THE DAILY NEWS.

☞ LARGEST CIRCULATION.—THE DAILY NEWS BEING THE NEWSPAPER OFFICIALLY RECOGNIZED AS HAVING THE LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE CITY OF CHARLESTON, PUBLISHES THE LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE POSTOFFICE AT THE END OF EACH WEEK, ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE NEW POSTOFFICE LAW.

LOCAL MATTERS.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

CAMPBELL, KNOX & Co. will sell at 10 o'clock, at No. 127 Meeting-street, contents of a barroom.

MILES DRAKE will sell at 10 o'clock, at his store, corner King and Liberty streets, dry goods, clothing, &c.

McKAY & CAMPBELL will sell at 10 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 136 Meeting-street, furniture, matresses, &c.; and at 12 o'clock, at foot of Hasel-street, a batteau boat and sails.

THE DAILY NEWS PRICE CURRENT AND COMMERCIAL CIRCULAR will be ready for delivery at our counting room at nine o'clock this morning.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Wm. Boag, formerly of this city, died in Newberry on the 9th instant, from the effects of sunstroke. He leaves a wife and child.

LADIES' MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION.—Attention is directed to the call for a special meeting of this association, to be held at the Depository in Chalmers-street this afternoon. A full attendance is desired.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN WARD No. 2.—Attention is directed to a meeting of the Democrats of Ward No. 2, called for to-night, at the Hibernian Hall. A full attendance is particularly requested.

GENERAL BURTON.—This officer, lately in command of the post of Columbia, has returned to Richmond, Va., after a few weeks' absence in Pennsylvania. He now assumes command of the 5th Regiment United States Artillery, of which he is colonel.

STEELE'S "HONG KONG" HATS.—We have seen cupalos on the top of houses, and piazzas around dwellings, and we have heard the song "All around my Hat," but the "Hong Kong" beat all. They are so ugly that Steele has named them men's "Waterfalls."

DEATH OF A CHARLESTONIAN IN NEW YORK BY SUNSTROKE.—Mr. John Hogan, an old resident, left Charleston a few days since on a visit to the North. While in New York during the present heated term he fell a victim to a sunstroke, and the telegraph on Wednesday advised his family of his sudden demise.

LOWANDE'S CIRCUS.—This entertainment was well attended last night, the report that a man would "walk on the ceiling like a fly" having proved a powerful attraction. The circus is the only amusement in the city at present, and the proprietors are making every effort to please. There will be new and varied attractions offered each night during the stay.

TRANSMOGRIFIED.—The Columbia correspondent of the New York Times, who writes under the name of Boise, says a certain debate brought out the most decided opposition "from J. J. Wright, B. F. Randolph and C. P. Leslie (all colored)." Leslie was believed to be a white man a fortnight ago, and must have been transmogrified corporally in Columbia as he was mentally in Charleston.

THE CROPS IN FLORIDA.—We are permitted to publish the following extract from a private letter received in this city yesterday:

Madison, Fla., July 13, 1868.—We are having very unfavorable weather for cotton.—gluts of rain every day, coming too late to do the corn much good, are seriously injuring the cotton. I hear of considerable complaints of the cotton "scalding" and shedding its fruit. This, however, I believe is not yet general.

THE EX-ATTORNEY-GENERAL.—The Hon. I. W. Hayne having been relieved from his official duties as Attorney-General of South Carolina, a position which he has filled acceptably to the people for many years, announces in today's paper that, in connection with his son, Isaac Hayne, Esq., he is prepared to transact all legal business appertaining to the South Carolina Courts. Mr. Hayne's legal attainments are too well known to need comment or praise, and it is a matter for congratulation that the bar of Charleston is to retain such a bright and shining light.

AN AFFRAY IN WALTERBORO'.—We understand that a personal difficulty of a serious nature having arisen between Messrs. W. H. Bellinger and Clarence Fishburne, residents of Colleton District, they met for the first time in the streets of Walterboro' on Monday last. Fishburne approached Bellinger in a hostile manner, which the latter observing, drew his pistol and fired the first shot, wounding Fishburne in the neck, but not seriously. They then approached each other, both firing. Fishburne was struck twice in the knee, the second shot being considered serious. Bellinger was struck near the collar bone. The ball ranged down, and had not been discovered at the latest advices. Both of the combatants are seriously wounded, and it was feared that Fishburne might loose his leg. The origin of the difficulty is not known.

REAL ESTATE SALES.—Messrs. Leitch & Bruns sold yesterday two lots of land, containing one acre each, on the King-street road, opposite Noisette's farm, for $805; one-half cash, balance in one year.

A one-story wooden house and outbuildings, on Smith-street, known as No. 91, for $800; one-half cash, balance in one year.

A blacksmith and wheelwright shop and residence, in Calhoun-street, known as No. 90, opposite Zion Church, the lot measuring twenty-five by one hundred and fifteen feet, for $930; one-half cash, balance in one year.

Messrs. Leitch & Bruns also sold for James W. Gray, Master in Equity, a lot of land and buildings on south side of St. Philip-street, the lot measuring twenty-six feet six inches front by one hundred and one feet deep, for $1725; one-fourth cash, the balance in one, two and three years.

THE PEABODY FUND.—Dr. Sears, the agent, has, since he was appointed, visited ten of the Southern States. The plan which he adopts is to visit the city government of the various cities, and communicate to them his mission; and if they establish the system of free schools, he offers from his fund to bear a portion of the burden for the current year, generally about two-fifths of the amount required for instruction. In seven of the States free schools have thus been established in the principal cities, and the plan has everywhere met with the earnest co-operation and sympathy of the intelligent portion of the Southern people. In only one place has Dr. Sears met with a decided rebuff, and in that place the city authorities—the majority of whom were bachelors—thought that every man ought to educate his own children. The provisions of the fund do not extend to Maryland, Kentucky, Missouri and Texas. Attention has thus far been given only to the largest towns and cities, and it has generally been found that only about one-third of the white children in those places were attending schools—generally from the wealthier families—in private schools at great expense, and that in the same places about two-thirds of the colored children were in some way provided with means of education and were actually at schools.

THE THERMOMETER.—Yesterday the mercury did not go out of sight, but it did go up to the vicinity of one hundred degrees. In THE DAILY NEWS office, at 9 A. M., the thermometer stood at eighty-seven; at 11 A. M., at ninety-three, and at 12 M., at ninety-five. In the sun the thermometer stood for some time at ninety-nine, and for a little while at over one hundred.

A HORSE SUN-STRUCK.—One of the dray horses on East Bay fell under the effects of the extreme heat yesterday morning. In the present dearth of business these animals are forced to stand several hours under the burning rays of the sun, and it is no wonder that the overtasked beasts sometimes succumb. A large number of the draymen have, however, learnt that "a merciful man is merciful to his beast," and have placed damp sponges on their horses' heads, which will in a great measure destroy the effects of the heat.

ORDINATION.—Mr. Everett C. Edgerton, a son of Mr. E. W. Edgerton, was ordained a priest of the Protestant Episcopal Church, at Camden, on Sunday last, by the Right Rev. Bishop Davis. Holy orders were conferred on Mr. Davis, a son of the Bishop, at the same time and place. Mr. Edgerton is the son of an old citizen, and bears a high character as a man and a Christian. He was an officer in Colonel Butler's First Regiment South Carolina Infantry (regulars) during the war, and his brother officers will be pleased to learn of his accession to the ministry. We understand that, for the present, Mr. Edgerton will assist the Rev. A. T. Porter, of the Church of the Holy Communion.

DEATH IN THE GUARDHOUSE.—Francis Wisnansky, who was brought to the Guardhouse on Wednesday night in an insensible condition from liquor, died in that place a few hours later. It appears that Wisnansky had been employed for some time as a watchman on the government wharves, but had been discharged on account of his dissipated habits. He had been on a prolonged spree at his boarding-house, in Tradd-street, but was taken from there to the hospital by some friends. They were unable to carry him the whole distance and left him at the Guardhouse. Dr. Frost was called in and every attention paid him, but to no avail. The coroner was notified, and an inquest being held a verdict of death from intemperance was rendered.

AROUND TOWN.—Although the heat is at present too oppressive to permit any but the most circumscribed walks, yet those who can raise the requisite amount of energy to make a tour of the city, would be surprised to note the various improvements now in progress. It was long the opinion that building should be confined to the winter season when the rays of the sun were harmless, but this idea has evidently been discarded, as the work still goes bravely on. The different improvements and building operations have been frequently mentioned, but a city tourist who is able to compare the past with the present, will certainly exclaim that the half has not been told. Charleston is slowly, though surely, recovering from her prostrate condition, and there is no better sign of progress than the new buildings now in course of erection. Since the war, the Battery, City Square, Mall and streets have been subjected to a thorough overhauling, and now approximate closely to their ante-bellum condition. Throughout the city the same improvements are noticed, and if only the "good times" come Charleston may soon shake off her sackcloth and ashes, and take again the front rank among the commercial cities of the Union. With good railroad facilities, a fine harbor, and every inducement to win trade, this great desideratum may not be far distant.

UNITED STATES COURT—THURSDAY, JULY 16—HON. GEORGE S. BRYAN, PRESIDING.—*In the District Court.*—Ex parte Jas. C. Lites, et Abbeville. Petition for final discharge. T. C. Perrin, pro pet. On motion of George D. Bryan, Esq., it was ordered, that hearing be had before W. J. Clawson, Esq.

Ex parte George S. Patterson. A similar petion. The same order granted.

Ex parte John T. Peterson, assignee, in re John T. Aull. Petition to sell property of bankrupt. S. Fair, pro pet. Ex parte Joseph Caldwell, in re Thos. B. Kennedy. Same petition. On motion of G. D. Bryan, Esq., appearing for S. Fair, Esq., the petitions were granted.

J. N. Martin was appointed assignee for Jordan P. Pool.

In re Thomas E. Fountain, a bankrupt. On motion of Messrs. Porter & Conner, for creditors, the Judge signed a warrant of seizure, &c., the Marshal to seize within five days.

Ex parte Morris Seligman, in re William H. Cuthbert. On motion of McCrady & Son, it was ordered that the case be referred to R. B. Carpenter, Esq., to report on the same.

In Admiralty—The British ship Sedbergh vs. John Ferguson and others. Arrested in custody under warrant. On motion of B. J. Whaley, for the Sedbergh, it was ordered that the ship Sedbergh be removed from her present place of mooring and placed where she can float at all times of tide, and report the change of location to the Court.

The Sedbergh ads. J. Ferguson et al. Libels for salvage. The Court resumed the consideration of this case, and the testimony was heard to the rising of the Court.

SUFFERING AT THE SOUTH.—We have been permitted, says the Baltimore Gazette, to take the following extract from a private letter received in this city. It speaks for itself, and needs no comment:

Dear ——: I have sometimes seen (and in one of your papers) the remark made, how little lasting good has been done by all the money that has been sent to the South, and there was nothing to show for it. Why, what can such remarks mean? Do you call saving people from starvation nothing? Is it nothing to save life, to restore hope, to remove suffering, to lift up him that is weary and ready to perish, to put heart once more into the hopeless, to give strength to the feeble and to see smiles once more upon the face of old age? Oh! the one who says this does not know what want and suffering and starvation mean; he has never felt the pangs of hunger, or seen the child and the aged die for food. What sort of tangible proof of this can be given? I know not; but I know this, God notes every deed of kindness and all is marked by his eye, and I firmly believe a blessing will rest upon your city and the ladies of Baltimore for all they have done for the South. "It is more blessed to give than to receive," will be verified in her. Words cannot tell what I feel, but I know many tears were shed over those boxes (which God knows, were grateful), for all those valuable gifts. Your tea will taste as no tea ever tasted before. I can only say, but for what has been sent from you and through you, we would all have been in a state of starvation. God knows; God records! Not even a cup of cold water given in secret will fail to the ground; and may God's blessing rest on those who have done so much for the South; their record is on High.

HOTEL ARRIVALS, July 16.—*Charleston Hotel.*—Captain John M. Jones, city; M. Menke, Atlanta; D. B. Clayton, Columbia; W. A. Nerland, Barnwell; J. W. J. Billings, Salisbury, N. C.; H. R. Fich, wife and child, United States Army.

Pavilion Hotel.—W. D. Riggs, Oakley, S. C.; J. W. Hamlet, Mount Holly, S. C.; G. W. Bridges, Effingham, S. C.; William D. Waters and lady, St. Helena, S. C.

HOW TO KEEP COOL.—A correspondent furnishes the London Times with the following hints, which will be found pertinent to our own climate: In these hot days a cool apartment is a real luxury, a luxury to be had far oftener than most suppose possible. The secret consists, not in letting in cool air, for naturally all do that whenever they have the chance, but in keeping out hot air. If the air outside a room or house be cooler than the air inside, let it in by all means; but if it be hotter carefully keep it out. A staircase window left open during the night will often cool the passages of a house, and the rooms, too, if their doors be not shut; but it must be closed at eight or nine o'clock in the morning, or, if on the sunny side, at four or five o'clock, and the blinds drawn down. The mistake people generally make is to throw open their windows at all hours of the day, no matter whether the atmosphere outside be cool or scorching. "Let us have some air," they say, and in comes the treacherous breeze—for even hot air is pleasant while it is gently blowing, taking away perspiration and thereby cooling the skin; but the apartment is made warmer, instead of cooler, and as soon as they move out of the draught they find their room to be more uncomfortable than before. Let in cool air, keep out hot; that is the only formula to insure the minimum of discomfort. Sitting-rooms may generally be kept cool during the whole day if the doors be only opened for ingress and egress, and the windows be kept closed and shielded from direct sunshine by a blind. If the atmosphere of a room be impure from any cause, let it be renewed; hot air is less injurious than bad air. If a room be small in comparison with the number of persons engaged in it, free ventilation becomes indispensable. In cooking apartments the temperature will probably be higher than outside, hence the free admission even of hot air will be desirable. If persons do not object to sit in a direct draught of air, windows and doors may be opened, a breeze being more refreshing, even though several degrees warmer than still air; but under nearly all other circumstances rooms should be kept closed as much as possible till after sundown, or till the air outside is cooler than that inside. Let in cool air, keep out hot.

MRS. POTTER.—The following extract from the proceedings of the United States Senate on Tuesday night will be interesting, at least to Mrs. Potter:

Mr. Howe called up the bill appropriating $20,000 for Mrs. L. T. Potter, of Charleston, South Carolina, for services rendered by her to the Union cause during the rebellion and attending to the Union prisoners.

Mr. Stewart objected to the passage of such a bill as this without a quorum was present.

Mr. Harlan called for the reading of the report in the case, from which it appeared that Mrs. Potter had spent of her own fortune over $40,000 in ministering to the sick and wounded Union prisoners.

Mr. Harlan desired to call attention to this class of claims. It was true that this was only the second one so far, but there were a thousand such cases. He had thought that the reward which our noble women received for their attention to our brave men was laid up in a higher place. If the nation was to pay for all the charity that was bestowed upon our soldiers during the war, where would it stop? There were numerous cases in this city where the wives, daughters and sisters of senators and members of Congress had poured forth their means with just as lavish a hand as this lady. He knew it was an ungracious task to oppose such bills as this, but deemed it his duty to call the attention of the Senate to what they were doing.

The bill was then passed.

WARM.—The New York Tribune, a journal which loves hot water and not weather, speaks as follows of New York on Monday last:

The heat yesterday was excessive, the day was hotter, in fact, than any we have had this year. New York was simply one vast sweltering mass of humanity, crying out everywhere for fresh air and being unable to get it. Nearly every one down town and on Broadway carried a large palm-leaf fan, and the time of each pedestrian was equally divided between fanning with one hand and wiping his perspiring brow with the other. Old residents say that it was the hottest 13th of July that has been experienced in ten years. The thermometer in various shady places throughout the city marked 100 degrees. Soda water dealers drove a flourishing trade, and in the fashionable saloons iced drinks were in constant demand. There were some cases of sunstroke, though not so many as, judging from the intensity of the heat, might have been expected. The promenaders on Broadway were not out in as full force as usual. Dealers in summer clothing did a business far beyond the ordinary rule. In some cases workmen, engaged in out-door avocations, especially in the building trades, were compelled to cease from labor, the state of the weather being such as to render constant exposure thereto absolutely dangerous to life. No 13th of July for ten years has been so hot as yesterday was. The following table, showing the range of the thermometer, has been accurately compiled. The figures refer to July 13 of each year: 1868, 7 a. m. 80, 12 m. 92 3 p. m. 95; 1867, 7 a. m. 61, 12 m. 76, 3 p. m. 76; 1866, 7 a. m. 73, 12 m. 91, 3 p. m. 93; 1865, 7 a. m. 72; 12 m. 85, 3 p. m. 83; 1864, 7 a. m. 74, 12 m. 83, 3 p. m. 84; 1863, 7 a. m. 73, 12 m. 80, 3 p. m. 77; 1862, 7 a. m. 68, 12 m. 87, 3 p. m. 89; 1861, 7 a. m. 67, 12 m. 78, 3 p. m. 77; 1860, 7 a. m. 79, 12 m. 77, 3 p. m. 77; 1859, 7 a. m. 78, 12 m. 90, 3 p. m. 90½.

One needed, in fact, to be a salamander, to go through yesterday at all. During one portion of the day the sunny side of Broadway was almost completely deserted; only those whose business imperatively demanded their presence there venturing to brave the heat which was necessarily encountered there. Not only did the solar rays pour down with unremitting power, but the pavements were heated to a degree almost unbearable, and all who ventured out were in a condition almost as comfortable as one might be supposed to be who walks on the flooring of a large baker's oven in full operation. Not a breath of air was stirring, and at last people generally made up their minds to sweat and swelter through the day, fully confident that complaint against the weather would not mark do on the temperature in the slightest degree. The general desire, as night closed in, was that there might be a cooling shower.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

H. H.

If you want cheap Blank Books;

If you want cheap Stationery, Envelopes, Paper, &c.; or Miller's Almanac;

If you want Printing executed neatly;

If you want Books bound in any style, or Account Books made to order, with any desired pattern of ruling, go to Hiram Harris, Agent, No. 59 Broad-street.

CHOICE GREEN AND BLACK TEAS, one dollar per pound, at Wilson's grocery, northwest corner Society and Anson streets. Goods delivered free.

DELAY NO LONGER in procuring an improved kerosene stove, if you would save expense and do all your cooking without heating the house in summer. No servant required. All the ladies are using them. They can be had at J. B. Duval & Son, No. 337 King-street. [Advt

JUST RECEIVED BY

E. H. KELLERS & CO.,

Druggists,

No. 131 *MEETING-STREET,*

VICHY GRANDE GRILLE

AND

KISSINGEN BITTER WATER,

In Original Packages.

April 30

☞ P. H. H.—ARE SYNONYMOUS WITH Health, Strength and Vigor. The secret will be revealed by investing in a bottle of PANKNIN'S HEPATIC BITTERS. For sale by all Druggists. w

Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

LOOK AT THE PRICES!

LOOK AT THE PRICES TO WHICH WE HAVE MARKED OUR STOCK OF LIGHT WOOLLENS AND LINENS MADE FOR THIS SEASON'S TRADE, AND SEE WITH HOW LITTLE MONEY YOU CAN PURCHASE A COOL AND COMFORTABLE SUIT MADE IN THE BEST MANNER.

FINE MIXED CASSIMERE SUIT—SACK, PANTS AND VEST	$ 16 00
SCOTCH CASSIMERE SUIT—SACK, PANTS AND VEST	17 00
FINE DARK MIXED CASSIMERE SUIT—SACK, PANTS AND VEST	18 00
FINE INDIGO BLUE FLANNEL SUIT—SACK, PANTS AND VEST	19 00
SILK MIXED CASSIMERE SUIT—SACK, PANTS AND VEST	20 00
BLACK DRETE SUIT—SACK, PANTS AND VEST	15 00
BLACK TRICOT SACK	10 00
LIGHT FRENCH FLANNEL SACK	4 00
BLACK ALPACA SACKS	2 50 to 5 00
LOT OF FANCY CASSIMERE SACKS—formerly sold at $9 00 to $12 00—now	7 00
LOT OF MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE SACKS	6 00
FANCY CASSIMERE PANTS	5 00
GREY FLANNEL PANTS AND VESTS	4 00
GREY FLANNEL SACK AND PANTS	6 50
COTTONADE SUITS—SACK AND PANTS	$3 50 to $6 00
WHITE DUCK SUITS—SACK, PANTS AND VEST	10 00
HEAVY WHITE DUCK SUIT—SACK, PANTS AND VEST	15 00
BROWN DUCK AND LINEN SACKS	2 00 to 5 00
BROWN DUCK AND LINEN PANTS	1 00 to 4 00
BROWN DUCK AND LINEN VESTS	1 00 to 2 50
WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS	2 50 to 5 00

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

SILK AND GAUZE MERINO UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, LINEN, MUSLIN AND JEAN DRAWERS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, TIES, SCARFS, BOWS, COLLARS, &c., &c.

WHITE SHIRTS at $2 00, $2 50 and $3 00.

☞ ONE PRICE. ☜

MACULLAR, WILLIAMS & PARKER,

No. 270 KING,

CORNER OF HASEL-STREET,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

June 26

Baltimore Advertisements.

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

GOLD MEDAL FOR 1868 HAS JUST BEEN AWARDED TO CHAS. M. STIEFF FOR THE BEST PIANOS NOW MADE, OVER BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK PIANOS.

OFFICE AND WAREROOM, No. 7 N. LIBERTY-STREET, ABOVE BALTIMORE-STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

STIEFF'S PIANOS HAVE ALL THE LATEST improvement, including the Agraffe treble, ivory fronts, and the improved French Action, fully warranted for five years, with privilege of exchange within twelve months if not entirely satisfactory to purchaser. Second-handed Pianos and Parlor Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

REFEREES WHO HAVE OUR PIANOS IN USE:
General Robert F. Lee, Lexington, Va.
General Robert Ransom, Wilmington, N. C.
Bishop Wilmer, New Orleans, La.
Messrs. R. Burwell & Sons, Charlotte, N. C.
Max Strakosch, Italian Opera.
Messrs. Pierson & Sons, Sumter, S. C.
Charles Spencer, Charleston, S. C.

April 22 6mos

WM. KNABE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PIANO FORTES,

BALTIMORE, MD.

April 20 6mo

F. H. GRUPY & CO.,

DEALERS IN

LEATHER, HIDES AND OIL,

No. 42 SOUTH CALVERT-STREET, Baltimore.

F. H. GRUPY.....H. G. CURTAI

April 20 6mos

E. AUSTIN JENKINS. ALFRED JENKINS, JR. ROBERT H. JENKINS.

EDW. JENKINS & SONS.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

SADDLERY AND COACH MATERIALS,

NO. 159 BALTIMORE-STREET.

April 22 6mos Baltimore M

GEORGE R. GAITHER, JR., & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 4 Camden-street, Baltimore.

Liberal cash advances on consignments.

June 23

NUMSEN, CARROLL & CO.

PRESERVERS, PICKLERS, OYSTER PACKERS, &c

No. 18 Light-street, Baltimore,

Joint Proprietors and Sole Agents for BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK,

Prepared by the Baltimore Condensed Milk Company

April 22 6mos

JAMES KNOX.....JOHN GILL

KNOX & GILL,

COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 123 SMITH'S WHARF, BALTIMORE.

Consignments of COTTON, RICE, &c., respectfully solicited, and liberal advances made thereon. Orders for CORN and BACON promptly executed with care and attention.

April 27 12mos*

WM. J. RIEMAN.....HENRY RIEMAN, JR.

WM. J. RIEMAN & SON,

PACKING HOUSE, TERRE-HAUTE, INDIANA,

PROVISION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 371 *W. BALTIMORE-STREET*

(Opposite Eutaw House), Baltimore,

Offer for sale full assortment of BACON, PORK and LARD; also the celebrated ORANGE BRAND HAM cured by themselves. 3mos* April 11

Hepatic Bitters.

WHY ENDURE

A LIVING DEATH.

The confirmed dyspeptic may almost say with St. Peter, "I die daily." The article is not to remind him of his pangs, but to show him how to banish them forever. The means of immediate and permanent relief are proffered him in

PANKNIN'S

HEPATIC BITTERS.

And it is for him to say whether he will continue to endure a living death, or put himself in a position to render life enjoyable.

LIVING ADVERTISEMENTS

Of the efficacy of this matchless vegetable stomachic are to be found in every city and town in the south; healthy men and women, rescued from torture by its use, and eager to bear testimony to its virtues. It differs from any other Bitters in existence in this especial particular—it is not alcoholic.

EXCHANGE PAIN FOR EASE,

And Weakness for Strength. Get rid of the ailments which interfere with enjoyment; cast gloom and despondency to the winds; take a stronger hold of life—and, in short, become a

NEW MAN,

Through the instrumentality of the most powerful and popular of all vegetable invigorants and correctives.

PANKNIN'S HEPATIC BITTERS.

Biliousness, Indigestion, General Debility, and all the complaints which proceed from a want of proper action in the liver, the stomach and the bowels, are eradicated by a course of this great

CONSTITUTIONAL SPECIFIC,

Which not only combats and conquers diseases that have entrenched themselves in the system, but is the best known safeguard against all unhealthy influences. Persons whose occupations and pursuits subject them to the depressing effects of a close, unwholesome atmosphere, should take it regularly as a protection against the low fevers and other disorders which malaria engenders. Individuals who are

WASTING AWAY,

Without any special complaint, except a gradual declination of bodily strength and nervous energy, will find in the BITTERS A FOUNTAIN OF VITALITY AND VIGOR, AS REFRESHING AND EXHILIRATING AS A POOL IN THE DESERT TO THE SAND-SCORCHED AND FAINTING TRAVELLERS.

PANKNIN'S HEPATIC BITTERS

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, Extracts) of Roots, Herbs and Barks, making a preparation highly concentrated and entirely free from alcoholic admixture of any kind. They will be found

AN UNFAILING CURE

For Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach,

Such as Consumption, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the pit of the stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits.

Keep your Liver in order—keep your digestive organs in a healthy condition, and no disease by the use of these remedies, will ever assail you.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of these Bitters.

INVALIDS

Recovering from any severe attack of sickness, will find these Bitters peculiarly useful in restoring lost strength, by removing the cause of debility and increasing the appetite. They should take a teaspoonful three times a day, mixed with a little water.

The Hepatic Bitters are also recommended to those suffering with Chills and Fevers, which it can be taken in connection with other remedies prescribed for such complaints, and will assist the action of these medicines, supplying the system with the much needed strength lost under the debilitating effects of malaria upon the constitution. The dose in such cases, for a grown person, would be a tablespoonful three times a day, immediately before meals.

Dyspeptics should never be without a bottle of HEPATIC BITTERS, as they have been uniformly found to restore the stomach to its lost energies, and thus lead the patient back to the enjoyment of the blessing of perfect health. They should take a dessertspoonful three times a day, an hour before each meal. These Bitters are also recommended to physicians, and can be used by them in lieu of other tonics, such as Quinine, Columbo, Quassia, Bark, Iron, Gentian, and all the various analogues of bitter tonics; far excelling them in its action upon the system, being a combination of many useful tonics and aromatic carminatives, which are rendered aperient by the addition of a little Turkey Rhubarb, making a preparation long needed by the profession.

CAUTION!

See that the signature C. F. PANKNIN is on the label of each bottle. All others are counterfeits. Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 123 MEETING-STREET, CHARLESTON, S. C.

C. F. PANKNIN, Proprietor.

HEGEMAN & CO., No. 203 Broadway, N. Y., General Agents.

PRICES:

Pankinin's Hepatic Bitters, per bottle.....$1 00
Pankinin's Hepatic Bitters, half dozen..... 5 00

☞ Do not forget to examine well the article you buy in order to get the genuine.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINES EVERYWHERE.

July 3

Rosadalis.

ROSADALIS.

THE GREAT

AMERICAN HEALTH RESTORER!

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER IN THE WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT

OF

ROSADALIS.

A Safe and Certain Cure (and the only one yet discovered) for

SCROFULA IN ITS VARIOUS FORMS,

SUCH AS

Consumption in its early stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Kidneys and Uterus, Chronic Rheumatism, Eruptions of the Skin, Chronic Sore Eyes, &c.

ALSO,

SYPHILIS

IN ALL ITS VARIOUS FORMS.

DISEASES OF WOMEN,

Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, Liver Complaint Pain in the Back, Imprudence in Life, Gravel, GENERAL ILL HEALTH, and all diseases of the

BLOOD, LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

It thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

THE ROSADALIS

is not a secret medicine. The articles from which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and recommended by the Medical Faculty, wherever it has been introduced, as a POSITIVE and RELIABLE Medicine for Diseases of the BLOOD, LIVER and KIDNEYS.

☞ Used and endorsed by the leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

The following, among many hundreds of our best citizens, testify to its wondrous efficacy:

CERTIFICATES FROM PHYSICIANS.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 4th, 1868.

I believe Dr. Lawrence's "ROSADALIS" to be the BEST ALTERATIVE IN USE, and, therefore, cheerfully recommend it as such.

THOS. J. POYKIN, M. D.

BALTIMORE, February 17th, 1863.

Dr. J. J. Lawrence:

DEAR SIR:—I take pleasure in recommending your ROSADALIS as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine; the other a case of scrofula, of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made, and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.

Yours truly, R. W. CARR, M. D.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and reliable Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MORE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.,
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. G. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WODDARD, M. D.,
W. T. BREWER, M. D.,
W. J. BULLOCK, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS,
Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

January 11th, 1868.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE WORST CASES OF SCROFULA.

READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND DESPAIR NOT.

WILSON COUNTY, September 10, 1867.

Dr. J. J. Lawrence:

DEAR SIR—My youngest daughter, aged five years, has been dreadfully afflicted with scrofula nearly all her life. I tried a great many physicians, but without relieving her much; in fact, most of them said there was no hope or cure. During the last spring she was worse than ever, her body and limbs being covered with sores and blotches—with face and eyes badly ulcerated and swollen. Whilst in this condition I was advised by Dr. L. A. Smith to try your Rosadalis. I at once procured three bottles, and commenced giving it to her. The effect was magical. In less than a month, to my great astonishment, she was entirely well.

I am sir, yours,
With much respect and gratitude,
W. W. BURNETT.

ROSADALIS IS A POTENT REMEDY IN ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

FROM G. W. BLOUNT, ESQ., ATTORNEY AT LAW, WILSON, N. C.

I have been cured of chronic inflammation of the Ear and Partial Deafness, of ten years' standing, by Rosadalis. GEO. W. BLOUNT.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE VERY WORST CASES OF CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., February 8, 1868.

Captain J. H. Baker:

DEAR SIR—This is to certify that I have been afflicted with Rheumatism for the last five or six years, many times unable to move. I tried all medicines recommended to me for the disease, without receiving any benefit. Having heard "Rosadalis" highly spoken of, I procured a bottle, and finding some relief, continued it until I am happy to say that I am completely well.

I not only consider the "Rosadalis" a sovereign remedy for Rheumatism but I believe it also a preventive, and cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted."

Yours, very truly, JAMES WEBB.

ROSADALIS CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES

WILSON, N. C., September 15, 1867.

Dr. Lawrence:

DEAR SIR—In 1862 my son, now aged five years, was vaccinated with what proved to be impure matter, which completely destroyed his health. He has been afflicted with an inveterate and extremely troublesome eruption of the skin, sometimes breaking out in sores, &c. Rosadalis was prescribed by my family physician, Dr. A. D. Moore. After taking it a few weeks my son became and remains entirely well.

Yours, truly, J. B. DANIEL.

CHRONIC LIVER COMPLAINT CURED.

This is to certify that I was cured of chronic Liver Complaint by Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, after having been confined to my bed and house for a long time, and trying various medicines without benefit.

I know of several others in this county cured through the use of Rosadalis, and it can be found in nearly every house in my neighborhood, and they all praise it as a great medicine.

THOMAS THORN.

Greene County, August 14, 1868.

WILSON, January 7, 1868.

I hereby certify that I have used Dr. Lawrence's justly celebrated Rosadalis in my family as a general Alterative and Tonic, with the most satisfactory results, and I therefore conscientiously recommend it to the public as a medicine of rare and genuine merit.

JAMES W. DAVIS,
Sheriff of Wilson County, N. C.

ROSADALIS.—This medicine has met with an unprecedented success in this community. Captain Baker, the polite and attentive agent for this city, informs us that it is next to impossible to supply the demand made for it; and that the medicine is effecting some wonderful cures, and giving great satisfaction to all who have used it.—"Norfolk (Va.) Daily Journal, November 29, 1867."

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE $1 50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold wholesale by all the principal Wholesale Druggists in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retailed by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered.

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SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS,

No. 244 Baltimore-street, Baltimore, Md.

For sale by

GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO.

AND

DOWIE & MOISE,

No. 169 Meeting-street, corner Hasel.

April 24 3mos

Auction Sales.

Barroom Fixtures, Liquors and Furniture.

CAMPBELL, KNOX & CO.

Will sell THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at 10 o'clock, on premises, No. 127 Meeting-street, opposite Market-street,

Bbls. WHISKEY, Brandy, Gin, Wines, &c., &c.

ALSO,

2 Large FRENCH PLATE MIRRORS, Counters, &c.

ALSO,

Two-null Rosewood BEER PUMP, Water Coolers, Decanters, Gas Fixtures, Pictures, Shelving, Partitions, Signs, Lamp, &c.

Conditions cash. July 17

McKAY & CAMPBELL,

No. 136 Meeting street.

Will sell THIS DAY, the 17th instant, at 10 o'clock, FURNITURE, MATRESSES, TOBACCO, AND SUNDRIES.

ALSO,

At twelve o'clock, will sell at the foot of Hasel-street, a fine BATTEAU BOAT with sails, measuring twenty feet by five.

Terms cash. July 16

Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Dry Goods and Hats.

BY MILES DRAKE.

THIS MORNING, at 10 o'