THE CHARLESTON DAILY NEWS,

G. R. CATHCART, Editor

CATHCART, McMILLAN & MORTON,

PROPRIETORS.

No. 18 HAYNE STREET.

CITY PRINTERS.

TERMS CASH.

SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY—TWELVE MONTHS	$10.00
DAILY—SIX MONTHS	5.00
DAILY—THREE MONTHS	2.50
SINGLE COPIES	5 cents
TO NEWS DEALERS	3 cents

NEWS SUMMARY.

Gold closed in New York at an advance—138¼.

Cotton was quoted at 22 cents for Middling Uplands.

Liverpool quotations were 13¾d. for Middling Uplands.

The Stevens-Blaine-Sherman-Wilson-Shellabberger Military Reconstruction Bill has at last passed both Houses, and now awaits the President's action.

The number of city letters delivered by the carriers of the postoffice in Chicago on Valentine's day was about 15,000.

It costs $5,000,000 more to govern New York than it does Philadelphia, whose population is nearly as large as that of the former city.

Thad. Stevens has been elected President of a fire company in Lancaster. High honors in a similar department are awaiting "Thad." hereafter.

A firm in Texas is importing servants from England. Their agents in Liverpool has 700 applications registered, with the best of reference.

A company has been organized at Reka, Kansas, with a capital of $100,000, to dam the Kansas River, and build a canal to get a water power for manufacturing purposes.

In Washington county, Tennessee, twenty miles northeast of Jonesboro', is an ancient birch tree, on the bark of which is still legible the following inscription: "1771—D. Boon killed a bar."

The Galveston *Civilian* says that the camels in Texas have been found to answer completely the purpose for which they were intended, but yet they are dying out from the want of care to perpetuate them.

At the beginning of the present year there were seventeen living members of the Harvard class of 1814. Three have died in less than three weeks, viz: Mr. Osgood, Dr. Wyman and Hon. Judge Merrick.

The bust of Lincoln by Henry was inaugurated at the Academy of Music, Louisville, yesterday. A large crowd was in attendance. Governor Bramlette and Hon. James Speed, late Attorney General of the United States, addressed the audience.

In New York city, William B. Astor pays taxes on $2,250,000; A. T. Stewart & Co. on $2,000,000; James Lennox on $1,500,000; and James Brown on $1,000,000. Poor fellows! This does not include bank stock and some other items.

Rents have come down a second time in Chicago, the reduction this time being twenty-five per cent. on dwellings and ordinary business locations, and fifteen per cent. in the best business quarters.

At a recent rental of the pews in the Unitarian Church in San Francisco, the premiums, over and above the fixed rent of the pews, amounted to $24,750 in gold. The income of the Church this year is $37,000 in gold.

A St. Louis blacksmith has made, for the Paris Exposition, two sets of horseshoes and a quantity of horseshoe nails from Iron Mountain ore, without smelting. Accompanying them is a half-finished shoe, the unfinished part showing the unwrought ore.

A large number of French and Austrian deserters were serving in the Republican (Mexican) ranks, and many Mexican Imperial officers were applying for employment in the same place, but were not received. This is a rumor; whether or not it is true, we cannot say.

A Quincy dispatch says the preliminary work of constructing the great bridge over the Mississippi River at that point is being pushed forward rapidly. Sixty thousand dollars have already been expended in material, and the work will be commenced on the opening of the spring.

A large and beautiful meteor was observed by many persons in San Francisco at 5:15 on Sunday morning. Owing to the sunshine, the size was not closely defined. The telegraph reports the same meteor seen at Gilroy and Watsonville, accompanied by a tremendous noise, so heavy that the ground shook.

Charles Dickens continues to be a great pedestrian, and from Tavistock Square to Gadshill, a good twenty-eight miles, is no uncommon pedestrian journey for him before dinner. He is not a very orthodox man in a religious point of view, and frequently shocks his neighbors by Sunday games of croquet on his lawn.

The Macon *Telegraph* says: "It is reported that ex-Provisional Governor Johnson has resigned, or is about to resign, the office of Collector of the Customs for the port of Savannah, owing to the difficulty of procuring a confirmation from the Senate. It is probable that some Northern Radical wants the place."

Boring for oil has not been altogether money lost in some portions of Ohio. In addition to the valuable salt wells discovered in Tuscarawas and Columbiana, a vein was struck a few miles east of Cambridge, which yields about thirty barrels per day of excellent quality, and may be worked up to seventy-five barrels. The clear profit is already fifty dollars per day, and of course may be enlarged.

A steam plow, with engines and tackle complete, has been sent out from England by a manufacturer, who sends with it a skilled agent, to give it a thorough trial in one of the Western States at the expense of the manufacturer. The apparatus cost $10,000. A duty of $4000 was levied on it, but a bill has been introduced in Congress to refund the amount. It will plow an acre an hour, to the depth of twelve inches.

A correspondent from Rome writes: "Pio Nono does not seem to have grown decrepit during the past few years, and I notice but little change in his personal appearance since I saw him four winters ago. He appears a hale and vigorous old man; his age is like a lusty winter, frosty but kindly. He is a good actor of papal sanctity and magnificence. He is dignified, and even majestic, in his bearing, and seems benignant and gentle in his expression."

A correspondent writing from California to the *Southern Recorder* says: "Just here, let me say to the many friends who write concerning coming to this country to better themselves: If you have a home, and can make a living, stay where you are. If you come here to buy land, you cannot tell whether you have any title or not. The best of the farming land is covered with Spanish grants. People here are seriously talking of emigrating to the Southern States, and by next spring quite a number will start."

The Houma (La.) *Civic Guard* speaks thus of the ingoing crops: "Our planters have had a delightful spell of weather for planting cane, and, from all we can learn, have been improving the time. All the large plantations are being planted in cane. Only the small farms, where there are no sugar houses, will be planted in cotton. We hope all will plant plenty of corn. Rice will receive more attention than formerly, which, we are pleased to learn, paid well last year. Most of the freedmen have contracted for the year. In most cases their wages have been increased; the average price paid for men is about $15 per month and rations."

The Montgomery *Advertiser* says of a recent decision of the Supreme Court of Alabama: "The case of Hawkins *vs.* Nelson was an action of detinue for a horse in Walker Circuit Court, and the Supreme Court decides that where a horse, the property of a non-combatant, was taken by the army of the United States; was abandoned by them and left on the plaintiff's premises, and was afterwards regained by the owner, the plaintiff cannot recover him from the owner, by action at law, without showing that the seizure by the army was authorized by the law of nations, as recognized by the published general orders for the regulation of the United States army."

An ingenious Scotchman has found a method of utilizing the hitherto wasted powers of the common house mouse. He has invented a cotton spinning machine, so constructed that a couple of mice, if tossed into the right place, cannot help it. It is made on the tread-mill plan. A half-penny worth of oat meal will keep each mouse five weeks, and during that time it will do the work for which a woman is now paid nine pence. In other words, it will earn seven shillings and six pence a year, which, after deducting six pence for board and a shilling for wear and tear of machinery, leaves a net profit of six shillings to the employer. The inventor, it is said, is putting up ten thousand of these mills, with a view of getting his living out of them. Truly a *mus*-cular enterprise—a kind of *mice-en-scene-ry*.

Largest Circulation.—*The* Daily News *publishes the Official List of Letters remaining in the Postoffice at the end of each week, agreeably to the following section of the New Postoffice Law, as the newspaper having the largest circulation in the City of Charleston:*

Section 5. And be it further enacted, That lists of letters remaining uncalled for in any Postoffice in any city, town or village, where a newspaper shall be printed, shall hereafter be published once only in the newspaper which, being published weekly or oftener, shall have the largest circulation within range of delivery of the said office.

☞ *All communications intended for publication in this journal must be addressed to the Editor of the Daily News, No. 18 Hayne-street, Charleston, S. C. Business Communications to Publisher of Daily News.*

We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

Advertisements outside of the city must be accompanied with the cash.

CHARLESTON.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 22, 1867.

NAPOLEON'S ADDRESS.

In the opening of the session of the *Corps Legislatif*, the Emperor made his usual speech, which we published on Wednesday. We have already adverted to so much of its contents as related to the Mexican Expedition, in our remarks yesterday on Mexico. The nullity of the treaties of 1815 is again reaffirmed. He says that the great Napoleon's idea is being rapidly fulfilled, uniting all the great homogeneous nations hitherto separated, and that thus only could a sure balance of power be made possible. The successes he says, of events in Germany and Italy have paved the way to it, but that these cannot disturb France. "I stood aloof and helped the peace which Prussia and Italy made without dismembering Austria." This much we doubt not is true. But the Emperor deems it unnecessary to say how much more he aimed at, and how greatly he was foiled by the superior sagacity or statecraft of the Prime Minister of Prussia. In fact not a word is said about that demand for a rectification of the frontier on the Rhine, that made such a stir in Europe a few months since; unless we can read it in the following: "France is respected abroad; but the conditions of war being changed, she must increase her defences. The Army Bill has been so drawn as to lighten the burden in times of peace, and to increase the resources in times of war. Our neighbors assume far heavier burdens. Let us keep our flag high, as the best means of preserving peace." This is the gist of the whole speech, and, it is understood, the Emperor is determined to carry out this military scheme *coule qui coule*.

In regard to the Eastern question, he simply says that "the great Powers ought to act in concert to satisfy the Christians in the East, protect the rights of the Porte, and prevent complications,"—a consummation devoutly to be wished for, but simply impossible of realization, as it embraces too many incompatible elements.

Of Rome, he says, that the treaty of September has been executed, whereby the government of the Pope has been placed in a new phase, and he is sustained by his own strength and the the veneration of the great Powers for the Head of the Church. Europe will sustain his temporal power against demagogues." *Nous verrons!*

His Majesty next says "the perpetuation of Austria is necessary to the balance of power." If so, why was Lombardy, and more recently Venetia, wrested from Austria and given to Italy? Is it quite certain that the heterogeneous elements that constitute the population of what is at present called Austria,—the Germans, Magyars, Czechs, Wends, Sclaves, etc., etc., will not proceed to work out the problem of elective affinity, so well begun a few years ago by a growing segregation of nationalities?

The Emperor next said that he is "certain that the peace of the world is not to be disturbed;" then, why insist on an army of 1,200,000 men? However, we presume, His Majesty's remarks are to be received with limitation—as only meaning that the Exposition, soon to be opened, would be brought to a peaceful and successful close.

"Sure of the present, and confident of the future," he next says, "I have fulfilled your wishes in regard to the development of our institutions upon a liberal scale." This is all that is said in reference to the late decree, "enlarging the liberties" of France, excepting the ominous concluding sentence: "France will use her new rights wisely."

Napoleon is not a man of many words. He thinks much but says little. We cannot doubt that he understands the situation as well as any of his numerous readers and critics, and that he has said and done what he deems best under the present circumstances. He is surrounded by many difficulties, which it must tax his energies to the utmost to keep from overwhelming him, and making havoc of the fair fabric his skilful hands have constructed. We cannot agree with his Majesty in many of his views of public policy, but we cannot withhold our admiration for the wisdom and masterly ability with which he has steered the ship of State through the many storms she has encountered since he has stood at the helm; and we fully sympathize with him in his final exclamation, where he says: "I trust in my people, my right and my conscience."

TAXES IN SAVANNAH.

The City Fathers of Savannah appear to have their troubles, as well as other people; and their trouble, as in so many other cases, can be traced to the root of all evil—money. The Committee of Ways and Means, in their anxiety to get all they could imposed taxes, right and left, sometimes with judgment, and at others, it would appear, without that wise precaution. It thus came to pass that without the fear of the doctors before their eyes, they went and taxed physicians, not wisely but too well. Now it hath been said in olden times that doctors differ, but it would seem that the doctors of Savannah have belied the old saw, and do not differ, but agree to resist this tax, and to do so for the following good reasons:

1. That the city had no right to require physicians to take out a license of fifty dollars, when they are already licensed by a power whose legal right to do so is not questioned.

2. They object that it is an oppressive tax. A physician is first required to take out a license from the United States, costing him ten dollars; one from the State, also costing ten dollars; the County of Chatham charges him five dollars for the privilege of practising within her borders, and finally the City of Savannah exacts the exorbitant sum of fifty dollars in addition—double all the others. In addition to all these taxes, he pays a city tax on every dollar he earns, and on horse and buggy, if he has any.

3. They urge that the physicians of Savannah, in their gratuitous attendance on the poor of the city, entitle them to an exemption from such exorbitant taxation.

We are surprised to learn that Savannah has no dispensary physician; the sick poor there must do as best they can, and are exclusively dependent for medical attendance upon the charity of the practising physicians of the city. What a contrast Charleston offers to her neighboring sister in this respect. Here the poor revel in a choice of doctors. The city provides liberally; with the assistance of a private foundation, paying nine physicians for this service. The Faculty of the Medical College also offer gratuitous medical attendance to the indigent sick, and will provide them with medicines, free of charge. Then we have a choice of hospitals—the City Hospital (temporarily organized, during the past two years, in the building formerly known as the City Poor House) and the large and elegant Roper Hospital, presided over by two skilful physicians, with competent assistants. Such is the wealth of choice offered to the sick poor of Charleston. We had no idea Savannah was so far behind us; and hope that she will proceed more rapidly in her course of reconstruction, and not depend on the doctors exclusively to fill her civic vacuum.

A French paper says Lamartine received 150,000 francs for his manuscript of the *History of the Restoration*. All other expenses of publishing (paper, printing, binding, advertising, &c., including a dinner to the author costing 433 francs), amounted to 114,564 francs and ten centimes. $30,000 is not bad pay for a work of the *severe* historical status, such as the one above named; which, we have little doubt, Lamartine wrote with very little preparation, and therefore in a comparatively short space of time. Literature in France brings a better price now than when Boileau sold his *Lutrin* for 600 francs, Racine 200 for his *Andromaque*. 150,000 francs is a very respectable sum when we consider that Beranger lived poor, and Alfred de Musset, whose works are among the most popular of the day, never was much above want.

A case arose in Italy under the new law, allowing priests to marry. A registrar in Genoa refused to issue the proper papers for a priest who wished to be married. The matter was carried into court, and the first decision was in favor of the registrar, but the higher court reversed it.

WANTS.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, AN EXPERIENCED MAN, to take charge of a Planing Machine. None need apply who is not fully competent. Apply at "CIRCULAR SAW MILL," foot of Beaufain street. 2* February 22

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.—AN ENGLISHMAN, duly qualified as Engrossing Clerk or Copyist, desires either temporary or permanent employment. He is also an experienced travelling agent and canvasser for newspaper, book and other advertisements. Address A. F. O., Daily News Office. February 21 6

WANTED, A SITUATION AS GOVERNESS, by a young Lady, who is capable of teaching the ENGLISH BRANCHES, and who has had some experience; would prefer to instruct small children. Address "C. W. B.," Box No. 31, Society Hill, S. C. February 21 5*

A SITUATION WANTED.—A LADY THAT can cut and make Men and Boy's Clothes, Ladies' and Children's Dresses, and can assist in keeping house, desires a situation in a good family. Address "C. W." Box 31, Vance's Ferry, So. Ca. 6* February 21

WANT—TO APPRISE THE PUBLIC that they can find a fresh and varied stock of BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, at astonishing prices, for instance, Ladies' Serge Double-soled Bals at $1.50; Ladies' Serge Double-soled Congress Gaiters at $1.50; Child's Goat Bals at 75c; Boy's Bals at $1.50 and $2; Ladies' Em. Velvet and Baze Slippers, at 50c. per pair; Men's Brogans at $1.50, $1.75 and $2 per pair.

ALSO,

An extensive stock of a standard article of MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S WEAR, at corresponding prices, at No. 394 KING STREET, between George and Calhoun. W. H. DEWHURST. February 20 4

WANTED.—A MIDDLE-AGED COLORED NURSE to take charge of a young Child. None but a competent one, who can come well recommended, need apply. Call at No. 29 SMITH STREET, three doors from Wentworth. 3 February 20

WANTED, A COLORED GIRL, TO MIND a child. Apply at No. 28 REID STREET. February 19

TO OWNERS OF ISLAND LANDS.—WANTED to purchase, ONE OR TWO THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND, suitable for Stock raising. None other than an Island proper will suit. Apply to

B. McCALL,
Real Estate and Land Agent, No. 51 Broad street.
February 19 tufm3

WANTED.—A SITUATION AS CLERK in a mercantile house is wanted by a young man of good habits, who would be attentive to the interest of his employer, and who writes a fair hand, and can give satisfactory recommendations. All he asks is a small compensation for his service, his object being to secure employment. Address INTEGRITY, at Daily News. February 18

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE LADY, a Situation as Child's Nurse, or as Seamstress. Is willing to make herself useful about a house. Moderate wages asked, as the chief object is to obtain a home. Apply at No. 9 STATE STREET. February 18

WANTED, ONE HUNDRED LABORERS, to work on a Plantation near the city. The place is healthy. Apply at No. 44 QUEEN STREET. February 18 mwf

AGENTS WANTED FOR "THE HISTORY OF THE WAR BETWEEN THE STATES—TRACING ITS ORIGIN, CAUSES AND RESULTS," by Hon. Alexander H. Stephens; and for "THE LIFE, LETTERS AND SPEECHES" of Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, by Henry Cleveland. Send for Circulars, and see our terms. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Corner 7th and Main streets, Richmond, Va. February 7 1mo

TO RENT.

TO RENT OR FOR SALE CHEAP, THE delightful RESIDENCE No. 8 Ashley street. For particulars, address B. F., Daily News Office. February 20

TO RENT, FOR ONE, OR A TERM OF YEARS, the commodious RESIDENCE and extensive PREMISES, No. 54, western extremity of Bull street. Apply to T. GRANGE SIMONS, February 18 mwf No. 38 Montague street.

TO RENT, THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE No. 11 KING STREET, with all the necessary outbuildings, cistern, &c. Inquire at No. 9, south of the above. wfm January 23

TO RENT, A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE in Wentworth street, between Smith and Rutledge streets; contains ten rooms, with gas and water fixtures complete. Apply at the office of WILKINSON & GILCHRIST, Attorneys at Law, No. 48 Broad street. fmw January 12

FOR SALE.

A SPLENDID RESIDENCE AND FARM, situated within the corporate limits of the town of Aiken, S. C. The residence is large and commodious, containing eleven rooms, all with fireplaces; piazzas are attached to the first and second stories, with all the conveniences necessary to a complete residence. The grounds are handsomely laid out with Evergreens, Roses, &c., and the vegetable garden very ample. The outbuildings, servants' houses, staples, &c., are all in complete order. The Farm consists of about fifty acres of fine planting land.

This property, now the residence of Mrs. M. M. Schwartz, is offered for sale at a reasonable price, and on accommodating terms, for the purpose of division among the heirs of the late Geo. Parrott. The entire furniture of the house and premises may be purchased with the property.

Address W. S. WALKER,
W. G. MOOD,
February 22 Executors Estate Geo. Parrott.

FOR SALE, FORTY HEAD OF KENTUCKY MULES, from 5 to 7 years old, well broke to double and single harness. Apply at MILLS HOUSE STABLES. 3 February 21

LAND FOR SALE NEAR SUMMERVILLE, S. C.—SEVENTY-SIX ACRES LAND, ten of which is under cultivation, with Dwelling House, Kitchen and outbuildings and fine orchard. Apply to

J. C. CAMMER,
February 19 6* Rear of Washington Race Course.

FOR SALE.—ONE VERY FINE BLOODED BAY MARE, accustomed to single, double draft or saddle. Can be seen at Richard McHunney's Stables, Hasel street, opposite Post Office. Apply to

E. J. WISS & Co.,
February 16 6 Corner Meeting and Hasel streets.

FOR SALE, A DESIRABLE PIECE OF LAND, FOR MARKET GARDENING PURPOSES, about three miles from the city, opposite Dr. North's place, on Magazine Road, containing nearly twenty-six acres, with a landing on Ship Yard Creek. It is divided into three lots, of five acres each, and one of 6 4-10 acres, and balance on Ship Yard Creek. It will be sold upon accommodating terms, in separate lots, or altogether, as may suit purchasers. Apply to J. McCABE, No. 36 Broad street, where a plat can be seen. February 15 fw

FOR SALE, THE ENTIRE STOCK OF A GROCERY STORE, consisting of a choice selection of Heavy and FANCY GROCERIES. The party offering the above intends moving to the country. Address P. O., Box No. 381. February 13

FOR SALE, TWENTY LARGE, FAT, 4 and 5-year old broke MULES; and THIRTY 3 and 4 year old. For sale at Mills House Stable. Apply to R. W. CARTON. January 14

FOR SALE, A SCHOLARSHIP IN A PHILADELPHIA University of Medicine and Surgery. This Scholarship entitles students to full instruction until graduation in the MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, embracing Anatomy, Surgery, Physiology, Materia Medica, Chemistry, Obstetrics, and Diseases of Women and Children, Principles and Practice of Medicine and Pathology. As this is one of the first Medical Universities of the country, a favorable opportunity is offered those studying medicine for a scholarship. Apply at this Office. December 15

AT PRIVATE SALE—A FINE FARM, IN GOOSE CREEK PARISH, containing 62 acres of land, 34 of which are cleared and under fence; the balance well wooded. This place is situated 16 miles from Charleston, on the State Road, and within a quarter of a mile of the Northeastern Railroad. There is a fine orchard on the place.

For information apply to

Dr. H. BAER,
December 11 No. 131 Meeting street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THOMPSON & BROTHER,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission MERCHANTS,

No. 112 EAST BAY, cor. Fraser's Wharf.

BACON, FLOUR, BUTTER, LARD, CHEESE, COFFEE, SUGAR, of all grades and prices; TOBACCO, SOAP, STARCH, MOLASSES, and a general Stock of GROCERIES, in store and for sale low.

Liberal advances made on Consignments.

Apply as above. 1mo February 11

WILLIS & CHISOLM,

FACTORS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND SHIPPING AGENTS.

WILL ATTEND TO THE PURCHASE, SALE AND SHIPMENT (to Foreign and Domestic Ports) of COTTON, RICE, LUMBER AND NAVAL STORES.

ATLANTIC WHARF, Charleston, S. C.

E. WILLIS.....A. R. CHISOLM.
October 25

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF DETECTIVES FEBRUARY 7, 1867.—Recovered and now at this office, — yards COTTON GOODS. The owner is requested to come forward and prove property.

J. C. CAMPBELL,
February 8 Lieut. in Charge.

F. M. BURDELL,

GENERAL

MERCHANDISE BROKER,

WILL DEVOTE HIMSELF TO THE PURCHASE and sale of MERCHANDISE OF ALL KINDS. Office at the corner of BROAD AND EAST BAY STREETS, in basement of State Bank, where samples may be seen.

References—Mr. C. M. Furman, Mr. Theodore D. Wagner, Messrs. John Fraser & Co., Messrs. Mordecai & Co., Messrs. W. C. Dukes & Co., Messrs. Gourdin, Matthiessen & Co., Charleston, S. C.

October 24 wfm6mo

BOYLAN & TUERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS in, WHITE LEAD, ZINC PAINTS, COLORS, VARNISHES, &c. No. 98 MAIDEN LANE, New York.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.
March 21 wfm1yr

WILBUR & SON,

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS AND Commission Merchants,

OFFICE AND SALES ROOMS,

Nos. 13 and 15 State street and Nos. 1 and 3 Chalmers street,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

April 2 mwf1yr

MEETINGS.

WASHINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY CHARITABLE ASSOCIATION.

1st ANNIVERSARY, 22d FEBRUARY, 1867.

AT CITADEL SQUARE CHURCH, 7½ O'CLOCK P. M.

ORDER OF EXERCISES:

INTRODUCTORY ANTHEM.

PRAYER BY REV. L. CUTHBERT.

ODE WRITTEN FOR THE OCCASION BY MRS. C. A. BALL, RECITED BY REV. E. J. MEYNARDIE.

ANTHEM.

ORATION BY REV. C. P. GADSDEN.

HYMN.

BENEDICTION.

Members of the various Charitable Associations of this city, citizens generally, and ladies especially, are respectfully invited to attend.

COMMITTEE:

H. B. OLNEY,	G. D. GRICE,
H. I. GREEE,	F. E. TAYLOR,
W. M. MUCKENFUSS,	B. F. McCABE,
E. C. EDGERTON,	A. W. TAFT.

A Poll for the Election of Officers for the ensuing year will be opened at the Masonic Hall between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock P. M., and a meeting for the transaction of business immediately thereafter.

The Society will assemble at Masonic Hall at 9 o'clock P. M. for Supper.

Members can procure Tickets from either of the Committee.

J. L. HONOUR,
February 22 1 Secretary and Treasurer.

WASHINGTON ARTILLERY FRIENDLY SOCIETY.

THE ANNIVERSARY MEETING OF THIS SOCIETY, for the Election of Officers, will be held *This (Friday) Evening*, 22d instant, at the Hall of the Charleston Fire Engine Company, at 7 o'clock.

SUPPER will be served at the Market Hall immediately after the meeting. Members wishing to procure tickets for their friends can do so by applying to the Committee.

COMMITTEE:

S. G. HORSEY,	J. J. GRACE,
F. M. SCHIRMER,	F. A. CHASE,
W. KNOX,	E. M. HACKER,
	WILLIAM GULBERT,

February 21 2 Secretary W. A. F. S.

WASHINGTON FIRE ENGINE COMPANY. APPEAR AT THE ENGINE HOUSE, THIS DAY, AT 2 o'clock, P. M., in full Uniform, for Anniversary Parade.

ANNIVERSARY MEETING of the Company will be held immediately after the return of the Company to the Engine House.

By order.

A. W. STEVENS,
February 22 1 Secretary W. F. Company.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE GRANITEVILLE Manufacturing Company are hereby notified that a Meeting is called, to take place at Graniteville, on *Thursday*, the 18th April next, at 10 o'clock A. M. Stockholders are earnestly requested to attend in person, if possible, as matters of vital importance to the Company will be presented for their consideration.

The first Thursday after the third Monday in April, which was the day of the annual meetings for several years past, was changed to the 17th July at the last annual meeting. As the Annual Report will be presented to the Stockholders on the 18th April, that day may be substituted for the regular annual meeting in July.

WILLIAM GREGG,
February 22 ftu President.

CATHOLIC INSTITUTE OF CHARLESTON. A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CATHOLIC INSTITUTE will be held *This Evening*, February 22d, in the Basement of St. Paul's Church, Society street.

As business of importance will be submitted, a full attendance is requested.

By order of the President. JOHN GANNON,
February 22 1 Secretary.

SOUTH CAROLINA FRIENDLY SOCIETY. THE TWENTY-SIXTH ANNIVERSARY MEETING of this Society will be held *This Evening*, the 22d instant, at No. 310 Meeting street, at 7 o'clock precisely. The Officers and Members are requested to be punctual in attendance.

By order of J. B. Smith, President.

H. W. TIENCKEN,
February 22 1* Perm. Secretary and Treasurer.

LOST.

LOST, ON YESTERDAY, BETWEEN 2 and 3 o'clock P.M., A ROLL OF BILLS, amounting to about $150. It is thought to have been dropped on Tradd street, crossing Meeting street. A liberal reward will be paid to any person leaving the same at the MERCURY OFFICE. February 16

FOUND.

FOUND, A SOUTH CAROLINA STATE BOND, with Coupons attached, for One Thousand Dollars, which the owner can have by proving property and paying for advertisement. Apply to J. N. ROBSON, No. 62 East Bay. fwm13 February 1

BOARDING.

כשר

FIRST-CLASS BOARD CAN BE HAD AT No. 7 ST. PHILIP STREET, corner of Beaufain. Terms moderate. February 22

PRIVATE BOARDING.—A FEW BOARDERS can be accommodated at No. 92 KING STREET, east side, near Broad. A few Day Boarders can be accommodated. January 31

BOARDING.—MRS. H. KAMLAH IS PREPARED to receive Boarders, at No. 146 Meeting street, up stairs. Her many friends and acquaintances will please bear this in mind. December 15

EDUCATIONAL.

DR. J. H. SIMONS'

MALE ACADEMY,

CORNER OF RUTLEDGE AND BULL STREETS.

TERMS—$7 PER MONTH, IN ADVANCE. PRIVATE instruction to either sex at the pupil's residence or his room, from 4 o'clock P. M. Apply as above. February 16 6

NIGHT SCHOOL.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY THE EXERCISES OF THE subscribers' School will be conducted at No. 364 KING STREET, east side, one door south of George, at which will be taught Book-keeping, Writing and the higher branches of Mathematics and English, including Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, &c., Political Economy, Rhetoric, Logic, &c., &c.

Terms moderate. Apply as above.

DOTY & SHERFESEE,
January 7 mwf2mo

MRS. CARROL,

HAVING RETURNED TO THE CITY, OFFERS HER services as Teacher of the Piano and Vocal Music. Apply at No. 81 WENTWORTH STREET. December 20

COPARTNERSHIPS.

DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the name, style and firm of BOGERT, DENNY & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

P. E. BOGERT,
J. W. DENNY,
C. B. DENNY.

February 14, 1867.

THE BUSINESS

OF THE FIRM OF BOGERT, DENNY & CO., will hereafter be continued, at No. 163 Meeting street, by J. W. DENNY, on his own account, from this date.

J. W. DENNY.

Charleston, February 14, 1867.
February 21 6

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF CRAIG, TUOMEY & CO., IS THIS day dissolved by mutual consent.

All claims and demands against the said firm must be presented, and those indebted will make payment to JOHN TUOMEY, who is alone authorized to sign the name of the firm in liquidation.

CHARLES T. CRAIG.
JOHN TUOMEY.
R. W. LOCKWOOD.

NOTICE.

THE SHIP CHANDLERY BUSINESS WILL BE CARRIED ON as usual, at the old stand, by

JOHN TUOMEY, No. 48 East Bay.

IN RETIRING

FROM THE FIRM OF CRAIG, TUOMEY & CO., WE return thanks for the liberal patronage extended to us, and solicit for our former partner, Mr. JOHN TUOMEY, a continuance of the same.

CHARLES T. CRAIG.
R. W. LOCKWOOD.

HAVING

SOLD MY INTEREST IN STEAM WATER BOAT "AGNES" to Mr. CHARLES T. CRAIG, I return my sincere thanks to my friends for the very liberal patronage bestowed, and solicit for him a continuance of the same.

JOHN TUOMEY.
February 20, 1867. 6 February 21

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF C. WHITTEMORE, SON & CO. WAS dissolved on the 10th instant by the death of LYMAN B. WHITTEMORE.

CEPHAS WHITTEMORE,
JAMES S. RHODES,
Surviving Copartners.

Charleston, February 12, 1867.

THE BUSINESS

OF THE LATE FIRM OF C. WHITTEMORE, SON & CO. will be continued under the name of WHITTEMORE & RHODES.

CEPHAS WHITTEMORE.
JAMES S. RHODES.

Charleston, S. C., February 12, 1867.
February 13

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEDICATED PAPER,

A SURE CURE FOR THE PILES, PUT UP IN PACKAGES of 1000 pieces.

Price 50 cents. For sale by

HIRAM HARRIS,
February 18 1mo No. 59 BROAD STREET.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

THE LIFE AND CAMPAIGNS OF

GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE.

By Jas. D. McCabe, Jr., of Va.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., corner 7th and Main streets, Richmond, Va.

February 14 1mo*

LO! A MIRACLE.

Health the First Consideration.

AVOID HEAVY BREAD AND ENJOY LIFE.

WHICH CAN BE DONE BY USING

THE PIONEER YEAST POWDER.

A PERFECTLY PURE AND RELIABLE ARTICLE, warranted to give satisfaction. TRY IT.

For sale at Wholesale by

DOWIE & MOISE, Druggists,

No. 157 MEETING STREET,
Opposite Charleston Hotel.
February 16 fmw1mo

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTIMATES WANTED

TO PUT A FENCE AROUND HAMPSTEAD MALL. For particulars apply to E. WILLIS,
February 21 4 Chairman P. B. and G.

ESTIMATES WANTED,

TO REPLACE THE PANELS AND POSTS ON THE East, South and West Battery; to renew the Benches on South Battery to correspond with those formerly there. For specifications apply to E. WILLIS,
February 21 4 Chairman P. B. and G.

OFFICE CHIEF FIRE DEPARTMENT, CHARLESTON, S. C., February 15, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned until the 15th of March, for furnishing SIXTEEN HUNDRED FEET OF THREE-INCH DOUBLE EXTRA OAK TANNED LEATHER, DOUBLE COPPER RIVETED FIRE HOSE, warranted to stand one hundred and seventy-five pounds water pressure to the square inch, in fifty feet sections, at so much per foot, and so much for brass butts per pair; butts to be New York standard.

Also for FOUR SETTS OF BEST RUBBER SUCTIONS, in one length each, of twenty-one feet, with swivel brass butts, and brass baskets, 18 inches long, to screw on end of suctions, at so much per foot; baskets and butts extra. Sizes of suctions and number of threads to the inch for the butts will be furnished.

M. H. NATHAN,
February 15 1mo Chief Fire Department.

OFFICE CHIEF FIRE DEPARTMENT, CHARLESTON, S. C., February 15th, 1867.

SEPARATE SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned until 25th inst., for cleaning and repairing the Fire Well at the corner of Beaufain and Smith streets, as per specifications to be seen at this office.

Also, for making TEN FIRE LADDERS, as per specifications.

M. H. NATHAN,
February 15 10 Chief Fire Department.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE CAPTAIN OF POLICE, CHARLESTON, S. C., January 26, 1867.

THE FOLLOWING ORDINANCE IS HEREBY PUBLISHED for the benefit of all whom it may concern.

C. B. SIGWALD,
Captain of Police.

Be it Ordained, That from and after the first day of January next, every person keeping a shop or store, or engaged in mercantile business in the City of Charleston, shall post up, and keep posted up, in some conspicuous place, at his or her business stand and stands, a conspicuous Sign Board or Plate, containing his or her given name and surname, and, in case of a partnership, the given name and surname of each member of the firm; and every person so offending, or making default herein, shall forfeit and pay to the City a penalty of fifty dollars for each and every offence or default, and in addition thereto a further sum of fifty dollars for each and every month during which the provisions of this Ordinance shall remain not complied with: *Provided, however*, That nothing herein contained shall apply to the special partners of a limited partnership.

Ratified December 2, 1851.

Extract from Ordinance Ratified November 20th, 1806.

Sec. 5. No cloth awning shall be put up in such a manner as to obstruct foot passengers; and no sign-board shall be erected otherwise than *thirteen* feet from the surface of the ground or foot pavement * * *

under a penalty of Twenty Dollars for each and every day, while any such awning or sign-board, fixed or formed otherwise than as herein directed, shall so remain.

* * * * * * * * *

Sec. 6. No person or persons whosoever shall, for the purpose of exposing any goods, commodities, or other articles for sale, place, or cause to be placed, any such goods, commodities, or other articles whatsoever, on any table, bench, stall-board, box, or other appendage, in any street, lane, alley, or public thoroughfare, or any foot-pavement within the City, under a penalty of Twenty Dollars for each and every such offence, and for each and every night or day, as the case may be, on which any such offence is committed: *Provided, however*, That Vendue Masters shall be permitted to expose before their stores such goods and commodities as they sell at public auction, but not to take up more room than the front of their respective vendue stores, and to the distance of six feet beyond the same.

Sec. 7. No person or persons whosoever, shall suffer any firewood, coals, goods, wares, merchandise, carriages of any description, or any other matter or thing, to him, her, or them belonging or consigned, to lay or stand for a longer space than four hours, in any street, lane, alley, or public thoroughfare within the City, under a penalty of Two Dollars, with costs, for every hour that any such article or thing shall so lay or stand beyond the above-mentioned time: *excepting*, materials for building, in regard to which the following regulations shall be observed, namely: When any person or persons shall erect or repair any house or other building, upon any street, lane, alley, or open court, within the city, he, she, or they shall make application for the use of so much of the street or public way as shall not exceed the front of the lot on which such building is to be erected, nor extend more than six feet into the street; which space such person or persons shall forthwith enclose with a sufficient fence, at least six feet high, in order to deposit within the same the requisite materials for building and repairing; and such fence, together with the remaining material, he, she, or they shall remove as soon as the work be finished, or whenever the Mayor shall require it, on pain of forfeiting Two Dollars for every hour that such fence or such materials shall afterward remain unremoved, and on pain, also, of having the same removed at his, her, or their expense, by the City authorities. * * *

January 28 1mo

AN ORDINANCE

TO ESTABLISH THE OFFICE OF CHIMNEY CONTRACTOR.

OFFICE CLERK OF COUNCIL, January 31, 1867.

THE CITY COUNCIL HAVING ELECTED MR. J. E. BOUMILLAT Chimney Contractor for the Upper Wards, and Mr. M. NIXON for the Lower Wards, they will enter upon the duties of their office on the 1st of February inst., and for the general information of the public the following Ord