VOLUME VIII .-- NUMBER 1215.

CHARLESTON, SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 13, 1869.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

More Annexation-A Mild Proposition-Jonathan Requested to Swallow Canada-Judge Dent and the Presi-

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.]

WASHINGTON, November 12. It is now ascertained officially that the naval expedition which left New York on Wednesday is to take possession of the Bay of Samana for the United States. It will be remembered that the treaty for the purchase of this naval station was

negotiated, but was not ratified by the Senate. A portion of a self-appointed delegation had an interview with the President to-day for the purpose of urging the annexation of the Dominion of Canada to the United States. It did not appear that any active steps in that direction had

Judge Dent, the Conservative candidate for Governor of Mississippi, had an interview with President Grant this evening, and found the latter indisposed to give General Ames any instructions about the coming elections. Judge Dent returns to Mississippi next week.

[FROM THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, November 12. The case of the United States vs. Tennesse railroads is con:promised by consent of counsel. The roads will remain in possession of the respective company organizations, and after paying running expenses and interest on State bonds, the balance of earnings will be subject to the claims of the Federal Government. This action defeats the motion of the government to place the roads in the hands of receivers. It is thought that an equitable settlement will show that the Federal Government is largely indebted to the

Revenue to-day \$443,000.

Persons dealing in gold dust are liable to the brokers' tax The Treasury Department will be closed to-mo

row, in respect to the memory of Hon. R. J. General Sherman with a large party will leave

the city on Monday to be present at the reunion of the Army of the Tennesseelat Louisville.

The World has an editorial asserting positively that, by virtue of a secret treaty, the steamer Albany, loaded with arms and ammunition, has sailed for San Domingo via Dry Tortugas, where she will ship five hundred soldiers. She will take on of the Island in the name of the United States. The truth of this matter will be found in our special Washington dispatches.—ED. NEWS.]

MUTINY AT SEA.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 12. Five hundred coolies on board a French coolie ship revolted, killing the captain and several of the crew and passengers. The balance escaped below, blew off the upper deck with powder, blowing or frightening all the coolles into the sea. The vessel was afterward beached off Byron

THE WINDS AND WAVES.

MARSEILLES, November 12. There is a fearful hurricane on the Meditermean. A steamer has been wrecked in Oran

The bark Cuba, from New York, for Dublin, is lost. Only five of the crew were saved. LONDON, November 12. The ship Florence Lee, from Montreal for Liver-

pool, foundered at sea. Crew saved. THE REMAINS OF GEO. PEABODY.

WASHINGTON, November 12. Admiral Radford declines bringing Peabody's remains home in an American man-of-war.

An English man-of-war will bring Peabody's re-

EUROPE.

Decline in Consols. LONDON, November 12. The delay in announcing the new loan for the purchase of the telegraph lines, depresses

consols. MADRID, November 12. The Duchess of Genoa opposes the candidature of her son for the throne of Spain.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Amos Kendall is dead. Garibaldi is rheumatic.

One hundred and thirty men have been discharged from the Boston Navy-Yard. It was General Jordan's chief of staff, Harry Clewery, not Jordan himself, who was killed in

the recent battle in Cuba. The Philadelphia Presbyterians are jubilant over the reunion of the Presbyterian Churches. The newspapers are flying the blue flags of the Cove

The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered the release of the French ship Malabar, seized for smuggling, on payment of three times the value of the goods smuggled and \$1000.

Quantrell, who was implicated in the Lawrence Kansas massacre during the war, was traced to Camp Scott, Nevada. An order sent for his arrest arrived too late, as he had deserted.

TRANSFUSION OF BLOOD.

Another Curious Case.

The Philadelphia Ledger relates that this operation, which consists in the actual transfer of the blood of one living body into the veins of another has been recently performed in the Pennsylvania Hospital under the following circumstances:

Hospital under the following circumstances:

A young man in the upper part of the city was wonnded on the inner surface of the upper lip by tripoing and falling on the fragments of a pitcher which he had been carrying in his hand. The wound continued to bleed for ten days; after which time the patient was sent to the surgical wards of the hospital, which were at the time under the charge of Dr. T. G. Morton. Several remedies were then applied, and the arteries supplying the face were tied, but without success in controlling the flow of blood. Resourse was next had to cutting down to the common carotid or great artery of the neck, and applying a ligature, so as to obstruct entirely the course of the blood in it. This was done on the 18th of October last. The oozing of blood still continued, but in lessened quantity.

The oozing of blood still continued, but in lessened quantity.

On the following day, or the 19th, the patient was in such a state of extreme exhaustion from the long-continued hemorrhage, that his death seemed to be imminent, and, as a last resource, Dr. Morton resolved to try the effect of transfusion. We shall not pretend to describe the apparatus used on the occasion, or the details of the operation. Let it suffice for us to say that two medical students bared their arms and gave the blood required for the occasion. Five ounces and a half of their blood were infused into the vein of each arm of the patient, the marked good effects of which were evinced in five minutes by a railying of the pulse and otherwise beginning reaction. There was no further discharge of blood from the original wound, and in ten days the patient was able to walk in the ward, and rapidly regained strength.

tient was able to wank in the ward, and raparly regained strength.

Whatever may be the termination of this case, symptoms, there can be no question of the entire success of the operation of transfusion, and of its saving life and restoring the patient, for a while at least, to the exercise of his ordinary functions.

An eminent physician says that the white rub-ber used for nursing-bottles and infants' toys is very poisonous, causing sore mouth, skin erup-tions, decayed teeth, spinal curvature and death. If Europe the sale of it is prohibited by law.

CLOSING DAY.

WARDING THE PRIZES.

Charleston Shows Well-The Racing-A Melancholy Accident-The Winding

> [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.] COLUMBIA, November 12-9 P. M.

The State Fair closed at 5 o'clock to-day. The weather all day was bright and clear, and at

At 1 o'clock, the premiums were awarded by General Johnson Hagood, the president of the State Agricultural and Mechanical Society.

To G. W. Williams & Co., honorable mention for a jar of dissolved bone. Bradley's raw bone fertilizer, exhibited by the same firm, was highly

The committee declined to award any premiums for fertilizers.

A premium was awarded to C. Graveley for a cotton gin and patent ploughs. A premium was awarded J. E. Adger & Co. for

the Watt plough and for a sewing machine. The submerged pump, exhibited by Jennings, Thomlinson & Co., was recommended to planters | nard is rechained

To Robert Chisolm, for a jar of olives grown in South Carolina, was awarded a premium of \$5.

premium of \$5. To H. T. Peake, General Superintendent South Carolina Railroad, a gold medal for a new combi-

To Geo. E. Pingree, for Ellerbee's transplanter,

nation steel and iron rail. To Miss Mary Frost, for over-socks, a silver

medal. *

To Miss Susan B. Hayne for an infant's worsted skirt, a silver medal, and for a worsted tidy, five

dollars. To W. G. Whilden & Co., premiums were award-

ed for gold-headed canes and for silver-ware. To W. Bell Smith was awarded a gold medal for a model of a furnace for expanding and removing railroad tires.

book binding, five dollars. To W. S. Henerey, a silver medal and premiums

for Henerey's improved cotton gin, for Dotterer's seed planter, and for vertical and under-run-The Committee on Cotton, consisting of Messrs

offered by the Charleston Chamber of Commerce, to J. M. Crawford, of Columbia. The prize is a the best ten bales of cotton. The other contestants for the prize we : R. O'Neale, of Columbia, B. H. Rice, of Union, and R. E. Ellison. After the premiums had all been awarded, there

vas scrub-racing and horse-jumping matches. Willie Guignard, of Columbia, was injured by the falling of his horse while jumping. His injuries are very serious, and it is feared that he will not

After the Fair had closed, sales were made, at good prices, of a large part of the stock which had been exhibited. A number of miscellaneous articles were also sold.

There was no tournament to-day. Appropriate costumes were lacking, and there was no disposition to mar the uniform brilliancy of the Fair by a partial success at the close. The festivities end to-night with a ball at the Columbia Hotel. A large number of visitors to the Fair left Columbia to-night homeward bound.

Notes of the Fair.

Among the specimens of manufactures are several rolls of leather-kip, calf, sole and harnessexhibited by Colonel Thomas, of Columbia. This leather is tanned here and, looks, and doubtless is, as fine as the best bought in the Baltimore market. The entire material is of native growth except the dressing oil. The exhibitor claims that he can manufacture this leather at more reasonable rates here than it can be bought in the North. Labor is cheaper, fuel is cheaper, mate rials are from our own woods and hills, and can be gathered at less expense. The old channels of trade, however, are sometimes hard to turn.

KAOLIN. There is on exhibition by Dr. Morse, of Greenville, a specimen of Northern kaolin flue or chim-ney pipe, to be run between the timbers of fram-

CLOTHS. The black doeskin, beaver cloth, cassimere and flannels exhibited by the Rock Island Manufacturcolored. Her only jewelry was a pearl necklace, and she wore no ear-rings. ring Company, of Charlotte, N. C., attracted general attention. These goods are of fine quality,

THE STATE FAIR. and show the rapid progress made by the South in attaining a manufacturing excellence of which her people may be proud.

WARPS AND CLOTHS. The cotton varns and cloths of the Batesville Company are of fine texture, and won the admiration of every housewife, as did the warps ex hibited by the Saluda Factory.

BOOTS AND SHOES. Vogler & Co., of Salem, N. C., exhibited a case of oots and shoes of all kinds, from the tiny gaiter of the lady, to the daisey-crusher of the full grown man. The shoes and boots are well made, and are sold at a low price. They took the prize at the Raleigh State Fair

THE RIG DOG

On exhibition is a large dog, of the St. Bernard breed, which breed of dogs, according to popular belief, live altogether with monks in out-of-the-way places in mountains, and as soon as the snow lays well, rush out, pick up frozen travellers laying around loose, place them upon their backs, carry them to the monasteries, and request a little wine and food for their burdens. This animal is The following premiums were awarded to ex- a fine specimen of a canine, and is owned by a gentleman living in Columbia. He has given several indications of his humanity and affection for human beings, by chewing up the arm of a little girl, and yesterday bit a man who was standing near the railing, inside of which he is chained. A very pretty young lady very prettily called him "Bruno," "Bruno," and he appeared to like it so well, that he induced the young lady to pat him, whereupon he snapped at her hand, and succeeded in tearing off a portion of her glove, fortunately not injuring her. He is not fond of dogs, and, it is said, that when his master turns him loose to "air" himself about Columbia, the resident dogs immediately go to see their country relatives, and there remain until St. Ber-

> The Visitors and Hotels. The hotels during the Fair have been packed and jammed, and from each house come startling tales of omnibus loads of visitors turned roomless away. At the Columbia Hotel, where your representative has stayed, four hundred and eighty persons were accommodated at one time. This was accomplished by squeezing and sistants showed a laudable desire to make every one comfortable. They did stow half a dozen persons in one room and make one wait an awful time for dinner; but they did all that hotel keep ers could do, kept the crowd in good humor, and maintained the reputation of the house. Mr. Davis, the bookkeeper, and Mr. Kinloch, the clerk of the Columbia Hotel, were as untiring and energetic as they were courteous and atten-

AN UGLY INCIDENT. The crowd, which has made the town and its notels present a very lively appearance, consequently makes every one uncomfortable; all, how-To Walker, Evans & Cogswell, for the best ever, bear their little troubles with most comwriting paper, a gold medal; and for the best mendable patience. The difficulty experienced in obtaining sleeping quarters is very great. Last night at the Columbia Hotel pallets were spread in the barber shop and in the parlor for the male boarders. Early this morning they were turned out of both places. One, however, who had his pallet partly behind a sofa, slept on after the others had made their toilets and had gone. About seven o'clock many voices and laughter aroused W. G. Hinton and J. T. Dill, of Charleston, and him, and to his intense horror he saw that the J. M. Blakeley, of Columbia, awarded the prize parlor was nearly full of ladies. To think with him was to act. His clothes were under his head. Placing these inside of the blanket, which he then rolled gently around him, and very handsome silver pitcher, and is given for with head and ears and feet covered, rolled hastily out of the parior; then bounded to a place of safety, leaving his boots to the mercy of the ladies, whose surprise at seeing a mass of what-theyknew-not moving rapidly across the floor, can be better imagined than described.

REWARD OF MERIT. During the day, a cotored woman, with a husband who is about fifty-five or sixty years of age, bearing in her arms three female infants, and surrounded by eight children, applied for tickets of admission. On it being stated that a short time since the three infants were born unto her at one birth, she was granted a free pass. She and all of her children appear to be healthy.

The Meeting. (Thursday) night. ports were made. For the year 1870, the Executive Committee were authorized to expend \$10,000. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Johnson Hagoed, president; Dr. A. M. Forster, William M. Lawton, William Wallace, Thomas W. Woodward, vice-presidents; D. Wyatt Alken, secretary and treasurer; W. S. Henerey, Edwin McIntosh, J. B. Palmer, J. P. Thomas, R. J. Gage, Executive Committee. Hon. John Townsend having declined a re-election, his place has been filled by the former efficient secretary of the society, Col. Gage. On motion, a committee was appointed to nominate delegates to the Macon Agricultural Convention.

THE EMPRESS IN THE EAST.

How Eugenie was Greeted by the Grand Turk-The Mother of the Sultan Snubs his Fair Visitor.

A Constantinople letter of October 13, to the

A Constantinople letter of October 13, to the Three is on exhibition by Dr. Morse, of Green rille, a specimen of Northern kaolin due or chimneys of prick, as is usual. The due is four by tweive in the cost of t New York Tribune, says: English than a Spanish lady. During the recep-tion, she wore a robe of amber satin, with a very full train, (with hoops, too, I believe,) trimmed with mauve velvet; her bonnet was also amber

CURRENT NOTES.

-Sugar beet cultivation has been commenced in California on an extensive scale, and experienced workmen and the best machinery for making sugar, have been imported into the country from France.

-"The number of women studying medicine at the University of Munich," says the Pall Mall Gazette, "increases steadily in geometric progression. Four years ago there was but one, the next year there were two, the next year four, last year there were eight, and there are now sixteen. We are assured (it is true by a partisan of the movement,) that none of the inconveniences which it was feared might arise from women being allowed to share the school with men have at present been experienced, the classes are as large as ever, and the dean reports that the innovation has undoubtedly improved the discipline of the school."

-It is asserted that the means of communication with Bolivia, which now requires a six months' voyage around Cape Horn, can be facilitated and the time shortened to forty days, by making use of the River Amazon, as the route from the Atlantic side. The tributaries of the Madera, one of the branches of the Amazon, penetrate into the interior of Bolivia, and it is asserted that the construction of a railway or a canal one hundred miles long around the rapids will give easy access to the region in que The cost of the work is estimated at \$10,000,000, and an agent of Bolivia who has been negotiating with English capitalists to procure this sum, it is reported, has met with encouraging success. The products of Bolivia are gold, silver, cotton, coffee, cochineal and calisaya bark.

-The November numebr of the Druggists' Circular and Chemical Gazette, under the head of "Notes and Queries," gives its opinions of "the practice of doctors exacting a percentage from the druggist for their recipes, and also of the druggist who would allow such a swindle to be perpetrated on the customer." "In such cases, it says, "neither the doctor nor the druggist is any better than he should be. We have no good opinion of dishonesty, and we don't believe we shall ever think that robbery is just. If the docdoubling up, and the proprietors and their as- tor arranges with the druggist for a share of profits on prescriptions, he knows well that he must levy from some one an unearned contribu tion, and as the druggist expects to live by his business, he carries clandestinely the levy to the pocket of the doctor's patient. In short, the doctor uses the apothecary to extort money, to which he is no more entitled than the footpad is entitled to the purse to which he has unceremoniously

helped himself from the pocket of the wayfarer. -The Cologne Gazette, in commenting upon the influence exercised upon the Emperor Napoleon III, by Lord Clarendon, the English Minister for Foreign Affairs, contends that his advice was the moving cause of the changes recently made in the Constitution of France. The Gazette asserts that Lord Clarendon, finding that recent events had prepared the French Cabinet for a peaceful policy, made the best use of the golden opportunity, and showed the Emperor that a mo derate reform would deprive the opposition of its sharpest weapons, and help to secure his dynasty. In foreign affairs Lord Clarendon recommended non-intervention in German matters, and that every step which might hurt the pride of Prussia should be avoided. It is asserted that Clarendon has never used his influence to impede the reconstruction of Germany, notwithstanding the general belief that his leaning towards Austria and his friendship with Napoleon would render the relations of Prussia and England less cordial than they had been during the administration of his predecessor, Lord Stanley.

-Complete tranquillity, it is officially announce ed, now prevails over the entire peninsula of Spain. The capture of Valencia, it is asserted, put a finishing stroke to the operations of the revolutionists, and the city is now quiet, monarchists and republicans going freely and quietly about the streets examining the destruction caused by their dissensions. The force accumulated for the capture of Valencia, where the insurgents amounted to about 10,000 ill-trained men, was out of all proportion to the resistance expected. The Spanish army consisted of thirty battalions of infantry, two thousand cavalry, The State Agricultural and Mechanical Society | fifty-six field guns, besides a heavy slege train. Resistance was, therefore, useless, and the policy of crushing out the revolution at once, though at a heavy expense, was less injurious than a protracted conflict. Bexar, where a republic had per 1000. been proclaimed, held out for a short time after Valencia fell; but as soon as news of the approach of the regular army was received, the insurgents abandoned the town. One or two petty encounters with the remains of the insurgent armies followed, but resulted in their defeat and

-A European letter writer says of American girls in Europe: "I do not wish to undervalue English beauty, which is most satisfactory and enduring, and most of which will wash. But I confess that American beauty, from New York to New Orleans, has spoiled my eyes for any other. I fear you do not half appreciate them at home. Here they admire and envy them-that is, the men admire and the women envy. On the continent they rave about them. Half a dozen American girls send a whole German town distracted. It is not only their beauty and grace, but their will, spirit, and happy audacity. The continental customs favor their triumphs. No girl over there ever dares to say her soul is her own, let alone her body. An American girl, on the contrary, asserts her freedom, goes wherever she pleases, talks with every one she cares to talk with, says du to a German at the first introduction, and orders him about just-just as she would do at home. He is overwhelmed and astounded, but all the more delighted. He tells his friends that the beautiful girl he waltzed with said du to him, and told him to bring her a glass of water, which sets them all crazy to be introduced to her, hear her say du to them, and be made water-carriers likewise. Next day the whole town is talking about her, and staring at her. The women are in a rage; but the result is the conviction that America must be a great country, increased emigration, and the consequent progress of civilization."

A SHOCKING RECITAL.

Disgraceful Criminal Practice in New York-A Muriered Man's Head Severed | made in the said case. from the Body and Laid Before the Supposed Assassin.

Some time last March the body of a man named loachim Fuerter was found, horribly mutilated, \$4. lying in a field near New City, Rockland County, New York. Antoine Maurer, a Frenchman, was subsequently arrested, tried for murder, found guilty and sentenced to be hanged on the 9th of December next. A correspondent of the New York World gives a long account of the incidents of the murder and the trial of the condemned. The writer then says:

of the murder and the trial of the condemned. The writer then says:

Circumstances more starting than any that have ever accompanied the administration of justice in this country, I believe, marked the course of this trial. That they have never before occurred has been due to the enforcement of the principle—running through every code and statute book—that every advantage for defence shall be given to the accused, so their existence in this case is to be credited to the thirst for vengeance upon the supposed murderer that has been, since last spring, upon every man's lips in this horrorstricken country. That I have to write these facts, that have never before been published of any court of justice in America, is one of the evidences of the decay of our judicial integrity and let me express the hope that publicity will raise a fervor of indignation against these perverters of justice that will help to prevent a recurrence of their ghastly deeds.

During the time that Fuerter's body lay unrecognized after its discovery in the corn field, the thought of severing the head from the trunk and preserving it for identification selzed the mind of the prosecuting attorney. This course night be pronounced commendable, but the death head was not used alone for this purpose. When the poor little villain Maurer was safely lodged in his prison cell, and when evidence was accumulating daily to fasten more and more firmly the

guiltiness of this dark crime upon him, then it was that the flendish genius of the district attorney developed a new idea. The murderer should be confronted with the face of his victim; the pale features and sunken eyes should meet him at unexpected moments; the grim head should be popped at him from beneath common table blankets and out of prison buckets; it should be rolled at him in his couch and presented to his horrified vision in the dead of night; thus it was honed a confession might be wrang from him in horrified vision in the dead of night; thus it was hoped a confession might be wrung from him in the startled moments of his dread when this unearthly object should be thrust upon him. And this scheme was carried out. I have it through one of the gentlemen most prominent in the prosecution, that the prisoner before his trial wanted to wash his hands one day, and the opportunity was taken to confront him then with all that was left of the murdered man Fuerter. Maurer, when he repeated the second time his request, was sent into an adjoining cell, where he was told he would find a bucket of water. He went and he was watched. As he stooped to

Puerter. Maurer, when he repeated the second time his request, was sent into an adjoining cell, where he was told he would find a bucket of water. He went and he was watched. As he stooped to dip his hand in the pail the hideous face was there—the grizzly features marked with the horror of the death struggle. There was terror marked on the face of the poor prisoner when he ran out of the cell from the ghostly bucket, but his langhing spectators saw or heard nothing that they could construe into a proof his guilt. Again, when he sat in the hall off which his cell opens, a blanket suddenly lifted from the table by him revealed again the cadaverous head. How horrible is this story in the recital! When I heard it from the lips—of one of the most reliable and estimable citizens of the county, I felt a terror that it is hard for me now to describe or prealize. What must have been the horror of the puny little prisoner when he met in that gloomy cell the gaze of the deathly eyes is more than I care to imagine. I could hardly credit these facts, but when I learned that the head is still within the prison, and when I was shown the can in which it is still preseyed, I could no longer doubt that in Rockland County they have discovered a new method of procuring proof in cases of crime.

The district attorney, under whose directions these little incidents were carried out, is a young man—very young and inexperienced—and was appointed to fill a vacancy by Governor Fenton. It is currently reported that his appointment was made upon the reception of a telegram by the Governor, and that it was then supposed that the person named in the dispatch was the appointee's father, who is a very respectable gentleman.

Some of these strange rumors coming to the ear of the Prench Consul General in New York, he visited the prisoner a few days ago in company with a large party of French gentlemen. It is rumored that he promised the prisoner to use his influence in procuring a demand for a new trial and fair play for his fellow-countryman, f circumstances that are a blot upon our chinzation. The French residents of New York are deeply
interested in the case, and Maurer receives daily
packages of wine and food from them. He is
wisited also frequently by parties of Frenchmen;
who are anxious to assist him in obtaining fair
play. Maurer has made two or three confessions,
but since the visit of the French Consul he has declined to venture any information. The statements that he made are conflicting in almost
every particular, and there are those here who
believe that the prisoner had become partially deranged by his confinement and his incessant
thinking over of the testimony brought forward
against him. His conversation is certainly wandering, and sometimes insane. The same estimable lady, who took his confession in the French
language, now visits him from time to time to
time to pray with him and offer him religious instruction. He appeared to be well schooled in
the doctrines of his church, repeating the confession of faith and his prayers with great fluency.

Enneral Notices.

RING.—Departed this life on the morning of the 11th November, Mr. CONRAD RING, in the seventy-fourth year of his age.

73 HIS RELATIVES AND FRIENDS are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral Services at St. John's Lutheran Church, Archdale street, This Afternoon, at 4 o'clock. nov13 *

THE RELATIVES AND FRIENDS of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Emerick Sell, and of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Houston, and Mrs. Elizabeth Sell, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of Mrs. ED. EMERICK SELL, at the Second Presbyterian Church, To-Morrow, (Sunday,) at 1 o'clock P. M papers hease copy: Baltimore and New York

Special Notices.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

FINE BUSINESS ENVELOPES,

NOS. 5 AND 6, Which wilf be furnished to our customers with Business Card neatly printed thereon at \$4 to \$6

THENEWSJOBOFFICE

AND SEE SAMPLES. nov10 NOTICE .- THREE MONTHS after date application will be made by the Cumberland Church Benevolent Society, to the People's Bank, of Charleston, for renewal of CERTIFI-

CATE No. 515, for twelve Shares, and CERTIFI-CATE No. 737, for forty Shares in said Bank, the originals having been lost. Secretary and Treasurer. novi3 lamo3* PONOTICE. THREEMONTHS

after date application will be made to the South Carolina Railroad Company and Southwestern Railroad Bank, for renewal of CERTIFICATE OF STOCK, No 3000, issued February 14, 1850, in the name of W. S. Reynolds, which Certificate is lost or mislaid. W. S. REYNOLDS. Barnwell County, S. C., November 10, 1869. nov13 1amo3*

NOTICE.-ALL PERSONS IN-DEBTED to the assigned Estate of Mr. GEO. H. GRUBER are hereby informed that their accounts have been placed into the hands of Messrs, St-MONS & SIEGLING, 'Attorneys, (office, Broad street,) for collection, and if settlements are made before the first December next, no costs will be incurred. H. GERDTS & CO., Agents for Creditors. nov13 1mo

ASSIGNEES' NOTICE.-IN BANK-RUPTCY .- In the matter of ALLISON A. McDOW ELL. Bankrupt .- All Creditors having liens in the above stated case, will establish the same before Hon. J. C. CARPENTER, Registrar in Bankruptcy. at his office in Charleston, S. C., on or before the 24th day of November, 1869, or be barred from any benefit in the decree for distribution to be

nov6 s3 L. B. STEPHENSON, Assignce. TO THE PUBLIC.-GEORGE LIT-TLE & CO., No. 213 King street, are offering Fine Cassimere VESTS at \$2 and \$2 50 each, worth oct30 stuth1mo

20 CAN IT BE POSSIBLE THAT over five million bottles of PLANTATION BITTERS have been sold during the past year? It is almost incredible, nevertheless it is absolutely true, and is the most convincing proof of their wonderful medicinal and health-restoring qualities. Every family should be supplied with these Bitters, at whatever cost or trouble it may be to obtain them. Be careful that you get the genuine, and that you are not imposed upon by a spurious

German Cologue, and sold at half the price.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY. JACOB'S CHOLERA, DYSENTERY AND DIAR RHŒA CORDIAL.-This article, so well known and highly prized throughout the Southern States as a Sovereign Remedy for the above diseases, is now offered to the whole country. It is invaluable to every lady, both married and

No family can afford to be without it, and none will to whom its virtues are known. For sale by all Druggists and general dealers. DOWIE & MOISE

CHARLESTON SAVINGS INSTI-TUTION .- The following amounts have not been called for in the above named Institution. As the will be closed on the 31st of December, all ns interested are requested to bring in their Pass Books and receive the amounts due them not the SECOND, will not find their names in this list, as the fact of their having drawn one instalment is an evidence that they know of their interest in the Institution.

HENRY S. GRIGGS, Treasurer.

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1	Carr, Susan D	38 69	F
	Connoly, Elizabeth	0 30	45
	Carey, George	723 55	S
3	Cleary, Catherine	4 99	
3	Carmand, H. McG., Trustee	15 40	
궦	Cameron, Alexander	145 86	
1	Cameron, D. W	5 40	F
۹	Casey, James	156 93	1117
Я	Corrie. A. M	48 14	
g	Comstock, D. B., Trustee, (two accounts).	4 54	1
9	Comstock, D. B., Trustee, (two accounts). Chandler, Janet B.	14 05	A
읩	Corlies, E. S	6 65	.0
1	Collins, Mary Jane	2 41	
4	Cortissy, Mary Ann	2 08	ľ
9	Clarkson, E. B., Trustee	9 06	
3	Coburn, J. Robert	2 32	(
ø	Carahur, Rose Ann	0 68	1113
3	Caraur C A D	1 18	d
	Curry, S. A. D	1 19	1
9			b
	Dorrie, Louise	643 99	HВ
	Derrick, David, Trustee	25 73	C
	Duffy, Michael	17 56	
á	Dupont, C. C., Trustee	17 74	-
1	Desverney, Peter, Trustee	499 98	
8	DuPree, D. A., Agent	6 81	
	Drayton, John	55 45	I
1	Present Polyment P	32 43	T
а	Evans, Edward P	32 43	10

Barly, John, Trustee	11 61
Errickson, J. P	6 03
Enston, Hannah	9 49
Eldred, G. P., Trustee	0 51
Frost, Henry R., Trustee	10 00
Ferguson, James	0 50
Fuller, Mrs. C. A	97 10
Fahronback, S	1 07
FORG. Mary	2 40
Flood, Margaret	32 79
Garden, Ruth C	15 15
Garden, Ruth C	34 88
Guilbert, A	4 00
Gordon, Alexander, Trustee	188 27
Geitel, Johane	5 89
Gross, Barnwell	4 48
Graham, Anne	6 24
Graham Kiddy J	34 75
Gregg, William, Trustee	2 27
Grierson, J. W., Trustee	3 48
Hewitt, M. E., Trustee	3 15
Hennessy, Mary	0 60
Hennessy, Mary	61 78
Hennessy, Charles	29 18
Hummel, John	6 26
Henerey, John T. Henry, E. H., Trustee	21 68
Hencken, C. William	9 84
	0 30
Horan, James	8 75

Henry, E. H., Trustee	21
Hencken, C. William	9
Horan, James	0
Holmes, J. W., Trustee, (two accounts)	8
Hyatt Thomas Trustee	3
Hochmann, H	700
Hamilton, Jas. A. W	0
Holland, Mary	3
Jackson, Jane A	4
Volth W Irring	8
Keith, M. Irvine Kenney, James	1
Kenney, John, Trustee	1 9
Keogan, John	
Leverett, Charles E	3
Lockhorn, Elizabeth	4
Lord, Sarah A	1
Lyons, William, Trustee	0
Lee, L. S	2
Meyer, Henry	7
Marshall, A. W., Trustee	51
Mayor, Anna	4
Mayor, John George	19
Moran, Mary	16
Miller, Robert, Trustee	5
Miller, L. P., Trustee	138
Mattsfen, J. A	100
Maxwell, Susan	o o

	Marshall, A. W., Trustee	91 4
ı	Mayor, Anna	4 1
ı	Mayor, John George	19 (
ı	Moran, Mary	16 9
ı	Miller, Robert, Trustee	5 2
ı	Miller, L. P., Trustee	
ı		138 2
ı	Mattsfen, J. A	0 4
ı	Maxwell, Susan	0 1
ı	Mugge, Catherine	2 6
ı	Makam, Ann	3 1
ı	Mormon, Anna Maria	34 3
ı	Murray, Martha C., Trustee	41 :
ı	Murray, F. H. Mixer, George C., Trustee.	0 1
ı	Mixer. George C., Trustee	41 6
ı	Muckenfuss, B. A., Trustee	1 1
ı	Mazyck, C. M	
	McCrady, Edward, Trustee	0 3 6 5
1	McInarney, Mary	71 1
ı	Admiriney, Mary	
I	Norman, Thomas	3 1
۱	Person, Ann	11 5
1	Porcher, E. W., Trustee	22 3
1	Poinsett, Henrietta	17 1
1	Poinsett, Henricett	~ 0

Routh, William R
Roberts, W. A.
Rivers, John, Trustee.
Rivers, W. D.
Reynolds, Catherine.
Russell, Eliza.
Rice, L. J.
Rice, B. F.
Reith, John
Richardts, Louis
Ramspeck, Charlotte R
Reed, Joseph.
Ravenel, H. E., Trustee, (five accounts).

Siuter, Maria
Society, Ladies' Domestic Missionary
Schwerin, J., Trustee.
Smith, A, B.
Smith, Daniel
Smith, John
Smith, Mary
Smith, S. E., Trustee.
Schmidt, John
Stone, Thomas
Steele, E. C.
Shaw, Charles (two accounts)
Sweat, B. S., Trustee.
Sweeney, Daniel.
Service, Caroline E.
Skelly, Patrick
Sullivan, Eugene.
Small, J. S., Trustee.
Small, Thomas R., Trustee.
Small, T. S., Trustee (four accounts)
Searle, William
Sedroder Henry Searle, William Schroder, Henry Symons, John, Administrator.

Sugue, Mary.....

Turner, Elizabeth.....

White, George......

Viemar, George.....

Wittpenn, Fred., Trustee....

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Wilson, Joseph, Trustee..... 11 06

Total.....\$7123 90

12 65

MAGNOLIA WATER .- Superior to best imported

Special Notices. 25-ST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH. rvice in this Church To-Morrow Morning, at

half-past 10 o'clock, by the Rev. W. W. HICKS, and in the EVENING at 7 o'clock. Strangers will be provided with seats in the MORNING. EVENING Service, seats free.

SIX DOLLARS A YEAR.

UNITARIAN CHURCH.-DIVINE Service will be held in this Church To-MORROW MORNING, at the usual hour, and in the EVENING at half-past 7 o'clock, the Rev. R. P. CUTLER, officiating. Subject for the evening discourse, "The Unitarian Creed, and the authority of religious

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH .-There will be no service in this Church 'o-Monnow. There will be a meeting of the members of he Church and Corporation in the Lecture Room, fonday Evening, the 15th instant, at 7 o'clock. full attendance is requested. SPRING STREET CHURCH WILL reopened To-Morrow Morning, at half-past 10

'clock, and a Sermon appropriate to the occasion,

and at the request of the Young Men's Christian Association, by the Pastor. Seats free. WE UNION PRAYER MEETING .- A Inion Prayer Meeting, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, will be held To-Morrow Evening, at 7 o'clock, at Citadel Square Baptist Church. The services will be conlucted by Ministers of the several Churches of our

MAT NOTICE. -J. N. M. WOHLTMANN or the present occupies the store of Messrs. FARRAR BRO., corner East Bay and Cumberland treets, and will be pleased to see his friends. nov13

CONSIGNEES PER-STEAMER ALCON, from Baltimore, are hereby notified hat she is THIS DAY discharging cargo at Pier No. I, Union Wharves. All Goods not taken away at sunset will remain on wharf at Consignees' risk. MORDECAI & CO., Agents. nov13 1 CONSIGNEES NOTICE. - MER-

CHANTS' LINE .- Schooner MARIAN GAGE will discharge cargo This Day at Adger's North Wharf. Goods not called for before sunset will be stored at risk and expense consignees. No claims allowed after Goods leave the wharf. WILLIAM ROACH & CO. DIVINE SERVICE WILL BE CON-

DUCTED in the Orphan's Chapel on SABBATH APgrnoon, at half-past 3 o'clock, by the Rev. C. P. TO THE FLOUR MERCHANTS AND ALL INTERESTED .- OFFICE INSPECTOR OF FLOUR, No. 68 EAST BAY, CHARLESTON, October 16 .- Orders for Inspection of Flour will be re

ceived at this office from this date, and be promptly attended to. C. 'N. AVERILL. Inspector of Flour.

NOTICE.—NATIONAL FREED-MAN'S SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY, CHARLESTON BBANCH, No. 74 BROAD STREET. Money deposited on or before November 15th will draw interest from November 1st. NATHAN RITTER, Cashier.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE .- ALL rsons indebted to the Estate of the late OTIS MILLS will make payment, and all persons having claims against the same will present them, pro perly attested, to Messrs. PRESSLEY, LORD & INGLESBY, No. 21 Broad street.

II. H. RAYMOND. Qualified Executor. MEDICAL NOTICE.—PATIENTS suffering from Diseases pertaining to the Genito treatment, by placing themselves under the care

of Dr. T. REENTSJERNA, Office No. 74 Hasel street, three doors east from the Postoffice. TO CONSUMPTIVES .- THE AD-VERTISER, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affec-

tion, and that dreadful disease, consumption, is o anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he

conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.

Zer ERRORS OF YOUTH .-- A GENTLE. MAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffer ing humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, with perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

nov9 3mos MALARIOUS FOGS .- COUNTLESS millions of cubic feet of malarious vapor reek from the moist earth every twenty-four hours during the month of November. This evaporated moisthe month of November. This evaporated mois-0 30 ture is the active principle which begets fever and 11 58 ague, billous remittents, indigestion, dysentery, ague, billous remittents, indigestion, dysentery, bilious cholic, rheumatism, and many other ail-than at other seasons, and some of which, in low, swampy regions and new clearings, take the form of virulent epidemics. The best safeguard against these complaints, as evidenced by the experience 4 70 of a long series of years, is HOSTETTER'S STOM-ACH BITTERS, the most pleasant and at the same 437 60 ACH BITTLES, and time the most efficient of all vegetation to the system is manifestly the 6 43 The invigoration of the system is manifestly the causes of defending it against the causes of Na-187 99 1 72 17 89 best means of defending it against the causes of sickness, whether constitutional or casual. Na-10 22 ture, as every pathologist knows, is the most determined enemy of disease, and the paroxysms of an acute malady are in most instances the consequences of the efforts she makes to conquer the foe. The great object, therefore, of preventive 35 26 treatment is to reinforce the system, and it is accomplished thoroughly, rapidly and safely by the use o HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. This powerful tonic contains also an aperient and corrective principle. It is no less valuable as a regulator and purifier than as an invigorant, and there is no danger of exciting the brain or over-stimulating the circulation by employing it as an antidote.

> WORDS OF CHEER -ON THE Errors of Youth and the Follies of Age, in relation to Marriage and Social Evils, with a helping 19 02 hand for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, sept25 3mos

TAT A CARD .- A CLERGYMAN, while residing in South America as a Missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Disease of the Urinary and Seminal Organs and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to 1 78 benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send 2 68 the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it,

free of charge. Address JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

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