### BY TELEGRAPH.

THE FIREMEN'S EXCURSION.

THE RECEPTION AT AUGUSTA -A KINDLY

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE NEWS ]

AUGUSTA, May 1 .- The excursion party of Charleston firemen arrived here this evening, and were received by a delegation from the en tire Fire Department of the city, who were aligned in front of the depot awaiting the arrival of the excursionists. Chief Bryson delivered the address of welcome, which was responded to by Chief Nathan. He said that the demonstration was unexpected, but aptly illustrated the hospitable character of the Georgians, whose latch string always hung out.

The visitors were then escorted to the Planter's Hotel, where dinner was served. After dinner they were escorted to the engine houses of the Vigilant and Georgia, where refreshments had been prepared. Further interchanges of courtesy then occurred. The parade was dismissed at seven o'clock, and at eight o'clock the companies reassembled and escorted the visitors to the depot. The streets were thronged. There is much excitement in regard to the Atlanta tournament. Three steam companies and one hand company go from Augusta. Others are expected from Rome, Msoon, Chattanooga and Nashville.

PERSONNE. GENERAL LEE AND PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, May 1 .- General Dent informed General Lee that General Grant desired to see him, and this morning General Lee, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Tuggart, of Baltimore, called upon the President. The interview was marked by great courtesy. When General Lee was ushered into the Executive office Minister Motley was present; the latter, however, after a moment retired, thinking perhaps the interview between Grant and Lee had reference to national matters. It did not, however, being confined to mero formal greetings between the two. General Lee is staying in Georgetown, and keeps entirely aloof from observation. His visit to the White House this morning was the occasion of great interest. No other interviews were had with the President by any one after General Lee

NEW YORK, May 2 .- The Sunday papers all contain special reports of General Lee's visit to President Graut; they state that when General Lee was at nounced, President Grant dis missed a number of visitors, including Congressmen, telling them he had engagements with General Lee and must be excused. Then followed an interview of half an hour's duration, strictly private. It is the first meeting they have had sit ce they parted at Appomma tox, April 9th, 1865.

PRILIOUS RIOTS BETWEEN CATHOLICS AND ORANGE-MEN IN IRELAND-: NTERESTING DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDONDERRY, April 29.—Seriots riots oc curred here yesterday between Catholics and Orangemen. During the collisions between the two factions the police charged upon both. Firearms were freely used, Several of the rioters were wounded and two were killed. The riot assumed at one time fearful proportions, but the efforts of the police and the appearance of the military from the garrison finally succeeded in restoring quiet, and the city is now tranquil. The military will remain on duty for a day or two.

LONDON, April 29-Evening.-The proceedings in the House of Commons this evening were unusually interesting. Right Hon. Chi-Roctesone. Chief Secretary for Ire in reply to a question of Lord Manvers, de plored the recent outrages in Cork and Londonderry, and said that every endeavor had been made by the government to suppress the riotous proceedings, and that the peace pre-servation set had been fully enforced. He also stated that further explanations at this time

John Arthur Otway, the member for Chatham, denied the authenticity of the telegraph purporting to have been received from Sir Butherford Alcock, the British Minister to China, that the Chinese Government and people were opposed to progress. The Irish Church bill then came up. After a short debate on Disraeli's amendment to give the glebe lands to the church, the propos tion was rejected, as follows : For the amendment, 227; against the amendment, 318-majority for the government, 91. During the discussion it was stated that the trustees of Maynouth College were willing to put that building up for sale, if the same could be done with the glebes of the church.

LONDON April 29.—Captain Carleton was shot at Aithlone yesterday.

SUMMER'S SPEECH IN ENGLAND-OPINIONS OF THE CABINET AND COMMENTS OF THE PRESS.

LONDON, May 1 .- Sumner's speech created se excitement in political circles here. At a Cabinet meeting, to-day, the subject was informally discussed. Bright declared the embarrasement which its publication produced served England very properly, but he agreed not to consent to entertain the terms of settlement foreshadowed by Sumner.

Lord Clarendon expressed his belief that active negotiations on the subjec: in progress the two countries were of a far less extreme character than the speeches of American senators or articles in the press. The ent administration was eager for a lasting present administration was one with the Uni-

Mr. Gladstone professed to have good assurances from reliable quarters that the recent rejection of the Alabama treaty by the Amerion Senate was a purely political movement The present administration will endeavor to

settle the Alabama ques ion on liberal and hon-The outside tone of the English people is anti-American, and more so in consequence of

having read only a part of the publication of Sumner's argument.

The London Star asserts that Sumner's demands are new and startling, and must be regarded merely as enormous, and if only the shadow of these instructions is given Motley, that gentleman will stand in a very different position from that occupied by Johnson. Motley's rejection as American Minister to St. James 18 threatened in case his instructions nearly coincide with the expressions of Samner; such demands are utterly intolerable, and her majesty's ministers must be careful in en-

tertaining them. The London Times breathes forth the spirit of war in defence of the treasury, claiming that Sumuer's money estimate of damages is portentous and enormous, adding that although his address is worthy of attention and considtion, no contrition or huminiation should efficion, no contributor of ministros and one of the best milled state of the second state of the contributor of the contributors, and one of the best milled state of the contributors. equitable se tlement would be deteated.

The Standard, a Tory organ, exhibits a spirit of defiance toward American people, and will resist to the last any capitulation by England. This position is combatted by the Liverpool Post, which says that England cannot afford a quarrel, large or small, with America.

THE PRAGUE DISTURBANCE-MAZZINI HAS NOTICE TO QUIT-THE SPANISH CONSTITUTION-THE BELGIAN TROUBLE-THE INTERNATIONAL CON-

VIENNA, April 29 .- The law declaring Prague n a state of siege has been annulled. Placards have been posted in various parts of the city requesting the inhabitants to avoid any further disturbances. GENEVA, April 29 .- It is rumored that the

Swiss Government has requested Joseph Mazzini to leave the count y. Mazzini lives at Lugano, near the Italian border, and his connection with the recent conspiracy at Florence and Milan has probably caused the Italian Government to make such a request of Switzerland. MADRID, April 30 .- In the Cortes yesterday Senor Cuestas proposed an amendment to the

new constitution establishing the Roman Catholic as the only religion of the country, which, after debate, was rejected. MADRID, May 1 .- In the Cortes an smendment abolishing the prerogatives of the Crown

in ecclesiastical matters was rejected. Limitations for the spiritual jurisdiction of the Church were discussed to adjournment. Paris, May 1 .- Protocol for a conference be-

tween France and Belgium has been signed. BEHLIN, April 30 .- The international conference to promote the care of the wounded in time of war, which has been in session in this city for several days, adopted an address to the people of the United States of America. In this document the members of the conference express regret that no representative from the United States was present during the proceedings, but are convinced that that great and noble nation, one of the foremost of the world, which has rendered such great service in the work of humanity, sympathizes deeply with this movement. The address was signed by forty delegates, among them the Turkish ambassador to Prassia. The conference order ed copies of the report of its sitting s to be sent to America with the address.

THE CUBAN QUESTION.

Washingron, May 1,-The Express says the English Minister denies that Great Britain has had under consideration the question of Cuban insurrection, and declares preposterous the report that it was ever designed to recognize the insurgents, and says the government had not even been informed of the existence of a prorisional government on the island. He represends the relations of Spain with her Majes y's government as being highly friendly, and regards the report hereby contradicted as intended to embitter relations between the United States and Great Britain.

THE PACIFIC.

NEW YORK, May 1 - Noon .- The steamer Alaska has arrived with one hundred and sixty-nine thousand dollars in treasure. The steamer America, from Panama for San

Francisco, was burned at soa. Four drunken British sailors from the ship Kensington were wounded by the Aspinwall

The Colombia Legislature passed a resolution impeaching the President and four of his Ministers. The fever still rages in Peru.

matter, but Senator Sumper strongly urged Mr. Motley's early presence at the Court of St.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Colonel A. P. Wiley, an eminent Texan lawyer, died at the Ebbet House to-day. The National Sunday School Convention will

hold its next meeting in Indianapolis, three The late rains in Alabama are proving very

lisastrous -many of the streams are out of their banks, and much cotton and corn has been drowned. Farmers are much depressed in coasequence. The rain still continues.

Dr. Blanck, one of the physicians charged with causing the death of the girl Carlock, was found dead in his cell, in the Hudson County (New Jersey) jail, yesterday, with his throat cut. Four wounds were also discovered on his wrist and a long gash across his stomach.

Sawyer and Ficklin, mail contractors over the Southern Pacific mail route, have entered into a contract to transport two million bullion annually from Chihuahua to New York; the bullion from that section has hitherto been sent to San Francisco and thence to England The Cuban meeting Friday night, in New

York, was an immense success-all political parties participated. A permanent committee of thirteen was appointed to consult and act with the Cuban Junta. The resolutions are very strong; urge recognition and an extra session of Congress.

The debt statement shows a total principal and interest of \$2,635,032,888; amount in the Treasury-coin, \$92,031,732 96; certificates deposit, \$16,307.200; currency, \$7.965,563 07; \$116,235,497 03; public debt less cash in the freasury, \$2.518,797,391; decrease during the nonth, \$6,399 070; \$30,000,000 coin distributed

for interest, a large proportion for England. A New Orleans dispatch says that a severe vesterly gale, on Friday, at the mouth of the Mississippi swept away the galleries of the lighthouse and light-keeper's dwelling at Southwest Pass, destroyed the lighthouse boats, and blew five feet of water in the lighthouse, and buildings in consequence have settled one foot. The storm damaged the rigging

of vessels at the pass. A Richmond dispatch says that the issue of the Southern Opinion is suspended. The editor says that he has for some time thought that, perhaps, the mission of the Southern Opinion had been fulfilled, and adds: "That oudity of her attire. the distinct Southern principles upon which the paper was founded are dead in he hearts of the people, is another fact which we cannot but recognize. No cause, however just and good, can long outlive defeat."

MURDER IN LANCASTER.—We understand number in Lancaster.—we undersaid from a reliable source that a negro man, formerly the property of Mr. Crow. of Union County, North Carolina, came to his death from viclence on or about the 24th instant, twelve miles from this place. It seems that he was on the road after might, having in his possession a corsiderable amount of money, and it is suprosed was assaulted and slam with an axe or some other heavy weapon, and then robbed of his money. No clue to the murderer or murderers has been found so far

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 1 .- In the Supreme Court to-day, the case of C. B. Hazleden and A. Godbold et al ads. E. J. Mocdy, assignee, was resumed and concluded; Mr. Harllee for the motion. Mr. Sellars contra. The case exparte Mary S. Monteith was taken up and heard in part ; Mr. Fickling for the motion. A decree had been given in this case in favor of the Building and Loan Association, by Chancellor Lesesne, but by permission it is being reargued. This suggests the mistake made by your correspondent "Corsair," in saying a Building and Loan Association is a new thing here; such a corporation has been in existence for the last forty years or more.

The hotels and boarding bouses have disgorged themselves of their unusual number of guests, and the drizzly and gloomy day of yesterday has cooled our excitement down, and things appear duller than usual. HALIFAX.

> AFFAIRS IN THE STATE. Lancaster.

John Q. Cousart has been appointed coun-Spartanburg.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest o A warrat has been issued to the affect of Fidding Turner, for shooting George Floyd, a man seventy years old, on the 26th instant. At last accounts, Mr. Floyd was not dead. Turner is a young nan, who, it is said, was intoxicated at the time of the shooting. We have not heard of his arrest. Urangeburg.

The News says that the postoffice was broken into on Wednesday night and completely sacked. There was no money in the office. Dr. Arnold Mack, a citizen of the county, died on Wednesday of consumption. He never entirely recovered from a severé wound received in the late war.

At the recent election in Simsville Township, the three selectmen and constable elected are negroes. There was no name on the Radical ticket for the office of surveyor, because no one of their party knew anything about surveying. A gentleman of chara ter (not of their party) was elected clerk, and unless he serves, the whole thing must collapse, as the negroes elected, we have been informed, can barely read and sign their names.

WARMTH FROM THE STARS. (From the London Daily Nexa.) It would scarcely be thought by most persons (says our contemporary) that the stars supply the earth with an appreciable amount of heat. Even on the darkest and clearest night, when the whole heavens seem lit up by a multitude of sparkling orbs, the idea of heat is not suggested by their splendor. It will, therefore, seem surprising to many that men of science should assign no inconsiderable portion of our terrestrial heat supply to those distant twinkling lamos. It is not many years since Professor Hopkins, of Cambridge, went distant twinking lambs. It is not many years since Professor Hopkins, of Cambridge, went even farther, an 1 expressed his belief that if the earth's atmosphere were but increased some 13,000 yards in height, so as to have an increased power of retaining the warmth poured upon it from outer space, we might do without the sun altogether so for as our heat supont the sun altogether so far as our heat supout the sun arrogener so far as our ness sup-ply is concerned. As a glass house collects the sin's heat and readers it available during the time that the sun is below the horizon, so he held that the additional layer of air would serve to garner the warmth of the sun; in quantities sufficient for all our requirements. But until lately all these views, however planquantities suffici sible they might have seemed, had not been founded upon facts actually observed. It has been reserved for those days in which discoveries of the most unexpected kind are daily rewarding the labors of our physicists to see that established as a certainty which had before been founded merely upon consideration of probability. Mr. Huggins, the physicist and astronomer, has just published the results of a series of inquiries addressed to the actual measurement of the heat which we receive Washington, May 2.—Minister Motley leaves on the 19th instant. His instructions are very brief; he is to get to England and await events.

President Grant was in no hurry about the from the leading brilliants of the nocturnal fixed by Mr. Huggins' large refractor, so that the image of a star formed by the eight-inch object glass might fall upon the surface of the thermopile. It will give some token of the care required in researches of the sort to mention that the apparatus had to be left attached to the telescope for hours, sometimes for days, un'il the needle whose motion marks the action of heat had come to perfect rest. When the time came for making an observation, the shutter of the dome which covers the telescope was opened, and the telescope was turned upon a part of the sky near to some bright star, but not accurally under the star. Then star, but not actually under the star. Then the needle was watched to determine whether the change of position had produced any effect. If in four or five minutes no signs of change from four or nee minutes no signs of change were shown, the telescope was moved over the small distance necessary to bring the image of the star directly on the face of the pole. Almost always the needle began to move as soon as the image of the star fell upon it. The telescope was then moved slightly away again from the star; the needle was then seen to return the star; the needle was then seen to return to its place. In this way from twelve to twenty observations would be made upon the same star, so that no doubt might remain as to the motion of the needle being really due to the motion of the needle being really due to the stars heat. In this way it was found that the bright Arcturus moved the needle three degrees in about a quarter of an hour. So did Raguius, the leading brilliant of Loo, the constellation at present adorned by the splendor of ruddy Mars. Pollux gave a deflection of one and a half degree; but, singularly enough, his twin brother Castor produced no enough, his twin of the needle. The splendid us gave deflection of only two degrees; but

> GENERAL GRANT AT MOUNT VERNON .--Washington correspondent of one of the New York papers gives the following in relation to President Grant's late visit to the t mb of

> as this star is always low down, and so shines through a greater proportion of the denser atmospheric strata, it is not surprising that its

heat should not be proportion

Washington. The writer says: The first object of interest which attracted the attention of the President was the tomb of Washington. On approaching it he took off his hat and stood contemplating the tome for some time, carefully reading all the inscriptions and asking several questions of Secretary Boric, who visited the place thrty-three years ago and many times since. At the massion the President seemed to take a deep interest in everything, walked through all the rooms and examined al the relics with great care, registering his name with the other visitors, 'U. S. Grant, Washing. ton, D. C." In the room used by Washington as a library the President took a cigar out of his pocket, and going behind the door to avoid the draught of wind, lighted it, smoking during the remainder of the visit. Among the parsingers by the excursion steamer was Mrs. Dr. Hasbrouck, who pitched into Grant at the Dress Reform Convention so merciessly lately. Sue was dressed in Bloomer costume, and attricted considerable attention, Grant him-elf looking after her, and smiling at the

MAGISTERIAL PROFUNDITY .- It is reported that one of our magistrates tried a case of as sant and battery against some women; con-victed them, of course, and sontenced them to imprisonment ten days; but as the jail was not ready to r. ceive boarders, he required them to enter into bonds to appear at the jail when it is completed, and enter for the term aforesaid. They will be there punctually, no doubt.

[Ches'erfield Democrat.

... The total cclipse of the sun on the 7th of August next is the only one that will be visible in North America during the present century. The contre of the line of totality wil pass through Springfield. Illinois, and near Des to defray the expenses of observations. Pro-fessor Winlock, director of Harvard Observato

THE EVER FAITHFUL ISLE.

Progress of the Revolution and the Important Dispatches from Mexico-Prospect of Stamping it Out.

The glowing aspect of Cuban affairs at Washington seems to have passed away, and we now hear that advices favorable to the rebellion have been received there. It is reported that the third and last attempt of the Spaniards has failed, and the wet season approaches. It is rumored that Great Britain will recognize Cuban independence, with a view to induce the establishment of a separate republic, and thus prevent annexation. It is known that there is considerable number of leading Cubans, especially the younger men, who favor the idea of a separate republic, and of endeavoring to establish a federation between Cuba Porto Rico and St. Domingo, with an eye to the inclusion of the English and French islands here ifter.

Every kind of rumor is affoat, and the arri val of a special agent of the government, sent some time since to Cuba to ascertain the condition of affairs in the island, is daily looked for. The action of the government, it is said. will depend, to some extent, upon the report made by the agent, who is a gentleman in whom the administration places implicit confidence. The report is looked for with consid erable interest.

THE SITUATION.

The Cuban Government is acting with vigor, and Count Valmaseda, commander of the Spanish forces in the Eistern Department, has issued a proclamation, whereof the following are the chief features: First, overy native male over fifteen years of age found away from his residence without sufficient cause will be execute; second, every uninhabited dwelling, and every inhabited dwelling, where a white flag is undisplayed, will be reduced to ashes; third, all women away from their houses wil come to Bayamo or Jiquani, or they will be brought by torce. The proclamation was dated Bayamo, April 4th. Dispatches dated the 28th state that ac-

cording to the Havana journals the news from the Eastern Department has of late been favor-able to the government. No great results are announced, but several sairmishes in which the able to the government. No great results are announced, but several satirmishes in which the Spanish troops were victorious are reported.

According to the government accounts one thousand insurgents are still in the field, under command of Cabada, in the vicinity of Trinidad; the Governor of Remedios, who had returned from a military excursion through his district, announces that he has made arrangements to put down the insurrection in that vicinity, which we take to mean that it was not yet put down; and in Neuvitas extensive preparations are being made for a campaign against General Qiesads, who still holds all the country around Puerto Principe. From the Eastern insurgents we have only an appeal from Generals Marmol and Figuredo for arms and recognition of their belligerent rights. In Havana men were arriving freely from Spain to replace the losses of the Spanish army, but they come miserably clad and inprovided with any of the elements for war. The spirit of the volunteers in Havana however, provides them amply immediately on arrival, and they are at once sent to the volunteers. mediately on arrival, and they are at once sent to the scene of active operations. A bittalion of pegro troops has also been sent to the field from Havana, being the first, we believe, that has been put in active service. The pressure upon the treasury has led the government to contemplate increasing the present early of import duties. The war is now, in fact, a war is n shape of war material. Everything else must be provided from the resources of the colony, and these the government is pressing to the utmost. On the part of the Cabans the questions of the cabans the questions. tion is merely one of the cubans the ques-tion is merely one of the lineace. There is great deficable, from impossibility, in-driving them from the field it they choose to hold it in small bands adhering to the Fabian

THE NEW CEAT OF WAR —HOW THE REBELS FIGHT. The Havana correspondent of the New York

Times writing on the 24th April, says : The Spaniards are evidently becoming aware until now been the Richmond of the war. The Cubans have tried as well as they know now to take it, while the Spaniards, with great tenacity, nave refused to give it up, and still not only hold the place, but are actually sending out to escort convoys of provisions back. An army of about 8000 Spaniards, under the commond of Letona, is now massing in Neuvitas; their first object will inflountedly be the reconstruction of the railway, which will enable construction of the railway, which will enable them to remove the troops quickly from the coast and to use the 2000 men which are not angaged convoying provisions, to act against the enemy. Judging from past events, they wil undoubtedly be successful in their at-tempts, and will clear the neighborhood of tempts, and will clear the heighborhood of Puerto Principe of insurgents. The Havana journals will publish glowing accounts of tattles won, and of deeds of heroism performed, and probably will make the announcement that the insurrection in that part of the island has been completely quelled. The Spanish population all over the island will join in the chorus of the Dieste and other inorgals in sugging of the Diario and other journals in singing hosannah and hallolujah, and everything will wear a rose-colored aspect for two or three weeks, when the lull and then the reaction will weeks, when the init and then the reaction will set in. The troops will remain stationary in some town or hamlet, and will make occasional sallies, and kill a few insurgents. Then all of a sudden the whipped and dispersed rebels will appear a hundred or more miles from the then seat of war, will levy con-tributions, burn plantations, cut off communitributions, burn plantations, cut off communi-cations, increase their numbers and be ready to commence the same pame over again, while the Spaniards viil have filled the hospitale, done a great deal of hard work and gained nothing, not even clory, for there are no fights. The Spaniards call the Cubans cowards, and nothing, not oven guery, the Cubans cowards, and say and publish that they always run from the troops, but forget that everything is fair in love and war, and that the Cubans are victorious whenever they run away. Their principal weapon of offence and defence is this same running away; they use up the Spaniards and save themselves. The troops find no enemy save themselves. Cabans cause them severe save themselves. The troops find no enemy to fight, but the Cubaus cause them severe losses by sickness, and at the same time de-stroy the energy and morals of the Spanish soldier, who does nothing but murch, and who gets disgusted at a war in which there are no enemies and there is no fighting. The plan

pursued by the Cubans is the only one which can insure them success. DEFEAT OF THE SPANIARDS.

The steamer Columbia, just arrived from Ha vana, brings private letters from trustworthy persons that citizens A. Cabede and Juan Villegas have appeared with reduced forces near the City of Trinidad, and taken possession of all the arms and ammunition belonging to the spanish Government in the arsenal there, the troops being unable to prevent them from so

THE FLIGHT OF DULCE'S SYMPATHIZERS—THE SPANIARDS' DISCOURAGEMENTS.

BYANIARDS' DISCOURAGEMENTS.

HAVANA, April 24.—The emigration of Cubans still goes on; perhaps half of those leaving now go to Mexico. The Spaniards, not liking the situation, are moving away also. Large numbers sail in everty steamer for the peningula, and from the way their affairs are arranged before leaving, one could easily suppose that these emigrants have no expectation of returning. Evidently a good number of the Poninsulares expect the cubans to succeed. Though they will all tell you that the insurrection is a they will all tell you that the insurrection is a petty affair, and will soon be overcome, yet, privately, their behet is that the United States with we the is and in any event, in less than fiv have the is and in any event, in less than it years. The Governor-general is constantly asking for additional reunforcements from Spain. He sees, as this fact shows that the insurrection is neither dead nor dying.

The revolution in the Eastern Department is gaining strength. The Spanish troops in that portion of the island are suffering greatly trom such uses. The Chinag are budgeting and

from sickness. The Cubans are besieging and constantly harassing thom, and the capture of various convoys cause scarcity of supplies and ammunition in the Spanish ranks.

-An advertisement in an Australian paper invites proposals from elergymen "for many mg two or more countes."

THINGS IN WASHINGTON.

Treaty Cessions-Cubans Destrous of Buying Government Arms-Views of General Grant-Mr. Motley's Instruc-

The Washington correspondent of the Baltinore Sun writing on Friday night, says:

Dr. C. W. Brink, United States Consul, arrived here yesterday, direct from Mexico, bearing dispatches of an important character to the President and Secretary of State, and to-day had an interview with General Grant. It is understood that these dispatches refer to ne-gotiations between Minister Resecrans and the Mexican Government relative to certain treat-ies that the Mexican Government is desirous of entering into for the cession of certain portions of Mexico to the United States, for the purpose of raising money to support the Juarez govern ent. General Rosecrans, it appears would like to remain in Mexico to complete these negotiaister is now on his way, and will arrive there before an answer will be received by General

Rosecrans.

Efforts have been made for some time by Efforts have been made for some time by several Cuban agents to purchase arms and supplies for the insurgents, but they have not succeeded. Quite recently they had an interview with General Grant upon the subject, when they were informed by him that if the government had any arms, munitions, &c., to spare, they would be disposed of to any one, the President arguing that he had received no efficial notification of any recent battles between the Cubans and Spanjards, and theretween the Cubans and Spaniards, and therefore any supplies that could be spared by the government would be sold to either Cubans or

Spaniards if they wished to purchase.

Among other things considered to-day at the Cabine session were the instructions to be given to Minister Motley. It is understood that it was decided that the best policy would be for Mr. Motley to leave for his post at once, and before this government was officially in-formed of any action on the part of the British Government in relation to the Alsbama claims.

How Magistrates are Appointed.—The Union Times says that June Mobiey, a mulatto, member of the State Legislature, and Commissioner of Education, has given notice that persons who desire the appointment of magistrate must confer with him. He can barely

The Delaware papers report that though the fruit trees in the lower part of the penn-sula of Delaware and Eastern Maryland have been seriously injured by the recent storm, the crop has not been totally destroyed, as was at first feared. In the middle tier of counties the damage is much lighter, and half a crop will probably be obtained. In Cecil County, Md., and Newcastic County, Del., the damage was very slight, and it is believed that a good average crop will be gathered. Another account very singut, and it is between that a good average crop will be gathered. Another account asserts that on Chesapeake Bay, and wherever the proximity of large bodies of water neutralized the frost, the buds on the fruit trees are sound and healthy and are rapidly developing, but that about the latitude of Dover, Del., the democrais asserts. North of Dover the prosdamage is severe. North of Dover the pros-

# Special Motices.

MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION .-- THE Rev'd Clergy, of all denominations, are particularly requested to call on the ladies of their congregations to decorate the graves of Contederate soldiers in May the 10th.

UNION BANK OF SOUTH CAROLINA. General of the State having approved the official statement of this Bank, and authorized the resumption of business under the provisions of the late Act of the General seembly, the Bard of Directors desire a meeting of the Stockholders in connection therewith.

A meeting will therefore be held at the Banking House, on hast Bay-street, on THURSDAY, 20th May proximo, at Twelve o'clock M. By order of the Board.

H. D. ALEXANDER, Cashier. WHAT IS A TONIC?-BEAR THIS IN mind-that although a tonic is, to a certain extent, a stimulant-a stimulant, unmodified by any medicinal substance, is not a tonic, but a debilitant. In HOSIETIER's STOMACH BITTERS there is a tured in this or any other country. Every fiery and corrosive oil or acid which contaminates the ordinary liquors of commerce, is expelled from the rye spirit which forms the alcoholic basis of the BIT TERs, by careful and repeated rectification. The juices of the valuable roots, barks and herbs, infused into this wholesome product of the finest grain, still urther modify its nature; so that it becomes, in fact, a simple diffusive agent, minus all the heady and brain exciting properties which belong, more of less, to all l'quors in a raw state. It is merely the sate and harmless vehicle which renders the medi cinal virtues of the preparation effective-increasing their active power, and diffusing them through the system. Hence the pleasant and gentle glow which is experienced after taking a dose of the BITTER !. Instead of creating heads he, as unmedicated stimulants are apt to do, this salubrious tonic is the bes known reme y for that complaint. It calms and soothes cerebral excitement, strengthens the nerves, promotes the secretion of the gastric junce, invigorates the bowels, determines the fluids to the sur face, improves the appetite, increases the animal vig or, regulates organic action, and, from its mild yet effective alterative qualities, is the very best preparation that can be administered to the weaker ex in the peculiar difficulties to which their organi-

ex in the pects them. TO CONSUMPTIVES .- THE ADVER-TISER, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make mown to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, ne will send a copy of the pre-

scription n-ed (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchi tas, &c. The object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread inormation which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remody, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please ad-

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.

OFFICE FOR DEPOSIT OF SAVINGS. SOUTH CAROLINA LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY. This Company will RECEIVE DEPOSITS on and after 1st May, under the Rules, which may be had at the Office, No 19 Broad-street. For the present the hours for receiving deposits will be from Nine A. M. to Two P. M. Should the business warrant tho opening of an office at some more central p int, and at more conveut at bours for the industrial classes, provision will be made accordingly.

THUS. R. WARING, Apri' 23 fmwlmo

83 PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE .- A NEW COURSE OF LECTURES, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects : How to Live an I what to Live for ; Youth, Maturity and ole 'go; Manhood generally reviewed ; the cause of ludigestion ; Flatul-nee and Nervous Diseases acc unter for ; Marriage Philosophi cally Considered &c. These Lectures will be forwarned on receit d of tour stamps, by addres ing SECRETARY "ALTI-JOBE MUSEUM OF ANATO MY, No. 74 We t Baltimore-street, Baltimore, Md.

ST ERRORS OF YOUTU.-A GENTLE-MAN who suffered for years from Nervons Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of you heal indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and ourections for making the simple remedy by which he was curad. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertis er's experience, can do so by addressing, in reriec No. 42 Cenar-street, New York. onfidence,

Married.

SINGLETARY—HANNAH.—On the 15th of April, by the Rev R. R. BROOKS the Rev. WM. H. SIV GLETARY to Mrs. SARAH M. HANNAH, all of Wil lamsburg County, S. C.

DANIEL—SINGLETARY.—On the 29th of April, by the Rev. WM. H. SINGLETARY, Mr. WILLIAM J. DANIEL to Miss MARY J. B. SINGLETARY, all of

BIGNON-GRUGETT.—At Aiken, S. C., on the 23d of April, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. L. CUTEBERY, Mr. J. P. BIGNON, of Augusta, Ga., to Miss. C. W. GRUGETT, of Charleston, S. C. No cards.

### Obituarn.

LOGAN.—Departed this life, in the city of New Orleans, on Mond by last, the 28th ultime, JOSEPH GLOVER LOGAN, second son of the Hon. Groade W Logan, of this city. ag-d 39 years, 2 months at al 10 cays. A naive of this bate, he removed to New Orleans in early life and engaged in commercill pursuits, but at the time of his decease, and for some time proviously, he held the office of Superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum. of New Orleans; a responsible position for which he was eminently qualified by his usual good health, remarkably temperate habits, great physical activity and mental quickness. He leaves a widow and three children, besides a large family connection, to mourn this unexpected and heavy bereavement.

A FRIEND.

GILCHBIST.-Died. at Fernandina, Fia., Mr. RO-BERT GILDBRI'T. of Warren County, New York, in the seventy-fourth year of his age.

39 The New York Express will please copy and send bill to this paper.

### Special Motices.

is THIS DAY discharging cargo at Pier No. 1, Union Wharves. All goods not taken away at sunset will remain on the wharf at consignee's risk. MORDICAL & CO., VERGNE'S ELECTRO-CHEMICAL BATHS .-- A BRANCH OF DR. VERGNE'S (OF NEW

CONSIGNEES PER SIEAMER FAL-

CON, from Baltimore, are hereby notified that she

YORK) Electro-Chemical Baths is now established and in daily operation in Meeting, one door above

Budson-street, over the office of Dr. P. T. bCHLEY, who has a private room for the especial accommods. tion of those who wish to be treated by the Medicated Baths, which are celebrated for the cure of all diseases produced by the too liberal use of Mercury in any of its forms; also Rheumatism, acute and chronic; Gout, Lead Poisoning in any form, Nervous Affections, Debility, and Chronic Diseases gener-

Dr. S. will administer the Baths by instructions direct from the discoverer, Dr. V., which embrace many recent and useful bints.

AT A CARD .- THE COMMITTEE ON SCHUEIZENFEST beg to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following Prize Presents, (in addition to those already published of April 30th and May 1st) now on exhibition at Mr. VON SANTEN'S STORE. No. 229 King-street:

Game of Croquet, from WILLIAM McLEAN's Fancy Goods Store, No. 423 King-street, Gold Diamond Pin. presented for the Charleston Schuetzen King of 1869, by George Weimann, Esq., member of the New York schueizen Club, No. 17 John-stre.t. New York.

One pair Fine Latie, Kid Button Boots, from D. O'NEILI's Bast and the transfer of the state Cane Seat and Back Focking Chair, from R. WHITE'S Furniture Warehouse, corner King and Market-streets.

Embroidered Boys' Suit, from WILLIAM MAT-THIESSEN'S Clothing House, No. 291 King-street, southwest corper of Wentworth. Cne Laminated Steel Double Barrel Twist Shot Gun, from Hann & Co., Importers and Deslers in Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, &c., corner King and

Market streets. One Fine Ladies' Opera Cloak, from J. R. READ & Co , Dealers in Cloaks, Mantilias, Fine Dress Goods, kc., No. 263 King-street, opposite Hasel.

WHILDEN & Co.'s Jewelry Establishment, corner King and Beaufain streets. Fine Silver Mounted Riding Whip, from CASTESS & Jacons, taddlers and Harness Makers, No. 54 Meet-

Two Fine Silver Plated Castors, from WILLIAM G.

Three pair silk Velvet Slippers, from E. B. Stonnn kulo... Wholesale Dealers in B Trunks, No. 163 Meeting-street. One Ton agg, Foundry or Blacksmith's Coal, from

ing-street, corner of Chalmers.

Goods, No. 420 Kirg-street.

H. F. BAKER & Co., Coal Merchants, No. 20 Cumberland-street. One Dozen Lineu Cambric Handkerchiefs, from I. GOUDROP, Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Dry

One Ladie. Dressing Case, from August Illino, Millinery, Fancy Goods, &c., No. 237 King-street. One Genuine Mee schaum Pipe, from J. MADSEN, Commission Merchunt, Dealer in all kinds of lobacco, Pipes, &c., No. 314 King-street, corner of So One Fine Gilt Bound Book, "The Months Illustra

ted by Pen and Pencil," from FOGARTIE'S Book Depository, No. 260 King street (in the Bend.) One barrel of Flour, from General W. GURNEY, Factor and Commission Merchant, No. 102 East

Gold-headed Palmetto Walking Stick, from J. A. Exalow & Co., Importers of West India Produce, No. 141 East Bay. One Music Rack, from John Hrins, Dealer in Fur

nitureware, &c , No. 318 King-street. One box Catherwood's Cabinet Whiskey, from H. GERDTS & Co., Wholesal Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 193 East Bay. One Pair Congress Gatters, from LEWIS FLIAS,

Boot and shoe Emporium, No. 368 King-street,

corner of Georga. Four Window Shades, from Mrs. A. TANLUNSON, Dealer in Window Shades, Paper Hangings, &c., No. No. 214 King-street. A. NIEMANN, Chairman.

BORDEAUX CLARET WINE, OF SU-PERIOR QUALITY, by the gallon; SMOKED SAL-MON and HALIBUT, SMOKED TONGUES, PIG SHOULDERS, BREAKFAST STRIP , received this WM. S. CORWIN & CO.

NOTICE. OFFICE OF CORONER OF CH - RLESTON COUNTY. APRIL 24, 1869 .- During my temporary ab ence from the State, E. M. WHI T-ING, Esq. Coroner for the Parishes of St. Philip's and St. Mictaei's, and Magistrate, will attend to the duties of my office at No. 51 BROAD-STREET. TIMOTHY HURLEY.

# Shirts and Farnishing Goods. SCOTT'S

SHIRTS OF ALL STYLES AND SIZES, READY-MADE or made to order, at E. SCOTI'S SHIRT EMIORIUM.

THES, TOWS, CRAVATS AND SCARES, IN GREAT variety and latest feshious at E. SCO11'S & UHNISHING STORE. A MERICAN, ENGLI-H AND FRENCH HOS-IERY, of all gendes, can always be found at E. SCOTT'S, Meeting-street.

REVERSIBLE STITCH LINEN-PACED PAPER
COLLAR-AND CUFFS, of all syles and sizes,
at E. SCOT: 'S GENT'S FURNISHING STORE. STAR SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, OF every kind, at

every hind, at F. S. OIT'S STAR SHIRT EMPORIUM. ANDRERCHIEFS I INEN AND SILK, BEADY Hemmed for immediate use, at F. S. OIT'S GENA'S FURNISHING STORE.

INDIA GAUZE SHIRTS, LISLE THREAD AND colk shirts, at

E. SCOVY'S EMPORIUM.

RECEIVED BY FVERY SIEAMER FREET D. DI 10N- to my already full stock of G-ntlemen's Fund-hing G-ods, App v to E. SCOTI, Meeting-street, above Market. THE PE-T ASSORTMENT OF KID GLOVES and Liste Thread Gloves of all exices and sizes to be tound at

SCOTT'S STAR SHIRT PMPOR'UM.

MEETING-STREET, OPPO-ITE THE MANKET HALL.

Shipping. EXCURSIONS AROUND THE HARBOR,

THE FINE, FAST SAILING AND COMFORTABLY appointed Yacht ELEANOE
will resume her trips to historic points a
the narbor, and will leave Government
Wharfduly at Ten A. M. and Four P. M.
For Passage apply to 180 MAS YOUNG,
December 18 Captain, on board.

NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON STEAMSHIP LINE.

FOR NEW YORK. CABIN PASSAGE \$20.

THE FIRST-CLASS SIDE WHERL STEAMSHIP CHAMPION, LOOK-wood, Commander, will leave Adger's Whart, on Patusbar, 8th inst, at 4 o'clock P. M.

See No Billis of Lading signed after the sailing of

Providence, B. L.

Ar insurance can be obtained by these steamers at M per cent.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JAMES ADGES & JO. Agents,

Corner Adger's Wharf and East Bay (Up-stairs.)

May 3

he steamer,

Through Bills Lading given to Boston and

FOR PHILADELPHIA AND BUSION. REGULAR EVERY THURSDAY.

THE STEAMSHIP PROMETHFUS, Captain Gray, will leave
North Atlantic Whart, on ThursDAY, May 6, at - o'clock,
For Freight or Passage apply to
JOHN & tHEO. GETTY,
May 1
North Atlantic Wharf.

FOR NEW YORK. REGULAR LINE KVERY WEDNESDAT

PASSAGE \$20. THE SIDE-WHEFL STRAMSELP MAGNOLIA, Captain M. B. CROW-ELL, win teave Vandernorat's Wharf on Wednesday, May 6, 1469, at 1

BAVENEL & CO. Agente. FOR LIVERPOOL. CHARLESTON AND LIVERPOOL STEAMSHIP

THE FIBST CLASS IRON SOREW
Steamship MARMORA, R. M. RonINSON Commander, is now read to receive Freight to the above port,
to sail on or about 5th of May.
For Freight engagements, apply to
ROBERT MURE & CO.,
April 21 Boyce's Whart.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPY &

THROUGH LIN. 10
CALIFORNIA. CHINA AND JAPAN.
CHANGE OF SAILING DAYS! CHANGE OF SAILING DAFAN.

81PAMERS OF THE ABOVE
BIRALES OF THE ABOVE
In a leave Pier No. 42, North Eive;
foot of Canal-street. New forc, at
12 o'clock noon, of the let, 11th and
21st of every month (except when these dates fall
en Sunday, then the Saturday preceding).
Departure of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with
steamers for South Pacific and Gentral American
ports. Those of 1st touch at Mansanillo.
Departure of 11th of each month connects with
the new steam line from Panama to Australia an'
New Zealand.

New Zealand.

Steamship JaPAN leaves Sat Francisco for Ohina and Japan May 4, 1869.

No California steam rs touch at Havana, but gu direct from New York to Aspinwall. One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult, Medicine and altendance free. at the COMPANY'S TICKET OFFICE, on the whelf foot of Canal-street, North River New York. March 12 1yr F. R. PABY, Agent.

POINT, Captain GEO. E. MOMILLAN, will leave Charleston for Savanah on Wednesday Evening. at 9 o'clock. EVENING, at 9 O'clock.

SHTUEMING:
She will leave Savannah is r Charleston every ThursDAY AFFERVOON, at 4 O'clock.

For ireight or passage, apply to

J. D. AIKEN & CO. Agents,

May 3 South Atlantic Wharf.

FOR SAVANNAH-INLAND ROUTE, VIA BEAUFORT AND HILTON HEAD.

THROUGH TICKETS TO FLORIDA. ON AND AFTER MAY 18T PASSAGES REDUCED. To Savannah: ...\$5. To Beaufort ....\$4.

THE STEAMED FILOT BOY, CAPTAIN FERN PECK, will leave Accommodation Wharf every Monday and Thursday Mork.
ING at 8 o'clock.

Returning will leave Savannah every Tursday and
FRIDAY MORNING at 9 o'clock.

JOHN FERGUSON,

Accommodation Wharf.

FOR SAVANNAH.
THE STEAMER DIGTATOR.
CAPTAIN W. T. MONELTI, will sail
from the leston for Savannah on Savordhar Eve

g. at 9 o'clock. RETURNING. Will leave Savannah for Charleston on SUNDA

For Freight or Passage, apply to April 29 J. D. AIKEN & CO., Agents. EDISTO, ROCKVILLE AND ENTER-

PRISE.
THE S'EAMER FANNIE, CAPTAIN ADAIN, will leave accommodation wharf every Wednesday Morning at 8 o'clock.
Returning, leave Edisto at 12 o'clock on TRUREDAY, For Freight or Passage, apply to JOHN FERGUSON, Accommodation Wharf

April 26

Accommodation Wharf.

FOR PALATKA, FLOHIDA,

VIA SAVANNAH, FLENANDINA AND JACKSONVILLE.

THE FIRST-CASS & TEA MEE

LIE THE DICTATOR. Captain WM. T. MONELTH. will sall from Charleston ever; Fuentay Beening,

at Nine o'clock, for the above points.

The first-class Steamer CITY FOIN'I, Captain Gro.
F. MOMILLAN will, sall from Charleston every Friday Evening, is Nine o'clock, for above points.

Connecting with the Central Railroad at savannah

for Mobile and New Orleans, and with the Florida

Railroad at Fernandina for Cedar Keya, at which

point steamers connect with New Orleans, Mobile,

Pensacola and New Orleans.

Through Bills Lading given for Freight to Mobile,

Pensacola and New Orleans.

Connecting with H. S. Hart's steamers Oclawaka

Connecting with H. S. Hart's steamers Oclawaka

Through Bills Lading given for Freight to Mobile, Pensacoia and New Orleans.

'connecting with H. S. Hart's steamers Oclawaka and Griffin for Silver Springs and Lakee Griffin, Eustin, Harris and Durham.

All freight oryable on the wharf.

Goods not removed at suinest will be stored at ris and expense of owners.

For Freight or Passage engagement, apply to J. D. AIKEN & Co., agents, South Atlantic Wharf.

N. B.—No extra charge for Meals and Statorooms, November 21

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