THE CHARLESTON DAILY NEWS,

G. B. CATHCART, Editor

CATHCART, McMILLAN & MORTON,

PROPRIETORS,

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NEWS SUMMARY.

The 4000 citizens from Charleston, who sent a petition to Congress for the establishment of a Territorial government, are composed almost exclusively of the newly created colored citizens.

A report from the South Carolina Murder Investigating Committee, in Congress, will be found in our telegraphic column.

All the labors of the Thirty-Ninth Congress, on the subject of Reconstruction, have resulted in the bill just passed, reducing the Southern States to Military Districts, allowing them to retain, for the present, the existing State governments, subject, however, to the military commanders; providing for a convention that is to amend the Constitution of the State in harmony with the recent legislation, and for their readmission into the Union and Congressional representation upon the adoption of the several conditions laid down in the Bill.

There are 30,802 white and 5,074 colored Methodists in the State of South Carolina.

A Catholic Church, exclusively for colored people, is to be built in the city of St. Louis.

In Illinois, the Baptist Churches have a total membership of 46,129, or one to every 46 inhabitants.

The railway bridge over the Genesee river, at Rochester, gave way on Thursday night from the pressure of ice against the piers.

A young lady in New York was recently presented with a basket of flowers valued at nine hundred dollars. "Fool," &c.

Elopements are so common at Springfield that there is talk of establishing "A Home for Deserted Husbands."

The number of barrels of cranberries raised and sold in Harwich, Mass., last year was five thousand five hundred and fifteen, and the price received for them $52,072.

General Crook has given the Indians "goss" once more in Idaho. He had a fight with them on the 2d instant, in which he killed 40 and captured 27.

The Frankfort police have forbidden the sale of the fabric known as green talstan, as it is dyed by colors composed in great part of arsenical preparations, and consequently very injurious to health.

The import trade of San Francisco last year was fourteen millions, an increase of over three and a half millions. The exports amount to seventeen and a quarter millions, an increase of nearly three millions.

It may not be known to the majority of readers that the great city of London is comprised in an area of only 632 acres and a few poles—in fact, the size of a farm which in the country could be had for a rent of £600 to £1000 per annum.

Two new revenue cutters for the United States service are building at Greenpoint, and will be launched in a month or two. They are each ninety feet long, and of one hundred and twenty tons burthen.

Rents and board are coming down in New York city. The columns of the dailies there show that good board can be procured in respectable parts of the city for three and four dollars per week, and the tenements at proportionate rates.

The Reverend John Pierpont, the oldest living preacher in years, preached on a recent Sunday morning in the Old John Street Church, New York, to a congregation.

The Columbus *Sun* learns authentically that Ex-Governor James Johnson has at last been confirmed as Collector of the Port of Savannah, by the Senate, and that he has withdrawn the resignation recently tendered.

Forty recruits of the Eighteenth Infantry are said to have mutinied while on the route to Fort Phil Kearney recently, and under the lead of an old soldier had shaped their course for Mexico to join the army of Juarez.

At the Congressional Temperance Society meeting Senator Yates said he intended to quit drinking whiskey and to fight it out on that line to the last hour of his existence. The price will go down at such a falling off in the demand.

Alphonso Karr, the French poet, was lately present at a medical banquet, at which toasts were given to the health of every celebrity, when the president remarked, "Monsieur Karr, you have not proposed the health of any one." The poet rose and modestly replied, "I propose the health of the sick."

Among the new devices of the day are paper pantalets for ladies. A company has been organized at Mechanics' Falls, Maine, to manufacture borders to ladies' drawers and children's pantalets—an ornamental appurtenance to be buttoned to the garment, which may be readily replaced when soiled.

The 26th of April will be celebrated by the Odd Fellows throughout the country as a day of special thanksgiving. The observance will be in accordance to instructions from the Grand Sire, and will commemorate the preservation of the Order during the war, and its peaceful reunion.

Services at the Colebrook (Ct.) Congregational Church were suspended four weeks in consequence of the snow blockade of the roads. One man dug a tunnel from his house twenty-two feet long, through a drift of ten or twelve feet deep, and has held communication with the outside world for over a fortnight by means of this passage.

Under the head of "oppressive," the *Valley Virginian* says: "Fayette McMullen is electioneering for the Governorship in the Valley. We have endured Pierpont and a heap of things, but we humbly pray that a merciful Providence will spare us further afflictions of this kind."

A person in Cleveland, who has taken the trouble to gather statistics on the subject, says that during the last two years the number of people burned to death from kerosene lamp explosions has been nearly 200, and these disasters have destroyed property valued at $6,000,000.

The Savannah *Republican*, of the 22d, says: "We learn from a source entitled to credit that the body of a man, supposed to have been murdered, was discovered in Beaufort District, near the Saltkahatchie River, about a week or ten days since. One arm was severed from the body, and several gashes were noticed on the body and extremities."

Owing to high winds in the Adriatic, Venice has been inundated to an extent which has never been equalled within the memory of any of the inhabitants. The plaza of San Mark was so flooded that boats and gondolas passed over it, and the whole of the space had the appearance of a vast lake.

Last Saturday a firm in Portland, Me., received a lot of California flour, forty days from San Francisco. It came in sacks of fifty and one hundred pounds each, in capital order, the flour being put first into cotton sacks, and then these sacks being placed in gunny bags. Portland papers state that flour can be obtained quicker from San Francisco than it can be from Chicago, railroad facilities from the West being so very poor.

Mr. Seward, under date of February 13, sends a communication to General Salgar, the Colombian Minister at Washington, protesting against the decree of Mosquera relative to the adjudication of prizes in the Colombian Courts, as contrary to the laws of nations, and gives his Government notice that as far as the interests of citizens of the United States are concerned, such decrees will be considered null and void.

The Springfield *Republican* says the State constables were on their muscle in that city a few days since. A force of ten officers commenced operations at six o'clock A. M., and continued work until two P. M. Over three thousand gallons of various kinds of intoxicating liquors, valued at eight thousand dollars, were seized—one man suffering the loss of eighteen hundred gallons, worth five thousand dollars. At several places lager beer was found, but it was not taken.

Judge Bryan Mullanphy, an eccentric gentleman of wealth, died in St. Louis, of cholera, in 1849, leaving an estate for the benefit of emigrants to the West, which is now valued at over $600,000. A recent report of the commissioners, which lets some light into the administration of the fund, shows that for a period of nearly six years, ending July 1st, 1867, the receipts, including a small cash balance from a previous account, were $124,954 24, and the payments $114,787 72. Among the disbursements are over $20,000 paid out for taxes, $49,000 for buildings, and $6000 for "lawyers' fees," together with $1154 25 itemized as "relief to emigrants." The Board are now proposing to erect a building for use as an emigrant house.

Largest Circulation.—*The* Daily News *publishes the Official List of Letters remaining in the Postoffice at the end of each week, agreeably to the following section of the New Postoffice Law, as the newspaper having the largest circulation in the City of Charleston:*

Section 5. And be it further enacted, That lists of letters remaining uncalled for in any Postoffice in any city, town or village, where a newspaper shall be printed, shall hereafter be published once only in the newspaper which, being published weekly or oftener, shall have the largest circulation within range of delivery of the said office.

☞ *All communications intended for publication in this journal must be addressed to the Editor of the Daily News, No. 18 Hayne-street, Charleston, S. C. Business Communications to Publisher of Daily News.*

We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

Advertisements outside of the city must be accompanied with the cash.

CHARLESTON.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 23, 1867.

THE NEW RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

We lay before our readers this morning the Bill for the reconstruction of the Southern States, introduced by Senator Sherman, and amended by Messrs. Wilson and Shellabarger. The Bill passed the Senate on Wednesday night, the 20th inst., by a vote of 35 yeas to 7 nays, Mr. Reverdy Johnson voting yea. The following voted nay: Messrs. Buckalew, Cowan, Davis, Hendricks, Nesmith, Patterson and Saulsbury. Absent and not voting: Messrs. Anthony, Dixon, Doolittle, Grimes, Guthrie, Harris, McDougall, Norton, Nye, Riddle and Sprague.

It will be seen that this Bill establishes military rule in the Southern States, confers suffrage upon the negro, and disfranchises many of our citizens; i. e., all those who are designated in the third section of the Constitutional Amendment.

Said third section reads as follows: "No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or Elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability."

This clause, it would seem, was drafted with special reference to Article VI. of the Constitution of the United States, which reads as follows: "The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State Legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this Constitution." This provision has reference only to Governors, Judges, Chancellors, etc.; and to such only it would seem to us the above section of the Constitutional Amendment refers.

Of State officers, therefore, this would disfranchise members of the Legislature, the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the several Judges and Chancellors, but would not affect any one else.

There are, however, various opinions as to the meaning of this section. The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* writes as follows:

"As now constituted, fully one-third of the white men of the Southern States will be disqualified, not only from sitting in the constitutional conventions to be called, but even from voting for the members thereof. Mr. Sherman said it would disfranchise about 10,000 only. Mr. Buckalew thought 60,000, but the real number will not fall much short, if any, of 200,000. The debate, which ensued on the motion to concur, was lengthy, but chiefly of much interest. The two Massachusetts Senators took directly diverse ground. Mr. Wilson wanted all the rebels disfranchised, to have a clean sweep, all the rebels and all the negroes. Mr. Cowan and Mr. Hendricks again stated their objections to the Bill. Mr. Johnson, in a brief but most affecting speech on the sad and desolate condition of the Southern States, and the utter hopelessness of their being restored to the Union except through the consent and on the terms of Congress, expressed his entire disapproval of every feature of the Bill, but so anxious was he to welcome these States back, and disparaging of any other method than that indicated by the will of the majority, he announced his intention of voting for the Bill. His remarks produced a profound impression, and Mr. Wilson and other Senators came up and pressed his hand in silence.

We do not think the number disfranchised by the immediate working of the Bill will be much over 5000; but this, after all, is of no real importance; as, by the spirit both of the Constitutional Amendment and the Bill just passed, all who have in any way participated in the late war against the United States will soon be disfranchised. Truly this is a sad hour for the South; of humiliation and of bitterness. We can do nothing but submit. *Væ victis* is now at last coming home to us.

There is now naturally great speculation as to the probable course of the President. Upon a careful survey of events at Washington, and a consideration of the various conflicting statements that have emanated from that quarter within the past few weeks, we have come to the conclusion that Mr. Johnson will give his sanction to this Bill. It is understood that Messrs. Seward, Stanton and McCulloch are in favor of it, as a basis of settlement of the national difficulty. It is known that a number of Democrats voted for it; among them Senator Reverdy Johnson, who is believed to be entirely in the President's confidence. The President, it is said, will do this to secure the peace of the country, while he, at the same time, rids himself of the impeachment spectre, that has so long been harassing him. A few days will determine the question.

The following is the Bill:

Whereas, No legal State Governments or adequate protection for life or property now exist in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established; therefore,

Be it enacted, &c., That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts, and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district, and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Section 2. That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army not below the rank of Brigadier-General, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Section 3. That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace, and criminals; and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and try offenders, or when in his judgment it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this Act, shall be null and void.

Section 4. That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this Act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted, and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district; and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this Act, except in so far as they may conflict with its provisions.

Section 5. That when the people of any of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States, in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty-one years old and upward, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualification herein stated for election of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification who are qualified as electors for delegates, and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when said State, by a vote of its Legislature elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the Constitution of the United States proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as Article 14, and when said article shall have become a part of the Constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom on their taking the oath prescribed by law, and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this Act shall be inoperative in said State.

Then follows Wilson's amendment to this section: "Provided that no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention."

Mr. Shellabarger's amendment makes section 6: "That until the people of the said rebel States shall by law be admitted to representation to Congress of the United States, any civil government that may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and shall be in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States, at any time to abolish, modify, control, and supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this Act. And no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said Constitutional Amendment."

WANTS.

WANTED.—A COMPETENT COLORED SERVANT, to take care of two children, put a chamber to rights, and to help in sewing when she has time. She must be willing to go in the country, and must come well recommended. Apply at No. 166 MEETING STREET. 1* February 23

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, AN EXPERIENCED MAN, to take charge of a Planing Machine. None need apply who is not fully competent. Apply at "CIRCULAR SAW MILL," foot of Beaufain street. 2* February 23

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.—AN ENGLISHMAN, duly qualified as Engrossing Clerk or Copyist, desires either temporary or permanent employment. He is also an experienced travelling agent and canvasser for newspaper, book and other advertisements. Address A. F. O., Daily News Office. February 21 6

WANTED, A SITUATION AS GOVERNESS, by a young Lady, who is capable of teaching the ENGLISH BRANCHES, and who has had some experience; would prefer to instruct small children. Address "C. W. B.," Box No. 31, Society Hill, S. C. February 21 5*

A SITUATION WANTED.—A LADY THAT can cut and make Men and Boy's Clothes, Ladies' and Children's Dresses, and can assist in keeping house, desires a situation in a good family. Address "C. W." Box 31, Vance's Ferry, So. Ca. 6* February 21

WANT—TO APPRISE THE PUBLIC that they can find a fresh and varied stock of BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, at astonishing prices, for instance, Ladies' Serge Double-soled Bals at $1.50; Ladies' Serge Double-soled Congress Gaiters at $1.50; Child's Goat Bals at 75c; Boy's Bals at $1.50 and $2; Ladies' Em. Velvet and Baze Slippers, at 50c. per pair; Men's Brogans at $1.50, $1.75 and $2 per pair.

ALSO,

An extensive stock of a standard article of MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S WEAR, at corresponding prices, at No. 394 KING STREET, betw. en George and Calhoun. W. H. DEWHURST. February 20 4

WANTED.—A SITUATION AS CLERK in a mercantile house is wanted by a young man of good habits; who would be attentive to the interest of his employer, and who writes a fair hand, and can give satisfactory recommendations. All he asks is a small compensation for his service, his object being to secure employment. Address INTEGRITY, at Daily News. February 18

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE LADY, a Situation as Child's Nurse, or as Seamstress. Is willing to make herself useful about a house. Moderate wages asked, as the chief object is to obtain a home. Apply at No. 9 STATE STREET. February 18

AGENTS WANTED FOR "THE HISTORY OF THE WAR, BETWEEN ENGLAND AND FRANCE, LETTERS AND SPEECHES" of Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, by Henry Cleveland. Send for Circulars, and see our terms. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Corner 7th and Main streets, Richmond, Va. February 7 1mo

TO RENT.

STORES TO RENT.—TWO STORES TO Rent under the Victoria Hotel, corner of King and Princess streets. Apply on the premises. February 23 3*

TO RENT.—A SMALL PLANTATION NEAR Mount Pleasant, Christ Church Parish. Some excellent Sea Island Cotton Land. Will be rented to an approved tenant, or worked on shares. Address H. R. T., Mount Pleasant, through the Charleston Postoffice. February 23 3*

TO RENT, A PART OF A HOUSE, WITH Kitchen, etc., in a most desirable location, in the lower part of the city. Address "M. V. P.," Box No. 133, Charleston Postoffice. smw3* February 23

TO RENT, TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, in a desirable locality, within a few minutes' walk of the Postoffice. Apply at No. 25 HASEL STREET. February 23 3

TO REST OR FOR SALE CHEAP, THE delightful RESIDENCE No. 8 Ashley street. For particulars, address B. F., Daily News Office. February 20 1mo

A RARE CHANCE FOR CAPITALISTS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1839—REBUILT IN 1860.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING CONCLUDED TO LEASE out his PLANING MILL, at the corner of Beaufain and Lynch streets, for a term of five years, sealed offers for the same will be received until the 1st of March next. The Mill and Engine Room is eighty feet by forty-one feet six inches, built of brick, and covered with tin. In the erection of this building every precaution was taken, both as regards convenience and security from fire. The Machinery consists of one twenty-five horse Engine, one Woodworth Planing Machine (built to order by Schenick), one Saw Bench (with friction rollers for sawing boards to a width), two Lath Saw Benches, and one Cross-cut Circular Saw; all believed to be in immediate working order, except the Belts. A two-story Warehouse, 103 feet long by 23 feet 6 inches wide (for storing White Pine and other fine lumber). Stable for three Horses, three Servants' Rooms, and Kitchen (62 feet by 15 feet), and a two-story Office (23 feet by 17 feet), all built of brick and covered with tin. The lot measures 181 feet on Beaufain street, by 254 feet on Lynch street, bounded on the south by a navigable creek, which makes it very desirable for receiving and shipping lumber. On the lot is a large brick Cistern and two large Fire Wells for the supply of Engines, &c. From the locality of this property, being in the vicinity of all the Lumber arriving from the Edisto River, gives it an advantage of most other sites, and where a larger quantity of Lumber can be handled at less expense than any other establishment in the city. The lessee to purchase the Engine and Machinery at its present worth, and to pay all taxes, insurance and cost of papers; rent to be paid quarterly in gold or its equivalent, and security required. The right is reserved to reject all proposals if not satisfactory. Address HENRY CLARK, West end Beaufain street. February 13 wm5 Charleston, S. C.

TO RENT, A COMFORTABLE DWELLING, with all necessary appurtenances, at No. 54 Beaufain street. Inquire at No. 275 King street. January 5 stuth

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, 17 PRIME FOUR YEAR OLD MULES, well broke, at CHRISTOPHER & ALEXANDER'S STABLES, King street. 2* February 23

A SPLENDID RESIDENCE AND FARM, situated within the corporate limits of the town of Aiken, S. C.—The residence is large and commodious, containing eleven rooms, all with fireplaces; piazzas are attached to the first and second stories, with all the conveniences necessary to a complete residence. The grounds are handsomely laid out with Evergreens, Roses, &c., and the vegetable garden very ample. The outbuildings, servants' houses, stables, &c., are all in complete order. The Farm consists of about fifty acres of fine planting land. This property, now the residence of Mrs. M. M. Schwartz, is offered for sale at a reasonable price, and on accommodating terms, for the purpose of division among the heirs of the late Geo. Parrott. The entire furniture of the house and premises may be purchased with the property. Address W. S. WALKER, W. G. MOOD, February 22 Executors Estate Geo. Parrott.

FOR SALE, FORTY HEAD OF KENTUCKY MULES, from 5 to 7 years old, well broke to double and single harness. Apply at MILLS HOUSE STABLES. 3 February 21

LAND FOR SALE NEAR SUMMERVILLE, S. C.—SEVENTY-SIX ACRES LAND, ten of which is under cultivation, with Dwelling House, Kitchen and outbuildings and fine orchard. Apply to J. O. CAMMER, February 19 6* Rear of Washington Race Course.

FOR SALE, THE ENTIRE STOCK OF A GROCERY STORE consisting of a choice selection of Heavy and FANCY GROCERIES. The party offering the above intends moving to the country. Address P. O., Box No. 381. February 18

FOR SALE, TWENTY LARGE, FAT, 4 and 5 year old broke MULES; and THIRTY 3 and 4 year old. For sale at Mills House Stable. Apply to B. W. GARTON. January 14

FOR SALE, A SCHOLARSHIP IN A PHILADELPHIA University of Medicine and Surgery. This Scholarship entitles students to full instruction until graduation in the MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, embracing Anatomy, Surgery, Physiology, Materia Medica, Chemistry, Obstetrics, and Diseases of Women and Children; Principles and Practice of Medicine and Pathology. As this is one of the first Medical Universities of the country, a favorable opportunity is offered those studying medicine for a scholarship. Apply at this Office. December 15

AT PRIVATE SALE—A PINE FARM, IN GOOSE CREEK PARISH, containing 82 acres of land, 34 of which are cleared and under fence; the balance well wooded. This place is situated 16 miles from Charleston, on the State road, and within a quarter of a mile of the Northeastern Railroad. There is a fine orchard on the place. For information apply to Dr. H. BAER, December 11 No. 131 Meeting street.

LOST.

LOST, ON YESTERDAY, BETWEEN 2 and 3 o'clock P.M., A ROLL OF BILLS, amounting to about $150. It is thought to have been dropped on Tradd street, crossing Meeting street. A liberal reward will be paid to any person leaving the same at the MERCURY OFFICE. February 16

FOUND.

FOUND, A SOUTH CAROLINA STATE BOND, with Coupons attached, for One Thousand Dollars, which the owner can have by proving property and paying for advertisement. Apply to J. N. ROBSON, No. 62 East Bay. fwm13 February 1

BOARDING.

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FIRST-CLASS BOARD CAN BE HAD AT No. 2 ST. PHILIP STREET, corner of Beaufain. Terms moderate. February 22

PRIVATE BOARDING.—A FEW BOARDERS can be accommodated at No. 92 KING STREET, east side, near Broad. A few Day Boarders can be accommodated. January 31

BOARDING.—MRS. H. KAMLAH IS PREPARED to receive Boarders, at No. 146 Meeting street, up stairs. Her many friends and acquaintances will please bear this in mind. December 15

EDUCATIONAL.

HOME SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION WILL BE resumed on the SECOND MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER, and continue ten months. The number of pupils is limited to twelve.

The Principal is a graduate in honors of Cambridge, England, and has had more than twenty years' experience as a teacher in the South.

Careful and thorough instruction will be given in the LATIN and GREEK CLASSICS, French and Spanish, with a complete course of English studies, including Mathematics, Commercial, Arithmetic, and Book-Keeping.

Pupils will be treated in all respects as members of his family, and will receive the undivided care and attention of the Principal in the preparation of their various studies.

References.—To the Faculty of the South Carolina University, and to present and former patrons.

For terms and further particulars, address the undersigned. RICHARD FORD, A. M. Columbia, August, 1866. stuth August 11

MRS. CARROL,

HAVING RETURNED TO THE CITY, OFFERS HER services as Teacher of the Piano and Vocal Music. Apply at No. 81 WENTWORTH STREET. December 20

COPARTNERSHIPS.

DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the name, style and firm of BOGERT, DENNY & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

P. B. BOGERT, J. W. DENNY, C. B. DENNY.

February 14, 1867.

THE BUSINESS

OF THE FIRM OF BOGERT, DENNY & CO., will hereafter be continued, at No. 163 Meeting street, by J. W. DENNY, on his own account, from this date. J. W. DENNY.

Charleston, February 14, 1867. February 21 6

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF CRAIG, TUOMEY & CO., IS THIS day dissolved by mutual consent. All claims and demands against the said firm must be presented, and those indebted will make payment to JOHN TUOMEY, who is alone authorized to sign the name of the firm in liquidation.

CHARLES T. CRAIG. JOHN TUOMEY. R. W. LOCKWOOD.

NOTICE.

THE SHIP CHANDLERY BUSINESS WILL BE CARRIED ON as usual, at the old stand, by JOHN TUOMEY, No. 46 East Bay.

IN RETIRING

FROM THE FIRM OF CRAIG, TUOMEY & CO., WE return thanks for the liberal patronage extended to us, and solicit for our former partner, Mr. JOHN TUOMEY, a continuance of the same.

CHARLES T. CRAIG. R. W. LOCKWOOD.

HAVING

SOLD MY INTEREST IN STEAM WATER BOAT "AGNES" to Mr. CHARLES T. CRAIG, I return my sincere thanks to my friends for the very liberal patronage bestowed, and solicit for him a continuance of the same. JOHN TUOMEY. February 20, 1867. 6 February 21

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF C. WHITTEMORE, SON & CO. WAS dissolved on the 10th instant by the death of LYMAN B. WHITTEMORE.

CEPHAS WHITTEMORE, JAMES S. RHODES, Surviving Copartners.

Charleston, February 12, 1867.

THE BUSINESS

OF THE LATE FIRM OF C. WHITTEMORE, SON & CO. will be continued under the name of WHITTEMORE & RHODES. CEPHAS WHITTEMORE. JAMES S. RHODES.

Charleston, S. C., February 12, 1867.

NOTICE.

BUSINESS WILL BE CONDUCTED IN THE NAME OF D. A. WALKER & CO. D. A. WALKER. February 1, 1867. wm5* February 6

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEDICATED PAPER,

A SURE CURE FOR THE PILES, PUT UP IN PACKAGES of 1600 pieces. Price 50 cents. For sale by

HIRAM HARRIS, February 18 1mo No. 59 BROAD STREET.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

THE LIFE AND CAMPAIGNS OF GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE.

By Jas. D. McCabe, Jr., of Va.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., corner 7th and Main streets, Richmond, Va. February 14 1mo*

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RESUMED the UNDERTAKER'S BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his residence, No. 94 Tradd street, where all orders intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to on the most reasonable terms. Metallic Burial Cases always on hand. February 13 wsm5 J. B. P. ALLEY.

DR. T. REENSTJERNA,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, NO. 73 BROAD STREET, next to Guard House. N. B.—Diseases of the SEXUAL ORGANS cured with dispatch. sw4* February 16

MISCELLANEOUS.

THOMPSON & BROTHER,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission MERCHANTS,

No. 113 EAST BAY, cor. Fraser's Wharf.

BACON, FLOUR, BUTTER, LARD, CHEESE, COFFEE, SUGAR, of all grades and prices; TOBACCO, SOAP, STARCH, MOLASSES, and a general Stock of GROCERIES, in store and for sale low. Liberal advances made on Consignments. Apply as above. 1mo February 11

WILLIS & CHISOLM,

FACTORS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND SHIPPING AGENTS.

WILL ATTEND TO THE PURCHASE, SALE AND SHIPMENT (to Foreign and Domestic Ports) of COTTON, RICE, LUMBER AND NAVAL STORES.

ATLANTIC WHARF, Charleston, S. C.

E. WILLIS.....A. E. CHISOLM. October 25

C. S. JENKINS,

MEASURER AND INSPECTOR OF

TIMBER AND LUMBER,

OFFICE AT E. N. BRODIE'S, West end of Broad Street. January 22 1mo 2mos Charleston, S. C.

F. F. CHAPEAU,

(J. & T. S. HEFFRON, SUPERINTENDENTS,) MANUFACTURER OF

SADDLES, HARNESS, FIRE CAPS, BELTS, ETC., AND DEPOTER OF

ENGLISH SADDLERY,

AT McKENZIE'S OLD STAND, Corner Church and Chalmers streets. January 26 stu6mos

THE LADIES' MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION,

HAVING ON HAND A LARGE SUPPLY OF READY-MADE CLOTHING, suitable for Gentlemen, Ladies and Children, and being desirous of diminishing our Stock before the season advances too far, we would especially draw the attention of the public towards the reduction which will be made in our prices for the next two or three weeks from date. Apply at the DEPOSITORY, January 29 No. 17 Chalmers street.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF DETECTIVES FEBRUARY 7, 1867.—Recovered and now at this office, — yards COTTON GOODS. The owner is requested to come forward and prove property. J. C. CAMPBELL, February 8 Lieut. in Charge.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTIMATES WANTED

TO PUT A FENCE AROUND HAMPSTEAD MALL. For particulars apply to E. WILLIS, February 21 4 Chairman P. B. and G.

ESTIMATES WANTED,

TO REPLACE THE PANELS AND POSTS ON THE East, South and West Battery; to renew the Benches on South Battery to correspond with those formerly there. For specifications apply to E. WILLIS, February 21 4 Chairman P. B. and G.

OFFICE CHIEF FIRE DEPARTMENT, CHARLESTON, S. C., February 15, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned until the 15th of March, for furnishing SIXTEEN HUNDRED FEET OF THREE-INCH DOUBLE EXTRA OAK TANNED LEATHER, DOUBLE COPPER RIVETED FIRE HOSE, warranted to stand one hundred and seventy-five pounds water pressure to the square inch, in fifty feet sections, at so much per foot, and so much for brass butts per pair; butts to be New York standard.

Also for FOUR SETTS OF BEST RUBBER SUCTIONS, in one length each, of twenty-one feet, with swivel brass butts, and brass baskets, 18 inches long, to screw on end of suctions, at so much per foot; baskets and butts extra. Sizes of suctions and number of threads to the inch for the butts will be furnished. M. H. NATHAN, February 15 1mo Chief Fire Department.

OFFICE CHIEF FIRE DEPARTMENT, CHARLESTON, S. C., February 15th, 1867.

SEPARATE SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned until 25th inst., for cleaning and repairing the Fire Well at the corner of Beaufain and Smith streets, as per specifications to be seen at this office.

Also, for making TEN FIRE LADDERS, as per specifications. M. H. NATHAN, February 15 10 Chief Fire Department.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE CAPTAIN OF POLICE, CHARLESTON, S. C., January 26, 1867.

THE FOLLOWING ORDINANCE IS HEREBY PUBLISHED for the benefit of all whom it may concern. C. B. SIGWALD, Captain of Police.

Be it Ordained, That from and after the first day of January next, every person keeping a shop or store, or engaged in mercantile business in the City of Charleston, shall post up, and keep posted up, in some conspicuous place, at his or her business stand and stands, a conspicuous Sign Board or Plate, containing his or her given name and surname, and, in case of a partnership, the given name and surname of each member of the firm; and every person so offending, or making default herein, shall forfeit and pay to the City a penalty of fifty dollars for each and every offence or default, and in addition thereto a further sum of fifty dollars for each and every month during which the provisions of this Ordinance shall remain not complied with: *Provided, however*, That nothing herein contained shall apply to the special partners of a limited partnership.

Ratified December 2, 1851.

Extract from Ordinance Ratified November 20th, 1806.

Sec. 5. No cloth awning shall be put up in such a manner as to obstruct foot passengers; and no sign-board shall be erected otherwise than *thirteen* feet from the surface of the ground or foot pavement * * * under a penalty of Twenty Dollars for each and every day, while any such awning or sign-board, fixed or formed otherwise than as herein directed, shall so remain. * * * * * *

Sec. 6. No person or persons whosoever shall, for the purpose of exposing any goods, commodities, or other articles for sale, place, or cause to be placed, any such goods, commodities, or other articles whatsoever, or any table, bench, stall-board, box, or other appendage, in any street, lane, alley, or public thoroughfare, or any foot-pavement within the City, under a penalty of Twenty Dollars for each and every such offence, and for each and every night or day, as the case may be, on which any such offence is committed: *Provided, however*, That Vendue Masters shall be permitted to expose before their stores such goods and commodities as they sell at public auction, but not to take up more room than the front of their respective vendue stores, and to the distance of six feet beyond the same.

Sec. 7. No person or persons whosoever, shall suffer any firewood, coals, goods, wares, merchandise, carriages of any description, or any other matter or thing, to him, her, or them belonging or consigned, to lay or stand for a longer space than four hours, in any street, lane, alley, or public thoroughfare within the City, under a penalty of Two Dollars, with costs, for every hour that any such article or thing shall so lay or stand beyond the above mentioned time; *excepting*, materials for building, in regard to which the following regulations shall be observed, namely: When any person or persons shall erect or repair any house or other building, upon any street, lane, alley, or open court, within the city, he, she, or they shall make application for the use of so much of the street or public way as shall not exceed the front of the lot on which such building is to be erected, nor extend more than six feet into the street; which space such person or persons shall forthwith enclose with a sufficient fence, at least six feet high, in order to deposit within the same the requisite materials for building and repairing; and such fence, together with the remaining material, he, she, or they shall remove as soon as the work be finished, or whenever the Mayor shall require it, on pain of forfeiting Two Dollars for every hour that such fence or such materials shall afterward remain unremoved; and on pain, also, of having the same removed at his, her, or their expense, by the City authorities. * * *

January 28 1mo

AN ORDINANCE

TO ESTABLISH THE OFFICE OF CHIMNEY CONTRACTOR.

OFFICE CLERK OF COUNCIL, January 31, 1867.

THE CITY COUNCIL HAVING ELECTED MR. J. E. ROUMILLAT Chimney Contractor for the Upper Wards, and Mr. M. NIXON for the Lower Wards, they will enter upon the duties of their office on the 1st of February inst., and for the general information of the public the following Ordinance is published:

W. H. SMITH, Clerk of Council.

AN ORDINANCE TO ESTABLISH THE OFFICE OF CHIMNEY CONTRACTORS.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Aldermen in City Council assembled, That from and after the passage of this Ordinance there shall be annually elected two Contractors for sweeping chimneys; the first for all that part of the city, taking in Wards Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4; and the second for all that part of the city, taking in Nos. 5 and 7, 6 and 8. Each of said contractors shall give bond, in the City Tax two good sureties, conditioned for the faithful performance of their duty.

Sec. 2. All and every person occupying a building with a chimney or chimneys thereto, in which a fire is usually made, shall allow and permit the said Contractor or Contractors to visit, inspect, and cause to be swept, the said chimney or chimneys once in every month, and he, she, or they pay for such sweeping, as hereinafter prescribed, the fees; and in case any person shall oppose or prevent the sweeping of any chimney as before directed, he, she, or they, making such opposition, on conviction thereof before the Mayor, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 3. If the Contractor for sweeping shall neglect this duty in not causing the said chimney to be swept perfectly neat and clean, or leaving any chimney which ought to be swept unswept for one month, as hereinbefore directed, said Contractor, on information before the Mayor of such neglect, shall, on conviction thereof, be fined a sum not exceeding fifty dollars, provided said Contractor was not opposed or prevented from sweeping said chimney; then the fine may be inflicted on the occupant or owner of the house.

Sec. 4. Said Contractor shall give notice in public print of the time and hour the chimney or chimneys is or are to be swept, which notice shall be given at least two days before; and such sweeping shall take place at a proper and convenient hour, and such Contractors shall keep each an office entitled a "Sweep Office," centrally located, where any person sending for a sweep shall be immediately accommodated with one, or as soon thereafter as possible.