in daily. Oct 7 115

Local Items.

PHOENIXIANA.—The price of single copies of the PHOENIX is five cents. The PHOENIX office is supplied with all necessary material for as handsome cards, bill heads, posters, pamphlets, hand-bills, circulars, and other printing that may be desired, as any office in the South. Give us a call and test our work.

The colored convention assembles in the hall of the House of Representatives, to-day. "Chicago," says an exchange, "has the satisfaction of knowing that she has the sympathy of the civilized world." Yes, she certainly has that satisfaction; but don't you think that she paid a rather exorbitant price for it?

Anna Dickinson is evidently lacking in the respect which every true American should feel for the Presidential chair and the incumbent thereof. She says: "Though the silence of other men may be golden, that of President Grant is leaden." Wicked Anna Dickinson.

A correspondent from Bamberg informs us that the corn-house and kitchen of Mr. A. E. Simmons, in that town, was destroyed by an incendiary fire, on the night of the 15th. He had just gathered his corn crop, amounting to 125 bushels—which was totally lost.

We return our thanks to President Alexander for a complimentary card of admission to the "Fair of the Carolinas," to be held in Charlotte, on the 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th October. Also, to the President of the Orangeburg Agricultural Society for a similar favor.

The parade of the Independents, which was to have come off, yesterday afternoon, was indefinitely postponed.

Charon should throw away his torches and light the passage across the Styx with kerosene. A lamp, overturned on the 6th, burned up a yacht and its pleasure party, and another, kicked over on the 8th, burned up Chicago.

November 13 is announced as the occasion of the grand free exhibition of shooting stars.

Chicago is already itself again. The thrifty survivors of the fire are putting up new houses, and half a page of one of the newspapers there is filled with "removals"—the genial and cheerful term which these people apply to the change of location necessitated by their being burned out. The magnificent business tact of Chicago is fully equalled by magnificent mettle.

The thermometer at the Pollock House ranged as follows, on Monday: 7 A. M., 70; 12 M., 75; 2 P. M., 78; 7 P. M., 77; and on yesterday, as follows: 7 A. M., 60; 12 M., 64; 2 P. M., 65; 7 P. M., 64; indicating the approach of cold weather.

Somebody started the report—the other day that Chicago was set on fire by the "rebels." It wouldn't surprise us much if the young man who was milking the cow that kicked over the lamp that set the barn on fire should turn out to have been a Major-General in the Confederate army.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.—The Northern mail opens at 3.00 P. M.; closes 7.15 A. M. Charleston day mail opens 4.00 P. M.; closes 6.00 A. M. Charleston night mail opens 6.30 A. M.; closes 6.00 P. M. Greenville mail opens 6.45 P. M.; closes 6.00 A. M. Western mail opens 9.00 A. M.; closes 1.30 P. M. On Sunday office open from 3 to 4 P. M.

HOTEL ARRIVALS, October 17.—Columbia Hotel—L. Hill, Edgefield; W. T. Craycroft, H. J. Nowlan, N. C.; W. M. Dwight, Winnaboro; H. A. Wendell, S. & A. T. Co.; J. D. Bruce, Newberry; J. R. Gibbs, W. Dudley, G. A. Seymour, John S. Riggs and wife, Charleston; L. A. Steichell, Summerville; H. T. Peake, A. McBeth, Charleston; J. H. Bradley and wife, U. S. Army; Kirk Robinson, Orangeburg; G. W. Palmer, New York; W. H. Lindsay, N. C. R. R.; G. N. S. Aiken, Robinson's Circus; J. P. Bainbridge, New York; H. M. Drane, E. E. Barnes, N. C.; W. W. Pemberton and wife, Orangeburg; W. E. Earle, Greenville.

Central Hotel—B. P. Aughtry, F. Gregory, P. Dunn, T. Vinson, J. W. Vinson, J. Crawford, M. Fant, T. G. Foster, W. McNance, T. J. Green, J. P. McKissock, W. T. M. Williams, Union; T. O. Barbie, Ky.; A. Josselyn, Greenville; W. C. Meredith, G. & C. R. B.

Nickerson House—R. Ransom, N. C.; T. W. Allen, Bennettsville; J. G. Haines, Philadelphia; W. R. Kline, Chester; B. Boyd, R. & D. R. R.; J. W. Caldwell, Mississippi; Fred. Schlegelmilch, Gilbert Hollow; M. M. Hovey, Massachusetts; D. W. Jay, J. A. Moore, S. C.; R. L. Fraser, Mrs. Anderson, two children and servant, L. S. Fraser, wife, child and servant, S. C.; J. R. Chatham, Grab-All; Capt. Pettingill, S. C.

LIST OF NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. J. J. Ellis—Strayed or Stolen. Just Arrived at McKenzie's. Ursuline Convent. Orangeburg Fair. W. H. Gibbs—For Sale. W. H. D. Gaillard—Meeting.

OFFICIAL RAFFLE NUMBERS Charleston Charitable Association, for benefit Free School fund: RAFFLE CLASS No. 178.—Morning—October 17. 53-24-51-47-28-7-40-54-20-69-19-13 Withers my hand, at Columbia, this 17th day of October, 1871. FEN N PECK, Oct 18 Sworn Commissioner.