## WASHINGTON.

[FROM THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, April 28. The Supreme Court has decided in the indirect tax sales cases from Virginia, that a tender before sale by owner of land, or an agent, is sufficient: that the refusal of the tax commissioners to accept the tender because not made by the owner in person, was unlawful; that certificates of sales of land sold on account of such re fusal convey no title, and the property reverts to

The revenue is \$\$4 000.

The President has gone till Monday. Secretary Cox has also left. The charge against Howard

The Senate has confirmed John N. Camp as collector for the First District, General Badeau as consul-general; Horace L. Pike, of North Carolina, consul-general at Tampico; Pinckney Ross, collector of the customs at Pearl River, Mississippi.

SENATE. In the Senate Robertson introduced a bill re-

lieving from the Fourteenth amendment disabilities all persons except Davis, Lee, and former members of Congress. A bill was passed to change the place of holding

the United States District Court for Albermarle District, North Carolina. The Senate resumed the consideration of the

Tariff bill. A paragraph was inserted fixing the duty on railroad i on at sixty cents per hundred

A petition was presented to strike the word This is ont of the naturalization laws. A bill was introduced granting lands in aid of

the Memphis and New Orleans Levee and Railroad Company, and to relieve, with certain exceptions, all persons engaged in the rebellion from the disabilities imposed by the Fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States. The exceptions are all persons formerly in Congress, in the army or navy, who aided the rebellion, and all members of the secession State conventions.

The contested election of Gilbert, of Florida, was decided in his favor. HOUSE.

The House passed a bill establishing a Depart-

ment of Justice. The Sub-Committee on Elections reported that Adolph Bailey is not entitled to a seat, and that C. B. Darrel is a representative of the Third Congressional District of Louisiana. Kerr made a

The contested election from the Fifth District of Louisiana was taken up by a vote of 74-to 45. A resolution declaring that there had been no lawful election was passed.

NEWS AND GOSSIP BY MAIL.

## Sensation Among the Fashionables Amateur Theatricals-A Distinguish-

A Washington dispatch, of Monday, to the New York Herald says:

New York Herald says:

An amateur theatrical performance was given this evening at Wall's Opera House by a number of the elite of Washington society for the benefit of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home. The play was the three act comedy of "Leap Year" and the farce of "Popping the Question." The dramatis personæ were Sir Solomon Solus, Mr. Roger Sherman; Captain Mouser, Mr. Thomas M. Hoff, son of Admiral Hoff; Mr. Dimple, Mr. Janvier; Walker, General Curtis; Joseph, Mr. Eben Maynadier; John Thong, Mr. Montgomery Meigs, Jr., son of General Meigs; Diggs, Mr. Hill; Mrs. Flowerby, Miss Jennie Schenck, daughter of General Schenck; Miss O'Leary, Mrs. General Ricketts; Miss Desperate, Miss Sellie Schenck, daughter of General Schenck; Susan, Miss Kitty McCarthy, daughter of Congressman McCarthy, of New York; Metty, Miss Beale. The tickets for the performance were sci; to the friends and admirers of the amateur performers, and the audience, which was very large, was composed of the fashionable and distinguished people of the city. No others were admitted. The boxes were occupied by the President and family, General Sherman, the Secretary of War. Mr. Edward Thornton, the British Minister; Secretary Robeson, und different members of the corps diplomatique. Among the audience words as a large number of prominent officers of the words to was a large number of prominent officers of the words and section of better words to wested the corps diplomatique. Among the audience words and section of better words to wested the fight? (for want of better words to wested the fight) for want of better words to wested the corps diplomatique. Among the audience words and section of better words to wested the corps diplomatique. Among the audience of the corps diplomatique. Among the audience of the corps diplomatique. Among the audience of the corps diplomatique and prominent officers of the corps diplomatique. The constitution of better words to wested the constitution of better words to the corps diplomatique. Among the audience ter; Secretary Robeson, und different members of the corps diplomatique. Among the audience was a large number of prominent officers of the army and navy, senators and members of the House, with a goodly sprinkling of the "oldest House, with a goodly sprinkling of the "oldest house "the "first families." The performance of the "first families." inhabitants," the "first families." The performers were well up in their parts, and everything went off creditably. As might be expected, the stage was strewn with bouquets, which were thrown in plentiful profusion by the partial auditors. Being the first occasion upon which the aristocracy has made its appearance upon the stage, there was a general desire, growing out of curiosity, to see it, but the canaille was not allowed to put in an appearance.

Pree Trade Conference-President Grant on the Tariff and Taxes. A Washington Letter of Tuesday evening to the

Baltimore Sun says:

Yesterday and to-day several of the gentlemen who have been in attendance on the private conference held in the interests of free trade have called on the President and had informal conversations. As the interviews have been somewhat of a private nature, it would not be proper to commit either side to the details of the same on the various phases of the tariff question. There is no doubt, however, that the result is the failure of the President to commit himself to any specific branch of the question—either for protection or for a tariff for revenue for incidental protection, or for free trade. On the general question of taxation, he was in favor of reducing the tariff and the excise daties just so far as the revenues of the government would permit. If Congress found that the income tax could be dispensed with after this year, he was in favor of cutting it off; but he thought that the government could not afford, in that event, to reduce any of the other features of internal taxatios.

THE NATIONAL FINANCES. Raltimore Sun says:

THE NATIONAL FINANCES.

It was the old story again to-day on the financial question. The Ways and Means again debated the Funding bill, and the Banking Committee took up their measure to increase the bank olrculation but no positive result was reached with either measure. The Funding bill will probably be reported this week, but in an essentially different shape from the Senate measure. The compulsory or seventh bank section, it is said, has been so modified as to require the bonds held by the banks to be exchanged only at maturity. It was rumored also that Secretary Boatwell had assented to the substitute which the Ways and Means proposed to adopt.

## THE GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

ATLANTA, April 28. Both Houses met at 10 o'clock. In the Senate the matter of the investigation into the af fairs of the State Treasurer and the Western and Atlantic railroad was referred to the committee which was appointed to wait on the provisional Governor. Bradley introduced a resolution to pay the per diem and mileage to expelled members of the Senate during the time of their expul- them. sion. Brock offered an amendment that Bradley be excepted, as he was expelled for an entirely different cause than that of race or color. The resolution and amendment were tabled, after which the Senate adjourned.

In the House the question was on the adoption of the report of the committee appointed to wait on the provisional Governor. The matter was discussed by Armstrong, Rice, Sims and Anderson in favor of the adoption, and Phillips, Warner, of Quitman, and Scott against. The report of the mmittee was adopted by a vote of 88 to 32. Turner, of Bibb, offered a resolution expressing sympathy with the citizens of Richmond, Va., in view of the late disastrous calamity in that city, which was adopted. Scott offered a resolution proposing a committee of citizens and members of the Legislature to investigate the affairs of the State Road, State Treasury, &c., which was tabled by a vote of 60 to 40, after which adjourned.

CUBA.

HAVANA, April 28. Thirty insurgents, including two Americans, were killed at Nassau Powder Mill, and seven in-

surgents are reported killed at Couna. The Captain-General telegraphs: "The rebels are thoroughly disorganized, and wandering about in scattered bands, without leaders. The latter are roaming along the coasts seeking to esCOLUMBIA.

GREENVILLE AND COLUMBIA RAILEOAD.

A RAILROAD COUP D'ETAT.

Election of a New Board.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.] COLUMBIA, April 28.

The Stockholders of the Greenville and Columbia Railroad met here to-day, at the Nickerson House. Mr. Hammett presented the report of the General Superintendent and Directors. The act of the Legislature to regulate the rights and powers of railroad companies was adopted into the by-laws. The Board of Directors were empowered to consolidate with other railroad companies and to carry out other provisions of the

The election for officers resulted as follows: President, Frederick Bush, New York; Vice-Presi dent, J. J. Patterson, Philadelphia, who is to live here; Directors-J. J. Patterson, J. W. Harrison, Niles G. Farker, James L. Orr, Timothy Hurley, D. M. Porter, New York, Joseph Crews, H. U. Kimpton, New York, James M. Allen, A. J. Rausier, colored, Geo. W. Waterman, Ohio, F. L. Cardozo, colored. The vote for the board was about 7612 shares, against about 1100 shares. After complimentary resolutions to every one,

the meeting adjourned. The Board of Directors are now in session. THE COLUMBIA ELECTION.

Proceedings in the Supreme Court.

The following sketch of the proceedings in the Supreme Court in the case of John Alexander (Radical,) who claims to be Mayor elect, against John McKenzie, the present incumbent, is taken from the Phoenix and Guardian: TUESDAY.

The case of John Alexander et al vs. John McKensie et al was taken up. Mr. Tradewell was heard for plaintiffs. Mr. Rhett for defendants. Mr. Pope on the same side. The points of Mr. Tradewell's argument were: 1. The legislative power of this State, subject only to the limitations of the Constitution of the State and the United States, is absolute, and cannot be controlled by the courts. 2. Neither the Constitution of the State, or of the United States, contains any restriction upon the powers of the Legislature over the corporation of the City of Columbia. 3. The City of Columbia is a public municipal corporation. crated by the statutes of the State for political jurposes, and, therefore, with its mayor and aldermen, created by the same authority, is subject to change, modification or abolition according to the pleasure of the Legislature, in no sense partaking of the nature of a contract. 4. The act of the General Assembly, of February 26, 1870, entitled "An act to alter and amend the charter and extend the limits of the City of Columbia," is constitutional: the election held thereunder for mayor and aldermen was a valid election, and the plaintiffs are entitled to the immediate possession of those offices.

Mr. Rhett, in reply, urged the following points: 1. Two constructions possible of the act. First, to construct it to oust the defendants immediately. If correct, the act violates article 1, section 14, of State Constitution, and froureenth amendment to United States Constitution. 2. Under this construction, it violates article 1, section 26, of State Constitution. It violates article 1, section 25, 1868, is to make it prospective, retain our clients to the end of the term, and admit the validity of the title of claimants, but only to take effect at that time.

For the respondents, the following points were The case of John Alexander et al vs. John Mc

Constitution of South Carolina, and 28th section, article 1, of the same. 5. That the "term" is the life and essence of "office," and unless the "term" be destroyed, the "officer" of the "term" cannot be "ousted" by the mere act of the Legislature. as "the officer" holds the "office" by a quasi "vested right" (for want of better words to convey the idea) during the unrevoked "term." 6. That the "term" of the "offices" of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Columbia is convey the intea during the directives of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Columbia is not annulled or abridged by any existing act of the Legislature, but, on the contrary, under all the acts, the act of 1870 included, the "term" remains unatridged and unathanged, from April, 1870, to April, 1872. 7. That the present "officers"—"Mayor and Aldermen"—were elected to that "term" in 1868, to fill that unrevoked, unabridged and unexpired "term," beginning in April, 1870, and ending in April, 1872. That the charter of the "corporation" of the 'City of Columbia" has not been "assumed or resumed" by the Legislature, and its chartered "rights" unrevoked, and the amendments of the "charter," are also unchanged and unrevoked, and the offices of the "charter," are also unchanged and unrevoked, and the "officers" holding under it are protected in their "right" to hold by the State and Federal Constitutions. 10. That an "officer" holding under the laws of South Carolina, is protected during his "term" by the express words of the present Constitution of South Carolina, by 31st section, 2d article thereof.

At 3 P. M. the court adjourned until Wedesday,

thereof.
At 3 P. M. the court adjourned until Wedesday, the 27th, at 10 A. M.
WEDNESDAY

WEDNESDAY

The argument before the Supreme Court was continued and concluded. Mr. J. D. Pope and Chancellor Carroll brought out the strong points of the defence, using the double-edged sword of masterly logic and abundant authorities. D. H. Chamberlain, Esq., in reply, enforced the position taken by Mr. Tradewell on Tuesday, arguing for the aba-blute supremacy of a legislative act as the expression of the sovereign will of the people. The discussion of the court will be looked for with much interest.

EUROPE.

Change in the English Marriage Laws. LONDON, April 28. The bill allowing marriage with a deceased wife's sister has passed the House of Commons.

Illness of Von Liebig. Baron Liebig, the chemist, is dangerously ill.

A DESPERATE FIGHT.

LOUISVILLE, April 28. A fight occurred at Glasgow Junction on Tuesday between the sheriff and posse and desperadoes named Shives, during which two estimable citizens were wounded. The Shives were

DIED OF GRIEF.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., April 28. The wife of Mr. Brewis, who was killed at Richmond, died this morning of grief.

ALL ABOUT THE STATE.

Fire in Sumter. On Thursday last a fire broke out on the first floor of the old Sumter Hotel, occupied by Mr. J. Schwerin as a grocery and dry goods store. By the timely discovery, and the skilful efforts of the firemen, the fire was prevented from extending beyond the roof, where it appeared in several places. It was the work of an incendiary, who was thus thwarted in the accomplishment.

who was thus thwarted in the accomplishment

of his design. The Crops; in Newberry.

The Heraid says: "Wheat could scarcely look better or promise more than it does now. Several of the fields seen lately are finer than any we have seen in several years. The reason for this is two lold, the seasons have been favorable, and farmers are learning to do their work in a more careful manner. Cotton of course is being largely planted, but not to the exclusion of corn however, for of the latter a considerable scope is devoted. Pretty generally seed is nearly in, and on the whole the prospect is flattering.

Else in Darlington.

Fire in Darlington.

The Democrat says that on Sunday morning last, Mr. Abel Gandy lost his barn by fire. The entire contents, consisting of about 1000 bushels of corn and 200 bushels of peas, were consumed, together with a sunday of the content of the together with several four horse wagons and a carriage. We are informed that this severe loss was evidently the work of an incendiary.

THE RICHMOND TRAGEDY.

All Business Suspended-Interring the Dead-The Bells Tolling-Public Meeting of Condolence in the Park-Another Death. .

RICHMOND, April 28-12 M. To-day all houses of business have been closed, having crape on the doors, and the inscription "Closed in consequence of the calamity at

the capitol." The streets have been filled all day with funeral

In the funerals of dead policemen both sets of policemen join. All late political feeling seems to have been for-

gotten. The bells of the city have tolled all day, and the streets look as if it were Sunday.

A crowd of 7000 people is now assembled in the Park, hearing an address of condolence from Judge Ould, Judge Crump, Governor Wise and

others delivered speeches from the southern por-Thomas J. Baldwin, one of the injured, died today. He was from Newark, N. J., and owned a large clothing house here. His is the only death

that occurred since yesterday. Both Houses of the Legislature held informal meetings this morning, and agreed to unite with the citizens in any general funeral procedure. The body of Senator Bland, colored, was sen home this morning, the hearse being followed by white and colored members of the Senate to the

Ex-Governor Wells is better to-day. [SECOND DISPATCH.]

This afternoon has been one of funerals. In some of the churches three or four bodies were before the altar at the same time. Many of the ministers denounced the carelessness of modern architecture, which placed in jeopardy the lives of citizens in nearly every principal street. Thirty funeral processions were going to the

cemeteries. All business was suspended. The Dispatch, State Journal and other newspaper offices were hung in mourning, and the flags on the capitol, customhouse, public buildings and the vessels in the harbor, were at half-mast. The railroad trains coming into the city were covered with emblems of mourning, and many of the trucks and carts through the streets were also so covered. At all the funerals, the old organizations to which the deceased belonged, turned out. At one of them the State Grand Di-vision of the Sons of Temperance, now in session here, followed the corpses to the cemetery.

At a mass meeting of the citizens to-day, as mentioned at noon, the following resolutions

were adopted :

were adopted:

Resolved. That we mourn with profound sorrow the loss which our State and city has suffered in the death of her citizens. That we offer, with saddened hearts and tearful eyes, our profoundest sympathies to the bereaved and the suffering, and fervently pray that "as their days of affliction are, so may their strength be."

Resolved. That Wednesday next, the 4th of May, be set apart as a day of humiliation, prayer and religious service, on which day the people of this city are requested to assemble in their respective places of public worship, at such hours as may be designated by the clergy, who are respectfully invited to co-operate in the purpose of this resolution.

Expressions of sympathy for the sufferers by the disaster are coming in from all quarters, frequently accompanied by the offer of pecuniary aid. A telegram from a New York merchant authorizes the city authorities to draw on him for one thousand follars.

Up to a late hour .c more of the wounded had died, and their condition was no worse. Governor Walker to-night received a telegram,

announcing that the Illinois Constitutional Convention had to-day adopted resolutions expressive of regret at the calamity in Virginia, and had adjourned out of respect to the sufferers. A suitable reply was sent by the Governor, thanking Illinois in behalf of the State of Virginia. A dispatch to the Enquirer says that Fredericks-

burg had closed her business houses. The town bells were tolled all day, and the merchants are arranging means to raise funds for the sufferers.

PREE SPEECH.

he Cadetship-Seiler Speaks at Sumter.

(From the Sumter News.) The Courthouse was well filled on Saturday The Courthouse was well filled on Saturday last, 'o hear Mr. Whittemore and those who, it was supposed, would reply to him. The affair was, however, so adroitly managed by Whitte more and his friends, that no fair opportunity was given for a reply. It seemed as if he had his claqueturs there; at any rate, he was frequently applauded by his partisans throughout his long speech, which must be pronounced a decided success, so far as its apparent effect upon his especiated with the supercented.

speech, which must be pronounced a decided success, so far as its apparent effect upon his especial admirers is concerned.

Mr. Whittemore spoke for three hours and a half, without hesitation, and apparently without fatigue, in tones that were distinctly heard in every part of the house.

Mr. Feriter attempted to interpose a word two or three times, but was promptly called to order, Mr. Whittemore promising that Mr. Feriter should be heard when he himself was through. Finally he concluded, and Captain Johnson, the chairman of the meeting, then introduced Sheriff Cophian, who spoke in favor of Mr. Whittemore, and not being able to hear him distinctly, and tired with long standing, we left the meeting for a time.

Other speeches were made on the same side. At last, Mr. Feriter obtained the floor, and attempted to reply to Mr. Whittemore, but he met with constant and impertinent interruption; some even cried, "Put him out."

even cried, "Put him out!"
Seeing that Mr. Feriter was not to be allowed fair play, and thouroughly disgusted with the whole afair, we left the courthouse.
Captain Dunn was also present, but he was not

permitted to speak at all.
Such is the party of "free speech," "free press,"
"free" everything.

THE MASSACRE IN GREECE.

Further Details.

The details of the published correspondence relative to the late massacre in Greece are equally humiliating to the Greek Government, and to the British Legation and the representatives of other foreign powers at Athens. An Athens account of the flight and butchery says:

the flight and butchery says:

The force sent in pursuit came up with the brigands not far from the place of capture, as they were among the rocky piles with which the plain of Marathon abounds. They were found no unprepared, and a sever flight ensued lasting upward of an hour. Thirteen of the brigands were killed as well as several of the attacking party. The superior weapons of the troops, however, gave them success, and the chief of the bandits, Konit, with eight of his band, gave up the contest and fled. Sone delay was occasioned in order

Konit, with eight of his band, gave up the contest and fled. Some delay was occasioned in order that the soldiers might seek among the killed for bodies of the captives, and at length none being found, the troops immediately started in pursuit. Then followed the most exciting chase.

The brigands sought the northern and wooded extremity of the plain, and succeeded in reaching and concealing themselves from their pursuers among the underbrush. No halt was, however, taken, and for seven days the prisoners were dragged night and day through morass and ravine, enduring hunger, thirst, and the most terrible suffering.

During the retreat Lord Muncaster made his escape, and was found and communicated with the pursuing party.

pursuing party.

The chase was then renewed with vigor. On the fourth day Mr. Herbert, an attache of the British Legation, and Count Boyl, secretary of the Italian Legation, becoming thoroughly exhausted and utterly unable to proceed further, they flagging behind and much delaying the escape they were brutally murdered. On the next they nagging behind and much delaying the es-cape, they were brutally murdered. On the next day, and the fifth of the pursuit, Vyner, Lord Gay's brother, and Mr. Lloyds, their exhaustion again impeding the flight, were poniarded, the band having exhausted their stock of ammuni-tion. —Abraham Lincoln used to say the best story he ever read of himself was this: "I'wo Quakeresses were travelling on the railroad, and were heard

THINGS IN PENDLETON.

Delegates to the May Convention-A Mid-April Snow-The Planting Inter-

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.] PENDLETON, April 26. At an infomal meeting of the Pendleton Farmers' Society, held in the Farmers Hall, Pendleton, S. C., on the 14th instant, the following esolution was offered and passed:

Resolved, That the president, J. W. Crawford, Esq., appoint four delegates to attend the meeting of the Agricultural, Mechanical and Immigration Society, to be held in Charleston, S. C., on the first Tuesday in May next, (3d) by invitation of the State Institute.

The fellowing members were appointed delegates: Hon. T. G. Clemson, Major R. F. Simpson Major George Seaborn and W. H. D. Gaillard. On motion, the president was added as chairman of

On Sunday, the 17th, we were again visited with sunshine, clouds, rain, hail, and at 3 P. M. a distressingly beautiful snow storm. At 9 P. M. the mercury stood at thirty-nine degrees, and at sunrise next morning, to our great surprise and delight at forty only-though there must have been a change both down and up during the night, as we discovered ice in the morning, not as thick, however, as did our friend of the Intelligencer. He must have beaten us up this merning if he did not in the former snow, as he found the ice half an inch thick. It had melted down to the thickness of a knife blade when we got out. Notwithstanding every prospect of its destruction, the fruit crop, especially the apple, promises to be fair, with a light crop of other fruit. For the last week we have had fine growing weather, and farmers and planters are pretty well through with their planting. An unusual amount of fertilizers has been used in our neighborhood this season.

THE POLITICIAN OF THE PERIOD. Fernando Wood.

"Mack," the sprightly correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, thus sketches the most prominent of the Democratic representatives in

I cannot help thinking that if Charles Dickens were to write another American novel, and were to introduce American politicians into its chap-ters, he would select Fernando Wood for one of them. And simply because he is such a peculiar ters, he would select remains them. And simply because he is such a peculiar sort of person—a perfect riddle to the ordinary newspaper correspondent, in whose tread-mill life there is little time for the study of such a newspaper correspondent, in whose treat-initife there is little time for the study of such a character, even if the ability for its portrayal were there; but an "inexhaustible bottle?" for illustration and development in the hands of the great novelist. There is something about him which I certainly cannot describe, but can only write about in a jerky and cusatisfactory sort of way. First, there is the man himself, as he sits in his seat or stands on the floor. Straight as a fishing pole and, I was about to say, nearly as tall; but the reader will at once perceive that that depends very much upon the fishing pole; always dressed in the neatest of black towsers, and the neatest of black coats with the shiningest of velvet collars; never by any possibility letting us know whether he wears a waisteoat or not, but giving us a slight assurance of a shirt in the exhibition of so much of it as can struggle into notice above the third or fourth button of his outer broadcloth.

Whether he looks so straight because thin, or looks so thin because he is so straight, shall not attempt to say, but when to his straigh ness and his thinness you add his button-up-nes and then, on top of all these, put a small hea thickedly covered with whitening hair, and a emotionless face with a pair of small twinkling eyes, and the largest and whitest moustache on the American continent, you have altogether a very remarkable tout ensemble; so much so that when the proprietor of this strangeness of contour and person rises to address the liouse, and stands on the moor as the representative of so much of the American nation as is included in his district, there is always a sensation in the gailerges. If you never saw him before in your life, and didn't know who be was, you would still join in the feeling of "sensation," and listen in expectation of something quite out of the usual routine of debate. And he will not disappoint you; for the tone and manner of his speech are quite as unique as his personal appearance. His words are always direct and well chosen, and his arguments forcible and strong. I shall never forget the scene of a emotionless face with a pair of small twinkling rect and well chosen, and his arguments forcible and strong. I shall never forget the scene of a few days ago, when he and Ben Butler had the slight fence of swords about General Howard. Butler rose, evidently intent upon crushing Wood with one of his efforts at vituperation; he said something which he considered perfectly conclusive and finishing, and looking as his custom is, to the gaileries with an air of "Didn't I polish him

sive and finishing, and looking as his custom is to the galleries with an air of "Didn't I polish him off?" sat down.

There stood Fernando, on the other side of the chamber—a cross between an iceberg and a marble statue, but for the purposes of that debate an iceberg, against which the brig Ben Butler had voluntarily steered, with the usual sad result of such collisions—the damage of the brig. Wood's manner in reply stood him in infinitely better stead than his words. There was not so much in what he said—which was simply that when the investigation of Howard was completed he should favor the investigation of the gentleman from Massachusetts—but the cold frosty way in which he said it, following upon the cold frosty way in which he had listened to Butler — never deviating a hair's breadth from his fish-pole straightness all the time—gave him a triumph over old Diabolus, which both sides of the House were quick to recognize, and which neither side could well keep from applauding. It was, by all odds, the greatest triumph over Butler yet ackleved in the cut and thrust of quick repartee, and Butler felt it too, as was manifest from his halting between two opinions, as to whether he should reply or not, and finally deciding to keep his seat.

This invision teles and the said of Fermal state of the said of th

from his halting between two opinions, as to whether he should reply or not, and finally deciding to keep his seat.

This incident gives quite as good an idea of Fernando Wood as I could give in a whole column of my own mere opinions. If the reader can't recognize from this the sort of man he is, he shall "bust in ignorance" on that important subject, for aught I can do. But you must add to all this that Wood is quite as polished in his manner as in his dress. If there is Pecksulf some time in his speech, as well as Turveydrop in his deportment, there is always Chesterfield in his social intercourse. Notwithstanding all of which he is well with a good-hearted, a joily fellow, when you get under the uppercrust of his ige exterior. His public career is as well known to the readers of the Enquirer as to me—how he has been accused of all sorts of things, but how he has, notwithstanding all these accusations, been a very successful man, and a very great and successful politician.

VARIETIES.

-A new town in Mississippi is called Jollifi-

-The "Grand Duchess" has been produced at Astley's, in London, and the Saturday Review heads a notice of it with, "Impropriety for the Million." -John Jay, the last survivor of the regiment to which Wellington addressed the famous words,

"Up, guards, and at them," has just died in Lon--The Court Journal says: "In London there exist 86 ancient and now useless charities for the relief of poor persons imprisoned for debt, some of which have been in existence since the fif-

teenth century." -Figaro, having visited the patent office and interviewed a crowd of inventors, has come to the conclusion that a venerable old axiom ought to be reversed, so as to read, "Invention is the mother of necessity."

-An advertisment in a late Vicksburg paper eads as follows: "The man who bet a box of cigars that it would be a boy, and lost it because it turned out a girl, had better come and pay me for the cigars, or I will put his name in the above, and let the public know who the unfortunate gent is. G. M. Haszinger." -Harper's Bazar, treating of the effect of sim-

plicity in the midst of elaborate and expensive artifice, says: "Let a young woman, with no hair but her own, and that simply dressed, enter a room filled with those whose heads are elaborately built up with a profusion of purchased locks, and see who will be most admired. It is a great advantage for a woman, in these days of artifice, to remain herself, and thus be unlike every one else. A simple dress, white or black, will produce the greatest effect when surrounded by the most gorgeous costumes. These serve, as it were, as frames for the former, and women are often forced to confess that they have draped discussing the probable termination of the war.

'I think,' said the first, 'that Jefferson will succeed.' 'Why does thee think so?' asked the other. 'Because Jefferson is a praying man.' 'And so is Abraham a praying man,' objected the second. 'Yes; but the Lord will think Abraham is joking,' the first replied, conclusively.'' themselves magnificently, at an immense expense, for no other purpose than to heighten by contrast the beauty of a rival. In fact, they have been wearing a dress which is very becoming toAlarried.

MATHERSON—JARNIGAN.—At Sumter, on the 20th instant, by the Rev. J. Culpepper, Mr. A. J. MATHERSON, of Mariboro', to Miss S. E. JARNIGAN, of Marion, S. C.

Special Notices.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Three Months after date, application will be made to the Bank of Charleston for renewal of CERTIFICATES OF STOCK in said Bank, standing in the name of MARGARET B. PAINE, viz: Certificate No. 8403, for 42 whole Shares; Certificate No. 4914, for 16 half Shares, original certificates having been lost or destroyed. apr29 1amo3\*

PROPOSALS .- OFFICE SINKING FUND COMMISSION, COLUMBIA, S. C., APRIL 25, 1870 .- Notice is hereby given that the Commission is now prepared to receive proposals for the purchase of STOCK owned by the State. All communications must be addressed to the under-J. H. RAINEY. signed.

Columbia, S. C. SYMPTOMS.—SLIGHT PAIN IN the side, the skin and eye assume a thick yellow coat, digestion is impaired, an unpleasant sinking sensation at the pit of the stomach is experienced, the bowels are irregular, the mind fretful, the memory weakened, sometimes a slight cough, coldness of the hands and feet, sometimes loss of appetite and at others unnatural craving for food, dizziness of the head, depressed spirits, feeling of uncertainty, of having left something undone but can't tell what it is. Take SIMMONS'S LIVER REGULATOR, it will remove all unpleasant feelings and make you apr29 1

WE OFTEN BEAR SOME OF OUR friends (who feel despondent) remark, "I have the Rlues." Now, in nearly every such case it would has a household remedy, and a safeguard against be found, if an examination could be made, that this despondency arises from a torpid liver or impaired digestion. Therefore, how necessary and evident it must be to every one to see to it that the machinery of the human frame should be kept in good order, and none more so than the digestive apparatus; therefore, when it is found that the digestion is impaired, recourse should at once be had to LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN apr29 fmw8

BITTERS. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, CHARLESTON COUNTY-IN THE COMMON PLEAS .- JOHN GETTY, trading under the name of JOHN & THEODORE GETTY VS. EDMUND A. SOUDER and STEPHEN T. SOUDER, Copartners under the style of EDMUND A. SOUDER & CO. To Edmund A. Souder and Stephen T. Souder, Defendants in this action :- You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for the said County, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscribers at No. 41 Broad street, Charleston, S. C., within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service.

If you fail to answer this complaint within the time herein specified, the plaintiffs will take indement against you for the sum of Thirtythree Thousand nine hundred and thirtystwo Dollars 100-13, with interest at the rate of seven per cent, from the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and costs.

BUIST & BUIST, April 1, 1870. . Plaintline Astorneys

To Edmund A. Souder and Stephen T. Souder Take notice that the summons in this action, of which the foregoing is a copy, was filed in the D. C. office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas at Charleston, in the County of Charleston, in the State of South Carolina, on the first day of April, BUIST & BUIST,

apr22 f6 Plaintiffs' Attorneys. NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS .- GREAT GERMAN BITTERS! Sealed proposals for completing the Breast Dam at Langley, S. C., (formerly known as Kalmia Mills,) about eight miles from Augusta, on the South Carolina Railroad, will be received until THE BEST TONIC AND INVIGORATOR KNOWN May 1st. Specifications can be seen at the office of Messrs. J. SIBLEY & SONS, Augusta, Ga., or mon the premises at Langley, S. C. The Com pany reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

WM. C. SIBLEY, President Langley Manufacturing Co. apr14 1mo SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS .- TO have good, light, spongy, and at all times sweet Bread, Biscuits, Rolls, Cakes, &c., to have it nutritious, and yet not injurious to health, is certainly a great desideratum.

WAGNER'S VIRGINIA YEAST POWDERS Combine all these properties. They do away entirely with Yeast and the troublesome process of making it, saving you time, labor and money; they are the most popular Powders in Virginia, are the productions of home industry, and received at our late State Fair the highest premium over all other Powders.

Prepared by L. WAGNER, Druggist, Richmond, DOWIE, MOISE & DAVIS, Wholesale Druggists,

apr13 wfm2mos Charleston, S. C., Agents. A CROSS HUSBAND .- MRS. SMITH: The fact is, my husband is becoming so outrageously cross and nervous that there is no iving with him. He pretends one day that he has got the dyspepsia; the next day liver complaint the next is sick, with no appetite-declares that there is nothing on the table fit to eat, and so on, It is all nonesense, and nothing but his confound

ed ugliness. From the very bottom of my heart, I believe he wants to worry me to death. Lady Friend: Mrs. Smith, I think you are wrong. No woman has a kinder or more indulgent husband than you. I must confess that I have noticed a change in Mr. Smith; but am inclined to think that all he wants is a tonic; and if I were you I would not be a day without PLANTATION BITTERS in the house. Make him take them moderately three times a day, and in a short time I think you will see a change. My experience is that Plantation Bitters is one of the best and most delicious tonics in the world; and that for nervousness, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, and all kindred complaints, there is nothing so good.

SEA MOSS FARINE from pure Irish Moss, for Blanc Mange, Puddings, Creams, Custards, &c., &c. .The cheapest, healthiest and most delicious apr25 mwf3D&C food in the world.

AWAY WITH UNCOMFORTABLE TRUSSES .- Comfort and Cure for the Ruptured. Sent postpaid on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 120 Lexington avenue, New York. AWAY WITH SPECTACLES.—OLD

Eyes made new, easily, without doctor or medi-cines. Sent postpaid on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 120 Lexington avenue, New York. PATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE .- THIS

SPLENDID HAIR DYE is the best in the worldharmless, reliable, instantaneous, does not contain lead, nor any vitalic poison to produce paralysis or death. Avoid the vaunted and delusive preparations boasting virtues they do not possess. The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE has had thirty years' untarnished reputation to uphold its integrity as the only perfect Hair Dye, Black or Brown. Sold by all Druggists. Appli at No. 16 Bond street, New York.

TO PRINTERS .- IF YOU WANT NEWS, BOOK, CAP, DEMI and MEDIUM PAPERS, Bill Heads, Statements, Cards, Card Board, Print ing Material, Binding, Ruling and Cutting, go to EDWARD PERRY, No. 155 Meeting street, opposite Charleston Hotel, Charleston, S. C.

Special Notices.

ARTESIAN WATER SUPPLIED to any part of the city. Pamilies can be furnished daily with any desired quantity, at low weekly rates. Orders left at the Artesian Well, or at this office, will receive prompt attention.

WM. TEPPE. apr29 fm2 PROSTATION PLAYED OUT .-Violent purgatives, emetics, salivants, blistering and bleeding have had their day.

The sick can no longer be persuaded that the best way to cure them is to destroy the little strength that disease has left them. Dyspectics instead of dosing themselves with

psom salts, aloes, colycinth, jalap, and other powerful cathartics, tone their digestive organs and regulate their bowels with Hosttetter's Stomach Bitters. Persons of bilious habits, instead of throwing the whole glandular system into a state of morbid irritation with mercurial poison, seek relief, and

find it, in the operation of that wholesome vegetable alterative upon the disordered liver. Nervous sufferers, tremulous, weak and despondent, recruit their shattered energies with a course of the great invigorant, and bless the day when the adulterated liquors of commerce were superceded by a medicated stimulant, perfectly efficient and entirely harmless.

Travellers by land and sea rejoice in the possession of an agreeable corrective, which protects them from the evil effects of malaria, from sea sickness, and from the disturbing influences of changes of temperature, and change of water.

The weak and debilitated feel their strength return and their spirits revive under its bracing, appetizing, gently exhibarating action. It is the only stimulant which cautious physiclans can conscientiously recommend to ladies

There is not a city, town or settlement on the American continent where it is not recognized epidemics; and, in short, wherever there is in telligence, prudence and common sense, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is pronounced a standard specific, for which, in the whole range of phase macy, there is no substitute or equivalent. apr29 6

THE GUESTS INVITED TO THE Commencement Ball of Charleston College are nereby notified that it will be held at the Hibernian, instead of the South Carolina Hall. COMMITTEE ON ARRANGEMENTS.

apr28 2\*

SORGHUM WORKS AND REFIN-RY .- The Works recently put up for the illustration of the process of manufacturing syrup and sugar from sorghum, and refining, will be in ope ation This DAY, from 11 o'clock A. M. to 2 o'clock P. M., and will be continued from day to day. All persons interested are invited to wit-FRANCIS G. CART, Agent, No. 32 East Bay. apr20

IF YOU WANT STRAW, MANIL-LA and all kinds of WRAPPING PAPERU, go to EDWARD PERRY, No. 155 Meeting street, oppo site Charleston Hotel, Charleston, S. C. decl4 6mos MANHOOD .- A MEDICAL ESSAY

on the Cause and Cure of Decline in Premature Man, the treatment of Nervous and Physical De bility, &c. "There is no member of society by whom this book will not be found useful, whether such per-

son holds the relation of Parent Preceptor or

Clergyman."-Medical Times and Gazette. Sent by mail on receipt of fifty cents. Address the Author, Dr. E. DBF. CURTIS, Washington,

Bitters. LIPPMAN'S

They are unsurpassed as a cure for Dyspensi

and General Exhaustion. SURE PREVENTIVE OF FEVER AND AGUE,

RILIOUS, REMITTENT AND INTER-

IT IS INVALUABLE TO FEMALES!

'TIS A CORDIAL FOR THE AGED, AND A SURE PROTECTION AGAINST ALL MALA-RIOUS DISEASES.

It is undoubtedly the best Medical Cordial ever offered to the Public!

SAVANNAH, March 16, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Savannah, Ga.:

Gents—I have before me your esteemed letter of
the 14th instant, containing various documents
relative to your "German Bitters." After a careful examination I must confess that your Bitters ful examination I must confess that your Bitters is really what you represent it to be, an old German recipe of Dr. Mitcherlich, of Berlin, Prussia. It will no doubt be excellent for Dyspepsia, General Debility and Nervous Diseases, and it is a good preventive of Chills and Fevers. 1 find it to be the most delightful and pleasant stomachic.

I remain, yours truly,

(Signed)

AUG. P. WETTER.

KIRELAND MILIS, GA., March 22, 1870.

MESSRS JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Druggists, Savannah, Ga.:

Gentlemen—I have introduced your Great German Bitters here to my customers and friends, and I find better sale for them than any I have ever kept before. Those who have tried them approve of them very highly, and I do not hesitate in saying that they are far superior in value to any other Bitters now in use.

Yours, respectfully,

(Signed)

We refer, by permission, to Doctors King, Sullivan, Duncan, and other leading physicians of Savannah; to ex-Mayor Anderson, John L. Villalonga, and other distinguished citizens of Savan-

No license at all necessary to sell these Bit-Retail Depots in Charleston, S. C., for Lippman's

Great German Bitters: At the Drug Stores of W. G. TROTT,
A. W. EGKEL & CO.,
W. A. SKRINE,
G. J. LUHN.

DR. H. BAER,
ED. S. BURNHAM,
DR. P. M. COHEN,

Wholesale Agents: DOWIE, MOISE & DAVIS, Druggists, CLACIUS & WITTE. STEFFENS, WERNER & DUCKER, and

HENRY BISCHOFF & CO.,

In Charleston, S. C.

Shipping.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The strictly new Al American ship THEO-BALD, Theobald, Commander, capacity 2800 bales cotton, expected shortly, will be dispatched forthwith.

For engagements, apply to apr29 2

WILLIAM ROACH & CO.

FOR BOSTON.

The Clipper Schooner GEORGETTA LAW-RENCE, Robinson, Master, having a large portion of her heavy freight engaged, will take cotton and other light freight to fill up.

Apply to MOSES GOLDSMITH & SON, or apr29 6 WM. ROACH & CO.

FOR NEW YORK.

THURSDAY.

THE A1 SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP TENNESSEE,

CHICHESTER, COMMANDER, Will sail for New York on Thursday,
May 5, at 5 o'clock P. M., from Pier
No. 2, Union Wharves, connecting with day Pas-

senger Trains from Columbia and Augusta, arriving at 4 P. M. Through Bills Lading will be issued for Cotton to LIVERPOOL, HAVRE, Boston and the New.

England Manufacturing Cities. The TENNESSEE will make close connection with Liverpool Steamship NEBRASKA, of Messrs. William & Guion's Line, sailing 4th of May. Freight on Sea Island Cotton, &c; Upland, %c;

Rice, \$1 per cask. Insurance by the Steamers of this line % per For Freight engagements, or passage, having

very superior stateroom accommodations, all new ly furnished, apply to WAGNER, HUGER & CO., No .-26 Broad street, or to WM. A. COURTENAY,-No. 1 Union Wharves. apr29 DACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPY'S

THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

FARES GREATLY REDUCED. Steamers of the abeve line leave Pier
No. 42 North River, foot of Canal street,
New York, at 12 o'clock noon, of the 5th and
21st of every month (except when these dates faily
on Sunday, then the Saturday preceding.)
Departure of the 21st connect at Panams
with steamers for South Pacific and Central American ports. Those of 5th teuch at Manzanillo.
Steamslip CHINA leaves San Francisco for
Japan and China April 1, 1870.
No California steamers touch at Havana, but go
direct from New York to Aspinwall.
One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult.
Medicine and attendance free.
For Passage Tickets or further information apply at the COMPANY'S TICKET OFFICE, on the
wharf, foot of Canal-street, North River, New
York.
F. R. BABY, Agent,
march12

march12

AND AIKEN.

No. 275 King street, opposite H Charlestor Charleston, S. C. Branch of No. 900 Broadway, corner 20th street

TESSELS SUPPLIED WITH CABIN AND MESS STORES ON SHORT NOTICE.

WM. S. CORWIN & CO., No. 275 King street, opposite Hasel, Onarieston, S. C. #3 Branch of No. 900 Broadway, New York, jan24

VILLE AND PACIFIC LANDING.

Returning, the PILOT BOY will leave Beaufort early Wednesday Morking, touching at all the above named Landings on her route to Charleston.

J. D. AIKEN & CO. mch24 FOR PALATKA, FLORIDA,

VIA SAVAJNAH, FERNANDINA JACKSON-VILLE AND LANDINGS ON ST. JOHN'S RIVER. SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

Steamer "DICTATOR," Captain
George E. McMillan, sails every
MONDAY EVENING at 8 O'clock.
Steamer "CITY POINT," Captain Fenn Peck,
sails every PRIDAY EVENING at 8 O'clock. Connecting with Steamer STARLIGHT for Enterprise.
Fare to and from Savannah \$3 each way, including berth and meals. Fare to and nicht selection in the color of Lading for Freight given.

J. D. AIKBN & CO., Agents, ian13

FOR SAVANNAH, (INLAND ROUTE.) VIA PACIFIC LANDING AND BEAUFORT.

RETURNING:

LOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.

o'clock.

N. B.—Delegates to the Agricultural Convention will be transported for one fare.

SHACKELFORD & KELLY, Agents,
apr27 3

No. 1 Boyce's Wharf. FOR EDISTO AND ENTERPRISE

YOUNG'S ISLAND, BEAR'S BLUFF, AND ALL OTHER WAY LANDINGS.

(INLAND ALL THE WAY.) The Steamer "ARGO," Capiain D.
Boyle, will receive freight at Accommodation Wharf on Monday, 2d May, and leave as above on Tuesday, the 3d, at 7 o'clock A. M.
Returning. will leave Edisto on Wednesday, May 4th, at 7 o'clock A. M.
For passage or freight apply on board, or to DUGLAS NISBET, Agent, Accommodation Wharf.
N. B. Freight and Wharfage payable here.
apr29 2

FOR GARDNER'S BLUFF AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS ON THE PEEDER RIVER.

The Steamer PLANTER, Captain
J. T. Foster, is now receiving freight to at Accommodation Wharf, and will leave on WEDNESDAY MORNING, the 4th of May, at 5 O'clock.

For engagements of Freight or Passage, having Stateroom accommodations, apply to RAVENEL & HOLMES, No. 177 East Bay

N. B. Freight must be prepaid. apr29 Apoc

The Steamer "ARGO," Captain
D. Boyle, will leave Accommodation
Wharf To-Morrow, the 30th, at 3 o'clock P. M.,
for Fort Sumter, Morris Island and other places
of interest. Returning about sundown.
Fare for the trip 50 cents; children under 12
years of sge half price.

aprie 6mos

TRAVELLERS PASSING THROUGH CHARLESTON EN ROUTE TO FLORIDA

And other places, should lay in their supplies of Clarets, Champagnes, Cordials, Brandles, Whiskies Wines, Canned Soups and Meats, American and English Biscuits, Devilled Ham, Tongue, Lobster, Durham Smoking Tobacco and Imported Segars.

WM. S. CORWIN & CO.,

Captains and Stewards are respectfully invited to call and examine the quality and prices of our GOODS. Full weig guaranteed. Delivered free of expense.

WM. S. OORWIN & OO.,

FOR BEAUFORT, VIA EDISTO, BOCK-

Steamer PILOT BOY, Captain C.
Caroli Walte, will sail from Charleston for above places every TGESDAY MORNING, at

The steamer PILOT BOY, Captain C.
Carroll White, will leave Charles.
Lean every THURSDAY MORNING, at 8 o'clock, for above places.

PETITINING.

The PILOT BOY will leave Savannah every FRIDAY AFFERNOON, at 3 o'clock, touching at Beaufort and Pacific Landing, and connecting at Charleston with SATURDAY'S Steamships for New York
The PILOT BOY will touch at Bull's Island Wharf every 'ortnight, going to and returning from Savannah.

J. D. AIKEN & CO.

The Steamer "EMILIE," Captain
P. C. Lewis, will receive Freight
at South Commercial Wharf, on Friday, the 29th
instant, and leave as above on SATURDAY MORNING, the 30th, at 6 o'clock. Returning, will leave
Goorgetown on Monday Morning, May 22, at 6
o'clock.

VIA JOHN'S ISLAND FERRY, CHURCH FLATS,

EXCURSION AROUND THE HARBOR.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.