### TOPICS IN NEW YORK.

INTEREST IN THE CINCINNAIT CON-VENTION.

Why Greeley Stayed at Home-The Business of the Tribune only Slightly Affected by its Bolt-A New Roman Catholic Journal-Meeting of the Great Methodist Conference-Opera-Singers and their American Fortunes.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, May 1. Of course the Cincinnati Convention, and what is to come out of it, absorbs public interest almost to the exclusion of matters which, at another time, would be considered of prime importance. The abandonment by the administration of the American claim for indirect damages against England, and the veto of the new city charter by Governor Roffman, are both topics sensational enough. under other circumstances, to set the town agog. Until we know what the winning ticket is to be, nothing else will be talked about here but the doings at Cincinnati.

Mr. Greeley did not go to the convention. He fold an acquaintance of mine a week ago that as long as there should be a possibility of his receiving a nomination at Cincinnati he would stay at home; but if his name should be definitely dropped, he would start for the scene. It must chafe him to be away, so that he would not be harmed. fond is he of puttering at platform and candidate-making at conventions. Our venerable friend evidently expects the nomination for President, and will be rather disappointed if he does not get it. His interests are taken care of at Cincinnati by his personal and business friends, Sam Sinclair, the business manager, and Whitelaw Reid, the editorial manager of the Tribane. It is said Mr. Greeley is quite affected by the evidences of respect and good feeling for him which come up from the South. He takes occasion in to-day's paper to repeat editorially, with evident gusto, his Mississippi River steamboat observation, that he "hoped the time would come when Americans North as well as Americans South would feel just pride in the soldierly achievements and military character of Lee and Stonewall

The question is often being asked of newspaper men if the Tribune, Evening Post, Nation and other Republican journals, which support the Liberal Reform movement, are suffering to any extent in their business in consequence of their course. In respect to the first of these papers, I learn that the advertising patronage remains the same, but that several thousand subscribers have sent indignant letters asking that their copies may be stopped. This, however, is not a very serious matter with a paper which has a cir culation of thirty-five thousand daily and nearly two hundred thousand weekly. If the balance of the subscribers stick to the old Republican organ, and allow themselves to be influenced by it, the prestige of the Tribune will not be dimmed, and a very large vote will be secured for the candidate opposing Before I leave the subject of journalism, let

me mention for the information and pleasure of Southern Catholics, that a new journal in the interest of their faith has been established in this city by Mr. P. V. Hickey, late the scientific editor of the New York World. It is a handsome sixteen-paged sheet, containing all the church news, articles from the pens of the most eminent of the American divines and laymen, and regular weekly correspondence from Pome, Paris, Munich and other Catholic centres. Mr. Hickey's training in that severest school of journalism, a New York daily newspaper, and his own rare capabilities and enthusiam for the cause of his church, afford to the Catholic Review advantages enjoyed by few les in Ameri

Over in Brooklyn to-day the local excitement is the assembling of the great confer ence of the Methodist Episcopal Church of the North. The meetings will take place in a the atre, the spacious Academy of Music, and it is expected that the session will last six weeks if not two months. This conference is proba bly the most important in the American Meth odist Church that has ever assembled. Among the business to be done is the settlement o the question of lay representation, which has been agitated so many years; the trial on appeal of the Book Concern frauds in New York and the election of a large number of new bishops to fill vacancies caused by death, and the creation of new conferences. I am informed that one of the most stirring subjects of the session will be that of reunion with the Methodist Church South. In some quarters the spirit of compromise and tolerance is very strong, and it will show itself vigorously in

the conference. The Liverpool steamer Cuba carried away from our shores this afternoon most of the famous singers who have been captivating the American musical world during the pas eight months. Foremost among the departing sirens is Nilsson, and with her goes her only rival in the affections of the American public, the great Parepa-Rosa-great in fame and great in bulk. Among the others accompanying the principal stars are Doria, the Aynsley Cooks, Castle, Tom Karl and the managers, Maretzek and Carl Rosa. It may be safe to say that every one of these artists will return, for never has there been a more prosperous opera season in America than the last. The two troupes, Nilsson's and Parepa Rosa's, have sung to six and seven thousand dollar houses here nightly, and frequently simultaneously for a month. It is estimated that New Yorkers spent a million of dollars for opera during this season. Nilsson has cleared three hundred thousand dollars by her American trip, and the Strakosch broth ers, who have been her managers, have netted over one hundred thousand dollars each on the engagement. The salaries paid to the principal members of the two New York companies have been enormous. Nilsson has cleared two thousand dollars nightly as her share. Wachtel, the famous German tenor, had five hundred collars a night and half the house, about three thousand dollars. Santley, the English baritone, got six thousand dollars in gold per month. Miss Adelaide Phillips one thousand six hundred dollars for the same time. Mrs.

six hundred dollars. Mile. Duval one thou sand four hundred dollars. Brignoil one thou sand six hundred dollars, and Jamet one thou sand dollars. The fortuges made here in one ratic singing will doubtless entice an ava lanche of European celebrities to America next season. New York vies with St. Petersburg and London as a musical capital. -The gin-house of Mr. R. E. Ellison.

Van Zant one thousand five hundred dollars

Capoul, the French tenor, three thousand two

hundred dollars. Miss Cary one thousand

at Winnsboro', was destroyed by fire Wednes-day morning atout three o'clock, supposed to be the work of an incendiary. Mr. Ellison's loss is four hundred bushels cotton seed. two tons guano and ginhead and gearing.

THE LUNATICS RELIEVED.

Governor Scott Comes to the Rescue.

We received yesterday by telegraph the folowing communication from Dr. Ensor, the superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum: COLUMBIA, May 3.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS.

DEAR SIR-In order that the painful and DEAR SIR-In order that the painful and sad apprehensions of the people relative to the present financial condition of the State Lunatic Asylum may be removed, and confidence in the ability of the institution to take proper care of those entrusted to its protection may be restored. I deem it my duty to inform the public that the lastitution, in this its hour of sorest need, has found a friend, able and willing, to supply its wants. The Govern-or of the State has nobly come forward and pledged his personal credit for the support of the institution till the taxes to be collected in the fall enable the State treasurer to pay the appropriation made by the Legislature for this purpose; and arrangements have been made with a prominent merchant in this city to furnish all needed supplies. "Qui transtulit sustant."

J.F. Enson, Superintendent.

THE LOWERYS MURDER A CITIZEN.

WILMINGTON, May 4 Captain F. M. Wisbart, a prominent citizen of Robeson County, was killed by the Lowery outlaws yesterday. This is one of the most brutal and cowardly murders ever committed by the band; Wishart having been decoyed to one of their haunts on the pretence that they wished to make terms of surrender and

THE WEATHER AND THE CROPS.

Gree .ille,

The Enterprise says. "We have had very good working and growing weather during the past week; some of the early mornings have been cool, but none to do harm. The hot sun has rendered the ground somewhat dry, and a slight shower would be of benefit, and as yesterday was cloudy, it is probable we may get it soon. The farmers are working vigorously, and, in consequence, the streets and stores of the city are very quiet." Oconee,

The Walhalla Courier says: "The planting season for a long time had the appearance of a very late one. For several years winter has been dallying with spring, and from the middle of February to May we enjoyed varying spells of February to May we enjoyed varying spells of winter and spring. This year winter claimed all of its own and more, so that until the middle of April her icy hold was maintained, when she freely gave place to spring. In coasequence vegetation is now little behind past years, while it is vigorous and unimpaired by the chilling frosts of past years. Crops are nearly as far advanced as horetofore, and will, perhaps, more than recover any backset from perhaps, more than recover any backset from late planting by the influence of uniform growing weather. The light frosts of last week did no injury, and everything looks as promising as during any seasen heretofore. Fruit is abundant."

THE GREENVILLE AND COLUMBIA RAILROAD.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders.

[From the Columbia Union of yesterday.] The regular annual meeting of the stock-holders of the Greenville and Columbia Bail-road Company took place yesterday, at their

rooms, over the South Carolina Bank and Trust Company's office. General M. W. Gary was called to the chair; C. V. Carrington and James Simmons were appointed secretaries. A committee on proxles and elections was appointed. The reports of the president, the board of directors and the general superintendent were read, adopted and referred to committees.

recess was then taken until four o'clock The stockholders assembled again at four

The stockholders assembled again at four o'clock, when the committee on election of officers reported the following list, which was unanimously adopted: W. J. Magrath, president. Directors—Bobert Adger, T. D. Wagner, T. Hurley, Charleston; L. D. Childa, Edward Hope, J. C. Roath, John E. Marley, Columbia; R. L. McCaughrin, Newberry; F. F. Gary, Cokesbury; James L. Orr, Anderson; H. T. Farmer, Flat Rock, North Carolina; Joseph Crews, Laurens. Crews, Laurens.

Crews, Laurens.

The meeting then adjourned, after passing the usual votes of thanks to the presiding officer and secretaries.

The meeting was very harmonious from the

beginning to the close. No speeches, and any thing to needlessly consume time, but the closest attention was paid to the business for which the meeting was called. 68,869 share of stock were represented, the largest number ever represented at a meeting of the corpora-

After the stockholders adjourned, the new board of directors had a short meeting. Mat-ters in general were talked over, but no busi-ness was transacted, except that the board re-solved to meet the fourth Wednesday of every

The trains on the road will continue ito run

## JOTTINGS ABOUT THE STATE.

-The Reporter says Chester has the handomest storeroom in the up-country.

—Colonel D. W. Alken delivered an agri-

cultural address in Darlington on Tuesday.

—Seventeen shares of the capital stock of
the National Bank of Chester were sold a few days ago at one hundred and nine dollars
per share. Par value one hundred dollars.
—Fifty-five hundred dollars of State guaranteed bonds of the Greenville and Columbia
Railroad were sold in Columbia on Tuursday

—About one hundred and eighty-six tons of fertilizers have been sold by two of the local agents at Lancaster. A considerable quanti-ty of other fertilizers have been sold in the county. It is estimated that at least twenty-five thousand dollars have been invested by the farmers of Lancaster in commercial man-

-Governor Scott has removed C. S. Greenleaf, a trial justice at Union, and appointed George E. Tuxberry in his stead. P. A. Eichelberger has been appointed county treasurer for fdgefield County, upon the express condition that he will promptly settle with the county commissioners, vice Jehn Wooley resigned.

Wooley resigned.

—At the election held for the municipal officers of the newly incorporated Town of Townville, Anderson County, the following persons
were chosen to serve the ensuing year: Intendant—Dr. John W. Spearmann. Wardens—
H. R. Vandiver, H. W. McCarly, William
Janes and H. S. Whitworth. Clerk—B. F.
Cont. Morekel, W. I. Harbin.

Janes and H. S. Whitworth. Cierk—B. F. Gantt. Marshal—W. J. Harbin.
—The Savings and Insurance Bank of Anderson organized by electing the following officers: James L. Orr, president; J seph N. Brown, vice-president. Directors—O. H. P. Fant, John R. Coch an, B. F. Crayton, W. S. Sharpe, D. M. Watson, J. P. Reed and Jesse W. Norris.

W. Norris. -A negro man and woman were arrested in Lancaster County, on the 18th ultimo, on a charge of burglary. The man called himself Tom Johnson, but upon investigation of the case before Trial Justice Wolfe, he proved to be Joe Wright, the man who robbed old Mr. James Thorn at his terry in York County last fall, and the woman is the same one that was with Joe at the time of the robbery of Mr. Thorn. The negroes were turned over to the authorities of York County, and are now in

THE SWORD OF SOBIESKI.

[From the Sumter News.]

Mr. Elisha Carson, of our town, has in his possession the identical sword, used by Thad-deus Sobleski, at the great battle of Warsaw. It was brought to this country by Count So-bleski, in the year 1818, and sold with his other ffects, in Charleston, where he died in 1822 Mr. Carson was in those days a citizen of Charleston, and a near neighbor and intimate friend of Count Sobieski, who had repeatedly informed him of the history of his uncless sword. When it was offered for sale, Mr. Carson, who alone knew its esthetical value, bid it off for eighteen dellars. Colonel Kelth, who knew that it was a Polish weapon, rim it up to that figure. It is a quaint looking old weapon, for which the British Museum would probably be willing to pay a round price.

GREELEY AND BROWN!

AUSPICIOUS RESULT OF THE GREAT

The Balloting for Candidates-Nomination of Horace Greeley and Gratz Brown-Unanimous Adoption of the Platform of Amnesty and Equal Rights-The Tariff Question Left to

the People-Intense Excitement Throughout the Union.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.] CINCINNATI, Friday, May 3.

The Liberal Republican Convention was called to order at ten o'clock this morning, the reading of the journal of the previous day's proceedings being dispensed with.

The chairman, Senator Schurz, said it had been reported that he had telegraphed a candidate last night in regard to that candidate's position before the convention, and that he had staved off action in order to further his friend's interests. These reports were untrue. In his position as chairman he had tried to be impartial; and he was working for the cause

The Declaration of Principles was then read and unanimously adopted, amid great applause. It sets forth, in substance, that the administration has rendered itself guilty of usurpation of the constitution, and has acted as if the laws were made for those governing instead of those governed. The president has used his power in appointing persons to office from personal motives, and has been culpably careless in the duties of his office. His partisans have pretended that no serious fault could be found with his administration. They have kept alive the passions excited by the late war, instead of inciting patriotic feelings; and, like base sycophants to the power from which they expected favors, they are striving to keep themselves in office. The resolutions declare the equality of all men before the law; the union of the States, and no reopening of the questions settled by the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the constitution; the removal of disabilities incurred in the rebellion; general amnests; local self-government; the supremacy of the civil over the military authority; respect to the habeas corpus law; a return to the methods of peace and the maintenance of the constitutional limitations of power: civil service reform; the single term for the Presi dency; a system of Federal law which shall not unnecessarily interfere with the industry of the people, and as there are honest and irrecondiable differences of opinion as to the results respectively of the systems of protection and free trade, these questions are remitted to the people in the Congressional districts, [wild cheering,] and the decision of Congress thereon shall be wholly free from Executive Interference or dictation; a maintenance of the public credit against repudiation in every form; a speedy return to specie payments; a recognition of the services and sacrifices of the soldiers and sallors; against further grants of land to railroads and other corporations; in foreign relations it is the duty of the government to cultivate friendship, demanding nothing not right, and submitting to nothing wrong. [A voice. "Three cheers for the second Declaration of Independence."] Great cries of question overwhelmed the few who tried to get the floor to speak. The chair put the question, and the report was adopted with loud and continued cheering. The chair announced that the vote was unanimous.

## The Nomination of Candidates.

The next business in order was the nomination of a candidate for President, and, under the rules, there was no formal nomination, but the roll was called and each State announced its choice. The result of the first dams 203, Greeley 147, Brown 98, Curtin 62, Chase 21. Sumner 1. New York gave Greeley 66 and Adams 2. Massachusetts gave Adams 22 and Trumbull 4. Onlo gave Adams 44. Illinois gave Adams 21 and Davis 21. Before the vote was announced, Gratz Brown, by unanimous consent, took the stand and thanked his friends for their support of him, but withdrew his name, and asked his friends to support Horace Greeley. This was received with great cheers and many hisses. The chair arose to announce the vote, when a Missouri delegate rose to a question of privilege, and asked to change his vote. Considerable confusion ensued; various delegations asking to change their votes, and contention arising in some of them, notably Kentucky, as to what the changes among themselves really were. Casslus M. Clay announced that Kentucky's vote was changed from five for Brown to five for Greeley, and one from Brown to Adams. New Jersey changed some of her votes. The chair announced the result as follows: Adams 203. Trumbull 110, Davis 921, Greeley 147, Brown 95. Curtin 62. Chase 21. Sumner 1-whole number 614. Necessary to a choice 308. No choice made. Missouri asked leave to retire for consultation, and Vice-President Julian took the chair. Casey, from the District of Columbia, offered a resolution giving a vote to the Territories, which was tabled. McClure withdrew Curtin's name, and asked leave for the Pennsylvania delegation to retire, which was granted. The proceedings were suspended until the return of the absent delega-On the second ballot the vote was: Adams

249, Trumbull 145, Greeley 238, Davis 81, Chase 1. No choice.

On the third ballot the vote was: Adams 264. Greelev 258, Trumbull 146, Davis 44, On the fourth ballot the vote was: Adams 279, Greeley 250, Trumbull 137, Davis 41.

On the fifth bailot the vote was: Adams 303. Greeley 258, Trumbull 91, Davis 30, Chase 24. On the sixth ballot Illinois gave 27 for Adams, [cheers!] 14 for Greeley and 1 for Trumbull, and the chair announced the result to be: Adams 324, Greeley 332, Trumbull 19, Davis 6, Chase 32. Palmer 1. Before the vote was formally announced, Minnesota changed 9 from Trumbul to Greeley, and various other States changed their votes, but there was so much noise and confusion that it was impossible for the reporters to hear the exact figures. Pennsylvania, however, changed to 50 for Greeley and 6 for Davis, [great cheers,] and Indiana changed to 27 for Adams. A stampede of changes to Greeley here occurred. Illinois changed solidly for Greeley, except one delegate, who insisted on his vote for Trumbull.

The incidents of the balloting were, at times, very exciting; but the second, third and fourth ballots passed off in comparative quiet. When the result of the fifth ballot was announced, showing a large vote for Adams. there was great cheering. Missouri immediately asked leave to retire for consultation, and a motion was made for a recess of twenty minutes. [Cries of No! No! Sit down!] rights, and a man for President who can be a

The chair finally announced the whole vote as

714. Necessary to a choice 358. Adams re-

ceived 187 and Greelev 482.

in favor of Greeley being greeted with cheers and a Southern Vice-President. on one side and hisses on the other. Before the vote was formully announced several delegations changed to Greeley amid great confusion and excitement. Colonel McClure orled out, "Change Pennsylvania to flity for Greeley and six for Adams." [Great cheering.] Greeley was declared duly nominated for President of the United States.

CHARLESTON. SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 4, 1872.

The roll was then called for Vice-President. and after the chair announced Brown's nomination, loud calls were made for him, which were only silenced by the announcement that he was not in the hall. A committee was appointed to notify the candidates of their nomination. Resolutions of thanks then passed thanking the chizens of Cincinnati. the committee of arrangements and officers of the convention, &c. Short speeches were then delivered by Senator Schurz and Vice-President Julian; after which the convention was declared adjourned sine die, and the vast audience slowly dispersed.

The Drift of Opinion in Washington. WASHINGTON, May 3.

An intense interest prevailed here during to-day with reference to events at Cincinnati: not only in executive and legislative circles, but throughout the city inquiries were constantly made as to the latest intelligence from the convention. The progress of the balloting seemed to add, if possible, to the excite ment everywhere, the news spreading with remarkable rapidity. Those in the executive departments heard it at about the same time that it was known in Congress. The telegrams announcing the nomination of Horace Greeley as a candidate for the Presidency were received with surprise, as previous private telegrams foreshadowed a different

The news of the nomination interrupted for some time the proceedings of the House members gathering in front of the speaker's desk to hear the latest intelligence. There were similar exhibitions in the Senate while Mr. Casserly was speaking. That gentleman, referring to the inattention to business, moved that an adjournment take place until the Cincinnati Convention was over. The excitement subsided with the announcement of Gratz Brown as the candidate for Vice-Presi-

To-night gentlemen of all parties are discussing the effect of the proceedings of the convention on the public mind. Various opinions are expressed as to the chances of the Liberal Republican ticket, and the Democratic Congressmen are cautious in their utterances and not disposed to commit themselves. The prevailing idea is that Grant is done for. In a discussion among some prominent politicians to-night it was conceded that for a long time past the South has had no better friend than Horace Greeley, who has denounced, in bitter terms, the corruption of the carpet-bag gov ernments, and sincerely lamented the fate of South Carolina. He will be supported by the greater part of the West, as well as New York and New England, and the South will, doubtless, prefer Greeley and Brown to any other

A Hearty Response from Virginia. RICHMOND, VA., May 3.

The newspaper bulletips were surrounde with crowds all the afternoon, eager for the news from Cincinnati. The announcement of the nomination of Greeley and Brown gives very general satisfaction to the Conservative and Liberal Republicans, who think it the strongest ticket that could have been selected. The State Journal, the administration paper, thinks Greeley the most vulnerable man tha the Liberals could have nominated.

Horace Greeley and the South.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 3. The nomination of Greeley and Brown is favorably received by the Conservatives and Democrats here. It is universally conceded that Greeley is less objectionable to the South than any other candidate brought before the Cincinnati Convention, with the exception, perhaps, of Judge Davis.

Horace Greeley's Letter of Acceptance

CINCINNATI, May 3-10 P. M. The following telegram from Mr. Greeley was received after he had been informed of his nomination:

New York, May 3. To Whitelang Reid, Cincinnati:-Tender m grateful acknowledgments to the members of the convention for the generous confidence they have shown me, and assure them that I shall endeavor to deserve it.

HORACE GREELEY. (Signed) The Tribune on the Platform-The Spirit of the New York Press.

NEW YORK, May 3. The following is a copy of the Tribune

leading editorial of to-morrow morning:

THE CINCINNATI CONVENTION. We make make no comments on the ticket presented yesterday at Cincinnati. The people, without distinction of party, are considering it, and will, in due time, indicate their judgment thereon. The platform has been to us throughout an object of much greater solicitude than the nominations, and our interest has centered in what should be said bearing on protection and free trade. There is an honest and serious difference among Republicans and Reformers on this question. Our convictions are strong on one side; others, at least equally patriotic and intelligent, hold opinions antagonistic to ours. We did not wish the convention to say that we were right; we did not see with what propriety, or to what profit, it could pronounce us in the wrong. To declare for either protection or free trade would repel some, perhaps many, from the support of the Liberal movement while it would win over no opponent to that movement. We therefore urged the convention simply to remit this question to the people, as one on which we are not agreed; asking them to pronounce judgment thereon in the choice of members of Congress, by whom, and not by the Executive, it must be discussed and decided. This view, we rejoice to say, has prevailed, but its prevalence is no triumph over free trade, much less over reform, be that what it may. It is simply a reference of the whole subject to the decision of the people, unprejudiced by any dictum of the convention. If the majority are for free

have faith in the people should be alienated or offended by such a reference of the subject. The Union and Reform Convention was in session to-day fully organized. The platform demands the securing of State

The motion was overwhelmingly lost. The soldier in war and a citizen in peace. The sixth ballot then proceeded, with the changes favorite candidates are Trumbuil for President

> The Irish Reform League was also in session with closed doors. It is said that the league opposes Adams and favors Horace Greeley.

GREELEY'S OWN PLATFORM. Manly and Characteristic Utterance

The nomination of Herace Greeley for President of the United States gives a peculiar in-

terest to the following straightforward editorial from his pen, which we find in the New York Tribune of Wednesday last:

Certain journals speculate on the probabili-ty that the Tribune would support this or that candidate if nominated at Cincinnati. They have no data and no warrant for saying that we should ebject to any of the persons named. We have said that, if the convention should see fit to place its candidates on a platform hostile to the protection of home industry, it would thereby preclude our supporting them; and yet we have not said that they might not wisely do what would constrain us to oppose their candidates. If a majority of the Ameri-can people want free trade, they ought to can people want free trade, they ought to have it, no matter though this or that individual be displeased thereat. In that case, candidates who respond to the general aspira-tion can do without the support of this or that

requent on the close of our civil war-and sequent on the close of our civil war—and that it now gives work at good prices to hun-dreds of thousands, who, under free trade, would be wandering in quest of employment, glad to accept half the wages they now earn. But whether the Cincinnal Convention shall enable us to approve or oblige us to condemp its action, our resolve nevermore to deserve we tried to indicate this in a speech on our

We tried to indicate this in a speech on our return last summer from a visit to Texas. In that speech we offered to pass receipts with the Republican parry, offsetting debt against credit and considering the account balanced. We annoyed many Republicans by exposing and denouncing the carpet-bag villanles which have heaped mountains of debt and taxation upon the prostrate, devastated South; we at the same time offended the Democrate by justifying the anti-Ku-Kiux legislation of Congress as essential to the protection and security of thousands of the inoffensive and industrious Southern blacks. We praised the trious Southern blacks. We praised the Northern-born teachers of Southern blacks, well knowing that they are unpopular with a large majority of the Southern whites; and we declared that we had, in a brief address on a steamboat deck at Vicksburg, "hoped the time would come when Americans North, as well as Americans South, would feel just pride in the soldierly achievements and military character of Lee and Stonewall Jackson." All this, we knew then as well as we know now,

is inconsistent with the role of an organisi which we were trying hard to repel and throw off. Yet journalists and other retail politi-cians, who have already read us out of the party at least thrice, are from day to day

party at least thrice, are from day to day doing it again as gravely as though this were a novelty. Is it not a waste of breath?

A party organ is regarded by its supporters as hired and paid by them to whitewash their leaders, legislators and functionaries, while black-balling those of the opposite party. It is not expected—in fact, is not allowed—to have any conscience, nor to away convictions. conscience, nor to avow conviction counter to public sentiment"-that is, to their conception of what the party interest and ascendancy demand. In their view, he is a top to be whipped into spinning, spinning ever, for 'heir advantage and delectation. Whatever the future may have in store for us. whoever may be nominated at Cincinnati, Philadelphia or elsewhere, we have resolved that this journal, at least so long as its pres-sent editor shall conduct it, will not be a party organ. We shall do our best to make to good newspaper, giving all that happens which seems to us of general interest, and commenting thereon with absolute freedom, though this should constrain us to praise to the men whom we had reason

to censure yesterday.
Of course, this will cost. Some who have hitherto taken the Tribune will take it no more. That is their right, which we shall never call in question. Others will, in time, be educated into according to journalists a liberty to praise or blame as may seem to them just, which is freely accorded to every one else. There will always be organs enough for those who enjoy their music, and we presum there will be adequate support for a journal that choses to print all the truth rather than to cut and carve it to suit the exigencies of any party. So, in this wide, wide world, we shall all probably be enabled to get on.

THE OLD WORLD'S NEWS.

London, May 3.
The Times, editorially, hints that it might be beneficial to the world were England to ab-solve Canada from her allegiance.

Advices received in this city by mail from Spain state that the priests are endeavoring to make the insurrection in that country a re-ligious war. The government has called upon the inhabitants of Barcelona to deliver up all

arms they have in their possession. PARIS. May 3. A dispatch from Bayonne confirms the report that the Carlist leader Boda, with his command, has fied into France having been closely pursued by the Spanish Government forces. The French troops stationed on the Spanish frontier disarm and Spanish frontier disarm and Naples, May 3. Spanish frontier disarm and intercept all Car-

The eruption of Mount Vesuvius has entire ly ceased. A terrible hurricane has swept the loot and slopes of Vesuvius greatly damaging the villages and remaining crops.

THE WEATHER THIS DAY.

WASHINGTON, May 3. The lowest barometer over Lake Ontario will probably move eastward over New Eng land. Brisk and possibly high and northeast erly winds are probable for the lower lakes to-night. Clear weather will prevail gene-rally from the lakes to the Gulf and South and Middle Atlantic coasts on Faturday, and extend over New England during the day. The pressure will diminish over the north with easterly to northerly winds, and and extend over the upper lake region and to the Ohio valley. Cautionary signals are ordered for Buffalo, Rochester and Oswego. Yesterday's Weather Reports of the Signal Service, U. S. A .- 4.47 P. M. Local Time.

Force of Place of ther

: 9 Augusta, Ga... 30.14 71 NW Gentle. Clear. Baltimore...... 29.94 64 SW Boston...... 29.80 62 NW Charleston..... 30.69 72 NW Gentle. Fresh. Charleston 30.69 72 NW
Charleston 30.69 72 NW
Chicago 30.01 45 NE
Clackmatt. 29.98 70 W
Galveston, Tex. 30.32 74 S
Key West. 30.00 79 N
Kuoxville, Tenn. 30.12 66 S
Memphis, Tenn. 40.22 74 SW
Mr. Washington 29.84 28 W
New Orl ans. 0.3 72 NW
New York 29.86 59 S
Norfolk 29.99 67 SW
Portland, Me. 29.79 55 SE
Savannah 20.12 70 N
St. Louis 29.99 76 SW
Washington 29.66 58 S
Wilmington, N.C. 30.65 72 SW trade, or against it, they are no wise precluded, by the Liberal platform, from Cloudy making their judgment known and respected. On the contrary they are exhorted to do so Cig up. with an assurance that their wish, thus au-Fresh. Light. thentically expressed, shall not be overborne by Executive power. This is as we think it Fr sh Cloudy should be, and we do not see why any who Fresh. lear.

Norg.-The weather report dated 7.47 o'clock NOTE.—The weather report unter 1.39 of other this morning, will be posted in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce at 10 o'clock A. M., and, together with the weather chart, may (by the courtesy of the Chamber) be examined by ship-masters at any time during the day.

A MELANCHOLY SUICIDE.

The even tenor of life in this town was dis-

[From the Anderson Intelligencer.]

turbed on Saturday morning last by the infor-mation that the dead body of a man had been ound in a well situated upon the Waverly House lot. Efforts were made soon after di covery to get the body from the well, and when this was accomplished, the remains were when this was accomplished, the remains were identified as those of a stranger in this vicinity, named P. W. Morris, who had been stopping at the Waverly House for five or six days previously. The appearance of severe wounds, as if inflicted by a knife, upon the throat and left arm of deceased. Indicated foul play; but the testimony adduced at the coroner's inquest, which was held during the day, clearly demonstrated that the deceased committed suicide. The verdict of the jury was to the effect that the deceased came to his death by his own set, to wit, by drowning death by his own act, to wit, by drowning himself in the well aforesaid on the night of the 26th of April, after having first made seve ral attempts to destroy his life by stabbing himself upon the neck and left side, under temporary insanity. It appears that the de-ceased came to this town on Sunday previous to his death, and for several days was under the influence of liquor. On Thursday, when it was ascertained by the landlord, Mr. Mays, that the condition of deceased called for treatment, in consequence of excessive drink ment, in consequence of excessive drinking, an attempt was made to restrict him in the use of stimulatts. He received every attention from Mr. Mays, and was allowed only such stimulating meditines as seemed proper under the circumstances. He remained in the house nearly all of Thursday and Friday, and expressed the belief that he was constantly improving. In the afternoon of Friday, deceased walked about town: went candidates white the support of the convention can do without the support of the convention to use language that unequivocally expresses its meaning; if that meaning be free trade, let there be no mistake and no dispute about it.

We shall in no case dissemble or qualify our conviction that protection has strengthened conviction that protection has strengthened to supper at the regular hour; said he felt much better afterwards, and was rapidly improving. He was seen by several persons during the evening, as late as nine o'clock, when he was shown to his room by a servant, who lit the candle and let it burning. Shortwho lit the candle and lett it burning. Shortly afterwards, deceased went down the stairs leading into the back yard, without any shoes, and bareheaded, walking in the direction of the well. He was not seen again by any per-son connected with the hotel, and the proba-bility is that he made the attempts upon his tite, and jumped into the well within a short time afterwards. The deceased claimed to hall from North Carolina, and had been known to one or two of our citizens as a tobacconist and catile-dealer for a number of years. He was quite dissipated in his habits, but was an inoffensive, quiet man. His remains were buried on Saturday afternoon, in the Presbyterian churchyard. AN INDIAN MASSACRE.

The Picayune has a special from San Anto-nio, Tex., narrating that the Indians attacked a train and burned hine men and one woman. One woman escaped, who brought the news to Fort Clark. Lieutenant Vincent, who followed and fought the Indians, was killed.

SENATORIAL AMENITIES.

WASHINGTON, May 3.

Senator Lewis struck Supervisor Presbrey in the face in an altercation about the appointment of a special assessor for Virginia. Presbrey said Lewis would be sorry some day. A fight between the Arkansas, senators was prevented by the abrupt adjournment of the executive session of the Senate yesterday.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

—The steamer Upton, from Richmond to New York, is burned. Loss \$60,000. -The trial of Beed, the Governor of Florida

-The steamer Lord, disabled off Cape May, will be towed to New York.

—A Bombay telegram says that Madras and the vicinity have been visited by a terrible croine, causing a great loss of life and ship-

ping.

—Ames presided at the New York Methodist Conference. A motion that only clergymen serve on the committees was rejected after a long debate.

AN APPALLING SMELL.-At Bermondsey Eng. and, the Messrs. Salmon pursued the manufacture of artificial manure out of "putrid fish, the blood and refuse of slaughter-houses, pigs hair, decayed animal matter and garbage of all kinds." Being indicted for this heaven-smelling officers the Messrs Salmon prode in exling offence, the Messrs Salmon orged, in extenuation, that their manufacture did not an could not produce any unpleasant odor. Un-fortunately for their case, the court ordered a view, or rather, we should say, a smell of the premises by the jury, and the whole twelve came back from this visit, rampaut to render a verdict of "guilty." The Lord Chief Justice, who appears to have joined in the visit of the his breath away, and characterized it as

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At the regular meeting of the Pioneer Steam Fire Engine Company of Axmen, held on Wednesday evening, the 1st instant, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

In the bright and joyous spring time, when na ture assumes her lovellest vestures, and the breath of morning perfumes the scenes of pleasure and of gladness, while we are preparing for the annual gala festivities of the firemen with emotions responsive to the genial ime, we are stricken and appalled by the melancholy event which so recently has brought un feigned sorrow to every member of this corps. For, without any affectation of mourning, we onther to pay a last tribute of esteem to Edwir D. Enston, an honored ex-president of this body.

Many of us have been associated with him, whe as our acting head, full of energy and kindness he labored with whole soul for the best interest of his command, diffusing a measure of his own enthusia-m on all around; and there is no one of us who does not know and appreciate his many sterling qualities, who does not understand his devotion, while a fireman, to the duties of his trust, and to the welfare of this company in paricular, and no one who can fall to experience the painful scene of such a separation from one re cently so closely allied to the affairs and the affec ions which unite us.

We propose to attempt no sketch of the life o haracter of him whom we lament. Social, generous and free, he was largely known in this com munity. His numerous friends know and appre clate the traits which made him so near and dear to them; and all who knew him can testify to the esteem which his manly yet gentle spirit achieved. But we do desire, while those nearer still pluck the opening roses to lay them softly upon the

newly made grave, to place upon record this memorial of tender respect to the memory of our leparted friend; and this we do with the full as surance that his love and his labor, while this company was his care, like his own familian presence, will remain embaimed with the enduring recollections of his associates. Therefore, be it unanimously, Resolved, That in the death of Edwin D. Enster

Resolved, That in the death of leaving the latest this comp my mourns the loss of one who. Identified with its interest for many years, and during an important and eventful period in its history, contributed largely to its welfare; meriting by his exemplary devotion to duty the escent. exemplary devotion to duty the escent by the benevolence of his nature concilis , both as a member and an officer, the favo and by the samember and an enterthing, both as a member and an affection of his companions.

Resolved, That a page of the minute-book be in-criten to his memory; that the usual badge of mourning be worn, and that we express to his of mourning be worn, and that we express to his of mourning be worn, and that we express to his

or mutual sffi ction.

Resolved, that this preamble and resolutions e published in the morning papers of the city Extract from the minutes.

J. W. MCKENRY, Secretary. SON MARRIAGE.

Happy relief for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhoed restored. Nervous debility cured. Impediment to Marriage removed. New method of treat ment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Olrculars sent free, in scaled envelopes. Ad dress HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

# Married.

BUSSELL—EDWARDS.—in St. Paul's Church, Augusta, on the 18th April. by the Rev. P. J. Shand. James J. Russell, of Augusta, and Mary G. EDWARDS, formerly of Columbia. S. C.

Juneral Notices.

THE RELATIVES AND FRIENDS of Miss ann Alexander, and of Mr. George Mc-Neill, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral Services of Miss ANN ALEXANDER, from her late residence No. 494 King street, This Ar-

JOHNSTON.—Died on the morning of May 2d, ESSIE, aged 8 months and 28 days, infant daugh-er of Charles and Eivina U. Johnston.

ervice will be held in this Church To-MORROW MORNING, at half-past 10 o'clock, the Rev. R. P. OUTLER officiating. All strangers are cordially invited to attend invited to attend.

DIVINE SERVICE WILL BE CON-DUCTED in the Orphans' Chapel, on SABBATH APTERNOON, at half-past 4 o'clock, by the Rev. E. B. SEABROOK.

Divine Service To-Morrow, at half-past 10 o'clock in the MORNING, and at 8 o'clock in the EVENING. There will be a preparatory Lovefeast at 9 o'clock A. M. The Revival at this Church is increasing in interest. may4

ING, at half-past 10 o'clock, corner of Church and PERSONAL -ANY ONE KNOWING the whereabouts of Miss MELANIE PALMER, daughter of David S. Palmer, formerly of the "Old

MRS. SMITH, WHO IS ALIVE TO new ideas, uses the "DOLLAR REWARD SOAP," and does her washing in two hours' time, while Mrs. Jones, who has no faith in "them" things, uses common soap and works until 3 P. L.

THE CHARLESTON CHARITA-BLE ASSOCIATION, for the Benefit of the Free CLASS No. 485-MORNING.

42-66-11-62-16-5-19-31-77-41-75-8 As witness our hands at Charleston this 3d day of May, 1872. PENN PECK, Mos della

WHEN YOU FEEL A COUGH OR Bronchial Affection creeping on the lungs, take AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and cure it before t becomes incurable.

tions of HALL'S YEGETABLE SIGILIAN HAIR RENEWER. may4 stuthDaw A CARD.-MRS. BARBOT WOULD espectfully inform her friends and the public.

Hasel street. Programme will be given next ATTENTION OHARLESTON RIFLEMEN CLUB.—The members of this Club

Annual Target Excursion, which takes place Monday, May the 6th. L. Cavanaugh, B. Fitz Gibbon, R. H. Freeman, W. Varner, J. F. O'Mara-Committee. FROM TRUSTWORTHY DATA IT has been estimated that at least one-fourth of all nersons born in the United States have, at birth. lungs in a tuberculous condition, and, in conse quence, are predisposed to Pulmonary Com-plaints; yet it is equally well established that this

predisposition need not end in Consumption, Asthma or any other lung disease, if due care and watchfulness be observed, and all exciting causes cases that Dr. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT exercises its most beneficial effects, and has produce the largest proportion of its cures. Besides promptly removing Coughs and Colds, which, when left to themselves, are the most common cause of tuberculous development, the Expectorant allays any inflammation which may exist and, by promoting easy expectoration, cleanses the lungs of the substances which clog them up, and which rapidly destroy when suffered to remain. Sold everywhere. PHILIP WINEMAN & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C. may2-thstu3

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE .- THIS perb Hair Dye is the best in the world. Perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous. No disappointment. No ridiculous tints, or unpleasant odor. The genuine W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown. Does not stain the skin, but leaves the hair clean, soft and beautiful. The only safe and perfect Dye. Sold by all druggists. Factory 16 Bond street, New York. mch5-tuthslyr-D&C

BURNHAM'S SUPERIOR YEAST POWDERS.-Having used Yeast Powder in our amilies for several years, we give a decided preference above all others to that prepared by EDWARD S. BURNHAM, Graduate of Pharmacy, No. 421 King street, near Calhoun street, Charles en, S. C. : King Mansion Boarding House, Julius Petsch, B. C. Webb, George L. Holmes, George S. Pelzer, M. D., John T. Wightman, D. D., William

R-NATTANS'S CRYSTAL DISCOVERY FOR

THE HAIR.-A perfectly clear preparation in one

bottle, as easily applied as water, for restoring to gray hair its natural color and youthful appearance, to eradicate and prevent dandruff, to promote the growth of the hair and stop its falling take the place of all the dirty and unpleasant preparations now in use. Numerous testimonia's have been sent us from many of our most prominent citizens, some of which are subjoined. In everything in which the articles now in use are bjectionable, CRYSTAL DISCOVERY is perfect. It is warranted to contain neither Sugar of Lead, Sulphur or Nitrate of Silver, it does not soil the clothes or scalp, is agreeably perfumed, and makes one of the best dressings for the Hair in fect and uniformly than any other preparation,' and always does so in from three to ten days. virtually feeding the roots of the Hair with all the nourishing qualities necessary to its gowth and healthy condition; it restores the decayed and induces a new growth of the Hair more posttively than anything else. The application of and cooling effect on the scalp and gives the Hair Price \$1 a

Little Jessie was our darling. Full of sweetness, full of love

TERNOON, at 3 o'clock.

### Special Notices.

UNITARIAN CHURCH.-DIVINE

SPRING STREET CHURCH.

THE MARINERS' CHURCH WILL be open for Divine Service every SABBATH MORN-

Charleston Theatre," will confer a favor by communicating with W. M. WARD, Pavilion Hotel, Charleston, S. C. may4-1

DOWIE, MOISE & DAVIS, Agents, Charleston,

56 9 68 12 8 63 39 7 70 24 40 32 ULASS No. 488-EVENING.

JAMES GILLILAND.

DANDRIFF MAY BE EFFECTU-ALLY eradicated from the scalp by a few applica-

that the SACRED CONCERT, tendered her by her musical friends will take place on next THURS-DAY EVENING, May 9, at ST. MABY'S CHERCE.

are requested to call on any of the undersigned Committee and procure their Tickets for the

Smith, Master Machinist, S. C. R. R. TE CLEAR AND HARMLESS AS WA-

out. It is entirely harmless, and perfectly free from any poisonous substance, and will therefore use. It restores the color of the Hair "more per this won terful discovery also produces a pleasant

and cooling electron the search and search at the state and elegant appearance. Price \$1 bottle.

ARTHUR NATTANS, Inventor and Proprietor, Washington, D. C. For sale by the Agent, Ds. H. BAER, No. 131 Meeting street, Charleston, S. C. nov18-stuthly