CHARLESTON, WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 27, 1871.

THE RING ROBBERIES.

THE REVELATIONS OF THE JOINT IN-VESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

How the People were Swindled-The First Instalment of Details.

We propose to publish, as rapidly as possible, the whole of the report of the joint investigating committee, consisting of Senators Whittemore and Swalls, and Representatives Dennis, Gardner and Hurley. To-day we give the chapters which deal with the operations of the treasury, and with the mammath broket's office known as the South Carolina Bank and Trust Company:

The State Treasury.

The State Treasury.

The committee entered upon the examination of "all the accounts of the State treasurer," which was a task of no small magnitude; every charge upon his books has been transcribed—every credit and debit copied—each and every voucher examined, and the accompanying tables will show every payment made, and every dollar received by the treasurer, and if more has been paid out than there are vouchers for, the amount in excess, and upon what expended, will also be seen. Gree patience in the handling and reading of the freesurer's vouchers was necessary, and Gree patience in the handling and reading of the reasurer's vouchers was necessary, and much time consumed. During the examination of these accounts, at no time was the treasurer present; but his clerks, Messrs. Gary and Tappan, attended the committee in their inspection of all the books and papers of the treasurer's office, to which they gave ready access and explanations.

In order that the report of this committee might be made as soon as possible, after the assembling of the Legislature, it was neces-

assembling of the Legislature, it was necessary to confine their statements, as far as possible, to a period reaching from the time of the induction late office of the State treasurer, comptro ler general and financial agent to the close of the fiscal years 1869 and 1870. They have also in preparation a supplemental re-port for the fiscal year ending October 31st, 1871, which will be thorough in all its details and submitted as soon as completed.

Receipts and Expenditures.

The whole amount received by the State treasurer from September, 1868, to October 31st, 1870, from all sources has been \$4,184.-783 42. The largest amount from any source has been from taxes, which, in the azgreate, is \$2,055,553 55, and the next from H. H. Kimpton, financial agent for the State, which is \$1,710,753 71, leaving the balance from all other sources of \$418.476 16. The expenditure of \$418.476 16. other sources of \$418,476 16. The expenditures during this time have been \$4.183,337. The largest of these expenditures are as fol-The largest of these expenditures are as follows, viz: General interest account of public debt, \$720.148 56; H. H. Kimpton, financial agent of the State of South Carolina, \$225,717 79; salaries, \$331,488 45; legislavive expenses, \$516,408 46; free schools, \$135,946 14; State Penitentiary, \$180,931 49; civil contingent. \$120,322 27; executive contingent. \$57,745 68; Lunatic Asylum. \$32,489 48; fitting up new Statehouse, \$55,009 57; census-taking, \$73,117; State constabulary, \$32,468 42; fees of sh-riffs for dieting prisoners. \$44,946 21; elections, iz: General interest account of public for dicting prisoners, \$44,946 21; elections, \$28,175 47; expenses enrolling and organizing militia, \$93,341 07; Orphan Asylum, \$18,835 65; committee of investigation Third Congressional District, \$27,-8545; https://doi.org/10.1009/10.100 gation Taird Congressional District, \$27,-865 45; purchase of arms and ammunition, \$13,066 72; printing, \$43,440 57; advance to Blue R dge Raliroad, \$20 000; insurance and repairs University of South Carolica, \$17,-28f 95; claims rassed, \$14,256 60; land commission, \$89,558 25; bills receivable, \$275,-401; R. K. Sout (to negotiate loan of \$125,-000 to meet the current expenses of the State.) \$97.185; maintaining quarantine and quar-antine hospital, \$17,674 74; transient sick poor, \$12,834 25; fitting up the Governor's residence, \$8824 17; Deaf. Dumb and Blind Asylum, \$11,-164 80; N. G. Parker for the purchase of gold. Appropriations.

All moneys should be drawn out of the thosury upon appropriations specifying the object for which they are made, and upon every certificate of payment there should be required, by law, to be written, in red lak, by the treasurer, the appropriation drawn upon, and in no instance should that appropriation and in no instance should that appropriation be overdrawn nor diverted to the payment of claims foreign to the appropriation; and the treasurer should inform the Governor when an appropriation is exnauted, who should, after being thus informed, withhold his endorsement upon any pay certificates drawn upon that appropriation.

There is another class of appropriations be-side special, which might be called general or inexhaustible, known as "funds of the State not otherwise appropriated," which have fur-

inexhaustible, known as "funds of the State not otherwise appropriated," which have furnished ready opportunities for the depletion of the treasury at any time, and constant drafts upon this class of funds have been and can be made for the payment of whatever may be found dedicient in a special appropriation, or for claims however extravagant or unjust.

In the examination of the vouchers, which the committee have carefully scrutinized, they have found not only appropriations diverted from their intended and specified purpose, but the "inexhaustible funds" of the State, like a never-failing fountain, drawn upon in every emergency, sufficient for every demand, when it is the interest or pleasure of the heads of the financial departments of the State so to direct. In order that a more perfect understanding of this subject may be had, there will be upon the page opposite the expenditure (classified under an appropriate head) the appropriation designed fer the payment of the same, as well as the date of its passage by the Legislature, thus enabling the feader to observe the excess of payment over amount appropriatel, as well as the onen, door to large expenditures enabling the feader to otserve the excess of payment over amount appropriate, as well as the open door to large expenditures out of the never exhausted "funds of the State." This exhibit will also prove a valuable record for reference, as well as a guide for all inture legis ation upon that most sensitive of all subjects, viz: How much of the people's money snail be appropriated, and in what manner shall it be expended? Too much care, with explicit and rigid requirements, cannot be given to the consideration and passage of any law cailing for the expenditure of public funds; and great improvements must be made upon the prodigal modes now practiced in the disbursement of the same. The committee recomment the General Assembly, at the earliest moment, to give such consideration to this subject as its importance deat the earliest moment, to give such consideration to this subject as its importance dends, that a correction of all mistaken legation, and the abuses following, may not

be longer delayed. Deposits in Banks.

By the act of August 22, 1868, the treasurer of the State is required to deposit all moneys coming into his hands, on account of the State, within three days, Sundays exclusive,

State, within three days, Sundays exclusive, in some bank of safe deposit.

The following is the statutory provision:

"The treasurer of the State of South Carolina thail deposit all moneys that shall come in order hands, on account of this State, within three days, Sundays exclusive, after receiving the same, in some bank or banks in the cities of Columbia and Charleston, as shall be cities of Columbia and Charleston, as shall be designated by the Governor, compiroller-general and treasurer, or any two of them, and as, in their opinion, shall be secure, and pay the highest rate of interest for such deposit. The moneys so deposited shall be placed to the account of the treasurer, and he shall keep a bank book in which shall be entered his accounts of deposits in and meners drawn from. counts of deposits in, and meneys drawn from, the banks in which such deposits shall ce

made."

And the banks are also required—
"Respectively to transmit to the Governor and comptroller-general monthly statements of the moneys which shall be received and paid by them on account of the treasury."

The committee have failed to find any entry in the treasurer's books of interest received from any bank in which deposits of the moneys of the State have been made. While nearly all the banking institutions of the City of Columbia have had a share of such funds, it is apparent to the committee that the South Carolina rent to the committee that the South Carolin rent to the commutee that the South Carolina Bank and Trust Company has been regarded the most "secure," and hence the most worthy of the largest amount of deposits; or, perhaps, so intimate are the relations of the officers or stockholders of this bank with the official of the Stars, that the head amount of cals of the State, that the bank so much in favor is considered the most convenient, if not the mest profitable or secure depository, under

The committee, believing it to be a part of their duty to learn the whole amount of deposits made by the State treasurer in that and other institutions, made application at the counter of the South Carolina Bank and Trust Company for leave to examine their books of credits to the State, but were refused the privilege. Therefore the amount of interest washington, N.C. 30.11 43 E. Whimington, N.C. 30.11 64 SW Fr. sh. Fair.

Note.—The weather report dated 7.47 o'clock, his morning, will be posted in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce at 10 o'clock A. M. and, together with the weather chart, may (by the courtesy of the Chamber) be examined by shipmasters at any time during the day. The committee, believing it to be a part of

which might have been ascertained as due, and withheld from the State, cannot be given

and withheld from the State, cannot be given at pr-sent, but may be at some future day.

That this bank has had large amounts of State money there can be no question, and upon it a good share of its business has been done. If, as is shown by the statement of moneys received from all sources, less than one-fourth of the amount has been paid over to the financial agent, there certainly must have been sizes the passage of the act rehave been, since the passage of the act re-quiring deposits to be made, deducting all the transactions of the treasurer with the financial agent, nearly two and one-half millions of money of the State in the treasurer's hands which should not only have been de-posited in "secure" banks, but accumulated "the highest rate of interest" during the time of its deposit.

Not only have the banks not paid the inter-

sof only have the boats not pate the inter-est required, but the South Carolina Bank and Trust Company, the accredited depository of the State moneys, has been the place for pay-ment of claims upon the State, which payments were delayed until "the usual discount" was allowed, notwithstanding the deposits of the State in its vaults, the certificate of payment given by the treasurer, and the endorsement given by the treasurer, and the endorsement of the Governor, whose signature is, by law, dec'ared to be "the evidence of his approval." Such has been the notoriety of this practice that it is currently rumored throughout the State, and generally believed, that claims against the State, or certificates of payments given by the State treasurer, when presented at its counter, are paid out of the State tunds deposited there, after a required discount is deducted from the face of the pay certificate. And, in addition to this, it is asserted that some of the members of the Legislature received from this bank payment on their pay ceived from this bank payment on their pay certificates, after submitting to "a large shave," when it was expected the deficiency shave," when it was expected the deficiency appropriation, covering all legislative expenses, would receive the approval of the fovernor, and thus provide the means for immediate payment of the same. The Governor having falled to sign the deficiency bill, the Legislature adjourned, with no appropriation to pay its members, many of whom, by necessity, were compelled to sell their certificates. This bank "bought their claims," at a great sacrifice to the members, on the plea "that the bank must loan its own funds and wait until the next session of the Legislature and passage of a deficiency Its own funds and wait until the next session of the Legislature and passage of a deficiency appropriation bill before the claims could be paid." This was a subtle invention of the leeches of the treasury, for taxes were being collected, and funds of the State were passing into the vaults of the bank. In greater amounts than had been paid out on its own risk, subject to its use; and although no special appropriation existed warranting the payment of such certificates, "the inexhaustible" funds of the State, "moneys not otherwise appropriated" could be drawn upon by offic als interested, and it needed not the wisdom of a solomon to discern the fact.

The committee do not desire to be understood as questioning the right of any bank.

rne committee to not desire to be under-stood as questioning the right of any bank, when doing business upon its own capital, restricted by its own rules and general bank-ing laws, to ask and receive such discounts as the character of the person applying, the security presented, and the probability of its final adjustment may demand; but they do unman adjustment may defined, on they do al-hesitatingly question the propriety of State officials forming themse ves into a banking association, and depositing the State funds with themselves, drawing out of the treasury with one hand, and raying out of the bank with the other, certificates or claims, and observing heavy near cents for the privilege: with the other, certificates or thanks, and charging heavy per cents, for the privilege; giving no security and paying no interest for the use of the money, not even furnishing a report of the amounts transferred from the treasury to the bank. As to the law in this treasiry to the bank. As to the law it this regard, the committee most earnestly recommend the General Assembly to consider its provisions, and, it not explicit enough in detail, to so far amend it as to protect the state and all who have dealings with it from further imposition, extortion and loss. It is certainly expected that the Legislature will so guird the treasury and put such checks upon it, as the treasury, and put such checks upon it, as will prevent misuse of the public moneys, and entrust them only to responsible parties. And it should be further provided that the State, at all times, shall have its deposits protected by undoubted securities, and that the interest on those deposits shall be paid into the treasury

at least semi-annually.

A Mammoth Broker's Office. [From the Union Times.] If any of our readers wish to get an insight into the intricacies and profits of the broker-age business, they should secure a few claims against the various departments of our State against the various departments of our State Government, and then present them for payment in Columbia. The first thing they will hear is, "There's not a dollar in the treasury." But in a short time some one will carelessly (?) whisper 'n your ear, "It you call on Mr. — he will help you 'put it through." You call, and Mr. —, who is not a State officer, looks wise and doubtful—"afraid there's no chance—lots of such claims here—no money—treasurer absent," &c., but closes with "what will you take for it?" Being hard up for money, you propose a deduction of five per cent. You astonish Mr. —, who informs you that meney is worth one and a half per cent. a month, on good paper, and as it is doubtful when your claim will be paid, you must 'come down' much better than that. Well, your necessities press hard, and you propose ten per cent. "Can't promise on that—have seen many like claims sold at twenty-five per cent." You study, perhaps, say "cus words," but he is as stolid as a rock. In a fit of desperation, with, probably, not five dollars in your pocket, Government, and then tresent them for pay study, perhaps, say "cuss words," but he is a stolid as a rock. In a fit of desperation, with, probably, not five dollars in your pocket, and hotel bills and travelling expenses to be met, you agree to the shave, and hand over the ciaim. Mr. — takes it, coolly telling you he will "try and get it for you" next day, or in that afternoon at such an hour. You, ot course, suppose he will go and sell it to some private individual who has a little money to risk on such uncertain (?) claims. Not so. Watch Mr. — cose and you will find him wending his way to the Statehouse. You cannot tell which room he enters; but wait patiently. In a short time he emerges. Keep your eye on him, or if you think he suspects you of watching him, get a friend to do it for you. See him enter a certain bank and hand over to the teller a check. Without hesitation the greenbacks are transferred and snugly deposited in Mr. — 's pocket before he gets out of the do r. At the appointed hour you call, and are informed that after a great deal of mancewring and much hard begging the claim has been sold—he don't tell you that he has sold you too—and you pocket the amount of your claim, minus the twenty-five per cent. The moral of all this is, twenty-five per cent. discount will draw money from an empty treasury.

THE WEATHER THIS DAY.

WASHINGTON, December 26. Washington, December 26.

The area of cold, clearing weather, with northerly winds, will probably move eastward on Wednesday over the lakes and extend southward to Tennessee. The area of cloudy and threatening weather will pass northeast over the Middle and Eastern States, possibly with light snow or rain to-night. Patially cloudy and mild weather on Wednesday in the Galf and South Atlantic States, with rain in Alabama and Louisiana. Dangerous winds are anticipated for this evening.

Yesterday's Weather Reports of the Signal Service, U. S. A .- 4.47 P. M., Local Time.

Place of Observation.	Height of Baro- meter	Thermometer	Wind of	Force of Wind	State of the Weather
A igusia, Ga	30.12		sw	Light.	Fair.
Baltimore	30.05	47		Gentle.	Cloudy.
Boston	30.14		SW	Light.	Fair.
Charleston	30.13		NW	Fresh.	L.Snow.
Onicago	30.06		sw	Light.	Cloudy.
Galveston	80.11	60		Light.	Fog.
Key West, Fla	30.14	78		Fresh.	Fair.
			SW	Gentle.	Cloudy.
Mempais, Tenn.	30.08	43		Light.	Cloudy.
Mt. Washington.	29.91		W	Fresh.	Fair.
New Orleans	30.08		sw	Brisk.	Fair.
New York	30.07		NE	Fresh.	Cloudy.
Norfolk	30.01	64		Light.	Cloudy.
Philadeinhig	30.05	40		Gentle.	Cloudy.
Portland, Me	39.18		NE	Gentle.	Cloudy.
Lugonnah	30.14	75	STIT	Light.	Fair.
St. Louis	30.08		NW	Gentle.	Cloudy.
Washington, D.C.	3 01		SW	Fr 8h.	Fair.
Wilmington.N C.	30.11		1	ire our	14.000

THE PARTY VS. THE RING. VIEWS OF AN INTELLIGENT COLORED

REPUBLICAN. A Strong Letter from Representative W. J. Whipper.

To the Editor of the Beaufort Times:

SIR-No doubt you are aware of my aversion to appearing before the public through the columns of the newspapers, but, under the present circumstances, I feel it to be my duty to state the motives and impulses that will govern my political action in the tut ure I start out with the fact that I am a Republi-

I start out with the fact that I am a Republican by birth, by education, through necessity, and by color; not because all Republicans are colored men, but because all true colored men should and ought to be Republicans, and because it guaranteed to my race political and civil liberty. To the great Republican party of the nation I will ever owe allegiance. I cannot and will not support other political principles, but when men under the guise of Republican principles rob, steal and plunder the public treasury, and thereby destroy the political brsis upon which the future of my race must rest, bring odium and disgrace upon the race and party to which I belong. I feel it my duty to dissolve my connection, not with the Republican party, but with the men who, by dishonesty, demagoguism and intrigue have by dishonesty, demagoguism and intrigue have defamed the name of Republicanism, and brought financial ruin upon the State.

That this has been done in South Carclina name one can doubt, because the formers of the

That this has been done in South Carolina no one can doubt, because the figures of the officials thems-ives have written their condemnation—this fact being patent to all. A resolution was introduced in the House of Representatives to impeach the Governor, who was foremost among the dishonest officials, but the resolution failed. Why? Because the very money stolen from the impoverished people of the State was used to bribe members of the House to defeat the resolution of impeachment. So eager and earnest was the move to stay the hand of justice that was the move to stay the hand of justice that the briber and bribe-takers were known even to those who had no official connection with the General Assembly. Though the resolution failed, the Governor will pass into history impeached and dishonored before the bar of the civilized world. As the Hastings of other days and Andrew Johnsons of our own time, these robbeties and briberies have become a stench in the nostrils of all good men, regardless of party, throughout the length and breadth of the land.

Knowing this, I feel it my du'y to urge the

breadth of the land.

Knowing this, I feel it my du'y to urge the reople or this State to unite not simply to bring these men to justice, but to purze the entire State of dishonest and corrupt officials of whatever party. I ask this in behalf of humanity—in behalf of a robbed, plundered and impoverished State, and that the ends of good government may be obtained. The government organized under the reconstruction acts of Congress has proven a failure, which acts of Congress has proven a failure, which has been fully demonstrated by the fact of its inability to protect life and property, and that the State is now necessifily invaded by Fedthe state is now necessity invaded of rea-eral troops; and, financially, because it can-not meet its obligations. For the present con-dition of things, the Republican party is not alone chargeaule. At a time when good coun-sel, experience and advice were most needed by that party, the men who should have been mest interested in the welfare and prosperity of the State withheld their aid, counsel and affiliation, and allowed bureau agents and unscrupulous men to take the part which they have since seen should have been taken by better men. Not only have they continued to withhold their counsel and advice, but in the upper counties of the State have organized or encouraged a reign of terror to prevent Re-publicans from exercising the franchise. Of those men, natives of the soil, who lent aid or coursel, what was their fare? Social ostracourse. What was there have social oction. In this the press of the State has alded. Ku-Khixismon the one hand and inancial ruin on the other demand different action in the future from the press of the State. Does not this condition of things ask for a change at the hands of the people and the press? In taking this position as a Republican, it is indeed a painful duty, only warranted by the corrup-tion of officials of the State and the utler disregard of law and order on the part of some of the members of the opposite party. Hoping that the change so much desired will be brought about at the next election, and that a newera of peace and prosperity will dawn upon the State, that all good citizens will lend their aid and influence, and assiring the pub-lic that I am pledged to this cause.

I am, sir, Very respectfully, W. J. Whipper. THE SHERWOOD RACES.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

BARNWELL, S. C., December 23. The first race of the meeting was mile heats: thirry dollars entrance, club to add one hundred dollars. For this race there were three entries, as follows: General Hagood entered entries, as follows: General Hagou entered chestnut mare Sundown, five years old, by Congaree, dam by Red Eagle; Mr. T. H. Wood, of Augusta, entered bay colt Jim Hinton, four years old, by Rodgets, dam unknown; Mr. Alfred Aldrich entered bay colt Blit Stoney, five years old, by Congaree, dam, Julia Cooper.

This was a wester roce. The horse who had

Julia Cooper.

This was a pretty race. The horse who had come from a distance was the invorite, at odds of two to one against the field, and Jim Hinton was offered pretty freely just before the tap of the drum at odds of three to one, without

takers.
The horses came to the stand as follows: Sundown next the post, Jim Hinton's cond, Bill Stoney third, the outside. They got off fairly at the first call, Jim Hinton taking the luside almost immediately, and keeping it for one-third of the mile, when Bill Stoney challenged him and passed with ease, keeping the lead to the end of the hear, and winning the

lead to the end of the hear, and winning the same in 2.5½.

At the call of the judges for the second heat, Jim Hinton and Bili Stoney only came to the post. They got off even, and ran very prettily together for five hundred yards nearly locked, when Bill Stoney drew out ahead, gradually widening the gap, until he passed under the string three lengths in front of the stranger, winning the heat in 2.2½, and the race.

The next day a very pretty race of a dash of three-quarters of a mile was run, \$100 entrance, making a purse of \$300 to the winning horse. The entries were Bill Stoney and Jim Hinton, by their respective owners, and a chestnut colt, four years old, by General Hagood. The horses came to the post in the order named: Chesnutfolt, first; Jim Hinton, second; Bill Stoney, at his old stand, on the

second; Bill Stoney, at his old stand, on the outside. They got off at the first attempt, ran about two thirds of the way all together, with Jim Hinton in the lead. Coming up the home-stretch, Jim Hinton and Bill Soney gradually drawing away from the colt and passing un-der the string cose together, with Jim Hinton

in the lead, winning the race in 1.25.

der the suing close together, with Jim Hinton in the lead, winning the race in 1.25.

In this race Bill Stoney ran under disadvantages difficult to overcome. He carried a rider out of Jim Hinton's stable, having lent his own jockey to the chetsnut colt of General Hagood with the laudable object of contributing to the sport, and confident in his prowess to rise to emergencies. This race seemed to be an illustration of the apothegm, "The race is not always to the swirt," and, in the expressive language of Bill Stoney's owner, and the friend oi Bill Nye, "They played it that day upon William and me in a way I despise." The backers of Bill Stoney offered to run this race over the next day for five hundred dollars, or at any time in the future, but on the morrow they were grieved to learn that Jim Hinton and party "had folded their tents like the Arabs and silently stolen away."

On the third and last day there were a few scrub races only. We are glad to learn that the meeting on the Sherwood Track next year will take place during the county fair in Octors.

will take place during the county fair in Octo-ber, as the weather in December is too cold to make the attendance large or enthusiastic. Now AND THEN.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The weather east of the Mississippi is Maylike. In the West the storm continues.

Jesse R. Grant's condition is critical.

The negroes still hold Lake Village. Arkansas, and are pressing horses and supplies, and have many white prisoners. The negroes are reinforcing.

groes are reinforcing.

There was another rain storm in California on Saturday pight, and fitteen inches of rain fellwithin a week, more than all last year. Severaltowns were flooded. The levees at Sacramento withstood the flood, and the town was saved. THE OLD WORLD'S NEWS.

LONDON, December 26.

The Porte, backed by Russia and Austria, are sharply pressing the government of the Danubian principalities for a settlement of their railway obligations.

The Spanish Cortes had been prorogued to January 20th. Topete, the Spanish minister of the colonies, announces the intention of re-

of the colonies, announces the intention of reforming the Havana volunteer organization.
Troops for Cuba continue to depart.
The right centre of the French Assembly,
had made overtures to Legitimists for a coalition. The Legitimists will usually coalesce
with the right centre, but maintain their independence. The Legitimists disapprove of the
Orleans Princes as leaders.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 26.
Minister Schenck has dissolved his connection with the Emma Silver Mining Company.
Bowen, of South Carolina, is here, looking after his interest in the contest for DeLarge seat.

THE WHARTON TRIAL

Annapolis, Md., December 26.
The analytical chemist Tonry testified that he found sixteen grains of metallic antimony in a portion of Ketchum's viscera.

Married.

GIBBS-PERRY.—On the evening of the 21st Instant, by the Rt. Rev. W. B. W. Howe. JAMES P. GIBB4, of this city, to JANE W., daughter of the late colonel Benj. Perry, of st. Paul's Parish. * HANCKEL-MACON.—On the 19th instant, at Tufton, Va. by the Rev. J. S. Hanckel, Louis T. HANCKEL to Miss IDA MACON, daughter of the late Colonel Thomas Macon, of Charlottesville, Va. * LOGAN-McDUGAL.—In Charleston, S. C., on the 25th instant, at the house of the bride's father, by the Rev. Robert Logan, father of the bridegroom, Mr. John R. LOGAN to Miss JANE McDugal, daughter of David McDugal, of Charleston, S. C.

Doitnary

MIDDLETON.—Died in the City of London. on 4th December. 1571, in the seventy-third year of his age. Captain PHILIP FRANCIS MIDDLETON. a native of London, and for over for:y years a res dent of Charleston.

JONES.—Died on the 7 h instant, at the residence of Mrs. Ann Joses, Kingstree, S. C., ELIZABETH JONES, wife of Mr. D. H. Jones, of this city.

Sewing Machines. WHAT ADVANTAGES

THE "ELIAS HOWE" MACHINE OVER OTHERS,

First.-The public know it to be durable. conclusive evidence is twenty years have not placed second-hand "HOWE" Machines in the market It cannot be said of any other machine. Second.—It contains the material for its own

Thid.—It has less wearing points than any Fourth.-It draws up a stitch as you do by Fifth.—You have perfect control over both

sixth.—It gives off thread in proportion to the thickness of fabric sewed, thereby avoiding slow motion over femme, dropping stickness and breaking of needles—a great objection to all other machines. chines.
Seventh.—It sews a tight seam in cassimere, burying the thread on either side, and then a it-sue paper, without change of tension.
Eighth.—The presser foot is easily swung out of the way when you set a needle or put under work. It snot so with any other.

Among the many "FIRST PREMIUMS" awarded THE ELIAS HOWE SEWING MACHINES, may

ed THE ELIAS HOWE SEWING MACHINES, may be mentioned the following:
The Invernational Exh bitton of all Nations, London, 1862, a Gold Medal.
New York State Fair, 1866.
Fxposition Universelle, Paris, 1867, a Gold Medal.
Cross of the Legion of Elias Howe, Jr., as Original Inventor.
Ohio State Fair, 1868.
New York State Fair, 1868.
Vermont State Fair, 1868.

Vermont State Fair, 1868. Reco lect that Mr. HOWE was the Original Inventor of Sewing Machines, and gave twenty years of his life to perfecting this Machine.

EVERY MACHINE IS FULLY WARRANTED AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED IN EVERY CASE.

if you are prejudiced in favor of any par-icular Machine, at least examine THE HOWE

OFFICE No. 372 KING STREET. ALFRED G. ELY.

Agent South Carolina.

THE NEW IMPROVED

WHEELER & WILSON. THE MOST POPULAR FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

__0_ Between six and seven hundred thousand now n use. Is the most simple, runs easier, and make ess noise than any other first-class Lock Stitch Machine. Does all kinds of work usually done by hand. Bas better attachments for Hemming, Frilling, Tucking, Cording, Quilting, Gathering, &c., than any other Machine. These Machines are now offered for sale in this city on the LEASE PLAN, at Ten Dolla's per month until paid for. Thorough instruction given, and satisfaction

guaranteed in all cases. Old Machines repaired and adjusted by a competent machinist. A few live men can find regular and profitable employment, either on salary or commission, by applying Parlor and Sale-room No. 209 KING STREET.

W. G. BRUCE, Agent. WHYTE & HARRAL, General Agents. dec 18

Legal Not ces.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF RICHLAND—court of Common PIEGS.—PHINEAS F. FRAZZE, as Sheriff of Rich-Pieas.—PHINEAS F. FRAZEE, as Sheriff of Richland County, Piantiff, against FDWARD L.
DEANE and EOBERT K. SCOTT, Defendants.—
Copy summons for relief.—(Complaint served.)
To the Defendant. EDWARD L. DEANE: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at Columbia, within twenty days aft it he service; and if you fall to answer the complaint within the time aforesald, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated November 18, 1871.

MONTEITI & BAUSKETT,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

To the lefendant, EDWARD L. DEANE: Take To the Feendant, LDW ARD L. DEANT. Take notice, that the summons in this action, of which the foregoing is a copy, was died in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for Richland, State of South Carolina aforesaid, on the 20th day of November, in the year 1571.

November 20, 1871.

MONTEITH & BAUSKETT, nov22.W6 Paintin's Attorners.

nov22-w6

MONTEITH & BAUSKETT,
Painting attorneys.

CTATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNDITY OF DARLINGTON—Court of Commen Pleas.—VIRGINIA C. COGGSHALL, J. C. RIVES, Tutor under Foreign Law, J. GREGG MCUALL, Guardian Plainting, vs. PETER C. COGGSHALL, CLARENCE ERVIN, OLIVER C. COGGSHALL, GLARENCE ERVIN, OLIVER C. COGGSHALL, GLARENCE ERVIN, OLIVER C. COGGSHALL, GEORGE P. COGGSHALL, JILLSON B. DOUGLAS, CAROLINE E. DOUGLAS, JOHN J. CANNON, W. JAMES DARGAN, HANNAH E. DARGAN, CHARLES C. LAW, Administrators, THEODORE A. DARGAN, Trustee, JAMES R. ERVIN, ERASMUS P. ERVIN, Defendants.—Complaint to Impeach Decree in Chancery. Partition and Relief.

TO GEORGE P. COGGSHALL and CLARENCE ERVIN: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at Darlington Courthouse, in said State, on the 16th day of October, 1871, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, at Darlington Courthouse, in said State, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the Day of Such Service; and if you fall to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plathtiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

R. K. CHARLES, Plaintiff's Attorney.

felmbold's Buchn.

MANHOOD

IN THE

YOUNG & RISING GENERATION

The vegetative powers of life are strong, but in a few years how often the pallid hue, the lack lusere eye, and emaciated form, show their baneful influence. It soon becomes evident to the observ er that some depressing influence is checking the development of the body. Consumption is talked of, and perhaps the youth is removed from school and sent into the country. This is one of the worst movements. Removed from ordinary diversions of the ever-changing scenes of the city the powers of the body, too much enfeebled to give zest to healthful and rural exercise, thoughts are turned inwardly upon themselves.

If the patient be a female the approach of the PARIS PAVILION CIRCUS menses is looked for with auxiety as the first symptom in which nature is to show her saving power in diffusing the circulation and visiting th cheek with the bloom of health. Alas! increase of appetite has grown by what it fed on. The energies of the system are prostrated, and the whole economy is deranged. The beautiful and wonderful period in which body and mind under go so fascinating a change from child to woman is looked for in vain. The parent's heart bleeds in anxiety, and funcies the grave but waiting for

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

FOR WEAKNESS ARISING FROM EXCESSES OR EARLY INDISCRETION,

attended with the following symptoms: INDIS-POSITION TO EXERTION, LOSS OF POWER, LOSS OF MEMORY, DIFFICULTY OF BREATH-ING. General Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling. Dreadful Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Langor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscu lar System, often Enormous Appetite with Dys peptic Symptoms, Hot Hands. Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenances and Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, Frequently Black Spots fiving before the Eyes, with temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight. Want of Attention, Great Mo bility, Restlessness, with Horror of Society.

Nothing is more desirable to such patients than Solitude, and nothing they more dread, for feat of themselves; no repose of manner, no earnestness, no specilation; but a hurried transition from one question to another.

THESE SYMPTOMS, IF ALLOWED TO GO ON -WHICH THIS MEDICINE INVARIABLY RE-MOVES-SOON FOLLOW LOSS OF POWER, FATUITY AND EPILEPTIC FITS, IN ONE OF WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPIRE. During the Superintendence of Dr. WILSON at

he BLOOMINGDALE ASYLUM, this sad result occurred to two patients. Reason had for a time left them, and both died of epilepsy. They were of both sexes, and about twenty years of age. Who can say that their excesses are not fre quently followed by those direful diseases, IN SANITY and CONSUMPTION? The records of the INSANE ASYLUMS, and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of these assertions. In Lunatic Asylums the most melancholy exhibition appears. The countenance is actually sodden and quite destitute; neither mirth nor grief ever visits it. Should a sound of

Low sullen sounds their grief begulled."

While we regret the existence of the above diseases and symptoms, we are prepared to offer an avaluable gift of chemistry for the removal of he consequences.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its ac tion, free from all injurious properties, superse ding Copaiba and all other nauseous Compounds

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

There is no tonic like it. It is an anchor of hope to the physician and patient. This is the testimony of all who have used or prescribed it. Beware of counterfeits and those cheap decod ions called Buchu, most of which are prepared by self-styled doctors, from deleterious ingre dients, and offered for sale at "less price" and 'iarger bottles," &c. They are unreliable and requently injurious.

Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other. PRICE \$1 25 PER BOTTLE, OR SIX

BOTTLES FOR \$6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in

all communications. HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE PREPARATIONS, Established upward of twenty years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST,

No. 594 Broadway, New York,

No. 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

Amusements.

A CADEMY OF MUSIC. Benefit and last appearance of the Queen Star of

ROSE WATKINS,

who will appear, by special request, in her matchless impersonation of

KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN,

OR UNDER THE SPELL.

TERRENCE O'MODES HARRY WATKINS. Supported by the full strength of the best

DRAMATIC TROUPE that has visited this city for years.

DAN RICE. THE GREAT

COMPANY.

ONE WEEK ONLY, * AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

CLARK,

The Wonderful NELSONS, O'BRIEN, the Vaulter and Double Somersault Performer of the World; MISS LIZZIE MARCELLUS;

MAYA, the French Clown JAMES COOKE, the celebrated English Jester; MILES, TOURNAIRE,

NICHOLS.

Scores of Acrebats, Gymnasts, Equestrian, and Trapeze Performers. Professor DAVIS and his Wonderful Troupe of

PERFORMING DOGS.

CITADEL GREEN.

AND

The Famous Trained Horses : EXCELSIOR, Jr., STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, REBECCA AND JULIA.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING. Doors open at 1 and 7.

Admission, 75 cents; Children under ten 25c. Tickets for sale at Pavilion Hotel, FRED. DAUER'S Music Store, No. 377 King street, and t Ticket Wagou. dec25-2

CADEMY OF MUSIC. MRS. MOULTON,

AMERICA'S GREATEST SINGER. The Management has the honor to announce

GRAND MOULTON CONCERTS, FOR THURSDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 28, AND FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 29, AT 8 O'CLOCE, ON WHICH OCCASION MRS. CHARLES MOULTON,

America's Most Gifted Songstress,

And so long distinguished in European and
American Art Circles for her matchless vocal
powers and exqui-tie culture, and after her recent MOST BRILLIANT TRIUMPHS in New York,
Boston, New Orleans and the principal cities of
the United States, where she has created the
greatest enthusiasm with press and public, will
make her first appearance in Charleston, assisted
by the following Artists:
Mr. BROGKHOUSE BOWLER, the favorite Tenor.
Sig. FERRANTI, the renowned Baritone, (his first
appearance here,) and
Mr. JAMES M. WEHLI, the eminent Pianist, (his
first visit to the South.)
Mr. GEORGE W. COLBY, Musical Director.
SCALE OF PRICES: America's Most Gifted Songstress,

SCALE OF PRICES:

Collet end Sancy Goeds.

FRENCH, ENGLISH

AMERICAN EXTRACTS,

POMADES,

JEAN MARIE FARINA'S,

AND

HAIR OILS, &C.

AIMAR'S PREMIUM

AT

AIMAR'S,

COLOGNE WATERS

Corner King and Vanderhorst streets.

THE WEED

dec20-12

F. F. SEWING MACHINE

has not yet become such a drug in the market as to require to be hawked through the streets or left at the residences against the wishes of the occupants. But my sales have not diminished, nor has the reputation of these Machines suffered by competition. Call and see the n and you will be convinced of

D. B. HASELTON.

dec20-1mo No. 307 KINGISTREET.

C HARLESTON ADVERTISING AGENCY,

CORNER BROAD STREET AND EAST BAY.

ADVERTISEMENTS taken at publishers lowest cash rates for ALL PAPERS in the United States WALKER, EVANS & COGSWELL.

Clothing and Enrnishing Goods,

WINTER CLOTHING

EIGHT DOLLARS A YEAR.

THE BEST SELECTED STOCK

BOYS' & MEN'S CLOTHING,

CORNER KING AND WENTWORTH STS.

MATTHIESSEN. WILLIAM

ELEGANT IN STYLE

MODERATE IN PRICES.

ORDERED WORK DEPARTMENT

SUPPLIED WITH

CHOICE IMPORTED ENGLISH & FRENCH GOODS.

THE BEST

CHEAPEST STOCK 10F

MEN'S UNDERCLOTHING IN THE SOUTH.

SILK, MERINO, **ALL-WOOL SHAKER FLANNEL**

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, WITH THE VERY LATEST NOVELTIES IN

ELEGANT NECK WEAR,

SCOTT'S STAR SHIRT EMPORIUM,

MEETING STREET, Opposite the Market. nov18

NEW FASHIONS. MENKE & MULLER,

NO. 325 KING STREET, Invite attention to their large and splendid STOCK OF CLOTH, CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS, &C.

READY-MADE SUITS for all ages, from the READY MADE SUITS for all ages, from the smallest boy to the largest man.

Dress and Business Suits of all descriptions.

Elegant Overcoats, Pea Jackets, Derby and Plain Sack Suits, Fine English Walking Coats and Suits of all celors, Single and Double Breasted Black Frock Coats, Black Doeskin and Fancy Cassimere Dress Pants, Velvets, Silks, Cloth, Castor Beaver and Cassimere Vests, manufactured under our own observation. We are therefore sure of a good fit and durable work.

TAILORING

DEPARTMENT

Is supplied with the finest selection of BROAD-CLOTHS, Doeskins, Castor Beavers, Chinchilla Diagonals, Meltons, and all styles of Cassimeres for Busines Suits. Velvets, Siliss, Piush and Cash-mere Vestings. And a variety of handsome Pan-taion Patterns. which we make up to order by measure at the shortest notice, and guarantee dist class and proper workmanship.

FURNISHING GOODS.

This Department is supplied with the celebrated STAR SHIRTS, Imported and Domestic Merino Shaker Fiannel, All-Wool Underwear Goods, Half Hose, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Linen and Paper Curis and Colars, Imperial, Alexander and Courvolsier's Kid Gioves. And a ful assortment of Buckskin, Dogskin, Beaver and Cass. Gloves. And a very large assortment of Silk, Alpaca and Scotch Ginzham Water-Proof [140] Umbrellas.

Our Stock has been selected with the greatest care, and prices marked very low in plain figures. Our motto is quick sales and smail profits, fair dealings. Goods may be returned if not satisfactory. Buyers in our line will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

Cigars, Cobacco, &c.

DON'T READ THIS! Selling off, on account of closing business

CIGARS, PIPES, TOBACCO, &c. The largest and best selected stock in the city at L. LORENZT, Corner Wentworth and King streets.

dec5-1mo

An extensive and complete assortment of all strictes in his line of business is kept constantly on head, giving a facility of filing, without deter, all orders extended to him, accompanied city. Furchasers are requested to examine his city. Furchasers are requested to examine his perfect stock before trading elsewhers.

WILLIAM SCHRODER, DEDICAL OF EMPEROR OF THE COMPANIES OF T MEERSCHAUM PIPES a specialty, therefore can sell at prices to surprise you. Suitable for Christmas Presents.

SOCIETY STREET. MO. 810 KING STREET, THREE DOORS SOUTH OF

TAIL MANUFACTURING OIGAR AND TOBACCO CHYRTESTON WHOLESALE AND RE-A GOOD CHANCE FOR

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

CHEAP CIGARS, TOBACCO, MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR PIPES, and all belonging to the trade, to close out business, at L. LORENZI'S, dec18-7 Corner Wentworth and King Streets.