THE DAILY NEWS.

BIORDAN, DAWSON & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.
OFFICE No. 149 EAST BAY.

TERMS—THE DAILY NEWS, PRICE (payable in all cases IN ADVANCE), SIX DOLLARS A YEAR; THREE DOLLARS FOR SIX MONTHS; TWO DOLLARS FOR THREE MONTHS.

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ADVERTISING RATES—Fifteen cents a line for the first insertion, and ten cents a line for each subsequent insertion. Marriage and Funeral Notices one dollar each.
LETTERS should be addressed to THE DAILY NEWS, No. 149 East Bay, Charleston, S. C.
REJECTED MANUSCRIPTS will not be returned.

NEWS SUMMARY.

—Gold at New York yesterday closed stronger at 45¼.

—The New York cotton market opened firm, but closed rather quiet. Sales 1400 bales, at 0a30½c.

—At Liverpool cotton closed rather easier with a slight decline; uplands 10¾d. Sales 12,000 bales.

—Colonel Edmund Rice has invented what he calls a new bayonet, but what is in fact a trowel, intended to enable infantry to intrench itself rapidly. Two hundred tentative trowels are in course of construction at Springfield.

—The New Orleans Times says that the indications are very favorable for a great revival of business in that city in the approaching autumn and winter. The chances are in favor of a large yield of cotton and corn, and cane promises unusually well.

—A good woman bottled up a lot of nice preserves and labelled them: "Put up by Mrs. G." Her boy Johnny discovered them, soon ate the contents of one bottle, and wrote on the bottom of the label: "Put down by Johnny G."

—Arago once confidently announced that a big comet that was approaching the earth would not destroy it. "How do you know?" he was asked. "I don't know," he replied; "but in either case I am safe. If it does not knock the world to pieces, I shall be considered a prophet; if it does, they can't blow me up in the newspapers."

—An Italian barber has recently been arrested in Germany, who lived for five years in New York, where he was believed to be an Italian Duke, and gained access to the houses of many of the first families. His good looks assisted him in gaining the affections of some foolish young girls, one of whom, the daughter of a wealthy banker, he ruined. Several hundred letters, mostly from young ladies, were found in his trunk, besides eighty photographs, miniatures, &c. He is a native of Cremonia, and was in the penitentiary before going to New York.

—Property at Long Branch is reaching fabulous prices. Lots fronting on the ocean are sold as high as lots in many of the great thoroughfares in New York. H. T. Hembold, of New York, on Saturday last, purchased for seventy thousand dollars, the plot of ground north of the Continental Hotel, extending from the ocean to the depot of the Shore Railroad, taking in the Clarendon Hotel and the Monmouth House. It is his intention to improve the property by erecting several spacious stores and dwellings on it.

—A London paper says very sensibly that "iced drinks should be sipped, not gulped," and adds: "The intimate connection between stomach and brain is known to everybody, and it must be obvious that to pour an iced draught into the stomach must at once send the blood to the head. Very few who have indulged in the rapid drinking of these beverages have failed to notice that a sudden pain in the head was the result. It may have been a sharp shoot, or a mere feeling of dullness, and it may have passed off in a moment, but it was at least incipient congestion of the brain."

—When Count Sponneck, confidential adviser to the King of Greece, was on his way to that country, he had with him on board the steamer a powerful Newfoundland dog, to which he was much attached. The dog one day fell overboard, and Count Sponneck asked the captain of the vessel to have the engines stopped, that his dog might be saved. "Your excellency," replied the captain, "my instructions are to stop only when a man has fallen overboard." "Very well," said the Count, who is an excellent swimmer, and jumped overboard. The steamer stopped, and both the Count and his dog were, five minutes afterward, again on board.

—A fashion authority gives the information that the engagement ring should be a solitaire diamond, of which the smallest size, that of a minute pea, can be bought for $130. This, we are told, must be followed by the gift of a locket, one of stone preferable. These are large square onyxes, amethysts, topazes, or turquoises, forming the face of the locket with no apparent setting, the chain attached to a ring at the back of the stone. The last romantic thought is to have inscriptions set in brilliants on the stone, "Fiedelit et Esperance," "Dieu vous garde," or Charles the First's last exclamation, "Remember." The fond lover may purchase a sweet thing of this sort for only $125.

—An ex-army officer has a scheme for the introduction of the velocipede for the rapid transportation of infantry. He proposes to have the vehicle constructed with two broad-tired wheels, one before the other on the same line, connected by a beam, astride which the soldier sits and propels the vehicle by striking the tips of his toes against the ground. The knapsack, musket and equipments are to be strapped upon the frame. His theory is that the labor of propelling a carriage thus loaded is only one-fifth that of marching; that the steed wants neither water nor forage, and cannot be stampeded; that it can be lifted over a fence impassable for cavalry; that it is quite as swift as a horse; and that it can be durably made of hard rubber at a cost of the sum required to keep a horse for a month. He does not dwell upon the irresistible momentum of a charge of velocipedes in a battle.

—The funeral of the late Queen of Madagascar was a unique affair. While the tomb was being made, cannon and muskets were fired all day long, the chief road through the city up to the palace being lined with soldiers. Over the stone tomb is a small wooden structure, as usual over the graves of the sovereigns and the higher class of nobles. The courtyard was thronged with people at work preparing the grave. Just near the gate, the masons were doing the stonework, and on the right were the metal workers employed at their furnaces, making a silver box for a coffin. In another place carpenters were busy making the wooden-house. The coffin was very large—three feet seven inches in breadth and depth and about six feet long. It was made of bars, each bar formed of fifty dollars rivoted together in a rough style, and very little was done to polish it. The funeral procession was grand. The silver case was put into the tomb beforehand, but the corpse was carried under a gorgeous scarlet canopied bier surmounted with crowns. This bier was taken up an incline and placed on tressels at the west of the tomb. The officers stood around for some time weeping. The actual burial did not take place until night. An immense number of silk dresses, native silk cloths, ornaments, glasses, a table and chairs, and a box containing $11,000 were all put inside the tomb, as well as a chest of drawers, and many other things. After the funeral between two and three thousand bullocks were killed.

—A great race against time took place recently at San Francisco. The match was made in consequence of a dispute regarding the comparative merits of imported blood stock and the common California mustang, and the different styles of riding. The race was three hundred miles in fifteen hours, to be ridden by one man on mustang horses. N. H. Mowery was the one named to ride. He is an old Californian, apparently of about the middle age, weighs one hundred and sixty pounds, and rode with a heavy Mexican California saddle, Spanish bit, and free rein. The animals, thirty in number, were the common California mustangs and half-breeds, none of them full sized. At 4.40 o'clock in the morning he sprang into the saddle and rode the first horse four times around the track at a dead run. The Mexican dodge of "rushing" was constantly resorted to. An attendant would ride one-fourth or one-half of the way down the track to meet him as he came in wheeling his horse, ride back just behind him yelling, *vamos! vamos! whoop-ah vamos!* and swinging his hat as if frantic. This would start the flagging animal into redoubled exertions, and he would come in fairly flying. A single sharp pull on the Spanish bit would stop the animal in a second, and in two or three more the rider would be on a fresh animal and off again. At the end of two hundred miles a rest was taken, and a placard was displayed from the judges' stand that the two hundred miles had been accomplished in eight hours, two minutes and forty-eight seconds—thus beating by forty minutes the time made by Mr. Osbaldiston, with race horses in England. At 6.49 P. M., just fourteen hours and nine minutes from the start, the three hundredth mile was accomplished, and a perfect roar of applause broke from the multitude. This ride beats anything thus far accomplished in the world in that time.

CHARLESTON.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25, 1868.

For President.....HORATIO SEYMOUR.
For Vice-President.....FRANCIS P. BLAIR.

Death to Charleston!

The Columbia Legislature cares not for Charleston. This city which pays so large a proportion of the whole taxation of the State, whose commercial and financial influence are felt, from the Blue Ridge to the Cape and from the North Carolina line to the Savannah River, which is the very head and heart of South Carolina, receives less attention than is paid to the claims of the humblest village or of the most obscure private citizen. The interests of Charleston are nothing in the eyes of our present legislators, who do not understand that in killing or attempting to kill the metropolis of the State they cut their own throats, and make woefully uncertain the accumulation of that revenue out of which they expect to be paid.

They are not content with introducing a bill to amend the city charter, with the intention of giving the control of the city to scalawags, speculators and blacklegs, but they take up such schemes as that for the extension of the Chatham Railroad to Columbia, which has for its sole purpose to cut off Charleston and choke the fountains of her trade.

The Chatham Railroad is a North Carolina corporation which is heavily subsidized by the Legislature of that State. It is the creature of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, of which it is an extension, and is backed, as well, by the capital of the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad, and the Old Dominion line of steamers. Unless it can come into South Carolina it is powerless, hence the introduction of a bill to authorize it to extend its road from the South Carolina line and run by the way of Cheraw and Camden to the City of Columbia. This would give a direct line from Portsmouth to Weldon, from Weldon to Raleigh, from Raleigh to Columbia, and from Columbia to Augusta *via* the Columbia and Augusta Railroad. At Augusta the line would connect with all the most important Southern roads, and would be able to tap the most fertile cotton regions of the West and South.

The companies interested in this extension are, therefore, wealthy and strong. They have their agents in Columbia, and it is not surprising, as Charleston has lain dormant, that the Chatham Railroad extension bill meets with no effective opposition. Mr. CORBIN, the most influential member of the Senate, is a resident of Charleston and professes to have her prosperity ever in his thoughts; but he seems to have not one word to say against a scheme which is intended to take away her carrying trade and give it to Norfolk. Mr. SAWYER, United States senator, is, he says, the firm friend of Charleston; but he turns suddenly round and supports the Chatham Railroad instead of opposing it. So with the low country members of the Senate and House. They do not think of their colored constituents, who are so largely dependent on the city for work and support; they do not pause to reflect that the welfare of the whole State is bound up in that of Charleston; but true misrepresentatives as they are, allow themselves to be influenced by pretty speeches and soft tongues to deal a death-blow to that city, without which they and their brethren may starve.

Nor do they claim one particle of public compensation for all the favors which they grant to our business rivals. They had it in their power to rise beyond party feeling and assert as their doctrine that, while they would not refuse to allow foreign railroads to come into the State, they would only admit them upon condition that the States from which these railroads came should grant to the railroads of South Carolina the same privileges which South Carolina granted to them. This would have been a broad and equitable principle of action. It would have been just and fair to our sister States and just and fair to our own State, which would no longer be giving up all its most precious possessions for absolutely no return. But our legislators would not consider, it seems, a plan so impartial and wise.

These facts are but additional elements of strength to the Democratic party, and, during the campaign, may be used with telling force to prove to the colored people of the State that their Legislature is zealously bent on ruining both them and us.

Three Good Reasons.

It is rumored that the motley Columbia Legislature are disposed to break up, if they can, the newly constituted Supreme Court of the State, for three good reasons:

1. They dislike WILLARD and have but little confidence in his ability. 2. They have come to the conclusion that HOGE is an ignoramus, and would do better, therefore, as a member of Congress than as a civil judge. 3. They think that the disqualifications of Chief Justice MOSES will not be removed by Congress without sufficient reasons, which cannot be given.

We are extremely anxious that this sad state of affairs should cease, and that harmony may be re-established in the now unhappy family. This can best be done by adding to the pomposity of WILLARD and the mild inexperience of HOGE the judicial lore and erudition of Chief Justice MOSES. Congress, which has done so much for South Carolina, will surely help her now, and that the pure members of that patriotic body may be armed at all points in fighting against the rebellious Democratic Congressmen, we give three good reasons why the political disabilities of Chief Justice elect MOSES should at once be removed:

1. Chief Justice MOSES was, in 1861, appointed a commissioner from South Carolina to the North Carolina Convention, to urge that body to pass an ordinance of secession from the ever glorious Union. To the zeal and skill with which he performed his mission may be attributed, in a great degree, the secession of North Carolina.

2. Chief Justice MOSES, during the war, volunteered and served as aide-de-camp on the staff of General HENRY A. WISE, of Virginia. When SHERIDAN rode up the Valley MOSES beat a retreat, and did not halt until he reached the quiet village of Sumter.

3. Chief Justice MOSES raised a volunteer company for home defence in Sumter District and commanded it as captain. But he did no fighting.

If these reasons are not sufficient why MOSES should be whitewashed as a consistently loyal Union man, worthy of Congressional clemency, we must try to hunt up some others, which will certainly do the deed as far as in us lies.

Mayor's Proclamation.

PROCLAMATION.

By GEORGE W. CLARK, Mayor of Charleston.

CITY HALL, MAYOR'S OFFICE. CHARLESTON, S. C., August 18, 1868.

Believing it the sincere desire of every individual in this community to assist in preserving the public peace, and maintaining the dignity of the laws; feeling, in the political excitement now pervading all classes of our people, that through a single act of violence, either by accident or otherwise, we may be overwhelmed in a deplorable breach of law and order—

I, GEORGE W. CLARK, Mayor of the city aforesaid, do call upon all good citizens to abstain as far as possible from all public demonstrations of a noisy or riotous nature. Let each one regard himself as answerable to the public for the good conduct of all. Let no one, in the exercise of liberty, do that against the law which will by law deprive him of his liberty. The public peace must and shall be preserved.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the city [L. S.] the date and year above mentioned.

GEORGE W. CLARK, Mayor.

August 20

Copartnership Notice.

THE FIRM OF J. & J. D. KIRKPATRICK is dissolved from this date. The business of the firm will be attended to by the undersigned in liquidation.

JAS. D. KIRKPATRICK,
No 6 Accommodation Wharf.

Charleston, S. C., August 15, 1868.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE THIS DAY ENTERED into a copartnership under the style of KIRKPATRICK & WITTE, for the transaction of a FACTORAGE AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, at No. 6 Accommodation Wharf.

JAMES D. KIRKPATRICK.
GEO. W. WITTE.

Charleston, S. C., August 15, 1868.
August 17 DAC m1 tuths6

Dissolution of Copartnership.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. The Firm of HAMLET & McCANIS is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. W. HAMLET will continue the business on his own account, and is alone authorized to settle the affairs of the late firm.

J. W. HAMLET,
JOHN McCANTS.

Mount Holly, S. C., August 11, 1868.
August 25 2

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. The firm of MOSES & McNAIR is dissolved by mutual consent. JOHN T. McNAIR will pay and collect all the debts of the firm, and is alone authorized to use the name of the firm in liquidation.

[Signed] A. J. MOSES.
JOHN T. McNAIR.

Cheraw, S. C., August 4, 1868.
August 25 3

Notices in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—IN THE MATTER OF JOHN R. BRADFORD, BANKRUPT, BY WHOM A PETITION FOR ADJUDICATION OF BANKRUPTCY WAS FILED ON THE 16TH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1868, IN SAID COURT.—IN BANKRUPTCY.—This is to give notice that on the *twenty-first day of August*, A. D 1868, a Warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of JOHN R. BRADFORD, of Sumter, in the District of Sumter, and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 72 Broad-street, Charleston, South Carolina, before R. B. CARPENTER Registrar, on the *fourth day of November*, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

J. P. M. EPPING,
United States Marshal as Messenger.

August 25 1

City Advertisements.

OFFICE CHIEF OF POLICE, MAIN GUARDHOUSE, CHARLESTON, S. C., AUGUST 24, 1868.—The following section of an ordinance, ratified September 17, 1821, is hereby published for the information of all whom it may concern, and will be strictly enforced on and after this date:

By order of the Mayor.

C. B. SIGWALD,
Chief of Police.

"No drum shall be beaten in the streets, or in any private yard or place in this city, after dark, excepting in cases of alarm, and then by the order of some civil authority to direct the same, under a penalty of twenty dollars for each offence. 10 August 24

OFFICE CHIEF OF CITY DETECTIVES, CHARLESTON, S. C., AUGUST 21, 1868.—Recovered and brought to this office, one small GRAY FILLY. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses.

H. W. HENDRICKS,
First Lieutenant and Chief of Detectives.

August 22

OFFICE CHIEF OF POLICE.—MAIN GUARDHOUSE, CHARLESTON, S. C., April 7, 1868.—NOTICE.—The Ordinance prohibiting the firing of guns, pistols, squibs, &c., within the city limits, will hereafter be strictly enforced.

Shooting on the farms, streets, lanes and roads south of the Forks of the Road is a violation of the ordinance.

By order of Mayor COGSWELL.

C. B. SIGWALD,
Chief of Police.

April 6

Wants.

WANTED, A WOMAN TO COOK, WASH and Iron for a family of three. Inquire at No. 101 BEAUFAIN-STREET. 1* August 25

WANTED TO PURCHASE, A SMALL HOUSE, in a central part of the city. Parties wishing to communicate will please address REAL ESTATE, at DAILY NEWS OFFICE.
August 22 6*

WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, 22 years old, well acquainted with the Grocery Business. Can give the best of references, and asks but a small compensation for the first year. Address "R. S. P.," DAILY NEWS.
August 22 5*

TO THE UNEMPLOYED.—INDUSTRIOUS and educated gentlemen of good address wanted as CANVASSERS for a first class LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. Capacity and zeal are always well rewarded in this vocation. Direct, with real name, Postoffice Box No. 824, Richmond, Virginia. 1mo August 21

AGENTS WANTED—DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN GOODS.—Eight by ten Oval Steel Engravings of SEYMOUR AND BLAIR, with or without frames. Sheets 25 cents each. Life of both 25 cents. Photographs, Pins, Badges, Charts, &c., one hundred per cent profit. Sample packages by mail for one dollar. Address at once

GOODSPEED & CO.,
No. 37 Park Row, N. Y.

August 14 2mo*

WANTED BY A VIRGINIA LADY, A situation in a pleasant family to teach the usual ENGLISH BRANCHES, FRENCH and MUSIC. She has had several years' experience, and will go either South or West. References exchanged. Address, immediately, "A. B. C.," care of Mr. W. P. Nuckolls, Tolersville Depot, Louisa County, Va.
August 7 1mo*

GOOD BRICKLAYERS, WILLING TO work ten hours a day, at the rate of $5, will find steady employment by calling on or addressing SECRETARY OF THE MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' EXCHANGE, No. 51 Liberty-street, New York. 1mo* August 7

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.—SERVANTS can be obtained by application to the "UNION HOME," from 9 till 11 o'clock daily.

Servants can also find places by application to the same place, at the same hours. Inquire for the Matron, corner Church and Chalmers street
June 19

WANTED, A SITUATION, IN ANY capacity as a CLERK. The subscriber is willing to engage in any business, and will make himself generally useful in any way, and be satisfied with a very moderate salary. Address "L. W.," Charleston, through the Postoffice. June 17

WANTED, A PLACE AS GARDENER. An ex-member of Hagood's Brigade, C. S. A., who lost an arm in the war, and who is now in reduced circumstances, is anxious to get employment as GARDENER, and to take charge of lots at Magnolia. He is willing to work and can give the best testimonials as to experience, efficiency and fidelity. Address J. H. THOMAS, DAILY NEWS Office.
May 12

WANTED, EMPLOYMENT AS A WATCHMAN, or in any other capacity in which he can earn a livelihood, by a one-armed soldier, who is in distress for want of work. Address "J. S.," Office of the DAILY NEWS.
April 21

WANTED, SUBSCRIBERS FOR ALL THE LEADING MAGAZINES AND NEWSPAPERS, at publisher's rates.

CHARLES C. RIGHTER,
No. 161 King-street.

April 21

WANTED, AGENTS EVERYWHERE, to sell our PATENT EVERLASTING METALLIC CLOTHES LINES. Write for circulars to the AMERICAN WIRE COMPANY, No. 162 Broadway, New York. 6mos April 20

WANTED, EVERYBODY TO SUBSCRIBE to the CIRCULATING LIBRARY.—CHARLES C. RIGHTER'S Select Library of New Books contains all of the latest publications.
April 21 No. 161 KING-STREET.

For Sale.

MULES FOR SALE.—SIX FINE LARGE AND YOUNG MULES, excellent workers. For sale at a reasonable figure. Apply to

JOHN F. O'NEILL,
East Bay, near Queen-street.

August 25 tuths3

FOR SALE, OLD NEWSPAPERS, IN any quantity, price 75 cents per hundred. Apply at the Office of the DAILY NEWS. February 20

To Rent.

TO RENT, IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, two large ROOMS, with Pantry and use of Piazza. Rent moderate to a suitable tenant. Apply at No. 45 CANNON-STREET.
August 25 tuthm3

TO RENT, AT SULLIVAN'S ISLAND, two adjoining TWO-STORY HOUSES, situated close to Fort Beauregard, both having double piazzas facing north and south. Both Houses are in good condition, and well adapted for private residences, hotels or boarding establishments. To be rented singly or together; the Furniture taken by agreement, if desirable. For particulars, apply at the OFFICE OF THE DAILY NEWS.
August 24

TO RENT, TWO FINE ROOMS, No. 307 King-street. Apply in the STORE below.
August 15 stuth

TO RENT, A DESIRABLE TWO-AND-A-HALF STORY RESIDENCE, in the western part of the city. For particulars apply to WM. McKAY, No. 136 Meeting-street. august 22

TO RENT, WITH THE FURNITURE, a delightfully situated HOUSE in Hasel-street, near Anson, at $50 per month. Apply to LETICH & BRUNS. July 22

TO RENT, FOR THE SUMMER, A HOUSE, containing eight rooms, pleasantly situated, on the front beach Sullivan's Island, back of Beauregard Battery. Apply at DAILY NEWS OFFICE. July 2

Boarding.

PRIVATE BOARDING.—MRS. R. C. FINNEY respectfully informs her friends and the public that she is now prepared to accommodate families, having large and airy Rooms.

Board per week, $8; Transient, per day, $2; Day Board per week, $6. 6 August 24

Lost and Found.

PICKED UP ADRIFT, BY THE STEAM Tug Relief, a RAFT of twenty-nine (29) logs. The owner can recover the same by paying expenses. Apply to JOHN FERGUSON,
August 25 1 Accommodation Wharf.

SPECTACLES LOST.—LOST, IN THE Market, about ten o'clock yesterday (Wednesday) morning a pair of GOLD SPECTACLES, for which a suitable reward will be given if left at the MERCURY OFFICE August 6

Removals.

REMOVAL.—DR. FRANCIS L. PARKER has removed his Office from No. 79 Broad-street to No. 74 HASEL-STREET, two doors east of the Postoffice. July 24

Educational.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.—THE Forty-fifth Session of this institution will begin on the 1st day of October 1868, and end on the Thursday before the 4th of July, 1869.

The organization of the institution is very complete, embracing extensive and thorough courses of instruction in Literature and Science, and in the professions of Law, Medicine and Engineering.

ESTIMATED EXPENSES—exclusive of books, clothing and pocket money—of the Academic student $360; of the Law student $365, and of the Medical student $395.

For particulars send for Catalogue to Wm. Wertenbaker, Secretary, or S. MAUPIN,
Chairman of the Faculty.

P. O. "University of Virginia."
August 3 1m*

WASHINGTON COLLEGE, LEXINGTON, VA.—The next session opens *third Thursday* in September, 1868, and closes fourth thursday in June, 1869. The Faculty consists of General R. E. LEE, President, with Professors of Latin, Greek, Mathematics, Modern Languages, Moral Philosophy, History and English Language and Literature, Applied Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry and Law and Equity. These are distributed into: 1. Faculty of Arts; 2. Faculty of Science; 3 Faculty of Literature and Philosophy; 4. Faculty of Law. In each of these is conferred a distinct Bachelor's Degree and the Degree of *Master of Arts* is open alike to students in each course. In the Department of Science are conferred also *Professional Diplomas* of Civil Engineer and Mining Engineer. By the aid of a full corps of assistant Professors, provision is made for thorough drilling in the Departments of English, Ancient and Modern Languages and Mathematics.

EXPENSES.—All necessary expenses need not exceed $325.

For full particulars apply to

R. C. GORDON, Clerk of Faculty.

July 30 1mo

NIGHT SCHOOL! NIGHT SCHOOL!

No. 35 WENTWORTH-STREET, LECTURE ROOM OF ENGLISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.

THE HOURS FOR THE EXERCISES IN ARITHMETIC, WRITING, READING, GERMAN and ENGLISH GRAMMAR are from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

Terms—$2 per month in advance.
Book-keeping charged extra.

December 2 C. H. BERGMANN.

CITY TREASURY, JULY 2, 1868.—NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF FIRE LOAN COUPONS.—The Fire Loan Coupons due this day and payable in the City of New York, will be paid on presentation at this Office.

S. THOMAS,
July 2 City Treasurer.

Meetings.

CITY COUNCIL.

THE REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD *This Day*, at Five o'clock P. M.

W. H. SMITH,
August 25 1 Clerk of Council.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

SIX DELEGATES FROM EACH WARD AND PARISH OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLESTON will assemble at Military Hall, in Charleston, on *Monday Evening*, August 31st, to select EIGHTEEN DELEGATES to a State Convention at Columbia, on *September* 8th, for the purpose of nominating Electors for President and Vice President, and to reorganize the State Central Committee. Each Ward and Parish will make necessary arrangements.

G. PILLSBURY,
August 25 tuths6* Chairman Committee.

DELTA LODGE OF PERFECTION, No. 1.

AN EXTRA COMMUNICATION WILL BE HELD *This Evening*, at Eight o'clock. Candidates for the Twelfth and Thirteenth Degrees will be punctual.

By order of C. E. CHICHESTER, T. P. G. M.

E. E. BEDFORD, Secretary pro tem.

August 25 1

Insurance.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY
OF
LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS OF POUNDS STERLING, AND LARGE RESERVE FUND.

Fire Risks taken on Buildings, Produce, Merchandise, &c.

Losses promptly adjusted here, without reference to England, in Sterling or currency, at the option of the assured.

W. C. BEE & CO., Agents,
February 22 stuth6mo Adger's North Wharf.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY OF LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1803.

Cash Capital Paid Up and Invested over $8,000,000 Gold.

U. S. Branch Office, No. 40 Pine-street.

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Risks taken as low as in other first-class Companies, and Losses adjusted and paid here.

Policies issued, payable in gold or currency, by

A. L. TOBIAS, No. 109 East Bay,
June 20 stuth3mo Agent for Charleston, S. C.

FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE AGENCY.

S. Y. TUPPER,

IN PLANTERS' AND MECHANICS' BANK BUILDING,
No. 133 EAST BAY.

RISKS TAKEN IN THE FOLLOWING WELL KNOWN COMPANIES:

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
Cash Capital and Assets.....$1,613,076
SECURITY INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK,
Cash Capital and Assets.....$1,477,677
INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE CO., NEW YORK,
Cash Capital and Assets.....$1,128,012
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