VOLUME V NO. 666.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Oue Cable Dispatches.

Southampton, October 7.—The steamship Bayaria sailed on Saturday for New Orleans. "The Teutonia will follow in about one month. dir voyages are experimental; should the trips succeed, the itamburg autorean line will continue the service between Hamburg and New Orleans, via Southampton. via Southann

via Southampton LONDON October 7-Noon,—Consols 94 3-16. Bonds 71 9-16. Liversoon, October 7-Noon,—Cotton steady, sales 10 600 tales. Breadstuffs generally quiet.

sales 10.600 bales. Breadstuds generally quiet. Corn advanced to 42s 9d. LONDON, October 7-3 P. M.—Consols 94j. Bonds LIVERPOOL, October 7-2 P. M.-Cotton and breadstaffs unchanged. Lard 55s; others unchanged.

Southameron, October 7.-The Deutchland touched.
LONDON, October 7.—Consols 94 5-16. Bonds

717-16.

Liverpool, October 7—Evening.—Cotton closed nuchanged. Sales 12,000 bales. Breadstuffs unchanged. Turpentine declined 3d, closing 26s 6d; medium rosin advanced to 12; common steady at See 6d. All other articles unchanged.

London, October 7.—Dispatches received here articles unchanged.

Loxoon, October 7.—Dispatches referred after represent great agitation at Rome. Deputations and memorials are arriving at Florence, that Rome be Italy's capital. The Italian press urge sub-scriptions for the Garibaldians wounded at Vir-turbo. It is rumored to at Napoleon allows the Italians to occupy the Papal territory with troops, but they must not enter the city of Rome.

Washington News..

Washington News.

Washington News.

Washington, October 7.—Col. Parker, an Indian on Grant's staff, has been sent to Raleigh and Charleston to look efter certain Treasury interests, involving, it is said, over \$1,000,000, the particulars of which have not transpired. Parker was detailed at the request of Scoretary McCullough. It is suggested, from the character of the detail being purely military, that the trouble is with the Freedman's Bureau or District Command.

purely military, that the trouble is with the Freedman's Bureau or District Command.

Senor Mareschal, Secretary of the Mexican Legation, remains in charge of the mission during Romero's four months' absence.

In a speech at Galena, Illinois, Congressman E. B. Washburne details Grant's views. Grant sympathizes with Congress in the reconstruction plans, and advised an early session of Congress. He favored the House Bill, which required the consent of the Senate to change the District Commanders. He accepted the Secretaryship of War from a sense of duty, to prevent its being filled by Johnson men. The acceptance was with the knowledge and con-

of duty, to prevent its being filled by Johnson men. The acceptance was with the knowledge and consent of Stanton, after a full consultation. Washburne said he had no right to speak regarding Grant's Presidential aspirations.

Internal Revenue receipts to-day \$500,000.

Wm. L. Wells, at present Collector of the Cuntoms at Petersburg, Va., has been appointed Collector of the Internal Revenue for the Fourth Collection District, vice Anderson, suspended for alleged misconduct in office.

It is confidently stated that Sherman is here only on Indian matters. He is hopeful of good results from the mission.

Sults from the mission.

The packet ship Golconda, Capt. Lovitt, owned by the American Colonization Society, arrived at Baltimore, on Saturday, from Monrovia, Africa. She will sail on her return voyage to Monrovia about the 26th instant, touching at Charleston, from whence she is expected to sail on the 11th of November. Already, it is stated, some six hundred names are enrolled by parties going out in her, the most of whom will embars from Charles-

Sherman had a prolonged interview with both the resident and Grant to-day.

It is now stated that Colonel Parker goes South to enspect the Dismal Swamp Canal, with a view to to aspect the Dismai Swamp Canal, with a view to all of the government interest. This is the Treasury interest entrus el to Colonel Parkor.

The State Department has advices that the Japanese Commissioners Tomagoro and Matzmato Indoxa reached Joddo July 6th. They write to Mr. Seward and express satisfaction at their visit. George Bunker, a seaman, was found murdered in Pagasaki. A Japanese warman was nurdered hear

George Bunker, a seaman, was found murdered in sagasaki. A Japanese woman was murdered near the same place the same night. The civil war in Japan is over, Choser returning to his allegiance and disbanding his army. The Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs says officially that all now seems to be pleasant, but it is impossible to tell how long peace will continue, there are so many bad men in Japan.

Minister Von Vallambarg, gives an account of Minister Von Valkenberg gives an account of converts, left there two hundred years ago, when Japan stopped intercourie. They are scattered throughout the empire. There have been no new converts. Their headquarters are Nagasaki, where there is a Bishop and several P. lests. They have held their services in secret at night. Many of these Christians, men, women and childred, have recently been arrested as criminals. Mr. Seward, through Minister Von Valkonberg, urges the abolition of the laws every Constitute.

tion of the laws against Christiaus.

REGIOND, October 7.—The following facts relative to the coming trial of Mr. Davis are from the best authority: The trial is set down for the 4th Monday in November, and as Government will not interfere, there will be no postponement by counsel on either side. The offence of levying war against the United States will be testified to by Judge Scarborougu, of Noriok, Hon. Judge Goode, member of the Confederate Congress, and Captain Hendren, who were compelled to appear before the Norfolk Grand Jury and testify to the facts upon which the indictinent was made. There will be very few, if any, witnesses for the defence. The fact of levying war being admitted, the prosocution will then proceed with the legal argument that the prisoner is guilty of treason, and the counsel for the defence will argue that being a citizen of a State, and under its laws, the prisoner's allegiance was due to it, and not first to the United States. It has been positively asserted that Judge Chase would preside, but as the Supreme Ccurt commences its session on the first Monday in December, this is not possible. This Monday in December, this is not possible. This The Trial of Mr. Davis. Supreme Court commences its session on the first Monday in December, 'his is not possible. This trial is expected to last several weeks.

the Charlottesville Chromile, two prominent,

Death of Henry Timrod. COLUMBIA, S. C., October 7.—Henry Timrod, the Poet Laureate of South Carolina, died this more-

Heavy Gale in the Gulf-Immense Damage to Galveston.

New Obleans, October 7.—The evening papers have an account of a tremendous gale at Gaiveston on Thursday the 3rd inst., estimating the damage to wharves, shipping goods, and buildings at \$1,000,000, being the highest overflow since October, 1837. The following are some of the firms damaged: Wallace, Landees & Co., \$5000; Droeg & Co., \$50,000 to \$75,000; Stubbs & Co., \$5000; Sessums & Co., \$70,000; Stubbs & Co., \$5000; Sessums & Co., \$10,000 to \$15,000; Wescoat & Co., \$4000; Darian & Tobyn, \$3000 to \$4000. Hopkins lumber yard is heavily damaged. The water at Miday so inundated the gas works that it was impossible to build fires. The city and country was covered with water, boat deep. The third story of the new brick hotel was blown down upon the Odd Fellows Hall, crushing it. The bayous are all out,

the new brick hotel was blown down upon the Odd Fellows' Halt, crushing it. The bayous are all out, sinks of water spreading in some places across the island. No mail or passenger trains on the Galveston and Houston Railroad. It is reported that Bay Ridge is washed away. The telegraph lines are a complete wrock.

The steamer Elizabeth Read is high and dry near the rail road, several small schooners were sunk. The bark Pallsis, the brig Isald and a large fore and aft schooner were blown from the eastern wharf and driven up the bay, no one knows where. A large iron brig is reported capsized. A brig lately arrived with a carge of coffice, was driven completely through Williams wharf. The steamer Alice M. was wrecked and completely submerged. The schooner Rosanua

wharf. The steamer Alice M. was wrecked and completely submerged. The schooner Rosanna nilged. The schooner Julia is lying high and dry across the strand. The schooner Lisste and the sloop Mary Posev are upside down at the upper wharf. All the wharves are badly damaged. The storm appears to have been general slong the gulf coast. The schooner Cadorb sunk at her moorings in Braces harbor. The storm was heavy at the mouth of the Mississippi. The ship Mercia from Havre was blown ashore near the head of the Passes. A Soanish bark also at the same place. The towboat Heroine, sunk on the inside bar at the Southwest Pass. Captain Austin of the steamship Tartar, reports that he brought off the keeper of the Southwest Reef Lighthouse. The structure was nearly destroyed by the Reef Lighthouse.

From New Orleans.

September the City Railroad received as tare \$1000 in counterfeit nickols.

The majority of registered voice paded so far amount to 8634, with twenty-one more Parishes to be heard from, and the majority estimated by the Republicans in those Parishes is over 4000.

Recorder Aherzi, of the first District Court, died to-day. His seat will be filled by a negro. The Assistant recorder, until a new appointment or election, has summoned the grand jury to be half black and half white. He dismissed the Court until Monday rext.

Yellow Feverin New Orleans.

New Orleans, October 7.—The interments for twenty-four hours to Sunday merning were sixty; this morning, forty-nine. The weather is quite cool, which will probably check disease.

Yellow Fever in Mobile. Mobile, October 7.—There were five interments from Yellow F ver on Sunday, and four to-day, caused by the sudden change in the temperature.

New York Bank Statement. New York, October 7.—The Bank Statement shows in loans a decrease of \$3,984,000; in specie a decrease of \$127,000; in circulation a decrease of \$121 000; in legal tendors an increase of \$362,000.

Domestic Markets. NOON DISPATCH.

New York, October 7.—Flour less active; prices unchanged. Wheat 2ndc. lower. Corn le. better. Oats duil and heavy. Pork 23 75 a 23 85. Lard quiet. Whistey active at 35a33. Cotton steady: Middlings 20. Preights firm. Turpentine 58½. Rosin \$3 80 a 7 50. Stocks very strong. Money 7 per cent. Sterling 109½ a 109½; Signt 109½. 62 oupons 1124. Gold 441 a 45. EVENING DISPATCH.

Cotton steady; sales 1700 bales at 20c. Flour dull. Wheat active at noon's decline. White Michigan \$3. Corn active; Mixed Western \$1.95 at 13c. Provisions quiet and steady. Whiskey active; in bond 35 a 98c. Groceries generally firm. Turpentine 53a a 59c. Rosin \$2.87a a 8. Freights tirmer. Gold 143. "62 coupons \$12a at 13. Money 7 per cent. Sterling unchanged.

BALTIMORE, October 7.—Cotton dull; quotations nominally unchanged. Flour firm, standard City Mills Extra \$11. Wheat firm. Corn higher; White \$1,30 a 1.32; Yellow \$1.40. Oats firm at 70 a 78c. Rye firm. Provisions firm and unchanged. Cincinnari, October 7.—Flour firm's and in good demand. Corn'advanced to \$1, the supply light, prices for free irregular. Pork quiet at \$24. Bacon active and higher; shoulders, 14 a 14bc, the latter to come out of smoke clear ribbed. Lard, 13ac.

Wilmingron, October 7.—Turpentine firm at 53½. Rosin steady at \$3 25 a \$6 00. Weather cold and

clear. MOBILE, October 7.—Factors are offering freely; sales 900 bales. Middlings 164 г. 17. Receipts in sales 900 bales. Middlings 103 11. Receipts wo days, 913.

New Orleans, October 7.—Sales 300 bales; quiet and unchanged; Low Middlings 17½ a 18. Receipts, 356 bales. Sugar dull, and only a retail business. Monases—no sales; Cuba held at 55; Louisiana at 70. Flour steady and firm; stock light; Super \$11; double Extra \$11 50; choice \$13 50 a 14. Corn unchanged; Yallow and Mixed \$1 35; White \$1 40. Oats 80. Pork dull, and nominally 20½; Bacon quiet and firm; Shoulders 15¼ a 15½; clear Sides 19¼ a 19½. Lard quiet and firm; quoted in tierces at 15c.; in kegs 16. Gold 44. Sterling 45 a 58. New York Sight Exchange ¼ premium.

Augusta, October 7.—Cotton very quiet; no change. Sales 310 bales. Middlings 16½c. Receipts 233.

SAYANNAH, October 7.—Cotton opened dull and closed ic. better, with a fair demand. Sales 198 bales; receipts 800. Weather cold and clear.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF SOUTH CARO-LINA.

We have for some time had it in contemplation to publish a series of sketches giving a brief account of the history of the several collegiate institutions of this State, and should be glad if our friends in the interior would assist us toward the accomplishment of this design by sending us such information relative to the subject, as they may have at their command. In pursuance of this plan we proceed to-day to give an opitome of the history of

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH CARO-LINA.

In the colonial period of our history our professional men were educated abroad, enjoying the training and sometimes receiving the honors of English Universities. This was more especially the case with our medical men, who perhaps profited more by these advantages than did the memhers of other professions, in that they usually, by correspondence with their European preceptors kept abreast of all that was now, useful or interest ing in the several branches of medical science. With the independence of the United States cant

also a desire to establish and patronize home in stitutions, and Philadelphia became the sext of medical learning for this country. All who desired Christian persecutions, heretofore reported by telegraph. There are twenty thousand native Roman Catholics in Japan, descendents from Christian converts, left there two hundred years ago, when knowledge at the cliniques of the Surgical Hospital in London, or of the Hotel Dieu at Parls. In 1794 the physicians of Charleston formed a

State Medical Society for the purpose of advancing medical inquiry, and the study of the diseases pe culiar to our climate. This body being composed of gentlemen of recognized talent, who were at the same time ambitious of seeing their profession, sustained the high position which they knew it

The first appeal of this Committee was to the Trustees of the Charleston College, asking for the pravilege of establishing, under their charter, a RICHMOND, October 7.—In the United States Circuit Court to-day, the suit of McMahon cs. James Rim and Kanawha Canal Company, to throw the Company into bankuptey, was dismissed, the parties having settled the matter out of Court.

A telegram to the object of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the state to a way to be a suit of the State to a way to be a suit of the state to a way to be a suit of the state to a way to be a suit of the state to a way to be a suit of the state to a way to be a suit of the state to a way to be a suit of the state to a way to be a suit of the state to a suit of the st of Court.

A telegram to the Whig says the Republicans of Albermarle met to-day and revived their Convention ticket, leaving off the colored candidate, and nominated Judge Rives and Southall, editors of in the Legislature. The South Carolina College thorize them to found a college. This memorial in the Legislature. The South Carolina College and through their president, Dr. Cooper, arrayed the up-country against the lower, in opposition to this measure, and had it not been for the zeal with which SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, Esq., urged the patition of the memorialists, and the able support of the Charleston delegation, the application

would have been lost. With their amended charter, the Socie, procooded to organize a School of Medicine, and in March, 1924, elected the following corps of Professors: Drs. J. M. CAMPBELL to the Chair of Anatomy, S. H. Drekson to that of Practice of Medicine, H. R. FROST Materia Medica, and E. RAVENEL Chemistry; STEPHEN ELLIOTT, LL.D.,

Botany and Natural History.

At the first meeting of the newly elected Faculty, Professor PRIOLEAU was appointed Dean, and immediately commenced the work of prepara- ed rat'n, and hence the secret misciner done by tion for their approaching session. Dr. CAMPBELL resigned from the Faculty before the opening of called rattoning. This is, doing on a larger scale their first course of lectures, and Dr. J. E. Hot- what the 'varmint' does on a smaller-such as BROOK was elected to fill the vacancy in Anatomy. Splending the scales and springs of the cutter, The Faculty obtained from the City Council a lot cutting the 'wheel bands' of the grinder, or the of land in Queen street, upon which they erected appropriate buildings, and in November, 1824, commenced their first course of lectures to a class | the night, and when in the morning the sufferer of upwards of fifty students. In March, 1825, five asked who had done the tenschief, the reply was, of the class applied for graduation, and, after being examined, received their diplomas.

The College became decidedly popular, and afte a few years it was found necessary to enlarge the building, to accommodate the increasing numbe Council appreciated the advantage accruing to the city, from the number of young men attracted by grant of land, and appropriated from the city treasury \$15,000 to aid the Faculty in the construction of a suitable library. In return for this generous donation the Faculty bound themselves in perpetuity to supply professional attendance, to the city hospitals free of charge.

In passing we would throw out the query whether it would not be economy to the city, in these days of municipal impecuniosity, to look New Oblians, October 7.—During the month of these days of municipal impecuniosity, to look September the City Bailroad received as irre \$1900 into its ancient relations with the Faculty of the Modical College; and keep it up to its obligations. By so doing, the city would obtain the best medical attendance for the sick under its charge. and save the expense of paying physicians, as they now do. Economy and retremenment should be the order of the day.

> The State also about that period appropriated \$20,000 to ait in the construction of the College building, etc., and with these appropriations the Faculty crected the building now used by them corner Franklin and Queen-streets In 1831-'32 a difficulty arose between the faculty

and the Medical Society, which eventuated in an

Surgery, and that I'r. J. MOULTRIE was added to the Faculty as Professor of Physiology, a chair

then newly founded. Thrown now ontirely upon their own resources, they purchased the old Charleston Theatre, at the corner of Broad and New streets, and in November, 1833, opened their lectures to a large class of studonts. In the meantime the Medical Society organized a school, and appointed from among themselves a corps of Professors, who lectured in the Queen street College, and for a few years the two schools, with full corps of teachers, co-existed. In 1836 Professor EDMUND RAVENER withdrew from the Chair of Chemistry, and Dr. C. U. SHEPARD was elected to fill the vacancy, and in the following year Dr. E. GEDDINGS, one of the earliest graduates of the College, was called from Baltimore, where he had established a reputation and a good practice, to fill the newly created Chair of Pathological Anatomy and Medical Jurisprudouce. The Medical Society School having failed in its object, and having the Queen street bailding upon their hands, they offered it to the original Faculty. Past differences were forgotten, good feeling prevailed; the Broad street building, no onger needed, was disposed of, and the Medical College of the State of South Carotina, finally and successfully established in Queen street, the Medical Society giving to the Faculty in fee simple the building, apparatus, etc.

In consulting the catalogue for 1844, we find that further changes had taken place in the Faculty, and the name of Dr. GEDDINGS is substitued for that of Dr. WAGNER. No other alteration then took place until the Fall of 1847, when the New York School of Medicine succeeded in enticing away the brilliant lecturer on the Practice of Medi-Professor Dickson. Professor Gypdings was transferred from the Chair of Surgery to that made vacant by Dr. Drokson, and the late lamented Dr. JOHN BELLINGER was unanimously appointed to fill the Chair of Surgery. In the Fall of 1850, Professor Diceson, being dissatisfied with his position in New York, was utged to return to Charleston by his friends. Among the latter was Dr. BELLINGER, who insisted upon vacating his Chair in the College, so that Professor GEDDINGS. by resuming the Professorship of Surgery, could minstate Dr. Dickson in the Chair of Practice. In 1858 changes again occurred in the Faculty; Professor Dickson having accepted a call to the Jefferson Medical School in Philadelphia, and Professor Gennus having resigned his Chair, the two vacancies were filled by Dr. J. J. CHISOLM as the Chair of Practice. Professor GAILLARD's professional career was brought to a premature close by the fell hand of disease. His first course of lectures was also his last. Upon his domise Professor Gendings was induced to resume his con-Practice, which he still so ably fills. In 1858 Dr. F. T. Miles was made adjunct Professor of Auatomy, and, in 1860, was appointed to the Chair made vacant by the resignation of Professor Hold

Since the cessation of hostilities many changes have taken place in the Faculty. The death of the ocean. Professor H. R. FROST, one of the founders of the College, and for forty-three years a professor created a vacancy in the Chair of Meteria Modica, nore recent resignation of Professors MOULTRIE Obstetrics, created two vacancies which were filed by the election of Professor Miles to the Chair of Physiology, of Dr. F. M. Robertson to that of new Chair of Path slogy.

The present Faculty is as follows: Prof. Err GEDDINGS, Pra tice of Medicine; Prof. J. J. CHIS-O.M., Surgery; Prof. F. T. Miles, Physiology and may be able to find them without going over the establish and maintain a position for themest, however, still continued to seek practical
R. A. KINLOCH, Materia, Medica: Prof. E. M. Ro. BERTSON, Obstetrics; Prof. J. P. CHAZAL, Pathology. All of them, with the exception of Prof. SHEPARD, graduates of the College. Of the original Faculty who founded the Col-

lege in 1823, five are still in the enjoyment of active life: Drs. T. G. PRIOLEAU, S. H. DICESON, E. RAV-ENEL, J. E. HOLBBOOK, and Dr. E. GEDDINGS, who was Demonstrator of Anatomy in 1825. From its formation up to the commencement of

the war, upward of six thousand students had received instruction within the halls of the Medical College of South Carolina, and its graduates may be found in every State of the South, holding many positions of honor, trust and responsibility Among the more distinguished we would mention the names of Prof. J. C. Norr, late of Mobile Prof. Eve. of Nashville; Prof 's. Eve and Edward \$1000. Georgia and South Carolina also have each GEDDINGS, of Augusta, Ga.; Prof. J. LAWRENCE SMITH, of Louisville; Prof. T. GAILLARD THOMAS, of New York; Prof. E. S. GAILLARD, of Richmond; Professors J. D. BRUNS and S. LOGAN, of New Orleans; Dr. J. Marion Sims, now Consulting S geon to the Empress of France, etc., etc.

We are glad to learn that the college, the first organized South of Mason's and Dixon's Line, is now in better condition than ever, to proffer mediof usefulness. Since the war the classes have been good and rapidly increasing, and we predict for it, at its coming session, which opens on the first Monday in November, a class nearly as large as in the good old time, when this school for outstripped all of its Southern competitors.

We regret that the limited space to which we are restricted in writing on a subject of this character, prevents us from entering more into detail, on many of its most interesting branchese Thus, for instance, we could take great pleasure in examining the many important contributions, not only to the medical, but also to various kindred sciences, which have been made during the forty-four years of the evistence of this College, by its teachers and graduates. We should like to dwell more at large also on the character and teachings of many of the professors. These and many other topics, however, which naturally suggest themselves in the consideration of such a home, we must leave at rest for the present, having already transcended the usual limits of a newspaper article.

A WELL-INFORMED PERSON Writes to Notes and Queries: "In 'Ilaliamshire,' the district of which Sheffield is the capital, and indeed in Yorkshire generally, by the common people, rat is pronounced rat'n, and hence the secret mischief done by one workman to another in trade disputes was called rattoning. This is, doing on a larger scate what the 'varmint' does on a smaller—such as blending the scales and springs' of the cutler,

At a late hour on Saturday might, the 14th, considered it a usurpation of their prerogatives branches. Thus, for instance, we could take

bellows of the blade forger, and other like injuries These wrongs were generally perpetrated during sible to split a grinding-stone in the way describe Lelose with a literal illustration of my clymology An amsteur in fancy engine-turning said to me the other day, 'I have been rattened, I had just put a now eaigut band upon my lathe, and last night the rate have carried it off, and I suppose eaten it."

-The drought in Ohio and indiana is becoming quite errions, it is not mausual to hear of water being transported many unites for donastic purpasca. The Cincia still trice Current of Wednes-day says formers are so apprehensive of the conequences that many of them "reluse to part with their grain or their corn, and to this end they are parling with their aloc . as rapidly as possible, without much reference to prices." Business does not improve, consequent upon these unfavorable matters and prospects, and the bright hopes which

From Havana.

Havana, October 5, via Ker West, October 6.—
The steamer Louisian has just arrived from 8.
The magnitude and obtained legal possession of the building and apparatus, and the Faculty were deposed. The professors being thus described in the professors being thus described in the professor being thus described in the profes THE CHERAW BRIDGE, On the 28th of last quowth

CHARLESTON, S. C., TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 8, 1867. LETTER FROM RICHMOND.

> DAKWOOD CEMETERY. A short drive through the suburbs of Church Hill brought us to the entrance of Oakwood Cemetery. Unlike Hollywood, it cannot boast of any great degree of natural beauty, being situated on ground nearly level, and entirely devoid of the magnificent river scenery, proximity to which makes Hollywood one of the finest cemeteries in the world. By art, as well as by nature, has Oakwood thus far been treated very much as a stepchild. The Comotery was established at the con mencement of the war, reclaimed from the forest; and although a populous city of the dead, there are but few "memorials" calculated to elicit admiration from the visitor. Yet it is capable of being made a very lovely spo, having a fine back ground of forest green, and many handsome trees scattered through the grounds, which, though not hilly, are rolling, and could be laid out to great advantage, and I trust the day is not far [distant when it will become what many an aching heart would wish to nee it, a place of beauty, such as the seed beds of resurrection should ever be. Oakwood! what name in all this Southern land s more widely known! Where is the spot sacred to so many? What State, nay, what county, what village, in all the South, from the Potomac to the Rio Grande, that has not shed tears and sent up prayers for some dear one who sleeps beneath its sod. I know of no name that could find so far dis-

tant an echo as Oakwood. I turned to that portion of the grounds where our soldiers are laid, with feelings of dread, for when I had last seen it, in the spring of 1865, it was a harrowing sight-but I will not offend the sensibilities of the roader by giving a detailed description of the scenes I then witnessed at this Confederate Golgotha. I was agreeably surprised thorefore when I found that loving hands had been jury in accordance with the order, and therefore

at work in this "Garden of Life." There isy that mighty army of the dead-sixteen thousand strong-side by side as they had been on many a bloody field ere they were marshalled here to await the reveille from the great Archangel's trump. Each grave looks trim and neat a head-board placed with the names company, regiment and State inscribed upon it; or, sadder still, with the one word, UNENOWN. These head-boards are very strong, covered with three coats of paint, and, it is said, will last for fifteen years. The placing of them has been a vergeimportant work. Had this not been done all record of the graves would have Professor of Surgery, and Dr. P. C. GAILLARD in been lost. When That saw them in 1865 they were only marked by small rough pieces of wood, with the names, &c., indistinctly scrawled upon them. Many of these were so badly put into the ground that they soon became displaced, and it was impossible to know which grave they had belongnection with the College and accepted the chair of el to, and last winter negroes were found carrying off some of these stakes and boards for fire-

No one who has not gazed on this spot can conceive the feelings of solemnity and awe which are produced by the sight of so many graves thickly studding the undulating plain like the billows on

Those who have friends in this Cemetery can never be grateful enough to the ladies of the Oak-wood Memorial Association (the first organized in o which Dr. R. A. KINLOCH was appointed. The Richmond) for their indefatigable efforts to resene from oblivion the names of those who are laid nd PRIOLEAU from the Chairs of Physiology and here. The Association was formed April 19, 1866. Since that time, all the grayes that can be located (except 150 in private sections) have been designated by head boards, such as I have mentioned Obstetrics; and Dr. CHAZAL was elected to the (about 9000), and an accurate register prepared. It is now the earnest desire of the ladies to put up section boards, so that persons coming from a distance, to look for the bodies of their friends, R. A. KINLOCH, Materia Medica; Prot. F. M. Ro- a week. To procure funds for this object, they October 7 propose having a feast during the Fair, which is to take place on the 15th inst., and I hope that all who can will aid in this most important matter. South Carolina has 800 dead, whose graves are "located," and a large number among the unknown, as many died of small pox whose graves

were never marked. There are between 8000 and 4000 of these dnknown graves. It is the purpose of the Association to erect a monument to the Unknown Dead as soon as funds for this purpose can be obtained. At t his time their treasury is empty and the Asso ciation slightly in debt. The means for carrying on the work thus far have been raised by the efforts of the ladies connected with the Association. North Carolina appropriated and paid over appropriated the same amount; but the money has not yet been received. It is the wish of the Association to erect a monument to each State represented. The whole amount of funds received since the organization is about \$7000-the number

of members about 250. I have been intimately associated for some time past with several of the most active members of this Association, and thus feel great interest in cal instruction, and prepare physicians for a career | its fortunes; though my long connection with the hospitals of Richmond during the war, and my past personal acquaintance with many of the heroes who sleep at Oakwood, would in itself be quite sufficient to induce me to give my sympathies to the praiseworthy efforts of these noble women to beautify this "God's Acre." The people of the North sing pseans, and raise stately monumental piles to their dead, why shall we not at least erect 'some frail memorial" to the memory of our own Confederate dead? --- A. H. B.

delicate. She was a first at a factor of the sic penent is described by a servent girl as follows:

At a late hour on Saturday night, the 14th, Walker arrived at Buffalo, in a carriage. It was raining very hard. He immediately wout to Mrs. Solomon's cabin, woke her up, and said that he had come for her to take her home; that Mr. Solomon was very ill—too ill to write—that he had carriage ready for her and that she must not deliav. Mrs. Solomon expressed considerable surprise, and would not at first consent to go. The proprietor of the Springs, being apprised of Walker's errand, refused to silow Mrs. Solomon to lave, she having been left in his charge by her husand. But Walker managed to work upon the fears and anxieties of the lady to such an extent that she finally consented. While they were preparing the baggage, Walker sent cut for a couple of julops, and the servant girl here states that the saw hus put some and she drank it. Solom after, the party, including in the of them and handed it to Mrs. Solomon and she drank it. Solom after, the party, including the carriage and drove off. thing in one of them and handed it to Mrs. Solomon and she drank it. Soon after, the party, inclusing the servant, got in the carriage and drove off, stopping for the night at a country house, kept by a Mr. Moon. Mrs. Solomon was in a delirious condition all night, the girl maining with her. Next day, they continued their journey, stopping at Burkeville. Here Walker pietended that he was going to Petersburg, and leaving Mrs. Solomon at the hotel, took the servant to the denot was going to retersourg and reaving an account to the depot, made some show of having his baggage checked, watted till the down train came along forced the servant on board, telling her to stop at the Bolhingbrook Hotel and that they would follow next

set an one of the set matters and prospects, and the bright hopes which had been indulged in consequent upon the fiatter-ing reports of the crops, promaigned by the Europe din this city, having with him several trans of Statistics at Washington in July has been crucked to a great extent.

The Cheray Brisch, On the 28th of last quotity

The Cheray Brisch, On the 28th of last quotity

1 Petersbucy Express.

State Items.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA UNIVERSITY .- This noble institution commences another term to-morrow. The students are arriving by every train, and we lears from various sources that a large accession will be shown by the next year's catalogue. The number estimated is about 150; but as yet, it is im-

number estimated is about 190; but as yet, it is impossible to give exact figures.

There is certainly no college in the entire South which offers such inducements to youth best on the acquirements of the highest attainments like this ancient Alma Maier of a majority of our leading men. In the law, in medicine, in classics, provision has been made by the State for the empty is not been in the law. provision has been linder by the State of the employment of the ablest Professors, and there is no where to be found associations and influences more conducive to the improvement of the intellect and the development of the purest impulses of manhood.—[Cotumbia Chronicte.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Darby, one of the Professors of the Medical Department of the University, is expected to return from Europe during the present month. Gen. John S. Preston will probably arrive about the same time.—[Columbia Chronicle. BROKE JAIL .- Nine freedmen succeeded in effect

BROKE JAIL.—Nine freedmen successed in electring their escape from our District jail, last night, between 9 and 10 o'clock. They cut their way through the floor of the building, descending into the celler underneath, and thence grabbled themselves into the tark and an adjoining yard, and are now doubtless bent on some fresh errand of depredation. Our efficient Chief of Police, L. J. Radiffa and his victorium assistants, care immediate cliffe, and his vigorous assistants, gave immediat pursuit, but had failed up to an early hour this morning—I o'clock—to report success in their cap-ture. They were confined principally on charges of their and we presume were apprehensive of of thett, and, we presume, were approhensive of delay in the disposal of their several cases at the October court, in consequence of the new jury order,—[Cohembia Chronicle.

order.—[Cotembia Chronicle,
Ordensian Juries.—Troubles begin to thicken.
The new Order No. 89 makes it imperative that
juries shall consist of those who have, paid taxes
and registered. The Clerk of the Court applies to
the Boards of Registration for permission to examine their lists and compare them with the tax
list. He is refused. Application is then made to
the military. The military authorities out of
Charleston have no authority to order registrars to
onen their valuables to anybody, and the Clerk is t. ere can be no Court. Isn't it a remarkably pret ty kettle of fish. - [Coumbia Chronole.

COURT.—Our Fall Term of the Court of Common Pleas commence on next Monday week. There seems to be some doubt whether much business will be dispatched as a new jury has not been drawn in accordance with Military orders on this subject. This is unfortunate, as there are several crimin. In Jall awaiting trial, and it will be a hardshi; to keep them in confinement until next Spring. Why does not our Govenor or some of the Judges issue the necessary order for the drawing of new juries from revised lists.

[Bennettsville Journal.] COURT. - Our Fall Term of the Court of Comm

RETURN DAY. - Last Saturday was return day for this District. There were about seventy-five cases returned, quite a small number for Marlborough. Last Fall over six hundred cases were sued. We Last fall over six nundred cases were such we hope our people are either compromising or asranging their debts in some way, as the small return last week seems to indicate. At the prices of cotton, however, our people cannot pay much on old or new debts.—[Bennettsville Journal

LOOK OUT! OR YOU WILL LOSE A FORTUNE,

THE SALE OF TICKETS IN GEORGIA STATE LOT, TERY, for the Grand Scheme of October 9th. CAPITAL PRIZE, \$20,000. Tickets only One Dollar, Closes THIS DAY at 6 P. M. Office No. 20 BROAD STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

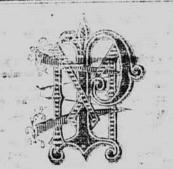
NOTICE TO CREDITORS .- IN EQUITY-HARLESTON DISTRICT .- LOWNDES vs. ROBERT-SON.—Under the order made in this cause, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the firm of ROBERT-SON, BLACKLOCK and COMPANY, and the separat creditors of ALEXANDER ROBERTSON, JOHN F. BLACKLOCK and EDWARD N. THURSTON, who desire to take advantage of these proceedings, to appear before the undersigned at his office in the Court House and prove their demands, on or before the 20th day of November 1867, or be debarred the benefit of the decree october 7 m7wi JAMES TUPPER. Master in Equity. Master in Equity.

CARD.-MY WIFE, ELLEN McMAHON having left my bed and board, against my will and con-JOHN MCMAHON. in my name

AT CARD, I HEREBY APPOINT MR. MILES DRAKE as my lawful Attorney during my absence from JOHN MCMAHON. the State.

ST NOTICE TO MARINERS .- CAPTAIN. AND PILOTS wishing to anchor their vessels in Asaley River, are requested not to do so anywhere within dire range of the heads of the SAVANNAH RATIROAL WHARVES, on the Charleston and St. Andrew's side o the Ashley River; by which precaution, contact with the Submarine Telegraph Cable will be avoided. S. C. TURNER, H. M.

Habbor Master's Office, Charleston, February 6, 1855. February 7



ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE

MACULLAR, WILLIAMS & PARKER,

Manufacturers, Jobbers & Retailers

FINE AND MEDIUM

CLOTHING.

WHOLESALE

RETAIL DEALERS

GENTLEMEN'S

270 KING, FORNER OF HASEL STREET,

CHARLESTON, S. C. DIE CHARLESTONER ZEITUNG.

JOHN A. WAGENER, Editor.

DEPERTHE ABOVE BEAD THE UNDERSIGNED propose to publish a German Weekly Peper, to be organ of the German population, and devoted to the rests of this State, in encouraging tennegration and rial Pursuits. ature, Agriculture, Commerce, Arts and Trade represented in its columns, and the news of th will be represented to day will be given.

General JOHN A. WASHNER has bindly consented to undertake the editorial management for the present subscription—23 for Tweive Months, \$1.49 for Six Months; \$1 for Three Months.

Advertisements inserted on liberal terms

C. G. ERCKMANN & CO.

Suptember 25 So. 2 Broad street, Charleston, S. C.

THE CAROLINA TIMES. PUBLISHED AT ORANGEBURG C. H. THIS PAPER CIRCULATES THROUGHOUT THE

The Helatives, Friends and Acquaintances of Mas. ANNNA HARTMAN are requested to attend her Funeral, This Afternoon, at Two o'clock, at her residence, No. 2 Williams' How.

October 8

20 The Relatives, Friends and Acgr aint. ices of Mr. CESAR SMALL, also Mrs. MARY SMALL, are respectfully invited to attend the Puneral of Mrs. MARY SMALL, at the Emanuel Church, Calhoun street, at Eight o'clock, without further invitation." October 8

*TATTENTION! UNION WIDE AWAKE BE-NEVOLENT ASSOCIATION .- You are hereby summon ed to appear at your Meeting Room, Calboun street, at h lf-past Two o'clock precisely, to pay the last tribute of espect to your brother member, JOHN DAVIS. Defaulters will be dealt with according to Article 415

f Constitution. JOHN ADDISON, President By order of JAMPS J. YOUNG, 1* Secretary U. W. A. B. A.

SPECIAL NOTICES. F PROPOSALS OFFICE DEPOTANL

DISBURSING QUARTERMASTER, ATLANTA. GA. October 2d, 1867.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be receiv ed at this Office until 12 M., Thursday, October 16th, 1867, for supplying the Government with 888,080 FFFT OF LUMBER, as follows, viz.: 600 Sills 20x8x8

600 Plates 20x4x6 40 Scantling 19x6x6 800 Scantling 191414 1.430 Scantling 202224 340 Scantling 17x6x6 220 Scantling 10x4x3

1,800 Scantling 10x2x4 2,500 Joint 24x3x8 1,250 Joint 14x3x8 1,750 pieces Bridging 16x1 1/23 1,250 Tie Beams 24x2 1/18 1,250 Braces 20x2x8 2,500 Rafters 15x2x6

1.250 Rafters 16x3x

133,140 feet Plooting 1 thebes thick, 20 feet

65,800 feet Flooring 1% inches thick, 14 fee 92,320 fast Sheeting (straight edge) 1 inch 91,000 feet Plank 1 inch thick, 18 feet long, 1

inch es wide 22,000 feet Plank 1 inch thick, 20 feet long 9,000 feet Plank 2x6 inches 19,000 feet of Strips 1x3 inches. The whole to be good, sound Pine Lumber. Delivery o commence Getober 18th, 1867, with such material as quantities and of such s'zes and description as may from | and sent by mail on receipt of price. Address HUM-

time to time be required in the ordinary process of con-struction—the whole contract to be filled within ninety lays from the date of first defivery. The whole to be de vered at the "Swift Race Track," in the city of Atlants, where it will be inspected? Proposals must state the price per thousand feet.
Bids will be entertained for each article separately for

ny part of the whole bill, not less in amount than 100,000 Bids must be in TRIPLICATE, with a copy of this advertisement ATLACHED TO FACH, and bear the endorsement of Two RESPONSINLE persons who are willing to become surely for the bidder in the event of the contract being surely for the bidder in the event of the contract being awarded to him. Proposals not complying with the relation of the endorsement will be rejected.

Never did we make the effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we make to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we make the effect as the endorsement of the endorsement of the endorsement of the endorsement of two responsible to say of any other medicine. Never has it fail being a single instance to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we make the endorsement of two responsible to say of any other medicine. Never has it fail being the endorsement of two responsible to say of any other medicine. Never has it fail being the endorsement of two responsible to say of any other medicine. Never has it fail being the endorsement of two responsible to say of any other medicine. Never has it fail being the endorsement of two responsible to the endorsement of the endorseme

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all Proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, and ndorsed upon the envelope, "Proposais for the deliver

By order of Brevet Brig.-Gon. R. Saxron, Chief Q. M. H. J. FARNSWORTH, First Lieutenant 34th Infantry, A. A. Q. M., In charge of Depot,

CLOTHING.



No. 219 KING STREET. West side, one door South of Market Street.

NOW OPENED AN ELEGANT ASSORTED STOCK OF CLOTHING,

Made up specially for this Market. The greatest care and skill has been bestowed on the Cutting and Workmanship, and every Customer can rely on purchasing from this House a perfect Garment. THE STOCK COMPRISES ALL GRADES, FINE, MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED, INCLUDING MANY NEW STYLES.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS'

SHIRTS. THE STAR BRAND LINEN BOSON SHIRTS

The STAR BRAND SHIRTS I have sold in this city for over twenty years have always given satisfaction in FIT and MATERIAL

IN FURNISHING GOODS I OFFERI MERINO AND LAMBS' WOOL UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, Shaker Flannel Undershirts and Drawers, Canton Flannel Undershirts and Drawers, Travelling Shirts, Half Hose, Suspenders, Neck Ties, Scarfs, Gloves of Beaver, Buckskin, Dogskin, French Rid and Cassimere, Collars of Linen and Paper in all prevailing styles.

A full supply of CLOTHING for Freedmen of English ersey and Domestic Goods, and heavy Grey Blankets—eighing five pounds each.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT. The Stock I offer this season is very stiractive, consisting of ENGLISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN CLOTHS, Beavers, Tricots, Costings, Cassimeres, Velvets, Velvets, Tricots, Costings, Cassimeres, Velvets, Velvets, and Corduroys. The excellence of the style and nt of Garments made at this House, by an experienced cutter from France, are sure to please those who will

WM. MATTHESSEN, Agent. B.W. McTUREOUS, Sup't

PRICE FIVE CENTS

SPECIAL NOTICES.

QUARTERLY STATE TAXES. - FOR. QUARTER E DING 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1867.-GEN-ERAL TAX OFFICE, FIRE PROOF BUILDING. This office is still open for the receipt of Returns and payment thereon of the State Quarterly Taxes on sales or Spirituous Liquors and Goods, Wares and Merchandise for the months of July, August and September. The Books will be closed on the 15th instant, and

double Tax Executions issued against defaulters. FLEETWOOD LANNEAU, tuf2 T. C. St. P. and St. M. #3-CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP CHAM-PION are notified that she is deicharging cargo This Da at Adger's South Wharf. Goods rema wharf at sunset will be stored at owner's risk and ex-STREET BROTHERS & CO.,

Consigne CONSIGNEES PER SCHOONER AMERI-CUS, from New York, are hereby notified that she is This Day discharging cargo at Brown's Wharf. All goods remaining on the wharf at sunset will be stored at ex remaining on the management of the pense and risk of owners.

T. TUPPER & SONS.

CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP FALCON, from Baltimore, are hereby notated that she is This Day discharging cargo at Pier. No. 1 Union Wharves. All Goods not taken away at sunset will remain on Wharf, at Consignee's risk. MORDECAI & CO., Agents. BE NOTICE. CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP E. B. SOUDER, are hereby notified that she is this day

discharging cargo at South Atlantic Wharf. All goods on the wharf at sunset will be stored at expense and risk of owners. JOHN & THEO. GETTY, Agents, All freight amounting to fifteen (15) dollars or less must be paid on the wharf before delivery of goods. October 7

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AT THE next Session of the Legislature, application will be made by the "PALMETTO PIONEER COOPERATIVE ASSC-CIATION "for incorporation under the above style and HU.H FERGUSON. In hehalf of himself and other associates

August 20 MERVOUS DEBILITY, WITH ITS GLOOMY attendants, low spirits, depression, involuntary emissions, loss of semen, spermaterrhos, loss of power, dizzy head, loss of memory, and threatened impotence and imbecility, find a sovereign cure in HUMPHREYS' HC-MEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. TWENTY-EIGHT. Composed of the most valuable mild and potent curatives, system, arrest the discharges, and impart vigor and energy, life and vitality, to the entire man. They have cured thousands of cases. Price 55 per package of six boxes and vial, or \$1 per single box. Sold by druggists,

COMPANY, No. 509 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOUTHING SYRUP FOR Children Teething, greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammationwill allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

PHREXS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE

its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its nagical effects and medical virtues We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after years of experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfillment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and example of the found in fitteen or twenty minutes after the syrap is administered.

after the syrup is administered.

Pull directions for using will accompany each bottle Be sure and call for "MESUWINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," of

Having the fue simile of "Cuntus & Penning" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. offices No. 215 Fulton street, New York; No. 205 High

Holborn, London, Fugland; No. 441 St. Paul street, Mon DOWIE & MOISE, Agenta, treal, Canada. A LADY OF UNDOUBTED CHEMICAL SKILL, HAS RECENTLY PERFECTED CHEVALUER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR.—It positively restores gray hair to its original color and youthful beauty; imparts life, strength and growth to the weakest hair; stops its falling

out at once; keeps the head clean; is unparalleled as a hair-dressing. Sold by all druggists, fashionable hairiressers, and dealers in fancy goods. The trade supplied by the wholesale druggists.

SABAH A. CHEVALIEB, M. D., New York. For sale by DOWIE & MOISE,
Wholesale Agents for South Carolina,
une s stuth 6mc No. 151 Meeting street

BY A YOUNG LADY RETURNING TO HER . country home, after a sejourn of a few months in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any lady's tollet. By its use any Lady or Gentlemen can improve their per-sonal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also heal-ing, cleaning and boautifying theskin and completion. By its directaction on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surace as Nature intended it should be clear, soft, smooth

ccipt of an order, by
W. L. CLARE & CO., Chemista, . No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y. The only American Agents for the sale of the same. Marcia 30 MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, AND THE

and beautiful. Price \$1, sent by Mail or Express, on re-

HAPPINESS OF TRUE MANHOOD .- An Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the Physiclogical Errors, Abuses and Diseases which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of Relief. Sent in scaled letter envelopes, free of charge.

Address DR. J. SEILLIN HOUGHTON. Howard Association, Philadelphia, Ps.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, THIS FROM 3 TO 46 YEARS OF AGE.

To supply the increasing demand in this branch of my business, I have greatly enlarged my Stock.

Parents will find here all they need for their Sons. PLENDID HAIR DYE is the best in the world. The

MAN EYES made to order and inserted by Drs. F. BAUCH and P. GOUGLEMANN (formerly employed by ROISSONNEAU, of Paris), No. 599 Broadway, New York.

"COSTAR'S"

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE "COSTAR'S" SALES DEPOT, No. 482 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Where \$1, 53 to \$5 class are put up for Families, Stores Ships, Bosts, Fublic Institutions, &c., &c.

It is truly wonderful the confidence that is now had in every form of Preparations that comes from "Costar's" Familishment. E-rablishment.

"COSTAR'S" EXTERMINATORS—For Rats, Micc. Roaches, Anis, &c., &c. "Only infallible remedy known."
"Not dangerous to the human family." "Rats come out of their holes to die," &c.

"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR—A liquid, out up in bottles, and never known to tail.
"COSTAR's" ELECTRIC POWDER—For Moths in

Furs and Woollens, is invaluable. Nothing can exceed it for power and efficacy. Destroys instantly all Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c. Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

"COSTAR'S" BUCKTHORN SALVE—For Cuts, Burns,
Wounds, Bruises, Broken Breasts, Sore Nipples, Piles in
all forms, Old Sores, Ulcers, and all kinds of cutaneous
affections. No samily should be without it. It exceeds
in efficacy all other Salvos in use.

"COSTAR'S" CORN SOLVENT—For Cours, Bunions,
National Course, Supplementary of the Course, Bunions,

Warts, &c. "COSTAR'S" BITTER SWEET AND GRANGE BLOS-"COSTAR'S" BITTER SWEET AND ORANGE BLOSS MS—Beautifies the Complexion, by giving to the arin
a soft and beautiful freshness, and is sincomparably beyond snything now in use. Ledies of taste and position
regard it as an essential to the toilet. An unprecedented
sale is its best recommendation. One bottle is always
followed by more. Try it to know.
"COSTAR'S" BISHOP PILLS—A universal Dinner
Pill (augast-costed), and of extraordinary efficacy for Costiveness, ait forms of Indigastion, Nervous and Sick
Headache. A Pill that is now rapidly supersading all
others.

others.

"COSTAR'S" COUGH REMEDY—For Coughs, Colds,

"COSTAR'S" COUGH REMEDY—For Coughs, Colds,

Hourseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and all forms of Pronchial, and Discours of the HENRY R. COSTAR, No. 482 BEOADWAY, N Y Throat and Lungs.

WHOLESALE AGENTS. No. 151 Meeting street, opposite Charleston Hotel,

DOWIE & MOISE. on to the Bare

Imp 3 June 17