CITY AFFAIRS.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Items of Interest from the Churches in the City and Country.

The pulpit at the Orphan House will be supplied at 3.30 to-morrow afternoon, by the Rev. John T. Wightman, D. D.

At the Trinity M. E. Church, Hasel street, the services to-morrow will be conducted as follows: 10.30 A. M., sermon by the Rev. Whitefoord Smith, D. D.; 7 P. M., sermon by the Rev. W. H. Adams; 3 P. M., Sunday School.

At the Citadel-Square Baptist Church there will be preaching by the pastor, Rev. J. A. Chambliss, at 10.30 A. M. and 7.15 P. M. Strangers visiting the city are cordially invited to attend, and a committee will be found at the door to provide seats.

The Rev. C. C. Pinckney having returned to the city after a four months' visit to Europe, will resume his ministrations to-morrow at Grace Church. Sermon at 10.30 A. M., and evening prayer at 4 P. M.

The hour for evening prayer at St. Michael's has been changed to 4 P. M.

The Rev. Mr. Babbitt, of Columbia, is to officiate to-morrow morning and afternoon at the Church of the Holy Communion.

The semi-annual celebration of Bethel Methodist Church Sunday-school will be held in the church to-morrow evening at 7 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Professor F. W. Capers and several scholars. The public are invited to attend.

An adjourned meeting of the congregation of St. Philip's Church will be held at five o'clock on Monday afternoon in the church.

The Bible has been translated into the Esquimaux language.

The Episcopal Recorder (low church) and the Church Weekly (high church) have both ceased publication.

The whole number added on examination to the Presbyterian Church last year was 28,758, being an average of six to each congregation.

The Methodist Episcopal Church organization of this country need about eight hundred new preachers every year to keep the itinerant ranks filled.

The Rev. John Steindle, formerly a priest in the Roman Catholic Church, has applied to be admitted as a member of the clergy of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Missouri.

At a late meeting at Rockville, Maryland, of the Western District Baptist Association of Maryland, Dr. Wilson, of Baltimore, showed that there were fewer Baptists in Maryland than in any other State or in any territory of the Union.

The Presbyterian says: "Revivals and camp-meetings are held in great horror by some of our high church friends. The necessities of the case in some parts of the Western States are causing a modification of taste, if we may judge from a case in Iowa. In Dallas County a Protestant Episcopal parish that has no church building, lately chartered a train and went out to a beautiful country grove, where they had several days of worship, and where Sunday was the great day of their feast. A bishop attended and actually preached under the trees. This was not, of course, a camp-meeting, but that is just what Methodists call it."

LOCAL LACONICS.

—Benjamin Hernandez has been appointed a trial justice by Governor Scott.

—A horse belonging to a drayman named Burke died yesterday of the horse disease.

—The members of the bar are requested to meet in the Equity Court room on Monday, the 11th instant, at ten A. M.

—In view of the general prevalence of the equine epidemic and the serious interference with local travel which is likely to result therefrom, Mr. F. Von Santen, the well known bazaar man, has imported a large number of wooden horses which are warranted not to take the disease. The travelling public will do well to bear this fact in mind.

—The infant found in Horlbeck's alley, on Wednesday evening last, died yesterday. The nurse in whose hands the child was placed expressed the opinion that its death was caused by laudanum, administered before it was found by the policeman. The coroner was notified, and a jury of inquest was impanelled, which will assemble at the coroner's office this morning to consider the case.

—A small store on East Bay, near Wentworth street, kept by F. Brayton, was entered on Thursday night by burglars, who stole three bolts of cloth and about seventy-five cents in money therefrom. In a rear compartment of the drawer from which the money was taken was a large roll of greenbacks, about sixty dollars, which the burglars overlooked. Entrance was effected through a front window, which the burglars opened by removing an iron bar that secured it.

THE COURTS.

Municipal Court.

Joshua Powers and Philip Smith, colored, disorderly and stealing coal from Central wharf, ten days each. Emma Hamilton, colored, disorderly, two dollars or twenty days. Thomas Bushfield, driving his omnibus over a lantern on the plank-road in Washington street, five dollars and costs of repairs. A cow at large, one dollar.

The Court of General Sessions.

Simon Gail and Robert W. Brown, who were arraigned for murder, pleaded not guilty, and their trials were fixed for Friday next. The court then adjourned till Monday, when the trial of Francisco Victor Valdez will take place.

United States Commissioner.

Two colored men were before Commissioner Porteous yesterday charged with violation of election laws during the late State election. The charge was disproved and the men were released. They immediately had the man who made the affidavit against them arrested for perjury, and he was committed to jail for examination on the 20th instant.

Supreme Court, November 6, 1872.

Stewart, administrator, vs. Pearson, et ux., et al; Stewart, respondent, vs. Blease; Mayer & Brother vs. Long, et al. It is ordered by the court that unless briefs in the said cases, with the points and authorities, be not filed with the clerk within ten days from receipt by the counsel for the appellants of a copy of this order, (to be forthwith transmitted to such counsel by the clerk,) that such of them, in which this order be not complied with, be struck from the docket.

William R. Jones vs. Henry P. Hammett, et al. It is ordered by the court that a re-argument be heard in the case stated.

ANOTHER GIN-HOUSE BURNED.—The gin-house of Mr. H. McKee, on Braes's Island, near Pocotaligo, was destroyed by fire on the 4th instant, together with about three thousand dollars' worth of seed and ginned cotton, which was stored therein. The fire originated in the upper story, and is supposed to have been caused by a pipe smoked by one of the hands employed about the house. Mr. McKee, in endeavoring to extinguish the flames, got his hands severely burned. Fortunately a portion of Mr. McKee's crop was stored in another building.

THE IRREPRESSIBLE MACKEY.

A Yorkville Edition of his Chester Charge—The Mantle of Jeffreys Falling on Mackey.

It appears from the Yorkville Enquirer, of the 7th instant, that his Honor Thomas Jefferson Mackey, the irrepressible judge of the Sixth Circuit, whose insatiate itching for notoriety is well known to the readers of THE NEWS, has broken out in a new place. It will be remembered that upon the recent dissolution of his court at Chester he delivered himself of a sort of post-mortem charge to the grand jury in which, with a ghoulish fervor that would have done credit to Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe or Victoria Woodhull, he raked up the dead and buried corpse of Ku-Kluxism, and rattled the dry bones of that played-out skeleton with blood-curdling eloquence. On that occasion he seemed to be following the famous last words of Lord Marmion—"Charge Chester, charge;" and now he appears to be paraphrasing the last sentence of that famous exordium into "On, Mackey, on." He has moved on to Yorkville, and at the opening of his court there, on Monday last, he unburdened himself of another charge on the same subject; and to judge from the quantity of bile and venom which it contains, it must have relieved his internal organization immensely to have got it off his stomach.

This charge, as reported in the Enquirer, is a remarkable document. It is, of course, immensely funny, but, looked at in another aspect, it is also malicious and mischievous. It is likewise ghastly, and in some of its expressions it rises to the dignity of being fiendish. It is not necessary to remind the reader that his Honor Judge Mackey can, upon occasion, display all these traits with the utmost ease, and it really seems that they all come natural to him. He is a versatile actor, and can be in turn a wit, an incendiary, a ghoul or a fiend, or, like Clark in the Corsican Brothers, he can take any two of these characters together, and, as Mrs. Malaprop said of the Dromios, be "two gentlemen at once."

The document is too long to be printed entire, and, besides, some people might read it who don't know his Honor Judge Mackey, and they might think there was some truth in the horrible picture which he draws of affairs in York County. The effect would be similar to that once produced by a scene in the pantomime of Humpty Dumpty. When Geo. Fox first put this piece upon the stage of the Olympic Theatre in New York, he had one trick scene in which his brother, the Pantaloon, was apparently buried into the air by a steamboat explosion and distributed in fragments all over the stage. It was a good scene, and the two Foxes, standing at the wings, used to enjoy it immensely; but it was so realistic that the children and nursemaids were always affected to tears, and it had to be left out.

In these two charges Judge Mackey has painted, in graphic "distemper" colors, a number of scenes of Ku-Klux violence which, if they ever existed at all, outside of the imagination of the Tribune correspondents, have long since ceased to exist, and he takes good care not to mention the date of their alleged occurrence, but speaks of them vaguely as happening "in the recent past." This is as if one should argue from the Webster-Parkman murder in 1849 that an epidemic of crime is now raging in Harvard College. He glows over the vindication made by the United States Government, in purer days of the Republic, of the sacredness of the person of an American citizen in foreign countries, but conveniently forgets the shooting down of American citizens by Spanish soldiers in the streets of Havana, under the benign administration of Messrs. Grant and Fish. And worst of all, because this transcends the limits of dramatic eloquence, (which we all know Judge Mackey must have or burst,) and becomes a judicial mandate, he charges the grand jury that they must "therefore make a most rigid inquisition into the organized system of crime in question, and present for indictment and speedy trial all persons who may be shown, by the testimony before you, to have been concerned therein, *whether such persons stand indicted in the United States Court for violating the enforcement act of Congress or not.*

After issuing this command, the judge is kind enough to leave the subject of Ku-Kluxism, and he is merciful enough to omit to order that the unfortunates who are now, under sentence of Judge Bond, dragging out weary years of imprisonment at Albany for alleged acts of Ku-Kluxism, shall be rearrested on their release and tried over again before his august tribunal.

He next turns his attention to the recent letter of the Hon. B. F. Perry, which has already been published in THE NEWS. That letter was written since the judge's Chester charge, or he would doubtless have had it out with the distinguished author then and there. At Yorkville, however, the judge lowered his casque, couched his lance and began his tilt at the letter as follows:

The court desires further, gentlemen of the grand jury, to bring to your attention another matter not entirely irrelevant to the one just considered. The newspapers are giving currency to a letter purporting to have been written and signed by a resident of this State, of high authority upon legal questions, which letter is not only a seditious libel upon its face, but is calculated to seduce many well-meaning citizens into a grave infraction of the laws.

The writer of the letter complains therein of two classes of persons, in connection with the recent Congressional election in this district; the one whom he terms the "white voters," and the other "negro voters." He charges that the first class generally refrained from voting, and that the second class universally voted, but voted against the writer. The letter is not entirely explicit as to whether it is designed to subject the first class named to any "pains and penalties" for so refraining from voting; but its purpose in regard to the second class is unmistakably set forth in the following paragraph:

"I know that the negroes are banded together, as a race, under the lead of vile carpet-baggers and infamous scalawags, who would as quickly sell their God for thirty pieces of silver as they have betrayed their race and country for office, promotion and the hope of stealing, swindling and plundering! But, notwithstanding this antagonism to the white people, I know that an influence might be brought to bear on them which they could not resist, if the property-holders of the State were so disposed. Let every land-holder refuse to rent or employ any laborer, unless he will agree, with proper stipulations, to vote with his landlord or employer. This may be done without incurring any of the penalties of the act of Congress against intimidating voters."

The court would state that if the exaction of such a stipulation from laborers and tenants does not violate any existing act of Congress, it is "devoutly to be wished" that there will soon be an act of Congress that would be thereby violated. Any attempt, however, to enforce such a stipulation would be an infraction of the election laws of this State, as a manifest "intimidation of voters," and if the voter consented and fulfilled the "stipulation," it would render him liable to the penalties of the law. A voter cannot legally make his ballot the subject of such a stipulation. He holds it as a high and sacred trust for the country of which he is a citizen, and the law prohibits him from using it for pecuniary gain, or making profit for himself in casting it. The writer further says:

"In this way, and in this way only, can we rout the carpet-bagger and scalawag, and get control of the colored people. Cuffee has no gratitude in general, as I have well tested, though there are exceptions, and he can only be influenced by his wants and necessities. I, therefore, urge upon the white people, all over the State, to determine unanimously and at once, to have nothing to do with the Radicals, white or black, in renting their lands or employing their laborers, without they will agree, in writing, under a penalty, to vote with them in all future elections."

To "determine unanimously" upon such a matter implies consultation, and a confederacy to attain the end proposed. Such determination, so reached, will subject the parties engaged therein to indictment for conspiracy. It will be the duty of this court, with your aid, gentlemen of the grand jury, to check, by prompt and decisive action, in obedience to the laws, every such proposed system of debauchery, aimed at the free electors of the State.

THE COUNTY CANVASS.

The Board of County Canvassers again assembled at the Fire-proof Building yesterday, and completed the canvass of the returns with the result given below. There still remain two precincts in St. James Santee from which no returns have been received, but it is supposed that no elections were held in those precincts. In the case of one of them, Dutart Creek, the managers failed to send for the ballot box, and in the case of the other, Pinckney Gaul, it is not known whether the ballot box, which was sent out by the commissioners on the morning of the election, reached its destination in time to allow of the election being held. The following is a

Summary of the Vote.

PARISHES AND PRECINCTS.	VOTERS. White....	VOTERS. Colored....	TOTAL VOTE. Greeley....	TOTAL VOTE. Grant....	MAJORITIES. Scattering	MAJORITIES. Grant....
Charleston City.	3443	4733	3233	4836	19	1633
Country Parishes.	285	5059	268	5064	4	4796
Total	3728	9793	3501	9930	23	6429

THE AMUSEMENT SEASON.

The Charleston Dramatic Club.

A crowded and fashionable audience was attracted to Hibernian Hall last evening, notwithstanding the light rain that fell during most of the night, by the announcement of the first public anniversary performance of the Charleston Dramatic Club, a favorite amateur association, which has given a number of very pleasant but less ambitious entertainments during the past few years at a private residence. The play selected for this first public appearance was Shield's melodrama of Evadne, or the Statue, and the cast was as follows:

King of Naples.....Mr. J. W. Witsell
Ludovico (his Favorite).....Mr. Florian McCants
Colonna.....Mr. B. L. Mathews
Vicentio.....Mr. M. C. Smith
Spalatro.....Mr. James B. Evans
Evadne.....Miss ——
Olivia.....Miss ——

Guards, Conspirators, Pages, &c.

On the whole, the performance was highly creditable to the young gentlemen engaged, and proved the society to be well worthy of the encouragement and kind wishes of the community. The mounting of the play was good, the costumes admirable and in good keeping with the date and country represented, and the performers all evinced thorough study of their lines and a careful attention to the "business" of the stage. It would be an ungenerous as well as an unnecessary act to dwell upon the few short-comings that were displayed and that were to be expected at an initial amateur performance, and really there were no faults to notice that will not be rapidly remedied by practice and the evident care which these young gentlemen display in their histrionic studies. It was evident last night that their voices were not trained to fill the large hall in which the performance was given, and the performers had apparently not learned to husband the voice until the climax of each scene was reached. The characters of Evadne and Olivia might have been more true to nature, and the costume, gait, &c., might have been improved upon, but these characters were really difficult, and it was evident that the performers were unaccustomed at least to the dress. Altogether the entertainment was completely successful; the auditors were well paid for their attendance and appeared much pleased and gratified. The critic has no right to be otherwise than lenient, and it is to be hoped that the Charleston Dramatic Club will oblige the public with many similar and equally agreeable performances.

The Irish Volunteer Rifle Club Ball.

The first ball of this gallant and popular organization will be held at the Hibernian Hall, as already announced, on Monday night, at half-past eight o'clock. The indefatigable committee have been hard at work, and the ball promises to be one of the largest and handsomest of the season. At the extra meeting of the club, held last night, the members were informed that their lady friends intended to present them on Monday night with an elaborate stand of colors. The presentation will take place during the ball, and will be made by a distinguished citizen of Charleston. This will undoubtedly add to the interest and pleasure of the occasion. Members of the different rifle clubs are requested to wear their uniforms.

Rose and Harry Watkins Coming.

Our readers will observe with pleasure the announcement in another column that Harry Watkins, with his talented wife and a fine company, are to begin a season of three nights at the Academy of Music next Monday evening with the sterling play of Rip Van Winkle, a dramatization of Washington Irving's curious story of New York in the days of the old Knickerbockers. On Tuesday or Wednesday night a new play will be produced with elaborate costumes and properties, which are expected to arrive by the New York steamer to-day. Mr. and Mrs. Watkins are well and favorable known to the theatre-goers of Charleston, and we bespeak for them a hearty reception on the occasion of their reappearance. The box office will be opened by Treasurer Levin at the Academy this morning.

John Robinson's Show.

This famous combination of museum, aquarium, menagerie and circus will exhibit in Charleston on Friday and Saturday next, giving two performances each day. For forty years John Robinson has been king of the arena, and his success is due to the care with which vulgarisms are excluded from his programme as well as to the intrinsic merits of the exhibition. The little folk look upon his coming as the great event of the year.

Anderson, the Illusionist,

is announced to perform at Hiberbian Hall, for three nights only, commencing next Tuesday, the 12th instant. There has hardly been seen in Charleston since the former visit of the Professor, anything in the way of necromantic art that can compare with his illusions. The price of admission to his entertainments is but fifty cents, and that of reserved seats seventy-five. And in addition to the entertainment, one hundred useful and handsome presents are distributed among the audience each evening.

CHOICE FRUITS.—A new and attractive feature of King street is the neat and well-arranged fruit store lately opened by Mr. Felix Fisher, at No. 153, between Queen and Clifford streets. Mr. Fisher makes a specialty of keeping always in stock the richest and most luscious varieties of fruits of all kinds, as well as the choicest cigars and confectionery. Those who want the very best fruit to be had in this market, at reasonable prices, should give this establishment a call.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.

Two New Residences on Logan Street—Others Elsewhere Repaired and Painted.

THE NEWS, as a faithful chronicler of current events, is always on the watch for items of interest to the community, but it takes especial pleasure in noticing each progressive step in the march of improvement which our good old "City by the Sea" has lately taken up. It has already told how her waste places are building up with striking rapidity, and herewith gives another addition to the long string of improvements previously published.

On the west side of Logan street, one door south of Broad, Mr. R. D. White, of White's Marble Works, has commenced the erection of a handsome wooden residence two stories high, with brick foundations. The foundations are already finished. The house will be fifty-six feet deep by sixteen front, with double piazzas on the south side, and a pitched roof covered with tin. The house will have eight square rooms, with pantries, dressing rooms, and a kitchen adjoining to the rear. The usual outbuildings will also be erected upon the lot. The work is progressing under the personal supervision of Mr. White, and will be completed about the 15th of December.

Next north of the above, upon the lot at the corner of Broad street, Mr. L. D. Turner will commence the erection next week of a much larger and finer residence, also to be built for Mr. White, which will be fully described in THE NEWS when the work is begun.

Three small residences upon the north side of Reid street, near King, and adjoining each other, have recently been repaired and repainted, and thereby converted into an ornament to the street.

The large wooden dwelling on the east side of Elizabeth street, next north of St. Luke's Church, has been greatly improved recently in outward appearance by a coat of fresh paint.

The work on the new Masonic Temple is progressing rapidly under the supervision of Mr. T. L. Webb, the energetic foreman of the Devereux Brothers. The scaffolding of the Grand Lodge room was taken down yesterday. The room is a very large one, in form nearly a square, with an arched ceiling. The centre of the ceiling forms a square, painted in a French gray color. The impost moulding, separating the centre from the cone, is painted white. The cone is painted in an ashes of roses color. The walls are the color of grained freestone, and the trimmings represent black walnut. The scaffolding in the Blue Lodge room was also taken down last night. The ceiling of this room forms a dome; it and the walls and trimmings are colored similarly to the Grand Lodge room. The Messrs. Devereux will open the temple for the inspection of the ladies about the 1st of December previous to turning it over to the Masons.

THERMOMETRICAL.

The range of the thermometer yesterday, at the drug store of Dr. Joseph Blackman, on the south side of Broad street, was as follows: 8 A. M., 61; 10 A. M., 66; 12 M., 67; 2 P. M., 67; 4 P. M., 66; 6 P. M., 65; 8 P. M., 64.

HOTEL ARRIVALS—NOVEMBER 8.

Pavilion.

J. W. Weeks, New York; W. J. Spiers, South Carolina; Z. Williams, Wilmington, N. C.; J. R. Taylor, South Carolina; D. Odom, Bonneau's; R. B. Gary, Georgia; P. B. Morgan, Kingstree; A. C. Izard, W. Q. Heyward, South Carolina.

Charleston.

W. W. Briggs, D. Stuart, Jr., Liverpool; J. Hallmans, Philadelphia; E. J. Godine, New York; S. S. Lee, Boston; A. Kutzer, New York; B. T. Cowart, Wilmington, North Carolina; J. Clark and wife, Jacksonville; Mrs. M. B. Gelchen, New York; J. McRae, Wilmington; H. Terry, Columbia; G. W. Palmer, C. K. Cordiero, J. P. Cordiero, New York; W. J. Copes, W. Rose, Savannah; H. R. Elliott, Washington; W. J. Cooper, G. S. Cooper, J. McCutchen, Williamsburg; C. T. Filthhebelt, wife and three children, South Carolina; J. A. Bremer, Miss J. T. Biser, Augusta; C. G. Alden and wife, Maine; E. J. Brown, New York; E. W. Denny Jacksonville: J. M. Kinney, C. Hunter, J. F. Veans, F. B. Laurence, P. Barder, J. G. Little, New York; R. Douglass, Augusta; G. W. Strange and wife, C. O. Strange, Canada; H. Durwell, United States Army; F. L. Childs, steamship Champion.

A QUADRUPEDAL "BIPED."—Mr. Lewis Kenake has at his restaurant, in King street, a half-grown rooster of the common breed, which presents a remarkable freak of nature. It is well formed, and has perfect limbs. But it has a third leg, which has grown out of the backbone from a point just between the hips. This leg hangs down the left side of the back perfectly limp, but projects to the rear instead of touching the ground. It is about six inches long, the same length as the others, and branches off two and a half inches from its lower end into two shanks, each terminating in a foot. These extra feet are perfectly formed, but the toes are contracted from lack of use. The leg above the branch is crooked in one or two places. The fowl is owned by Mr. Moeller, a merchant at Orangeburg. It appears to be quite healthy and active.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

"CAN YOU tell me where Plenge's Hat Store is to be found?" "At No. 201 King street, sir."

MR. SOUDER invites attention to his Stock of Photograph Frames just received, embracing upwards of thirty different styles, many of them of entirely new design and beauty of finish, which he offers to cash buyers at a small advance on cost. SOUDER'S Gallery, No. 263 King street. oct31-1mo

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co. offer this week great bargains in Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil Cloths, &c.; also special bargains in Cloths of all description.

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co. offer a very fine Kid Glove at $1; Gloves, two buttons, $1 35. Will open on Tuesday the celebrated Cheiley's Kid Gloves, sold under guarantee, for which we are the sole agents.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.—The best assortment in town can be found at Furchgott, Benedict & Co.

PLAYING CARDS, wholesale and retail, very cheap, at Von Santen's, No. 229 King street. junl-s

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL stock of Rich Fancy Goods, Toys, Games, Fireworks, French Confectionery, Rubber Goods, &c., &c., is now opening, (nearly every steamer brings in a fresh supply of the latest novelties until the holidays are over,) at Von Santen's Bazaar, No. 229 King street, next to Academy of Music. nov2-smw24

VERY CHEAP.—A Handsome Box, containing One Quire Initial Note Paper, Twenty-four Initial Envelopes, a Penholder and Pen, for only twenty-five cents, at Von Santen's Bazaar, No. 229 King street, next Academy of Music. july6-s

BEAUTIFUL PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES, at 10 cents each, at Von Santen's, No. 229 King street. junl-s

PERNICIOUS PURGATIVES.—The brilliant idea of half a century ago that the weak and ailing could be bled, blistered and salivated into a condition of health and vigor is happily exploded; but violent and prolonged purgation is still, to some extent, in vogue. We have impostors who are daring enough to offer to the world as tonics and restoratives the most destructive cathartics, unmodified by a single stimulating, soothing or restorative element. Compare the operation of one of these terrible nostrums with that of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, in which are combined the three great curative elements—a tonic, an alterative, and an aperient. The former completely paralyzes the vital forces, so that nature can make no resistance to disease; the latter sustains the strength of the patient, while it restores the suspended functions of the secretory organs and relieves the bowels without violence or pain. It is simply a choice between restoration and prostration. nov5-tuths3d&w

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

Exports.

BALTIMORE—Per brig Wm H Parks—122,000 feet lumber.

The Charleston Cotton, Rice and Naval Stores Markets.

OFFICE CHARLESTON NEWS, FRIDAY EVENING, November 8, 1872.

COTTON.—This market commenced with a stronger feeling, particularly in middling grades, with a steady and good demand during much of the day, but had a more quiet aspect at the close; sales about 2000 bales, say 4 at 16, 185 at 17, 235 at 17¼, 3 at 17⅜, 264 at 17¼, 132 at 17 9-16, 75 at 17⅜, 20 at 17 11-16, 72 at 17¾, 71 at 17⅞, 230 at 18, 1 at 18⅛, 400 at 18¼, 300 on private terms. We quote:

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION:

Ordinary to good ordinary.....16½@17¼
Low middling.....17⅜@—
Middling.....17⅞@18
Strict middling.....18⅛@—

RICE.—There was a fair inquiry for this grain at steady prices. Sales of 140 tierces of clean Carolina, say 60 tierces at 6 11-16d, 38 at 7½, 40 on private terms. We quote common to fair at 6@6¾, good 6⅞@7⅛.

NAVAL STORES.—There was received 54 bbls spirits turpentine and 564 bbls rosin; sales 50 bbls spirits turpentine at 55½@56½c ⅌ gallon. Rosins quiet. No sales.

FREIGHTS.—To Liverpool, by steam, direct, 11-16d on uplands, nominal on sea islands; via New York, ¼d on uplands, —— on sea islands; by sail, ¼d on uplands, and ¼d on sea islands. To Havre, 1¼c on uplands. Coastwise—to New York, by steam, ⅜c on uplands and —— on sea islands; $2 ⅌ tierce on rice; 60c ⅌ bbl on rosin; by sail, ——c ⅌ lb on cotton; ——c ⅌ tierce on rice; 50c ⅌ bbl on rosin; $11@12 ⅌ M on lumber; $12@12 50 ⅌ M on timber. To Boston, by steam ⅜c on uplands and $2 50 ⅌ tierce on rice; by sail, ——c ⅌ lb on uplands; rosin 70c; reasewed stuff $12@12 50; timber $13@13 50; phosphate $5@5 50. To Providence, by sail $10@11 ⅌ M on boards; ——c ⅌ lb on cotton; by steam ⅜c via New York. To Philadelphia, by steam ⅜c on uplands; $1 75 ⅌ tierce on rice; 60c ⅌ bbl on rosin; $1 on spirits. Through bills of lading given to Boston, Providence and the New England cities are regularly issued on this route, and dispatch guaranteed. By sail, $8 ⅌ M on boards; $12 on timber; —— ⅌ ton on clay; $3 50 on phosphates. To Baltimore, by steam ——c ⅌ lb; by sail $8@8 50 ⅌ M on boards; —— on timber; $3 50 ⅌ ton at city; $4@4 50 ⅌ ton up river on phosphate rock. Vessels are in demand by our merchants to take lumber freights from Georgetown, S. C., Darien and Satilla River, Ga., and Jacksonville, Fla., to Northern ports, and $10@12 ⅌ M are the rates on timber and boards.

EXCHANGE.—Sterling 60 day bills 20¾@21.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE.—The banks purchase sight checks on New York at ¼@½ per cent. off, and sell at par.

GOLD—12½@13¼.

Markets by Telegraph.

MONEY MARKETS.

LONDON, November 8.
Noon.—Consols 92⅞. Fives 89½.
PARIS, November 8.
Noon.—Specie increased a million francs. Rentes 52f 10c.
FRANKFORT, November 8.
Evening.—Bonds 96¾.
NEW YORK, November 8.
Noon.—Freights quiet. Stocks very weak. Gold heavy at 12⅜. Money quiet at 6. Exchange—long 8¼; short 9⅞. Governments strong. State bonds quiet.
Evening.—Money 6 on call; prime discounts 8¼@8¾. Gold 12⅞@13. 81s 16½; 62s 12¼; 64s 12¼; 65s 12¼; new 14¾. State bonds dull but steady, generally nominal. Tennessee 6s 74; new 74. Virginia 6s 46; new 52. Consols 55¾; deferred 15¾. Missouri 6s 93; St. Joseph 91. Alabama 6s 54; new 48. Levee 6s 50; do 8s 60. Alabama 8s 83; do 5s 58. Georgia 6s 70; 7s 85. North Carolinas 35; new 20½. Special tax 14¼. South Carolinas 50; new 26¼; April and October 26.

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, November 8.
Noon.—Cotton opened quiet; uplands 9⅞d, Orleans 10¼d; sales 10,000; week 62,000; exports 9000; speculation 5000; stock, actual count, 488,000; American 62,000; stock as estimated 456,000; American 35,000; receipts 51,000; American 21,000; actual exports 11,000; afloat 192,000; American 63,000 bales.
Later.—Cotton dull; uplands 9¾@9⅞. Orleans 10¼d; sales 10,000; speculation and export 2000 bales.
Evening.—Cotton closed unchanged. Yarns and fabrics dull, with a downward tendency.
NEW YORK, November 8.
Noon.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 19¼c, Orleans 19¾c; sales 250 bales.
Evening.—Cotton, net receipts 886 bales; gross 2792. Sales of cotton futures 20,650 bales, as follows: November 18¾, 18 9-16; December 18⅞, 18½; January 18½, 18⅝; February 18¾, 18⅞; March 18 15-16, 19 1-16; April 19¼, 19¼, 19⅜.
BOSTON, November 8.
Cotton quiet; middlings 19¾c; net receipts 219 bales; gross, 1718; sales 400; stock 2500; weekly net receipts, 1191; gross, 8809; exports to Great Britain, 68; sales 1050.
PHILADELPHIA, November 8.
Cotton quiet; middlings 19¼c.; weekly net receipts, 324 bales; gross, 2148.
PROVIDENCE, November 8.
Weekly net receipts 683 bales; stock 3500.
BALTIMORE, November 8.
Cotton firm; middlings 18¾c; receipts 219, 430 bales; exports to Great Britain, 100; exports coastwise, 100; sales 735; stock 2173; weekly net receipts, 232; gross, 3158; exports to Great Britain, 100; Continent, 398; coastwise, 1003; sales 1456; spinners 818.
CITY POINT, November 8.
Weekly net receipts 1984.
NORFOLK, November 8.
Cotton steady; low middlings 17¾@17⅞; net receipts 1900 bales; exports coastwise 1085; sales 300; stock 13,380; weekly net receipts 17,190; exports coastwise 12,076; sales 1300.
WILMINGTON, November 8.
Cotton quiet; middlings 18¼c; net receipts 317 bales; exports coastwise 567; sales 41; stock 1767; weekly net receipts 1101; exports coastwise 2362; sales 198.
SAVANNAH, November 8.
Cotton in fair demand; good ordinary 17½@17¾; low middlings 17¾; middlings 18@18¼; net receipts 5018 bales; exports to the continent 787; coastwise 2142; sales 2477; stock 69,886; weekly net receipts 30,813; exports to Great Britain 5012; continent 1737; coastwise 3652; sales 11,672.
AUGUSTA, November 8.
Cotton in fair demand; middlings 17⅝c; net receipts 1428 bales; sales 1024; stock 1871 13,835; 1872 3228; weekly net receipts 9174; sales 7666.
MACON, November 8.
Cotton quiet; middlings 17¼c; receipts 3986 bales; shipments 2858; stock 7265.
COLUMBUS, November 8.
Cotton dull; low middlings 17½c; receipts 2302 bales; shipments 309; spinners 67; stock 4885.
MONTGOMERY, November 8.
Cotton nominal; low middlings 17¼; weekly receipts 2516 bales; shipments 2019; stock 8285.
SELMA, November 8.
Cotton—receipts 2209 bales; shipments 1772; stock 5634.
MOBILE, November 8.
Cotton quiet; good ordinary 17⅞c, middlings 18¾c; net receipts 1763 bales; gross 1817; exports coastwise 638; sales 500; stock 24,604; weekly net receipts 14,360; gross 14,414; exports coastwise 6106; sales 8000.
MEMPHIS, November 8.
Cotton dull; middling 18¼@18½c; receipts 1884 bales; shipments 1029; stock 26,181; weekly net receipts 18,269; shipments 12,481; sales 1000.
NASHVILLE, November 8.
Cotton quiet; middlings 17c; receipts 2277; shipments 1666; stock 2861.
NEW ORLEANS, November 8.
Cotton quiet; good ordinary 17¼c; low middlings 17¾c; middlings 18⅜c; net receipts 4970 bales; gross 5591; sales to-day 500; last evening sales; gross 5591; sales to-day 500; last evening 7500; stock 114,831; weekly net receipts 34,267; gross 39,557; exports to Great Britain 13,486; to Continent 12,924; coastwise 1930; sales 26,000.
GALVESTON, November 8.
Estimate net receipts 1600 bales; stock 44,138.

PROVISIONS AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

LONDON, November 8.
Prime rosin 15s17s; common 1is 9d.
NEW YORK, November 8.
Noon.—Flour dull and declining. Wheat quiet and heavy. Corn dull. Pork firm at $15 95a16. Lard steady; steam 8⅝a8¾. Turpentine firm at 63½. Rosin firm at $4 40 for strained.
Evening.—Southern flour dull and in buyers' favor; $7 15a9 25 for common to fair extra, $9 50a$12 for good to choice do. Whiskey active and firm at 95c. Wheat 1a2c lower; moderate export, milling demand, closing with a little better feeling at $1 62a1 64 for winter red western. Corn heavy and a shade lower; 63½a64c for steamer western mixed. Pork firmer and active at $16a16 50; mess, $15. Prime mess beef quiet; $8 40a8 50 for plain mess, $8 50a10 for extra do. Lard firmer and active at 8¾a9c. Turpentine firm at 62½c. Rosin firm at $4 40.
BALTIMORE, November 8.
Flour quiet and firm. Wheat firm and unchanged. Corn inactive; old white 61a64c; new 55a63c; old yellow 58a62c; new 55a63c. Oats dull; Southern 41c. Pork scarce and higher at $16 50. Shoulders 7a7½c. Lard higher; tierce 8½c. Whiskey 95.
WILMINGTON, November 8.
Spirits turpentine firm at 57½c. Rosin firm at $3 75 for strained, $3 80 for No 2. Turpentine steady at $3 25 for hard, $5 25 for yellow dip and virgin. Tar steady at $3 30.
CINCINNATI, November 8.
Flour dull and unchanged at $7a7 25. Corn firm; old 42c, new 36a37c. Pork quiet; held at $14 for speculation, $13 asked by sellers for November. Lard firm; 7¾a7⅞c for kettle. Bulk meat steady; 4¾c for shoulders; 7¾c for clear rib sides; 8c for clear sides. All new bacon firm; 5¾c for shoulders; 10¼c for clear rib sides. Whiskey firm at 91c.
ST. LOUIS, November 8.
Flour dull and unchanged. Corn dull and unchanged at 33 for No 2 mixed. Whiskey firm at 90. Pork $16. Bacon easier at 6¼a6¾ for shoulders; 11 for clear rib sides; 11¼11½ for clear sides. Lard quiet at 7⅝ for steam.
LOUISVILLE, November 8.
Flour in good demand. Corn quiet at 45; mixed 47. Provisions quiet. Bulk meats from fifteen to twenty days in salt 5 for shoulders; 8 for clear rib sides; 8¼ for clear sides. Bacon nominal. Lard sold at 8¼a11. Whiskey 91.

New York Rice Market.

NEW YORK, November 7.

The Daily Bulletin says: Business has been light to-day in both foreign and domestic, but about former prices were yet current. The sales have been about 40 tierces Carolina at 7¾a8¼c, 50 bags Patna at 7¼a8c, and 125 bags Rangoon at 6¾a7¼c.

New York Naval Stores Market.

NEW YORK, November 7.

The Daily Bulletin says: Receipts to day 1524 bbls rosin. Spirits are quiet but steady with 63c bid. Strained rosin was a trifle more active, and prices are a shade firmer. Sales 1200 bbls at $4 40. In the better grades 500 bbls low pale and No 1 sold at $4 75a5. Tar and pitch are quiet and without new feature.

Sea Island Circular of Rogers & Calder

LIVERPOOL, October 25.

In this description business continues very dormant, only 130 bags have changed hands during the past week, at prices ranging from 10d to 48d per lb.

Of other long-staple growths there have been sold some Egyptian at 16½d, 10 Fiji at 33d, 20 Tahiti from 16d to 20d, and 150 Peruvian at 24d per pound.

The prolonged inactivity of the sea island market is at length producing a more distinct decline, especially in the higher grades, and quotations are reduced from 1d to 2d per lb. The week's import is 80 bags, and the stock 4629 against 3812 at the same time last year.

QUOTATIONS FOR SEA ISLAND.

	Ord. to Mid'g.	Fair.	Fair.	Good.	Good. Fine.
Island.....—d	20d	26d	31d	36d	44d
1871.....—d	22d	30d	38d	44d	50d
Florida.....16d	18d	24d	28d	28d	32d
1871.....13d	20d	25d	28d	30d	34d
La&Texas.—d	—d	24d	26d	29d	34d
1871.....—d	19d	26d	29d	33d	42d

Interior Cotton Markets.

COLUMBIA, November 6.
Sales to-day 72 bales; middling 17½c.
YORKVILLE, November 6.
A very fair business has been done in this market during the past week at prices ranging from 16 to 17½c. From these prices, however, the market has slightly declined, and we now quote extremes at 16a17c.
CHARLOTTE, November 4.
Cotton is quoted at 17½c.
BENNETTSVILLE