The Daily News.

NEWS SUMMARY.

PIUS IX. has completed his seventy-fifth year, having been born May 13, 1792. He will have occupied the Pontifical throne twenty-one years on the 16th June next.

Some workmen at Winchester, Va., while engaged in tearing down a building a few days since, came upon a bottle, upon which was written with a diamond, "Bottle of whiskey, buried in 1821."

It is stated that Governor BROWNLOW is projecting a navy, in the shape of two old steamers to be iron-plated, for service on the Cumberland River, and thus cooperate with his land forces in keeping rebels from the polls.

England, although her people buy great numbers of watches, manufactures but a small proportion of them. Whilst her watchmakers annually manufacture 26,000 watches, she imports from Switzerland alone 35,000 during the same period.

The shad "pounds" at the mouth of the Connecticut river, inclosures in which the fish were caught by the wholesale, big and little, and shipped to the New York market, were almost totally destroyed by the heavy seas of last week.

Great numbers of the restless spirits who compose the city populations in California are already rushing away to our newly acquired territory, to see what can be made there, and no doubt the poor Esquimaux will be shocked at the sample American citizens thus precipitated among them.

The London tailors are now sending to this country with their coats little glass bottles with pins attached, to hold the flowers, which would otherwise be stuck in the button hole. By the use of these bottles filled with water, of course the flowers can be kept fresh.

The latest horticultural device is that of removing the stones from fruit by a process of gradual reduction, by extracting the pith from shoots and grafting them on stocks and their own branches, for successive seasons. The experiment has been perfectly successful with the Malaga grape.

Gov. MARSHALL, of Minnesota, has received from the Government ten thousand rations, to be distributed among the destitute settlers in the frontier counties of that State. Great destitution exists among the new settlers, but they are hopeful, and with a little assistance to get in their crops, feel assured of doing well.

An English company have offered to assume the whole debt of New Granada, which is set down at thirty-three millions, and pay other liabilities amounting to some additional millions, for the exclusive privilege of a transit across the Isthmus by railroad or canal, or both, for a period of ninety-nine years.

The bust of Count BISMARCK is an object of great interest at the Paris Exposition. The features are thus described: "The forehead is fine, but two great wrinkles, which signify brutal obstinacy, are knitted into its middle; the lips are sneering and cold, and the nose is—oh, so pugnacious!"

A letter from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue states that out of the whole population of the United States, only 400,000 persons paid a tax upon incomes last year—in other words, that out of the thirty-five millions of our people, less than half a million had incomes of more than $600.

The Atlanta *New Era* says: A railroad two miles in length has been erected at Stone Mountain for the benefit of the workers in granite. It will greatly facilitate, and, of course, cheapen, the operations of getting out that kind of building material. Our friend, and former city Architect, DICK BASS, Esq., planned and supervised said railway.

The Lansingburg (N. Y.) clergy have a novel way of doing things. At a recent public wedding, the officiating clergyman, after the knot had been tied, announced that if there were any others in the church who desired to be united in wedlock, they should step forward, and forthwith another couple approached the altar as candidates for the matrimonial degree.

An arrangement has been made with the English and French railroads, with the Imperial commission, which controls the exhibition, and with persons who supply food and lodging, by which two hundred English workingmen per week may go to Paris, live in a pleasant hall, spend a week in sight-seeing, and come back again, for seven dollars and a half in gold.

The Pittsburg *Commercial* says the principal grain centres are manifesting, just now, certain significant fluctuations in prices—a sort of trembling sensation like that which precedes the final plunge of the sinking ship. The grand prospect ahead for the wheat crop—now within two months of the market—has brought out some thousands of bushels of old wheat, and the market from this time forward is bound to decline.

Rev. JOHN W. BECKWITH, Rector of Trinity Church, has declined the See of Georgia, to which he had been elected. His reasons for declining so high an office in the Church is that his work in this Diocese had but begun. He remains in accordance with the wishes of the largest congregation in the city. When the announcement was made from the pulpit that he would not leave his flock, it was received with profound and deep feeling.

The following marriage extraordinary we clip from the Fernandina (Fla.) *Courier*: Married.—On Thursday, the 21st ult., by the Rev. Mr. THACKERY, July Seaton, (colored) 80 years of age, to ROSA Lang, all of Old Town. "Old July" is well known to most of our city readers, having resided in this vicinity for sixty years. He recollects the landing of Gen. GREGON McGREGON in 1817, when this was Spanish Territory. McGregon and his forces were Carthagenians, and claimed to be acting under the authority of the Mexican Republic.

The *Telegraph*, of Gratz, states that a few days ago some person entered the residence of Marshal BENEDEK and carried off the insignia of all the orders of chivalry that had been conferred on that warrior. The theft was the more remarkable as none of the other objects of value in the house were taken. The Archduke, hearing of this misfortune of his old comrade in arms, at once sent all his own "orders," and put them at Gen. BENEDEK's disposal, unwilling, as he delicately expressed it, that the old Marshal should be for a single instant even without the numerous tokens of his country's gratitude.

A meeting of peach-growers was held at Dover, Delaware, 23d instant, to arrange for the transportation of fruit to market this season, by the different railroad lines. It is gratifying to know that the opinion expressed by gentlemen from all parts of the State, as well as from the Eastern Shore of Maryland, was, that the crop would be an abundant one, failures being confined to some few localities. The number of baskets to be shipped by railroad was variously estimated from a million to a million and a half. About New York trees are covered with young fruit that have borne little or nothing for several years. Good accounts also come from the West.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, writing on the 29th, says that an energetic effort is made by the impeachment party, and Mr. SUMNER and others, to bring a sufficient number of members of Congress here in July to form a quorum of both houses. Mr. SUMNER says he only remains here himself to help make up that quorum, and, if possible, pass a law to give suffrage to the negroes in the Northern States and in the Territories. Thirty-three letters to members were sent off yesterday by the impeachment party, urging them to come on, and a large number have been written too by Mr. SUMNER, who urges them to come in aid of his suffrage proposition.

The Norfolk *Day Book* tells us of the arrival in the "city by the sea" of a "big baby" from "big Richmond," whose dimensions are very large. Says the *Day Book*: "It is *en route* for Barnum's Museum, per steamship *Saratoga*; is only four years and a half old, and weighs two hundred pounds; (that's a whopper!) measures forty-eight inches around the breast, and has an arm as large as a man's thigh. (Why a man's thigh, Mr. *Day Book*?) It was in charge of its mother, who is a widow (no wonder the father died), and came from big Richmond, and is decidedly a big representative of that big city. He is too fat to walk, and was lying in a heap on the cabin floor, indulging in the luxury of strawberries." How many quarts did it require to satisfy the monster? Richmond never produces anything that is small.

The Tensas (La.) *Gazette*, of the 25th ult., says: "The planters back from the river are now all busy scraping cotton, and most of them have excellent stands. On several places there is corn up, and looking healthy. Most of the plantations close to the river are not so fortunate where it is low and swampy. The water is still on those places, and the river too high to admit the water running through the different breaks in the levee along our front." The Houma (La.) *Civic Guard* of the same date, says: "We have the pleasure of recording the continual and accelerated falling of the waters in this parish. We hope, inasmuch as it is yet quite early in the season, that our planters will not lose as much as was expected. Many persons believe that good corn and rice can be made on the land that has been overflowed this season."

RRENT TOPICS.

THE GOV. EYRE trial in England, and the Reconstruction Acts in the United States, of late have attracted considerable attraction to the subject of martial, as contrasted with civil law. The *Westminster Review* for April, 1867, repeats the following anecdote, found in Sir WALTER SCOTT's "Life of the Duke of York," and it may not be uninteresting to reproduce it here, even if for no other reason than to show what queer notions those old fogies had about civil liberty. At the table of the Commander-in-Chief a young officer entered into dispute with Lt. Col. ——, upon the point to which military obedience ought to be carried. The young gentleman was at the time of life when soldiers are apt to carry the sense of military duty to enthusiasm. "If the Commander-in-Chief," said the young officer, "should command me to do a thing which I knew to be civilly illegal, I should not scruple to obey him, and should consider myself as relieved from all responsibility by the order of my military superior." "So would not I," replied the gallant and intelligent officer, who maintained the opposite side of the question. "I would rather prefer the risk of being shot for disobedience than of being hanged for transgressing the laws, and violating the liberties of my country." "You have answered like yourself," said his Royal Highness, whose attention had been attracted by the vivacity of the debate; "and the officer would deserve to be both shot and hung who would act otherwise. I trust that all British officers would be unwilling to execute an illegal order, as I trust the Commander-in-Chief is incapable of issuing one."

MR. THADDEUS STEVENS has been sick since the adjournment of Congress, and has been ordered by his physician to avoid excitement, and study the things which tend to quietness. He has, however, broken over the medical decree, and been delivered of a letter, which shows that he is doing as well as could be expected. He has been in labor with his policy of confiscation, and now writes an urgent letter in favor of that scheme to Mr. MCPHERSON, the Clerk of the House of Representatives. He says that the people of Pennsylvania and other States who were plundered by rebel invaders, should be compensated out of the estates of such men as AIKEN, DAVIS, OAR, HAMPTON, and a thousand others, who are still rich. He further wonders that Congress has kept quiet for two sessions, and not enforced confiscation. Of his political associates who are perambulating the South, he says: "A few Republican meteors, always erratic in their course, are flitting through, and exploding in the Republican atmosphere. They attract sufficient public attention to enable them to assure the amiable rebels that they need fear no confiscation; that nobody of any note in the North is in favor of imposing such punishment for the sake of remuneration or of justice." Mr. STEVENS had hardly a follower in the last Congress, when he made his confiscation speech, and his moribund utterance now will be treated as a sick man's dream.

THE RICHMOND *Whig*, gives the following interesting account of the Tredegar Works: "Among the vast operations at the Tredegar Works are two rolling mills, which are now being worked up to their full capacity, and give employment to a very large number of mechanics and laborers. The Tredegar mill is confined to the manufacture of merchant iron of all descriptions, cut nails, railroad spikes, and other fastenings. The Armory mill is devoted exclusively to the manufacture of railroad iron and railroad chairs, of which a very large amount is now being made for several of our Southern roads. In both mills there are in the aggregate over four hundred hands employed, and of these there is a large proportion negroes. Of this latter class we were glad to hear a good account—under the excellent and judicious management of the proprietors they are working well and contentedly, an example which it would be for the interest of the colored men throughout the State to follow. Brown's Island, at the foot of Seventh street, which is thickly studded with shanties, used during the war as a laboratory, is now rented by the Tredegar Company, and by them sub-let to mechanics and laborers employed in the foundry."

WORK is now being pushed forward vigorously upon the Florida Railroad, and present indications are that the entire line will be in operation in the course of a few weeks' time. The beautiful and costly iron draw bridge over Amelia River is nearly finished, and the track between this place and the bridge (a distance of about three miles) is ready for the rails, which have been laid about a quarter of a mile at this end. Last Thursday the steamer *John Metcalf*, from Hilton Head, brought down a load of rails, and we believe there is now enough iron on hand to complete the road and necessary turn-outs. On Saturday last some twenty-five white laborers came down from Charleston to work on the track, and more are coming. The company has contracted with Col. M. W. DOWNIE, of Minnesota, for the erection of very extensive docks at the termination of the track in the harbor, which will have on them a large and commodious storehouse. Work is constantly kept up along the whole line in ballasting and getting the road in better order, and since the two new and powerful engines were put on, the trains make their time with great regularity. On the whole, our railroad prospects are excellent. So says the Fernandina *Courier*.

THE FALL OF MAXIMILIAN is an event that has been likely to occur at any time since the departure of the French troops from Mexico, and would have been brought about months ago but for the want of ability in the leaders of the Liberal army. No one here or in Europe can have looked forward to any other result than the failure of the Empire when the support of France had been withdrawn. MAXIMILIAN, had he consulted his own personal safety, would certainly have fled the country with the army whose bayonets alone for two years upheld his authority, but he preferred, as a Hapsburg, the doubtful chances of a contest with the Liberals, to the ignoble expedient of running away. He has fallen, and, we learn, has paid the penalty of his rashness with his life! We may hope, however, that the statement relating to his execution is untrue. Cruelty in the hour of success will be but a bad beginning for the new *regime* in the Mexican Republic, which, let us trust, may re-establish tranquility and prosperity in that beautiful land.

THE FOLLOWING from the *Herald* of the 20th is significant: "We see that General SHERMAN has renounced his trip to the Holy Land, his presence on the frontier being deemed necessary by the Government. However unfortunate this may be for his piety, it is good for his political interests. When he is nominated next year for Vice-President it is just as well that he should be on hand. The Radicals talk of nominating BEN WADE or DICK BUSTEED for the position; but we rather think that General GRANT would prefer his Lieutenant-General's filling it. The military hierarchy in the Government will then be complete." By this it would appear that the people of the North have become reconciled to the fact that liberty is dead, and the Constitution buried, and that henceforth the heritage of WASHINGTON, FRANKLIN, ADAMS, JEFFERSON, and HAMILTON is to be administered by West Point.

THE ENGLISH papers fear that this year will witness the dire shadow of last year's commercial eclipse. There is in England a perfect dearth of credit, which is already painfully and pinchingly felt, and much of it is ascribed to the insolvency of the railroads upon which many families have depended for small incomes in the shape of dividends. Money that was borrowed when money was easy to obtain, has now to be repaid when it is all but impossible to borrow, and many families of moderate means are casting their hundred a year into an abyss from which not a particle of it can ever return; and there is no help for it; while pride, the dread of losing caste, and the dread of losing situations prevent many a struggling man from taking a step which would put an end to a lifelong burden.

IT IS SAID that a party of Northern capitalists, numbering perhaps forty, will visit Savannah in the early part of September, for the purpose of making a prospecting tour through Southern and Southwestern Georgia. It is stated that they represent $20,000,000 worth of capital, a considerable amount of which will be invested in improved and unimproved lands on and near the route of the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, if they can be purchased on reasonable terms. The ulterior object contemplated by these capitalists is the settlement of a colony of Northern farmers, who are to cultivate the lands as tenants for a specified term of years, when they will become proprietors.

THE matter of another tour in America by CHARLES DICKENS, is again revived in the English journals. He is in treaty, it is said, with two parties, one of New York and the other of Philadelphia, for a general course of his readings, to extend over six or seven months. Fortune carried away with her more than £40,000 as the result of her American tour, and DICKENS could easily make twice as much, if he chose to try the experiment.

LARGEST CIRCULATION.—*The* DAILY NEWS *publishes the Official List of Letters remaining in the Postoffice at the end of each week, agreeably to the following section of the New Postoffice Law, as the newspaper having the largest circulation in the City of Charleston:*

SECTION 5. And be it further enacted, That lists of letters remaining uncalled for in any Postoffice in any city, town or village, where a newspaper shall be printed, shall hereafter be published once only in the newspaper which, being published weekly or oftener, shall have the largest circulation within range of delivery of the said office.

☞ *All communications intended for publication in this journal must be addressed to the Editor of the Daily News, No. 18 Hayne-street, Charleston, S. C. Business Communications to Publisher of Daily News.*

We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

Advertisements outside of the city must be accompanied with the cash.

CHARLESTON.

MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 3, 1867.

JOB WORK.—We have now completed our office so as to execute, in the shortest possible time, ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK, and we most respectfully ask the patronage of our friends.

POLITICAL VIVISECTION.

The great social and political struggle at present in progress throughout the Southern States, involving the most vital interests that can be brought to the attention of a civilized community, to our friends at the North, is but a gigantic experiment, watched in every part of that vast domain with the utmost anxiety. The interest manifested in our suffering, our protests, our losses, or our future fortunes will be best understood if we compare it with the degree of concern or sympathy elicited by the tortured and shrieking brutes under the knife of the experimenting physiologist, in the absorbed mind and callous heart of the scientific brute. The goose, the rabbit, or the horse, as the case may be, the enthusiastic student of the science of life imagines were originally put on this globe for the express purpose of being dissected, and becoming beatified as choice "preparations," in due time to be put under a glass case in the Museum. Remonstrance from Mr. Bunch is treated with an uncourteous "bosh." The great end of a rabbit is to be flayed alive—that is clear.

So with our political doctors. The South is bound down on a dissecting table. The knife, not always very sharp, nor invariably wielded by a skilful manipulator, is thrust into our very vitals. How the victim fares during these experimental operations, who cares? Our doctors would not be guilty of such "unprofessional" conduct as to heed groans and cries. The result, always held steadily in view, is the next election. Will the Radicals carry the Southern States? This is the question. If riots and bloodshed, stagnation of business and starvation, a general prostration of every branch of industry, and demoralization of a numerous laboring class is the proximate result of such experiment, these are mere incidental trifles, which must not deter the projectors from the plan they have chalked out. That suffrage has been conferred upon the freedmen for the express purpose of recovering his vote in the approaching Presidential election will scarcely be disputed. In fact the great leaders of the party, in their papers and from the stump, avow this in the most unblushing manner. The address of the National Republican Committee to the freedmen, referred to in our editorial columns a few days ago, points out what "the nation" has done for the negro, and now calls on him to do something for "the nation" in return, viz: Vote the Radical ticket. Our Northern friends should conduct their electioneering campaign with a little more regard for decency and propriety, and not take an unfair advantage of the unlettered freedmen, by addressing what purports to be argument to him, which they would not venture to present to an audience, fairly emancipated from the spelling book. Let us not have divers weights and measures. Why address one set of reasons to the black man and another to the white man, as all the Radical itinerants are doing every day in their crusades through the South? If the negro is equal with the white man, (and we hope none of our Radical brethren will act in contravention of the Civil Rights Bill, and call this fact in question), then why make a distinction? Is the black mind different from the white, requiring a species of ebony logic? We should prefer, henceforth, all appeals and addresses to be made to "the people," not to freedmen, to negroes, or to any other class. Our interests are essentially the same, and what is of real advantage to the one cannot be to the detriment of the other.

There is great speculation and counting of noses going on at present in the great Northern country. We daily see schemes, schedules and programmes for the approaching battle. Who will vote for whom, that is the great question. As an "example" of this new species of political arithmetic, we subjoin the following 'statistics" from the New York *Evening Post* for the benefit of the curious in such matters:

As political matters are just now "mixed up," and there are indications that several States are in an oscillating condition, the subjoined table, giving a list of the States and a guess at their political complexion in the next House of Representatives, and in the electoral college at the next Presidential election, may not be without interest. The unorganized States and Connecticut are conceded to the Democrats in the list I enclose:

State.	Rep. Electors.	Dem. Electors.	Rep. Cong.	Dem. Cong.
Alabama	—	8	2	4
Arkansas	—	4	1	1
California	5	—	3	1
Connecticut	—	6	2	2
Delaware	—	3	—	1
Florida	—	3	—	1
Georgia	—	9	3	4
Illinois	16	—	9	5
Indiana	13	—	7	4
Iowa	8	—	6	—
Kansas	3	—	1	—
Kentucky	—	11	—	9
Louisiana	—	7	7	4
Maine	7	—	5	—
Maryland	—	7	—	4
Massachusetts	12	—	10	—
Michigan	8	—	6	—
Minnesota	4	—	2	—
Mississippi	—	7	—	2
Missouri	11	—	7	5
Nebraska	3	—	1	—
Nevada	3	—	1	—
New Hampshire	5	—	2	1
New Jersey	7	—	2	3
New York	33	—	17	14
North Carolina	—	10	2	6
Ohio	21	—	15	4
Oregon	3	—	1	—
Pennsylvania	26	—	15	9
Rhode Island	4	—	2	—
South Carolina	—	8	—	6
Tennessee	10	—	5	2
Texas	—	6	—	4
Vermont	5	—	3	—
Virginia	—	10	2	6
West Virginia	5	—	3	—
Wisconsin	8	—	4	2
Total	220	99	141	104

EPISCOPAL ADDRESS.

The *Southern Christian Advocate* of the 31st ult., published an Address of the Bishops to the Ministers and Members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. It is dated April 18, and is signed by JAMES O. ANDREW, ROBERT PAYNE, GEO. F. PIERCE, H. H. KAVANAUGH, JOHN EARLY, W. M. WIGHTMAN, E. M. MARVIN, D. S. DOGGETT and H. N. MCTYEIRE. They report the condition of the Church as encouraging, that every department—missionary, publishing, educational and benevolent—had been completely reorganized. Houses of worship which had been burned down or damaged, had been rebuilt or repaired; etc. "Our lines," they say, "have been extended, and we now cover more territory, number more Conferences, station more preachers, and have a wider jurisdiction, than at any future time."

The two questions sent down from the General Conference to the Annual Conferences, (Methodist "Constitutional Amendments,") the Bishops report, have been submitted to all of them with the following result: For concurrence with the motion to change the style and title of the Church, 1,168 votes were cast; against it, 409. The affirmative vote being less than the required three-fourth of the members present and voting, the motion fails.

For concurrence with the motion to introduce lay-representation into the Annual and General Conferences, 1,109 votes were cast; against it, 371. The required three-fourths having been given, this motion prevails. Lay-representation, therefore, according to the plan submitted and approved, becomes a part of the organic law of the Church.

As regards the relations of the Church to the Colored People, the Bishops say that the rule adopted by the General Conference works well. According to it the colored members are organized as separate pastoral charges, wherever they permit, and their numbers may justify it. Under the operations of this rule "a goodly number of deacons and elders have been ordained, and we have favorable reports of their steadfastness and usefulness as pastors. The disposition at one time manifested by our colored membership to alienation from us, has shown symptoms of a reaction, and in several places they are returning to our pastoral care; in many they have never withdrawn from it. We learn that no pecuniary inducements to offer them, no delusive theories, but simply that gospel and christian sympathy and moral discipline which has heretofore been so blessed to us and them."

They call the attention of the Church to the Resolution adopted by the General Conference at its session last year in New Orleans; "Resolved, that we recommend to our people, the establishment of day-schools, under proper regulations and trustworthy teachers for the children."

The Bishops are already behind the age, else they would scarcely put forth the following as their *magna charta*,—the reiteration of their creed:

The Methodist Episcopal Church, South, is a witness for the Bible as the only and sufficient rule of faith and practice. Her entire history is an assertion of this fact. Her existence has just this meaning. The Bible is the infallible standard of morals, as it is the exclusive rule of faith. Against every system of philanthropy that affects a higher spirit of beneficence than that taught in the Scriptures, our Church inflexibly replies: 'The Bible is true; the social morality of the Bible is pure; to pretend anything better is arrogant impiety.

The Address was read in Trinity Church yesterday, and we presume will be read in all the Methodist Churches throughout the South.

THE New York *Times* thus refers to the indecent conduct of Parson BROWNLOW in the present political canvass in Tennessee:

Governor Brownlow takes a leading part in advocating his own re-election—personally and in the press; and he certainly does enough of virulence and blackguardism for the whole party. He begins an address to the public by denouncing "that prince of swindlers, liars and scoundrels, John Baxter," and goes on to speak of the "gang of lick-spittles" who revolve around him. He then asks a long string of questions of the most insulting kind, concerning the mother, wife, sisters, brothers and other relatives of his opponent—insinuating against them every crime known to the decalogue or the criminal law.

BROWNLOW, it will be remembered, was the guest of the Union League of Philadelphia last summer, and at a public meeting in Philadelphia said "he would rather go to hell with a loyal man than go to heaven with a white rebel." This pet of the Radicals is a candidate for re-election as Governor of Tennessee, and to secure his success he is now playing the bully and the blackguard, as is clearly proven by the *Times*.

WANTS.

WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW LADY as housekeeper, and is willing to make herself useful in any capacity. Apply in SPRING STREET, three doors above Ashley. June 3

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, AN EXPERIENCED NURSE, one who can make herself generally useful. A white person preferred. Apply at southwestern corner of PITT and VANDERHORST STREETS. mw2 June 3

WANTED, A HOUSE BOY, AT NO. 51 WENTWORTH STREET, near King street. June 3 1*

PORTER AND GARDENER WANTED. The Board of Commissioners of the Orphan House of Charleston, will elect at their next meeting, on the 6th June, a PORTER and GARDENER for the Institution. Applicants will leave their letters with the Steward of the House, on or before the date named. May 31

WANTED, A SITUATION AS RECEIVING and Delivering Clerk, by one who is competent, and can furnish the best of references. Address "PUNCTUALITY," At This Office. May 17

WANTED—A SITUATION AN CLERK IN SOME GOOD BUSINESS HOUSE. Can keep a set of books, collect, and make himself generally useful. The first city recommendations will be given. Address PERSEVERANCE, Daily News Office. May 17

TO RENT.

TO RENT, A HOUSE CONTAINING 7 square Rooms, Dressing Room, and Pantry, on East Bay, No. 259, one door north of Society street. Apply to MARSHALL'S WHARF. mwf10 June 3

TO RENT.—THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, No. 52 Cannon street, near Rutledge Avenue, containing six upright and two attic rooms, with gas throughout, cistern, well, and ample kitchen accommodations. To an approved tenant, terms moderate; possession given immediately. Enquire at WILKINSON & GILCHRIST'S LAW OFFICE, No. 48 Broad street. April 20 mth

TO RENT, THAT VERY PLEASANTLY situated two and a half story HOUSE, No. 224 Meeting street, between John and Ann. Possession given immediately. Apply to WM. MANIGHEM, East Bay, or to Dr. S. G. BROWN, corner George and Anson streets. 3 May 31

TO RENT, HALF OF THE HOUSE NO. 92 KING STREET, with use of a fine cistern. For further particulars, apply on the premises. April 17

STORE TO RENT.—A THREE STORY STORE on Market street, in rear of No. 23 Hayne street. Apply soon, at No. 29 HAYNE STREET. May 22

BRICK STABLE TO RENT.—A COMMODIOUS BRICK STABLE, with accommodations for horses and vehicles, can be hired, if applied for soon. For particulars apply on premises, No. 59 CHURCH STREET, west side, near Tradd. April 11

TO RENT, IN THE BATHING HOUSE, two cool and desirable sleeping Rooms for the summer months. May 28

TO RENT, THREE VERY NICE ROOMS. Will rent at low rates to respectable persons. Also, a nice Kitchen with two rooms; can be used with a stove. Apply at No. 51 NASSAU STREET, a few doors from Line. May 30

TO RENT—RESIDENCE NO. 3 CHALMERS STREET. May 31

TO RENT FOR ONE YEAR, OR LESS. TWO AND A HALF STORY HOUSE No. 27 Legare street.

TWO AND A HALF STORY HOUSE No. 7 Atlantic street.

THREE AND A HALF STORY HOUSE No. 86 Beaufain street.

R. M. MARSHALL & BRO., Real Estate Agents, No. 33 Broad street. June 1 3

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, A CARRYALL, WITH TWO Seats, pole and shaft. Also, a set of double and single HARNESS, all in good order. Can be seen and bargained for cash or a time note at thirty days, at No. 21 Lynch street. May 17

FOR SALE.—FRESH BEEF AT STALLS Nos. 37, 38, 39 and 40. (Cheap) prices 12½ to 15 cents per pound. 6* May 23

FOR SALE, A CART WITH "LICENSE." Enquire at No. 129 ST. PHILIP STREET. May 23

BOARDING.

CHOICE SOUTHWESTERN ROOMS CAN be had at the KING MANSION, at the corner of George and Meeting streets. A few more DAY BOARDERS can also be accommodated. mw2 June 3

PERMANENT, TRANSIENT AND DAY BOARDERS can be pleasantly accommodated, on reasonable terms, at No. 39 WENTWORTH STREET. May 31

EXCELLENT BOARD, AT VERY LOW rates, in the most central business part of the city, without lodging, in a private house, can now be had. For particulars address "X. L." Postoffice. May 15

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—THE OFFICE OF THE SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY has been removed from over the old Bank of Charleston to No. 59 BROAD STREET. May 23

STOLEN.

STOLEN, FROM OUR STABLES, NEAR LENUD'S FERRY, ON SANTEE RIVER, on Saturday night, 25th May, TWO LARGE BLACK HORSE MULES—one in very good condition, has marks of collar and saddle, and had shoes on when taken. The other very poor, and has very sore shoulders. We will give Fifty Dollars for their return, and Twenty-five Dollars for information that will lead to the conviction of the thief. LAND & PARKER, Near Gourdin's Depot, Northeastern Railroad, S. C. May 30 6

FINANCIAL.

BONDS, STOCK, &c.

BONDS, STOCK AND SECURITIES OF ALL KINDS Bought and Sold.

BANK BILLS bought at highest price, by ANDREW M. MORRELAND, Broker, No. 8 Broad street. April 17 wfm2mo

THE CAROLINA TIMES, PUBLISHED AT ORANGEBURG C. H.

THIS PAPER CIRCULATES THROUGHOUT THE middle portion of the State, and offers the best facilities for advertisers. February 26

MEETINGS.

SOLOMON'S LODGE, NO. 1 A. F. M.

THE MONTHLY COMMUNICATION WILL BE held in Masonic Hall, *This Evening*, the third inst., at 8 o'clock. Members and candidates for degrees will be punctual in attendance. By order of the W. M.

R. H. WERNER, Secretary. June 3 1*

CHARLESTON MECHANIC SOCIETY.

A MONTHLY MEETING OF THE CHARLESTON Mechanic Society will be held at the Masonic Hall, *This Evening*, the 3d inst., at 8 o'clock.

JOSEPH GUY, Secretary C. M. S. June 3 1

ATTENTION! YOUNG AMERICA STEAM FIRE COMPANY.

ATTEND AN EXTRA MEETING OF YOUR COMPANY at Market Hall, *This Evening*, at 8 o'clock precisely.

By order of W. W. HART, June 3 1 Secretary Y. A. S. F. C.

PALMETTO STEAM FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.

PUNCTUALLY ATTEND THE REGULAR MONTHLY meeting of your Company, at the Engine House, *This Evening*, 3d inst., at half-past 7 o'clock.

By order. W. H. ARMSTRONG, June 3 1 Secretary P. S. F. E. Co.

LADIES' MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION.

THE FIRST ANNUAL MEETING OF THIS ASSOCIATION will take place *Tuesday*, 4th instant, at 5½ o'clock P.M., at the Depository, Chalmers street.

A full attendance of the members of the Association and the public generally is respectfully requested.

By order of the Board. 2 June 3

AMUSEMENTS.

HIBERNIAN HALL.

ONE NIGHT MORE!

AND POSITIVELY THE LAST OF

SARGENT,

THE ILLUSIONIST.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 5.

Benefit for the Orphans under the charge of the Sisters of Mercy.

☞ Tickets $1. Children 50 cents. To be had at the Hotels, Book and Music Stores, and at the Hall. Seats secured without extra charge. No performance on Monday or Tuesday. 3 June 3

TO THE PUBLIC.

Grand Entertainments!

A PARTY OF CHERAW LADIES AND GENTLEMEN will play "THE LADY OF LYONS" and "THE RIVALS," in Florence, S. C., on *Wednesday* and *Thursday Evenings*, 5th and 6th June.

Proceeds to be appropriated to erecting a Monument in memory of the Confederate dead in the vicinity of Cheraw, and to building an Episcopal Church at Florence.

Admission $1. Doors open at 8 o'clock. June 1 5

LOST.

LOST, A HOUND DOG.—STRAYED FROM the premises Calhoun street, opposite the African Church, early part of last week, a young HOUND DOG, black and tan. A liberal reward will be paid for his recovery. Apply to No. 96 EAST BAY, corner Accommodation wharf. 1 June 3

LOST, ON THE EVENING OF THE 29TH inst., a valuable filagree gold BROOCH, inlaid with pearls. Should the same be offered for sale, it is requested that it may be stopped. A reward will be paid for its recovery. Apply at THIS OFFICE. June 1

LOST, FROM No. 31 MEETING STREET, a yellow SETTER DOG, with a white ring around the neck and white feet. A suitable reward will be paid for his return there. 2 June 1

LOST—AT THE FIRE IN BROAD STREET on the morning of the thirtieth, a BRASS CAP to the rear wheel of the Vigilant Fire Engine Company. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at Messrs. BROWNE & HYER'S in Broad street.

JOHN T. HUMPHREYS, June 1 Secretary.

DENTISTRY.

REDUCTION OF DENTAL PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

DR. J. E. DAPRAY, DENTIST, IS NOW PREPARED to complete the insertion of whole upper or lower sets of ARTIFICIAL TEETH, upon the most approved method, and with the best materials, at $20 per set. Partial sets in proportion. Durability, natural appearance, perfect fit, and neatness of finish, guaranteed.

All other operations upon the Teeth performed in a skillful and warrantable manner.

Office at his residence NO. 5 LIBERTY STREET, May 20 mwf Charleston, S. C.

COPARTNERSHIPS.

DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the name of HARRAL, NICHOLS & CO., is this day dissolved by its own limitation. WM. HARRAL is authorized to use the name of the Firm in liquidation.

WILLIAM HARRAL, BARAK T. NICHOLS, EDGAR SHERMAN, FREDERICK D. BETTS.

Charleston, June 1, 1867. June 1 12

EDUCATIONAL.

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE. LEXINGTON, VA.

ARRANGEMENTS ARE IN PROGRESS TO ACCOMMODATE One Hundred additional Cadets in this Institution. Its well established character for its system of discipline, and course of instruction, commends it to the support of those who desire a practical education. Information will be supplied by application to the undersigned. FRANCIS H. SMITH, May 20 m4cow5 Superintendent.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR COLORED CHILDREN.

THIS SCHOOL, ESTABLISHED BY THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH in South Carolina, will shortly be opened for the reception of Pupils at its School House (formerly the Marine Hospital) in Franklin street. Applications for two additional Female Teachers will be received by the Board until June 15th.

E. L. KERRISON, May 31 fmw8 Secretary of the Board.

INSTRUCTION IN FRENCH.

MRS. NICHOLS, A NATIVE OF CHARLESTON, but out during the past fifteen years a resident in Europe, is desirous of giving instruction in the French Language, either at her own residence or at the houses of her pupils.

Inquire at Mrs. FINNEY'S, No. 190 King street. May 22

UPHOLSTERY, ETC.

WINDOW SHADES.

HARRISON BARNET, MANUFACTURER AND IMPORTER of WINDOW SHADES, CORNICES, Bands, Pins, Tassels, Gimps, Loops, Cords, &c.; White and Buff Holland, No. 125 WILLIAM STREET, between Fulton and John streets, New York.

Store and Office Shades made to order. December 24 mwf 6mo

PHONIX SOAP

GIVE IT A FAIR TRIAL.

THIS SOAP REQUIRES ONLY TO BE USED TO prove its superior quality. Use it as you would any common Soap. Try it and you will be convinced that it is superior to any other article in market. For sale by Grocers generally.

Manufactured by TAYLOR & YOUNG, No. 186 Front street, New York. For sale by

GRUBER & MARTIN, No. 236 King street. H. BISCHOFF & CO., No. 197 East Bay. GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO., Corner Church and Hayne streets. DOWIE & MOISE, Druggists, No. 151 Meeting street, Opposite Charleston Hotel. January 29 wm6mo

O. CHITTENDEN,

General Commission Merchant,

AND

Manufacturer of Paper,

OF VARIOUS KINDS,

NO. 127 BEADE STREET,

Corner Hudson Street, New York.

DEALER IN PAPER AND IN MATERIALS OF every description for its manufacture. December 18 6m

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

SHE REVALS SECRETS NO MORTAL EVER KNEW. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages, and tells you the very day you will marry; gives you the names, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers, unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the zealetic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.

Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO, P. O. DRAWER 253, BUFFALO, N. Y. March 30 1y

E. M. WHITING,

CORONER AND MAGISTRATE,

HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE FROM CHALMERS street to No. 63 CHURCH STREET, first door north of Broad street. August 31

DRY GOODS, ETC.

Verkaufs-Anzeige.

Unterzeichnete

Erlauben sich dem geehrten Publikum ergeb