VOLUME V.....NO. 888

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Cable Dispatches LONDON, September 4.—Dispatches from Athens nnounce an amnesty in Crete. LONDON, September 4—Noon.—Consols, 943-16.

Bonds, 733. LONDON, September 4-Evening,-Co. 94 13-16. Bonds 73]. Frankfort Bonds 77].

Liverpoot, September 3-Evening.-Cotton strong throughout the day. Sales 10,000 bales. Quotations unchanged. Manchester advices favor-

LIVERPOOL, September 4-Noon.-Cotton steady. Others unchanged.

LIVERFOOL, September 4-Evening.—Cotton

cloacd steady; Uplands 101; Orleans 104. Sales 10,000 bales. Corn 34s. 5d. Wheat 13s. 5d. Pro-visions irregular. Pork 73s. Lard 51s. 3d. Bacon 43s. Turpentine 6d. lower, closing at 29s. Rosin steady; common 7s. 6d.; middling 12.

Buropean News by Steamer. New York, September 4.—The Persia has arrived, with dates to the 25th. Just before starting it was discovered that the new cars bearing Vic-

The harvest is progressing satisfactorily.

The cholera is an epidemic at Rotterdam and vinity. It has also broken out on the southern slope of the Alps.

The Spanish insurgents and troops had a sovere fight at Castongis. All but thirty insurgents were cut to pieces. The French officials, to whose border the insurgents fied, surrecedered them.

Washington News. Washington, September 4.—George E. Warrino, Grand Master of the Masons of the District, and a prominent officer of the Interior Depart

The Amnesty Proclamation is expected to-mor row. The list of exceptions will be quite short.
The Cabinet, Grant and Browning absent, accorded with the President, except Seward, who feared the list of those excepted by the President from the amnesty list was imprudently exclusive The Radicals have elected the Mayor of Wil-

mington, Delaware, by 200 majority. The Committee appointed to investigate the malfessance in cotton and other abandoned property, state that many of the largest operators are dead, while the majority lost their gains by sub-sequent operations, and by the decline in cetton. The payment of loyalists' cotton claims, recent-ly decreed by the Court of Claims, has neen sup-pended by the Secretary of the Treasury at the re-

quest of the Committee. Hon. THOS. N. STILLWELL, of Indiana, has been

appointed Minister to Venezuela. F. W. Scorr, of Tennessee, has been appointed Consul at Mata-The Radicals carried Vermont by 18,000.

The debt bearing coin interest has increased \$36,781,000; bearing currency interest decreased \$66,320,000; matured, but not presented, increased \$3,803,000; bearing no interest, \$7,157,000 Coin decreased \$1,642,000; enreoncy decreased \$25,401,000. Total decrease of doposit, \$32,893,000. Captain W. H. HALE, of the Marine Corps, died

New York News.

NEW YORE, September 4.—The Southern Fa-guine Belief Committee held a final meeting. The total cash receipts have been \$250,566—all expended. The number of bushels of corn purchased,

Republican State Convention in North Carolina.

RALEIGH, September 4.—The State Republican Convention assembled to-day—sixty-six Counties were represented—several by proxy. The proceedings are harmonious. The permanent brganization has been effected. Gon. JOETPH C. ABBOTT was elected President, and the committee to draw up the platform. The committee to draw up the platform. were elected. A mass meeting was called for to-night. The Republicans hold a grand mass meeting at Tucker's Hall to-night. A band of music sung, and soveral colored speeches made, all ex

The Albany (Ga.) News not Suppressed. Augusta, September 4.—It is not true, as stated in some Northern papers, that General Popu suppressed the Albany Notes. It is also demed that freedmen from running for the Convention.

SAVARNAR, September 4 .-- A Merchant's Exchange was organized here to-day. WM. WADLEY, President of the Central Railroad, was Chairman

Alabama Conservative Convention. MONTGOMERY, September 4.—The Conservative above his fellow mortals when he was drunk-the Convention met to-day. Thirteen out of superiority which he enjoyed over other princes. State Convention met to-day. Thirteen out of sixty-two counties were represented. There is considerable enthusiasm. There are eighty-seven delegates present, twenty of whom are colored.

The platform will be reported to-morrow. From New Orleans.

yellow fever yesterday were twenty-eight. The Board of Health last night declared the fever an epidemic, but describes it as being of a mild type A communication was sent to the Board of yesterday announcing the reorganization of the Howard Association, but that it was entire without funds. The streets were Looded this morning by a tre-

The school imbroglio is coming to a focus. The achools opened on Monday, the day specified by law, under the anspices of the old Board of Directors. The applintees of Council are restrained from action by a writ of co-warranture, returnable on the 9th before Judge Du Plaintiens. Council last night adopted a resolution suspending the schools until October 1, on the ground of an opidemic. The resolution amounts to nothing legally as the Board of School Directors exercise authori ed the cutting off the supplies from the schools as as a means of overcoming the difficulty.

From Havana.

NEW YORK, September 4.—Havana dates to the 29th state that the new customs law is strictly enforced. All yeasels emitting the rames of consigness are fined \$25. It is hoped these reforms

Nothing has been heard from the telegraph

vessel.

The Operator at Charris is dead.

Exchange on New York currency, 24½; discount on London, 18½ premium.

The extent of the troubles in Porto Rico are nu-

known. Reinforcements have left Spain for the

BAVANNAB, September 4.—The British bark George H. Jenkins, at Savanuah, from New York, reports that when off Barnegai she passed a wreck of a vessel, mizzen-mast and stern above water but the name was washed off. She hailed fro Nova Scotis, and was apparently about 500 tons. Domestic Markets.

NOON DISPATCH.

New York, September 4.—Flour dull and favors buyers. Wheat quict. Corn steady. Rico quiet. Oats 1c, better. Pork \$23 50223 65. Lard quiet. Whiskoy steady. Cotton quiet at 201227c. Tur pentine unchanged. Rosin firm. Stocks steady. Money, 4a5. Sterling, 9½a91. Gold, 414a412. 1862

EVERING DISPATCH.
Flour rather more active; State \$6 652\$16 85;

to choice \$2.80a2.50. White corn \$1.15a1.16; yellow, \$1.21a1.24. Oats 60a050. Ryo \$1.25a1.35. Provistions yet? form. Bacon tending upward; held 4 higher. Bulk meats very firm. Sides scarce, 15c. Customs at Bitks.

offered. Shoulders held at 12fa13. Moss pork quiet and unchanged. Sugar and whiskey quiet,

and nominally unchanged. CINCINNATI, September 4.-Flour Grm, demand. Corn advanced; supply an equal to the demand; \$1 10a1 12. Moss Pork active; closed at \$23 75a24. Bacon higher; Shoulders 192; Clear Sides 16ja17.

Sr. Louis, Soptember 4.-Superfine flour \$6.50a 7.75. Corn unchanged. Moss \$24 50 : Clear Sides 174; Shoulders 133a134. Lard 13a134.

Wilmingron, September 4.—Turpentine quiet, 52. Rosin quiet \$2.85a6.75. Monn.s, September 4.-No sales to-day; receipts

for two days 290 bales. New ORLEANS, September 4.-Sales 200 bales: dull; Low Middling 24a25c. Receipts 153 bales. Sugar and Molasses unchanged. Tobacco quiet. Flour dull and depressed; Superfine \$8 50; choice Extra Virginia \$10a11. Corn dull; Mixed \$1 20; White and Yellow \$1 25. Oats dull; 68a70c. Pork White and renow \$1.25. Oats unn; ocaroe. For a in request; held firmly; quoted in round lots at \$26.50. Bacon active; Shoulders Hal44c.; Clear Ribbed 17a174c.; Clear 184c. Lard steady and firm at 134a14c. in tiorces; 144a15c. in kegs. Gold 414. Sterling 53a553. Now York sight 1/2 pre-

Augusta, September 5.—Cotton more active Sales 150 bales. Middling 23 a24c.

SAVANNAH, Soptember 4.-Cotton more active ales 110 bales; Middlings 211 to 25. Recoipts 51.

Speaking of the death of Soulouque the Courrier des Etals Unis says: "We are assured that Soulouque, called Faustin I., is dead. In this age of negro renabilitation the figure of Soulouque is a grand one. His his presents some striking features. Ho was born in 1789, the day of the taking of the Bastilo, a date full of happy omone. At first a slave, he was accustomed to contemplate nature and to sound its mystories by picking off caterpillars from the coca trees of his master. They say in Hayti that he one day met in the woods an old negress, come from Martinique, who prophesied a great future for him. It was the same negress who had forcted her fature elevation to Josephine Tascher de la Pagerie.

In 193 the young Soulouque, hardly fourteen years old, took part in the war against the French and made himself remarkable for a cowardice which in no wise controlled his inhumanity. We have no intention of reviewing his military career.

and made himself remarkable for a cowardice vhich in no wise controlled his inhumanity. We have no intention of reviewing his military career. He served in turn all governments and took all the eaths that were required with a somerasultic fullity worthy of more advanced countries. Having attained the Presidency by a stroke of luck, he did not long content himself with this modest post, but naturally dazzled by famous examples he put the Constitution in his pocket, manufactured a new one, and became Emperor like any one clas by the Grace of God and the national will. The black party supported him assisted by the sect of the Yandoux. The mulatices were trodden down. Soulouque triumphant, wished to surround himself with a brilliant aristocracy. He wished a court and he had one. "Me wish little counts, big marquis and great clukes," as he cloquently said to the Sonate. And, in effect, by virtue of his soveroign power, he oreated a Count Cry Daby, a Duke Salt-Oolar, a Prince Sugar Plum and so on. If fortune had favored him in his wars against the Dominicans he would have decorated, with the titles of his battle-fields, some of his generals. This is a pious custom to perpetuate the memory of blood spill and of the massacres of thousands of men.

1 This is a pious custom to perpetuate the memory of blood spilt and of the massacres of thousands of men.

Sudlougue had many manias. Like all his recoved brothers he delighted in tinsel, feathers and plumes. General Boum, of the Grand Inchess of Geroistein, would not have been out of place at his court. For want of orders enriched with diamonds he ornamented his officers with pieces cut from tin sardine boros; on elogance little fastidious, which proved that he loved order and economy in his finances. After the example of Henry IV., of Louis XIV. and of Victor Emmaunel, Soulouque adored women and he espoused a great many over the left shoulder in spite of the loculine rage of Adelina his legitimate wife. These morganatic marriages became imore and more frequent toward the end of his reign, but the old Emperor could not be rejuvenated like Faust by Mophistopheles and he contented himself with what our fathers convictionally called detaments suffrages. The marriage was none the least consummated in his eyes and he would say to his now spouse "You now wife to me; you faithful to me or you conte." And this coule was accompanity with high of the eye of the joyous King Louis was accompanity of the you of the power of the famous twinkling of the eye of the joyous King Louis vestal virgins.

A less innocent mania of Soulouque's consisted in

inistorical. The last wives of Soulouque lived distortions. The last wives of Soulouque lived distortions. The last wives of Soulouque lived distortions. The last wives of Soulouque lived distortions and last virgins.

A less innocent manla of Soulouque's consisted in shooting indiscriminately his enemics and his friends. He has been justly blamed; for if it is useful to suppress one's adversaries, it seems impolite to attack one's supporters. Those who knew Soulouque best neyer knew stould pit the acted in such it of the last one's supporters. Those who knew Soulouque best neyer knew and the seems impolite to attack one's supporters. Those who knew Soulouque best neyer knew and innate fordiness for blood letting. The most indugent judges would have some trouble in admitting any of these excuses. Perbaps, however, it is not lor our age to judge. In less than eighty to the care thy seems the most civilized people on the earth massacre their king, their queen, their great poets, their men of science and a crowd of innocent boings. People have been killed overygrame been sassassinated. Ist fair then for an age covered with crimes and blood to judge as exercely the defunct Sovereign of Hayti?

Soulouque ambitioned always the glory of conquests, but he only reaped Waterho defeats. He read print not without difficulty, and more crudited than Charlemagne, who could only seal his lettors with the handle of his sword; he know how to spell and sign his own name. Tall of stature, he was not among the ugliest of his race, although he was not among the ugliest of his race, although he was not among the ugliest of his race, although he was not among the ugliest of his race, although he was not among the ugliest of his race, although he was not accomplished the sealing journals and the prince of England and America—Diorran and Invino-commenced as journalists strends and most popular authors of popular books. So far as we can analyze journalism and the journalists style, we suppose the peculiar-tity aport here with the men are

The Frojte in Prussia. The Frolic, on the way from Cherbourg to Kronstadt, put in at Stottin, Prussia, to take on board Mirs. Admirs! Farragut and party, who had come overland, through Cologne, up the Rhine, and Berlin from Paris. The appearance of the Frolic at Stettin was the 6rat rigitation of an American Ship arrs. Admiral Farragut and party, who had come overland, through Cologne, up the Rhine, and Berlin from Paris. The appearance of the Froke at Stettin was the first visitation of an American ship to Prussian waters, and the greatest curiosity was manifested on the part of the Prussians. At first there was a kind of hesitation about the procress of the ship up the Oder on the part of the Prussians, who were taken completely by aurprise at the first appearance of an American armed ship steaming so far inland. As the kind intention of the Frolic was manifested, the hesitation of the Frolic was manifested, the hesitation of the Frolic was manifested, the hesitation of the Prussians gave way to curiosity, then unbounded courtesy, thom enthusiasm, which went on increasing smid shouting, rejoicing, firing of cannons, and bands of music, till one grand, wild and spontaneous dvation from land and shore welcomed the Frolic in Prussian waters. As the Frolic approached Stettin, the shore batteries pealed forth the antiouxi salute to America, and on all sides was run up the American fing. The people througed the shore in crowds, while the Prussian garrison was marched out, and stood at parade rest, to welcome the Frolic's arrival. The navyspapers came out with carrs editions announcing the ship's arrival, and the Prussian commander came on board, welcoming the ship's arrival, On the morning of the Itlut, the people, nobility, officers, and ladies came througing on board, and during the day about 15,000 people looked over the Frolic with the greatest curiosity and admiration. On the arriyal of Mrs. Farragut and party from Brilin, the Prussian authorities farmished magnificent carriages to convey them to the ship on Brilin, the Prussian authorities form the railroad to the Frolic's boat where Prussian bands and sleggantly dreased aids-de-camp accompanied the ladies apploach on the railroad to the Frolic's boat where Prussian bands and sleggantly dreased aids-de-camp accompanied the Brolic's boat where a grand ball was improvis

at Berlin.

It would be apropos to mention the fact, that the Frolic was one of the Clyde built steamers, fitted out in England as a blockade-runner for the rebels. She was captured by our fleet off Charleston during the war. Her original name in England was the Lord Clyde, and her rebel name was A. E. Vance.

General Canby.

To the Editor of the New York Tribune:
Sin:—It is just and generous in you to "suspend judgment" in regard to the recent appointment of General Canby. I served with him, under the most intimate official and personal relations, in this city, in the War Dopartment, and in the military division of West Mississippi, and, while the people do not know it, I know that, in his own quict, unpretending way, he "assumed" many "responsibilities," which satisfied me of his unswerving and uncompromising loyalty in the full application of the word, and enable me to predict that Mr. Johnson will find himself beautifully nistaken when he thinks that General Canby will be a tool to his "policy" any more than General Siekles.

It was my fate during the war to serve General Canby.

Southern 63a.8. Mess Pork 423 16a423 70, clasing at \$23 56. Lard steady. Whiskey 36a38. Cotton more active and firmer at 26ja27. Rice and Bugar quiet. Coffee firm. Tarpentine 56a58j. Rosin firmer. Freights dull and lower. Stocke steady. Gold 42. 62 coupons 14;

Baltimore, September 4.—Cotton dull and lower, Middling 26a25. Coffee nominally unchanged. When steady, prime to choice \$2.80a2.60. White corn \$1.15a1.15; yellow, \$1.21a1.24. Oats 63a105. Rys \$1.25a1.35. Provisions yer; firm. Racon tending masses.

CHARLESTON, S. C., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1867 WEST OF THE ALLEGHANY MOUN-TAINS, 1807.

LETTER FROM G. W. W.

To the Editor of the Daily Neios : Your correspondent, last summer and autumn, was looking upon the beautifully cultivated fields and vine-clad hills of dear old France—he had for weeks wandered through the gardens, boulevards, and picture calleries of the charming city of Paris; each day developed new interests, and new charms

to him. Paris in the Paradise of France, and France is the Eden of the continent of Europe. I feel quite sure there is no country in the world teer quite sure there is no country in the work where one can got so much real unjoyment for his money as in France. To one fond of travel and gorgeous scenery, he will find it in the little re-public of Switzerland—here are beautiful lakes and fertile valleys, and mountain gorges, and saturates to gratify the most romantic. Crossing the Alpa, you step into Italy—itablue sky and balmy tropical climate sends a thrill into the Southern heart. There is Germany, with its finely cultivated fields, its busy work shops and grand old cities, crowded its busy work shops and grand old cities, crowded with the most industrious and economical people in the world. England, with its London and Liverpool, its Manchester and Birmingham, a little Island—a perfect hive of busy bees, is worth a trip across the Atlantic to see. And dear old Scotland, with its commercial Glasgow and literary Edinburg, its honest and frugal people, has charms that few countries possess. To me, down-trodden Ireland, with its Paddies and potatoes, its peat and its pigs, was deeply interesting.

and its pigs, was deeply interesting.

But there is a new country, discovered recently by a bold adventurer—Christopher. Columbra called America. After all, there is but one Ameri-ca. There was a time when the ten States now known as territories were the Paradise of America. Alasi four years of desolating war and two years of political anarchy have driven the ADAMS and Eves from this Eden. The bissing serpent is to be seen all over this once happy land; the very ground seems cursed, and thorns and thistles are fast taking the place of the luxuriant cutton and rice plant. We may expect this state of things to continue until the ugly family quarrel is sol-tled. There will be no solid prosperity again, North or South, until the Union is restored and a irst, equal and uniform government established throughout the States. A few months since I left our through the States and a portion of Canada This never been farther West than Cincinnati, and had not seen the immense prairies of this Western world, or the mother of waters, and was anxious to visit the valley of the great Mississippi. From Chicago to St. Louis you pass through the centre of Illinois, one of the finest of the Western States. On each side of the Illinois Central railway corn, and green pastures, on which hundreds and thousands of fat cattle are grazing. Your readers will be surprised to learn that these rich prairie lelds, situated as they are in the heart of a country boasting of free white labor, are cultivated in a the weeds and grass were as high as the corn. I should be. The best cultivated farms I have seen in my tour were in Tennes land is very imporfectly cultivated. Large barns and neat farm houses are few and far between. This state of things is produced mainly by the restless spirit of emigration. Nearly every farmer is ready to sell out and move farther West. r of the West has been as much demoralized by the war as that of the South. Under the old system we had the best organized labor in the land. This labor should be improved by the new

and the journalistic style, we suppose the peculiar ity about them is the directness with which the mat round the hush," the digressions, the "padding the exploitation of one's personality, which are s place with the journalist. To have something all, to say it directly and pointedly, are the points that we observe in the best newspaper writers. As a rule, the questions of the hour require very prompt and decisive treatment, and each requires to be treated specially and by itself. There may among authors, be great intellects and charming genuises, like Montaione, whom you permit to talk about everything whenever they wish to talk about anything; but such cases are exceptional in literature, and cannot be telerated at all endable historian than he now is.

The War in Abyssinia.

A low days ago it was reported by tolegragh that the English prisoners in Abyssinia, whose hard fate had occasioned so much anxiety, had been liberated from the hand of King Theodore by a band of native rebols, who would probably release them on modifrate terms. A later arrival, however, brings the information that Theodore still holds many of his prisoners. Consequently, the proparations which had been bogun at Bombay for an invasion of Abyssinia, with an army composed partly of sapoys, are still going forward, and will not be held back longer than necessary. It is stated that the army of invasion will comprise about ten thousand mon. Including an unusual proportion of artiflers. Much doubt is felt in England as to the practicability of a successful invasion by an English army, on secount of the difficult nature of the country, and the want of influential and assailable centros. The whole country, nearly three hundred thousand aduare miles in extent, is brighen into isolated sections by high mountains, somewhat like New Granada. The principal range runs North and South, within from thisty to unbundred miles of the Red Bea, the streams on the West side flowing into the Nile. The principal scaport is Messouah, in the North, but the population is chiefly in the South. Bould the troops land on where in Somali, the savage and little known region lying South of Abyssinia, a wast desert will have to be passed by the samy before it can regeh its object.

The population is given in the Weimar almanae at four millions and a half. Home travellers put it at a million less. They are said to be little controlled by morality, and very feebly united under cone government. The nominal rulers claim descend from King Solymon and the Queen of Sheba. They rule arbitrarily until their chemies become strong, and then give pince to some rival "good-cirough san of Solomon," or which there are slayay plenty. The three great provinces, Tigre in the north, bear little more than nominal allegiance to the titular kin

fence, and win make the war folious and coety, and its success doubthil.

Rev. Dr. Bellows writes from Germany to the Liberal Christian: "No class of persons in Germany has touched me so much as the class just just above the peasants and just below the proprietors—the lowest stratum of the middle class. Serious, modest, intelligent, humble, industrious, self respectful, there is, especially among the woming, a certain promise of appritual line, an unworld-liness gnaraniced by, their inability to participate in the plasmer of those above them, and their distance for the liability of those below them, which seem, to any that from them is likely to spring a now generation of souls, unspoiled by empty metaphysical sublicties, and uncorrupted by worldliness."

"CONVENTION OR NO CONVENTION."

To the Editor of the Daily News :

You will oblige a subscriber to your valuable paper by publishing what Gen. Signies says of those who oppose reconstruction those who oppose reconstruction, so that all the people of South Carolina may see the consequences that await those who allow themselves to be persuaded to vote "No Convention." It was the misfortune of many to be led into generalized. suaded to vote "No Convention." It was the misfortune of many to be led into secession—they will
now have no one to blame but themselves if they
take a similar fatal step again. The light is before and around them. They are plainly told by
one high in authority that they will lose their
property and their citizenship. If with this
knowledge they prefer to dare fate to do its worst,
they will have the privilege of washing their ownthey will have the privilege of making their own future just as miserable as they desire.

"A SUBSCRIBER."

"It may be assumed, that no disability will be removed from those who resist, oppose, or discourage Reconstruction. In every State where the terms offered by Congress shall be rejected, it is plain, that thenceforts political power will be altogether and finally remitted to the hands of those who have ever been loyal to the Union. By the rejection of the terms of reconciliation new offered, the premoters of discord will, sooner or later, find themsolves without possessions, without premoters, and no longer the peer of the humblest citizen of the Ropublic; and thus will the rebollion have worked out upon its unrepontant citizens, its own impressive and signal retribution."

bution."

Extract from General Sickles' letter to the Board
of Trade of Charicaton, S. C.

The Strength of the Rebel Army.

To the extension of the Reus of Tribune:
Srs: Your issue of June 26th, containing an article from your Washington correspondent on the strength of the robel armies in the field, has only recently come into my hands, and I have examined it with a great deal of interest. Its details correspondent recently come into my manes, and I have craminated it with a great deal of interest. Its details correspond in general with my own information and belief, cocept where an attempt is made to supply the missing quester-roils of Lee's army at the most important and interesting period of the war. Why are those rolls missing? Who mutilated the record in abstracting them? Until it is satisfactorily shown to the contrary, I shall nover believe that the Army of Northern Virginia at any time exceeded 70,000 effective men; and at several important periods I know it was about 89,000, to wif, as near as I am able to say: First Bull Run, 28,000; Anticleam, 80,000; Fredricksburg, 32,000. As these, are candidly-onetained impressions, on the best data I have, if you or my of your correspondents know more about it, on irrefragible data, I would gladly and dafer untilly accept the information.

data, I would gladly and defer stially accept the information.

I venture to correct your correspondent in a small, perhaps unimportant, matter, to wit, the Confederate force at Mobile, at the close of the war, which he estimates at 20,800. I was the inspector-general of that district, and can inform you that the force defending Mobile when it was attacked by General Cauby was about 7000 fetring; this included a city battalion and three regiments of reserves, robbed from the cradle and the grave; of the seasoned and quasi regular troops there were about 5000, including some diamounted cavalry and several batteries which had lost their guns at Nashville.

at Nashville.

I would add that whon Taylor surrendered to Canby he had, as far as I am informed, about 9000 troops in the field, of whom 4000 were infantry, and about the same number of cavalry under Forrest. The other 1620 I believe a liberal allowance for pickets and other outlying squads in the southern and western part of this department.

As you perceive, I make no prefences of superior information, except within my own specialty, and I write more in the spirit of one desiring information than offering to school others.

Lieutenant-Colonel Iale C. S. A. Washington, August 26, 1867.

Registration i	n the State.	
MARION DI		
Marion C. H	246	lacks. 384 103 105
High Hill Allen's Bridge Mullins Ariel	109	90 46 27 88
Friendship. Britton's Neck	26	46 45 6
Mars Bluff. Infints Creek. The registration returns up to the 4th, 1363 blacks.	as far as receive	d show
leaving a majority of 56 in : ORANGEBURG DISTRICT,	favor of the black	EH.

leaving a majority of 56 in favor of the l	
ORANGEBURG DISTRICT, FIRST PREC	INCT.
Whites.	Blacks.
Branchville74	163
Rowe's Pump	81
Felder's	83
Bair's 94	56
Providence C. Ground	148
Orangeburg	474
SECOND PRECINCY.	
Whitea.	Blacks.
Lewisville	511
Club House	176
1 FODIA'S. 97	86
Bookhardt's	119

Bookhardt's
THIRD PRECINCY.
Fasterlin's Mills Whites. G6 Rorries' 24 Tyler's 19 Corbettsville 48 Bromn's 58
 FOURTH PRECINGT.

ments, and one a 'enare or pitfail!'"

So delicate is the manufacture of the short staple of the Daces cotton it can only be weven into yarn at certain times of the day. The morning is generally so employed before the dew has left the grass. If spinning he carried on after that time, the spinner, who is always a woman under thirty years of age, spins the yarn over a pan of water, the evaporation of which affords sufficient moisture to prevent the fibres from behocoming too brittle to handle. Delicate as the maslin is it will wash, which European maslins will not. The durability of the Dacea muslin, notwithstanding fineness—a piece of "evening dew," one yard wide and four yards long, only weighing '56 grains—is asid to be owing to the greater number of tryings given to the Dacea yarn, as compared with the finest muslin yarns of England of France. The time taken to spin and weave the threads in a plece of "woven sir" is very great; the realici will not, therefore, be surprised to hear that it sells at the rate of a guinea a yard.

The newest contrivance is not always the best. The American and English style, of yoking-oxen is by arranging the load to pull on the shoulder of the animals, giving them no chance to use the tremondous muscles of the nock, where, in truth, their greatest stronglis lies. The Spanish custom, which at first sight would look awkward and annoying to the beast, is yoking by the head, with pads upon the forehead to protoci it from external injury. The correspondent of a New Hampahire paper mentions the way in which Toxan teamsters became convinced of the superiority of this old Spanish contrivance, while hauling critical industrial the contrivance, while hauling critical industrial the complete of the superiority of this old Spanish contrivance, while hauling critical industrial the state of the superiority of this old Spanish contrivance, while hauling critical industrial the state of the superiority of this old Spanish contrivance, while hauling critical industrial that the state of the superiority of this old Spanish contrivance with the superiority of this old Spanish contrivance with the superiority of this old Spanish contrivance, while hauling critical industrial that the superiority of this old Spanish contributions.

been at the White Supring (va.) Springs revealed wooks, is rapidly improving.

Monday last (sale-day) passed off very quietly. Very few people were at the village. We learned that the crops generally are doing well.

We are pleased to notice that improvements in our village are still progressing. The "authorities" are building a heavy and substantial tence around the jail.—Marion Mar.

There are five patents in this country for egg-tatching machines. The first one mown was in-rented during the French revolution in which Rougenman figured.

THE CAROLINA TIMES, QUBLISHED AT ORANGEBURG O. H. THE PAPER CHROULATES THROUGHOUT THE middle portion of the State, and offers the best actilies for advertisers.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

63" ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE, -ALL PER-SONS having dominads against the Estate of the late
JAMES PITZPATRICK, will present the same properly
attested; and all persons indebted to the said Estate will
make payment to Messirs, Campiella & Seannook, No.
50 Broad street.

September 5 thism6 Administrator, de bonis non.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS WHO ARE EN-titled to bury, or be buried, in the CEMETERY ESTAB-LISHED FOR THE BURIAL OF ALL COLORED PERdent or Congregational Church, situated in Meeting street, known as the "Circular Church," and all such as were attached to, or worshipped in, the Second Indepen-dent or Congregational Church in Archdele street, now known as the "Unitarian Church," are requested to as-scrable at No. 16 Rose Lane, Upper Wards, on the first Thurnday in Sopietables next being the fifth days, at some o'clock P. M., for the purpose of appointing new Trustees in the place of those who are deceased, agreeable to the rust set forth in the original deed of co

HENRY W. MATHEWES, August 9 aug v, 27, sept 5 Surviving Trustee ** HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR

roperties whatever. IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL

It will keep the hair from falling out.
It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustro

It is a splendid hair dressing. No person, old or young, should fail to use it.
IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY THE FIRST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.

and take no other.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashus, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all Druggists. Wholesate by

DOWIE & MOISE. SUCCESSORS TO RIVO APP DANGED IX, thiy Charleston, S. C.



ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE

MACULLAR, WILLIAMS & PARKER,

Manufacturers, Johhers & Retailers

FINE AND MEDIUM

CLOTHING.

WHOLESALE

RETAIL DEALERS

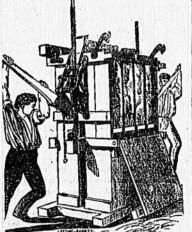
GENTLEMEN'S PURNISHING GOODS.

270 KING. CORNER OF HASEL STREET.

CHARILESTON S. C.

INGERSOLL'S

HAND POWER COTTON PRESS.



For Convenience, Economy and Cheapness, the greatest Labor Saving Machine that can be put on a Plantation.

OPINIONS OF THE PEOPLE. ALLENDALE, BARNWELL DISTRICT, R. C., March 1, 1887.

ALLENDATE, BARNWELL DISTRICT, S. C., Marrix, Little & Marshall:

March, 1857.

March, Little & Marshall:

GENTLEMEN: I used, during the past season, one of "ingersoils Protable Cotton Presses," purchased of you of the "Screw Press," and nothing but dire necessity induced me to try any other. I take pleasure, however, in adding my testimony in favor of its entire staptation to the wants of a cotton plantation. It has surpassed my most sanguine expectations. I have packed with but two hands, yet I prefer four—two at each lever. My bales all weighted over 500 lbs. The first tot I sent to market averaged 567 Ls. My impression is that 500 lbs. is about the capacity of the Press, and a greater number of pounds subject the follow-block to too much risk, unless the sides of the cotton box was forressed. It would add greatly to the value of the Press if the cotton box was founded by the control of the press of the cotton box was for inches longers. In haste, I am, very respectfully, P. S. Tower of the press of the cotton box was founded to be a "Screw" builting the was so much pleased that the has dieternined to abandon the "Screw" and purchase "Ingersoil's Press."

OFFICE OF KING'S MODEL AND HALMOAD COMPANY, YOUNGLES, S. O., April 15, 1887.
GENTLEMEN I have just received your letter of February 14th—upon my return to this place, after an absonce of two months—and this reply may be too late for your "Descriptive Circular of Ingenoil's Cotton Press."
The Press I used in pecking my cotton last year worked adoutably, peaking, with teas from 500 to 525 lbs. With good active lands to work it, I am satisfied that from dighteen to twenty balos might readily be packed in a day.

This Press combines the advantages of lightness, and consequent pertability and simplicity (being easily managed by any one of ordinary intelligence). Great compressing force, with illiticamotive power, and "last, but not legat," it is worked enlirely by hand, thus saying for the farm horses the hard labor imposed upon them by the use of the ordinary "Serces."

Respectfully, &c., yours.

Respectfully, &c., yours.

LIMIAN.

LITTLE & MARSHALL, Agents for the Ingersoll Cotton

Press.

No. 140 MEETING STREET,
Opposite Parlian Hotel,
mwf Charleston, S. C. DURYEA & COHEN.

LAWYERS, OFFICE: LIBRARY BUILDING. HANGOR BROAD AND CHURCH STREETS.

OBSTUARY.

DEPARTED THIS LIFE At Grahamville, S. (the 28th August, FLORENCE, oldest daughter of and Locas M. Lexce, agod seven years and days. DIED, at Mount Pleasant, on the instant, Dr. WIL LIAM HALL, of this City, agol 78 years.

45° THE RELATIVES AND FRIENAS OF THE DE-CEASED, and of his Sons and Daughters, are respectful-ly invited to attend his Funeral Services, 1, 18 Morning, at 10 of left at 18 miles, 190 at 10 o'clock, at St. Philip's Church,

43 The Relatives, Friends and Acquaint tances of Mr. and Mrs. JACOB SMALL are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral Services of the latter, at the English Lutheran Church, Archdale street, This Af-ternoon, at half-past 3 o'clock. 1 September 5

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BYMRS. WINSLOWS SOOTHING STRUP FOR hiloren Teething, greatly facilitates the proces ug, by softening the gums, reducing all indan will allay ALL PAIS and spasmedic action, and is SURI:
TO REGULATE THE ROWELS. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and RELIEF AND
HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for years, and can
say in confidence and truth of it what we have never
been able to say of any other medicine—Never has it fuld in a single instance to effect a cure when them and

been able to say of any other medicine—Nøver has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and modical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after

cears of experience, and pledge our reputation for utilitizent of what we nere declars. In almost over-tance where the infant is authering from pain and austion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty min flow the average administration. tter the syrap is administered ous for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for

Be sure and can for
"MRIS, WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"
Having the fice simile of "Cuntia & Perrains" on the
outside versions. All others are head-tenditions.
Sold by Drugglats throughout the world. Price, only

es—30, 215 Futton arrest, 148 J. Faul street, Mor rn, London, England; No. 441 St. Faul street, Mor Canada, tuthsomo August 27 55"A LADY OF UNDOUBTED CHEMICAL SKILL, HAS RECENTLY PERFECTED CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR.—It positively restores gray hate to its original color and youthful beauty; imparts life, strength and growth to the weakest hair; stops its falling out at once; keeps the hard clean; is unparalleted as a hair-dressings. Sold by all druggists, fashbonable hair-dressers, and dealers in fancy goods. The trade supplied by the wholest hairs and fancy goods.

de druggists.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.,

New York. AT NOTICE TO MARINERS.—CAPTAINS what was a constant of the SAVANNAH and the state of the Ashley River; by which procaution, contact with the Submarine Telegraph Cable will be avoided.

S. C. TURNER, H. M.

S. C. TURNER, H. M. Harbor Master's Office, Charleston, February 6, 18cd.

AST A YOUNG LADY RETURNING TO HER A3" A YOUNG LADY RETURNING TO HE is country home, after a sojourn of a tew months in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place a against rusting fusion of a tew months as not ruby corplexion of almost marble smoothness, and insided twinty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cuse of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CROASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any lady's tollet. By its use any Lady or Gentlemen can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple to the sonal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in itcombination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpass
ed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion.
By its directaction on the cuticle it draws from it all its
impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be—clear, soft, smooth
and beautiful. Price 51, cent by Mail or Express, on roceipt of an order, by

W. L. CLARE & CO., Chemists,
No. il West Fayetto Sirvet, Syracuse, N. V.

American Agents for the sale of the same.

THE ATTENTION OF THE FIRE DE-PARTAIENT is called to the following regulations:

Any Volunteer Engine running on any payment in
other the Upper or Lower Wards, where the street is
paved, shall pay a fine of Fifty Dollars, and any Ward

Engine committing the same offence their pay shall be stopped. The same rule shall be applicable to the Markets.

Every Volunteer Engine Company shall have either bells or a gong attached to their Engine or Reel, and the same shall not be muffied, either going or returning from an alarm of fire. The same rule shall be applicable to Ward Engines, but no Engine shall return from a fire fasier than a walk.

No two Steamers shall work at the same Fire Well. Gne Volunteer Hand Engine may draw water from same Well where a Steamer is drawing; and if two Hand Engines are at a Fire Wellno Steamer shall be allowed to use the same.

Two or more Steamers may draw water from a Drain

August 20 AT THIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, ECOND MILITARY DISTRICT, NORTH AND SOUTH CAROLINA, CHARLESTON, E. C., AUGUST 17, 1867.— SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on Monday, the 16th day of Septem-ber, 1867, at which time they will be opened, for the purhase of the following property, viz: Wreck of steamer BOSTON, in Ashepoo River.

Wrock of steamer GEO, WASHINGTON, in Coo. Wreck of steamer CHASSEUR, in Scull Creek

Wreck of steamer RUBY, in Light House Inlet. . Bidders will state the amount offered for each ; The wrecks will be sold separat. It and to the highest bidder, unless such bid be deemed unreasonable. Proposals must be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Proposals for purchase of wrecks."

B. O. TYLER, Brevet Major-General, Chief Quart Deputy Quartermaster-General, U. S. A.

#3 BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE .- THIS SPLENDID HAIR DYE is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Dye—harmless, reliable, instan-taneous. No disappointment. No ridiculous tints. Natural Black or Brown. Remedies the Ill effects of Bas-Dyes. Invigorates the hair, leaving it soft and beautiful.

The genuine is signed William A. Balchelor: All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. Factory, No. 81 Barcle AP BEWARE OF A COUNTERFEIT.

ARTIFICIAL EYES .- ARTIFICIAL HU-MAN EYES made to order and inserted by Drs. BAUCH and P. GOUGLEMANN (formerly employed BOISSONMEAU, of Paris), No. 599 Broadway, New York.

"COSTAR'S" PREPARATIONS ESTABLISHED RIGHTEEN YEARS,

aboratory, No. 10 Crosby street, New York. 3000 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks manufactured daily. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE "COSTAR'S," SALES DEPOT. No. 483 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Where \$1, \$3 to \$5 sizes are put up for Families, Stores Ships, Boats, Public Institutions, &c., &c. ts truly wonderful the confidence that snow had in Establishment.

"COSTAR'S" EXTERMINATORS—For Rats, Mico, Reaches, Ants, &c., &c. "Only infallible remedy known."
"Not dangerous to the human family." "Rats come out of their holes to dia." &c.

"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR—A liquid, and un in bottless and sover known to tail. "COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR—A liquid, put up in boltles, and ower known to tail.
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER—For Moths in Furs and Woollens, is invainable. Nothingcan exceed it for power and efficacy. Destroys instantly all insects ou Flants, Fowls, Animals, &c.
"COSTAR'S" BUCKTHORN SALVE—For Cuts, Burns, Wounds, Bruises, Broken Bri sats, Fore Nipples, Piles in all forms, Old Sove, Ulcers, and all kinds of citaneous affectous. No family should be without it. It exceeds in efficacy all other Salves in use, "COSTAR'S" COEN SOLVENT—For Corns, Bunions, Warts, &c.

Varts, &c.
"COSTAR'S" BITTER SWEET AND ORANGE BLOS
"MG_Reantifies the Complexion, by giving to the skin "COSTAR'S" BITTER SWEET AND ORANGE BLOS-S'MS-Beantifies the Complexico, by giving to the skin a soft and beautiful freshness, and is incomparably be-yond anything now in use. Ladies of taste and position regard it as an essential to the trilet. An unprecedented sate is its best recommendation. One bottle is always followed by more. Try it to know. "COSTAR'S" BISHOP PILLS—A universal Dinner Pill (sugar-coated), and of extraordinary efficacy for Cos-tiveness, all forms of Indigestion, Nerrous and Sick Headache. A Pill that is now rapidly superseding all others.

Others.

"COSTAR'A" COUGH REMEDY—For Coughs, Codds,
Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Cronp, Whooping Cough, Asthms, and all Grims of Bronchis), and Diseases of the
Address S. DURYEA. . J. BARRETT COHEN. HENRY R. COSTAR, No. 442 RROLLWAY, R. Y. DOWIE & MOISE,

WHOLESALE AGENTS

PRICE FIVE CENTS (

SPECIAL NOTICES.

** REGISTRATION FINAL NOTICE. FORETH PRESINCT, WARDS NO. 5 AND TAND 6 AND 8.—The Board of Registration for the above named Wards, in order to complete the registration of the same by the 19th inst., registration will be held at the Wesh ington Engine House, Vanderhorst street, for Wards No. 6 and 8, Tucsiny, Wednesday and Thursday next, the 10th, 11th and 12th days of September, from 9 to 3 o'clock each day.

ach day.

And at the Engle Engine House, Meeting str

And at the Engle Engine House, Meeting street, the following week, for Wards No. 5 and 7, on Taenday, We-investay and Taersday, the 17th, 18th and 19th September, from 9 to 3 o'clock each day, after which the books will positively be closed.

The registration lists will be exposed for public examination, viz: At the Engle Engine House on Monday and Tuesday, the 23d and 24th lists, and at the Washington Engine House on Wednesday, Taursday and Friday, the 25th, 35th and 27th September, from 11 to 2 o'clock each day, after which time, for two days, viz: Saturday, the 28th, and Monday, 33th September, the Board will ravie, and correct the lists, and register any person who may have been before prevented from registration. The said revision will take place at the Washington Engine House, from 11 to 2 o'clock each day.

evision will take place at my ... from 11 to 2 o'clock each day. NATH'L TYLEE, Sonr... Ab Precint Chairman Board Registration 4th Precinct. er 5 sept 5, 0, 10, 11, 17, 18, 25, 20

#2-FINAL NOTICE .- ALL PERSONS HAV-ING demands against the Estate of the late JONAH M.
VENNING are requested to render the same, and those
indebted thereto will please make payment to

D. B. VENNING,
September 3 tuthin3* Executor.

SHIPPING.

MOUNT PLEASANT

SULLIVAN ISLAND FERRY.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER THIS DAY, 5TH INSTANT. THE FERRY STEAMER will leave as follows:
Leave city at 10 A. M. and 3 and 3 P. M.
Leave Mt. Pleasant at 8 A. M., 12 M., and 6)4, P. M.
SULLIVANS' ISLAND.
Leave city at 10 A. M., and 3 P. M.
Leave Sullivan Island at 7)4 and 115 A. M. and 5 P. M.
Soptember 5

JOHN H. MURRAY, Agent.

FOR NORTH AND SOUTH EDISTO, ROCKVILLE, HUTCHINSON'S ISLAND, BENNETT'S POINT, AND WAY LAND-

THE STEAMER

ST. HELENA, CAPT. D. BOYLE.

WILL LEAVE NORTH ATLANTIC WHARF, AN above, on Friday Night, the 6th instant, at 11 clock.

Returning will leave Editio on Sunday Morning.

Freight received This Day and To-Morrow, to be preaid. aid, For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to JNO. H. MURRAY, Market Wharf.

FOR EDISTO, ROCKVILLE AND WAY LANDINGS. THE STEAMER

MORGAN CAPT. JOS. F. TORBENT. WILL LEAVE BOYCE'S WHARF FRIDAY, SEP-BER 6, at 8 o'clock A. M. For freight engagements, apply on hoard For freight engagements, apply on board.

HOPER & STONEY,
September 4 2 Vanderhorst Wharf.

FOR BALTIMORE. THE FAYORITE STEAMSHIP.

N. P. DUTTON, COMMANDER. WILL SAIL FOR THE ABOVE PORT, ON THURSDAY, 5th instant, at 12 o'clock, M., from Pier No. 1, Union Wharves.

For Freight engagements, apply to COUNTENAY & TRENHOLM, September 3 Union Wharves.

NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON People's Mail Steamship Company. THE STEAMSHIP

MONEKA, CAPTAIN MARSHMAN, WILL LEAVE NORTH ATLAN1IO
What, Thursday, September 5, at 12
o'clock, M.
Line composed of Steamers "MONEKA" and "EMILY R. SOUDER."

JOHN & THEO. GETTT,
No. 48 East Bay.

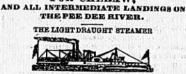
NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON STEAMSHIP LINE.

FOR NEW YORK, THE NEW AND ELEGANT SIDEWHEEL STEAMSHIP

MANHATTAN. WOODHULL COMMANDED WILL LEAVE FROM ADDRESS SOUTH WHARP on Saturday, Replember, 7, at 12 M.

33° All outward Freight augugements must be made at the office of COURTENAY & TRENHOLM, No. 44 tan Bay.

FOR CHERAW.



PLANTER. OATT. J. T. FOSTER.

WILL RECEIVE PREIGHT ON THE FIRST SEPTEMBER, and leave with despatch.
All Freight must be prepaid on the wharf.
For Freight engagements apply to
August 20 tuths Accommodation Wharf.

FOR WRIGHT'S BLUFF. AND ALL INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS ON THE SANTRE RIVER.



OAPT. —,

WILL RECEIVE FHEIGHT ON THE 2D SEPTEMBET, and leave with dispatch.
All freight engagements, apply to
Por Freight engagements, apply to
August 27

Accommodation Wharf.

THROUGH TICKBTS TO FLORIDA, BY

CHARLESTON AND SAVANNAH STEAM PACKET LINE SEMI-WEEKLY.



STEAMER PILOT BOY ... CAPT. W. T. MONELTY avanab.

Freight received daily from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., and tored free of charge.

All Way Freight, also Bluffton Wharfene, must be pre-

For freight or passage, apply to JOHN FERGUSON, Accommodation Whart. CLAGHORN & CUNNINGHAMS,
CLAGHORN & CUNNINGHAMS,
Agents, Savanash, Gr.,
FULLER & Life,
Agents, Bavanash, Gr.,
N. R.—THROUGH TIGERYS sold at the office of the
Agenty in Charleston to points on, the Allantic and Gris
Ballroad, and to Fernandina and points on the St. John's
River.
Agent 1

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER