THE CHARLESTON DAILY NEWS,

G. R. CATHCART, Editor
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TERMS CASH.

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NEWS SUMMARY.

Cotton closed in New York at 26a26½c. for Middling Uplands.

Gold closed 38½.

Cotton closed in Liverpool active, excited, and advanced ¼d. Middling Uplands 10¾a11d.

Three men shot 48 wild geese and 32 loons, near the mouth of the Connecticut river, the other day.

Whipping school girls on the calves of their legs is a new feature in the Aurora (Illinois) schools. False calves are all the rage among the victims.

Speculators and business men are making more use of the Atlantic Cable than ever before. The New York *Times* thinks a reduction in rates would increase the business eight-fold.

A yellow rain fell recently at Bowling Green, Ky., and the drops being analyzed were found to contain a solution of pitch pine, probably derived from mountain forests over which the clouds had settled.

The College has for building purposes fifteen hundred thousand dollars, and it is designed soon to erect an entirely new set of brown stone dormitories, a memorial chapel, the Peabody Geological Museum, and a new Divinity Hall.

Three country lawyers of one burgh in Mississippi sent their several applications to THAD. STEVENS for a copy of the bankrupt bill, and all called him "My Dear," etc. THAD. answered with three copies of his Confiscation Bill, and a circular commencing "My Very Dears."

The colored men's shipyard at Baltimore was purchased by them not quite thirteen months ago. It is entirely managed by colored men, and 225 workmen are employed, 35 being white. Last year work was done to the amount of $76,000, the profits being 25 per cent.

SPURGEON, the famous London preacher, sometimes gets off an amazing good thing. "Brethren," said he, the other day, in the course of one of his wonderful sensational sermons, "if God had referred the Ark to a Committee on Naval Affairs, it's my opinion it would not have been built yet."

A notorious pickpocket has sued the Police Commissioners of Memphis in the sum of $10,000 for damages done his character by parading him through the streets of that city with a placard on his shoulders bearing the title of "Pickpocket and thief."

Indigent freedmen in Richmond are falling off in number, and indigent whites are increasing. In March, 12,505 of the former were assisted by the Freedmen's Bureau, against 30,000 the month previous. The whites assisted were 4094, which was quite an increase over the number in February.

They do some sensible things at Havana. A recent regulation requires the daily attendance of a veterinary surgeon at the slaughter house, to inspect every animal brought to be slaughtered, thus effectually preventing the sale of unsound meat. This regulation has long since obtained all over Europe.

W. M. F. ARNY, ex-Governor of New Mexico, and now Indian agent, says the mineral resources of the country can never be fairly placed in course of development until the Indian troubles are finally adjusted, and this he believes can be better and sooner obtained by a pacific policy than by persistent warfare.

The Richmond *Whig* has gone over into the Radical camp. This is the first fruits of the WILSON campaign, and it comes quick and with startling effect. The organization of the Radical Republicans in the South as a strong effective party is a fixed fact. Let the Democrats believe and tremble.

A Paris letter says: "That nothing may be wanting to the honor and glory of M. DE BISMARCK our tailors have invented the *paletot Bismarck*. So that soon we shall see Frenchmen and Austrians alike compelled by fashion to wear the BISMARCK *overcoat*. Its principal recommendation will probably be that thieves will not be able to annex it."

Some one told Mr. Justice MONDELET, of Montreal, on the 1st of April, that a stranger in the Court was one of the Judges of the Supreme Court, from New York, and travelling *incog.* His Honor, of course, invited his brother to a seat on the bench, and consulted him fraternally on all knotty points. The learned jurist turned out to be a travelling merchant.

The Paris correspondent of the *Tribune* says that, to realize the Exposition, "Now, make of your imaginary house a real structure 180,000 yards square; set it in a park three times greater." This would make a house one hundred and three miles square, and a park one hundred by three hundred, which would give "ample room and verge enough," not only for all the wares of all the world, but even for the imagination of this correspondent.

Lynn, Massachusetts, is the headquarters of the shoe trade in this country. The tax assessed for business done during the month of March, was $31,849 37, which shows a larger business than was ever done before in one month. The value of shoes sold in that city during the month of January, according to the returns, was $396,373; in February, $1,011,513; and in March, $1,255,454. The total value of the goods sold during the last three months, was $2,663,340.

Mrs. JENNIE SCOTT and Miss ESTER, found a pocketbook in St. Louis, some time ago, and returned it to Madame CALLAHAN, who claimed to be the owner. There was but twenty dollars in it when returned, and Mrs. CALLAHAN claiming that there was $2.00 in it at the time it was lost, caused the arrest of the finders. They were ultimately discharged, and Mrs. SCOTT a few days ago obtained a verdict of $2000 damages for false imprisonment.

The *Medical Messenger* of St. Petersburg contains the following details respecting the winter in Russia: "The present season has been remarkable for the severity of the temperature, and up to the present time there has been but one thaw, after an intense cold of 30 degrees below Centigrade (22 degrees below zero Fahrenheit). The number of persons suffering from illness has increased considerably, and all the civil and military hospitals are filled. The prevailing affections are typhus and intermittent fever, diptheria, etc."

The New York *Tribune* of Wednesday says: The weekly report of the Registrar Vital Statistics shows that while in the cleanly precincts of the Fifteenth Ward the death rate was but 1 in 3,524 of inhabitants, in the Sixth Ward it was 1 in 987, or more than six times as great. In the First, Fourth, Sixth, and Tenth Wards, the ratio was 1 in 1,771. Those who still denounce the power delegated to the Board of Health for the cleaning out of nuisances should be allowed to live in the Tenth Ward for a while.

The savings of the people of New York and Brooklyn amount to something enormous. During the past year, in New York, the deposits in the savings banks increased $10,828,328; or, from $83,020,421 on January 1st, 1866, to $93,418,947 on January 1st, 1867. In Brooklyn, the increase was $2,697,981; or from $15,710,638 on January 1st, 1866, to $18,317,617 on January 1st, 1867. The total increase of savings during the year in the two cities was $13,595,510, while the thrifty depositors have in savings banks and drawing interest nearly $111,000,000.

The German citizens of Muscatine, Iowa, are at present greatly excited over a disturbance which took place in the German Evangelical Church of that city, on Sunday evening last. The Rev. Wm. KEMPERER, pastor, took occasion to denounce certain members of the congregation for having taken part in a theatrical performance under the patronage of the Turnverein Society. His remarks were so offensive that an attempt was made to drag him from the pulpit, but was prevented by the more considerate portion of the congregation. The reverend gentleman has received warning to leave town, and has sought the protection of the authorities.

During the recent passage of the steamer *Chicago*, from Liverpool to New York, an iceberg was encountered which stove a hole in her bow, and for several days she was in imminent danger of sinking. During the excitement one of the steerage passengers furnished a little melancholy amusement by following the officers about and offering them money if they would let him go into the boats with them. He was perfectly willing that his wife should remain on the ship. She was a good Christian, he said, and prepared to die; but he was not quite ready to go, and would rather get to New York first, where he would have time for repentance.

LARGEST CIRCULATION.—*The* DAILY NEWS *publishes the Official List of Letters remaining in the Postoffice at the end of each week, and by virtue of its growing section of the New Postoffice Law, as the newspaper having the largest circulation in the City of Charleston:*

SECTION 5. And be it further enacted, That lists of letters remaining uncalled for in any Postoffice in any city, town or village, where a newspaper shall be printed, shall hereafter be published once only in the newspaper which, being published weekly or oftener, shall have the largest circulation within range of delivery of the said office.

☞ *All communications intended for publication in this journal must be addressed to the Editor of the Daily News, No. 18 Hayne-street, Charleston, S. C. Business Communications to Publisher of Daily News.*

We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

Advertisements outside of the city must be accompanied with the cash.

CHARLESTON,

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 27, 1867.

PAY UP.

We are sending out at present, a great number of bills for subscription and advertising, and most earnestly request that all those who may receive them, will have the kindness to make prompt remittances. A great many of these accounts have been standing for a year and more, and it is absolutely necessary now that they should be paid.

GOVERNOR PERRY'S LETTER.

Governor PERRY's advice to the people of the State is this: That, as a Military Government has been established over them, until a Convention has been called and a new Constitution framed by it has been submitted to and approved by Congress, they should use the privilege given by the Reconstruction Act, refuse to call a Convention, and, by thus perpetuating the Military Government, avoid the necessity of universal suffrage, and gain time for the coming reaction of public opinion at the North, to repeal the Act and restore the States to what he believes to be their constitutional rights.

This advice the Governor bases upon three assumptions, which he states with emphatic distinctiveness:

1. "That it is to be hoped, and it is generally believed, that the military commanders in the Southern States will exercise their despotic powers wisely and humanely. * * A despotism wisely, justly and virtuously administered, is the most perfect government that can be established. It is the government of God, established by him for the government of the universe."

This certainly does seem to be a strange conclusion for a people who, the Governor says, "fought four long bloody years for what they believed to be a sacred right, proclaimed by all the American people in their Declaration of Independence," and if it is a correct conclusion, it is still stranger that the Governor should desire a re-action at the North to set aside "the most perfect government that can be established."

And this brings us to the second assumption in the Governor's argument, and that is, that if we vote "no convention" by a majority, then universal suffrage will not be established, and the present Military Government will continue until some indefinite good time which is coming.

To this we would say:

1. That there is not the slightest prospect of such a vote being in the majority. The colored vote of the State will be an unit for the Convention and the white vote will be divided, the only practical result being that as the freedmen believe that the call of the Convention is necessary to the establishment by State legislation of their newly acquired rights, they will regard this effort to avoid a Convention as a symptom of bad faith on our part and as proof of our unwillingness to do them justice, and we will lose the opportunity to secure that harmony of political action between the two classes which is so absolutely necessary to the well being of both.

2. In the next place suppose such a vote to prevail what guarantee have we that the Military Government, as it exists now, would be continued? If it is so agreeable to us at present that we will defy the reconstruction act to preserve it, cannot the same Congress which made it what it is, make it what it chooses, so as to compel us to call a Convention to get rid of it? And does Governor PERRY suppose for an instant, that the power which has kept us out as long as it saw fit, cannot force us to come back whenever it sees fit?

3. And even if this Military Government is allowed to continue, how does that save us from universal suffrage?

Sec. 6 of the Military Bill provides "That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, continue or supersede the same; *and in all elections to any offices under such provisional government, all persons shall be entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act.*"

Now, until the registration is effected and the Convention called, all elections have been suspended, but when the registration has been completed and no Convention called, who will be entitled to vote for Sheriffs, Ordinaries and all municipal offices, even if we take it for granted that no legislature will meet? Indeed is not universal suffrage inaugurated by the very vote Convention or no Convention, and how will "no Convention" benefit us, unless the Governor considers that it will be a benefit to have all the Legislative power of the State vested in the Military Commander, and all the administration officers selected by universal suffrage?

The third assumption of Governor PERRY is, that the reconstruction act is a violation of the constitutional rights of the State, and ought, therefore, to be rejected. We cannot discuss the principle here involved at present, but we ask the Governor if it is correct, how can we with any more consistency accept the President's policy of reconstruction? Is the appointment of Gen. SICKLES as Military Commander any clearer violation of the constitutional rights of South Carolina, than his own appointment as Provisional Governor? And is the imposition of universal suffrage any more direct interference with the rights of the State, than Governor PERRY's Proclamation, calling, under the President's direction, a Convention of the State, upon a basis of representation in express direct violation of the provisions of the State Constitution, and which the Governor himself claimed did by his mere will and pleasure, "abolish the odious Parish representation," and change the constitutional character of the State?

We have had occasion, and we hope to have still further occasion, to express sincerely and fully our admiration of the good sense and good temper of the military commander of this District, but we certainly have not reached, and are very sure that he himself could never wish us to reach, that point where we should regard Gen. SICKLES as a despot by divine right. Governor PERRY overlooks the fact that, in his desire to maintain a Military Government as a preventive to other and more obnoxious features of the Reconstruction Actie is really giving the widest force and latitude to the Act itself. If the late civil war in this country had terminated as other civil wars had done in the establishment of a military despotism under one supreme chief whose will, like NAPOLEON's, was law, there would be some point in the Governor's political philosophy. But the Military Government which he would maintain is nothing of the sort. The Military Government of North and South Carolina is simply the administrator of the Reconstruction Act—the agent of that political authority which passed it. The same power which placed Gen. SICKLES in command can displace him, and how would the Governor's argument apply to a new appointment who should represent the extreme views of the bitterest section of the Republican party. When Governor PERRY then gravely recommends the people of South Carolina to vote "no Convention," he is simply advising them to refuse to govern themselves, but to insist upon being governed by the Republican party, through that most dangerous and irresponsible of political authorities—a Military Government, a government which may be to-day wise and just and firm, but which may be to-morrow, by a change of commanders, entirely the reverse.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

What is usually known, or we should say spoken of, as the Prussian system of common schools, is more correctly denominated German; for it is the outgrowth of German civilization. As most of our people have heard much of German schools, and have a general idea of their superiority over others, without having any definite knowledge on the subject, we have thought it may not be unprofitable to give some of their more characteristic features; especially at this time, when our own schools, of every grade, by reason of the long interruption by the war, have been brought back to the formative stage, and are awaiting a plastic, master-hand to give them being, character and individuality. Mr. J. Ross BROWNE's book, "An American Family in Germany," recently published, will assist our memory in the execution of this task.

The schools in Germany are conducted with great care, and under strict municipal regulations. The teachers are generally persons of superior ability and thorough education. This will be readily credited, when we consider that owing to the excess of population, it is generally as difficult there for a teacher to gain a position of honor and emolument in his profession, as it is here for a lawyer to gain fame or fortune at the bar. Teaching is not "taken up" by any and every one; it is a profession, the avenues to which are as carefully guarded by Government as those to the army or the civil service.

A great feature in these schools is the amount of oral exercises through which the children are required to pass. No mere learning by rote is permitted. Every branch must be thoroughly understood; and however little a pupil may acquire he must comprehend it as far as he goes. Superficial show is altogether disregarded. Until a boy is duly qualified in a primary class he cannot enter a higher one. Great attention is bestowed upon those studies most likely to be of use to the pupil in future life, as, for example, the modern languages, mathematics, civil engineering, geography, drawing, book-keeping, natural philosophy, geology, etc. Due regard is also paid to the health of the pupil. He is required to exercise at frequent intervals, to bathe, sing, walk, and hold himself in an erect position. The school hours in summer are from 7 A. M until 6 P. M.; with an intermission of two hours for dinner: in winter from 8 to 7. This, however, varies in different parts of the country. All the studying is done in school. In this way there is but little opportunity for street lounging and rowdyism. At school all are considered boys, big and little, and all are so treated. Precocious young gentlemen of sixteen are regarded with special disfavor. Neatness and cleanliness in dress and person are imperatively required.

The relations between teachers and their pupils are of the most kindly and affectionate character. The same interchange of friendly souvenirs which so frequently take place in families, is also a prevailing custom in this connection. Birthday and Christmas presents are made to the teachers, and on those occasions the whole school unites in doing them honor. Affectionate addresses are delivered on both sides, and there is always a very happy scene of rejoicing. Every child brings something, of course according to his means. Many bring flowers or ornamental plants, purses, watch-guards, etc., etc. So on New Year and on his birthday, the teacher receives congratulatory epistles from nearly all his pupils; and a vein of refined sentiment pervades the everyday life of these poor, humble, and obscure villagers, which our more practical but very unpoetic countrymen find it difficult to credit.

During the summer holidays, pedestrian tours are made through various parts of the country, having in view health, recreation, and instruction. Sometimes these tours extend to the mountains of Switzerland and Bavaria. The classes are accompanied by their teachers, who omit no opportunity of instilling into their minds a practical knowledge of geology, botany, entomology, and such other studies as come within the sphere of their rambles. Each boy carries with him a tin case, in which to preserve the specimens picked up by the wayside. As they wander along through the beautiful and picturesque parts of the country, they sing glees and choruses, make sketches of the old castles, or bathe in the mountain streams. They are the happiest set of beings in existence. Knowing no troubles, overflowing with health, and in the full enjoyment of liberty, they present a picture of pure and perfect happiness, if such a thing can exist upon earth.

Will any one pretend to say that such a life as this, innocent and refining in all its tendencies, is not infinitely better than the holiday life of our American children? Here there is no dissipation, no encouragement to evil or profligate habits, no morbid and unwholesome excitements. A love of nature in its most attractive aspects is encouraged. Not a stick, or stone, or flower, on the way-side, but has its meaning. The beautiful legends of the country are the subjects of song and story. Health earned by exercise brings with it an increased capacity for study. The mind and body are refreshed, and when the holidays are over, the teachers and pupils return to their duties with clear heads and strong nerves. In this way the Germans acquire those robust constitutions which are the admiration of the world; and among our Teutonic citizens we find the best civil engineers, draughtsmen, chemists, botanists, and geologists to develope the resources of our country.

FOR SALE.

A SPLENDID RESIDENCE AND FARM, situated within the corporate limits of the town of Aiken, S. C.—The residence is large and commodious, containing eleven rooms, all with fireplaces; piazzas are attached to the first and second stories, with all the conveniences necessary to a complete residence. The grounds are handsomely laid out with Evergreens, Roses, &c., and the vegetable garden very ample. The outbuildings, servants' houses, stables, &c., are all in complete order. The Farm consists of about fifty acres of fine planting land.

This property, now the residence of Mrs. M. M. Schwartz, is offered for sale at a reasonable price, and on accommodating terms, for the purpose of division among the heirs of the late Gen. PARROTT. The entire furniture of the house and premises may be purchased with the property.

Address W. S. WALKER,
W. G. MOOD,
April 20 ws Executors Estate Gen. Parrott.

FOR SALE, A SCHOLARSHIP IN A PHILADELPHIA University of Medicine and Surgery. This Scholarship entitles students to full instruction until graduation in the MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, embracing Anatomy, Surgery, Physiology, Materia Medica, Chemistry, Obstetrics, and Diseases of Women and Children, Principles and Practice of Medicine and Pathology. As this is one of the first Medical Universities of the country, a favorable opportunity is offered those studying medicine for a scholarship. Apply at this Office. December 15

FOR SALE, A FINE BAR WITH NEAT fixtures, for sale at No. 5 Beresford street. Call at TURNER'S Billiard Saloon, corner of King and Market streets. 6* April 23

SODA WATER APPARATUS, FOR SALE. Generator, 3 fountains and Draw Stand, with marble slab for counter. All complete and in good order.
E. H. HELLMERS & CO.,
April 23 6 No. 131 Meeting Street.

WILLIAM H. GILLILAND & SON,
Real Estate Agents, Auctioneers
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
OFFICE NO. 83 HAYNE STREET.
September 8

WANTS.

Gesucht!

Eine gute deutsche Küchin kann eine gute Anstellung bekommen. Man melde sich 215 Meeting Str., hinter der Calhoun Str., zwischen 8 und 10 Uhr Morgens.
April 26

COOK AND WASHER WANTED FOR A small family. Apply at No. 4 WENTWORTH STREET, between Anson and East Bay streets.
April 27 1*

WANTED, A GOOD COOK. TO AN APPROVED one, fair wages will be paid. A German preferred. Apply at No. 213 MEETING STREET, near Calhoun, between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock A. M.
April 26 3*

WANTED, A SITUATION AS CLERK BY an active citizen of middle age, who writes a good hand and is quick at figures; is capable of taking charge of a set of books, and can produce the highest recommendations for ability and character. But a moderate compensation asked for services. Address
"WILLINGNESS,"
April 23 At this Office.

ANY INFORMATION OF WILLIAM AUGUSTUS CURRIE will be thankfully received by his brother, SAMUEL M. CURRIE, at St. George's, S. C.
April 16 1mo

$25. THE GENUINE BARTLETT SEWING MACHINE, $25.—Wanted—Agents, $150 per month and all expenses paid, to sell the Genuine Bartlett Sewing Machine. This Machine will do all the work that can be done on any high-priced machine, and is fully patented, licensed and warranted for five years. We pay the above wages, or a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. For Circulars and terms address H. HALL & CO., No. 724 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. 36 April 10

WISHES SOMETHING TO DO. A LADY that can cut and make men and boy's clothes, ladies' and children's dresses, can keep house, and make herself generally useful in the house, kitchen and garden. Low terms. Good references given if required. Any one writing please state terms. Address
"O. W." BOX 31,
April 7. Vance's Ferry, S. C.

TO RENT.

TO RENT, A NEAT RESIDENCE, OF four square rooms, two attics, dressing-room and pantry; gas throughout. Premises in perfect order, and situated in a desirable portion of the city. Ample kitchen and yard room. Apply at THIS OFFICE.
April 27

ROOMS IN SUMMERVILLE.—FOUR pleasant rooms and a kitchen to rent, situated near the Hotels. Enquire at STEELE'S "HALF HALL," No. 313 King street.
April 27 smo

TO RENT, THE COMMODIOUS THREE-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE, No. 68 Tradd street; has 12 square rooms, dining rooms, pantry, pump, cistern, cook and wash kitchens, carriage house and stables, together with ample servants' accomodations; gas fixtures throughout. For terms, &c., apply to J. C. MARSHALL, No. 60 Tradd street. smp March 8

TO RENT, A COMMODIOUS HOUSE, IN southern portion of city, very near the Battery. Possession given immediately. Apply to BUDD & BLAKE, Boyce's Wharf. tuths3 April 22

TO RENT, THE HOUSE NO. 1 MIDDLE street, containing six rooms, and two dressing rooms, with some standing furniture. For terms apply to FAIRCHILD & HAMLIN,
April 23 tuths3 East end Laurens street.

TO RENT, A STEAM CIRCULAR SAW MILL, capable of cutting from five to eight thousand feet per day. It is situated in the centre of a well-timbered tract of pine land, two miles from Wando River and twenty from Charleston. On the place there is a stable and all other necessary outbuildings; there is also a grist mill attached to it. For further particulars, apply to FAIRCHILD & HAMLIN, east end Laurens street, Charleston, S. C. tuths3 April 23

TO RENT, THE HOTEL IN SUMMERVILLE, known as BROWN'S HOTEL, opposite Episcopal Church, either in Rooms or altogether.
Terms.—For Rooms furnished $7 per month, unfurnished $5.

ALSO,
A LARGE STORE, 30 by 40 feet, and two small STORES. The small stores have two rooms attached. For terms, &c., apply to Mrs. J. T. BROWN,
April 16 tuths3 Summerville.

TO RENT, FOR SIX MONTHS, FROM 1ST of May, with or without Furniture, that large and elegant DWELLING, No. 13, situated at corner of Meeting street and Smith Lane (quite convenient to the Battery), containing nine upright rooms and a fine attic, together with all convenient and necessary outbuildings. On the premises there is a large cistern of excellent water, and also a nice vegetable garden. Apply at the premises. Terms moderate to an approved tenant.
April 19

TO RENT OR FOR SALE CHEAP, THE delightful RESIDENCE No. 8 Ashley street. For particulars, address R. F., Daily News Office.
February 20

BRICK STABLE TO RENT.—A COMMODIOUS BRICK STABLE, with accommodations for horses and vehicles, can be hired, if applied for soon. For particulars apply on premises, No. 69 CHURCH STREET, west side, near Tradd. April 11

TO RENT, PART OF HOUSE NO. 28 PINCKNEY street. The Rooms are in thorough repair. There is a good cistern on the lot. Apply on the premises. April 22

TO RENT, HALF OF THE HOUSE, NO. 93 KING STREET, with use of a fine cistern. For further particulars, apply on the premises.
April 17

TO RENT, THAT DESIRABLE STORE formerly occupied by Mr. A. N. Cohen as a Clothing store, two doors above George street, on the northeast side: also, the upper part of the house may be had with the store. Possession given on the first day of May. To a good and responsible party the rent will be moderate. For further particulars, apply to P. EPSTIN'S, corner King and Wentworth streets, under Masonic Hall.
April 16

TO RENT.—THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, No. 88 Cannon street, near Rutledge Avenue, containing six upright and two attic rooms, with gas throughout, cistern, well, and ample kitchen accommodations. To an approved tenant, terms moderate; possession given on 15th inst. Enquire at WILKINSON & GILCHRIST'S LAW OFFICE, No. 48 Broad street.
April 17

TO RENT, A NEAT TWO-STORY HOUSE No. 24 CANNON STREET. It has four rooms, two-story kitchen, good yard, and other conveniences. To an approved tenant the rent will be Twenty-five Dollars per month. Apply at MACKEY & BAKER'S FURNITURE STORE, corner King and Market streets.
April 26

LOST.

Verloren

In der Halle des Brüderlichen Bundes am Abend der letzten Unterhaltung ein schwarz seidenes Mantilla mit Bugle Trimming. Nachricht darüber wird dankbarst empfangen werden von H. H. Babenhop, 133 Meeting Str.
April 27 1

BOARDING.

HANDSOME APARTMENTS, WITH BOARD, in the neighborhood of the Battery. Apply at No. 2 LEGARE STREET. 1* April 27

BOARD AND LODGING.—A GENTLEMAN and Lady, or two Young Men, will find a pleasant room with Board by applying at No. 13 BULL STREET.
April 26

PRIVATE BOARDING.
THE "KING MANSION," CORNER MEETING AND George streets, will be opened on the 1st May for the accommodation of Permanent, Transient and Day Boarders.
H. R. JACOBS, Proprietor.
MRS. E. E. OTTOLENGUI, Superintendent.
April 22 8

BOOTS AND SHOES.

"TO THE LADIES."

JUST RECEIVED AT THE "BIG BOOT," WHITE SLIPPERS, of the latest style, in time for the "May Festival and Parties," with numerous other kinds suitable for the season, and will replenish weekly by the Philadelphia and New York steamers.
T. M. BRISTOLL,
April 25 thstu3 Bend of King street.

BRITISH CHEMICALS.

B. G. WILKINS,

No. 12 East Bay,
Agent of FREDERICK MUSPRATT
WOODEND CHEMICAL WORKS,
Near Warrington, England,

INFORMS THE PAPER, CLOTH AND SOAP FACTORIES, that by the ship Amelia, from Liverpool, he expects to receive a supply of CHEMICALS which he desires to sell upon arrival at the most reasonable market rates, viz:
35 casks BLEACHING POWDER
31 drums (iron) Caustic Soda
9 tierces Bleaching Powder
71 puncheons Green Copperas.
☞ The Constitutionalist of Augusta, Ga., and the Fayetteville, N.C., Observer, will give two insertions and send bill to Charleston News. tuths3 April 23

THE BATHING HOUSE
AT THE BATTERY WILL BE OPENED FOR THE Season on WEDNESDAY, May 1st, and remain open until September 15th.
SEASON TICKETS.
To admit one person, $5.00; Families of three persons and over, $4.00 each person; Children, $2.00; Single Baths, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents. P. KILROY,
April 26 6 Proprietor.

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
P. BONFORT,
HUDSON, near KING STREET, rear of CITADEL.
FARM HANDS, COOKS, WASHERS, HOUSE SERVANTS, &c., wanted immediately.
March 26 tuthstim

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair,
Whose curling tendrils, soft entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind,
"CRISPER COMA,"

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

BY USING THIS ARTICLE LADIES AND GENTLEMEN can beautify themselves a thousand-fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and postpaid for $1.
Address all orders to
W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette street, Syracuse, N. Y.
March 30 1yr

ENGINE.
ONE OF LOCKWOOD & JOHNSON'S CITY MAKE 8 inch cylinder and 20 inch stroke, in complete order, for sale low, at State, corner Cumberland street, by
April 6 sw F. W. CLAUSSEN.

MEETINGS.

Deutscher Artillerie

Unterstützungsverein.

Die regelmäßige monatliche Versammlung dieses Vereins wird gehalten werden morgen (Sonntag) Nachmittag um 4 Uhr in Schreiner's Saale, Ecke von King und Line Straße.
Zur Auftrage des Präsidenten, G. Windheim,
April 27 1 Sekretär.

CITY COUNCIL.
THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN WILL MEET THIS MORNING, at the Citadel Green, at 10 o'clock, to join in the procession of the Fire Department.
W. H. SMITH,
April 27 1 Clerk of Council.

CHARLESTON HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY NO. 1.
MEMBERS WILL ASSEMBLE AT THE TRUCK House, *This Morning*, at 8½ o'clock precisely, in full Uniform, for Parade.
By order of Foreman. W. D. DAVIS,
April 27 1 Secretary.

CHARLESTON STEAM FIRE COMPANY OF AXEMEN.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR AT the Engine House, Market street, *This Day*, at 8 o'clock A. M., in full Uniform (black pants), for Annual Parade and Inspection. E. JOHN WHITE,
April 27 1 Secretary.

EAGLE FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR AT your Engine House, *This* (Saturday) *Morning*, 27th instant, at 9 o'clock precisely, in Full Uniform (white pants), for Annual Parade and Inspection of the Fire Department.
Honorary and Contributing Members are invited to participate. J. O. NOLTE, Secretary.
April 27 1

VIGILANT FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR AT your Engine House, in State street, *This Morning*, the 27th inst., at half-past 8 o'clock, in full uniform, for Parade and Inspection.
By order. JOHN T. HUMPHREYS,
April 27 1 Secretary.

PHŒNIX FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR AT the Engine House, *This Morning*, 27th inst., at 8½ o'clock, in full uniform, for Annual Parade and Inspection. By order. CATHCART,
April 27 1 Secretary.

CHARLESTON FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR AT the Engine House *This Morning*, at 8 o'clock, in full uniform (red shirt and black pants), for Annual Parade and Inspection.
By order. GEORGE McLEAN,
April 27 1 Secretary C. F. E. Co.

ÆTNA STEAM FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR AT the Engine House, *This Day*, 27th instant, at 8 o'clock, punctually, in full uniform, for Annual Inspection Parade.
By order of the President. JOHN McLEISH,
April 27 1 Secretary Ætna Co.

MARION STEAM FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR AT your Engine House, *This Morning*, 27th instant, at 8 o'clock, in full uniform, for Annual Parade and Inspection of Fire Department.
By order. S. BEAUSSANG,
April 27 1 Secretary M. S. F. E. Co.

GERMAN FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR AT the Engine House, in Full Uniform (white pants), *This Morning*, at half-past 8 o'clock, the 27th instant, for Annual Parade and Inspection of the Fire Department.
By order of the President. JNO. C. WOLTERS,
April 27 1* Secretary G. F. E. Co.

PALMETTO STEAM FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR AT the Engine House, *This* (Saturday) *Morning*, the 27th instant, at 8 o'clock precisely, in Full Uniform for Anniversary Parade.
Also attend the ANNIVERSARY MEETING at the hall, *This Evening*, at 8 o'clock.
A punctual attendance is requested.
By order. Wm. H. ARMSTRONG,
April 27 1 Secretary P. S. F. E. Co.

HOPE FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR AT the Engine House *This Morning*, 27th instant, at 8 o'clock, in full uniform (black pants), for Annual Parade and Inspection of the Fire Department.
W. H. SMITH,
April 27 2 President.

WASHINGTON FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
APPEAR AT THE ENGINE HOUSE THIS DAY, AT 8½ o'clock A.M., in full uniform, for Annual Parade of Fire Department.
By order: A. W. STEVENS,
April 27 1 Secretary W. F. Co.

STONEWALL FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR AT the Engine House, *This Morning*, at 8 o'clock precisely, in full uniform (white pants), for Annual Parade and Inspection. By order: W. G. MILLER,
April 27 1 Secretary.

YOUNG AMERICA STEAM FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
ASSEMBLE AT ENGINE HOUSE, ANSON STREET, *This* (Saturday) *Morning*, (Full Uniform), at eight o'clock precisely, for Annual Parade and Inspection.
By order. W. W. HART,
April 27 1 Secretary Y. A. S. F. E. Co.

CHARLESTON FLOATING DRY DOCK AND MARINE RAILWAY COMPANY.
A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS will be held on *Monday*, the 29th inst., at 12 o'clock meridian, at the office of W. B. Heriot & Co., No. 9 Broad street. A general attendance is requested.
WILLIAM B. HERIOT,
April 26 3 President.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE FLORENCE FAIR.

THE LADIES OF FLORENCE RESPECTFULLY INVITE the public to a FAIR which will be held in the Masonic Lodge, on the 13th, 16th and 17th of May, the proceeds of which will be devoted to benevolent objects. The Fair will open on the morning of the 13th, at 10 o'clock. On the night of the 16th there will be a series of TABLEAUX and CHARADES; on the night of the 17th, a CONCERT. No one need stay away for fear of being imposed on. There will be no EXTORTION. No article will be sold for more than you can purchase elsewhere.
Terms of Admission to the Fair, 25 cents. Admission to the Tableaux, 50 cents. Admission to the Concert, 50 cents.
A. E. BROWN,
Secretary of Ladies' Fair.
April 22 22*

CLOTHING.

CHEAP CLOTHING.

SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING.

PIERSON & CO.,

No. 26 HAYNE STREET,
OFFER THE BALANCE OF THEIR STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING at Wholesale or Retail, at very low prices, to City and Country Trade, comprising every variety of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
April 27 1mo

GREAT ATTRACTION!

GREAT ATTRACTION!

ATTENTION PARENTS!

ATTENTION PARENTS!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED OUR STOCK OF YOUTH'S, BOYS', AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, of fine and medium qualities, to which we invite your attention. Call and examine. We will take pleasure to show and sell them.

REMEMBER THE STORE.

GEO. LITTLE & CO.,

No. 213 King street,
April 26 MIDDLE OF THE BLOCK. Known as Victoria Hotel Range.

COHEN'S CLOTHING FACTORY

IS REMOVED TO CORNER OF
KING & PRINCESS STS.,
WHERE HE INTENDS KEEPING A
ONE PRICE HOUSE
With the same Prices of
1850.

The Public are requested to call and examine his GOODS, as they will be sold at the prices marked.
April 24 ws2

JAMES McCORMICK,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.
No. 35 BROAD STREET
January 22 6mos CHARLESTON, S. C.

CARHART, WHITFORD & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FINE, MEDIUM,
AND
COARSE CLOTHING,
AMERICAN EXPRESS BUILDING, NOS. 45, 47, 49 and 51, Hudson street, near Duane, New York.
T. F. CARHART,
W. E. WHITFORD,
J. H. VAN ANTWERPEN,
December 10 6mo T. HAMILTON.

GROCERY AND MISCELLANEOUS.

CORN.
7000 BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, PER Schooner Lilly, for sale by
T. TUPPER & SONS.
April 27 1

BULK CORN AFLOAT!
5000 BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN IN BULK landing per schooner Farland, and for sale in lots to suit purchasers by WEST & JONES,
April 27 3 No. 96 East Bay.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!
85 HHDS. CHOICE NEW CROP CUBA MOLASSES 50 bbls. choice new crop Muscovado Molasses.
For sale by H. KLATTE & CO.,
No. 108 East Bay, cor. Accommodation Wharf.
April 25 tuths3

CORN, CORN, AFLOAT!
22.000 BUSHELS PRIME WHITE AND YELLOW CORN, landing from steamer Falcon, and schooners Ella Fish, Ida Richardson and Francis Hatch. For sale by
JNO. CAMPSEN & CO.,
April 26 No. 14 Market, opposite State street. 3

HAY! HAY AFLOAT!
1000 BALES PRIME N. R. HAY LANDING FROM ship Galena, on Brown's W