BY TELEGRAPH.

THE STATE SUPREME COURT.

THE ARGUMENT OF THE GREAT N O BOND CASE.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.] COLUMBIA, April 23 .- In the Supreme Court to-day the argument was closed in the negro bond case, Messrs. Noble and Thomas speaking in support of their validating, and General McGowan closing in reply for the other side.

WASHINGTON.

A PRECIOUS BOW IN THE RADICAL FAMILY-SPRAGUE AND ABBOTT—REJECTION OF QUAKERS -ADJOURNMENT OF THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 23 .- Senator Sprague's words, which offended Abbott, were: President, in answer to the ticade of the sena tor from Nevada and the senator from North Carolina, I am reminded of a little illustration. In my travels from the centre here into the rural districts through the woods and farms of the surrounding neighborhood, chance at one time frought me to a farm-house. I discovered on looking up a large mastiff and a mongrel puppy-dog. The little dog moved on me with rapidity from behind, bit at my heels, and then frightened at his temerity, ran howling away, followed by his larger companion. The Senate will observe that the mongrel whining pupps, en couraged by the mastiff and emboldened to make the attack from the shadow of his backer, ran rapidly away alarmed at his temerity, whilst the overgrown cur followed after, with ears flapped and tail between his legs, to a place of safety beside his menaced

During yesterday evening Abbott threatened to horsewhip Sprague unless he retracted. In the Senate last night, Abbott said: "When I arose in the executive session some time ago to ask that the doors be opened, I said that I did not intend to utter anything unbecoming this floor. What I did intend to do was to ask the senator from Rhode Island if he intended to apply the term puppy to me as is implied in the connection of that language. If he did intend to apply it to me, my purpose was to ask him for a retraction as full as the implication of the language, and, if he refused that retraction, my intention was to ask for satisfaction out of this chamber. I now, sir, give notice, inasmuch as the senator has skulked out of the chamber, that I intend to have satisfaction outside of the chamber."

Sumner called Abbott to order, and after much confusion he was allowed to say in explanation: "I will state that I am not a duellist. I wannot educated as a duellist, and I did not mean that sort of a thing; but I meant to say that the senator from Rhode Island must make a retraction as broad as the assertion (order!) and that I shall have that satisfaction outside of this chamber in some way.

There was a false report that Sprague left town early this morning, and that Abbott was absent from his usual haunts; but it is now known that Sprague has been at home all the morning, and has not heard from Abbott.

LATER.—Senator Sprague rode out as usual to-day; he gives a dinner-party to-night. No definite report has been received of Abbott's movements or intentions.

The expected interview between the President and the Wells' wing of the Virginia Republicans failed to-day.

There was a full Cabinet to-day. The Austrian Minister Jay, having received

instructions, will sail on the 9th of May. the middle of next month.

Receipts from customs from the 12th to the 17th instant, inclusive, three-quarters of a

Secretary Borie has issued orders, authorizing commandants of navy-yards to pay work-

men for extra labor, but not pay full prices for a day's work of eight hours. Secretary Boutwell will open and consider bids for gold, in sums of not less than \$5000,

every Thursday until further notice. The Senate rejected two of the twelve Quakers whom the President nominated as Indian

The Senate adjourned sine die at 1.30 this

THE SPANISH THRONE-THE CORTES DIVIDED ON THE SUBJECT.

Maprin, April 21 .- Another informal meeting of the members of the majority in the Cortes was held to-day to nominate a candidate for the throne. So great was the diversity of opinion that the meeting broke up without result, leaving membe a more widely divided than before on the subj. . Prime Minister Serrano declared that the choice of Montpensier for King, or a declaration of a Republic, were the only possible alternatives. General Prim, who was also present, remained silent throughouf the proceedings. His conduct has given rise to widespread belief that he would be unwilling to accept the Presidency of the Spanish Republic.

MADRID, April 23 .- The Cortes have considered the newspaper laws, and the amendment establishing a modified censorship was rejected, and the original provision guaranteeing liberty of the press, freedom of meet ing and association, and right of petition, was adopted by a large majority.
It is expected the government will abolish

duties on cotton and coal.

The Cortes is considering the project for the reorganization of the army on the Prussian

DISCOVERY OF A MAZZINIAN CONSPIRACY. MILAN, April 21 .- The government authorities have discovered another formidable Mazzinian conspiracy in this city. Papers which were concealed by the revolutionists and which gave details of the organization have been unearthed and seized, together with a large amount of arms and ammunition. A number

of the ringleaders have been arrested. SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The gunboat Seminole has sailed from Bos-

ton for Cuba. The Revenue officers at New Orleans have released all the whiskey seized on Wednesday. Brigadier-General Miles D. McAlister, of the United States Army, Engineer Corps, is

The Beneficial Savings Fund, of Philadelphia, which was recently robbed, received half a million of the stolen registered bonds by express to-day, but no clue has yet been obtained to the convertible property stolen.

A party, consisting of Colonel John W. Forne, of Washington, ex-Governor Marcus L. Ward, of New Jersey, General Van Wyck, of New York, and other prominent men from the North, arrived in Richmond yesterday. They will come as far South as Georgia.

_It has become fashionable for Parisian ladies to wear wigs made of floss silk.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

A Sketch of the Negro Bond Case-Points of General McGowan's Argument,

I FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

COLUMBIA, April 22 .- The Supreme Court has been much interested in hearing the case of Margarite M. Calhonn, Duff G. Calhoun et al, ads. Floride Calhoun and Thomas G. Clempson, adr.-bill for foreclosure of mortgage. McGowan and Whaley for appellants; Noble and Thomson for appellees. The farm known as Fork Hill, the home place of John C. Calhoun, with fifty negroes and other personal property, was sold by his widow, Mrs. M. M. Calhoun, and daughter, to her son, A. P. Calhoun, in 1854, for \$49,000, with fifteen years allowed for payment, and the whole property was covered by a mortgage. A. P. Calhoun died shortly after intestate, and the appellants in the case were his heirs. None of the debt was paid up to 1865, when a bill was filed to foreclose the mortgage, the validity ef which was discussed in court before Chancellor W. D. Johnson, who decreed in favor of the appellees; but an appeal was obtained, and diverted from the real port of embarkation by the case is now before the Supreme Court. The main point a! issue is the validity of the contract for the fifty slaves, and it is certainly a case of momentous interest. The following are brief heads of the argument of General S. McGowan, without quoting the host of authorities or going into the argument at large, which was not based on mere technicalities, but on the spirit and broad intent of the law:

1. In every sale of slaves for full value, the seller warranted the title of the slaves against all defects, known and unknown, and the subsequent abrogation by the government of the laws establishing slavery, was a breach of that

covenant of warranty. 2. The loss of slaves by emancipation amounts to a failure of consideration, and where it occurred whilst contracts for slaves were executory, the court will not enforce them,

because the thing purchased was not enjoyed. 3. Contracts for slaves are now made not only void but criminal, and the local provisions which made slavery legal and gave validity to these contracts being abrogated, the courts will not now enforce them.

4. Such contracts will not be enforced here, because slavery is now against the policy of the realm, and it is as much the duty of courts to enforce the policy as the positive enactments of the Sta's. 5. The Constitution of the State of South

Carolina explicitly declares such contracts "null and void and of no effect." 6. The 4th section of the Pourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States declares all claims for the emancipation of

slaves "shall be held illegal and void." Mr. Wm. Whaley was heard to-day on the same side. His main points have been sent you by telegraph.

THE PHENIX AND GOVERNOR SCOTT'S CENSUS APPOINTMENTS.

The Columbia Phoenix of Tuesday publishes a list of appointments made by Governor Scott of persons selected to take the census of each of persons selected to take the census of each county in the State, and in connection therewith makes use of the following language. "The appointments will be generally approved, and we hope that in the discharge of their drawn we hope that in the discharge of their drawn." these these officials will meet with every facility which can be afforded by the citizens of our State." Now, when it is declared that one-third of the persons named are negroes, and the majority of them totally unqualified for the position, the statement of the Phonix will be received with surprise and indignation. Publishceived with surprise and indignation. Publish Secretary Boutwell will go to Boston until ed at the capital of the State, and with facilities to obtain information not excelled by another journal within its borders, the Phonix makes the grandest mistake in presuming that such appointments will be "generally approved." So far from this being the case, we meline to the opinion that they will be generally con-demned. Heretofore, newspapers at the capi-tal have been looked upon as the exponents of public sentiment throughout the State, but it ought to be distinctly understood that, in this instance, there is a lamentable failure to ap-preciate public sentiment, much less to give tone and direction to public spinion. Such approximents will not be "generally approved." appointments will not be "generally approved," now or hereafter, for the principle is wrong to confer office upon incompetent and unworthy

persons, of whatever race or color.

We are not astonished by the course Governor Soott has pursued in making these appointments. He is cheek by jowl with the negroes and if re-elected will owe his second elevation to their support. His appointment for this county is against the wishes of his own party, so far as we can learn, and we understand that so far as we can learn, and we understand that a petition was circulating among the respectable colored people on yesterday, asking Governor Scott to reconsider the matter. There were other applications before him, we have been assured, and among them the name of T. J. Webb, who is entirely competent to fill the place, and possesses every qualification to meet the requirements of the Republican party, including loyalty itself. Besides, he was recommended by numerous citizens of both party, including loyalty liself. Besides, he was recommended by numerous citizens of both parties. Why were his claims ignored, and the office filled by a colored man not at all qualified? But, then, the Phœaix says such appointments will be "generally approved." Ex

LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Columbia Phœnix, upon inquiry at the Treasury, has received the tollowing statement of the funded debt of the State, and interest thereon, together with the assets to

this date: Three per cent. State stock—principal, \$38,-836 60; interest, \$1,456 37. Six per cent. fire loan—principal \$314,453 89; interest, \$23 584 04. loan—principal \$314,453 89; interest, \$23 584 04. Five per cent. bonds, fire loan—principal, \$484,444 51; interest, \$66,922 10. Six per cent. bonds and stocks funded—principal, \$1,282,-971 27; interest, \$96,334 01. Six per cent. new State House bonds—principal, \$2,286,600; interest, \$171,595. Six per cent. Blue Ridge Railroad bonds—principal, \$1,000,000; interest, \$75,000. Six per cent. redeeming notes of the Bank of the State—principal, \$1,033,900. Total principal, \$6,441,206 27; total interest, \$434,-791 52. Provision has been made to meet the interest up to July 1, 1868.

interest up to July 1, 1868.

Assets of the State on 31st October, 1868:
Shares in Northeastern Railroad Company,
\$120,000; shares in Spartauburg and Union Bailroad Company, \$250,000; shares in Pendleton Railroad Company, \$42 500; shares in ton Railroad Company, \$2,500; shares in Greenville and Columbia Railroad Company, \$4,333,960; shares in Blue Ridge Railroad Company, \$4,383,960; shares in Dale Ridge Rainbad Company, \$1,310,000; shares in Columbia and Augusta Railroad Company, \$42,200; shares in Cheraw and Coalfields Railroad Company, \$20,000; shares in South Carolina Railroad Company, \$50,000; shares in South Carolina Railroad Company, \$50, out; snares in South Carolina Railroad Com-pany, \$24,000; shares in Charleston and Savan-nah Railroad Company, \$270.000; shares in Southwestern Railroad Bank, \$6000; shares in Keo wee and Tuckaseegee Turnpike Company, \$6000. Total, \$2,754,660.

THE CHARLESTON NEWS AND GOVERNOR SCOTT.—THE CHARLESTON NEWS fearlessly exposes the high handed game which the so-called Governor of South Carolina has been practicing in the aming of account. practicing in the aiming of negroes. This great calumniator of the good people of South Carolina, not content with an attempt to bring about a suspension of the writ of habeas cor-pus in the upper portion of this State, has de-termined to arm and array the negroes against the whites, on pretence of organizing the mili-tia, in pursuance of an act of the Legislature which he was natrumental in a great measure in causing to a passed. This attempt to bully the white people of South Carolina by negre soldiery will prove unavailing, and Governor Scott will find by experience that the people of this State will not dishonor the bones of their ancestors by submitting to such a disgrace. On another page we publish the articles of THE News referred to. We fully endorse every THE CUBAN REVOLUTION.

Special Agent Dispatched to Cuba by the President-Movements of the Filibusters-Letter from Havana-Review of the Revolt.

Advices from Washington say that it is now well known that a special agent has been sent to Cuba by the President, to investigate the situation there and report the results. The agent left several days ago. On the strength of this report will depend the action which is to be taken by our government with regard to the recognition of Cuban independence. The views of the agent who has been selected for this important mission are such that no circumstance will be lost sight of that will tend to present the affairs of the revolutionists in a favorable light.

The Filibusters. The rumors regarding contemplate d expeditions from the States to Cuba are not incorrect, and a force of formidable dimensions, under the command of a prominent Western general, is being prepared. Attention is being the publication of false places, and the real point has not been selected, but it will be neither at New Orleans nor New York. The insurgents' friends aver that we shall soon get the news of the recognition of the insurgents by Mexico and Pogota, and that their act will be soon followed by Chili, Colombia and Ecuador. A dispatch from Washington, in the Boston

Advertiser of the 19th instant, says: Dispatches from Savannah lead the friend of the Cuben revolution here to believe that General J. B. Steedman has made a successful landing in Cuba with a picked force o' men. landing in Cuba with a picked force of men. The expedition has been in preparation for a number of months. General Steedman himself spent two weeks in Havana, and during the latter part of the time was so far under arrest as to be ordered quietly by the Captain-General to report to him daily. The first rendezvous of his party was on one of the islands near New Orleans. When Admiral Hoff received his first orders the headquarters of the providing were changed to a point on the Florexpedition were changed to a point on the Florida coast. A blockade-runner, captured from the rebels in the late war, was obtained, and the belief is that near one thousand men, well supplied with arms and thoroughly accustomed to their use, have made a landing on the Cuban

The New York Herald says: For several weeks the Cubans in this city For several weeks the Cubans in this city have been quietly but assiduously working to aid their brother revolutionists in the field by the shipment of men, money and munitious to them. Volunteering is going on very rapidly, but very quietly, and the recruits are promptly forwarded in small detuchments to Cuba. Very recently a full battery of field artillery, completely equipped and manned, was dispatched, and information has been received of its safe arrival.

A Washington telegram, of the 21st inst., says: Dispatches have been received here from able to ascertain, no troops or munitions of war of any account have been landed on the Island of Cuba. He also states that he has failed to discover that any more have departed from the shores of the United States. It is also stated that the Spanish minister

here is of the opinion that in the case of the schooner Mary Powell, the Spanish authorities in Cuba will refer the demands of the United States Government to the home government in Spain before any action will be taken in the matter.

The New York Herald says: The New York Herald says:

Secretary Fish on Tuesday was called upon
by Senor Roberts, the Spanish Minister, who
demanded that a proclamation discouraging
filbustering expeditions from salling to Cuba
should be issued by the President. The Socretary promptly declined to do anything of the
sort, and said that as there was a revolutionary organization in arms in Cuba, formed by the native Cubans under their own provisional government, he could see no good reason to

and to the Mary Lowell affair. Secretary Fish has concluded that the British government is liable to us for permitting her to be captured in British waters, and he has there-fore made representations to that effect to the British minister. As for the Lizzie Majors, however, several days ago he demanded full reparation and indemnity from the Spanish government through Senor Roberts, who conceded the justices of the claims, and guaranteed that Spain sould make the spanish reed that Spain would make satisfactory repa ration. He promised to lay the matter before his home government immediately, but yester-day he informed the Secretary that he had not heard from the government since. The Secre-tary then diplomatically informed him that war would ensue if an answer was not forthcoming shortly.

A Review of the Progress of the Revo-lution.

It is now six months since Carlos Manuel Cespedes at Yara, in the Eastern Department of Cuba, began the revolution which now occupies the attention of the world. Then no one had faith in the Cubans. The earnestness of their purpose, their courage, their perseverance, their fighting qualities were doubted. Now they have established themselves firmly in the good opinion of mankind.

The Spaniards have made three distinct movements for the suppression of this revolt. The first was in the Eastern Department under Valm seda. He was sent out from Havana to get possession of Bayamo, then the revolutionary headquarters. After immense difficulties and heavy lesses, he arrived at his destination, with his decimated troops worn out with skirm.shes, which had never ceased along their whole line of march. But the little town he was sent to subdue was hurned by its neonle.

Of course, as on other previous occasions, was sent to subdue was burned by its people before he got there, and its occupation availed nothing toward the subjugation of the Cubans. On the contrary, he immediately found himself shut up there, surrounded by a watchful enemy, whom he could not bring to action, but who never ceased to pick off his outposts, harass his foraging parties, and capture his but who never ceased to pick off his outposts, harass his foraging parties, and capture his convoys. He is still at Bayimo, and keeps bodies of troops at Jibara, Holguin, and Jiguani; but he is just as far from controlling the department as he was the day he landed at Nuevitas and began his march southward.

The next campaign was that of Lesca, who marched from Guanaja to relieve Puerto Principe in the Central Depar ment, where the Spanish gerrison was besieged by the insur-gents under Quesads. The new leader brought to the work a more powerful force than had previously been collected by the government, and he set out with loud declarations of his purpose to exterminate the rebels wherever he should meet them. The result was identical with that which had come upon Valmaseda. He was assailed by invisible enemies at every step, and after a long, arduous, and circuitous ad-vance, in which he nowhere got a chance fairly to strike his foe, he entered Puerto Principe, having lost 31 officers and 189 goldiers killed, and more than 400 wounded, besides two-thirds of the convoy of ammunition and provisions, and all the money that he had taken with him. Since then he, too, has been shut up in the place he came to reheve, worse off and in greater danger than his predecessor.

The third and last of these great operations

consisted of a concentric movement of three columns directed upon Siguanea, in the south-western part of the Central Department. One column of 2000 men, under General Escalante, marched from Alvarez, in the District of Sigua; one of 1000, under Buceta, from Villa Clara; and the third of 1000, under Letona, proceeded northward from Trinidad. These columns met with a similar experience. They found no or-ganized bodies of rebels in their way, but they were annoyed by partisan attacks which they could neither prevent nor punish. Of the losses of Escalante and Buceta we have no information; but those of Letons amounted to three hundred nearly one-third of his whole force. But the worst of it for the Spaniards is, that they gained nothing whatever by the undertaking. If they could have brought the insurgents to battle and killed or captured them, it would have been something to counterbal have been something to counterbal-ir losses. But an enemy who cannot

but holds the country after you have passed through it, is a very inconvenient enemy indeed. This third movement doubtless ends the active efforts of the Spaniards for the present sesson. There was a report of a battle near Remedios, but it is doubtless an exaggration. The Cubans have not fought a regular battle, and do not mean to. The rains which are now beginning, and which will last through the next three months, will reader the country

CHARLESTON, S. C., SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1869.

beginning, and which will last through the next three months, will reader the country impracticable for the Spaniards. Every road will become a quagmire, and only the natives can get about at all. The Spaniards will therefore have to withdraw. Even their arrisons at such places as Bayamo and Puerto Principe, will doubtless be moved to the sea coast from the impossibility of supporting them inland. Then the yellow lever will begin its work, and the small Spanish army cannot fail to be greatthe small Spanish army cannot fail to be greatly weakened by this cause in the course of the summer. Still, we may as well understand that they will not give up the contest for that anish arny cannot fail to be great reason. They are exceedingly pertinacious, and will fight for years after all hope of suc-

Letter from an Influential Cuban-The Island Crenched with Blood-The Mob Looking Forward to the Day of Gen-

The New York Sun publishes the following

HAVANA, April 10 .- I take pleasure in writing these lines to the good brother, since, thank God, I may count myself yet among the living. God, I hay count in your form of the country of the country of the press upon you the necessity of untiring perseverance for the prompt remittance to us of aid in arms and war material, because if of aid in arms and war material, because if these do not reach us very quickly, and in abun-dance, we shall perish all. Against everything Cuban there exists an implacable hatred, and there is a thirst for blood and extermination.

MURDERS OF UNPARALLELED ATROCITY. Assessinations multiply daily; there is not the least personal security, and we are all the least personal security, and we are all doomed to death. You have probably heard already of the assassinations perpetrated in Macuriges by the commander of volunteers, Durante; those at Colon, Palmillas and other places by the sadly distinguished Chapelgorris; that at Cardenas by Don Felipe Pelayo, upon the person of Don Geronimo Valladares, after piercing him with ten bullets only for the pleasure of killing him, and a mulatto, and robbing them of all the objects of value they had. His corpse was dragged to the barracks, and there his breast was twice pierced with the bayonet. In Bemba they killed Don Antonio Cadiz, Don Loreta Inda, and many others with whose names I am not acquainted. vith whose names I am not acquainted.

THE ASSASSINATION OF YOUNG OLIVA. I cannot omit mentioning here the virtuous and industrious young man Don Nicolas Oliva, murdered in Bemba in the most cowardly and barbarous manner. At four o'clock in the morning he left his home, leaving his old mother, his wife and two children, one of these a child twenty days old. He went out to his work to earn the bread for those beings whose existence relied entirely upon the work of his hands. At about six squares from his house he was murdered, having his back pierced with bayonets, and he was also robbed in the name of sacred love for Spain. It saddens the soul to hear of such shocking deeds, too numerous to relate. It is unnecessary to tell you that all this is done by the rabble, without country, virtue, or honor, called the volunteers, "the supporters of order." I connot omit mentioning here the virtuous

THE LIVING MUMMY COWERING BEFORE HIS MOB. Dulce is a coward, who trembles before the volunteers, and approves their acts of vandalism. Still he has been been put into such a fix by the commissions of volunteers who have come from Colon, Cardenas, Matanzas and other places, to exact from him the dismissal of their governors, that with all haste he ordered a body of artillery from the seat of war to garrison the Moro and the Cabana, and for the garrison at Matanzas he called the batallon de Napoles (battalion of Naples.)

THE VOLUNTEERS DEMANDING BLOOD. They wished that on Saturday of Glory the young prisoner, Don Manuel Despau, should be given up to them (the volunteers) to cele brate the Aleluya (religious Iostival) by drag ging him through the streets. The Governor and a commander of veteran troops who had charge of him in the barracks with only fifty men being both honest, refused to deliver men, being both honest, refused to deliver him. The murmur continued thus for several cys, until the Governor one day sent the prishinder the departure of any persons from this country who may choose to take up arms in their service. Minister Roberts, it is said, withdrew very much surprised, and afterwards submitted the same demand in writing.

Le record to the Mary Lowell affair, Receptary oner be delivered up to them.

PINTO COURAGEOUSLY DEFIES THEH. Seno Lopez Pinto went down to the Plaza and tried to pacify them, but the mob did not understand reason. Finally, losing all pa-tience, he drew his sword and told them he

would break it into a hundred pieces sooner than consect to be bullied by such a mob. Thereupon they took their stand at the Casino, and in the evening they came to Havanaby, and in the evening they came to Havanaby, the train, fifty of them, the brave men, commanded by Tonrodon, and well equipped and armed, to ask the Captain-General for the delivery into their hands of the prisoner, that they might take him back to Matanzas. Fortunately the live nummy would not consent to unately the live mummy would not consent to t; but on the following day Colonels Ramon, Herrera, Valdivielso and Rizo had to go to Matanzas, worthy chief truly of those hordes, in order to satisfy, tame down, and please the

A DAY OF MOURNING IN HAVANA.

Yesterday was a day of mourning for this city, not only because the brave martyrs of their country, Leon and Medina, suffered death by the vile garote (and they died like heroes, crying out "Long live Cuba free and independent.") but also because the brave volunteers, indignant at such a display of courage and heroism, gavo vent to their feelings by firing indiscriminately and charging with the bayonet into the defenceless multitude. Different reports estimate the 1 umber of killed, wounded, and injured at from six to twenty. The volunteers boast of having hacked to pieces, in his own house, an unfortunate father of a family who lived in that neighborhood.

Of course, as on other previous occasions they pretend that seditious cries were uttered, and that shots were fired from the terraces; but the only things to account for these acts are the ferocity and their thirst for Cuban blood. When I listen to the a to-day relating their exploits against defenceless men, and announcing that the "great day" (general massacre) is close at hand, I can scarcely keep my hands from tearing them to pieces. They have made many arrests and will continue with hands from tearing them to pieces.

SHALL THESE ATROCITIES LONGER BE TOLERATED ? Finally, Spain does not govern here, nor Dulce, nor the Spaniards who are established here and have fan.ilies. The country is at the mercy of the worst kind of "canaille;" cartmen, porters, and vagabonds, daily excited and exasperated by the newspapers; they think and desire only to kill us all, and afterward divide the booty. The picture is a sad one, and badly made, but a true one. If the great people of the United States do not aid us quickly, we shall have many horrors to lamont. The insurgents of the five cities are doing that which surrents of the five cities are doing that which would seem incredible. For the attack upon Signanea alone, the government sent against them 11,000 troops and artillery. We should make a contract for a strong loan, with mortgages of all our property.

-The contract of the French Government —The contract of the Field Gotelmost for Virginia tobacoc has been awarded to two houses in New York. The order is for about eight thousand hogsheads. Three qualities of tobacco are usually bought; a first-rate article of lugs, shor; leaf, and leaf of good quality. of lugs, shor', leaf, and leaf of good quality. This tobacco is bought for the purpose of being manufactured into souff. The snuff made of it is of the celebrated "Macaboy" brand, a coarse snuff highly flavored, and almost unimanufacture of which is carefully kept. Sweet sound tobacco is bought for this contract, and is in that respect different from the order from Germany, to fill which "funked" tobacco is

-A dispatch to the Philadelphia Pres; states that the instructions for Minister Motley are how in course of preparation. They will, in effect, make the demands on the British effect, make the demands on the Bri'ish Government foreshadowed in Senator Sum-ter's recent speech on the Alabama question. ver's recent speech on the Alabama question. Ex-Altorney General Evarts and Cushing, who are thoroughly posted regarding the history of THE News referred to. We fully endorse every sentiment therein expressed.

[Bennellscille Journal.] be seen or fired at, and who not only fires at the negotations, which have thus far resulted in no hing, are rendering valuable aid in their preparation.

Married.

PORCHEB-FABER —On the morning of the 22d, by the Rev. W. B. W. Hows, ALLYANDER M. PORCHER, of St. John's Berkeley, and MARY MARGARET, eldest daughter of the late Joseph W.

SHINGLER-VENNING .- In this city, on the 21s inst., by the Rev. A. T. POETER, W. PINCKNEY SHINGLER to : USAN B., eldest daughter of WM. LUGAS VENNING, all of this city.

Gbituarn.

"Of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

COHEN,—Sudjenly on the 6th instant, in the 60th year of her age, the mortal spirit of Mrs. CORDELIA M. COHEN, the beloved wife of Dr. P. MELVIN COHEN, the glight to her Creator. In the various relations of life, as wife, mother and friend, she stood pre-eminent. Her entire life was devoted to the promotion of the happiness of all endeared to her, and, in her official capacity as President of the "Hobrew Ladies" Benevolent Society," the more of Israel will long remember the kind and the poor of Israel will long remember the kind and noble manner in which she delighted to dispense her charities. Ordinary language tails to portray the character of this noble daughter of Israel. Possessed of the divine accomplishments of real. sessed of the divino accomplishments of poetry and music, sh. formed a Corinthian column of society's childre, and long will 1-raol's dark-eyed daughters sing her choral hymns in praise of the All-wise and

sing her choral hymns to praise of the All-wise and Great Jehovah.

The purity and beauty of her life was well delineated in the remarks of the Rev. Mr. Chumacino, on the sad occasion. He teelingly and trutfully said:
"Have I to bring to your memory this dear departed, who, but a few hours ago, was the pride of her husband, children, a great number of friends, and, we may add, the pride of Israel?"

"Poesy in all her words, works and actions was ker grave and beauty. Every faithful mother in Israel will hand it over to her child, and thus praise are grace and beauty for all eternity. I have ondeavored to speak of her according to her merits, according to the gratitude which every true Israel: the has to tender her. I will not dare to praise her as wife, mother and friend, for every one who is here assembled and knew her has to confess that she was the most perfect among the imperfect."

"I have to remain silent in regard to her virtues, devotion and love which she exhibited in social life."

"What my heart cannot produce at this moment "What my heart cannot produce at this momen! I will find in the utterance of her heart:

"Great God of the faithful, unto Thee, thee alone, Must we bow in submission Before thy great throne."

"No mortal can offer her family consolation; this is only left to the Great God of the faithful, to her Lord and Creator, in whom she trusted, lived and died."

"Shall we mourn the destruction of the greatne "shall we mourn the destruction of the greatness of this daughter of Israel? We will unite in the tears of her husband and children for the destruction of their temple of love. As exiles they are left on earth, their greatness and pride have become a ruin. But the Great God of the faithful, in His everlasting mercy, will have pity on these orphans. He will bring these exiles, husband and children, to the land of promise in Heaven, and there, united with the faithful one, will offer unto their Heavenly Father her song and psain:

"The eyes of all shall wait on Thee, For perfect are thy ways, And pious hearts united be, O Maker, in thy praise.

Special Motices.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. There will be no Service in this Church To-Monnow, the 25th instant.

A SERMON WILL BE PREACHED efore the Young Men's Christian Association at the German Luiberan Church, Archdale-street, by Rev. Dr. HICKS, To-Morrow Evening, at Eight o'clock. Soats free. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

W UNITARIAN CHURCH.-DIVINE SER-VIOE will be held in this Church To-Monnow Monn. rso, at half-past Ten o'clock, and at Eight o'clock at NIGHT Preaching by the Rev. RUFUS P. CUILER April 24 Ages." DIVINE SERVICE WILL BE CON-

DUCTED in the Orphan's Chapel, on SARBATH AFTERNOON, at Four o'clock, by the Rev. R. P. ST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH .ervice at half-past Ten o'clock To-Monnow Monny ING, by Bev. W. W. HICKS, and in the Evening at

Evening service—seats free as usual.
April 24

Eight o'clock.

ACCITADEL SQUARE BAPTIST CHURCH. ervices on SUNDAY MORNING at Half-past Ten o'clock—in the Everne at Eight. April 24

BALTIMORE, APRIL 21, 1869. - NO-TICE -MR. CHARLES H. KHMRFETTER'S connection with our house as travelling agent, and his authority to collect money due us, ceases from this DARBY & CO...

Wholesale Fruiterers and Confectioners.

April 24 MERCANTILE CO-OPERATIVE ASSO-CIATION .- CHARLESTON, S C., APRIL 24, 1869 .-The Stockho'ders of this Association are hereby informed that the manager of the store will be prepared to pay to them, on and after the let proximo, a discount of FIVE PER CENT. on all purchases made by them from the opening of the store to 30th instant; the same to be paid in goods, and in accordance with section 3d, article 5th, of the By-Laws of the Associa-

On and after the 1st proximo, the same rate of discount will be allowed to all purchasing shareholders at the time of purchase.

All shareholders desiring it may enjoy a credit at thirty days, in purchasing, upon depositing their Stock Certificate, as collateral security, in accord ance with the conditions required by the Board ; all information as to which can be obtained of the man-T. C. HENDRICKS ager at the store. April 24 smw3 Fecretary and Treasurer.

NOTICE.-OFFICE OF CORONER OF 6H RLESTON COUNTY, APRIL 24, 1869 .- During my temporary absence from the State, E. M. WHIT-ING, Esq., Coroner for the Parishes of St. Philip's and St. Michael's, and Magistrate, will attend to th duties of my office at No. 51 BROAD-STREET. TIMOTHY HURLEY.

** NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT FRANCISCA WERNER, wife of HENRY WERNER, of Walterboro', merchant, will, in one month from date, carry on trade and business as a sole trader. April 10

OFFICE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, FIREPROOF BUILDING, CHARLESTON, S. C., APRIL 19, 1869 .- LICENSES TO RETAIL SPIRIT-DOUS LIQUORS IN THE COUNTY .- All persons who have failed to take out their Licenses, as required by the act of the General Assembly, are called upon to do so forthwith, or the penalty attached for neglect will be rigidly enforced.

All who neglect to take out their Licenses on the 1st May proximo, will be considered defaulters, and will be dealt with accordingly. By order of the Board.

F. C. MILLER. 11 Chairman.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, APRIL 4TH, 1869 .- Notice is bereby given that the INTER-EST COUPONS, payable on the first day of July next, will be paid on presentation at the proper offices, upon a retate of interest, at the rate of six per cent. per annum in gold. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, (Signed)

April 20 tuths3 Secretary of the Treasury.

CHARLESTON SAVINGS INSTITU-TION-FINAL SETTLEMENT.-In accordance with the decretal order of the Court of Equity, the second and last instalment of four aud seven-tenths pe centum will be paid on and after This Day to denositors, at the office of the Institution, No. 92 CHURCH-STREET. Tuesdays and Thursdays will be specially devot-

ed to on the other week days. The Deposit Books must be surrendered, as this is the final settlement. The office will be opened every day (Sundays excepted) from Nine o'clock A. M. to Two o'clock P. M., and no payment will be made out of business hours. The payments will continue

ed to the payment of females. Males will be attend-

daily until every depositor is settled with. BENRY S. GRIGGS, March 29 10 stuth10 Treasurer C. S. I.

Special Motices.

THE PLANTERS' AND MECHANICS BANK OF SOUTH CAROLINA .- The Election o DIRECTORS for the ensuing year will be held in the office of the Bank, East Bay, on MONDAY, the 3d of May ensuing. Polls to be open from 11 o'clock A M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
April 24 stufs4 W. E. HASKELL,

MET NOTICE . - HAVING NOTICED IN your issue of yesterday the "Larceny of a Gold Watch and Chain " by a William Rivers. I hereby inform my friends and the public that said notice has no reference to me. WILLIAM RIVERS,

COMMON SENSE RULES THE MASS

No. 55 Rutledge, four doors above Line street.
April 24

of the people, whatever the misnamed and misanthropic philosophers may say to the contrary. Show them a good thing, let its merits be clearly demonstrated, and they will not hesitate to give it their most cordial patronage. The masses have already ratified the judgment of a physician concerning the virtues of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, as may be seen in the immense quantities of this medicine that are annually sold in every section of the land. It is now recognized as greatly superior to all other remedies vet devised for diseases of the digestive organs, such as diarrhosa, dys ntery, dyspepsia, and for the various fevers that arise from derangement of those portions of the system. Hostetter's name is rapidly pecoming a household word, from Maine to Texas, from the shcres of the Atlantic to the Pacific. These celebrated STOMACH BITTERS have doubtless created as much sensation in the community for their remarkable cures as any other medicine extant. It is a fact that in the minds of many persons a preju dice exists against what are called patent medicines; but why should this prevent you resorting to an article that has such an array of testimony to support i IS HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Physicians precribe it; why should you discard it? Judges, usual ly considered men of talent, have and do use it in their families: why should you reject it? Let not your prejudice usurp your reason, to the everlasting injury of your health. It is the only preparation of he kind that is reliable in all cases, and it is therefore worthy of the consideration of the afflicted The BITTERS are pleasant to the taste, agreeable in their effects, and altogether valuable as a tonic or emody for indigestion.
April 24 DAG

ATTENTION! FIREMEN OF CHARLESTON.-Beceived in Stock, expressly for he parade, as follows: BLACK CASSIMERE PANTS......\$3 00 to \$3 50

White Linen Pants...... 2 50 to 3 06

French Calf Boots...... 5 00 to 6 00 White Gloves, assorted. White and Red Flannel Shirts, &c., &c.

April 23 No. 85 Market-street HOW OFTEN DO YOU HEAR THE complaint from mother and father that their son or laughter is not well; that they have no appetite; that they feel languid; that their head aches; tha they are growing thin and feeble, and that they have no life or energy left? That they are low-spirited, and perfectly incapacitated to participate in any pleasures, or perform any mental or physical duty. And the question is often asked, what shall I do to them? or, what shall I give them? Gur answer is, let them try PLANTATION BITTERS moderately three times a day, and our word for it they will re

MAGNOLIA WATER.-Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.
April 20 tuths3

SARATOGA "A" SPRING WATER. Saratoga, in the State of New York, is one of the most remarkable mineral reservoirs upon the surface of the globe. Within an area of a mile in diameter are some thirty mineral springs-no two of then alike. In some of the waters, Chloride of Sodium predominates; in others, Iodine, Magnesia, Sulphur, Chalvbeate, &c. The beneficial effects of some of these waters, as medicinal agents, are known throughout the civilized world. Probably one hun dred thousand persons visit these Springs annually. Many hundred thousand bottles of the water are transported and consumed in the various localities

The SARATOGA "A" SPRING WATER is pro bably the most effective mineral water found of either continent. It will be observed that it has ten per cent. greater mineral properties than the cele-brated Congress Spring; four times that of Baden-Baden of Austria; five times that of Aix la Chapelle in Prussia; twice that of Vichy in France; nearly three times greater than the renowned Seltzer o Germany; and equally over the Spas of Bath, Engand, and Rissengen in Bavaria. The reputation of this water is based upon it

effects in diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, and spleen, and acts with wonderful benefit in cases of Chronic Dyspersia, Constipation Gravel, Gout, Scrofuls, Cutaneous Affections, Gene ial Lethargy, Soreness, and Prostration of the sys

The value of mineral waters has been prized and schnowledged by medical men since the earliest civilization. A celebrated authority says: "The vir tues of mineral waters have been best shown in the treatment of obscure and chronic diseases." Agent for the Saratoga "A" Spring Water,

No. 21 Park Row, New York. Sold in Charleston, S. C., by G. W. AIMAB, W. A. SKRINE, RAOUL & LYNAH, A. W. EUKEL & CO., ED. S. BURNHAM and Dr. H. BAER.

BE CHARLES' LONDON CORDIAL GIN,

JOHN F. HENRY.

OR PURE LIQUOR OF JUNIPER BERRIES .- This favorite brand of PURE LONDON CORDIAL GIN has stood the test of time, imitation, piracy, high tariffs and unfair competition, and still enjoys a con stantly increasing sale; showing that true merit does not always go unappreciated.

CHARLES' LONDON CORDIAL GIN Is offered to the public as a perfectly reliable spec fic in all cases of Diseased Bladder and Kidneys. It

acts directly on these organs, with a directness and speediness, which render it invaluable to persons uffering from Gravel, Diabetes, Inflamed Bladder, scanty and highly-colored urine, and in all cases where, from whatever cause, a healthful diuretic is Ladies subject to painful menstruation, can by the use of CORDIAL GIN a few days previous to and

during illness obtain great relief. In such instances t should be taken with sugar and warm water. As a tonic and beverage this GIN is unequalled, as t possesses none of the herdache properties to be found in those poisons, now too frequently sold under the names of Gin, Brandy, Whiskey, &c. JOHN F. HENRY, Sole Importer,

For sale in Charleston, South Carolina, by Dr. H. BAER, RAOUL & LYNAH, W. A. SKRINE, G. W. AIMAR, ED. S. BURNHAM and A. W. LCKLL & CO. tuthscowSmos DAC February 23 BT NO CURE! NO PAY!-FORRESI'S

JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Spitting of Blood and Luug Diseases. Immediate relief produced. Try it; if not satisfied, return the empty bottles and ge your money back.

Sold wholesale and Retail by the Agent, G. W. AIMAR. Druggist, Corner King and Vanderhorst streets. Bar Price 35 cents.

DAG

tuths3mos

February 27 EF ERRORS OF YOUTH .-- A GENTLE-MAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and direc tions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in peried onfidence,

No. 42 Cedar-street, New York,

RE-ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN .- ON THE Errors and abuses incident to Youth and Early Man hood, with the humane view of treatment and cure sent by mail free of charge. Address ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa.

Shipping.

FOR LIVERPOOL. THE FIRE AMERICAN SHIP AMELIA,
BERNY Master, is now ready for cargo, and
being of small capacity will have dispatch.
For engagements apply to
PATTERSON & STOCK,
April 20 tuths South Atlantic Wharf.

VESSELS WANTED

TO LOAD FOR PROVIDENCE, R. I.,
New York, Boston, New Haven, Conn.,
Elizabethport, and South Amboy, N. J.
Good rates and dispatch given.
to H. F. BAKER & CO.,
Van Declarad, tracet. No. 20 Cumber

EXCURSIONS AROUND THE HARBOR: THE FINE, FAST SAILING AND COM-FORTABLY appointed Yacht ELEANOR will resume her trips to historic points in the harbor, and will leave Government Wharf daily at Ten A. M. and Four P. M. For Passage apply to THOMAS YOUNG,
December 18 Captain, on board

FOR NEW YORK.

REGULAR LINE KVERY WEDNESDAY. PASSAGE \$20.

THE STEAMSELF SABAGOSSA,
Captain C. RYDER, will leave Vanderhorst's Wharf on WEDNEDAY,
April 23, 1869, at — o'clock A. M.
April 23 RAVENEL & CO., Agents,

FOR LIVERPOOL.

CHARLESTON AND LIVERPOOL STEAMSHIP THE FIRST CLASS IBON SCREW
Steamship MARMORA, R. M. RonISSON Commander, is now ready
to sail on or about 5th of May.
For Freight engagements, apply to
ROBERT MURE & CO.,
April 21 Boyce's Wharf.

NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON. STEAMSHIP LINE.

FOR NEW YORK.

CABIN PASSAGE \$20.

THE SPLENDID SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS of this Line will leave Adger's South Wharf, during the month of April, as follows;

JAMES ADGER—TUESDAY, April 10, at 2 o'clock P M CHAMPION—SATURDAY, April 10, at 4 o'clock P M MANHATTAN—SATURDAY, April 13, at 8 o'clock A M JAMES ADGER—TUESDAY, April 13, at 10 o'clock A M JAMES ADGER—TUESDAY, April 20, at 12 o'clock M GAMPION—SATURDAY, April 20, at 12 o'clock M AP Insurance can be obtained by these steamers at 15 per cent.

by per cent. AP An Fritz Charge of \$5 will be made to passengers purchasing Tickets on board after sailing.

AP These STEAMSHIPS have handsome and roomy accommodations for passengers, and their tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the New York and Charleston markets.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JAMES ADGER & CO.,

Corner Adger's Wharf and East Bay (Up-stairs.)

April 5

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPY'S THEOLOGICAL TO COMPANY OF THE COMPANY OF THE COMPANY OF THE CAPACITY OF THE CA

21st of every month (except when these dates fall on Sunday, then the Saturday preceding). Departure of 1st and 21st connect at Panams with steamers for South Pacific and Control Americs teamers for South Pacific and Central orts. Those of 1st touch at Mauzanillo.

Departure of 11th of each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and

New Zealand.
Steamship JAPAN leaves Ean Francisco for Ohina
and Japan May 4, 1869.
No California steamers touch at Havana. but go
direct from New York to Aspinwall.
One hundred pounds baggage tree to each Edun,
Medicine and attendance free.
For Passa, Tickets or further information apply
at the COMPANY'S TICKET OFFICE, on the wharf,
foot of Canal-street, North River, New York.
March 12

1yr F. R. HABY, Agent. EXTRA TRIP TO SAVANNAU.

THE ELEGANT STEAMER DICTATOR, Capiain WM. T. MONELTY; will, in addition to her regular trip, leave Charleston on SATURDAY EVENINGS, at 8 o'clock for Savannah. Returning, will leave Savannah at 4 o'clock SUNDAY AFTERNOONS, for Charleston.

J. D. AIKEN & CO.,
April 24

FOR CHERAW. AND ALL LANDINGS ON PEEDEE RIVER. THE STEAMER GENERAL MANL

THE STEAMER GENERAL TOWN re-selving Freight at South Atlantic Wharf for the thore Landings, and will leave Wednesday Monathove Language.

ING, 28th instant.

For Freight engagements, apply to

SHACKELFORD & KELLY,

Agent

INLAND ROUTE.
ONLY TWO AND A HALF HOURS AT SEA.
THROUGH TICKETS TO FLORIDA.
CHARLESTON AND SAVANNAH STEAM PACKET

CHARLESTON AND SAYANNAH STRAM PACKET LINE.

THE STEAMER PILOT BOY, CAPMODATION OF TAIN FERN PROK. will leave Accommodation Wharfevery MONDAY and TRUBBAY MORAY. INGS, at 8 o'clock, touching at Besufort only; returning will leave Sayannah TUEBBAY and FRIDAY, at 9 o'clock A. M., making the trip in eleven hours.

The Steamer FANNIE, Captain Adam, will leave Charleston every WEDNESDAY MONNING at 8 o'clock touching at Edisto, Chisolm's Land'ny, Beaufort and Hilton Head; returning, leave Sayannah every TEUSSDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., wuching at the above landings.

will touch at Bluffton on the second WEDNESDAY
in every month, going and returning.
For Freight or Passage apply to
JOHN FERGUSON,

FOR PALATKA, FLORIDA.

VIA 'BAVANNAH, FERNANDINA AND JACKSONVILLE.

THE FIRST-CASS S TEAM E B
DICTATOR. Captain WM. T. MONELTY, will sail from Charleston every Tuesday Breating,
at Eight o'clock, for the above points.
The first-class Steamer CITY POINT, Captain Gro.
F. McMillan will sail from Charleston every Friday Ecensing, at Eight o'clock, for above points,
Connecting with the Central Railroad at Savannah
for Mobile and New Orleans, and with the Florida
Railroad at Fernandina for Cedar Keya, at which
point steemers connect with New Orleans, Mobile,
Pensacola, Rey West and Havana.
Through Bills Lading given for Freight to Mobile,
Pensacola and New Orleans.
Connecting with H. S. Hart's steamers Oclawaka

ensucols and New Orleans, Connecting with H. S. Hart's steamers Oclawah ad Griffin for Silver Springs and Lakee Griffin, Bus , Harris and Durham. s, Harris and Dariam.

All freight pryable on the wharf.

Goods not removed at sunset will be stored at ris

Goods not removed at stance will be stored at his not expense of concers.

For Freight or Passage engagement, apply to J. D. AIEN & CO., Agents, South Atlantic Whart, N. B.—No extra charge for Mesis and Statorooms.

T T. HUMPHREYS, BROKER, AUCTIONEER AND COMMIS-SION MERCHANT.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, BONDS, SE-CURITIES AND PERSONAL PROPERTY ATTENDED TO.

No. 27 BROAD-STREET, CHARLESTON, S. C. REFERENCES.

Hon. HENRY BUIST, W. J. MAGRATH, Esq. General JAMES CONNER. T. R. WARING, Esq. October

HOLMES & MACBETH, No. 36 Broad-street,

BROKERS, AUCTIONEERS, REAL ESTATE GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,

Will attend to Renting and Collecting of Rents and purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds, Gold, Silver and Real Estate. ALSO,
To the Purchase of Goods and Supplies for parties in the country upon reasonable terms.

George L. Holmes......ALEXANDER MACRETH.

January 1

TO BUSINESS MEN. THE SUMTER NEWS,

PUBLISHED AT SUMTER, S. C., IN ONE OF THE BEST PAPERS IN THE UP-COUNTRY; has a large circulation, and affords su-perior advantages as on advertising medium. Terms

low. Addres DARR & OSTEEN