VOLUME VII .--- NUMBER 1104.

CHARLESTON, S. C., SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 13, 1869.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS - EXTRAORDINARY HANDBILL DISTRIBUTED IN BOTH HOUSES OF THE LEGISLATURE-INDIGNATION MEETING-VISIT OF A DWARF-PRINTING BONDS.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DAILY NEWS. ] COLUMBIA, March 12 .- IN THE SENATE, the following received a second realing and were ordered to be engrossed : The bill to establish a Lazaretto or Quarantine Hospital in the barbor of Charleston; the bill to incorporate the various Boards of Trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church in South Carolina.

IN THE HOUSE, DeLarge reported the Appro-

The bill to define the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace and to regulate the practice of Justices' Courts, was read a second time and cruered to be engrossed.

The following were passed and sent to the Serate: The bill to provide for the negotiation of State loans; the bill to authorize the City Council of Charleston to amend an ordinance rebuilding the Burnt District; the bill to incorporate the Dorn Mining and Manufacturing

The following bills had their titles changed to acts, and were ordered to be enrolled: The bill to organize the militia; the bill to smend the charter of the Sulphuric Acid and Super-

phosphate Company.

The following bandbill was distributed in both Houses this morning:

INDIGNATION MEETING-REPUBLICANS, RALLY! Whereas, It is positively represented that our Whereas, It is positively represented that our representatives in Cougress, and more especially the United States senators, will urge the President to appoint Stanley G. Trott, present incumbent, Postmaster of the City of Charleston; George W. Clark, a definat rebel of the laws of this State, to the Collector of Internal Revenue at Charleston; J. D. Geddings, a dyspeptic Democrat, Assistant Treasurer of the United States at Charleston; L. T. Potter to be Collector of the Port of Charleston; all of which gentlemen now are and bave been open enemies of the present State government and the Reconstruction laws of Congress; in other words, the respectable refuse of the words, the respectable refuse of the Democratic party. Republicans, rally to-night at the chamber of the House of Representaat the chamber of the House of Representa-tives at eight o'clock. "Place no one on guard but determined friends of the ballot." We mean that our representatives shall have none appointed but true and tried friends of the Union, a free ballot and Ropublicanism, and if they cannot have this done we wish to know the reason why. If they find it incon-sistent with the atmosphere at Washington to do among other things what their friends elected them to do, then we call upon them to resign and allow a tree people to elect, others, who will see to it that quasi rebels shall not hold office in South Carolina. Republicans, rally! rally! MANY REPUBLICANS.

Colonel Chaffin, a dwarf, visited both Houses to-day, and was the object of much curiosity. The bonds of the State are now-being issued at the State Treasury.

CONGRESSIONAL.

A NEW COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS—CUBA AND SAN DOMINGO TO BE GOBBI-UD UP-ANNOUNCE-MENT OF THE COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS. Washington, March 12.-In the House, But-

ler's joint committee of three senators and six representatives is to consider all Indian affairs, including their legal and political status. The discussion indicated that the object of establishing the committee was to take from the Senate and the Executive the exclusive management of Indian affairs. Julian arguing in favor of the resolution, chara lerized the conduct of the Senate in regard to the ludians as corrupt and iniquitous, and said that he was afraid that honest men could not be obtained from the senate and House to act on that committee. The resolution appointing the committee was agreed to. Yeas ninety-three; nays forty-

A concurrent resolution to adjourn the 4th Monday in March was agreed to by a vote of one hundred and eighteen yeas to fourteen

Mays. Banks introduced a joint resolution, authorising the recognition of Cuba whenever the President shall be satisfied that a republican form of government exists on that island. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Another resolution, introduced by Banks authorizing the President to negotiate with the government and people of San Domingo for annexation, was referred to the same com The Judiciary Committee were instructed to

report a bill to prevent naturalization frauds. The bill to strengthen the public credit, after erasing the second section, was passed by a vote of ninety-seven to forty-seven. The Speaker announced the Committee on

Elections as follows: Paine, Churchill, Heaton, Cessna, Butler, of Tennessee, Stevenson, Burdett. Deurr and Randall. The Speaker said that he would aunous

the other committees on Monday. Boutwell's resignation was presented, and the

House adjourned to Monday.

WASHINGTON.

THE REVENUE LAWS TO BE STRICTLY ENFORCED -GRANT TIRED OF RECONSTUCTION-ARRIVAL OF THE SPANISH MINISTER-GRANT WANTS

PEACE APROAD AS WELL AS AT HOME. WASHINGTON, March 12 .- Supervisor Creecy, of the Louisiana Revenue District, has not resigned and his removal is improbable. He will leave in a few days with instructions to push vigoriously the prosecutions already commenced and to enforce the laws rigidly. Yesterday's nominations have caused the dispersion of the Louisiana looby, and nearly all

of them are preparing to go.

General Grant is reported to have said that legislation had been exhausted in the case of Mississippi, and that no more legislation was required in her case. He wants Virginia and Texas to be let alone until after their constitutional elections have taken place, and he deprecates further interference with Georgia.

The Mississippi delegation now numbers twenty-seven; no three of whom are in accord with one another.

J. N. Tift, of New York, has been appointed agent of the Mexican Government in this

Grant said to a mixed delegation of blacks and whites, from Alexandria, Va., that he hoped that before the end of the next year

Virginia would be restored to self-government, and be represented in both branches of Con-Boutwell assumed charge of the treasury at

Sheridan has arrived.

Senor Roberto, the Spanish Minister to

Washington, has arrived in New York. In replying to a speech made on behalf of the diplomatic corps on the occasion of a complimentary visit to-day, Grant said that it would be his constant endeavor to maintain those relations of peace and friendship which

ow exet.

Orders have been issued from the Navy Department revoking the sentence of court-martial against Captain Collins, who lost the Sacramento, and Lieutenant-Commander Bache. EUROPE.

HEAVY LOAN. MADRID, March 12 .- The Minister of Finance has asked for a loan of 1,000,000,000 roubles to meet the extraordinary expenses of the gov-

The Cortes has rejected the bill for the abol ition of the capitation tax and military con-AUSTRIAN DEFICIENCY.

VIENNA, March 12 .- The budget shows a deficiency of 3,000,000 florins.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

STAGNATION OF BUSINESS. HAVANA, March 12 .- The st ignation and distrust in business circles increases. Vaillant Brothers, Schmidt & Co., DeShignar & Co., and many retail merchants in Santiago de Cuba, have failed. The rebel General Juan Capati Lopez, was captured and shot on the 9th instant at Cienfuegos. The Diario reports the capture of several advanced rebel guards in the neighborhood of Gebara, and says that they were immediately dispatched with knives.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Attorney-General Roar has resigned his judgeship in the Supreme Court of Massachu-

The North Carolina House of Representatives, yesterday, passed resolutions requesting Congress to repeal the Tenure-of-office

The Fifteenth amendment hangs fire in the Georgia Legislature. Yesterday the Senate passed it without debate, but the House, which had already passed it; reconsidered its action, and refused to take it up.

Great excitement was occasioned in Warrenton, yesterday, by the murder of the editor of the Warrent on Clippor by a Radical, for personal abuse in his paper. The editor wanted to join the Masons, the Radical black-balled

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Dismay in the Republican Ranks-The Elect are Forgotten-Names of the State Federal Officers-The Investigating Committee on the Election Case-Miscellancous Business.

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 11 .- The excitement over the latest intelligence received here from Washington is intense. Senator Leslie, on the receipt to-day of the information of the slate made up at Washington for the Federal offices made up at Washington for the Federal omices in South Carolina, committed his application for the United States Marshalship, signed by the Governor, the judges and members of the Legislature, to the filmes. The news is that Mr. Epping is to retain the office of United States Marshal, Mr. Trott the Postmastership. Mr. Geddings the office of United States Treasurer, while Mr. G. W. Clark is to be made Collector of Internal Revenue, Mr. L. T. Potter Collector of the Port of Charleston, Mr. Her-Collector of the Port of Charleston, art. Herrick Ass ssor of Internal Rayenue for the Third Congressional District, and a number of others obnoxious to the party here installed into other Federal offices. Those who fought the hardest for the election of United States Senators Sawyer and Robertson are to be left out in the cold. The propriety of holding an undignation meeting carly next week. ing an indignation meeting early next week, and asking the present United States Sona ors to resign, was very freely discussed among the members of both houses. It was asserted of Mr. Trott that he was an active opponent of the present system of reconstruction and a warm supporter of President Johnson. Mr. Clark is denounced as having done his utmost to break down and bring into contempt the Ropublican party in Charleston, having Mr. Potter and Mr. Geddings as his chief aids-de-camps and tools. Herrick is alleged to be a Deracorat of the straightest sect. The "friends" are particularly bitter on Mr. Sawyer, who, they say, has betrayed the trust reposed in him and gone over, horse, foot and dragoons. Leslie swears that he never knew Mr. Sawyer or the rest of the representatives in Washington, and that Mr. Trott that he was an active opponent of the representatives in Washington, and that they have betrayed the friends of reconstruc-

in South Carolina.
In the House, to-day, Crews presented a by a meeting held by the representatives of the counties of Edgefield, Abbeville, Laurens and Union, and in connection therewith, intro-duced the following concurrent resolution, which was adopted and ordered to be sent to

Resolved, by the House of Representatives the Senate concurring. That a committee, con-sisting of five members of the House and — members of the Senate, be empowered to pro ceed to investigate the charges made against Governor Scott for giving his testimony in the contested election case of Messes. Reid and Hoge, and that said committee be empowered Hoge, and that said committee be chipward to send for persons and papers, and if found necessary, to proceed to that portion of the State where these outrages were said to have been perpetrated, and that the Speaker of the House and President of the Senate do appoint

aid committee.

The following bills were reported upon favorably by the various committees and lai

over for a second reading:

A bill to incorporate the South Carolina
Savings and Building Association No. 2.

A bill to charter Broxton's Ferry across the

Great Salketchie River.

A bill to charter Cherry's Ferry across the

A bill to charter Cherry's Ferry across the Seneca River.

A bill to define the rights of married women.

A bill to regulate divorces, alimony and the custody of children.

White presented the petition of Wm. E. Black, Esq., of York County, for removal of political disabilities. Referred

The enacting clause of a bill to provide for the enlistment of an armed force for the purpose of guarding and keeping safe the convicts in the South Carolina Pentientiary was stricken out.

Acts, reported as duly and earnestly engrossed for a third reading, a joint resolution ratifying the Fifteenth amendment to the Constitution the Fifteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America.

The joint resolution was read the third time,

and on the question of passing the joint resolution and ordering it to be enrolled, the year and nays were called, and are as follows: Yeas

Band tays 3.

Those who voted in the negative are Messrs.

Doyle, W. M. Smith, and Wilson. ""

The following paper was presented to be en-

The following paper was presented to be entered on the journal:

"We vote 'no' on the joint resolution ratifying the Fifteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States, because we think it coutrary to the spirit of the Federal compact for Congress to interfere with the subject of suffrage; and we do not see any good reason. why that policy should now be departed from. The proposed a neudment amounts to very little indeed as to its positive effect, while its negative influence will be very important, as ending toward centralization and an aristo-

(Signed)

JOHN WILSON, JOHN B. MOORE. R. M. SMITH."

IN THE SENATE, Jillson, chairman of the Committee on Political Disabilities, reported the following resolution:

Beil resolved, by the Sonate, the House of

Representatives concurring, That the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina do most respectfully recommend to the Congress of the United States of America, the removal of the political disabilities of the following named persons, citizens of the State of South Carolina, to-wit: Wm. M. McDonald, Wm. A. Molloy, A. B. Woodruff, J. B. Magill, R. S. Mellet, E. H. Griffin, Isaac Wickliffe, J. M.-El-ford, Thomas Dillard, W. E. Williams, Wm. T. Ervan, Daniel Drafts, Thad. C. Andrews, Wil-

liam M. Kews, Robert Hawthorne, Isaac G. Lone, Lemuel L. Griffin. Ordered for consid-eration to-morrow. The Governor sent to the Scuate to-day a communication from Professor Charles Sheprid Jr., apon the importance of establishing an inspectorship of guano and fertilizers. Referred to the Committee on Agri-

A ball to regulate the mode of celebrating at mages was continued to next session.

A bit is provide for the election of justices of the peace was laid on the table.

dgefield County, ss.—In re. the Columbia and Augusts Railroad Company vs. the South Carolina Railroad Company—Perition to condemn and as-sess compensation for lands and right of way of the South Carolina Railroad Company.

the South Carolina Railroad Company.

On the 17th of December last, I granted an order requiring the Clerk of Edgefield County to proceed according to the provisions of the act of the General Assembly (act No. 42) ratified on 22d September, 1888, to empand a jury of welve to assess the compansation to be paid by the Columbia and Augusta Railroad Company to the South Carolina Railroad Company to the South Carolina Railroad Company. paid by the Columbia and Augusta Kairoad Company to the South Carolina Railroad Company for a way over the lands and right of way of the latter company, that is to say, first, over the lot at Graniteville Station, described as a lot of ten acres, on which is situated the depot at said station; second, over the right of way of one hundred feet appurtenant to said South Carolina Railroad between said Graniteville Carolina Railroad between said Granteville Station and the point near Homburg known as the Dead Fall; and third, over the lands which lie outside of the one hundred feet right of way, but within the two hundred feet claimed by said company, at that point; and that in rendering their verdist the said jury should discriminate between the amounts which should be ascertained by them for a way over the said several parcels respectively. In obedience to such order the clerk did, as he says, proceed as directed by said act to select the names of twenty-four disinterested freeholders of the county, and that on the 31 to of Decemof the county, and that on the 31st of December last he drew the names of twelve of the said twenty-four to act as jurors and summoned them to meet at Graniteville on Saturday, the 2d January next following; that two of the twelve jurors so summoned tailed to attend, and that he made up the proper number by summoning two others from the village to act summoning two others from the village to act in their stead.

The jury thus empanelled and assembled

The jury thus empanelled and assembled were sworn by the clerk and did proceed to inspect the premises, and on the evening of the same day did find and render the following verdict of compensation: 1. For way over lot at Graniteville Station, \$50; 2. For way between Graniteville Station and Dead Fall, \$50; 3. For way at Dead Fall \$10

way at Dead Fall, \$10.

Subsequently thereto, to wit, at the recent February term of the Court of Common Pleas for Edgofield County, the above named defendants moved the court for an order to set aside the verdict, the assessment and all the proceedings of the intra attracted and all the proceedings of the intra attracted. the verdict, the assessment and all the pro-ceedings of the jury atoresaid, upon certain grounds and for certain reasons stated and set forth in their motion. Both parties appeared by counsel, and testimony, both onal and writ-ten, was introduced by both parties in support of, and in opposition to, the motion. After hearing all the testimony and arguments of counsel, my mind was led irresistibly to the

connect, my mind was led irresistibly to the conclusion that many of the grounds stated by defendants for setting aside the verdict of the jury had been well taken; that in some respects the proceedings of both clork and jury had been irregular, illegal, in violation of the mandatory provisions of the act 42, and in disregard of defendant's rights; and could I have felt assured of my power to act in the matter, I should have entertained the motion, and should have entertained the motion, and would have granted the order asked for; but such power is not conferred upon the Circuit Judge by the act itself, and I did not feel at liberty to essume jurisdiction in so important a matter (unprovided for by law) upon a mere motion in my law-court. But 1 intimated to defendant's counsel that if they still persisted in claiming to have said verdict set aside and a jury empanelled de novo for assessment of compensation, and would present their grievances and profer their request in the form of Petition in Equity, declaring that they claimed only a fair trial before the compensation jury (such as the act itself intended to secure to them), and that they did not purpose to avail themselves of the order prayed for by apply-

themselves of the order prayed for by applying for another injunction against the Columbia and Augusta Railroad Company, thereby further complicating this already protracted controversy, I would entertain such petition, and would consider the testimony now before me on this motion as the proportestimony in such equity proceeding. (This latter suggestion was acceded to by counsel on both sides.) But as the leading attorney and counsel for defendants were not present and resided in Charleston, I would wait until they should decide to take or not to take the course above indicated.

Having now waited a Lessonable time, and no such petition having been presented, noth-

no such petition having been presented, nothing remains for me but to dismiss the motion now before me, and in doing so I am giad to know that the injustice and injuries done to the South Caroliua Railroad Company, alleged reasonable grounds for such appeal, the court will order that the question of damage and compensation shall be retried before the regularities and by their veryick, it is to be lar court jury, and by their verdict, it is to be presumed, all the wrongs now complained of will be righted. It is, therefore, now ordered that the motion made for setting aside the verdict of the jury, empanelled by the clerk in pursuance of my order of 17th December last, be dismissed.

Z. PLATT, OUR NEW PRESIDENT.

Grant's Intense Negroism—His Intention to Monopolize the Patronage of the Government-Parcelling out the Officer

among Personal Friends-The Tenure of-office Bill-Squally Times Expected. The Washington correspondent of the Balti-

nore Gazette, in speaking of the views and policy of President Grant, says :

He means to out-Herod Herod in all that bertains to the torture of the South—he means o go the length of Sumner in negroism—but ie designs at the same time to monopolize the ne designs at the same time to monopolize the patronage of the government! His imbecile Cabinet is universally anathematized by the Radicals; but they are held in check b. his monstrous strides in the direction of military despotism over the whole country, and especially in the direction of an absolute subjuga

cially in the direction of an associate to the southern States.

The new Executive thought proper to go outside of his constitutional duty in recommending in his first State paper a ratification of the Fifteenth amendment. What had he to do Fifteenth ameudment. What had he to do with that business? Why lug init, except to assure the fanatics of the North in advance of his extreme radical sentiments? In almost the very words of the letter from this city, which you published on the morning of the 4th instant, he gave assurance in his inaugural of "protection" to the carpet-baggers, and he supremacy of the Radicals and negroes of the South, and even before his office was organized at the White House, restored, as was predicted he would, Terry to his "command" in Georgia, Sheridan to his in Louisiana, and

Boundas to his in Texas.

But the extremist policy in this respect is all that may be expected by the Radical magnates. The offices must be given to the President's personal friends. In analyzing his Cabinet f find not a single man nominated but received this distinction for personal favors either to him or to his military and personal

friend, General Sherman.
The cmeute in the case of Stewart threatens The cineus in the case of Stewart inteates to break up prematurely the anicable relations of the great Republican party and utterly to prevent the repeal of the Tenure-of-office act. The new leader on the administration side of the Senate (the brother of General Sherman) immediately introduced a bill to extracate the President from his dilenima. You will see that it was objected to by Mr. Summer and in Such it was objected to by Mr. Sumner, and in such a tone and manner that indicated business. I have not supposed hitherto that the grand Kadical flare-up would occur for at least three months, but it now looks as if harmony would

scarcely exist three days.

I am greatly mistaken if Grant's policy prove a success. He will find, after all, that his hatred of the South and admiration of Sambo will not suffice. The Radical leaders will fight to the last ditch, and sacrifice "quite smart," before giving up the spoils. They will die first, and die game.

Chagrin of the Office Seekers. The politicians have been greatly disturbed y the monner in which President Grant sambod General Carl Schurz yesterday, as it leaves are to have in controlling local appointment "Senator" Schurz boldly protested against the appointments as proposed by the President, and for his trouble received the censoring reply, "I know the people of Missouri Letter than you do, General."

This simple announcement, it is feared, will be applied to all who attempt to dictate to the

JUDGE PLATT AND THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD COMPANY.

LINA RAILROAD COMPANY.

plans for securing offices, by the positive order that all applications must reach him through that all applications must reach him through that all applications must reach him through his several secretaries. This denies the politican an oppertunity to urge, personally, his claims upon the President, and to tell him what he has done for his party in this Union League or in that political club. Each case will stand upon its own merits, stripped of the froth of politics. To-day there was a great rush upon the President by the carpet-bag brigade, nearly every man being armed with a package of papers he was particularly desirous the President should read. His reply to all was his Cabinct had not yet taken their places, but when they did they should refer their capers to them for consideration first, after which he would be pleased to act on them.

papers to them for consideration first, after which he would be pleased to act on them. Many of these disappointed expectants left the Executive Mausian blessing the new President—"over the leit,"

The Army, the Military President and

There is a certain comical worry in the souls of Radical politicians in Washington over President Grant's determination to have his private executive household as military as he wants it, even if he cannot have the Cabinet of wants it, even if he cannot have the Cabinet of his choice. Army headquarters have been almost hiera'ly transported to the White House, the grounds of which it is feared may yet be turned into a regular military camp. The late Gen 1al of the Army still has army on the brain, and, as he feels himself perfectly capable of bandling that branch of the public service, might be well disposed to right matters by his favorite military method if the civil machinery to which he is unaccustomed should work too long awry. To tone down the army and lop off some of its limbs is a project that finds considerably more favor among the politicians than heretofore. The present is as follows: General Portor will have charge of the matter of making out appointments; General Badeau will attend, as heretofore, to the opening of the correspondence. appointments; General Badeau will attend, as heretofore, to the opening of the correspondence; General Babcock will have charge of all applications for, and matters pertaining to, appointments to effice—all such applications will be promptly referred to the several departments; General Dent will have control of all sygnographs for visiting the President. all arrangements for visiting the President, in-terviews, presentations and the general charge of the reception room—transacting the business of all callers not absolutely necessary to be sent to the President.

DUEL IN NEW ORLEANS.

Rifles the Weapons-Three Exchanges of Shots-One of the Parties Severely Wounded.

A duel was fought on the 4th instant, at Metaire Ridge, near New Orleans, between two well known residents of that city, named Lewis Lalaurie and Leonard Sewell. The difficulty originated in an altercation on Carondeletstreet, respecting a debt of a former partner of Mr. Sewell. The challenging party was Mr. Lalaurie, and the weapons selected by his opponent were lifles, with round balls, at fifty paces. The scene on the grounds is thus described by the Crescent, of the 5th :

Arrived on the ground, Messrs. Manuel Blasco and Delasuzz on the part of Mr. Lalauric, and Messrs. Bernard Avegne and John Hancock on the part of Mr. Sewell, consuted apart to arrange final preliminaries. The weapons selected were ordinary bunting rifles. Each one had brought his own gun. Every preparation having been completed, the seconds tossed for position. The choice fell to Mr. Lahurie, who necessarily selected the side toward the north and nearest the New Canal from which direction the wind was Canal, from which direction the wind was blowing so heavily that it was with difficulty the seconds could keep on their hats. The ad-versaries were piaced in position at the dis-tance mentioned, both preserving a self-com-posure admirable to behold. The final inposure admirable to behold. The final instructions were then given to the principals—being to fire between the words fire and three—the command to be given: "Gentlemen, are you ready? Fire! one, two, three." The usual warning was given; the words dropped from the lips of the second, and almost simultaneously with the word three Mr. Sewell fired, missing his aim, Mr. Lalaurie's gun not going off, as it hid not been cocked.

No evidence of any disposition toward a reconciliation being manifested by Mr. Lalaurie, the parties were placed again in position.

the South Ceroliua Railroad Company, aneged by them, are not irremediable. All such wrongs can be redressed and righted. The act itself has provided the remedy, to wit, by declaring (section 4) "that from the verdict so rendered, it shall be the right of either party to appeal to the first term of the Circuit Court next ento the first term of the Circuit Court next ento the first term of the county" and there, on showing drew from his breast pocket a prir of gold-mounted spectacles, which he securely fixed over his eyes. Upon examination by the se-conds it was discovered that Mr. Sewell's tron-sors were perforated in the right lee, just be-low the knee, by Mr. Lalaurie's ball, which

low the knee, by Mr. Lalaurie's ball, which bad, however, respected the skin.

No appearance of reconciliation being at all evident, this cool, deliberate, desperate conflict reached its third stage. The rifles were again placed in the hands of the antagonists. Firel one, two, three, was solemnly repeated by the seconds. A flash, a crash, and a death-like stillness ensued. For this time, at least, it could hardly be possible that both had escaped unscathed. Yet there they stood unmoved and as firm as a rock to the utter though pleasant unscathed. Tet there also states and as firm as a rock to the utter though pleasant astonishment of the few present. Mr. Sawell was, however, observed to raise his foot slightly and was approached by a friend, who asked him, "Are you hit?" "Well I don't know. him, "Are you hit?" "Well I don't know. Yes, I think I am," answered Mr. Sewell, whose surgeon, already near, pulled off his boot and after examining his foot found that the last shot of Mr. Lalaurie had struk Mr. Sewell's right foot, the ball entering near the first joint of the great too, coming out in the bellow of the toot comparite the little toe.

The orifices of the entry and exit were very large, and indicated the calibre of Mr. Lalaurie's rifle to be about sixty-two. Mr. Lalaurie's rifle to be about sixty-two. Mr. Lalaurie had received Mr. Sewell's ball in the left coat sleeve, almost in line with his breast, the skin of the grap henge larget segrated by the misof the arm being barely scratched by the mis sile. At this juncture the second of Mr Lalau sile. At this juncture the second of Mr Lalaurie walked up to Mr. Sewell, to whom he tendered his hand, remarking, "Sir, I am sorry that this thing has occurred." Mr. Sewell cordially accepted the profered hand, and smilingly answered: "You should have no cause for sorrow. Your principal has done very wall making two availants line shots."

smilingly answered: "You should have he cause for sorrow. Your principal has done very well, making two excellent line shots."

And the parties separated.

Mr. Sewell was removed to his residence, No. 212 Camp-street, and is now, we are happy to be able to state, progressing finely. The affair has caused considerable excitement as both parties are so well known in commercial and social circles. The gentlemen acting as seconds, also being prominent and popular men here, have lent an additional interest to this sanguinary and determined conflict. The highest praise is accorded the principals for their sang-froid and importurbable cal mass, the balancing of both being sundan of as handsome. behavior of both being spoken of as handsome. The remark made by Mr. Sewell when he lost the choice of position, that "if his antag nist knew how to use his advantage, he was deal man; but he hoped he would not shoot him in the face, as in that event a very hand-some follow would be distigured," is illustra-

Taken all in all, this duel, so deliberately conducted and so determinally persisted in, is one of the most remarkable that has occurred

ALL ARTICLES SOLD FROM THE stablishment of WM. S. CORWIN & CO., No. 275 King-street, between Wentworth and Beaufain, are of the FIRST QUALITY. They sell no goods but what can be warranted as PURL AND GENUINE. This is an established fact.

20-J. S. MARTIN (LATE GRUBER & MARCIN), will be pleased to see his friends and customers at WM. S. CORWIN & CO., No. 275 Kingstreet, between Wentworth and Beanfain. MET INSTALMENTS OF THE BLUE

RIDGE RAILROAD CALLED FOR .- The Six

teenth, hevantcouth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth and

Twentieth Lastahueaus are called for as follows: The Sixteenth Lastelment on 15th of April, 1309. The Seve togeth in trim ant on 15 h of May, 1869 The Fighteenth Instalment on 15th of June, 1869 The Ninoteanta fusta ment on 15th of J dy, 1839. The Twent on Installment on 15th of August, 1869

The Streeholders in Charleston will find the

Married.

HUGUENIN-FREEMAN.—On the 11th of March, 1869, at Mount Pleasant, S. C., by the Rev. THOMAS GADSDEN, Major THOMAS A. HUGUENIN to LOUI-E T., only daughter of the late JAMES FREE-

BRUN-GAMEWELL -At the rebride's f ther, Hacken ack, N. J., Maveb 3, 1862, by the Rev. W. A. GAMEWELL, of Spartanburg, S. C., HENRY L. BRUNS to KATE L., daughter of JOHN N. GAMEWELL, former y of Camdon, S. C.

RENNEDY—BISSELL.—At the residence of Mr. RIVES, the bride's uncle, by the Rev. B. F. LEE, on Tue-day evening, 234 February, Mr. A. DALTON KENNEDY, of Camden, S. C., to Miss MATTIE E., eldest daughler of the late Mr. H. C. Bissell, of Dallas County, Alabama.

## Gbituarn.

STEADS.—Died. in Walterboro', S. C., on the 11th of February, 1869, of disease of the heart, Mr. CHARLES J. STEAD 4, of Charleston, S. C., in the thirty-first year of his age.

The subject of this notice was an honest, upright and exemplary young man. He leaves a devoted mother, wife, and an infant son to mourn their irre-parable loss. May the Ruler of heaven and earth comfort them in their sorrow.

Special Metices.

ASST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH .-Service at half-past Ten o'clock To-Monnow Monn ING, by Rev. W. W. HICKS, and in the Evening at

Strangers will be provided with seats at morning service. Evening service—seats free as usual.

DIVINE SERVICE WILL BE CON-DUCTED in the Orphan's Chapel, To-Monnow -AF-TERNOON, at half past Three o'clock, by the Rev. A. March 18 TOOMER PORTER.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.-PREACH-ING may be expected in this Church To-Monnow, by the Rev. W. H. WILLIAMS, Pastor, at half-past Ten A. M., and half-past Three P. M.

VICE will be held in this Church, To-Morrow, in the Monning at half past Ten o'clock, and at Night, at half-past Seven o'clock. Services by the Rev. B P. CUILER. Subject at night: "The Second Coming March 13 CITADEL SQUARE BAPTIST CHURCH.

WITARIAN CHURCH. DIVINE SER-

o'clock-in the Evening at half-past Seven. Macrh 13 SARATOGA "A" SPRING WATER. Saraloga, in the State of New York, is one of the most remarkable mineral reservoirs upon the surface of the globe. Within an area of a mile in diameter are some thirty mineral springs-no two of the alike. In some of the waters, Chloride of Sodlum predominates; in others, Iodine, Magnesia, Sulphur, Chalybeate, &c. The beneficial effects of some of these waters, as medicinal agents, are known throughout the civilized world. Probably one hundred thousand persons visit these Springs annually. Many hundred thousand bottles of the water are transported and consumed in the various localities

The SARATOGA "A" SPRING WATER is pro bably the most effective mineral water found on either continent. It will be observed that it has ton per cent. greater mineral properties than the celebrated Congress Spring; four times that of Baden-Baden of Austria; five times that of Aix la Chap 1le in Prussia; twice that of Vichy in France; nearly three times greater than the renowned Seltzer Germany; and equally over the Spas of Bath, England, and Kissengen in Bavaris.

kidneys, and spleen, and acts with wonderful benefit in cases of Chronic Dyspepsia, Constipation Gravel, Gout, Scrofuls, Cutaneous Affections, Gene-1al Lethargy, Soreness, and Prostration of the sys-The value of mineral waters has been prized and acknowledged by medical men since the earliest civilization. A celebrated authority says: "The vir-

tues of mineral waters have been best shown in the

The reputation of this water is based upon its

effects in diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels,

trealment of obscure and chronic diseases." Agent for the Saratoga "A" Spring Water, JOHN F. HENRY, No. 21 Park Row, New York. Sold in Charleston, S. C., by G. W. AIMAR, W. CO., ED. S. BURNHAM and E. H. KELLERS & CO.

TO CONSUMPTIVES .- THE ADVER-TIMER having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make

known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitas, &c. The object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, dress Williamsburg, Kings County, New York. IT IS SELDOM THAT WE USE THE

COLUMNS of this paper to "puff" or notice the "thou sand and one" articles known as Patent Medicines We, however, vary from our rule in the present case, that we may call attention to the article known as "S. T .- 1860-X., PLANTATION BITTERS." We desire it understood that we do so without any soli itation or promise of benefit from the proprietor or other interested parties. We simply do it as an act of duty towards those who are laboring under physical disability, weakness, and the various complaints arising from impurities of the blood. Having used the Bitters at the instigation of a friend (and we confess with some misgivings at the outset). we found them a most valuable medical compound, and to our great satisfaction accomplished the ob ject for which they were used.

MAGNOLIA WATER .- Superior to the bist impored German Cologne, and sold at half the price. March 9

BE CHARLES' LONDON CORDIAL GIN, OR PUBE LIQUOR OF JUNIPER BERKIES .- This favorite brand of PURE LONDON CORDIAL GIN has stood the test of time, imitation, piracy, high tariffs and untair competition, and still enjoys a constautly increasing sale; showing that true merit does not always go unappreciated. CHARLES' LONDON CORDIAL GIN

Is offered to the public as a perfectly reliable spe fir in all cases of Diseased Bladger and Kidneys. It acts directly on these organs, with a directness and specificess, which render it invaluable to persons suffering from Gravel, Diabetes, Inflamed Bludder, scanty and highly-colored urise, and in all cases where, from whatever cause, a healthful dimetic Ladies subject to painful menstruation, can by the

use of CORDIAL GIN a few days previous to and during tilness obtain great rollef. In such instances t should be taken with sugar and warm water. As a tonic and boverage this GIN is unequalled, as it possesses none of the headache proporties to be found in those poisons, now too frequently sold un-

der the names of Gin. Brandy. Whiskey, &c.

JOHN F. HENRY, sole Importer, No. 21 Park Row, New York. For sale in Charleston, South Carolina, by L. H. KELIFES & CO., RAOUL & LYNAH, W. A. SKULAE, G. W. AIMAR, ED. S. BURNHAM and A.

AFT THE CELEBRATED W. S. C. CLUB OUSL GIN. pure, soft and unequalled-W. S. COR-WIN & CO., Solo Agents. Medical men of the highest standing acknowledge that Gin, in it's pure state, greatest confidence and more particularly to these who use it medicinally, as an article that only re quires to be known to be properly ap preclated.

Special Motices.

STOFFICE OF CLERK OF SUPREME COURT, COLUMBIA, MARCH 6, 1869.—The Supreme Court will hold its session at Columbia on the FIRST TUESDAY in April next.

The Docket will be peremptorily called in the nu merical order of the Circuits. Where there may be two or more cases depending on the same question, they will be heard with the case first called of such

Applicants for admission to the Bar will file their petitions on or before the first Wednesday of the term, and will attend for examination on the next

Friday succeeding. By order of the Court. ALBERT M. BOOZER, March 13 52 Clerk Supreme Court.

MOTICE.-I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the British bark "DALKEITH." CHARLES L. ANDERSON,

CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP SEA GULL, from Baltimore, are hereby notified that she is THIS DAY discharging cargo at Pier No. 1, Union Wharves. All Goods not taken away at sunset, will

remain on wharf at Consignees' risk. MORDECAI & CO.,

A MALARIOUS MONTH .- MARCH, that gives us a new President, is a so the inaugural month of many harcassing disorders. Entangled in its fogs are the seeds of coughs, colds, and of that alternation of frigidity and fire, more widely known than admired, called fever and ague. The only way to avoid these "I'tle unpleasantnesses," is to render the system strong enough to fight off the atmospheric poison that produces them, and the best way to endow it with this repellant power is to tone il with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BIT-

TERS. If a waffirer were credibly informed that a ruffian was waiting at the next corner, he would doubt less turn in his tracks, and take a safer route to his destination. With just about the same amount of trouble, the attacks of diseases prevalent at this seaon may be evaded. Nay, the trouble will be less for drug stores lie in every one's route, and every respectable druggist in the Union keeps on hand HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. The article is a staple of trade, and it would be as easy to find a grocery without sugar, as the store of an apothecary without Services on SUNDAY MORNING at Half-past Ten this popular tonic remedy.

In view of the experience of the nation with regard to the article, during the space of twenty years, it seems almost unnecessary to recapitulate its merits to Americans. But as our population is increasing at the rate of a couple of millions year, in the natural way and by immigration, it may be as well to h'nt to the rising generation and new arrivals, (the old settlers know all about it,) that HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is the most wholesome and potent vegetable tonic ever manufac tured; that it is a specific for debility, dyspepsis billousness, and missmatic fevers; that it prevents, as well as cures, these complaints and their complications; that it is not "bad to take," and is abso lutely harmless 6 Dao March 13 AT IN THE COMMON PLEAS, CHARLES-

TON COUNTY-FIRST CIRCUIT.-It is ordered that a Special Session of the Court of Common Plea for the First C rouit shall be held at Charleston, on MONDAY, the twenty-ninth day of March instant; and that the Clerk of the Court shall cause the time and place for holding the same to be notified for two weeks suc essively in one or more of the newspapers published in the City of Charleston. R. B. CARPENTER.

March 11, 1869. A. C. RICHMOND, 15 Clerk A true copy. March 12 AST IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR CHARLESTON COUNTY-ON THE EQUITY SIDE OF THE COURT Ordered, that a perempory call of the EQUITY DOCKET, commencing on MONDAY the, 15th in tant, be mide, and that the

Clerk give notice thereof in the daily papers of the city.

March 12

(Signed) -

R. B. CARPENTER. A. C. RICHMOMD, Olerk.

NOTICE.-THE ASSESORS FOR ST. Andrew's Parisa give notice that they will be at St. Andrew's Church on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY next, A. SKRINE, RAOUL & LYNAH, A. W. ECKEL & the 16th and 17th inst, for the Assessment of all WM. DART.

THOMAS A. BAYNARD, NOTICE. - NATIONAL FREEDMEN'S AVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY, CHARLESTON BRANCH, No. 74 BROAD-STREET. - Money deposited on or before the FIFTEENTH DAY OF MARCH, will be entitled to interest from MARCH FIRST, at

JULY and NOVEMBER. Interest of four per cent. per annum paid from date of deposit on sums of \$50 or more remaining on deposit thirty days or more.

five per cent. per annum. Interest payable MARCH,

March 10 NO CURE! NO PAY!-FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Spitting of Blood and Lung Diseases. Immediate relief produced. Try it; if not satisfied, return the empty bottles and get your money back.

Sold wholesale and Retail by the Agent, G. W. AIMAR, Druggist, Corner King and Vanderhorst streets.

Price 35 cents.
February 27 DAG tuths3mos STATE OF SOUTH CABOLINA, COL-LETON DISTRICT-IN THE COMMON PLEAS-ATTACHMENT-AUGUSTUS G. BENNETT, Garnishee, vs. MILTON S. LITTLEFIELD .- Whereas the plaintiff in this case did, on the 7th March, 1868, file his declaration therein in this office against the said defendant, who is absent from and without the limits of this State, and has neither wife nor attorney known within the same, upon whom a copy of the said declaration, with a rule to plead thereto within a year and a day, might be served, on motion of O. P. WILLIAMS, plaintiff's Attorney, it is Ordered : That the said defendant, MILTON S. LITTLE-FIELD, do ap ear and pread to said decaration within

absolute judgment will then be awarded against CLERE'S OFFICE, Walterboro', S. C., March 7th, J. K. LINDER, C. C. P.

a year and a day from the filing thereof, or final and

THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE ADUL-TERATION of Liquors is carried'on in this country makes it the duty of the purchaser to investigate the merits of the article offered for sale. It is well known fact that many of the Branches, Wines, &c., are manufactured from - ronch Extracts, Essentill Oils and Moshol, which is poisonous, thereby causing many mju ious effects.

The public is justly suspicious of nearly everything put up to, sale under the name of Liquors, and the trade has been brought into disrepute, and in order to insure to those who desire a Pure Article, it is only necessary for us to say that we Import Direct all Brandies, Wines and Gins, and warrant them perfee ly pure as originally imported.

All Bottl d Liquors bearing the labels of W. S. CORWIN & CO., can be relied upon as being pure. Purchasors should notice that the Paper Cap over the cork is not broken. We pay for Bottles that have our labels on, One Dollar per dozen, when re-WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING

from the Moyune Districts of China the choicest

chops of GREEN AND BLACK TEAS of new sessons which are unrivalled for their strougth and delicacy dayor. We warrant our TEAS to be pure and un ad 'lerated, and to inve general satisfaction. As we are constantly in receipt of large cargoes of Teas, we are enabled to offer to the public the threat chors at a price that many dealers offer inferior Tea at. trial and comparison will at once prove this ansar.

FOR BOSTON-DESPATCH LINE. THE ONLY REGULAR LINE PACKETS.

FOR NEW YORK-MERCHANT'S LINE.

THE SPLENDID FIRST. LASS SOHOON-ER GEO. H. MILLS, MILLS Master, hay-ing a portion cargo engaged, will be prompt. March 12 2 WILLIAM ROACH & CO.

EXCURSIONS AROUND THE HARBOR.

FAST FREIGHT LINE

FALCON. JESSE D HOR'ET, Commander, SEA GULL. N. P. DUITON, Commander, MARYLAND. J. V. JOHESON, Comminder.

THE FAVORITE AND SWIFT TON Commander, will sall for Batt-more ou Tursoay, 18th March, at alf-past 6 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 1, Union

REGULAR EVERY THURSDAY.

REGULAR LINE EVERY THURSDAY

THE STEAMSHIP SARAGOSSA.

Captain C. RYDER, will leave Vander-herst's Wharl on THURBAY, March, 19th, 1859, at 10 o'clock A. M.
March 12

RAVENEL & CO., Agents, FOR NEW YORK.

Branch of No. 900 Broadway, corner 20th street, October 28

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPY'S
THROUGH LING TO
CALIFORNIA, CHINA AND JAPAN. CHANGE OF SAILING DAYS! .

AND LANDINGS ON THE PEEDER

Georgetown.

Until further notice the Steamer LMILIE will
make but one trip a week, leaving Georgetown on
harday alonaine, and Obarleston on Saturday ORNING. 4 All Freight must be prepaid.

THE STEAMER ST. HELENA,
Captain JAMES G. RUMLET, will reseive Freight THIS DAY and leave MONDAY
MORNING at 3 o'clock, and Edisto same day at 3 For Freight or Passage apply on board or to JOHN H. MURBAY,

The Steamer leaves again WEDNESDAY MORNING at half-past 6 o'clock, and Edisto THURSDAY MORNING at 6 o'clock.

1\* March 13

INLAND ROUTE. THROUGH TICKETS TO FLORIDA.

CONNECTING WITH

The steamer will touch at Chisolm's, each way

FOR PALATKA, FLORIDA.
VIA SAVANNAH, FARNANDINA AND JACKSOSVILLE.
THE FIRST-CASS STE2 MES
DICCATOR CONTROL IN LOYETTE

THE FIRST-CASS STE2 MEB
THE STEAM OF THE ABOVE POINTS.
The first-class Steamer OITY POINT, Captain WM.
T. MONELTY, will all from Charleston every Salurday Evening, at Eight o'clock, for above points.
Connecting with the Central Railroad at Sava and
for Mobile and New Orleans, and with the Florida
Railroad at Fernandina for Centra Reys, at which
point steamers connect with New Orleans, Mobile,
Pensacos a, Koy West and Havana.
Through Bills Lading given for Freight to Mobile,
Pensacos and New Orleans.
Bell steamers connecting with H. S. Hart's steam
The Central and Gripts for Silver Springs and Lake.
The first of the space of the whart.
Central and Confirm for Silver Springs and Lake.
The first to yable on the whart.
Central on Compared at subservil be stored at ris
and extense of owner to
J. D. AIKEN & CO., agents,
South Atlantic Wharf.
N. B.—No cotta charge for Meals and Staterooms,
November 21

SIX DOLLARS PER ANNUM

Shipping.

THE FILST CLASS SCHOONER B. M.
HAWKINS, J. P. WIATT Master, having a portion of cargo engaged and going on board, wants Cotton and light freight to fill much 12

WILLIAM ROACH & CO.

THE FINE, FAST SAILING AND COMFORTABLY appointed Yacht ELEANOR
Will resume her trips to historic points in
the harbor, and will have Government
Whirdfully at Ten A. M. and Three P. M.
For Paesage apply to THOMAS YOUNG,
December 18 Smo Captain; on board, 1002

TO AND FROM BALTIMORE PHILADEL-PHIA, WASHINGTON CITY, WILMINGTON, DEL, CINCINNAIT, OHIO, ST. LOUIS, MO. AND OTHER NO BY HE S TERN CITIES,— LEAVING EACH PORT LYERY 5TR DAY.

Wharves.

20 Cotton to Baltimore \$2 per bale, Rice \$1 25.

Cotton to Philadelphia, \$2 per bale, Rice \$1 50.

The MARYLAND, Captaiu Johnson, will follow on

For Freight or passage, apply to COURTENAY & TRENHOLM, FOR PHILADELPHIA AND BOS CON."

THE STEAMSHIP J. W. EVER-MAN, Captain SNYDER, will leave North Atlantic Wharf, THURSDAY, 18th Inst., at 12 M.
For Freight or passage, apply to JOHN & IHEO. GETTY, March 18 North Atlantic Wharf.

PASSAGE REDUCED TO \$15.

THE FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL,
STEAMSHIP CHAMPION, LOCKWOOD Commander, will leave Adger's
wharf on SATURDAY, the 13th
nstant, at a o'clock P. M.
AT No Bills of Lading signed after the saling o

No Bills of Lading signed after the saming other steamer.

\*\*\*\* Through Bills of Lading to Providence, R. I., and Boston at reasonable rates.

\*\*\*\* Through Bills of Lading to Providence, R. I., and Boston at reasonable rates.

\*\*\*\* Through Bills of Lading to Providence, R. I., and Boston at reasonable rates.

\*\*\* The Tassange, apply to JAMES ADGER & CO., Corner East Bay and Adger's Wharf (Up-staire).

\*\*\* The CHARLESTON to follow on Tursmax the 16th, at 8 o'clock A. M. ths? March II.

TRAVELERS PASSING THROUGH
OHARLESTON EN BOUTETO FLORIDA, AIREN
And other places, should not fai
to lay in their supplies of PROVIS
LONS, CLARETS, CHAMPAGNES,
CORDIALS, BRANDIES, WHI
RIES, WINE, CANNED MEATS, SOUPS, &c.
Pates of Wild Game, Devided Entremets, Han,
Tarkey, Lobster, etc., for Luncheous, Sandwiches,
Travelers' Repast, &c.

& Sand for a catalogue.

Send for a catalogue.

WM. S. CORWIN & CO., No. 275 King-street, Between Wentworth and Beaufain

STEAMERS OF THE ABOVE
Inc leave Pier No. 42, North River,
foot of Canal-street, New York, at
12 o'clock noon, of the 1st, 11th and
flat of every month (except when these dates fall
on Sunday, then the Saturday preceding).
Departure of 1st and 21st connect at Panams with
steamers for South Pacific and Central American
perts. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.
Departure of 11th of each month connects with
the new steam line from Panams to Australia and

New Zealand.

EjSteamship JaPAN leaves San Francisco for Ohms and Japan May 4, 1869.

No California steamers touch at Havana, but gardirect from New York to Aspinwall.

One hundred pounds haveners.

For Passage Tickets or further information apoly at the COMPANY'S TICKET OFFICE, on the what nal-street, North River, New York.
2 lyr F. R. BABY, Agent. FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.,

THE STEAMER EMILIE, CAPT.
THE STEAMER EMILIE, CAPT.
THE ADDAYS, will receive Freight Tuns
DAY at South Commercial Wharf, and leave as
above Te-Monnow (Sunday) Monning, 14th instant, at 6 o'clock.
Returning, will leave Georgetown on Faiday
Monning next, the 19th instant.
Freight for Landings on the Peedes River will be
transferred to Steamer GEN. MANIGAULT, at
Georgetown

All Freight must be protected for engagements apply to SHACKELFORD & KELLY, Agents, Boyce's Wharf. FOR EDISTO AND ENTERPRISE,

CAPTAIN J. K. RICHARDSON, OF the Steamer CHRISTIANA, will TOW VESSELY TO AND FROM SEA.

All applications for the present must be made to the Captain on board

6

March 9

CHARLESTON AND SAVANNAH STEAM PACKET LINE, VIA EDISTO, BEAUFORF AND HILTON HEAD,

CONNECTING WITH

THE ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS FOR ALL POINTS IN FLORIDA.

THE FINE, FAST STEAMER PILOT BOY. Captain FENN PEOK, will leave Charleston on Mosday and 1 HUBBDAY MORN-INGS at Hight o'clock, touching at Edisto on THORSDAY IT FOR Charleston, at Eleven A. M., and leaving Edisto at Nine A. M., SATURDAYS, OR return trip.

ary 18th.

For Freight or Passage apply to

JOHN FERGUSON,

Tebruary 16

Accommodation Wharf.

tion, and it only repairs for the public to judge of WM. S. COPWIN & CO., No. 275 Kings rech

FOR NEW YORK.