THE PROPERTY OF THE

Re-election of Judge Wright to the Sapreme Bench and Election of Colonel R. F. Graham to the Bench of the First Circuit-Whipper in Trouble-The Bank of the State.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.

COLUMBIA, December 9. Wright was to-day re-elected by the General Assembly associate justice on the Supreme Bench of the State. Colonel Robert F. Graham, of Marion, was elected judge of the First Circuit, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation

of Jüdge Carpenter. The details of the election are as follows: At 15 minutes after 2 o'clock, a concurrent resolution was passed to go into the e-ection for judges, the former resolution being rescinded. This action was decided upon late last night in caucus. Both of the candidates were elected on the first ballot, which stood as follows: For associate justice of the Supreme Court-Wright 90, C. D. Melton 20, For judge of the First Circuit-R. F. Gaham 90, Wm. Whaley 11, scattering 15. The election was unattended by excitement

A motion was made to expel W. J. Whipper from the Legislature, but after a long debate defeated.

[We presume the motion was based on the fact that Whipper holds other public offices, contrary to the provisions of the constitution .- EDS.] PERSONAL. H. H. Kimpton, President Bush, of the Green-

and President Harrison, of the Blue Ridge Railroad, left for the North this morning. THE BANK OF THE STATE. The Supreme Court of the State has struck from the docket the action involving the valldity of the new bills of the Bank of the State of South

Carolina. Another war case is thus disposed of, and Judge Carpenter's decision upholding validity of the new bills is not sustained. HOUSE. In the House, to-day, the speaker announced as the standing committee on contingent accounts, J. B. Dennis, Wm. Simons, J. L. Jamison, J. H.

White, B. Humphries and H. McBaniels, The following bills were introduced: By Wilder, to punish persons obtaining property under false pretences; to provide for the administration of derelict estates, and cedling the jurisdiction of the State of South Carolina to the United States over such lands as may be required for public purposes by the United States; by Hedge-, to authorize the land commissioner to purchase lands on Edisto and Wadmalaw Islands; by Mickey, authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of Charleston County to levy a special tax, also to regulate the pay of grand and petit jurors; by Levy, to appoint a general inspector of bridges and trestle works.

Notice was given of the following bills: By Hedges, for the appointment of three commissioners in each county to draw jurors for the Circuit Court sitting within their county; also a bill au thorizing changes of venue; he also presented articles of impeachment against Judge T. O. P. Vernon, of the Seventh Judicial Circuit: by Levy. to compel county treasurers to receive county orders in full for county taxes; by Smith, to establish a hospital for the poor of Christ Church Parish in the County of Charleston; also to establish a reform school in the County of Charleston; also a bill authorizing the land commissioners to sell lands in parcels less than twenty-five acres; by Humbert, a bill to prevent persons charged with crime from being brought to trial when absent from court; also, a bill repealing so much of the act providing for the assessment and taxation of property as relates to the taxation of hogs when such hogs are raised for home consumption.

Mobley introduced the following concurrent resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved. That a committee of three of the House and Senate be appointed to investigate the ansirs of the constabulary department, and that affairs of the coastabulary department, and that said committee be requested to report at as early a day as practicable.

Smart introduced a bill to amend so much of the Code as relates to the third, fourth and fifth cir-

Crews, Whipper, Corwin, Wilkes and Jones were appointed a committee to investigate the official conduct of Sheriff Jones and Judge Vernon.

SENATE. The 'all to amend an act entitled "An ac' to establish a State orphan asylum," was read a

second time. An unfavorable report of the committee on the resolution to appoint a standing committee on the Lunatic Asylum was adopted. A bill to alter and amend an act entitled "An

act to provide a mode by which to perpetuate testimony in relation to deeds, wills, choses in action and other papers and records destroyed or lost during the recent war," was read the first time. The billto incorporate the Port Royal Improvement company was read the first time. The report of the committee on the Judiciary

on a resolution relative to the returns of the election for senator of Chesterfield County, was

The consideration of the resolution to authorize the committee on privileges and elections to send for persons and papers in the contested election case of P. B. Tompkins vs. F. A. Clinton, senator

from Lancaster County, was postponed. The resolution to direct inquiry as to the eligibility of Hon. D. T. Corbin to a seat in the Senate.

offered by McIntyre, was postponed. A resolution was offered that W. J. Whipper t expelled from the House. This resulted from a

communication in the Phoenix of this morning setting forth that he had no right to hold his seat as a member while a codifier of the laws. A long and exciting debate followed, which was particidated in by Whipper, Moses, Wilkes and others. The resolution was tabled by a vote of year 93, nays 9; and Whipper retains his seat. Both Houses adjourned until Monday.

HOW SENATORS ARE MADE.

A Forty Thousand Dollar Office-The Ka-Klux Bill-Public Roads-The Charleston Election Bill.

[PROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.] COLUMBIA, December 8.

The animals have tasted blood! The red fing has been shaken in their eyes, and they are now prepared and ready for devouring. n, with the aid of Governor Scott, has inaugurated this year the reign of bribery. It is now safe to say that no measure of importance to the State, or otherwise, will be passed this session without money. We hear, in the knowing circles, that forty thousand dollars was used by Robertson to secure his own election. The price of votes was five hundred dollars apiece for the rank and file, and for some of the more influential as high as two thousand was paid.

Every one is "flush" to-day, and money can be borrowed easily.

The election for associate justice will most likely not be postponed, for it will be desirous to have it follow on the wake of the senatorial election as closely as possible before the brutes clamor again for money.

STATE ORPHAN ABYLUE. The committee on charitable institutions, H. Cardozo chairman, to whom was referred the bill to amend the act establishing the State Orphan Asylum, have reported favorably. The bill provides that section 8 of the act to establish a State Orphan Asylum, passed January 19, 1869, be so amended as to give to the trustees the power to bind out orphan children; provided, that the trustees shall make it, in all cases, a condition that the children shall receive a good common school education, and that the trustees shall exer- public highways and roads.

cise a supervisory control over such children during the continuance of their appenticeship. COLUMBIA PEMALE COLLEGE.

A memorial of the trustees of the Columbia Fcmale College, praying to be relieved from taxation, was presented to the Senate to-day by They show that the institution was incorporated in 1954; that the object of the institution was the moral and mental education of daughters of South Carolina and her sister States; that a large sum of money was expended in the purchase o' grounds and construction of buildings, &c.; that the institution was eminently successful and prosperous, until by reason of the impoverishment of the people by the inte war, they were no longer able to afford the support and patronage previou-ly given; that the institution was subject to a debt increased in the establishment, considerable in amount, but entirely manageable in an ordinary condition of the country; that the trustees, in contemplation of increased burdens and diminished income, felt constrained to suspend the functions of the institution, in order to preserve the valuable property from sacrifice, having it in view to continue the institution under more favorable auspices; that vigorous efforts are now making, with strong hopes, of success, to put the institution at an early day on its proper basis; but this can be done only by adjusting a considerable debt, and any diminution of the burden now resting on the corporation will materially aid in the resuscitation of an astitution. They pray for an exemption of all State, county and municipal taxes. The petition s signed J. W. Kelly, president, R. D. Seun, scoretary. It was referred to committee on e-lucation.

TRIAL JUSTICES' FEES REDUCED. Section 2 of the act regulating the fees of probate judges, clerks of courts, trial justices and magistrates, approved March 1, 1870, is amended ville Railroad, Judge Porter, W. H. Trescot, Esq., by the Senate bill of to day for that purpose, so that so much of that section as provides for a fee of three dollars to a trial justice "for trial of any criminal case or misdemeanor" shall read a.d be construed to mean "that for every trial of any criminal case or misdemeanor, the trial justice or justice of the peace, before whom such case shall be tried, shall be entitled to receive three dollars for such trial, which shall be inclusive of all fees for recognizances taken, warrants issued, or other proceedings, services and expenses what ever, incident or necessary to such trial "

POBRATION OF AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES. The bill to provide for the creation and regula tion of independent sgricultural societies, introduced by Mr. Arnim, and read a first time in the Senate on Tuesday, provides that whenever any number of persons, not less than ten, who are residents of any county, or of two or more adoining countles of this State, shall organize themselves into a society, for the prosecution of agriculture, horticulture and the mechanical arts, and shall, under their hands and seals, make a certificate, and acknowledge before a trial justice, in which shall be specified the name of the society, the object of its formation, and the county in which it shall be located, and shall record the same in the cierk of the court's office of such county, such society shall be deemed a body corporate and politic, with all the provisions usually granted to incorporations. The act takes effect from its passage.

WHITTEMORE ON LAW AND ORDER. The already famous bill of Whittemore's, relaing to the punishment of "Ku-Klux," supposed to be or otherwise, was introduced by him today. It evidently was gotten up by some Philadelphia lawyer, who was bound nothing should escape him. Hence the numerous "ors" and ands" with which it abounds. Such a law, if carried out impartially, would have a good and saving influence on the State; but when it is almost certain that it will be used to persecute honest men as well as to bring felens to justice, the prospect of its passage is not flattering. The fines and renalties are left blank, and a good deal of discussion will, no doubt, come up on filling hem in. The bill will be a notorious one, and may gain Mr. Whittemore, the notoriety he has seemed to lose the past few months. Some of its provisio is remind one very forcibly of the last

winter civil rights bill. As a specimen of what it is, we give the first ve sections of it entire:

BILL TO PROVIDE FOR THE PROTECTION OF PER SONS, PROPERTY AND THE PUBLIC PEACE, AND TO TAX REAL ESTATE FOR THE EXPENSE OF THE

Whereas, Tireatenings, intimidations and viowhereas, thereatenings, intimidations and vio-lences are used in portions of the State against the peace of the same; and whereas, the laws are set at dedance, and the officers of the law hindered, prevented and obstructed in the dis-charge of their duties; and, whereas, armed, dis-

charge of their duties; and, whereas, armed, disguise; and law ess persons are threatening, maitreating and as as-sinating peaceable and defenceless chizens; therefore,

Be to enace; etc., If any person, by threats,
force or intimidation, or other unlawful means,
shall hinder, prevent or obstruct, or shall comblue and confederate with others to hinder, prevent or obstruct any citizen in the enjoyment of
his vested right, or endanger or imperit his life,
inherty or peace, such person shall, for every such
offence, forfett and pay to such citizen the sum of
—ase, with full costs and such allowance for counset fees as the court having cognizance of the offence shall deem just; and also shall, for every
such offence, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

serices as the control of the contro

tion thereof be fined not less than — dollars, and imp isoned not less than —, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 3. That if any two or more persons shall band or conspire together, or go in disguise upon the public highway, or upon the premises of another with intent to injure, oppress, threaten or violate the person or property of any citizen, because of his political opinions, or his expression or exercise of the same, or shall attempt by any means, measures or acts to hinder, prevent or obstruct any citizen in the free exercise and enjoyment of any privilege or right s cured to him by the constitution and laws of the United States, or by the constitution and laws of the United States, such person shall be deemed gulity of a felony, and on conviction thereof be fined not less than — and be imprisoned not less than —, or both, at the discretion of the court, and shall thereafter be ineligible to, and disabled from, holding any office of honor, trust or profit in this State.

Sec. 4. That if, in violating any of the provisions of this act, any other crime, misdeneanor or felony shall be committed, the offender or offenders thereof shall be subjected to such punishment for the same as is attached for such crime, misdeneanor this State.

this State.
Sec. 5. That the solicitors, sheriffs, constables

SEC. 5. That the solicitors, sheriffs, constables and other officers in the several circuits or counties, vested with power of arresting, imprisoning and bailing offenders against the laws of the State, and all other officers who may be specially empowered by the Governor of the State, be and are hereby specially authorized and required to institute proceedings against all and every person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this act, and cause him and them to be arrested, imprisoned or balled, as the case may require for a trial before such court as shall have jurisdiction of the offences and with a view to afford the fullest protection to all citizens in their every right and privilege; and to the prompt discharge of all the requirements of this act it shall be the duty of the Governor of the State, from time to time, as the case may require, to infrom time to time, as the case may require, to in-crease the number of constables, or other peace officers, in each county, so as to secure the seedy arrest and examination of persons charged with the violation of the provisions of this act; and such constables or other peace officers are hereby authorized and required to exercise and discharge all the duties conferred on them by this act, and the same duties with regard to offences created by this act, as they are authorized and required by law to exercise with regard to other offences against the laws of this State.

The title of the bill, as found in the journal, is: 'A oill to protect persons and property, and the public peace, against the lawless and merciless outrages committed by masked and other despe radoes in this Scates, and to provide for the expense of the same, and all damages therefrom, by a tax upon the real estate of the people of the counties in which such criminal acts may have peen or shall be committed.

REPAIR AND CONSTRUCTION OF HIGHWAYS. Senator Smalls introduced, to-day, a bill to provide for the construction and keeping in repair of

As the matter is of interest to all persons living outside of cities, we give the provision of the bill By section 1 each and every county of the State shall, immediately after the passage of the act, or so soon thereafter as possible, be divided, or caused to be divided, into three (3) districts for the better accomplishment of the object of the act that the distric s of each county aforesaid shall be under the supervision and management of the commissioners of that county, each commissioner to be assigned his particular district by the

chairman of the board. Section 2 provides that it shall be the duty of each of the commissioners of each district to cause to be performed under his direction such labor as is necessary for the construction and keeping in repair of the public highways and roads in the respective precincts to which they belong.

The time allowed a commissioner for the performance of the duty above specified is excluded by the bill from the time allowed him for the perormance of their other duties. Each of the commissioners is allowed, as com-

ensation for the performance of the road duty, the same rate per diem allowed by law for the performance of other daties, that is three dollars. Every person able to perform such a day's labor on the roads, as shall be considered by the commi-sioners the day labor of an able-bodled per

on, shall, whilst so employed, receive the sum of

one dollar per diem. The county commissioners are authorized to levy such a tax as shall be considered absolutely necessary for the purpose aforesaid; provided the tax shall not exceed eighteen cents on every one nundred dollars. The tax may be paid in money or labor, at the option of the taxpayer. For the purposes of constructing and repairing of the bridges, the county commissioners are authorized o give the work to the lowest responsible bidder and to demand a bond. They are further authorized and instructed, when necessary, to hire

neans of transportation. Section 9 reads: That in order to facilitate the payment of money due for labor and expenses incurred under this act, the county treasurer of each county is hereby required to be present either in person or by his deputy within the road district, when work is being done, in order to pay or the same and at the end of each week.

VACANT SEATS IN THE SENATE. Mr. Hayes, from the committee on privileges and elections in the Senate, to whom was referred a resolution of inquiry as to vacant seats in the Senate from Abbeville, Charleston and Georgetown, reported back the same, with the information that it appears, upon investigation, that vacancies in the office of senator exist in Abbeville and Georgetown Countles, and the committee ask for further time for consideration of the vacancy suggested to exist in the office of senator from Charleston County.

This report did not evidently meet with approval by all. There was an attempt made to consider the resolution at once, but Whittemore | One Prussian regiment was cut to pieces. objected to any suspension of the rules for such a report as that, and it went over. It will come up for consideration to-morrow, and the matter will be thoroughly discussed.

MR. HURLEY'S BILLS. Mr. Hurley introduced three bills of incorporation to-day. None of them show what is the nature of the business contemplated except by the title, and the bills are framed in accordance with the general incorporation bill. They are as

A bill to incorporate the South Carolina Land and Improvement Company; a bill to incorporate the American Cotton and Woollen Company of South Carolina, and a bill to incorporate the United States Manufacturing Company of Colum-

The incorporators of the first named company are: James Perkins, Charles Oatmen, Lewis Gregg, Walter Johnson and Emery Rancier; of the second, Lewis Thompson, James Johnson, Daniel Pratt, M. M. Watkins, Henry Montgomery and E. H. Spriggins; and of the third, F. E. Downer, P. J. Stone, K. Lattee, Marcus Smith, John Mitchell and Tom Brown. The capital stock of the two former is one million, and may be increased to two; of the latter three million, and may be increased to five.

ELECTION OF ALDERMEN IN CHARLESTON. The oill introduced in the House to-day, by Mr. Boseman, to prescribe the mode of election of aldermen in the City of Charleston, and which was referred to the committee on elections. is a good measure, and is intended to make the election in Charleston conform to that of other large cities. The bill provides, substantially, that on and after the passage of the act, each ward in the City of Charleston shall elect the aldermen to which it is entitled by law. The candidates for aldermen in each ward who shall receive the highest number of all the votes cast shall be declared duly elected.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS TO BUILD SCHOOL-HOUSES. Notice was given of a bill to-day, by Lee, to emnower boards of county commissioners to levy taxes to build school-houses. In the "whereas," it is stated that the financial condition of the several counties precludes the possibility of attempt ing any uniform method of supplying their wants. The several boards of county commissioners are empowered to levy such a tax as in their judgment will be required for the purpose of building school-houses, and for no other purpose what ever. The commissioners are to oversee the work, and the bills audited by the auditor will be paid by the treasurer.

THOSE SENATE COMMITTEES AGAIN. The feeling of dissatisfaction in the Senate as to the manner in which the committees have been managed have not entirely died out, although it got to-day what ought to have been a death blow. After some reluctance on the part of the malcon tents, the resolution of Montgomery to fix the number of members of Senate standing committees, on a principle of odd number, or 3, 5 and 7, or 4, 11, 44 principle, as Leslie says it is, was taken up. When it was seen that the resolution was about to be killed, Whittemore wanted to lay it on the table; but Leslie came to a stand and said : "A motion to lay on the table is like an old grandmother's tea-pot half field with water, that may boil over at any time when some fire is placed under it. Besides, it is a cowardly way of disposing of it." It was killed stone dead, and the Senate adjourned on the strength of it. COMMITTEES IN THE HOUSE.

The speaker announced the following standing committees of the House to-day: Committee on Labor-A. Smith, S. J. Lee, J. B.

Lyle, Wm. Perry, T. D. McDowell, T. N. Talbott Committee on Removal of Political Disabilities-

S. J. Lee, R. M. Smith. C. D. Hayne, N. B. Myers, B. A. Boseman, Jr., P. J. O'Connell, S. M. Smart.

COME TO GRIEF.

RALEIGH, December 9. In the House to-day the following resolution was introduced: Resolved, That William W. Holden, Governor o

North Carolina, be impeached of high crimes an misdemeasors in office. The resolution was referred to the judiciary committee, and will probably be acted upon to morrow, when a committee will be appointed to conduct the trial before the Senate. It is expected that the Senate will take prompt action in the matter, and that the court of impeachment will

## GOLD AND BOND MARKET.

NEW YORK, December 9-Evening. Money easy; supply offering abundant. Gold very dull all day. Governments showed great strength this afternoon; sixty-twos 7%; fours 7% dves same; new 9%; sevens same; eights 10% forties 6%. Tennessees 60%; new 59. Virginia 66; new 65. Louisianas 70; new 64; levees 71 eights 85. Alabamas 100; fives 70. Georgias 84 sevens 9%. North Carolinas 45; new 24%. South | praying for the intervention of England in behalf Carolinas 88: new 6934.

THE EMPEROR WILHELM.

BERLIN, December 7.

GREAT REJOICING .- THE KING AC-CEPTS THE TITLE.

Continued German Successes-Demoralization of the French Army-Capitulation Expected on the 10th-England Preparing Provisions for the Famished-Russia Rampant-The Bear Preparing for War!

LONDON, December 9. A dispatch from Berlin says: "King William accepts the title of Emperor of Germany. immense enthusiasm prevails in the city." The Emperor's Dispatch.

A dispatch from the King to the Oueen confirms the report that ten thousand prisoners, seventy-seven cannon and four gunboats were captured at Orleans. The King adds : Von Twestel has carried Gidy, Janvery and Prires, by storm, and Manteuffel occupied Rouen after victorious encounters. Goedit now holds the city. Eight heavy guns were found in the intrenchments.

LONDON, December 7. The town is full of rumors, purporting that Paris will capitulate on the 10th inst. Great contractors are known to have prepared immense quantities of provisions to be dispatched to Paris. and special contracts have been made for railway transportation.

Capitulation of Paris Predicted.

NOON DISPATCHES. The German Empire.

BERLIN, December 9. King Louis of Bavaria writes King John of Saxony: "The Germans, led by King William, celeheated the brotherhood of arms, giving glorious proof of the importance and power of united Germany. I have negotiated to this end at Versailles, and now invite all other German Princes to urge the King of Prussia to assume the title of Emperor of Germany, united with presidential functions. Prond thus to take the first step in German unity, I hope for your assent and that of the other Princes and free towns."

A large number of prisoners arrived at Paris, who were captured in the battles east and south of the city on the 2d. The Prussians in their attack hurled 120,000 men against Ducrot; nevertheless Ducrot held his ground and repulsed the

enemy. Advices from Belfort to the 6th state that the siege is progressing vigorously. The Prussians were beaten off in an attempt to storm Belfort.

Tours, December 9. Montargis, in the Department of the Lotre. has been evacuated by the Germans. The Army of the Loire has again started for-

A balloon dispatch from Paris on the 8th states that the situation is satisfactory. The Prussians are actively constructing works near the lines from which the French recently drove them.

BERLIN. December 6. The bankers of the city on the 3d instant paid in 34,000,000 of the new loan of 100,000,000 recently authorized by Parliament, and they announce their readiness to take 17,000,000 more.

The Berlin Kreuz Zeltung of to-day says the Chambers will probably be convoked about the 12th instant.

NIGHT DISPATOHES. Russin Rampant.

NEW YORK, December 9. The World's London special says that St. Peters burg letters, of the 2d instant, received there state that a warlive feeling prevails over the whole Empire. Gortschakoff's circulars created a universal feeling of joy at Sebastopol. The Emperor has notified the reserves to hold themselves in readiness, which is considered a very important step, being a measure which has not been resorted to since the Crimean war. Russia is committed to a bold line of conduct, and resolved to proceed in spite of all opposition. It is announced by the Emperor that forty millions of roubles will be devoted to extraordinary war expenses. By the 1st of January, 49,700 remodelled guns and 150,000 breech-loaders will be ready for

French Reports.

Tours, December 7. A dispatch from Le Mans announces the arrival of a balloon from Paris to the 6th instant. No military operations of importance have occurred since the 3d.

General Trochu has received a letter from General Von Moltke announcing the defeat of the Army of the Loire, and granting safe conduct to the parties designated to convey and verify the news. The offer was refused. A proclamation was issued giving the facts, and saying that, even if it were true, the government has still reason to expect a great movement by the nation. Advices from reliable parties indicate the successes of the Prossians to have been greater than was supnosed. When the balloon started, firing was heard on the south of Paris.

Paris journals announce a change in the army of the Loire. It is now divided into three corps, ommanded by Generals Bourbaki, Chaucay and Bellot.

New Constitution. LONDON, December 9. The French acceptance of the conference for the settlement of the Eastern question is uncon-

Bismarck considers the delay in voting for the new constitution as working mischief.

Dispatches from Tours are much confused. The Protest of a Qucen. MADRID, December 5. Queen Isabella sends a formal protest from her

residence in Genoa, Switzerland, against the election of Aosta to the throne of Spain, but disavows any intention to use force. All the political factions are violently attacking Prim and the party who elected Aosta. MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

A Terrible French Reverse-The People In Despair-Official Figures-Apologe. tic Statements-The End Approaching. Tours, December 9.

The government states that the army of the Loire is at its old quarters, but the locality is not given. Despair has seized some here, and the spirits of others have risen to meet the desperate condition of affairs. The government declares that its reverse was only of temporary importance. Many railway trains, loaded with cattle. sheep and provisions, had been concentrated near Orleans for the succor of Paris. They were all saved.

The evacuation of Orleans was caused by the deoralization solely of the new French troops, and the mistaken strategy and indecision of General Palladines, who allowed two corps to be overwhelmed by the whole Prussian army, a'though he had 200,000 men within reach. The official return states that the army of the Loire consisted of 300,000 men, with 1000 guns. In the engage ments of the 3d and 4th, only 60,000 French fought against 150,00) Germans. The plan of the campaign was devised by Gambetta, aided by Debere, a young officer of engineers, and was either not carried out by Palladines, or the plan itself was fatally erroneous.

The quarrel between Bismarck and the Crown Prince has broken out worse than ever. England to Protect the Pope. LONDON, December 7.

Gladstone has written a letter, dated November 30, to Edmund Dease, M. P., for Queen County, Ireland, acknowledging the receipt of a petition of the temporal authority of the Pope. Gladstone

says the government has not interfered with any | ward progress of the Gospel. The increase in the changes in Rome since the election o. Pius the IXth, but feels bound to make, and has made provision for affording protection to the Pontiff. In the meantime Italy has explicitly engaged to protect the Pope's freedom and maintain his dig-

The Future King of Spain. FLORENCE, December 7.

The royal speech has been well received. Signo Branchedi has been elected president of the lower chamber. Aosta will set out for Spain about new years. The deputation from Spain is everywhere received with the warmest expressions of welcome. It has gone to Turin to offer congratula tions to the fature Queen of Spain

GENERAL LEE WANTED BY THE FRENCH.

WASHINGTON, December 9. It appears, from diplomatic correspondence, that, on the 11th of August, Minister Motley tele-

graphed the following to Secretary Fish: "It is an authentic fact that the French Government telegraphed to London, yesterday, to know if General Lee is here, or whether he is expected. The supposition is that a military command is to be offered to him. I am not aware that General Lee is in London, or that he is expected. The fact, however, that the French Government show such anxiety to obtain the assis tance of military talent from so distant a quarter would seem to argue some want of confidence in the government of their armies."

## WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, December 9. A full Cabinet was in session to-day.

In the Senate, resolutions were offered calling on the President for all facts regarding St. Domingo, and the employment of United States troops in the recent elections. The body went into executive session and adjourned until Mon-

The Senate will take no action with reference to the Georgia senators until January. Farrow, one of the contestants, leaves for Georgia to-night

BUTLER'S DISABILITY BILL.

WASHINGTON, December 9. The Tribune says, editorially: "A general mnesty bill, such as General Butler is to submit to the House, with an endless list of exceptions, is not what the country will be content with, o what the political situation demands. The truth is that the bill is a misnomer, for it grants pardon to few not a!ready practically exempted from their disabilities. It is precisely the same meas ure which was laid over at the last session. Though the committee does not appear to have been educated to a broader appreciation of its duty in the matter, public sentiment has in the meantine advanced in liberality. The present bill will not do, and we trust that before it is adopted, the House, which we are told evinces comprehensive common sense on the question will much improve and extend it."

## SMUGGLERS AT WORK.

NEW YORK, December 9. The custom house detectives this morning

ecovered \$6000 worth of smuggled silks and velvets in the boarding houses on West street. The goods had been smuggled from France across the English channel to the north of Ireland, and thence to this port in emigrants' chests having false bottoms. It is believed that this business has lately been very extensive, and that government has lost in duties by this means \$230,000 in

BOND COUNTERFEITER ARRESTED.

NEW YORK, December 9. Wm. Brockway, who is reported as very weal thy, has been arrested on the charge of counterfelting seven-thirty bonds, of which the govern ment returned over a quarter of a million.

Commissioner Osborne refused to accept bail in any amount until he heard the evidence for the

ALL SERENE IN ALABAMA.

MONTGOMERY, December 9. This morning Smith witherew from the contes

for Governor, and yielded the office to Lindsay. Every thing is joyful, and no demonstrations are

over.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES. The suit of the State of Maryland vs. the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, for one-fifth of the passenger transportation through the State, was decided against the State. The State filed excep-

pany. lu New York, Patterson & Co., provision deal ers, and Grant & Ascough, lard and oil merchants, have suspended. A dry goods firm has failed for \$200,000, and a clothing house for half a

tions. The court intimated that each passenger

could recover one-fifth of the fare from the com

Cable rates have advanced to \$15, in gold; no lessage to exceed firy words. Press and political news at half rates. The advance com mences n Monday, the 12th instant.

The steamer Hornet, suspected of being Cuona privateer, got to sea last night. Joseph M. Walters, the well known proprietor of the National Hotel at Norfolk, committed suicide yesterday. Cause-unfortunate cotton

It is stated on proper authority that the government has only redeemed eighty thousand of the counterfeit seven-thirty bonds. The complete census of California shows an in-

crease in ten years of 126,619. Increase in the Chy of San Francisco 93,470, or nearly two hundred per cent. The National Board of Trade, now in session at

Buffalo, resolved an approval of Creswell's recommendations, and favor an immediate and unconditional abolition of the franking privileges. The small-pox is rapidly spreading in Brooklyin. Flatbush Hospital and the Dead House are filled with patients, and the new county almsnouse will be prepared at once as hospitals. All the telegraph companies were in consul

tation to-day, and reported the tariff on all messages to be increased fifty per cent. on the first THE MISSIONARY SOCIETY - ANNIVERSARY

MEETING .- Last evening Trinity Church, in Hasel street, was filled to its utmost capacity with an intelligent and sympathetic audience to do honor to the anniversary of this noble society. Long before 7 o'clock young and old began to fill the news of the beautiful church, and the large congregation which assemble! showed how deep an interest was felt in the workings of the society. Most of the members of the Conference were to be seen in their places, and all looked forward with pleasure and interest to the report and addresses about to be delivered. The opening services were conducted by the Rev.

William Martin, and consisted of the reading of a selected passage of the Scripture, the singing of a hymn and an appropriate prayer. The annual report of the Missionary Society was then read by the Rev. W. S. Black. The report was lengthy and interesting, and was listened to with marked interest by all present. It began with the enunciation of the sublime truth of the salvation of man by the death of Christ, and in a simple and clear manner, illustrated by frequent quotations from the Scriptures, went on to express the faith of the church in the power of the Gospel, and the ultimate triumph of Christianity. The continued and increasing exertions of the missionaries were shown, and the persecutions of the Christians in China given as an illustration of the on-

number of missionaries at home was adverted to and the effect of their labor shown in the increase

ing prosperity of the church. The report closed with these words, after mentioning the several missions in detail: "The statistical reports of the missienaries show a gratifying increase, and should induce us to make a more strenuous and

persevering effort in the future." After the reading of the report, the Rev. C. Betts, president of the society, moved its alopion, which was agreed to.

The Rev. Dr. Harrison, of the Georgia Conference, and editor of the New Monthly Magazine, the literary organ of the Church South, published , Tenn., was introduced by the presi dent, and addressed the meeting at considerable length. His discourse, on the subject of the missionary and his labors, made a deep impression upon the hearers, and at the close of the address an illustration of the strong faith and moral cour age, exhibited by a young soldier in one of our regiments during the late war, brought tears to the eyes of the women and many a strong man

in the audience. The Rev. Dr. Bond, of Baltimore, was next introduced by the president, and made a short address, in which he won the hearts of his audience by his calm and earnest manner of speaking. A collection was then taken up for the aid of th

society, and the services closed about ten o'clock with the usual religious exercises.

THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC .- Lurline drew good house to the Academy last evening, and the Blondes discoursed the usual amount of song and dance and grotesque posturing to the immense delight of the audience. Miss Weber acted "Rupert" with her wonted spirit and abandon, and as almost invariably encored.

Mr. Atkins was as superhumanly elastic a ever, and Miss Hattle O'Neal looked her gallant part to perfection.

"The Middy Ashore," which opened the pe formance, brought out the comic strength of the company to great advantage, and afforded an opportunity for Mr. Ketchum to present a very clever and thorough impersonation of an out andout tar, which was well received.

The troupe give two more performances, at 1 P. M. to-day and the usual hour this evening.

## Special Notices.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CARO-LINA, COUNTY OF ORANGEBURG .- Court of Common Pleas .- C. A. STALEY, H. N. STALEY, M. C. ULMER, F. D. STALEY and ANNA D. CUL-LER and L. HANE CULLER, Plaintiffs, against J. WESLEY HOUSER and RACHEL HOUSER, Defendants.-Summons.

To the Defendants, J. Wesley Houser and Rache

You are hereby summoned and required to an wer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of Common Pleas for the said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in Orangeburg, S. C., within twenty lays after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fall to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the re lief demanded in the complaint.

HUTSON & LEGARE. IZLAR & DIBBLE,

Dated December 8, 1870.

I certify that the above Summons is published under an order made by the Judge of Probate for this County, which extends the time for answe GEO. BOHNIR. C. C. C. P. dec10-86

LOAN ON BOTTOMRY AND RE-PONDENTIA .- The undersigned, Captain of the Spanish Bark PAQUETE CANTABRIA, of Santan. der Spain, now in this port undergoing repairs. with a cargo of sugar, shipped at Havana fo Santander, requires to pay said repairs, and othe EXPERSES, & LOAN OF TWELVE THOUSAND DOL LARS (\$12,000.) more or less, on hypothecation of the above named vessel and cargo, to be reim-Sealed applications, naming rate of maritime premium and other conditions to be accepted by ne, with the approval of the Spanish Consu must be presented at the Spanish Consulate, No. 48 Broad street, at 12 o'clock Noon, on MONDAY 12th instant, when and where they will be opened

in the presence of the applicants or their repmade except of thankfulness that the conflict is resentatives. For further information apply to my consigned Mr. W. P. HALL, at Brown's Wharf.

With the sanction and by order of the Spanish Z. B. ONZAIN, Consul. Captain Bark Paquete Cantabria

Charleston, December 8, 1870. decg-3 MEN'S MERINO SHIRTS! MEN'S MERINO SHIRTS! Cheap at 75 cents to \$2, at

O. E. & A. S. JOHNSON dec8-ths4 THIS IS NO APOLOGY FOR whiskey drinking; it is a medicine that cannot be used to intoxicate; it produces a tonic effect, as well as acts as a cathartic. In fact, SiM-MONS'S LIVER REGULATOR is pronounced an

nnexceptional medicine.

FAITH WELL FOUNDED .-- IN OLD limes, at the commencement of every season, it was the fashion to take a strong cathartic as a safeguard against a change of temperature. It was a worse than senseless practice. The people of our day understand the matter better. Instead of depleting the system, they reinforce it. In the method they adopt they exhibit a wise discrimination. Instead of resorting to the vittated stimulants of commerce, or any of the compounds de rived from them, they put their faith in the only absolute'/ pure invigorant procurable in the market-HO TETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Their faith is well founded. Never has any tonic medicine been prepared with such scrupulous precision and conscientious care. It is a vegetable compound of which every ingredient is sound, wholesome, and medicinal in the true sense of the word. Now we have three prominent national complaints. Onehalf of the adult population of the United States suffer more or less, either from diseases of the stomach, derangement of the liver, or affections of the kidneys. In no other land under Heaven are these maindies so general as in this country, and Hostetter's Bitters is a specific for them all, unless organic in their origin, and, therefore, beyond cure. And let those who are fortunate enough to be exempt from them at present under-

AWAY WITH UNCOMFORTABLE THUSSES .- Comfort and Cure for the Ruptured. Sent postpaid on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 120 Lexington avenue, New

stand one great fact, viz: That an occasional use

of this vitalizing tonic will as certainly prevent

them as the sun will prevent the earth from

freezing where its genial beams descend.

AWAY WITH SPECTACLES .-- OLD Eyes made new, easily, without doctor or medicines. Sent postpaid on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 120 Lexington avenue, New York.

A GRAND EPOOH IN SCIENCE. From the time when, in 1834, Dr. RUGGE discovered "Carbolic Acid" and its extraordinary medical effects, nothing in the history of Medicine has equalled it. Largely used by the French physians in treatment of consumptive and scrotu ious diseases, it was introduced by the Court Physician of Berlin, MAX ERNST HENRY, into Prus sis, and from thence to the United States. Nothing else of the present day can equal HEN-BY'S SOLULION OR CARBOLIC CONSTITUTION RENOVATOR. Patients get better after only one dose has been taken, and we cordially recommend it to the public .- [Editor "Argus." jan17 lyr

EIGHT DOLLARS A YEAR. Special Notices.

TRINITY CHURCH.—THE SOUTH CAROLINA CONFERENCE of the M. E. Church South will continue its sessions This Morning at

9% o'clock. THIS AFFERNOON, at 3 o'clock, the Anniversary Exercises of the Conference Sunday School Soclety will take place, with addresses and other attractive proceedings. To-Night, at 7% o'clock, there will be a Conference Lovefeast. Seats free.

Public invited to attend. On SUNDAY MORNING, after a sermon by Rev. Lovick Pierce, D. D., of the South Georgia Conference, the Ordination of Deacons will take place. ervices in the afternoon will be conducted by Rev. W. T. CAPERS, and at night by the Rev. J. POISAL, D. D., of the Baltimore Conference. dec10-1\*

BETHEL M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.

Divine Service will be held in this Church To-MORROW MORNING, at half-past 10 o'clock, by the Rev. Dr. WHITEFOORD SMITH; in the AFTER soon, at half-past 3 o'clock, by Bishop G. F. PIERCE: and in the Evening, at quarter past 7 o'clock, by Rev. WM. H. FLEMING. Seats free. At the close of the Afternoon Service Bishop PIERCE will ordain those recommended for Elder's Orders. RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—THE REV.

CAMPBELL FAIR, Secretary of the Irish Church Mission Society, will deliver an address on the subject, at Grace Church, on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock. THE REV. CAMPBELL FAIR

vill officiate (D. V.) at St. John's Chapel, Hamptead, corner of Amherst and Havover streets, To-Morrow Appension, December 11. Service at half-past 3 o'clock. decid-TO UNITARIAN CHURCH.-DIVINE ERVICE will be held in this Church To-MORBOW MORNING at half-past 10 o'clock, and in the Eve-

CUTLER officiating. All strangers are cordially invited to attend. Subject for the Evening Discourse: The "Second birth though mysterious, yet not without

NING at a quarter-past 7 o'clock, the Rev. R. P.

At the close of the Morning Service a collection will be taken in aid of the Ladies' Lee Monment Association. ALL PARTIES HAVING CLAIMS

against the Estate of WM. B. McDOWELL, de-

eased, will hand them in, properly attested, within thirty days, or they will be debarred payment. Those persons indebted to the Estate will make payment to WM. A. MoDOWELL, Qualified Executor. dec10-93\* I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE

for any debt contracted by the coaw of the British PETER GUTHRIE, Bark LILLIE M. dec9-2\* IMPORTANT TO OWNERS OF SEWING MACHINES.—JOHN CLARK, JR., & CO.S BEST SIX-CORD SPOOL COTTON, on Black

Spools. For sale at retail by D. B. HASELTON No. 307 King street. 4 dec5-1mo NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. that Check No. 197, dated August 13th, 1870, for \$7000, signed JOHN HUNN, Chairman Board of County Commissioners, and drawn on E. S. KUH, County Treasurer, has been lost or mislaid at Columbia, South Carolina. This is to warn all parties that the said Check is null and void, no

equivalent having been received therefor. By order of the Board. JOHN HUNN, Chairman.

JAMES E. MCGREGOR, Clerk. UNION BANK OF SOUTH CARO-LINA-CHARLESTON, OCTOBER 10TH, 1870.-Application will be made to the General Assembly of south Carolina. at its next session, for the privilege of increasing the present capital of this H. D. ALEXANDER, Bank.

CHARLESTON, S. C., NOVEMBER 25, 1870.—THE SOUTHERN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF ATHENS, GA.—The Dividend Scrip of the above Company will be taken in payment of Premiums by the Georgia Home Insurance Company of Columbus. Holders of the above mentioned Scrip can thus

the Georgia Home, a Southern company, with a cash capital of half a million of dollars. Apply BUTSON LEE, Agent, nov29-tuths8 Broad street, corner of State. SPECIAL NOTICE.—NOTICE IS

ecure Policies which participate in the profits in

ereby given to all concerned that, on account of my regular civil and criminal business, I cannot attend to the arrest of "sailors" for desertion or ther cause than crime against the peace of the ommunity. ·L. C. NORTHROP, Attorney at Law and Trial Justice.

dec6-tuths3 FIVE CENTS ADDITIONAL WILL ny Shoes with silver or copper tips, which will save the buyer the price of a new pair of shoes. Compared with ragged toes and dirty stockings they are beautiful, to say the least. Parents, try sep7-ws3mos

FOUND: AN ARTICLE OF INES TIMABLE value to the ladies; whereby health may be restored, beauty preserved, and and safety be secured. All who use the PHILO found a treasure. Full Directions accompany each bottle, for treating complaints peculiar adult females, and when followed, this remedy will prove more precious to sufferers than rubles Sold by the Druggists for \$1. Wholesale Agents, DOWIE, MOISE & DAVIS, No. 169 Meeting street,

PARREST THAT TERRIBLE 'CA-TARRH, and thus avoid a consumptive's grave by ising Dr. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY. The proprietor will pay \$500 reward for a case he cannot cure. Sold by druggists, or send sixty cents to Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive it by mail. Pamphlet sent free. dec8-thstu3pac THE GREAT MEDICAL WONDER

two minutes. Cancers, Boils, Tetter and Old Sores, cured in 48 hours by Dr. HASKELL'S CAR BOLIC CANCER SALVE. For sale at retail by G. W. AIMAR, COHEN'S MEDICAL DE POT, DR. H. BAER, DR. G. J. LUHN. A. O. BARBOT, ED. S. BURNHAM, W. T. LITTLE & CO.,

DR. HASKELL'S ELECTRIC OIL kills all pain in

M. H. COLLINS & CO., ALFRED RACUL, M. D., GRAMAN & SCHWAKE, DR. W. A. SKRINE. E. H. KELLERS, M. D., And at wholesale by DOWIE, MOISE & DAVIS. sole Agents for South Carolina. nov11-3mospaw

GETTING MARRIED.-ESSAYS for Young Men on Social Evils, and the propriety er impropriety of getting Married, with sanitary elp for those who feel unfitted for matrimonial nappiness. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address Howard Association, Box P, Phils sep17-3mos

PRENCH PATENT MEDICINES.

Prepared by Grimault & Co., Paris:
SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHATE OF LIME a soverign remedy in phthisis—relieves, Coughs, Nightsweats, &c.
Guarana, for headscke, neuralgia, &c.
Pepsine, for indigestion, loss of appetite, &c.
Iodized Syrup of Horseradish, invaluable for persons unable to take Codliver Oil—especially recommended in cutaneous affections, and as a most nowerful demurative. nost powerful depurative.
Digestive Lozenges of the Alkaline Lactates, a
leasant and effective remedy for functional de-

angement of the digestive organs.
Troches of Persine and Paucreatine. Troches of Pepsine and Panoreatine.
ALSO,
PURGATIF LE ROY, Pharmacie Cottin.
VOMITIF LE ROY, Pharmacie Cottin.
Dragees de Sautonive.
Dragees de Morphine.
Lancelot's Asthma Cigarettes.
For sale by Dr. H. BAER,
may30 No. 131 Meeting stre 75.

Charleston, S. C.