CHARLESTON, S. C., FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1868.

[EIGHTEEN CENTS A WEEK

## BY TELEGRAPH.

Our European Dispatches.

[BY ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.] GREAT GATHERING AT SPURGEON'S CHURCH-NEWS FROM JAPAN-INTERESTING DETAILS OF

THE FENIAN TRIALS. London, April 23 .- There was an immense meeting at Spurgeon's church, at which John Bright presided. Many distinguished persons spoke. Resolutions favoring the disendowment of the Irish Church were passed enthusiastically.

Later neas from Japan report that the country is in a state of anarchy. The natives of Osaca captured the French corvette Duplex, and compelled the foreign agents, except the

English, to lower their flags. Madrid, April 23 .- Prime Minister Narvaez

died this morning. LONDON, April 20.—The trial of the Fenian prisoners, Desmonds, English, O'Keefe, Barrett, and Ann Justice, who are accused of having caused the Clerkenwell explosion, came on this morning at the Old Bailey, in the Court of Queen's Bench, before Lord Chief-Justice Cockburn and Judge Bramwell. All the prisoners are to be tried together. The jury has been sworn, and the trial is (noon) proceeding. The court-room and the approaches thereto are densely crowded, and the throng manifest deep interest in the proceedings. Many policemen are in court to preserve order, and the authorities have taken other extraordinary precautions. Burke and his fellow prisoners are to be tried immediately on the conclusion of the trial now proceeding, probamurder had been committed upon the person at the Clerkenwell House of Detention; that | cal. this explosion was directly brought about by the prisoners at the bar, four of whom, the testimony would show, were members of a Fenian organization; that the said explosion woman Ann Justice; but that the prisoners Barrett and Murphy joined at a late date in the conspiracy; that a man named Falon, who had

bought the powder for the use of the conspirators. The Attorney-General continu- city is perfectly quiet and order reigns. ed: The execution of the plot was fixed for the 12th of December. Burke was to be warned of the lighting of the fuse lighted by Barrett himself, and the conspiraplosion which caused the murder for which they were now on trial. A short time before this event the woman Ann Justice was seen talking with the Desmonds, and she was arrested after the explosion, while flying from the scene in their company. The learned counsel concluded his speech by announcing that Vaughn and Mullaney, accomplices in the would give their testimony before the court; witnesses for the prosecution were then called. | the Union cause in Virginia. Formal testimony was taken as to the nature ne wounds received by the deceased. Mullaney was then called to the witness-box and sworn. He testified that all the male prisoners were regular members of the Fenian organization; that Barrett was a Fenian Centre; that

spector Thompson took the stand, and swore that the letter spoken of was from Burke, and sail, 3-16c. Gold 40. Sterling 104. contained details of the plan to effect his release. The court-room was crowded with spectators until the adjournment. Most intense interest is taken in the trial by the people, especially by the inhabitants of Clerkenwell. LONDON, April 23-Evening .- The bullion has decreased in the Bank of England £184,-000. Consols 931a931. Bonds 701.

he held frequent consultations with Murphy,

who was an active agent in the affair; that all

LIVERPOOL, April 23-Noon.-Cotton firmer and more actice; prices the same; sales 12,000 bales. Breadstuffs and provisions quiet.

AFTERNOON.—Cotton firmer and more active; sales 18,000 bales; uplands 124a127d.; Orleans 124a124. Turpentine declined.

Evening-Cotton closed buoyant, with a further advance; sales 18,000 bales; uplands on the spot 12]d.; afloat 12]d.; Orleans 12jd. Corn 38s. 9d. Lard active at 65s.

HAVRE, April 23 .- Cotton active and firmer;

tres ordinaire on the spot 151 francs; afloat 148

Our Washington Dispatches. PROCEEDINGS IN THE HIGH COURT OF IMPEACH

MENT-BOUTWELL CONCLUDES HIS ARGUMENT

AND NELSON SPEAKS IN REPLY. WASHINGTON, April 23 .- The High Court reassembled at eleven A. M., and Mr. Boutwell concluded his speech. Thomas A. R. Nelson, of counsel for the President, then made an extempore argument. He alluded to the magnitude of the occasion, and feared a lack of managers charged Johnson with an evil follows: nature and wickedness, and have characterized him as everything, from a political criminal to a common scold. Nelson gave the President's biography in refutation of these aspersions. He felt that he was not adconviction a foregone conclusion, humble as he cited the resolutions offered by the President and adopted by Congress immediately after the Bull Run disaster, declaring the purposes of the war, which ordinance was still unrepealed. To these resolutions Johnson was faithful. Lincoln's policy after Lee's surrender was based upon those resolutions, which Johnson had faithfully carried out. Congress claimed power in the reconstruction acts by implication. The President had a right to his own opinion, and honesty and integrity of molive must be presumed in such a case. Nelson claimed that Congress had justified the President's policy in the primary recognition of Virginia. He also argued the judicial character of the Senate, and denounced the claims of the tinguished reader till he had passed from the managers that the Senate was a law unto itself, | room.]

and could convict on common fame, as dangerous to the country. In closing, he denounce as grossly improper, the managers' cry that the people demanded conviction, and that the public pulse beat fitfully while it was delayed. The court then adjourned.

> The Southern Elections. NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, April 23 .- The polls were closed at six o'clock. About 2250 ballots were cast, approximating very nearly to the whole number registered. There has been no count, and it will require over twenty-four hours, there being over 100,000 names. Wake County is supposed to have gone for the constitution by 500 majority. The majority against the constitution in Mecklenburg is 500; in Cleveland, 1000; Gaston, no figures; Roane, large, and Nash, 300. Both parties claim the majority, but the Conservatives are very confident of defeating the constitution and Holden. The Radicals claim Forsythe, Randolph and Chatham by large majorities.

GEORGIA SAVANNAH, April 23 .- The Conservatives are gaining to-day, and are buoyant and enthusiastic. The election passed off quietly. Every species of fraud has been practiced by the Radicals to exclude Conservative votes. The polls were closed at 6 P. M. precisely. The city vote is considered Conservative; the country vote Radical. Result doubtful.

Macon, April 23 .- 4499 votes were cast in this county-result doubtful. The Democrats claim 200 majority. Houston county is claimed Democratic by a small majority. Sumter is estimated to have gone Radical by 500 majority. bly on Friday next. The Attorney-General Twiggs has gone Radical. Monroe Democratic ned the case for the prosecution. He said | by 100 majority. Pike Democratic by 300 mathat he expected to prove that the crime of jority. The Democrats have carried Lee by a small majority; Baker by 250; Mitchell by 300, of a woman, one of the victims of the explosion and Wilcox by 300. Wilkinson has gone Radi-

Augusta, April 23 .-- The vote to-day amounted to 817; total for four days days 5257. Bullock's majority is fully 1000. The election closed in a row between the blacks and whites, was part of a plot to facilitate the escape of several were wounded, but none seriously. Burke, a Fenian leader, confined in the said The excitement is intense—subsequently a ne-House of Detention; that in the confusion pro- gro knocked a white lady down in the public duced by the explosion, Burke was to make streets, injuring her severely. This added to his escape; that a fund of money was raised at | the excitement, and fears were entertained a Fenian meeting in Holborn to provide for the of a general riot. Several shots were fired at expenses of the conspiracy; that all the prison- the freedman, but he escaped with a slight ers in the court were immediately concerned flesh wound. After the negro's arrest, the in the atrocious attempt, except, perhaps, the military charged through the streets, dispersing the crowd. After quiet was restored it was ascertained that the negro who assaulted the lady was suffering under a temporary fit of not yet been arrested, was known to have insanity. When this became known quiet was restored, and at this hour, ten o'clock, the

NEW ORGEANS, April 23 .- Complete returns show that the majority in this parish against outside by a ball, which was to be thrown over the constitution is but 208. One Democratic the wall into the prison-yard, where it was ex- and one Republican Congressman have been pected he would be taking exercise with the elected in this district. Conway, Democratic, other prisoners. But the attempt failed on has been elected Mayor, and there is a Demothat day. On the following day the fuse was cratic majority in both Boards. Returns from the country parishes place the constitution tors succeeded in producing the unfortunate ex- ahead nearly 3000 in twenty-two parishes. The Crescent concedes the ratification and consequent election of the Radical State ticket by 7000 to 10,000. The Republican claims 25,000.

A Sweet Squabble in Virginia. RICHMOND, April 23 .- Ex-Governor Pierpont yesterday preferred charges to General Grant against General Schofield, charging him with crime, had become Queen's evidence, and setting aside laws of Virginia and of Congress, for the purpose of enabling ex-Confederates but he warned the jury against accepting their who could not take the oath to occupy valuaevidence as conclusive, unless sustained by the ble offices in the State, and further, that Schoother witnesses produced by the Crown. The field's appointments have tended to discourage

> The McGee Murder. OTTAWA, CANADA, April 23. saw McGee snot, identifies Whelan as the as-

Market Reports. New York, April 23-Noon.-Sterling 10;. Gold 40. Cotton firmer, at 313a32c. Freights

the prisoners at the bar were well acquainted dull. with the plot in all its details; and that Barrett Evenus. - Cotton &c better; sales 4600 bales. at 32c. Flour active, but unchanged. Wheat had boasted of being the man who fired the train. In the course of his testimony the active and unsettled. Corn, white Southern witness referred to an important letter, written \$1 14a1 15a; yellow \$1 24a1 26. Mess pork in invisible ink, and addressed to Murphy. In- \$27 874 for new, old \$27. Lard 174a184c. Groceries quiet, but firm. Turpentine 67a68c. that the said Murphy could not be found, but Rosin \$5 35a7. Freights firmer: on cotion, by

> BALTIMORE, April 23 .- Cotton firm at 31c. Flour steady and in fair demand. Wheat weak, prices unchanged. White corn \$1 12a1 14; yellow \$1 22. Oats weak. Rye firm. Mess pork \$28a28 50. Bacon active, ribbed sides 162; clear ribbed 17%; shoulders 14%. Lard active at

> WILMINGTON, April 23 .-- Turpentine advanced and firm at 66. Rosins firmer, No. 2 \$2 50; No. 1 \$4 30. Cotton quiet, middling 29. Tar in demand at \$2 50, an advance of 25c. CINCINNATI, April 23 .- Flour firm. Corn in light supply. Mess pork quiet. Lard 18. Bacon firm and quiet.

Augusta, April 23.-Cotton dull but firmer. Sales 105 bales. Receipts 75 bales. Middlings 801a31c.

MOBILE, April 28 .- Sales of cotton 900 bales. Middlings 31 c. Receipts 123 bales. Exports 4026 bales.

New OBLEANS, April 23 .- Cotton active. Sales 3000 bales. Receipts 2300 bales. Sterling 52a54. Sight exchange on New York 1 per cent. prem. Gold 414a41}. Sugar dull. Louisians prime, 151c.; Cuba good to fair, 121c. Molasses

Mr. DICKENS SAYS GOOD BYE .- Charles Dickens gave his last reading in America at Steinway Hall, New York, on Monday evening. It was a great success. At the close of the readability on his part properly to treat it. 'The ing, Mr. Dickens addressed the audience as

Ladies and Gentlemen! The shadow of one word has impended over me all this evening, and the time has come at last when the shadow must fall. It is but a very short one, but the weight of such things is not measured by their length; and two much shorter words express the whole realm of our human existence. aspersions. He felt that he was not addressing senators as politicians, but as judges who would rise above prejudice or party, and was confident that outside pressure would be indignantly repelled. If he believed conviction a foregone conclusion, humble as he would be indignantly repelled. It he believed conviction a foregone conclusion, humble as he was, he would scorn to address them. Nelson an atibit as would have satisfied even the elder an atibt as would have satisfied even the effer Mr. Weller himself. [Laughter.] The rela-tions that have been set up between us in this place—relations sustained on my side, at least, by the most carnest devotion of myself to my task; sustained by yourselves, on your side, by the readlest sympathy and kindliest acknowl-edgment—must now be broken forever. But I entreat you to believe that in passing from my sight you will not pass from my memory. I shall often, often recall you as I see you now, equally by my winter fire, and in the green, English summer weather. I shall never recall Lugush summer weather. I shall never recall you is a mere public audience, but rather as a host of personal friends, and ever with the greatest gratitude, tenderness and consideration. Ladies and gentlemen, I beg to bid you farewell. And I pray God bless you, and God bless the level is the level of the state of the level of the farewell. And I pray God bless you, and God bless the land in which I have met you. Great applause, the audence rising, and with waing hankerchiefs and loud voices cheering the disTHE STEAMSHIP MARYLAND.

HE NEW STEAMER OF THE BALTIMORE AND CHARLESTON LINE-HER ORIGIN AND HISTORY-TIES-HER COMMANDER AND OFFICERS--THE TRIAL TRIP-SHE SHOWS HER HEELS-INTER-ESTING INCIDENTS-HO! FOR CHARLESTON.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

BALTIMORE, MD., April 20. There are few of your Charleston reader who are not familiar with that spectre-like squadron of steamers, which, silently as shadows, and swift as the wind, were wont to steal into and out of the harbor, frequently under the very muzzles of hostile guns, daring all the perils of battle and storm to supply the wants of a blockaded people. Many there are who will recall to memory the comely shape of one of these "phantoms of the deep, the Coquette. "She still lives," and to-day I have had the pleasure of feeling her engines throb with the pulses of a new life, preparatory to her departure for Charleston, between which city and Baltimore she will henceforth ply, like an ocean shuttle, weaving the fabric of a common prosperity and trade.

When bought by her present owners, six weeks ago, the Coquette would scarcely have been recognized; she was in appearance little more than a mere battered hulk. With true Baltimore energy, however, she has since been overhauled and refitted in every part, and today there is not a more graceful, tidy and tautlooking ship that rests upon the bosom of the waters. Her name has likewise been changed, and hereafter the "Maryland," with the Sea Gull and Falcon, will constitute the trio of swift winged messengers whose design is to bring the Monumental City almost within hailing distance of our own.

Under the circumstances, a description of the vessel may not be devoid of interest. She was built in Renfrew, Scotland, in 1864, bought by the Confederate Government, and before the end of the war, was sold to private parties. Her length is two hundred and twenty feet; breadth of beam twenty-six feet; clear depth of hold thirteen feet; and mean draught, when loaded, nine feet.

The hull of the Maryland is of iron, well strengthened by lateral and diagonal bracing, and built in six compartments, either or all of which can be filled with water or emptied by pumps. Danger from fire or leakage is thus averted. The rig is that of a "barkentine," that is, square rigged on the foremast, and schooner rigged on the main and mizzen masts. The ordinary capacity of the ship is 1200 bales of cotton, but she has carried 1800 bales, of which 460 were on deck. Her speed is likewise very great. She has made fourteen knots, and with a small outlay of fuel, can easily make eleven. Her speed under canvas alone is nine knots. The ship is furnished with a double propeller and powerful English engines, that have no superior in the United States. The cylinders are forty-four inches in diameter, and have a four-foot stroke. There are two anchors, one of which is a Trotman's patent, a host in itself. Few American ships are supplied with it, but all English steamers are required to carry at least one. There is a double independent steering apparatus. In the pilot-house' is a patent indicator, showing what directions have been given by the engineer-whether to "go ahead," to "slow," or to "stop." In the engine room is a corresponding dial, and warning of a

change is given by the ringing of a bell. The quarters of the officers and crew are admirably arranged, there being abundant deck eccommodation, but the gem of the ship-that which, in addition to her sea-going qualities. will make her popular, especially among the ladies-is the cabin. The floor consists of alternate strips of walnut and ash, which, highly polished and oiled, produce a very handsome effect. The ceiling and sides of the apartment are painted white, ornamented with a delicate blue beading and an edging of gold. Lounges and seats of mahogany on every side invite one to attitudinize lazily; and the staterooms are as luxurious as the boudour of an ambitious bride. In brief, the Maryland is like a great yacht fitted up for a nabob and his pic-nic friends.

The following are the officers of the Maryland: Captain, E. C. Reed, (late of the Falcon), and one of the jolliest, bravest and best of fellows, who allowed his ship to be sunk, while running the blockade, rather than surrender; Chief Officer, R. E. N. Boggs; Second Officer, R. Reid. (both well known in Charleston: Chief Engineer, S. Chapman; Second Engineer, Mark Barclay; Third Engineer, George A. Dean; and Steward, Wm. Spiers.

THE TRIAL TRIP. After being thoroughly renovated and put in order, it was of course necessary to test the machinery. A trial trip was accordingly made to-day, and the presence on the occasion of many of the representative merchants, brokers, shippers and members of the press of Baltimore evinced the great interest felt by these noble people in all that pertains to the welfare of Charleston, as well as to their own prosperity as the great commercial city of the South. Leaving the dock at twelve o'clock, the Maryland ran down about twenty miles, Capt. Reed handling his ship superbly, and testing her capacity, under the circumstances, with the most satisfactory result. During a portion of the distance he permitted her to display somewhat of her ancient heels, and although not at full speed, eight miles glided away from our keel in a little less than thirty minutes. Sit in a railway car on any South Carolina railroad, and watch the mile posts going by so fast that they look like monuments in a graveyard, and you will have some idea of the lively time made by the Maryland.

During the trip a very handsome collation, embracing the delicacies of the season, and the usual liquid concomitants, was served up, much to the credit of Captain Reed and Chief Steward Spiers. A number of prominent gentlemen made speeches appropriate to the time and place, and for an hour or two, "all went merry as a marriage bell."

Mr. David Mordecai responded to a toas t to his firm: Captain Reed spoke for his s hip: another Mr. Reed for the Baltimore Press, and Mr. Robinson, of the firm of Lord & Robinson. Colonel Smoot and others, in general terms of the commercial interests involved in the effort to restore the prosperity of the South.

Take it all in all, the Itrip was a great success-creditable to Messrs. Mordecai & Co., the managing agents of the line (who are associated at the Charleston end with Messrs. Courtenay & Trenholm); creditable to the ship, and its officers; and creditable to the generous Baltimoreans who never do anything

You may look for the Maryland in two or hree days, and you will say when you see her that a handsomer specimen of a locomotive hotel has not been in Charleston harbor for lo! these many years.

POLITICS IN THE STATE.

ELECTION RETURNS-ANDERSON AND SPARTAN-BURG DEMOCRATIC-APATHY IN SUMTER-RADI-CAD SUCCESS IN NEWBERRY. ANDERSON.

The Anderson Intelligencer says of the election returns that the highest vote cast was on the ratification of the constitution, 1313 for, and 1375 against, making a total of 2688 votes, with a majority of sixty-two against the constitution.

Hon. W. D. Porter, for Governor, received 1400 votes, and Gen. R. K. Scott received 1285, making a majority for Porter of 115. The following delegation is elected to the

General Assembly:

General Assembly:
State Senate.—Dr. J. H. Ried, 1401. N. McAlister, 1273. Majority for Reid, 128.
House of Representatives.—John B. Moore, 1399; Dr. John Wilson, 1398; B. Frank Sloan, 1331. Average majority for the Democratic candidates, 100.
The registration returns up to the 31st of March show that there were 2046 white registered voters, against 1418 blacks—giving a majority of 628 for the whites. This does not include the lastrevision, which will add more than 100 to the white majority. From the best include the astrevision, when will add more than 100 to the white majority. From the best information we can obtain, the white vote in this election does not exceed 1500, while the colored vote must have reached 1200—showing that at least 600 whites did not go to the polls, and recent 1000 blacks retained from and scarcely 200 blacks refrained from exercising the right of suffrage.

NEWBERRY.

The Newberry Herald says:
The total number of votes cast in this district is 2864, of which 819 voted the Democratic ticket, and 2045 the double-fisted blue Radical. tricket, and 2045 the double-tisted blue Radical.
About 15 whites, it is said, gave in their allegiance to the Rads., at the town box, but that a much larger number of respectable colored people voted on the Democratic side. Republi-SUMTER.

prevailed in this district, not more than onethird of the registered voters turning out, The vote for the constitution was.....3448
Against the constitution......454

SPARTANBURG. The total Democratic vote in this district was 1958. Radical vote 1412.

The following are the votes for Senators and

Representatives:
For Senate—Joel Foster (Democrat), 1963;
A. P. Turner (Radical), 1877.
For the House—Samuel Littlejohn, 1953; R.
M. Smith, 1953; C. C. Turner, 1958; Javan Bryant, 1950 (Democrats). Enoch Cannon, 1344;
Coy Wingo (colored), 1254; Eliphus Mulligan (colored), 1274; Eliphus Rampley, 1249; Rice Foster (colored), 82 (Radicals). Representatives:

THE IMPEACHMENT CASE. WILL THE SENATE CONVICT ?

Forney's paper, the Washington Chronicle. which is the special mouthpiece of the extreme Radical faction, and is supposed to reflect, in a measure, the views of the impeachment managers, thus expresses itself concerning the final result of impeachment: "The articles will be voted on separately in open court, and the general result will be in nowise affected by a failure to sustain any single article, the sustaining of any single article being equally as effective as though all were sustained. It is order. believed that the question of conviction or acquittal will be finally decided by the middle of

The Baltimore Sun, having editorially ex pressed a grave doubt as to whether two-thirds of the Senate could so ignore reason and jus- ing Election. tice as to declare for a verdict of guilty, qualities its opinion by the following remarks:

It must be admitted, however, that the votes of the majority on Saturday overruling the de-cisions of the Chief Justice in regard to the admission of testimony, showing that the President had acted on the judgment of his Cabinet in connection with the Tenure-of-odice bill, were in flat contradiction to the rulings of Friday, and looked as if the majority feared that by those rulings they had let in too much, and that some secret influence had been at work to narrow the question to one of a twork to narrow the question to one of a constant of the leaves mere technical infraction of the law, and ex-clude altogether the vital element of intent. The constant current of the rulings of the Senate for some days had indicated a willing-ness to let in all the facts showing the motives and objects of the President in his reand objects of the President in his removal of Mr. Stanton, but when the majority on Saturday last, refused to admit testi mony that the President had acted under the mony that the President had acted under the counsel of his constitutional advisers, and that at the meeting of the Cabinet, Mr. Stanton being present, when the Tenure-of-office bill came up for consideration, the question was asked and the opinion expressed that Mr. Stanton and other Cabinet officers appointed by Mr. Lincoln did not come under its restrictions, the inconsistency of ruling out such facts with the previous equitable rulings, was facts, with the previous equitable rulings, was abrupt and unaccountable, and tended to dis-courage the hopes which their liberal course before had awakened. The facts, however before had awakened. The facts, however, which have been suppressed in Senate are before the country, and will exercise their legitimate influence at the bar of public opinion. It will be found that the popular heart is concerned only with the great principles of justice, and has no sympathy with the attempt at conviction of the President upon a mere technicities.

The Senate consists of fifty-four members two-thirds of whom are necessary for convic-tion. Twelve members of the Senate being known to have considered there was no ground known to have considered there was no ground for ever entering upon the work of impeachment at all—including the Democrate, and Messrs. Doolittle, Dixon and Norton—it may be assumed will vote against impeachment. This leaves forty-two Republicans, or forty-one if Mr. Wade does not vote, as the New York Tribune says he is expected not to, because of the fact that he will succeed to the Presidency if Mr. Underen is decread. If seven of these the fact that he will succeed to the Presidency if Mr. Johnson is deposed. If seven of these forty-one Republicans vote with the opposition, Mr. Johnson will be acquitted, it only requiring nineteen votes for that purpose. The Tribune mentions the names of Messrs. Fessenden, of Maine, Anthony and Sprague, of Rhode Island, Sherman, of Ohio, Van Winkle and Willey, of West Virginia, Fowler, of Tennessee, Trumbull, of Illinois, Grimes of Iowa, and Ross of Kansas, who, it says, have been counted on with more or less confidence to vote for acquirtal, though it believes of the ten barely three will vote that way, if so many. It ought to be very difficult to believe, however, that twovery difficult to believe, however, that two-thirds of the Senate can be found to say, on their oaths, that the President is guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors in connection with anything that has been charged.

Economy in Feeding Horses.

The great drawback on the farmer's profits is the consumption of fodder by the all-devouring draft horse, and too little attention is given to the economy of fodder, and to the preparation of it in such a manner that while there is as little waste as possible, the food is given in a shape in which it can be easily masticated and reduced to that pulpy mass, which can be taken up by the blood vessels and distributed throughout the tissues, which extend all over

The expense of feeding horses is generally so great as to have a very injurious effect on the pecuniary circumstances of the tillage farmer, and it is a question whether he should farmer, and it is a question whether he should be better off without any tillage land. At all events, farmers who keep nearly all their land in grass for the purpose of raising cattle or sheep, are generally much better off than those who keep a large portion of their farms tilled and are compelled to have a large number of horses to do the work. One thing is certain, that if horses are kept, they must be fed, and the manner of feeding with the least perspense, and the greatest benefit to the auiphy with this arrangement.

The main well used for such a large number of the provided and are compelled to have a large number of platform clear of the crowd that if horses are kept, they must be fed, and the greatest benefit to the auiphy with this arrangement. ls, is a matter of very great importance to

There is a variety of articles available for There is a variety of articles available for feeding farm horses in a very substantial man-ner at a reasonable expense. Steamed potatoes are strongly recommended as a cheep and use-ful provender. In feeding with any kind of grain, it should always be bruised, or what is

better, coarsely ground. The hay should be cut into chaff, that is interest small lengths of from a quarter to half an inch, mixed with a proportion of straw, cut in a similar manner.

In the stables of Hanburg and Trueman, in Spitalsfields, eighty-two horses are kept. The animals receive all their food in the manger; no hay is ever put in the rack. The whole are in excellent condition, evincing the correctness of the management. Each horse consumes in the twenty-four hours eighteen pounds of cut hay and straw, of which the latter constitutes one-eighth, fourteen pounds of bruised oats, one pound of bruised oats, one pound of bruised oats, one pound of bruised found to heating; but instead of the beans a small addition is made to the quantity of oats. Half a pound of salt is

are not given, being found too heating; but instead of the beans a small addition is made to the quantity of oats. Half a pound of salt is given to each horse, divided into two portions; one given on Saturday, and the other on Sunday, which so given, purges moderately.

Dr. Sully, of Somersetville, England, has been very successful in feeding horses. He has adopted the following mode of treatment, and has persevered in it for thirty years. His horses work hard, and are always in good condition: In his stables there are no racks to hold hay, as he considers it a wasteful method of feeding; and that the horses, when they have the command of their heads, pull the hay out of the racks and throw considerable portions of it under their feet, and that twenty pounds of hay and upward are often consumed in this way, and spoiled in the twenty-four hours; whereas, when it is cut and mixed with a due proportion of cut straw and bruised grain, ten pounds will be sufficient.

In the loft above the stable proportional quantities of food, sufficient for the daily consumption of each horse, is prepared; a pipe passes from the loft to each manger, and close by the top of the pipe is placed a tube capable of containing sufficient food for a horse for twenty-four hours. To prevent the horse from tossing the mixed food out of the man-

for twenty-four hours. To prevent the horse from tossing the mixed food out of the man-ger cross bars are nailed on the top of it, at twelve inches apart 'The cut hay and straw, twelve inches apart 'The cut hay and straw, and also the grain, are regularly weighed out, and when the ingredients are prepared, the portions for each horse are allotted. For the sake of variety the ingredients of the food are divided into four classes, consisting of farinaceous substances, such as bruised beans, peas, wheat, barley or oats; bran, fine or coarse; potatoes, boiled or steamed; boiled barley, hay cut into chaff, straw cat into chaff, meal dust or ground oil cake, with two ounces of salt in each thirty pounds of feed.

The ingredients of the daily ration (thirty pounds) in class 1. consist of five pounds of Our correspondent states that great apathy

each thirty pounds of feed.

The ingredients of the daily ration (thirty pounds) in class 1, consist of five pounds of bruised cats, or beans, etc.; five pounds of boiled potatoes; six pounds of boiled barley; seven pounds of chopped hay. The ingredients of class 2, consist of five pounds of bruised grain; five pounds of boiled or steamed potatoes; eight pounds of chopped hay; ten pounds of chopped straw; two pounds of meal dust. Class 3; ten pounds bruised grain; ten pounds of chopped hay; ten pounds chopped hay; ten pounds chopped straw. Class 4, five pounds of bruised grain; seven pounds of beans; eight pounds of chopped straw. It will be seen from the foregoing paragraph that each horse receives thirty pounds of food in twenty-four hours; a quantity which in all cases will be found amply sufficient; the addition of two ounces of salt is necessary to assist digestion. It is known that all herbivorous animals in their wild state resort to salt wherever it is to be met with. Of the four classes into which Dr. Sully divides the ingredients of his food for horses, those which contain the boiled or steamed potatoes are most recommended.

## Special Notices.

MENOFICE.-ALL PERSONS ARE NOW persons whatever in the name of POHL & MYERS, or in the name of either of us, without our written POHL & MYERS.

EDITORS OF DAILY NEWS .- MESSRS. EDITORS: Allow us, through your columns, to nominate WILLIAN MCBURNEY, Esq., as the Conservative Candidate for Mayor in the approach-MANY CITIZENS. April 24

WORKING MEN'S CANDIDATE .-Major E. WILLIS will receive the support of the workingmen and tax-payers of the city, and we are anthorized to state, will serve if elected.

MANY WORKINGMEN, tion, being impressed with the im ing one who represents every class in this community. We are satisfied he will receive the support of the citizens and April 22

MESSRS. EDITORS DAILY NEWS :-You will please nominate R. S. DURYEA for Mayor,

MANY NATIVE AND ADOPTED CITIZENS.

April 14 MESSRS. EDITORS-PLEASE AN-NOUNCE JOHN T. MILLIGAN, Esq., as a candidate for the Mayoralty as the ensuing election, and MANY FRIENDS.

THIRTIETH ANNUAL PARADE AND

INSPECTION

OF THE

CHARLESTON FIRE DEPARTMENT WILL TAKE PLACE ON MONDAY, 27th APRIL 1868. Companies will assemble punctually at halfpast Nine o'clock, on Citadel Green, entering on Calonn-street.

The procession will move at Ten o'clock precisely, in the following order:

Charleston Hook and Ladder Company, No. 1.

Charleston Fire Company of Axemen, Fioneer, (steamer).

Eagle Fire Engine Company (hand).

Viginant Fire Engine Company (steamer).

Charleston Hook and Ladder Company, No. 2.

Etna Fire Engine Company (steamer).

MUSIC. Marion First Engine Company (steamer.)
German Bire Engine Company (hand).
Palmetto I fre Engine Company (steamer.)
Hope Fire Engine Company (hand).
Washington bire Engine Company (steamer).
Stonewall Fire Engine Company (hand).
Young America. Fire Engine Company (steamer).

LINE OF MARCH. Down King, through Hasel-street, down Mee Broad, at which point his Honor the Mayor and Aldermen will review the Department, after which the companies will exercise in the following order: FIRST, HAND ENGINES.

1. GFRMAN. 3. EAGLE. 4. VIGILANT. 5. STONEWALL. Time Test of raising a four story ladder, ascend ng and describing the same, and equipping the fruck, between Hook and Ladder Companies Nos. and 2.

STEAMERS. 1. PIONEER. 4. PALMETTO.
2. ETNA. 5. MARION.
3. PHŒNIN. 6. WASHINGTON.
7. YOUNG AMERICA.

Each hand engine allowed tifteen minutes; each steamer thirty minutes, from the time they take position at the well, corner of Broad and King streets, using fifty feet of hose, and playing on platform as

The following gentlemen have been appointed as time judges: Messrs, R. M. ALEXANDER, C. P. AIMAR and J. C. E. RICHARDSON, Assistant Alderman WILLIS, assisted by B. M. STROBEL

Esq., will mark the distances and award the prizes. Each President will appoint an officer to keep the platform clear of the crowd, and positively no one but the judges will be allowed on the platform. The Department is respectfully requested to strictly com-The main well used for suction purposes will be

supplied alternately by the different hand and steam engines from the adjacent wells. M. H. NATHAN, Chief Fire Department. B. M. STROLEL, Clerk and Superintendent.

Married.

RICE—HOFFMAN.—On Wednesday, 22d inst., by the Hev. W. SPERTNER, BENJAMIN RICE to Miss ROSALIE HOFFMAN, all of this city. ELIAS—WEINBERG.—On Wednesday, 22d instant, by the Rev. W. Sperrner, W. ELIAS of Camden, South Carolina, to Miss AMELIA WEINBERG, oldest daughter of B. A WEINBERG, Esq., of

## Obituarn.

WOODWORTH.—Died on the night of the 27th of March, after a severe illness of eight days, Mrs. ELIZA WOODWORTH, in the 75th year of her age. Simple and unassuming in manuer, kind and pleasant in disposition, she has passed away leaving us to mourn that we shall behold her no more upon earth, but we are comforted by the blessed hope that she has found rest in the Bosom of Him who hath said, "Come unto me all ye who are weary and heavy laden and I will give you rest."

DEVEAUX—Died, in Walterboro', S. C., on the 22d day of April, J. P. DEVEAUX, in the 60th year of his

Alas! alas! "Death hath entered through our windows" and snatched a say an ornament from our midst. The soul of one of the purest in our community—the soul of the plous and the just—hath left earth and ascended to its home in glory and bliss. SAMUEL ValeNTINE departed this life on the evening of the 20th instant. Sudden and unexpected was the blow—deep and distressing is the loss—heavy and beyond description is the breach.

Truly indeed ("the righteous, even after their death, are called living"), and, therefore, will the memory of this good man live and be cherished by all whose favored lot made them acquainted with his generous acts, universal charity and noble career. Few men sought so little after worldly popularity, and few, indeed, so greatly merited it in an uncommon degree. To do good, live righteously, and walk humbly with his God, were the aims of his well-spent life, and which formed the golden link between this earthly existence and the heavenly home now reached. Averse to pomp and ouward show, his path was as a shiming light, "shiming more and more to the perfect of day." May its rays illumine our way amidst the deep affliction and gloom of so great a bereavement, and may God comfort and guide us in our endeavors to soar to the celestial regions, where the soul of the departed now dwells in comfort with its Maker. "So mote it be." Amen!

In full integrity, from childhood's day, Ilbricht he walked and never went astray;

its Maker. "So mote it be." Amen!

In full integrity, from childhood's day,
Upright he walked and never went astray;
spotless his life, to virtue's sacred shrine
Forever would his pious thoughts incline;
He loved truth and peace, and ever sped
Where rectitude's unerring dictates led;
To youth, to age, alike, he gladness brought,
Grace was in his language, purity in each thought;
To friends a precious corner-sitone and guide,
The congregation's best ornament and pride.
His heart, obedient to God's holy law,
Within its pages divine salvation saw,
Until his sun had set. At Heaven's behest
He flew on eager pinions to his rest! He flew on eager pinions to his rest!

What need of perishable, useless stone
To boast of virtues which so well were known?
What need of marble, cold as the heart it covers?
Think of the spirit that around us hovers,
Ask not so vainly—who this place shall fill? Ask not so varily—who this place shall fill?
But act that he may be seen among us still:
Father the orphan, age its ease secure,
Support the widow, educate the poor,
Do what he would have done; assist in all
When charity our people's welfare call.
Thus shall ye raise a worthy monument,
Which fime's destroying hand may well defy;
Thus shall his name, with all that's useful blent,
Honor'd descend to all posterity.

## Special Motices.

CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP MA-RYLAND, from Baltimore, are hereby notified that she is This Day discharging cargo at Pier No. 1, Union Wharves. All goods not taken away at sunset will remain on wharf at consignees' risk.

MORDECAI & CO., Agents. No deductions will be made by Agents of this Line after goods have left the wharf. 1 April 24 TEAS AND COFFEES .-

CHOICEST NEW CROP TEAS-Seasons, 1867 and YOUNG HYSON-\$1 50, \$1 75, \$2 per 1b. NANKIN MOUYNE HYSON-\$2 25 per fb. IMPARIAL MOUVNE HYSON-\$2 per lb. IMPERIAL GUNPOWDER-\$2, \$2 25 per 1b. CHOICE OOLONG-\$1 25, \$1 50, \$1 75, \$2 per 1b. ENGLISH BREAKFAST-\$1 25 to \$2 per lb.

COFFEES: GENUINE MOCHA, at 50 cents per 15. GOVERNMENT JAVA, at 42 cents per lb. PRIME RIO, at 25 cents, 30 cents per 1b. LAGUAYRA COFFEE, at 35 cents per ib. PARCHED AND GROUND JAVA, at 50 cents

DESICCATED COCOANUT, TUNTELOTS, AND BORDEN'S EXTRACT OF BEEF.

April 24 No. 275 King-street. 1mo CIRCULAR .- TO THE LADIES OF THE VARIOUS CHURCHES IN THE CITY OF CHARLESTON .- We, the Officers and Members of the Young Men's Christian Association of Charles ton, would take this method of respectfully appeal ing to you for assistance. We propose holding

A FLORAL FESTIVAL OR FAIR, during the latter part of the coming month of May hoping we may thereby realize a sufficient amoun to enable us to continue during the present year the various religious and charitable works which we have commenced, and thus far carried on with great success, but which we must necessarily but reluctantly abandon, unless we derive aid from some source. The plan of a Festival or Fair, during the season of flowers, has suggested itself to our minds, and we feel assured that it only requires your assis tance to make it a complete success.

We propose that the ladies of each church prepare

one table or booth, supplying the same with such ar ticles for sale as their own good judgment may suggest, believing that a generous emulation thus en-gendered, as to which shall best succeed, will, when all are combined in one collection, present a most elegant and complete display; and, furthermore, that each table remain under the control of the ladies who prepared it, in order that at the close of the Fair it may be seen which has succeeded best in the enter prise, and thereby contributed the largest amount owards the cause in which we are all so interested. We, therefore, respectfully call upon the ladies composing the various congregations of all evangelical denominations in this city, to combine among themselves, and commence at once the preparatio of such articles as their own fancy and judgment may dictate. Let all assist, the humblest as well as the wealthiest, and with united energies carry out

The members of the Association will, one and all, cheerfully perform all and every labor that may be required of them, and will hold themselves always in diness to obey every reques .

Those ladies who are willing to assist us are re quested to meet every Friday Afternoon at Five clock in the rooms of the Association (in King o ciocs, in the rooms of the Association in King street, over, Mesars. Fogartie & Stillman's Store, to confer with each other and the officers of the As-sociation, and perfect such arrangements as may be-come necessary in carrying out the plan suggested to a successful termination.

April 21

J. E. FOGARTIE,

A MISERABLE SHAKER IS THE VIC-TIM to Fever and Ague. This tedious and enervat. ing disease is, unfortunately, too well known to need a description. It is strictly a malarious disease, caused by exhalations from the soil, especially from marshes, swamps and newly cleared lands encumbered with decomposing vegetable matter. The chills is one of the most troublesome of maladies, as the patient, though he may not be confined to his bed, is incapable of action. The experience of years has demonstrated the fact that HOSTETTER'S STO-MACH BITTERS is a sure means of fortifying the system against all atmospheric poison, breaking up the paroxysms and rapidly restoring the strength-Oninine, which has so long been the great remedy for chills, has been superceded by this powerful and harmless agent; while as a preventive it is unequal-

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH DITTERS is now HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS IS now among the most popular, and, at the same time, valuable specifics in the medical world. In recommending it to the public, we are fully conscious of doing them a great service, knowing, as we do, their many excellent qualities, and sure and speedy action in all cases where the disease is caused by irregularity of the disease is caused by irregularity of the digestive organs.

As a tonic it is both mild and agreeable to the taste and stimulating in its action upon the system.

April 18 6

ed, as its use will certainly exempt all who may tive

in unhealthy localities from the ravages of this dis-

Shipping.

THE YACHT ELEANOR. IS NOW PREPARED TO CONVEY PASSENGERS to all points of interest around
the histor. To leave Government Dock at
10 o'clock, A. M., and 3 P. M., visiting Fort
Sumter and Morris Island.
Arrangements for passage, or charter, made at the
establishment, MEETING-STREET, one door south
of Mills House.

NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON STEAMSHIP LINE.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE SPLENDID SIDE WHEEL STEAMSHIP CHARLESTON.
BERRY, Commander, will leave Adger's Wharf on Saturday, the 25th instant, at — o'clock.

BY The steamers of this line insure at three-quarage The side wheel steamship MANHATTAN will follow on Thursday, the 30th instant, at 11%

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JAMES ADGER & CO., JAMÉS ADGEB & CO., Corner Adger's Wharf and East Bay (Up Stairs). April 23

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. THE STEAMSHIP MONEKA, Captain B. B. SHACKFORD, will leave Captain B. B. SHACKFORD, will leave North Atlantic Wharf on Friday, North Atlantic Wharf or Friday, North Atlantic Wharf or Friday, North Atlantic Wharf or Friday, North Atlantic Wharf For Freight or Passage apply to JOHN & THEO. GETTY, Agents, North Atlantic Wharf.

FOR NEW YORK. . BEGULAR LIN E STEAMERS. THE STEAMSHIP SARAGOSSA,
Captain M. R. Chowell, will leave
Vanderhorst's Wharf, on Saturday,
April 25, 1868, at half-past Nine 'clock A. M.

For Freight and Passage, apply to April 14 RAVENEL & CO., Agents. NORTH GERMAN LLOYD. STEAM BETWEEN BALTIMORE AND BREMEN,

THE SCREW STEAMERS OF THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD,

reerage \$40.

Prices of passage payable in gold, or its equiva-

lent.

They touch at Southampton both going and returning. These vessels take Treight to London and Hull, for which through bills of lading are signed. An experienced Surgeon is attached to each vessel. All letters must pass through the Postoffice. No bills of lading but those of the Company will be signed. Bills of lading will positively not be delivered before goods are cleared at the Customhouse. For Freight or Passage, apply to

A. SOHUMACHER & CO.,
No. 9 South Charles-street, Baltimore. No. 9 South Charles-street, Baltimore.
MOEDLOAT & CO., Agents,
MOEDLOAT & Charleston, S. C.

April 20 PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPY'S THEOUGH LINE TO

Or to

CALIFORNIA. CHINA AND JAPAN. FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT GREATLY RE-STEAMERS OF THE ABOVE line leave Pier No. 42, North River, foot of Canal-street, New York, at 13 o'clock noon, of the 1st, 9th, 16th and 24th of every month (except when these dates fall on Sunday, then the Saturday preceding).

Departure of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific and Central American ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Departure of 1lith of each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New Zealand.

Steamship GREAT REPUBLIC leaves San Fran-

New Zealand.
Steamship GREAT REPUBLIC leaves San Francisco, for Chins and Japan, June 3.
No California steamers touch at Havana, but go direct from New York to Aspiravall.
One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult.
Medicine and attendance free.
For Passage Tickets or further information apply at the COMPANY'S TICKET OFFICE, on the wharf, foot of Canal-street, North River, New York.
March 14

1yr F. R. BABY, Agent.

THROUGH TICKETS TO FLORIDA, BY CHARLESTON AND SAVANNAH STEAM-PACKET LINE, VIA BEAUFORT, HILTON THE STEAMER "PILOT BOY,"

THE STEAMER "PILOT BOY, captain W. T. McNeLTr, will leave harleston every Monday Night, at 12 o'clock, and avannah every Thursday Morning, at 7 o'clock. All Way Freight, also Blufiton Wharfage, must be re-paid.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
JOHN FERGUSON, Accommodation Wharf.

FOR PALATKA, FLORIDA, VIA SAVANNAH, FERNANDINA, JACKSONVILLE, AND ALL LANDINGS ON THE ST. JOHN'S

STEAMERS DICTATOR AND CITY POINT, will leave Charleston overy Tuesday and Friday Evenings, at 9 o'clock, or above places, and Savannah every Wednesday and Saturday, at 3 o'clock P. M. Steamer DICTATOR, Capt. L. M. COXETTER, salls STEAMERS DICTATOR AND mer CITY POINT, Capt. S. ADEINS, sails Fra

lay Evening.

Returning, the DICTATOR will leave Savannah very Saturday Morning, at 7 o'clock.

For Freight or Passage apply on board or at office

J. D. AIKEN & CO., Agents,

January 3

South Atlantic Wherf.

PROTICE. FOR ST. AUGUSTINE, FLO-RIDA.—The steamer CITY POINT will touch at the above place on her return from Palatka, leaving Charleston her regular time, Friday, May 15th. J. D. AIKEN & CO., Agents

BET CITIZENS OF ST. JOHN'S BERKELEY PARISH can pay taxes as follows: At Strawberry Ferry, April 20th, 21st and 22d, 1868; at Biggin Church, April 23d, 24th and 25th, 1868; at Pineopolis, April 27th and 28th; at Calamua' Pond, April 29th and 30th; at The Barrows, May 1st and 2d, 1869. Unpaid taxes of 1866 must be settled at once.

A. C. BICHMOND, Tax Collector, St. John's Berkeley Parish. BY A FACT WORTH KNOWING .- THE

est investment for an invalid, who suffers from debility or loss of appetite, is a bottle of PANK-MIN'S Hepatic Bitters, as it will be sure to give relief. For sale by all Druggists.

LADIES BEING CONFINED SHOULD never be without COMSTOCK'S RATIONAL FOOD. t prevents constipation, gives strength and great nourishment to both mother and child, being digest ed and assimilate with the least possible labor of the stomach, and is a substitute for healthy breastmilk if needed for the child. Physicians give very little or no medicine where this food is used. Asl

your physician about it. GEORGE WELLS COMSTOCK, No. 57 Cortlandt-street, New York. DOWIE & MOISE, For sale by DOW!E & MOISE,
April 8 wfm19 Agents, Charleson, S. C.

THE WIFE OF A CELEBRATED SOUTHERN GENERAL writes as follows: "I have used the preparation for the hair called PALMETTO HAIR RENEWEL: for the past year, and consider it all that is claimed for it, and even more, for it has given me a luxurious growth of hair, and has changed my hair (which was very gray) to the color and beauty of youth. I would recommend all my friends

to try it. For sale by DOWIE & MOISE, Wholesale Agents, wfm12

NOTICE.—ON A FINAL ADJUSTMENT

of the affairs of the late co-partnership of CRAIG, TUOMEY & CO., it was agreed that all the outstanding debts due the Concern should be paid to the subscriber, who is alone authorized to receipt for the

All persons indebted to stid Concern, by note or otherwise, will make payment to

JOHN TUOMEY, 26 Last Bay. Corner Adger's South Wharf.