

WASHINGTON.

[FROM THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.] WASHINGTON, May 26. Farragut addresses the graduating class at the naval academy.

Butler has arrived and it is supposed that the Georgia question will soon be resumed. The President is sick. Boutwell orders the customhouses of Baltimore and Philadelphia closed on Monday, in honor of the decoration.

The President has nominated A. D. Larkin, marshal of North Alabama. Postmasters, F. Beaumont, Port Lavaca, Texas; McHenry, Macomb, Thos. M. Hogan, Columbus, Ga.; George Louder, Fayetteville, North Carolina.

Major Luddington has been assigned to duty connected with the indebtedness of Southern railroads to the government.

In the Senate, the application from the Knights Templars for a loan of ten thousand dollars, reported in joint resolution, meeting with objection, went over.

The bill to aid in carrying the mails between the United States and the west coast of South America was reported. It gives \$31,000 to the North American Steamship Company for each round voyage between New York and Valparaiso, via Panama.

A bill was also reported requiring the Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad to maintain a drawbridge over the channel of the Great Gorge.

The Naturalization bill was reported with amendments.

The Appropriation bill was continued and amendments adopted, limiting newspaper publication of the laws to important measures. It was agreed to dispose of the bill and amendments to-morrow.

In the House, the bill repealing the law of New Mexico, exempting real estate from execution, but exempting one thousand dollar homesteads, passed.

The River and Harbor bill was reported and referred to the Committee on Appropriations. The Northern Pacific Railroad bill was resumed. Several amendments of the charter, crippling to the enterprise, was defeated.

The bill as it came from the Senate will undoubtedly pass without amendments. This action is the result of a compromise, which, it is asserted, secures a liberal railroad bill this season.

The River and Harbor bill was passed to-day. It gives to the upper Mississippi, for dredging and removing snags, \$36,000; Rock Island Rapids \$150,000; Illinois River \$100,000; mouth of the Mississippi \$300,000; mouth of the St. John's, Florida, \$5000; falls of the Ohio \$250,000; Mississippi, Missouri and Arkansas Rivers \$150,000; Ohio River \$50,000; Mississippi, above the falls of St. Anthony, \$50,000; Tennessee River \$40,000; Galveston Harbor \$25,000. It authorizes the Secretary of War to make many surveys in Southern waters.

The joint resolution granting additional subsidies, and the right to mortgage the land to the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, was passed without amendment. Yeas 107—nays 85.

The Committee on Conference on the bill to enforce the Fifteenth amendment reported, and after debate it was agreed to vote to-morrow.

The bill to revive commerce was resumed, and the substitute discussed. A motion to lay the substitute on the table was rejected—yeas 41, nays 105. Adjourned.

EUROPE. English Views of the Fenian Raid. LONDON, May 26. The Times says that the Canadian authorities must have no tenderness. The invaders must be treated as robbers, ruffians and murderers.

The Morning Post is confident that the action of the President of the United States will place the Fenians before the world in the light of the enemies of mankind.

The bullion in the Bank of England has increased nearly half a million sterling.

The North German Confederation. BERLIN, May 26. King William, in closing the Reichstag, said: "The action would go far to assure foreign people that the Confederation is a powerful agent for the preservation of universal peace."

Emancipation in Brazil. LISBON, May 26. Surprise was created by the omission of the Emperor to allude to the emancipation of the slaves in his address to the Brazilian Cortes.

CONSERVATIVE TRIUMPH. RICHMOND, May 26. The municipal election here to-day resulted in the election of H. E. Elyson as Mayor, and the whole Conservative city ticket, by a handsome majority. The Conservatives are marching around, notwithstanding a pouring rain, to the newspaper offices, cheering for their success.

NORFOLK, May 26. It is estimated that the Conservatives have carried the city elections to-day by about fifty majority.

THE BARIEN CANAL. NEW YORK, May 26. The Alaska brings advices from the Darien Survey to May 16. It had reached twelve miles inland, and the highest elevation reached was one hundred and twelve feet. Heavy rain retarded operations. There were eleven persons on the sick list, four with ague. The expedition expected to start for home on the 27th of May.

THE COLORED CADET. WASHINGTON, May 26. A West Point special to the Sun says the negro cadet from Mississippi has arrived, creating great commotion. The hotel refuses to entertain him.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES. The threatened trouble between Peru and Bolivia is averted. A squall at Aspinwall on roofed many houses. The shipping was not injured.

Colonel Crosby, of Sheridan's staff, reports that the Northern Indians have sent runners to all tribes asking them to join in a general war.

Six persons were burned in the steamship Sunbeam at Valparaiso. Spanish vessels are watching the Cuban coast closely to intercept filibusters. A much needed and general rain is reported by the telegraph to have fallen throughout the greater part of Georgia and our own State.

RELIGIOUS.

The Methodists. In the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, at Memphis on Tuesday, there was much discussion on the report of the Committee on Missions.

That portion declaring the action of Smithson, the treasurer of the foreign board, in investing funds in Erie, Pa., a reckless Wall Street speculation, was discussed at great length, without action. The report of the committee accepting Bledsoe's Quarterly Review provoked an extended debate, during which one member said he understood Bledsoe was an Episcopalian. This looked like a bid for him to come over. Another characterized the Review as an Armstrong gun. Dr. Bunnell said, as experience has shown, "most disastrous consequences would follow the thought of guns of large calibre. He thought an explosion would follow the adoption of the resolution which would shake the church from pillar to post. The report was finally adopted."

The Committee on Sunday-schools made an elaborate report providing for a general secretary of Sunday-schools to be elected by the General Conference, and secretaries to each Annual Conference, who shall report to the general secretary, in a uniform system. After a lengthy discussion the report was adopted.

The Presbyterians. The business before the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church at Louisville, on Tuesday, was the reception of fraternal salutations from other religious bodies, and the selection of Huntsville, Alabama, for the next meeting of the conference, after two ballots.

At night an enthusiastic foreign missionary meeting was held, and addressed by the Rev. J. T. Wilson, of South Carolina, and by the Rev. A. W. Wright, of the Choctaw Nation, and the Rev. B. M. Palmer, of New Orleans.

Up to this time the assembly has been holding only one session, and this morning it was a very brief one, in order to give the committee time to digest and prepare subjects for consideration.

The Presbyterian General Synod, at Philadelphia, was engaged on Tuesday in the discussion of the report of the Committee on Reconstruction of Boundaries; among other things those of the Synods of China, Siam and Japan.

LOUISVILLE, May 26. The Presbyterian General Assembly met yesterday. The subject of most intense interest was the reception of the delegates from Northern Presbyterian churches, consisting of the Rev. Dr. Backus, of Baltimore; Rev. Dr. Van Dyke, of Brooklyn, and the Hon. W. E. Dodge, of New York. They presented resolutions of that assembly expressing fraternal regard, and followed them with remarks, in which it was stated that they came not to ask for reunion, nor to ask for immediate correspondence, but to ask the appointment of a committee to meet a similar committee appointed by the Northern Assembly, and to confer respecting varied matters and questions of jurisdiction and property rights between the two assemblies, and to secure, if possible, the adjustment of all differences between the two bodies on a basis just and honorable to all, and worthy of Christian men. While they were speaking, there was breathless interest and deep emotion, forming a scene that will not soon be forgotten. The kind words of the speakers evidently found a lodgment in the hearts of those to whom they were addressed. The overtures were referred to the Committee on Foreign Correspondence, which was directed to prepare a well considered reply.

The fifty-sixth annual meeting of the American Baptist Missionary Union was opened at Philadelphia on Tuesday. No business of much importance came up, except a statement of the receipts and expenditures, showing an excess of the latter of over nineteen thousand dollars.

Sunday-School Union. The celebration of the forty-sixth anniversary of the American Sunday-School Union at Philadelphia, on Tuesday, seems to have been of peculiar interest. About five hundred children united in singing chants and hymns, which were interspersed by appropriate addresses. It was stated that during the year there had been visited and aided 4250 schools, containing 32,497 teachers and 273,346 scholars.

American Israelites. The Board of Delegates of American Israelites met in New York on Monday evening. Delegates were present from Baltimore, Washington, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Boston, and other cities. Mr. A. Hart, of Philadelphia, presided, and the proceedings were opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Isaacs.

The secretary read the report of the Executive Committee for the past year. Among other things, he reported that the number of converts had been gained from the Governor of Syria for the purpose of acquiring land for the establishment of a Jewish agricultural school, and as soon as it was confirmed at Constantinople the school would be begun. The committee strenuously urged that energy and industry should be infused among the Jewish population of Palestine. The report said that the condition of the Jews in Roumania had not improved. Scenes of violence had recently taken place at Bucharest, and a number of families had been turned out of their homes at Vacco and Galatz. In Russia a large number of families had been likewise turned out of their homes in consequence of the revival of an old law which prohibited Israelites from residing near the frontier. The United States Minister at St. Petersburg had been instructed to protest against these persecutions of the Jews. Desperate and ignominious scenes had been witnessed in Madagascar. Mr. Halley's mission to China had not yet, for some unknown cause, been undertaken. The Universal Alliance had held their annual meeting lately in Paris, under the presidency of Mr. Cremonesi. There were about 12,000 members now dwelling in all parts of the globe. The Alliance had established numerous schools in Syria and the East. The committee recommended that energy should be adopted to have a law passed in all the States of America similar to that of the State of New York, providing that Jews who keep their Sabbath should be prevented from following their avocations in America, provided they did not interfere with the rights of other denominations.

CINCINNATI, May 26. The Reformed Presbyterian Synod have voted 10 for, 27 against the proposed basis of union. The proposition for a new union from the committee was defeated.

The Body of De Soto.—An extraordinary story regarding the probable discovery of the body of the explorer De Soto, is told by the Memphis Appeal. It appears that Captain John Cowdon, who for many years has devoted himself to the task of dragging up wrecked vessels from the fathomless abysses along the Mississippi, has for several weeks past been making a survey of the localities which may contain uncounted wealth, and while inspecting the water line along the eastern shore, he discovered the bow of a small copper-fastened vessel protruding into the river. It was also observed that trees from 15 to 20 feet in diameter grew immediately above the buried bow, and that the roots of these gigantic cypresses were twisted about the ancient vessel. The theory of John Cowdon is that, considering its dimensions, twice as great as those of a modern yawl, its copper-fastening, the length, until the 16th of September, 1861, and at the end of the year 1869, there was \$13,224,209 due to depositors. The interest paid to depositors, or added to the credit side of their accounts, now exceeds \$200,000 a year. The amount paid in and the amount drawn out in the course of the year, are very large; in the year 1869, \$5,787,218 was received from depositors, and \$4,227,556 was paid to depositors.

THE BRITISH POSTOFFICE SAVINGS BANKS continue to prosper, and business done increases rapidly. There was not a single failure in Great Britain, until the 16th of September, 1861, and at the end of the year 1869, there was \$13,224,209 due to depositors. The interest paid to depositors, or added to the credit side of their accounts, now exceeds \$200,000 a year. The amount paid in and the amount drawn out in the course of the year, are very large; in the year 1869, \$5,787,218 was received from depositors, and \$4,227,556 was paid to depositors.

THE PEOPLE EVERYWHERE RISING FOR REFORM. Edgfield, Fairfield, York, Greenville and Oconee Respond to the Call.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.] COLUMBIA, May 26. The intelligence that reaches here from all sections of the State, as to the reawakened spirit of the people and their enthusiasm for the Reform movement, is highly cheering.

In addition to the sixteen counties already mentioned as having taken action with a view to be represented in the June Convention, we have authentic information to-night that Edgfield, Fairfield, York, Greenville and Oconee have issued calls for county meetings on the 6th of June, to choose delegates to represent those counties in Columbia.

Richland is going to heartily second the voice of Charleston in behalf of Retrenchment and Reform.

The onslaughts of Senator Cain, in the Missionary Record, have at length awakened the Scott Ring to the necessity of seeming to do something in the line of honesty and retrenchment. The advisory board of the land commission held a meeting to-night, for the purpose of arraigning Mr. State Treasurer Niles G. Parker for his course in regard to the purchase of certain lands in Charleston County.

It appears that six tracts of land were bought of Mr. Schley, at about \$30,000, for which the State was charged and paid \$120,000. The lands had not even been seen by the commissioner, nor by any member of the board, and are now represented as almost worthless. The investigation is now in progress, under the direction of Secretary of State Cardozo.

THE GOOD WORK. The Columbia papers publish the following call: "The citizens of Richland, who are in favor of economy, retrenchment and reform, low taxes and a wise, patriotic and honest administration of our State government, are requested to meet in their respective townships on Saturday, 28th instant, and select four delegates each to attend a county convention to be held at Columbia on the first Monday in June next, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Convention, which will assemble on the 15th of that month."

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THE BROOKLYN TOURNAMENT.

Result of the Second Day's Trial—The First Prize Won by Dr. C. A. Fox, the Knight of the Old Dominion—Crowning of the Queens.

At the second day of the Grand Tournament at Prospect Park Fair Ground, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, there was a large attendance, including many ladies.

At 3 o'clock the knights, Horace Bailey, of Virginia; A. Brockenbrough, of the District of Columbia; Eddie Gallagher, of Virginia; Dr. C. A. Fox, of Virginia; W. A. Jarboe, of Maryland; C. K. McBlair, of the District of Columbia; C. Bailey, of Virginia; Tommasi Mosar, Jr., of the District of Columbia; R. H. Marshall, of Maryland; S. P. Maury, of New York, and W. P. Colley, of the District of Columbia, made a grand parade.

The best horsemanship ever witnessed in Brooklyn was displayed by J. N. Gallagher, of Virginia, who, notwithstanding the bad and unmanageable horse he rode, succeeded in an unmanageable horse in taking the ring from the left side of the horse instead of the right. In consequence of the bad shying of his horse he was ruled out.

The following ladies were seated as queens: Miss Belle Robinson, by Eddie Gallagher first, and Miss F. Barker, by Dr. Edward Fox, second.

The following were selected maids of honor: Miss Phibbrick, by Horace Bailey; Miss Knapp, by R. H. Marshall; Miss Van Brent, by J. W. Walsh; Miss Spinner, daughter of the United States treasurer, by J. I. Harrison, and Miss Cashel, by Horace Bailey.

Mr. Stone, of the Journal of Commerce, congratulated the knights, queens and maids. He congratulated the knights on the success they achieved, and implored those who had power to use it mercifully on their faithful subjects. He said the same was true of North and South, and he and all present would gladly take all their Southern brethren to heart, for all loved them.

The occasion ended with a grand ball. Another tournament will be held next week nearer New York, the distance of this one from the city keeping many from attending who otherwise would have done so.

THE POPE'S REPLY. Cardinal Antonelli to the Emperors. The Paris Universe publishes the reply of Cardinal Antonelli to the memorandum presented to the Court of Rome by Count Daru, on the subject of the Council:

The answer, which is of great length, extending over two columns and a half of that journal, says that the Holy See and the civil governments have nothing to do with the deliberations of that body. If the Pope asks the bishops to proclaim him infallible and superior to all temporal powers, those attributes always belong to him, and he never, purely does, declare, speculate. They do not constitute an encroachment of which any one has a right to complain. Such, in substance, is the declaration of the Vatican, which concludes by the Minister of Foreign Affairs will not be communicated to the assembly of the fathers.

Advices from Vienna mention another letter from the Cardinal to the Emperor Francis from the Emperor's government, and likewise referring to the Council. It seems to be sharper in tone than that to the Cabinet of the Tuilleries.

MARK LEMON DEAD. Thackeray, Douglas Jerrold, Leech and now Lemon—The Brains of London Punch.

The distinguished English journalist, Mark Lemon, editor of Punch, is dead. He had been ailing some time, but it was only during the last few days that the physicians lost hope of his recovery.

Mr. Lemon was born in London on the 26th of November, 1809. He was his father's secretary, and a writer for the stage, and in that capacity of literature, he produced either singly or in copartnership with others, upward of sixty plays, farces and other dramatic compositions. Of these the best known was "The Family," with its inimitable Amintadiah Leeds. But it was in connection with Punch that Mark Lemon was most widely known. He became joint editor of that famous periodical in its beginning in 1841. Two years later he was appointed sole editor, and that position he held until his death. As an actor, too, he was a member of the Savage Club. His readings of Falstaff in 1868 were also a decided success. Critics united in saying that the pensive knight had never before been so faithfully represented.

Mark Lemon's death creates another gap in the ranks of the wits who used to gather round the festive board at the Portugal Tavern every Wednesday. Douglas Jerrold has gone; so have Thackeray and John Leech. It was one of these wits who said that Mark Lemon was the best known of the wits, and that "Punch could not be good without Lemon."

A SUICIDE AT KINGSTREE. (From the Kingstree Star.) Our citizens were startled on Monday evening last by the announcement that Mr. Edwin L. Levin had committed suicide at Mrs. Gervine's hotel in this place, by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. Mr. Levin was in his store as usual until half-past two o'clock, attending to his business. He walked from his store down the street to a hotel, and spoke to several persons there and immediately walked into a passageway in the rear part of the house, where he engaged in some conversation with a lady friend, during which time he drew a small pocket pistol and said he was going to shoot himself, at the same time making the attempt to put the pistol to his head. The lady jerked his hands down and begged him to desist, and when he refused to do so, she, in sympathy and affection, and united with his new-made acquaintance in sympathy and affection, and by his vote, so ardently drawn away from his grasp, his pistol, under the presidency of Mr. Cremonesi. There were about 12,000 members now dwelling in all parts of the globe. The Alliance had established numerous schools in Syria and the East. The committee recommended that energy should be adopted to have a law passed in all the States of America similar to that of the State of New York, providing that Jews who keep their Sabbath should be prevented from following their avocations in America, provided they did not interfere with the rights of other denominations.

Now we claim that the white man is superior to the negro. God has stamped the mark of superiority upon the brow of the white man. He has also stamped the mark of inferiority upon the brow of the negro. Superiority over him by incalculating into his mind proper principles of political economy. Let us educate him in the honest principles of industry, conscientiousness, integrity and the highest and noblest of all virtues, and we will prove to him that his former master is his best friend. Convince him, if possible, that honesty is as essential in politics as in morals—that he, too, is a sufferer by a lying, pilfering administration of the government; that the party in power are using him as a tool to keep themselves in power and place, while he toils and sweats in the labors of the field; that we recognize in him a fellow-being, and that we propose to take him away from him. Do this and invite him with all others who desire reform in our government, to unite with us in one grand effort to overthrow the political domination and to place the government in the hands of the people, and we will prove to him that his former master is his best friend. Convince him, if possible, that honesty is as essential in politics as in morals—that he, too, is a sufferer by a lying, pilfering administration of the government; that the party in power are using him as a tool to keep themselves in power and place, while he toils and sweats in the labors of the field; that we recognize in him a fellow-being, and that we propose to take him away from him. Do this and invite him with all others who desire reform in our government, to unite with us in one grand effort to overthrow the political domination and to place the government in the hands of the people, and we will prove to him that his former master is his best friend.

GERMANS IN TENNESSEE.—The Nashville Banner says that Mr. J. B. Jesup, president of the Tennessee Homestead Association, has bought, in the aggregate, 65,000 acres of land in Tennessee, settled forty-five families, and provided for three hundred German families altogether. The immigration comes from the farming districts of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, and some of it from Europe direct. The settlements are chiefly in Lawrence, Lewis and Giles Counties, and the pursuits of the immigrants are mainly fruit culture and raising of stock.

The commission of citizens formed in Paris to promote the adoption of the Plebiscite, wishing to continue its organization, has applied to M. Ollivier for the necessary permission, which he civilly declined to give, on the ground that the government could not sanction permanent irresponsible political bodies.

FROM THE BORDER.

THE FENIAN LEADER O'NEIL MADE PRISONER. The Fight Near St. Albans—Fenian Loss, Two Killed and Two Wounded—O'Neil, Men Demoralized by his Capture—Prince Arthur Goes to the Front.

WASHINGTON, May 26. The mass of Fenian news shows that the capture of O'Neil, whom Marshal Foster and Deputy Marshal Fairley seized while the fight was progressing, thrust into a hack, and carried from the ground, demoralized the Fenians. O'Neil has been committed in default of \$20,000 bail.

The Fenians lost two killed and two wounded, (names not given), near St. Albans, by Canadians posted behind trees and rocks. Federal and British troops are advancing rapidly to the front. Unless speedily reinforced, the expedition in the vicinity of St. Albans will be a fizzle.

Prince Arthur has gone from Montreal to the front with troops.

Troops Leaving Boston for the Border. BOSTON, May 26. Troops from Forts Warren and Independence have left for St. Albans by special trains.

The Latest Reports. ST. ALBANS, Vt., May 6. The Fenians, with arms and accoutrements are scattered about the country. There were three killed and fifteen wounded in an engagement. O'Neil is in jail at Burlington.

CHICAGO, May 26. The Fenian headquarters are crowded. Several parties have departed in different directions, some going to Minnesota. George Francis Train has arrived from Minnesota. He reports that a tribe of Indians have joined the Fenians in the Winnipeg expedition.

MALONE, N. Y., May 26. Four regiments of Fenians have crossed Front River, and are now moving on Huntington. Colonel Cleary commands, and Colonels Smith, McWade, Thompson and Campbell command regiments.

TORONTO, May 26. The Fenians are retreating from Pigeon Hill, leaving everything behind. No loss on the Canadian side. Huntington is now the point of interest, and every preparation has been made.

Clothing and Furnishing Goods. SPRING CLOTHING. No. 219 KING STREET. CORNER OF WENTWORTH.

An extensive supply of SPRING CLOTHING, made up expressly for the trade of this city, is now offered at LOW PRICES, the Goods having been bought since the decline in gold. The assortment consists of all New Fabrics for men's wear, and made up equal to custom work. This house will continue to deserve the wide reputation it has enjoyed for many years of "selling the best made clothing in the city." In the stock will be found the following:

SCOTCH CHEVROT WALKING COATS/SUITS Scotch Cheviot Sack Coat Suits French Basting Walking Coat Suits French Coating Walking Coat Suits English and American Melton Coat Suits Silk Mixed Coat Suits

Plaid Cassimere Coat Suits Blue Flannel Coat