VOLUME XI .-- NUMBER 1636.

THE INSURGENT REDS MASTERS OF THE FRENCH CAPITAL.

A NEW REIGN OF TERROR.

The Conflict at Belleville-Atrocious Murder of French Generals-Flight of the Respectable People from Paris-The Thier's Government Retires to Versailles-The Diplomatic Corps Follow-The Germans Decline to Inter-

PARIS, March 19. The council of war yesterday, Thiers presiding, resolved to attack the insurgents. At two o'clock the chasseurs and three regiments of the line advanced on Montmartre, another body on Lavalette, and another on Belleville. The troops were successful at Montmartre and Lavalette, but at Belleville the people refused to allow the troops to enter Rue du Paris. The gens d'armes charged, but were compelled to retreat under volleys from the insurgents. At Lavalette the troops fraternized with the insurgents. General Vinoy was hissed and pelted at Montmartre. General Palladines is a prisoner at the insurgent headquarters. General LeCompte has been sentenced to death. General Susville is killed, and many of the gens d'armes were killed.

The respectable Parisians are stupefied. General Thomas's last word was "Cowards." He fell at the third discharge. Thiers is firm but full of grief. Vinoy's indignation is bound-

The mob virtually possess the city. Only wine shops are open and drunkenness is rampant. Women are armed. General Chanzey was arrested upon his arrival at Paris by the Montmartreists. It is said he will be shot today. All persons of prominence are flying from Paris. The corpses of the murdered generals were mutilated.

A Versailles dispatch says the government is determined to maintain its authority. The official journal says the government is indulgent, but must rise and punish assassing otherwise the whole people will be their accomplices.

It is stated that these terrible events have caused a halt of the German army's homeward

-Paris, March 20. Vinoy with the gen d'armes withdrew to the left bank of the Seine, leaving the National Guards to maintain order on the right bank. The indications are that the National Guards and the insurgents fraternize. Two generals, abandoned by the troops, were executed by the insurgents.

London, March 20. Napoleon left Wilhelmshohe on Sunday. He was escorted to the station by a guard of honor. He arrived at Dover to-day. An immense crowd was in waiting to receive him, and he was cheered enthusiastically. It is thought the revolutionary proceedings in Paris will extend to Marseilles, Lyons, and even to Bordeaux. The Thier's government contemplates going to Tours. The Germans decline to inferfere

Reports from Paris say that the gens d'armes collected from the provinces by Gineral Vinoy haved deserted and joined the insur-

No resistance was made to the insurgents Generals Lecompte and Thomas were executed by order of Ricciotti Garibaldi, who di rected the insurrection. Official,

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 20. Washburn telegraphs to Secretary Fish as

"The National Guards Committee is master of Paris. The Departments of the Interior, of

Justice and of the Police are occupied by the insurgents. Generals Vinoy, Thomas and Lecompte have been murdered by the troops. The elections commence to-morfow. All the members of the Thiers Government have gone to Versailles. I follow with the whole diplomatic corps."

FROM WASHINGTON.

The K, K. still Pending in Congress The Question of Adjournment-The Georgia Senators.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 20. In the House, Butler's Ku-Klux bill was read and occupied three quarters of an hour. It was then referred to the ludiciary committee, when appointed. This buries it. Many bills have been introduced, including two amnesty bills. The pesolution of the Senate has been amended, making a committee of seven sena tors and four members to report at the next or any subsequent session, by a vote of 127 to 60. A concurrent resolution to adjourn on the 23d was passed.

The Senate is discussing Ku-Klux.

The committee on elections agreed, by a vote of 4 to 2, to seat Blodgetrand Goldthwaite, upon prima facie evidence, and consider the merits hereafter of Hill and Thurman. The committee will oppose seating Blodgett when the question comes up in the Senate.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The Neuse River Paper Mills, at Raleigh, N. C., were burned Sunday night. The loss is estimated at \$50,000, of which \$15,000 was insured. The fire was the work of an incen-

The steamboat Rose Franks, with a cargo of seven hundred bales of cetton, was burned vesterday at Turnbull's Island, near New Orleans. No lives were lost, but the boat and

cargo are a total loss. A dispatch from London states that the bark Cornwall was sunk by a collision with the steamer Himalaya. Eleven persons were

A tornado in St. Clair County, Missouri, on Tuesday last, prostrated twenty farm houses, besides a great number of fences, trees, &c.

THE STATE OF THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 20. Clear weather has prevalled on the Gulf and west of the Mississippi; it has gradually clouded up along the Atlantic coast, with light rains from Virginia to Connecticut. The high pressure still continues on the coast of Maine, but has diminished rapidly on the middle Atlantic and lower Lakes. The lowest pressure has moved from Lake Michigan eastward, and is now between Lakes Ontario and Huron. The northeasterly gale on Lake Superior has abated; fresh northwesterly winds prevail there. Brisk southerly winds are reported on Ontario and Erie, and brisk westerly winds on Lake Michigan. Probabilities: Threatening weather, with fresh and brisk winds, are indicated for Tuesday northeast of Virginia, and cloudy weather on the South Atlantic and the Gulf and upper Lakes.

THINGS IN NEW YORK. -

A New Phase of the French Relief Question-Nillsson to Stay in America-St. Patrick's Day-The Taylor Will Case-San Domingo Gossip-The Aldin Banquet.

[PROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.] . NEW YORK, March 18. A few words on the subject of the relief for the French. The sufferings of unhappy France have elicited the liveliest sympathy here, and the aggregate sum obtained for the victims of the war must be very great, though no full statistics have yet been given. By the request of Bishop Potter, collections were made last Sunday in most of the churches of this Episcopal diocese, and the response was liberal. Numerous fairs and concerts have been given with happy pecuniary results. One- of these, given at Steinway Hall, though a poor affair, musically speaking, netted \$3388. This was especially for Strasbourg. Several mediocre artists have holsted themselves into temporary artists have holsed the series of the benefit of France," using the condition of that nation as a mere advertisement. In every quarter a genuine sympathy has been shown; and, as before said, vast sums of money have been con-

Now, what becomes of all this money? That Now, what becomes of all this money? That is what people are beginning to ask. We have no reports from France to show that one-half of it has ever reached the sufferers for whom it was intended. We hear from Paris that the stories of suffering during the siege were very greatly exaggerated, and it is said that the materials sent from London to the Paris poor materials sent from London to the Paris poor have been seen exposed for sale in Paris shops. In fact, the suffering in Paris is probably no greater than in other large oftics at all seasons. In the country districts, there is understant of the probability much districts. seasons, in the country district, there is an doubtedly much distress, but the difficulty is to reach that distressed class, and there is a general disposition of lale to demand a more intimate knowledge of what becomes of the funds. I think if the matter were to be fully investigated, it would be found that a great part of America's liberal contributions to have found their way into the plethoric purses of professional philanthropists.

NILLSSON has concluded to remain in this country for some time to come. After the close of her pres-sent engagement with Strakosch, she will visit on Long Island the family of Parke Godwin, the historian, with whom she became ac quainted in Paris. She will spend the summer at the White Mountains and Newport, and next fall will undertake a season of Italian opera in this city. Nilsson has taken a great fancy to America, and to American people. She has greatly enjoyed her recent but through the West, and is in excellent spirits generally, as she well may be, for she has made a fortune in this country.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY has passed off quietly. In the morning there was a damp, dark log, but, towards noon, the was a damp, dark fog, but, towards noon, the weather cleared off. The procession was very weather cleared off. The procession was very handsome, the national color of Ireland being, of course, predominant. There was an elabo-rate service at St. Patrick's Cathedral, Father Farrel delivering a discourse on the life of the

THE TAYLOR WILL.

The will of the late James B. Taylor ha The will of the late James B. Taylor has been decided by Surrogate Hutchings to be genuine. This decision is to be centested before the Supreme Court in May next. The matter has filled large spaces in the newspapers, but has not excited public attention much. The whole question lay in the point as to whether the signature of the will was a genuine or a forged one, and during the trial a supplier of laterating facts were elicited. number of interesting facts were elicited, strewing how impossible it is for a man to dis-tinguish for a certainty his own handwriting from that of an expert initator. The proper-

THE SAN DOMINGO QUESTION is ireated of at great length in our city papers, but none of the letters published by the correspondents with the expedition have proved specially noticeable. The Standard has a correspondent cially noticeable. The Standard has a correspondent who has given some graphic touches, especially in describing the currency of the republic, and a visit to Cabral. Altogether the Standard has given better accounts of the property of the expedition than any paper in the city. The other correspondents have been preternaturally dull. The World is now preternaturally dull. The World is now abusing the other journals for having trifled with people's feelings in having adopted the theory with the correspondents. theory that the Tennessee was lost at sea. This is peculiarly rich as coming from a paper which was the most strenuous disseminator of that fortunately baseless report. One of the minstrel companies is maying a butlesque founded on San Dominican peculiarities.

THE ALDINE BANQUET. THE ALDINE BANQUET.

There was a curious' meeting of 'journalists at the St. James Hotel the other night, on the occasion of a banquet given by Mr. S.P.ton, the proprietor of the Aldine—a monthly flustrated magazine—on its reaching a circulation of 25,000 copies. Rev. Henry Ward Beecher presided, and Wm. Cullen Bryant, Theo. Titton and Horace Greeley were the other principal guests. There were pleasant speeches of the mutual admiration order, every speaker praising every other speaker. The Aldine claims that it is the best princed periodical in America. This claim is just; but it struck me as rather surprising that none of the printgra or

rather surprising that none of the printers of pressmen, to whom this pre-eminence flow-ing, participated in the banquet.

TROVATOR.

THE VICTORY IN THE GRANITE · STATE.

CONCORD, March 20. The three Democratic Congressmen elect from New Hampshire, having received their certificates, have departed for Washington.

AN OUIRAGE IN CLARENDON.

Two Men Dragged from their Beds in the Dead of Night-They are Left Tied in a Swamp-Twenty-four Hours Given Them to Leave the State.

The Columbia Union of yesterday prints the following statement furnished by a correspon-

dent: In Manning, Clarendon County, last Wednesday night, about 1 o'clock A. M., a body of disguised men, fully armed, numbering be-tween twelve and fifteen, suddenly envered the residence of Mr. L. A. Bigger, and dragged him and his partner in business, Mr. J. B. Parker, formerly sheriff of Clarendon County, out of their beds, to a dismal swamp about a mile distant, relieving them of their pocket books and other valuables, where they were blindfolded and tied to trees for the purpose of shooting them. Mr. Bigger, belonging to a secret order known throughout the country, offered a sign of distress, which one of the party informed him would save their lives on onered a sign of distress, which one of the party informed him would save their lives on condition that they should leave the State in, twenty-four hours, never to return. They were left in the swamp in this helpless condi-

tion.

The perpetrators of this outrage are supposed to be the same who visited Mr. Bigger some three months since and destroyed at that time

the most of his property. -There is in existence in New York a curlous club composed expressly of Greek scholars devoted to Hellenic literature. The leading spirits of this peculiar organization are Rev. D. Crosby Howard, the Presbyterian clergyman who has lately been made chancellor of the New York University, and Professor Willlam A. Drisler, for many years connected with Columbia College. These, with a select coterie of other learned pundits, meet once a week or so, and indulge in the delights of a Greek reading; that is, one of the number translates aloud into English the Greek text of which all the others have copies. The works of Euripides are now-undergoing this process. The listeners freely criticise the efforts of the translator, and do not hesitate to differ from him in regard to the meaning he may give to various words and sentences.
This club is necessarily a very small one, but
it is well-known to those who are fond of deiving among the dead languages.

THE PEACE POLICY. -

NORTHERN ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNOR'S RECENT CON-FERENCE.

Governor Scott's. Wise Action-He Dis arms the Negro Militia and Postmes the Tares-Joe Crews as a Legislator-The Governor Turns Him Out-Better Times Coming for South Carolina.

[Correspondence of the New York Sun.]

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 15. Governor Scott has just concluded a conferplaces from which white men are excluded. They were willing to give the negroes equal political rights, but they protest against allowing him at all times and in all places to assert

DISARMING THE BLACK MILITIA. The Governor was requested to disarm his negro militia. The delegation claimed that this was one of the worst features of their present government, the placing of arms in the hands of ignorant and irresponsible negroes, and refusing to issue an equal proportion to such companies of white militia as have been organized. By doing this, as well as extend-

the delegation thought that peace might be secured. They describe the feeling throughout the country though as most intense against further taxation without representation, for their present condition is that in effect. As one of the gentlemen said to me yesterday, in speaking of this: "A former slave of mine is now in the Lower House, and is considered one of the most ignorant and corrupt negroes in it. I know that he does not pay one cent tax, for he does not own a dollar's worth of taxable property. His vote is for sale on every measure that comes up, and, indeed, he never votes upon any but adjournment measures unless he is paid for it. I pay over \$2000 taxes to the State and county, and am even denied the right to vote. The only way the class to which I belong can have any voice at all is by personal appeal to the Executive. In short, the people, who supply the means to support the people who supply the means to support the government have no representation, while the ignorant and victous, who contribute

THE GOVERNOR'S JUDICIOUS CONCLUSION. These arguments were forcibly presented to the Governor, not as an excuse for the outrages which have been committed, but as accounting for the feeling which produces such results. The Governor had two or three meetings with the delegation, and after expressing his opinions quite ireely in regard to the law-lessness of the upper counties, said that in deference to the wishes of the respectable people of the State, he would disarm the negro militia and extend the time for the payment of laxes in such countles as might desire it. Accordingly, an order was issued to-day recalling the These arguments were forcibly presented to in such countries as high death it. Indiv. an order was issued to-day recalling the Winchester rifles that have caused so much trouble, and it is therefore more than likely that peace and quiet will once more reign in

Everything has been quiet in these counties, though since last week the imported Ku-Klux have departed as quietly as it came. Troops have been arriving for several-days, and are sent up as fast as they come, but it is more than likely that the danger is over now, and that there will be no more disturbances of any kind. The Governor's conclinatory policy has alarmed his compatriots of the Executive department.

A MODEL SCALAWAG. on joint account with himself. Like other members of the lower house, Joseph's ante-cedents will not bear a very rigid scrutiny. He was formerly

A SLAVE TRADER, A SLAVE TRADER,
and many a dollar has crept into his pockets
by the sale of negroes at the auction block.
Now as then Joseph sees that negro-trading is
a profitable business, and he has managed to
manipulate negro votes greatly to his pecuniary advantage. Of all men in South Carolina
log (raws is perhans, the most detested. He Joe Crews is perhaps the most detested. He is certainly the most unbiushingly dishonest is certainly the most unbushingly dishonest member of the Legislature, for the reason that he admits all his evil transactions, and tells ex-

An incident occurred at the last session. An incident occurred at the last session, whereby the smoothfaced Joseph's modesty was made to shine forth with refulgent spiendor. It appears that an investigating committee had been appointed by the Assembly to inquire into certain transactions of a peculiarly interesting nature, and, with its usual prodigality, the House voted \$10.000 to pay the investigators' expenses. The lovely Joseph was made chairman of this committee, and the money placed subject to his order. The committee remained in existence several months, but it was never known that any good months, but it was never known that any good was accomplished. It never went out of Columbia, and, in short, never really investigated anything. It soon attracted the attention of an envious member, who the attention of an envious memoer, who one morning got up and moved that Uncle Joseph's committee be instructed to report. Unfortunately, Uncle Joe didn't have anything to report, and it was then moved that the farce be discontinued. But now came the settlement. Ten thousand dol-lars had been placed in old Joe's, hands, and Joseph never said a word about returning a cent of it. Some of his admirers softly lasinuated that Joseph had "gone through" the ten thousand. Joseph at once repelled the base charge, and asked tor an investigating commi-tee. Of course it was necessary to whitewash tee. Of course it was necessary to whitewash Joe, and his; request was, thefore, granted. But, alas! the remarkable candor displayed by the only witness summoned, who happened to be Joe himself, knocked spots out of the plans

of the vihitewash committee.

"How much of this \$10,000 did your committee expend, Mr. Crews?" asked the chairman.

"It expended it all, sir," said Joseph, very virtuously. Q.—For what purpose was this large amount

Joseph sat nonplussed and very troubled in spirit. He finally accounted in a fashion for about \$2500, but couldn't furnish a voucher for

a single dollar more.

Q.—Mr. Crews, you have explained the expenditure of \$2500. In what way did you ex-

penditure of \$2500. In what way dut you expend the remaining \$7500?

Here was a poser, and Joseph winced under the gaze of a hundred interesting and sympathizing eyes; for all were curious to know how he would get out of it. But Joe was equal to the task. He had a happy thought. He had leard somewhere that no witness-could be made to criminate himself; so in the midst of his descript his countenance, assumed its brighthis despair his countenance assumed its brightest smile as he answered: "I cannot answer that question without criminating myself."

The chairman caved, and Joseph retired, completely whitewashed. The committee reported that there was no evidence against Joseph and All was acting a serious areas.

seph, and all was again serene. Such are our legislators. JOSEPH TURNED OUT.

The other night, while the Governor was recelving the "peace delegation," Joseph delib-erately walked into the Executive chamber and took a seat on the sofa by the side of General Kershaw. The latter arose in a digni-fled manner, and said, "Governor, I will not sit in the same room with Mr. Crews. Either he or I must retire." Joseph gathered him-self up and sloped. And now he feels bitter

toward the Governor for having talked with the "d-d rebels," and he swears that Scott is getting ready to join the "rebel crusade" against the Republican party. Poor Joe doesn't see that he world moves on, and that a time is coming when intelligence, education and honesty must again find expression with and honesty must again find expression with in the granite walls of South Carolina's Capi

CITY AFFAIRS.

citizen, and having taken the oath prescribed his certificate of intention was issued to him. Anderson, A. J. Easters, of Union, W. C. Henter, of Abbeville, J. McPennington, of Lancaster, and John R. Seals, of Abbeville, for final discharges in bankruptcy, were read, and the respective reports of the registrars in favor of the discharges confirmed. No further objections being made the defendants were severally discharged in the

for voluntary bankruptcy, was read and referred to Registrar Clawson for adjudication.

Little, in re J. H. Little, bankrupts, to establish tens, were severally confirmed, and a sale or dered in each case by the assignee. IN ADMIRALTY.

G. B. Kelium et al, vs. the bark Kedac. The respondent in this case entered an appeal from the secree of the court in favor of the libellants. In the case of the setition of Alberger & Co., in the matter of Kellum, et al, vs. the bark Kedar, the libeliants entered an appeal from the decree of the judge ordering a qualified stipulation for the return of the back by the libeliants. In the case of Risley vs. the Mercedits. Libel

for salvage. General James Conner was heard for the respondents. At 3 o'clock the court adjourned until 10 this

St. Patrick's Charch, of which Messrs. J. T. Kana-paux and B. A. Shaffer are respectively the super-intendent and assistant superintendent, took place on Friday last, when the fellowing prizes were awarded:

Mrs. Julia Jager, Superintendent; Miss M. U. Cordray, Assistant Superintendent.

First Class-Miss L. Wynne, Teacher.—M. Wall, A. Cabill, M. Motvers, M. Leonard, M. Magrath, R. Murray, A. Feehau, D. Devereaux, M. Keanedy, M. Little.

al. Little.
Second Class—Miss M. U. Cordray, Teacher.—L. Cordoran. M. Riley, M. Dannier. J. Riley, L. Mc-Sweeney, E. Hargraves, N. Cullinane, C. E. De-Canne. Third Class-Miss N. Duc. Teacher.-M. E. Kan-ananx E. Rourke, A. Duny, M. Wachter, M. E.

Fourth Class-Miss R. F. Meredeth, Teacher. -J. Meredeth, S. Lucas, A. Sullivan, M. Kenny, M. McEvoy, L. Mahony, R. Riley, S. Riley, K. Mulkai,

M. O'Nelli.

Fifth Class.—Miss A. Riley. Teacher.—E. Ma-rrath K. Nunan, M. O'Nelli, K. Malone, M. Brauer, D. Carroli, N. Fluzgerald, C. Ronan, M. Kenny, E. Cahill.
Sixth Class.—Miss M. Wynne, Teacher.—E. Corcoran, J. Dufort, J. Keenan, J. Kanapaux, A. O'Rouke, A. L. Murray, M. McIvers, M. A. Sulfvap, M. Lafan, E. Murray, Seventh Class.—Miss K. L. Rowland, Teacher.—M. Printy, S. Ryan, A. Delia Torre, S. Lyons, M. Spain, C. Carr, M. A. Reid, M. A. Sheridan, M. Crete, M. Kanay.

Fight, N. Kenny.

Eighth Class—Miss E. L. Owens, Teacher.—E. A.

Kanapaux, E. Meivin, A. Pender, M. Murphy, R.

paux, A Quinn.
Eleventh Crass—Mrs. M. Ri'er, Teacher.—D.
Simmons, J. Carroil, C. Dunn, M. W. Voimer, M.
Rowland, D Cullinane.
Twelfth Class—Miss E. Von Kolnitz, Teacher.—A.
Ward, M. Hennessee, L. C. Weaver, M. Harden, M.
Riley, E. Walker, M. Blake, K. Blake, J. Mills, E.
Alphonse.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT. Fourteenth Class-Miss R. Kanapaux, Teacher en scholars entitled to prizes: Fifteenth Class—Miss J. Lapenne, Teacher.—

en scholars entitled to prizes.
Sixteenth Class-Miss M. Leonard, Teacher.en scholars entitled to prizes.

Seventeenth Class—ans h. Durizes. Eighteenth Class—Miss A. Wall, Teacher.—Ten-cholars entitled to prizes. Annie Pender drew the gold medal.

O. J. Moore, Miss Moore, H. W. Raymond, H. Fenn, O. B. Bunce, New York; W. M. Wallace, Philadelphia; J. A. Duncan, wife and servant, S. A. Woods, Mrs. G. H. Brannon, Rev. A. J. Stafford, South Carolina; Geo. H. Bartiett, New York; Geo. Howard and wife, Miss Howard, Banalo; J. S. Richwell and wife, Miss Sammis, New York; J. B Broeden, South Carolina; F. R. Skinner and wife, Wisconsin; W. Gay, wife and daughter, C. H. Baker, Jr., and wife, Brooklyn; T. M. Paine, Mrs. E. Bridgest, Massachusetts; Mrs. J. Morgan, - Miss Murgan and maid, Mrs. W. Sherman and maid, London; Wm. H. Gil tersleeve, S. B. Dow, Phos-

PAVILION HOTEL. lina; S. J. Bauknight, Florida; R. Gleason, St. Joliu's, N. B.; J. A. Hendrix, Columbia; George M. Drafts, Gadaden; J. E. Hendrix and wife, Lex-

MILLS HOUSE. E. B. Fenton, S. Hopper, Ed Hopper, Jr., New York; C. Henry, Tennessee; B. A. Early, T. H. Ponisett, J. C. McCaliman, J. F. Parrott, Darlington; H. C. Leroy, lady and nurse, Miss Meagner Master R. C. Leroy, New York; B. Frismouth, P. T. McMillan, S. D. Ross, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Stern, W. J. Haight and wife, Peekskill; J. V. Warner, Albany; G. S. Owens, Savannal;

TRY MAPES' NITROGENIZED SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME. The eldest phosphate made in this country, with eighteen years' practical success. Kinsman & Howell are the agents for this superior

Sitrogenized Superphosphate of Lime," consists of the feet (containing ten per cent, of ammonia) and the bloo I (containing fifteen per cent. of am monia) of beeves, horses, fish, and other animals, after the expression of the oil and fat by steam. Kin man & Howell are agents for the State.

TAWS OF THE STATE.

Acts and Joint Resolutions, Passed by the General Assembly of South Carolina, Session of 1870-'71.

"[OFFICIAL.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to define the jurisdiction and duties of the county commissioners." SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate a

House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina; now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same: That an act entitled "An act to define the inrisdiction and duties of the county commissioners, passed the twenty-sixth day of September, 1868," be amended as follows: At the end of section 10, paragraph 1, add, "and the county commissioners shall not, in anticipation of the tax levied upon the county, draw upon the county treasurer for more than threefourths of the whole amount of said tax in any one year, nor shall any order be drawn upon the county treasurer until after the monthly return of the treasurer shall have been made to the county commissioners of the amount of funds collected, nor unless he has the funds in the treasury to pay the same." And the county commissioners shall inform the county reasurer of the orders drawn, in whose favor, the amount, and the order in which they are drawn. And should the county commissioners, or any of them, purchase, directly or indirectly, any order drawn upon the county treasurer for less than its face value, they shall e deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by fine or imprisonment, in the discretion of the court, by any court of competent juris-

diction. Sec. 2. At the end of paragraph 4, section 10, add: "And all work given out by the county commissioners, when the amount shall exceed the sum of one hundred dollars, shall be done by contract, and the commissioners are hereby required to advertise the same at least in one of the papers of the county, and also post the same in three conspicuous places in the county, for thirty days, inviting proposals; said proposals shall, in all cases, be accompanied by two or more sureties, and the county commissioners shall have the right to reject any or all bids, if in their judgment the interests of the county so require."

SEC. 3. Amend section 3 of said act so that t will read as follows: "That all of the board of county commissioners shall be present for the transaction of business, and shall audit and sign all bills and checks. The checks shall, In all cases, be countersigned by the clerk of the oard."

SEC. 4. Strike out "November," wherever t occurs in the acts, and insert "September. Approved the 9th day of March, A. D., 1871.

AN ACT to provide for the protection of persons, property and the public peace. Whereas, threatenings, intimidation and

violence are used in portions of the State against the peace of the same; and, whereas, the laws are set at defiance and the officers of the law hindered, prevented and obstructed in the discharge of their duties; and, whereas, armed, disguised and lawless persons are threatening, maltreating and assassinating peaceable and defenceless citizens; therefore, SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Ropresentatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General As-

sembly, and by the authority of the same: That if any person shall assault or intimidate any citizen because of political opinions or the exercise of political rights and privileges guaranteed to every citizen of the United States by the constitution and laws thereof, or by the constitution and laws of this FR E S T I M O N I A L S. \$5 Will secure a Share in the Aiken Premium . zen from employment or occupation, or eject such citizen from rented house, or land, or other property, such person shall be deemed guirty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction hereof, be fined not less than fifty nor more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned not less than three months nor more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. SEC. 2. That if any two or more persons shall band or conspire together, or go in disguise upon the public highway, or upon the premises of another, with intent to injure, oppress, or violate the person or property of any itizen because of his political opinions, or his expression or exercise of the same, or shall attempt by any means, measure or acts, to hinder, prevent or obstruct any citizen in the free exercise and enjoyment of any right or privilege secured to him by the constitution and laws of the United States or by the constitution and laws of this State, such persons shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than one hundred nor more than two thousand dollars, or be imprisoned not less than six-months nor more than three months, or both, at the discretion of the court, and shall thereafter be ineligible to, and disabled from, holding any office of honor, trust or profit in this State. SEC. 3. That if, in violating any of the provisions of this act, any other crime, misdemeanor or felony shall be committed, the offender or offenders shall, on conviction thereof, be subjected to such punishment for the same as is attached to such crime, misdemea-

nor and felony by the existing laws of this SEC. 4. That the solicitors, sheriffs, constables, and all other officers in the several circuits or counties vested with powers of arrest ing, imprisoning and bailing offenders against the laws of this State, be, and are hereby, specially authorized and required to institute proceedings against all and every person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this act, and cause him and them to be arrested, imprisoned or bailed, as the case may require, for a trial before such court as shall

have jurisdiction of the offence. SEC. 5. That the Circuit Courts of this State, within their respective circuits, in the countles of which the circuits are respectively composed, shall have cognizance of all offences committed against the provisions of this act, and of all other causes arising under this act. SEC. 6. That it shall be the duty of all sher-

iffs, constables, and other officers who may be specially empowered, to obey and execute all warrants and other processes issued under the provisions of this act to them directed; and should any sheriff, constable, or other officer specially empowered, refuse to receive such warrants or other processes, when tendered to him, or neglect or refuse to execute the same, he shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in the sum of five hundred dollars, to the use of the citizen deprived of the rights secured by the provisions of this act, or be imprisoned in the county jail at the discretion of the court. And the better to enable the sheriffs; constables and other officers, especially empowered to execute all such warrants and other processes as may be directed to them, they shall have authority to summon and call to their aid, the bystanders or posse

ons refusing to obey the summons or call of the officers thus empowered, shall be deem-

thereof, be punished. And such warrants and other processes shall run and be executed by sald officers, anywhere within the elicuit of county in which they are issued.

Sec. J. That any person who shall hinder, prevent or obstruct any officer er-other perso of the issuing of such warrant or other process shall, on conviction, for either of said offences be subject to a fine not less than fifty, not

more than one thousand-dollars, or imprison

ment not less than three months nor more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court having jurisdiction... shall be committed, for any damages he shall warrant drawn by the county commis file in their office.

Shirts and Durnishing Goods.

SPRING NOVELTIES

SCARFS AND TIES. THE MARQUIS OF LORNE THE MONARCH

COLLARS AND CUFFS.

THE RUCBY CRAVAT BOW

KINSINGTON BRICHOLI FLORENCE DISRAELI LO! THERE CLUB HOUSE CLUB HOUSE

AND A Fresh Stock of Fine Furnishing Goods of all kinds, at

SCOTT'S

STAR SHIRT EMPORIUM.

Read a few of the Testimonials in regard to EFFICACY of that STERLING MEDICINE,

S. C.: Gentlemen—This is to inform you that about a Gentlemen—This is to inform you that about a year ago I was in delicate health, worn out with old age and hard work, weighing one hundred and twenty-five pounds; upon request I commenced using the OLD CAROLINA BITTERS. After using nine bottles, I felt as well and vigorous as thirty years ago—went to work and made money. I wethed, after using the above, one hundred and seventy-two pounds. I have since been strong and hale. Accept, gentlemen, my thanks, and success say I.to the OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.

FROM ANDREW CHAMBERS, IRWIYTON, GA.

IRWIYTON, GA., September 25, 1869.

Messrs. Goodrich. Wineman & Co.:

Gentlemen. When in your city, two weeks ago, your Dr. Service gave me a bottle of your celevited CAROLINA HITTERS, which I brought home for my father, whose health was very feeble. After using it he was so well pleased with its effects, that he considers them almost indispensable. Please find enclosed sixteen, (316,) the price of two cases; direct them W. J. Chambers & Son, No. 16, C. R. R. Yours, very respectfully, (Signed)

FORT VALLEY, GA., September 15, 1869. Messrs, Goodrich, Wineman & Co., Charleston: emen-I take great pleasure in informin on that my wife has experienced great benefit com the use of the OLD CAROLINA BITTERS, is certainly a good medicine, and I would to leased if you would send me another dozen imdiately. Respectfully. &c., (Signed) JNO. A. HOUSER. Sold by all Druggists in Charleston. The trade supplied by GOODRICH, WINEMAN & Co., Principal Depot, No. 35 Hayne street

GAS FIXTURES MUCH LESS THAN THE ACTUAL COST

less price than they would pay for inferio

Ixtures.

It is our intention to give up entirely this branch
if our business, which causes so great a reduc-BALL, BLACK & CO. Nos. 565 and 567 BROAUWAY, N. Y.

Business Cards. MCCONKEY,

Speel Cotton.

& P. COATS' SPOOL COTTON. We have in Stock and will always keep an assortment of COATS' THREAD for sale at New York trade prices. JOHN G. MILNOR & CO.. 120 Meeting street. Schiedam Schuapps.

EIGHT DOLLARS, A YEAR.

READ CAREFULLY.

Ague and Fever.

The only preventive known for Chills and Feve I is the use of Welfe's Schiedam Schnapps.

Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps

Is a preventive of Chills and Pever. Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps is good for all Ki iney and Riadder Complaints.

Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps Is used all over the Yorld by Physicians in their practice.

Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps Is good for Gout. Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps

Is good for all Urinary complaints. Welfe's Schiedam Schnapps

Is recommended by all the Medical Faculty. Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps.

is good for Colic and pain in the stomach. Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps.

Is imitated and counterfelted, and purchasers will have to use caution in nurchasing. I beg leave to call the attention of the reader to estimonisis in savor of the Schnapps:

I feel bound to say that I regard your Schnapps

seeing in every respect pre-eminently pure, and
lessering of medical patrohage. At all events it

sthe purest possible article of Holland gin, herecolore unobtainable, and as such may be safely

nnobtainable, and bed by physicians. DAVID L. MOTT, M. D., DAVID L. MOTT, M. D.,

LOUISVILLE, Ky., September 1.
I feel that we have now an article of gin suitable for such cases as that remedy is adapted to.
DR. J. W. BRIGHT.

"Schnapps" is a remedy in chronic catarrial complaints, &c.

I take great pleasure in bearing highly creditable testimony to its efficacy as a remedial agent in the diseases far which you recommend it. Having a natural fendency to the mnoous surfaces, with a slight degree_of stimulation I may gate as one of the most important remedies in chronic catarrial affections, particularly those of the gestio-arinary appearatus. With much respect, your opedient servant.

opect, your opedient servant, CHAS. A. LEAS, M. D., New York. No. 26 PINE STREET, N. Y., Nov. 21, 1867,
UDOLPHO WOLFE, ESQ., Present: DEAR SIR—I have made a chemical examination of a sample of your "Schiedan Schnappa," with the intent of letermining if any foreign or injurious substance had been added to the sumple distilled spirits,"

The examination has resulted in the conclusion that the sample contained in poisonous or harm.

The examination has resulted in the conclusion that the sample contained no poisonous or harm, ful admixtures. I have been unable to discover any trace of the deleterious substances which are sometimes employed in the adulteration of liquors. I would not hesitate to use myself nor to-recommend to others, for medicinal purposes, the "Schledam Schnapps" as an excellent and unobjectionable variety of gia. Very respectfully yours, (Signed) CHAS. A. SEELY, Chemist. OHEMICAL AND TECHNICAL EABORATORY,

18 EXCHANGE PLACE, N. Y. New 25, 1862.

UDOLFRO WOLFE, Esq. - DEAB SIE—The undersigned have carefully and thoroughly shalysed a sempte of your "Aromatic Schiedam Schappa," selected by ourselves, and have found the same free from all organization.

sample of your "Aromatic Schiedam Schapps," selegted by curselves, and have found the same free from all organic or inorganic substances, more or less injurious to health. From the result of our examination we consider the article one of superior quality, healthful as a beverage, and effectual in its medicinal qualities.

Respectfully yours.

(Signed) ALEX. TRIPPEL, Chemist.

THE NOIS E. ENGELHARD, M. D.

For sale by all respectable Grocers and Drug gists. UDOLPHO WOLFE'S BST.,

mar21-3mos No. 22 BEAVER STREET, N. Y. Preminm Land Sale.

\$95,000 \$95,000

LAST CHANCE TO SEE WHAT \$5 WILL BO.

Will secure to 88 other shareholders valuable properties, ranging in value from
\$300 to \$1500...invest
These Real Estate, Prizes...
valued at \$55,000, are located in the beautiful Town of Alken, South Carolina...
Its unequalited climate- and heating tring
surroundings, has made it the
"SARATOGA OF THE SOUTH."
The Shares will be distributed April 21st. "SARATOGA OF THE SOUTH."
The Shares will be distributed April 21st, then each Shareholder will see 45
"WHAT FIVE DOLLARS WILL DO." 25

"There is a tide in the affairs of men, which, Taken at the flood, leads or to fortune." Taken at the food, leads of to fortune."
The most liberal terms to Clabs.
For description of the valuable Real Estatu,
Prizes, notices of the press, names of Committue
to make the Drawing, home endorsements, and
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should be made with Postofice Money Grder, or
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Address J. O. DERBY, General Manager,
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Office corner of Jackson and Reynolds streets.
Fresidents of Charleston and vicinity can
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specimens of the Works of Art, which each shareholder receives can be seen.

mar2-42

Newspapers, Maganues, &c.

ASK FOR THE MARCH NUMBER OF THE

RURAL CAROLINIAN;

and read the following articles: Does Farming Pay in the South? D. Wyatt Alken; Commercial Manares with Experiments, Edward McIntogh; Carolina Rice in Italy, F. Peyre Porcher; Espartograss, Eugene W-Hilgard; The Fig. a Neglected Resource, P. J. Berckmans; Experiments with Tomatoes, R. Chisolm; Irish Potatoes for Winter Use, H. W. Ravenel; Is the South a Stock Country? B. Wyatt Alken; See Hives and Bee Charming, P. J. Quattlebaum; History of Charleston Phosphates, L. M. Hatch.

Also many other articles, varied correspondence and much editorial matter in this the LEAD-ING SOUTHERN AGRICULTURAL MAGAZINE.

Subscription. 22 per annum.

Subscription, \$2 per annum. RUBAL CAROLINIAN, Charleston, S. C.

KING WILLIAM.

Just received at KING WILLIAM'S CIGAR FACTORY, No. 310 King street, near Society street, a large and complete assortment of I al. Chewing and Smoking Tobacco. Cigarettes, Snuff, Pipes, &c. Havans and Domestic Cigars imported and manufactured by WM SCHEODER, who respectfully invites the attention of chewers and smokins, and traders, wholesale and retail, to a stock fully comprising every variety of quality and prices, from the cheapest to the highest grade, which is offered at the lowest cash rates. All orders from the country will receive prompt attention and shipped C. O. D., or at thirty days' city acceptance.

ence with certain leading Conservative citizens from various portions of the State. The Governor invited these gentlemen to meet him to consider the best means of securing and preserving the peace. With reference to the recent troubles, their causes, effects, and remedles, there was a great deal of plain talk on both sides. The gentlemen representing the people of the State were very clear and intelligent in their statements as to the causes of the troubles. They said the people of South Carolina cared not under what political name they were governed, Republican or Democrat, but they did want respectable and honest men in office, and they also wanted the authorities to cease pushing the negroes forward into

his superiority.

PAYMENT OF TAXES,

nothing at all, have full sway."

THE KU-KLUX GONE.

Such high-toned citizens and legislators as the Hon. Joe Crews accuse him of recreancy to the Republican faith, and assert that he has gone over bodily to the Democrats. Joe Crews is the man whom Kerrigan accused of wishing to go into the assassination business on joint account with himself. Like other

actly how jobs are put up. CREW'S INVESTIGATED.

THE UNITED STATES COURT.-The District Court was opened at 10 o'clock yesterday mornng, his Honor Judge Bryan presiding. John T. Davis, of Barbadoes, filed his petition or record of notice of his intention to become a The petitions of George Alden, of Kershaw, T. J. Ancrum, of Kershaw, A. H. Buchanan, of Chesterfield, James Blair, of York, J. L. Dawson, of

form prescribed by law. The petition of Charles Cathcart, of Winnsbor

The reports of the registrar on the petalons los. D. Sheran, in re Keese & McCully and b. H.

morning. ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH SUNDAY-SCHOOL. The annual celebration of the Sunday School of

place on Friday last, when the fellowing prizes were awarded:

First Class—W. J. Connor, Teacher.—H. Dnffy, J. Corcoran, P. Prendergast, N. Devereaux, W. J. Keenan, G. T. Artope, M. Storen, E. Dunnier, D. McIver, E. McSweeny, C. Meivin, T. Frizgeraid.

Second Class—P. J. Kruse, Teacher.—E. Wall, W. Byrns, W. Leonard, J. Horan, T. Morris, W. Cares, J. Connot.

Third Class—T. J. Melvin, Teacher.—D. Beennan, W. McSweeny, J. Sullivan, J. Hoghes, F. Warren.

Fourth Class—J. A. Melvin, Teacher.—J. Byrns, W. Commins, J. Morrison, W. Daly, M. Lanagan, R. Shehan, J. McInerney, J. Harrison.

Eithin Class—J. V. Meredeth, Teacher.—F. Hughes, W. O'Brien, P. Wacher, J. Ryan.

J. Sixth Class—M. Connor, Teacher.—W. Murphy, W. Boogan, T. Della Torre, J. Parrell.

Seventh Class—J. Cofeman, Teacher.—J. H. Wall, E. Conlen, F. Carney, J. Rosis.

Eighth Class—M. S. Clear, Teacher.—J. Riley, M. Connors, R. Blanche, J. Oultinane.

Ninth Class—J. Gonzalez, Teacher.—L. Cahill, L. Murphy, J. Gaynow, J. Morrisey, J. Whelan, J. White, J. Laramfore, James Baramore.

Tenth Class—R. P. McMahon, Teacher.—E-Prendergast, J. O'Brien, J. Houmillat, J. Devereaux, J. Tighe, P. Hanaberty.

Eleventh Class—H. Brauer, Teacher.—J. Wallace, M. Murphy, M. O'Neill, D. Powers.

Twelth Class—W. J. McGrath, Teacher.—T. Lynch, A. Skewart, P. Cahill.

Thirteenth Class—E. Bevencau, Teacher.—M. Murphy, W. Connor, J. M. Derald, J. Grace, L. Conlan.

Frimary Department—J. Croghan, Teacher.—

Frimary Department—J. Croghan, Teacher.
Forty-four scholars entitled to prizes. FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

Cohr.
Sinth Class—Miss S. A. Weldon, Teacher.—M.
Vunan, M. Henuessee, M. Commins, K. Leonard
Tenth Class—Miss B. Owens, Teacher.—M. Croyhan, M. Powers, M. Kenny, M. Carey, C. Kana-

Alphonse.
Thirteenth Class—Miss E. Roumillat, Teacher.—
M. Dunn, R. Shanahan, E. Pender, C. Rosis, K.
Ryan, L. Roumillat, M. Cullinane, M. Hogan, M.
Collings, M. Dunnier, L. Artope, F. Getty.

Hotel Arrivals-March 20. CHARLESTON HOTEL.

B. Greig, Cheraw; F. M. Kennedy, South Care-

W. Hodges, Newport.

THE AMMONIACAL ANIMAL MATTER In "Mapes"

comitatus of the proper county, and all per-

ed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction

harged with the execution of any warrant or other process issued under the provisions of this act, in arresting any person for whose apprehension such warrants or other proces may have been issued, or shall rescue, or at tempt to rescue, such person from the custody of the officer or person or persons lawfully as sisting him as aforesaid, or shall aid, abet of assist any person so arrested as aforesaid, directly or indirectly, to escape from the cus tody of the officer or person or persons assist ing him as aforesald, or shall harbon or conceal any person for whose arrest a warrant or other process shall have been issued, so as to prevent his discovery and arrest, after due notice or knowledge of the fact

Sec. 8. That any citizen who shall be hindered, prevented or obstructed in the exercise of the rights and privileges secured him by the constitution and laws of the United States, or by the constitution and laws of this State, or shall be injured in his person or property, because of his exercise of the same, may claim and prosecute the county in which the offence sustain thereby, and the said county shall be responsible for the payment of such damages as the court may award, which shall be paid by the county treasurer of such county on a thereof, which warrant shall be drawn by the county commissioners as soon as a certified copy of the judgment roll is delivered them for

MEETING STREET, OPPOSITE MARKET. Bitters.

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS. few Certificates from the many in our posses ston from persons who have teste OLD CAROLINA BIFFERS: FROM THE POSTMASTER AT TUMBLING SHOALS, S. C.
TUMBLING SHOALS, S. C., April 9, 1876.
Messrs. Goodrich, Wineman & Co., Charleston,

Signed) RANSOM PHILLIPS, P. M., Tumbling Shoals, S. C.

ANOTHER VOICE FROM GEORGIA.

Eas fixtures. BALL, BLACK & CO., Will sell their Stock of BRONZE AND IMITATION BRONZE

OF MANUFACTURE. These goods are of the newest patterns, and finish superior to any in the market. To those furnishing houses, this is an opportunity to procure the BEST CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, &c., at a less price the them.

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