THE DAILY NEWS.

RIORDAN, DAWSON & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

[OFFICE No. 18 HAYNE-STREET.

TERMS—THE DAILY NEWS, PRICE (payable in all cases IN ADVANCE), SIX DOLLARS A YEAR; FOUR DOLLARS FOR SIX MONTHS; TWO DOLLARS AND A QUARTER FOR THREE MONTHS.
THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS, PRICE (IN ADVANCE), THREE DOLLARS A YEAR; TWO DOLLARS FOR SIX MONTHS. No Subscription received for a less period.
No Paper sent unless the Cash accompanies the order.
No Paper sent for a longer time than paid for.
ADVERTISING RATES—Fifteen cents a line for the first insertion, and ten cents a line for each subsequent insertion. Marriage and Funeral Notices one dollar each.
LETTERS should be addressed to THE DAILY NEWS, No. 18 Hayne-street, Charleston, S. C.
REJECTED MANUSCRIPTS will not be returned.

NEWS SUMMARY.

—Gold closed in New York yesterday firm, at 40½.

—Cotton closed in New York yesterday more active and firmer. Sales 7000 bales, at 19½c.

—In Liverpool cotton closed on Friday active and firm, with sales of 15,000 bales. Prices unaltered.

—The dispatch published yesterday about Vesuvius falling in turns out to be bogus.

—Mr. Train is delivering lectures in Cork on American and Irish subjects. He is very popular and his houses are jammed.

—The London Times says that the responsibility of most of the evils at present overshadowing the South rests upon Congress.

—Jefferson Davis has been nominated for the presidency of the Texas Pacific Railroad. He is now in Mississippi.

—A pantomime at one of the London theatres was interrupted by the explosion of a lime light, which blew up the property man and a fiddler.

—The Baltimore Sun says that in Washington there is a Cabinet "Ring," composed of both Republicans and Democrats, which insists on the resignation of Mr. Stanton.

—A desperado named Narmer, in an affray at Smirna, Tenn., was shot six times with a pistol and cut with an axe, from the effects of which he died.

—The Philadelphia Masons are to take five years to build a seven hundred and fifty thousand dollar temple, with a tower nearly three hundred feet high.

—The Paris managers put a new play upon the stage with wonderfully short dresses. The papers notice the indelicacy, the piece is made an immediate success, and then the dresses are lengthened to avoid the notice of the police.

—The New York Citizen, edited by Miles O'Reilly, says that "if General Grant casts his lot with Congress, he will be the most disgracefully beaten candidate for the Presidency that ever ran in the United States."

—A fresh attempt has been lately made to induce the President to pardon Charles K. Dunham, *alias* Conover. Mr. Johnson, however, refused, although the request came from his own friends.

—A young Swiss farmer carries off the prize for cool cruelty. In order to please his mistress, he dosed his wife with strychnine, and, when the poison began to operate, lay down by her side, watched her agonies, and calmly handed her water from time to time, as she asked for it, until death ensued.

—The Petit Journal of Paris says that in 1835 the snow was so deep that only the chimneys appeared above the surface. The letter carriers would go to a chimney and cry out, "Does Jean Jacques live here?" "Oui." "Look out then for a letter," and down it would come into the fire-place.

—The internal condition of Italy is becoming critical. Fears are entertained that a *coup d'etat* is contemplated at Florence. It is believed in Paris that the relations between the French and Italian governments are not so cordial as they have been.

—It is understood that the wire-pullers have determined to run Stanton for Vice-President on the Grant ticket. The convention to meet at Chicago in May next will be a mere formal gathering, and its function only to endorse the preordination of Congress.

—Milnor Gibson, a leading member of the English Parliament, in a speech at Ashton, declared that peace must be preserved between England and America. Other cabinets would succeed those now in power on either side of the Atlantic, and these cabinets would not be pledged to the policy or words of either Lord Stanley or Secretary Seward.

—The Emperor's son is first for calculation in his class of the Lycee Bonaparte. One of the professors attend twice a day at the palace, and thus the Prince follows precisely the college course, and does the same work as his fellow-students at the Lycee. This is the first time the result has been published. The class consists of forty boys of every rank, from the sons of butchers and tailors to that of the Emperor.

—The policy recently adopted by Prussia on the Roman question has caused surprise, but an explanation of this course is found in the fact that in sustaining the temporal power of the Pope, the Prussian Government finds a powerful means of conciliating its Catholic subjects and strengthening its influence over the Catholic States of South Germany.

—Mrs. E. A. Pollard was still in jail on Wednesday evening. In the thick part of her right hand is a wound, which she says she received during the scuffle at Dr. Moore's store. Mrs. Pollard told friends who visited her on Wednesday that having had her trunks and effects seized by the proprietor of the hotel where she was left by Mr. Pollard, she on Tuesday wandered out half frantic to endeavor to hear or find her husband. She disclaims any recollection of having fired the pistol.

—The Washington Express of Wednesday says: "At a private gathering of gentlemen, of both political parties, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court spoke very freely concerning the reconstruction measures of Congress, and declared in the most positive terms that all these laws were unconstitutional, and that the court would be sure to pronounce them so. Some of his friends near him suggested that it was quite indiscreet to speak so positively, when he at once repeated the views in a more emphatic manner." This is the paragraph referred to in the telegrams published yesterday.

—Lord Ranelagh, an English Peer, has been prosecuted again for smoking in a railway carriage, and fined. Some time ago he was fined for smoking on the South Western, and a week after the company put on smoking carriages. In his defence his Lordship said that when these laws were made smoking in England was the exception, now it is the rule. The Prince of Wales smokes; the Duke of Cambridge smokes; several bishops smoke; Mr. Bright, Mr. Carlyle and Mr. Dickens smoke. As the majority smoke, it is only necessary to put on every train carriages in which smoking is forbidden, as they have in France carriages in every train into which men are forbidden to enter.

—The bill for the reorganization of the French army having passed the Corps Legislatif, came before the Senate this week. Michel Chevalier in a powerful speech opposed the bill. He took strong grounds in favor of peace for France, and on this basis argued against the measure. France should maintain close relations with the neighboring European powers, all of whom should unite to resist the empire of Russia and the republic of America—nations which, in the extraordinary growth of their territory, power and ambition, threaten to overshadow the world. Marshall Neil replied in support of the bill, declaring the grounds on which the arguments of the Chevalier were based were untenable. His fears in regard to Russia were absurd. Such views were refuted by every event in the history of Europe since the war in the Crimea. The debate ended yesterday evening, when the bill was passed.

—In a recent private letter to a friend General Hancock says: "I always objected to being placed in command here when consulted. When in obedience to orders it became necessary to occupy the position, I came determined to carry out the laws—not to make new ones unless necessary, and only when civil ones failed. I shall always regard the law, acting inside of it, not outside. If the laws are required it is for Congress to make them. Those in force I shall not execute in a partisan spirit; as long as I remain I will execute those in full. Having often to choose between the civil and military law I take the former, and where powerless will try and build it up. If the officers fail I will appoint new ones, and if no good ones can be found may have to resort to military despotism. I do not believe that will come. When it does I may make as good a despot as any one. I shall send you copies of my orders, which will show my course of action to be in conformity with the law."

CHARLESTON.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 1, 1868.

The State Tax of 1866.

In another column will be found an explanatory order from General CANBY in reference to certain clauses of State taxes for the year 1866. It is proper to mention in this place that General CANBY has consistently shown a desire so to use the vast power entrusted to him as to work the greatest practicable advantage to the people of the State at large. Military rule must always be condemned; but, in his willingness to listen to the explanations and suggestions of our public men, and in the enlarged liberality of his views, the General Commanding this District has shown that he is determined to make military supremacy as lenient and equitable as military supremacy can be.

The order published to-day will be the means of relieving many who, by the legislation of the State, had been embarrassed and injured. It will assist in encouraging the growth of that buoyant spirit which is the parent of business prosperity, and will remove one of those dangers which have hung like fetters on the limbs of trade and commerce.

As newspaper proprietors we thank General CANBY for the consideration shown the public press of South Carolina,—a press which appreciates justice from whatever source it may come.

The Truth Coming Out!

General SCOTT has made another report to General HOWARD upon the condition of affairs in South Carolina; and, as far as can be judged by the synopsis, which will be found in another column, it is the truth and nothing but the truth. This report, at least, is not written for political effect; and it gives as fair a statement of the indolence and improvidence of the negroes, and of the difficulties and troubles of the white people in this State, as could be either expected or desired.

It is understood that General SCOTT is now in Washington, and, if called on to do so, he can verify the words of his report from personal experience, and prove to the members of Congress, for once, that what has been published over and over again in the columns of Southern newspapers in regard to the condition of the negro was no fabrication to serve a party purpose but a plain recital of an unmistakable fact.

Intemperance at Washington.

A Washington correspondent makes some astounding disclosures in regard to Congressional "weaknesses." He states that one gentleman who was an exemplary member of the Congressional Temperance Society, a year ago, astonished and appalled the boarders at Willard's, one morning last week, by entering the breakfast room in his night shirt, at about ten A. M.; another was taken home in a hand-cart, not many Sundays since; while still another, over whose conversion all the ladies were, a year ago, saturating their pocket handkerchiefs, and "carrying on" in a more melodramatic way than anything recorded of the Brick Lane Branch of the Ebenezer Temperance Society, of which the elder Mr. Weller's "second wentur" was such a bright and shining light—that gentleman (a distinguished Senator from the West), has been, for a week or more, confined to his room and a diet of pickled cabbage to help him over a prolonged carouse, terminating in the *delirium tremens*. Nor is this all. It is not even the worst.

As this subject is a delicate one the name is withheld. Yet the eminent position of the inebriate in question is clear from the hesitancy and even dread with which the matter is referred to. The statement is to the effect that a particular case has become so serious of late that an eminent bishop of the Methodist Church has been sent for, and has come all the way from Philadelphia to see what he can do in the way of reforming the eminent sinner.

In a late number of the Citizen JOHN MITCHEL bluntly charges with this vice a great military personage. Spartan simplicity would be out of place in that centre of luxury and corruption. There life is excitement and the orgies of society are rivalled only by the orgies of legislation. But all this excess betokens change. The relaxed hand of the inebriate cannot retain the sceptre. When ALEXANDER revels his conquests end.

IT IS RUMORED, we know not with what truth, that JAY COOKE & Co., the Philadelphia bankers, have offered to take one hundred thousand dollars of the South Carolina Bills Receivable at eighty cents on the dollar.

To Rent.

STORE TO RENT, THE STORE AND DWELLING No. 410 King-street, between Calhoun-street and Burns' Lane. Apply to WM. McCOMB & CO., February 1 smw3 No. 237 King-street.

TO RENT, THE FIRST FLOOR OF HOUSE No. 214 KING-STREET. Apply IN THE STORE. stu2* February 1

TO RENT, THE FINE THREE-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE No. 168 Meeting-street; Rooms large and handsomely finished. Apply at THIS OFFICE. stuth3 February 1

TO RENT, A MOST DESIRABLE BRICK RESIDENCE, situated in Elizabeth-street, No. 53, two doors north of Aiken's Row, containing four square rooms, with pantry and dressing rooms, and attics, with all necessary outbuildings. For terms apply to W. G. WHILDEN & CO. January 31

TO RENT, THE HOUSE SOUTHEAST corner of Trapman and Queen streets, containing four square rooms, large attic and dressing rooms, with cistern, and gas through the house. Apply at SHOE STORE, No. 93 MARKET-STREET. January 28 6*

TO RENT, THE PREMISES AT THE northwest corner of Reid and Meeting streets. Apply at No. 51 BROAD-STREET. January 28

TO RENT, TWO SMALL HOUSES, WITH FOUR ROOMS EACH, in Charlotte-street, a little in rear of Meeting-street and comfortably located. Apply to Dr. RODRIGUES, corner of Meeting and Society streets. mws3 January 27

TO RENT, A PART OF A HOUSE CONTAINING THREE ROOMS, all on the second floor, and in first-rate order. If desired, one room on the first floor can be had, at No. 98 BEAUFAIN-STREET. Apply ON THE PREMISES. January 21 tuths

TO RENT, A PIANO IN GOOD ORDER. Apply at this office. January 25

TO RENT—AN EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR A YOUNG BAKER TO MAKE A START.—The well known OLD STAND AS A BAKERY at Summerville, S. C., near the depot. Inquire at No. 195 EAST BAY. January 24

FOR RENT, PART OF A DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED MANSION, in the southwestern portion of the city, consisting of a suite of three or four spacious rooms on the first floor, with kitchen and servants' apartments. Terms moderate. Address "A," Daily News Office. November 19

For Sale.

FOR SALE, THAT (THREE STORIES) EAST TENEMENT HOUSE on north side Laddstreet, known as No. 98, and Lot. Lot measuring thirty (30) feet front and two hundred and seventy five (275) feet deep, more or less.
ALSO,
A VACANT LOT on north side Longitude Lane, opposite entrance to Cotton Press, measuring thirty (30) feet front and forty-eight (48) feet, more or less, in depth. Apply at No. 25 HAYNE-STREET, or to Mr. G. W. DINGLE, No. 61 Broad-street. December 21

TO PUBLISHERS AND JOURNALISTS. A large amount of TYPE and JOB MATERIAL for sale, in lots to suit purchasers. Terms reasonable, and cash. Also, a fine HAND PRESS, price $250; an Adams' Power Press, price $1500; and a Card Press, price $100. Apply to F. G. DeFONTAINE, Columbia, S. C. December 7

SEA ISLAND AND UPLAND COTTON AND RICE PLANTATIONS, FARMS and CITY PROPERTY of all kinds for SALE and LEASE by CLIFFORD & MATHEWES, Real Estate Agents, No. 56 Broad street. November 9 3mos

Lost and Found.

LOST, THREE KEYS, COIN ATTACHED. Please leave them at POSTOFFICE. February 1

STRAYED OR STOLEN, ON OR ABOUT the 21st inst., a small YELLOW DOG, answering to the name of "Buff," marked with white on his face around his neck, and on his feet. A reward will be given for any information concerning the same, if left at No. 7 VANDERHORST-STREET. January 31 2*

$20 REWARD.—LOST, ON THE 17th of January, a BUNCH OF BEAUTIFUL FRENCH CHARMS, three in number, consisting of a Vinagrette, Small Locket and a View of Paris. Inquire at the DETECTIVE OFFICE. January 30

LOST, ON THE CARS BETWEEN Kingsville and this city, a RED RUSSIA LEATHER PORTMONNAIE, containing $25 in money and a free ticket on the road in the name of Miss Hoffman. Any one finding the same will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at THIS OFFICE. December 18

Removals.

DR. T. REENTSJERNA.
HAS HIS OFFICE AT No. 74 HASEL-STREET three doors east from the Postoffice.
N. B.—Diseases of the Generative system cured with dispatch. sw8* January 18

REMOVAL.
DR. T. S. THOMSON.—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, No. 44 GEORGE-STREET. January 28 tuths3*

DR. H. M. CLECKLEY,
HOMŒOPATHIST,
HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE AND RESIDENCE to HASEL STREET, No. 70, four or five doors east of the Postoffice. January 30

Educational.

URSULINE ACADEMY, VALLE CRUSIS, NEAR COLUMBIA, S. C.
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE RIGHT Rev. Bishop Lynch.
The First Session of 1868 will begin on the 1st *February* and end on the 1st *July*.
For circulars address the January 13 1mo MOTHER SUPERIOR.

NIGHT SCHOOL! NIGHT SCHOOL!
No. 35 WENTWORTH-STREET, LECTURE ROOM OF ENGLISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.
THE HOURS FOR THE EXERCISES IN ARITHMETIC, WRITING, READING, GERMAN and ENGLISH GRAMMAR are from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.
Terms—$2 per month in advance.
Book-keeping charged extra.
December 2 C. H. BERGMANN.

Miscellaneous.

DON'T FAIL TO TRY THE CELEBRATED SOUTHERN TONIC, PANKNIN'S HEPATIC BITTERS, an unfailing remedy for all Diseases of the Digestive Organs and the Liver. For sale by all Druggists