

AN UNFAIR ADVOCATE.—The New York Times insists that the Southern States are in a condition of anarchy, which can only be relieved by the application of General Grant's imperial ideas in the shape of a new "Force Bill," but it has a plentiful lack of facts to sustain its allegations. Indeed, there is such weight of testimony against the statement made by our cotemporary that we are driven to the belief that its conclusions are based on the necessities of its party, and not on any facts known to the country. In plain English, the Times wants an election bill, and seizes on the transparent fictions invented by notorious adventurers to inflame the public mind of the North to that pitch of blind passion which will tolerate a law handing the Southern vote over to General Grant. This is its object, and in its pursuit it is guilty of the suggestio falsi, the suppressio veri, and—Mr. Greeley alone could finish the impeachment with becoming vigor. The most trivial disorder at the South is seized upon as proof as true as Holy Writ to show that a new "rebellion" has broken out, and our treasonable temper is snuffed in every grain of gun-powder burnt in the disreputable brawl, from which we are not entirely exempt. But the Times never calls out for the suppression of the Ku Klux at the North. It says nothing of the Grand Army of the Republic, a secret military league. It forgets how it intimated that vigilance committees would become necessary in New York, and gives us in its impression of the 3d a tragic history from Nevada, showing how the Ku Klux of Virginia City hanged a man, without one word about extending the paternal arm of the best government under the sun over citizens in that region. The Times stands before the country in the attitude of an unfair advocate in a bad cause, and damages its own reputation without gaining the end it has in view. The people of the North have heard so much of this silly talk that they are now able to appreciate it at its true value.

Senator Morton, of Indiana, having been serenaded in Washington upon a recent occasion, repeated, with additions, his arraignment of the Democratic party. He insists upon it that the issues in 1872 will turn upon the question of suffrage and civil rights to the colored people, and of protection to "Republicans" in the South and kindred points. He thus constructs a platform for his political opponents, and places them, doubtless, just where he would prefer to see them stand. We take it that the Democratic party will construct its own platform. Nor is it likely that Senator Morton & Co. will be gratified by having "the meat and drink" upon which they have so long fed, duly reasoned and provided for them by the Democratic party. Senator Morton seems indisposed to censure his warfare upon the South. For party ends, he does not hesitate to misjudge and misrepresent this section. We beg leave to commend to him the higher statesmanship and larger charity of a member of the House from his State. In his remarks made against the force bill, the Hon. M. C. Kerr, of Indiana, suggesting the true remedy for the evils which afflict the Southern States, said: "It would be infinitely better, safer and wiser to keep within the Constitution, to recognize the rights of the States, to protect them in their enforcement and enjoyment, when summoned so to do under existing laws. Give them back the utmost freedom of local self-government, of which you have so long and unjustly deprived them; remove from them all disabilities, and thus invite them to assume again all the rights, capacities and responsibilities of freemen; let them organize their local governments in the persons of their best citizens; do not force upon them bad, corrupt and incompetent officers, nor attempt to govern them by strangers; nor give the legal, moral or partisan support of Congress to the political plunderers and oppressors who have so long run riot among them. Then you may hope for speedy restoration of law, order, peace, real and enduring, in the South. Then good men will be encouraged, the hand of loyalty and virtue strengthened, and happiness and material prosperity re-established. Then the South will become the cheerful handmaid to all other sections of our country in bearing our burdens and discharging our national obligations."

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.—The Hartford Times thus ciphers the legal returns for Governor in the recent election. English, the Democratic candidate, 47,401; Jewell, Republican, 47,450—majority for English, 41. The claims of the Radicals that they can get the Legislature to override this legal result will not stand, because of the scattering votes a majority will have to be counted for English. So, Connecticut is safe as far as the choice of her Governor is concerned, who will see that hereafter turns out only genuine nutmegs of natural growth.

Liberal Views. As our readers have already been informed, a movement of liberal Republicans has been started in Ohio, with the view of opposing extreme Radicalism. Ex-Secretary Cox is one of the leaders. On the occasion of a recent meeting in Ohio, this gentleman thus responded: "The speaker dwelt at some length upon the question of amnesty, and expressed himself in strong terms in favor of the removal of the political disabilities of the South. He thought all animosities of the past, and all causes that tended to revive them, should be buried in oblivion and be forever forgotten. He said he believed an army of 100,000 soldiers could not restore peace or quiet at the South as long as measures were agitated in Congress, and discussed by the press, which were calculated to irritate them, and make them discontented and restless, or cause them to feel any inferiority of privileges, or under restraints and surveillance. The speaker was thoroughly convinced that it was impossible to save the colored people in the South except by in some way rousing a considerable fraction of the white population of intelligence to assist in the work, and they could not be forced to do it. He knew that he expressed the opinion of many men in the Republican party when he said this. It was desirable that the people of the South should feel an equal responsibility with the people of the North in regard to the colored race. In regard to the question of a protective tariff, he believed that there had been no specific policy hitherto. The principles regulating it were alluded to in a general manner, and the various concessions which one interest was obliged to make to another interest in the matter of duties on foreign imports. The speaker had no plan prepared, but expressed the opinion that some definite system should be adopted and carried out. In regard to the financial question, no line of policy was indicated, except as speedily a return to specie payment as circumstances would admit. A plan should be formed indicating the day and hour when specie payment would be resumed. But, under the most favorable circumstance, this could not happen for many years. This, with various other questions, had been postponed until reconstruction was fully accomplished."

Already Spain's new King finds his domain inconvenient. Robust as is his constitution, the climate of Madrid is a severe trial to his health; so much has he already suffered in the brief period of his sojourn at his new capital that the royal physicians recommend a residence at Malaga. Spanish Republicans significantly say that if Amadeus really desires to become an old man he must return to his native Italy and stay there. Viewing the Spanish situation from this distance, one is forced to the belief that a fear of assassination, more than the rigors of the latitude of Madrid and the Escorial, induce the departure of Amadeus from his dangerous realm.

HOUSE VOTE ON THE KU KLUX BILL. Having published the text of the Ku Klux bill as it passed the House of Representatives, we give the vote of that body on the iniquitous measure, as a matter of record and reference: Ayes—Messrs. Ambler, Averill, Banks, Barber, Barry, Beatty, Bigby, Bingham, Austin Blair, Geo. M. Brooks, Buckley, Euffinton, Burchard, Burdett, Benjamin F. Butler, Clarke, Cobb, Coburn, Conger, Cook, Cotton, Creely, Dawes, DeLarge, Dickey, Donnan, Eames, Edwards, Elliott, Farnsworth, Farwell, Finkelnburg, Charles Foster, Frye, Garfield, Goodrich, Hale, Halsey, Harmer, George E. Harris, Havens, Hawley, Hay, Gerry W. Hazleton, John W. Hazleton, Hill, Hoar, Hooper, Kelley, Ketcham, Killinger, Lampart, Lansing, Love, Maynard, McCrary, McGrew, McJunkin, McKee, Mercier, Merriam, Monroe, Moore, Moray, Leonard Myers, Negley, Orr, Packard, Packer, Palmer, Isaac O. Parker, Peck, Pierce, Pendleton, Aaron F. Perry, Platt, Poland, Porter, Prindle, Rainey, Ellis H. Roberts, Rusk, Sawyer, Schofield, Shelby, Sessions, Shanks, Sheldon, Shelabarger, Shoemaker, H. Boardman Smith, John A. Smith, Worthington C. Smith, Snyder, Sprague, Stevenson, Stoughton, Stowell, St. John, Sypher, Thomas, Taffe, Turner, Twitchell, Tyner, Upson, Wakeman, Waldron, Walden, Wallace, Walls, Washburn, Wheeler, Whiteley, Willard, Williams, of Indiana, Jeremiah M. Wilson and John T. Wilson—118.

Nays—Messrs. Acker, Adams, Archer, Beck, Bell, Biggs, Bird, Braxton, Bright, James Brooks, Caldwell, Campbell, C. Mingo, Crebe, Critcher, Crossland, Davis, Dix, DuBose, Duke, Elkridge, Ely, Forker, Henry D. Foster, Garrett, Getz, Golladay, Griffith, Haldeman, Handley, Hanks, Harper, John T. Harris, Herford, Hibbard, Holman, Kerr, King, Kinsella, Lamson, Leach, Lewis, Mauson, Marshall, McClelland, McCormick, McHenry, McIntyre, McKinney, McNeill, Merrick, Benjamin F. Meyers, Mitchell, Morgan, Niblack, Hosea W. Parker, Eli Perry, Potter, Randall, Edward Y. Rice, John M. Rice, Ritchie, William R. Roberts, Robinson, Rogers, Roosevelt, Sherwood, Shober, Slaton, Sloss, R. Milton Spear, Stevens, Storm, Sutherland, Swann, Terry, Van Trump, Vaughan, Voorhees, Waddell, Warren, Wells, Whitthorne, Williams, of New York, Winchester, Wood and Young—91. Not Voting—Messrs. Ames, James G. Blair, Roderick R. Butler, Darrell, Duell, Dannel, Hambleton, Hays, Kendall, Lynch, Morphis, Peters, Price, Read, Thomas J. Spear, Dwight, Townsend, Washington Townsend and Tithill—18. Mr. John W. Carter, an earnest Confederate, died in Charleston on the 12th.

A correspondent of the New York Sun, who has been traveling through the South for several months, has come to certain conclusions in reference to the treatment of Northern men in the South, which appear to be very correct. The Sun's correspondent writes: "If a man from the North goes among the Southern people with a view to business, he is gladly received. If he goes there to insult the people through officious exhibition of intense loyalty, talking loudly about rebels, &c., no one will take any pains to make him happy or his presence agreeable. Neither would the Northern people do more by a Southern man under similar circumstances."

SURVIVORS' ASSOCIATION.—FIFTH ANNUAL MEETING.—The association met at 1 o'clock P. M. yesterday, at the Library Building, Broad street, Col. Edward McCready in the chair. A number of applications for membership were received and acted on. An election was then held, with the following result: Gen. R. H. Anderson, President; Col. C. Irvine Walker, First Vice-President; Dr. J. Ford Prieoleau, Second Vice-President; Capt. James Armstrong, Jr., Third Vice-President; Thomas McCready, Secretary; Alex. W. Marshall, Jr., Treasurer.

In the evening, the members and their guests assembled at Hibernian Hall and partook of a splendid supper, provided by that inimitable culinary artist Tully, after which the following regular toasts were given: "The Day we Celebrate." Response by Col. B. H. Rutledge. "The Old State of South Carolina." Response by Hon. James B. Campbell. "President Davis." Response by Col. W. L. Trenholm. "Memory of Robert E. Lee." Draught standing in silence. "Fort Sumter." Response by Maj. John Johnson. "The Army of Northern Virginia." Response by Capt. Wm. A. Kelly. "The Army of the West." Response by Maj. John McCready. "The Women of the War." Response by Y. J. Pope, Esq., of Newberry, S. C. "The Confederate Dead." Response by Dr. George E. Trescott. [Charleston Courier.]

The Golden Age contains the following remarkable statement: Swinburne vibrates between the inspirations of wine and the exasperations of madness, and between fear and disgust at his conduct, people are forced to exclude him from their houses. A sip of wine brings on the craze which goads him into behavior setting at naught all decency. What can be done with an illustrious young poet who, invited to your reception, makes such havoc with the proprieties as to reach across the room with open jaws to bite the bare neck of a handsome young lady, whose beauty has attracted his gaze; or who turns from the person with whom he happens to be conversing to butt his head furiously against the wall?

SQUASHES VS. CYMBLINS.—Judge Reeve was a tutor in Princeton College prior to the war of the Revolution. He often entertained his law students with an account of his efforts while tutor to designate, in a conversation of half an hour with each student as they would arrive from the provinces, in which portion of the country they resided, by reason of the provincialisms they used. He encountered greater difficulty with Mr. Madison than any other, as he spoke such pure Saxon. At last, Reeve said: "I presume, sir, you raise squashes in your province?" "I presume," said Mr. Madison, "you mean cymbalins." "Then," says Reeve, "you are from Virginia."

There is some talk of putting the Great Eastern steamship on the passenger route between New York and Liverpool this summer, with the feature of a cheap passage to Europe to attract custom. The fare, it is said, will be twenty-five dollars. The Great Eastern has passenger accommodations for fully 2,000 people, and, with the immense patronage that it would doubtless draw, together with the freight list, there is no reason to doubt the success of the enterprise. The opportunity to visit Europe, even by persons of very limited means, would be the inducement that would make many avail themselves of the chance thus afforded to take a whiff of foreign air.

THE LAST OF AN OLD SET GONE.—The last one of the old set of Glover brothers is gone—men honorably identified with the life and history of Edgefield. A few weeks back we chronicled the death, in Augusta, of Robert Glover, Esq., and now it is our painful duty to announce the death of David M. Glover, Esq. Mr. Glover departed this life at his residence some nine or ten miles below our village, on Sunday morning last, aged about sixty-five. Col. W. Henry Griffin, a gentleman formerly well known and much honored in this native District, departed this life at his home, Houston, Texas, on the 29th ult.—Edgefield Advertiser.

In the Senate, on the 11th, the House amnesty bill was laid before the Senate by the Vice-President, and read the first and second times. Mr. Robertson gave notice that he should at this session ask the Senate to take up this bill for action. Mr. Edmunds—I shall object. Mr. Robertson—I intend to see whether the majority of the Senate objects. Colonel D. L. Donald, of Williamston, died at his residence in that place on last Saturday morning, after an illness of less than twenty-four hours. He served with distinction as an officer of the Confederate army. Colonel Donald was a native of Abbeville County, and removed to Williamston only a few years ago.

A Louisville lass got very tired of her lover calling on her constantly. Desiring to get rid of him, she concocted a plan by which the much desired result could be obtained. Every time he came she asked him to help move the piano up stairs, and after that was done, changed her mind, and have him help move it down. She kept on until she moved all the furniture in the house seven times, and he didn't see the point; but the other night, in despair, when he called, she threw a pail of water on him from the window. He says he can't see any confidence in women, and he has presented a bill for removing furniture.

It is a curious fact among our hat and cap manufacturers that different localities use different sizes of hats and caps as standard sizes. Boston and the Eastern States use the smallest sizes, New York and the Middle States use the medium to largest sizes, and Chicago and the Western States require the largest sizes. Goods manufactured for one market cannot be sold for the other, only in exceptional cases. The South use a shape peculiar to themselves and of large size.

Brick Pomeroy and Mr. Purcey Allen Leonard are now about the only available Presidential candidates left to the Republican party. It's true that Brick Pomeroy has made more Republican votes than any man living, but then, Purcey Allen Leonard shoots his brothers-in-law. J. J. Dickinson, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Marianna County, Florida, was murdered on the night of the 3d. A colored man has been arrested on suspicion. The deceased had made himself particularly unpleasant to one and all. He was a native of Vermont.

A jury of inquest was held, last Sunday, over the body of an infant, found dead on the plantation of Major Z. A. Drake, near Parnassus Church, in this County. Its throat was cut, the head being nearly severed from the body. The mother of the child, according to her own confession, was the perpetrator of the foul deed.—Marlboro Times.

Expensive teams are now the fashionable agony in New York. A man is no longer satisfied with driving one horse or two, but must strain his nerves and ruffle his temper with three, four, or half a dozen.

C. D. Hayne, Commissioner of Elections for Barnwell County, has been turned over to the May term of the court, on the charge of tampering with the ballots at the recent Congressional elections.

On Tuesday of last week, Miss Gussie Henry, daughter of Dr. N. Henry, of Due West, died of an attack of congestion. About 8 o'clock P. M., she was taken suddenly ill, and suffered greatly for just twenty-four hours.

The election for Intendant and Wardens of the town of Sumter resulted as follows: Intendant—E. C. Green. Wardens—L. P. Lorin, A. W. Suder, G. Richardson, J. E. Scares. The following is the result of the election for town officers of Yorkville: Intendant—Frank C. Harris. Wardens—Jonathan B. Williams, Col. Robert M. Kerr, William P. Hobbs, Richard J. Withers.

VERY TRUE.—A negro orator in New York, in eulogizing the colored troops who fought in the late war, declared proudly that they were never known to lose their colors. We should say not. No matter what the terror in their hearts, they never blanched. No, sir.

A house older than the State of Tennessee was blown down by a recent storm at Nashville. It was built of cedar logs, and had numerous loop-holes for the protection of its pioneer inmates against the savages. The timber was found to be as sound as when first cut down.

Edgefield is again in Democratic hands. The following town officers were chosen at the election on Monday last: Intendant—B. C. Bryan; Wardens—A. A. Glover, W. F. Darisoe, Jr., A. J. Norris, W. H. Brunson. "Solidified beer" is the latest thing. It is lager concentrated in the way they do it to milk, so that a man can carry enough in his vest pocket to ruin a temperance society.

Another horrible murder is reported in Ulster County, N. Y. A man named Terwilliger murdered his mother on Saturday, by choking her to death, and, having hidden her body in his cellar, burned his house to conceal his crime.

The post office at McConnellsville, on the King's Mountain Railroad, has been re-opened by order of the Post Office Department, and Mr. A. F. Lindsay appointed postmaster.

Orlando T. Irving, a printer employed on the Louisville Courier-Journal, committed suicide in that city on the 28th ult., by taking hydrate of chloral.

Mr. John Markley, of Greenville, died at that place on the 8th of April, after a lingering illness.

C. W. WIECKING, CORNER KING AND SOCIETY STS., CHARLESTON, S. C., AGENT FOR MILWAUKIE LAGER BEER. Orders solicited. April 14 61\*

For Sale. THAT splendid family RESIDENCE, with forty-two acres of land attached, known as the "Walker Place." Several hundred fruit trees of the choicest selection now in full bearing. The lands are comprised of highlands and from the house. The front spring not distant from the house. On upper near four acres in extent, faces on Upper Boundary, one of our most public streets. For terms, &c., apply to H. O'NEALE & SON, Cotton Town. April 14

Keys' Early Prolific Tomato Plants. IT is claimed that this TOMATO is fifteen to thirty days earlier than any other variety known. The fruit is of good size, round and smooth, brilliant color, perfectly solid and fine flavor. Plants now ready, cold frame stock hardened. Can be transplanted without loss. For sale at HEINITSE'S DRUG STORE. April 14

Local Items.

PHENIXIANA.—The price of single copies of the PHENIX is five cents.

Messrs. J. A. Hendrix & Bro. are grocers of well known reliability, who keep first class articles. We have to thank them for liberal samples of several articles in the way of provisions that are hard to beat—golden butter, fresh and delicious; lard as white as a snow-flake; flour of the "Mazeppa" brand—for which they are sole agents—that produced most excellent biscuit. This brand will become a favorite in the market. Their establishment is on the corner of Main and Blanding streets, a few doors above the PHENIX office.

Plain and fancy colored printing executed with neatness and despatch, on the most reasonable terms. All the latest styles of cards, &c., on hand and printed in excellent style, at the PHENIX office. Dr. George Smith is ahead in the way of new potatoes. He has shown us several specimens, measuring four inches in circumference.

Just received a lot of indestructible tags; also, a lot of new style business and fancy cards, including the beautiful rose tint.

A French artist being asked to draw an allegorical figure of Benevolence, carefully sketched a bit of India rubber, "This," said he, "is the true emblem of benevolence; it gives more than any other substance!"

Pamphlets, briefs, catalogues, dodgers, posters, hand-bills, bill-heads—in fact, everything in the way of job printing—gotten up in the best style and on terms that we pledge ourselves will be satisfactory to all parties. With approved machinery and steam power, we challenge comparison in prices.

There's a moral taught by the following conversation, which needs to be learned by many fathers. Said a little four-year old: "Mother, father won't be in Heaven with us, will he?" "Why, my child?" "Because he can't leave the store."

Book and job printing of every kind attended to promptly at PHENIX office.

Fashionable young lady, detaching her hair, previous to retiring, "What dreams may come when we have shuffled off this mortal coil!"

Hugh Wilson, Esq., of the Abbeville Press and Banner, paid us a visit, last evening. He will remain in the city a few days.

The uncertainty and confusion attendant upon ascertaining the location of the fire last night, is additional evidence of the want of some systematic plan of communicating this desirable information to our over-alert and willing fire department.

A gentleman one day indiscriminately asked a lady how old she was. "Let me see. I was eighteen when I married, and my husband was thirty; now he is twice thirty, and that is sixty; so of course I am twice eighteen, that is thirty-six."

ARRESTED.—We are informed that Chief Constable Hubbard arrested L. L. Guffin and C. W. Guffin, at Abbeville Court House, on Wednesday, on suspicion of complicity in the recent robbery of the County Treasurer's office. L. L. Guffin is Probate Judge of Abbeville County, and C. W. Guffin former Intendant of the town. When our informant left, the prisoners were still held in default of \$20,000 bail.

AN INTERESTING VOLUME.—Messrs. Duffie & Chapman have furnished us with a copy of a volume which will prove particularly interesting at the present time; it is entitled "Diary of the Besieged Resident in Paris," by H. Labouchere, M. P. An extract from the preface will give an idea of its contents:

"The reader will perceive that I pretend to no technical knowledge of military matters; I have only sought to convey a general notion of how the warlike operations around Paris appeared to a civilian spectator, and to give a fair and impartial account of the inner life of Paris during its isolation from the rest of Europe. My bias—if I had any—was in favor of the Parisians, and I should have been heartily glad had they been successful in their resistance. There is, however, no getting over facts, and I could not long close my eyes to the most palpable fact—however I might wish it otherwise—that their leaders were men of little energy and small resource, and that they themselves seemed rather to depend for deliverance upon extraneous succor than upon their own exertions. The women and the children undoubtedly suffered great hardships, which they bore with praiseworthy resignation. The sailors, the soldiers of the line, and levies of peasants, which formed the Mobiles, fought with decent courage. But the male population of Paris, although they boasted greatly of their 'sublimity,' their 'endurance' and their 'valor,' hardly appeared to me to come up to their own estimation of themselves, while many of them seemed to consider that heroism was a necessary consequence of the annunciation of advanced political opinions."

It is published by Harper & Brothers, New York. Price sixty cents.

"CONSIDERABLE SMOKE, BUT LITTLE FIRE."—About a quarter past 11 o'clock, last night, smoke was seen issuing from the store of Messrs. Monteith & Fielding, on Assembly street, nearly opposite the market; the alarm was immediately given; the firemen responded promptly, an entrance was effected and several well-directed streams of water were soon playing upon the burning material. The fire originated in the ceiling of the building and was evidently the work of an incendiary, as, about the time the flames were extinguished, fire was discovered in rear of Mr. Levin's auction room, two doors to the North; this was overcome with but little difficulty. The building wherein the last fire occurred, was the only one on that entire block which escaped destruction in the terrible fire of 1866.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.—The Northern mail opens at 8.30 P. M.; closes 12.15 P. M. Charleston day mail opens 4.30 P. M.; closes 11.30 A. M. Charleston night mail opens 8.30 A. M.; closes 6.00 P. M. Greenville mail opens 7.30 P. M.; closes 8.30 P. M. Western mail opens 1.30 P. M.; closes 1.30 P. M. On Sunday office open from 3 to 4 P. M.

HOTEL ARRIVALS, April 18.—Nicker-son House—John E. Canfield, W. West Point; W. H. Allen, Detroit; Mrs. Kin-kaid, Sumter; H. T. Martin, Baltimore; D. McQueen, S. C.; H. A. Whiting, W. C. and A. R. R.; M. Nicely, G. and C. R. R.; A. Miller, Greenville; R. C. Hawkins and wife, T. B. Musgrave, N. Y.; Mrs. Archer and child, Anderson; J. B. McConnell, Cincinnati; H. M. Tiffany, Md.; F. D. Bush, Silver Street.

LIST OF NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Acts of the Legislature. R. O'Neale & Son—For Sale. Porter & Steele—Another Novelty. E. H. Heinitch—Tomato Plants. C. W. Wiecking—Lager Beer.

If you don't want to disgust everybody with your offensive breath, cure your Catarrh. \$500 reward is offered by the proprietor of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a case he cannot cure. It is sold by druggists. Can get it for sixty cents by mail from Dr. E. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Pamphlet free. A 95143

Now's the time when bedbugs, mice and roaches are popping out of their holes and orifices. Take a pop at them with Isaacson's "Sunz Pop" and pop them off forever. Sold by all druggists. F 177

Lippman's Bitters are for sale by all druggists and dealers. Depot in Columbia, S. C., at Green & McGowan's, Druggists. S 18

Another Novelty

AT

PORTER & STEELE'S.

WE show to-day, together with the choice line of DRY GOODS mentioned in our last advertisement, the

PATENT UPRIGHT BUREAU TRUNK,

The only Trunks of this kind in the city. Come and see them before they are sold.

No CHANGE FOR SHOWING.

April 14 PORTER & STEELE.

Heise's Ice Cream Saloon

IS open for the season. Give us a call. April 12

JUST RECEIVED,

A SMALL invoice of those genuine Albert BISCUITS, manufactured by McKenzie & McKenzie, Edinburgh, Scotland. ALSO, English Biscuits, Fancy Nuts, Brilliant Gems, Cornhill, &c. JOHN MCKENZIE. April 7

"The Great Tropic Tomato."

FOR the largest GEON TOMATO, from seed raised by George E. Waring. Plants of this remarkable Tomato raised from seed of the fruit weighing not less than ten pounds now ready and for sale. Also, Plants of the Tilden, Large Red and Grant Tomato, at 25 cents a dozen. Call early and leave your orders at HEINITSE'S Drug Store. April 7

Fickling & McCaw,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND SOLICITORS IN EQUITY, will practice in the Courts of Richland, Kershaw, Lexington and Edgefield; in the Supreme Court of the State of South Carolina; and in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the District of South Carolina. FRANCIS W. FICKLING, WILLIAM H. McCAW. April 9 413

Ice Cold Soda Water.

OUR FOUNTAIN is now in order, and will be supplied with pure soft syrups. By the single glass, ten cents; twelve tickets for \$1.00. BROOKBANKS & CO. April 13

E. H. GREENE M. D.

In charge of the Branch of Dr. Kline's Philadelphia Bellevue Hospital and Cancer Infirmary, at Charlotte, N. C. WILL BE at the Railroad House, Florence, S. C., April 20th; Columbia Hotel, Columbia, S. C., April 22d; Mansion House, Greenville, S. C., May 3d; Palmto House, Spartanburg, S. C., May 4th; National Hotel, Union Court House, S. C., May 5th; for the accommodation of those who may wish to consult him without leaving Charlotte, with reference to CANCER and numerous difficulties, and all chronic, long-standing and obscure Diseases of every kind. April 13