

CHARLESTON DAILY NEWS,
G. R. CATHART, Editor,
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NEWS SUMMARY.
They are luxuriating on fresh shad in Savannah. A special Washington dispatch says that the President will hereafter refuse the use of troops in the Southern States except in case of riot. The tobacco crop in Missouri this year is estimated at from twelve to fifteen thousand hogheads. The latest fashions in Paris is a bonnet with chignon attached, so that a lady buying her bonnet can get her hair back along with it. It is stated that a member of the Tennessee Legislature, who is not satisfied with his pay, has added a trifle to his income by becoming a waiter in a Nashville restaurant. The Alabama Legislature, by adjourning over for the holidays, put the people of Alabama to an expense of \$28,000 for what is termed a "frolic," and their course is bitterly condemned by the papers in view of the poverty prevailing in Alabama. The Daily Telegraph, of Montreal, says that there has been so far almost a complete failure of justice in the Fenian trials at Sweetsburg, that the proceedings have been eminently suitable to Sweetsburg, and one now recognizes the wisdom of the trials being transferred to that locality. General BUTLER's New York "apple speech" was extensively copied in the French press. La France made an editorial reference to its translation, saying: "We publish General BUTLER's address, with the omission of such words as would offend the French ear." Mr. CHARLES READE has commenced a libel suit against the proprietors of the Round Table for the articles which he so severely stigmatizes in his "Proud Pardon" letter. The complaint, drawn by his counsel, Mr. BOTT, recites the alleged libels. He asks \$20,000 damages for his injuries. BAYARD TAYLOR lectured before the Young Men's Christian Association in Washington, D. C., on Thursday night last. HORACE GREELAY is to deliver the next. TILTON, GOUGH and AGASSIZ are among the lecturers engaged for the winter. A special dispatch from Washington, December 27, to the New York Evening Post, says: "It is ascertained that a decided majority of the Republican members of Congress hold that Congress is bound to admit the Representatives of any Southern State that adopts the Constitutional Amendment within a reasonable time." The clipper ship David Crockett, ninety-five days from San Francisco, with a cargo of 66,000 bushels of California white wheat, and 4000 bushels of barley, has arrived. The order for the shipment of the grain was telegraphed to San Francisco September 1st. This is the first direct cargo of California grain ever received at this port. "It is to be wished that Congress might return to Washington in a better mood after the holidays. The festive of peace and good will ought to inspire them with sentiments of love and forgiveness. But we fear not. We fear that, instead of peace on earth and good will to men, we shall see back breathing out war, hatred and vengeance." An attempt was made Sunday night to destroy the south bound regular passenger train on the Nashville and Decatur Railroad, at Spring Hill, by arranging the switch so as to throw the train off the track. The locomotive and tender, and the baggage and express cars were overturned. The passenger cars remained on the rails. The engineer was thrown some distance, but not injured. The other employes saved themselves by jumping off. No one was hurt. The product of the Nova Scotia gold mines for the past five years has been as follows: 1862, 7000 ounces; 1863, 11,000; 1864, 18,000; 1865, 24,000; 1866, 24,000. The yield per man employed was: 1863, 95 cents per day; 1864, \$1.39; 1865, \$2.13; part of 1866, \$2.45. At Sherbrooke, in the month of September, 864 ounces were obtained, making \$8 per day for each miner. At other places the success was much less, but on the whole the mines are paying. An ingenious French arithmetician has calculated that the space which a young Parisian belle, who is fond of the exercises of dancing, traverses in the gay saloons of Paris amounts, in the course of one dancing season, to four hundred and thirty-four miles and a half. He has also estimated that a French lady, fond of performing the functions of a teetotum, would spin round in a waltz in one night as many times as the wheels of a steamboat revolve while running the distance between Dover and Calais.

The sale of the famous STEELE farm in Venango county, Pennsylvania, recently, for a government debt of \$11,000, is one of the most striking instances of the reverses of fortune that has occurred in many years. In 1864 this farm, when left to JOSEPH W. BREWER, was returning an income of \$2000 per year, and in the safe kept by Mrs. McCLINTOCK, when it was the property, was \$40,000 in gold and \$100,000 in greenbacks. STEELE and SLOCOM (STEELE's partner) were famous names in the oil region—while their money lasted. The Macon (Ga.) Telegraph says: "Up to 1st January, 1866, Forsyth shipped from the Macon and Western Railroad depot to that place, 7348 bales cotton of the product of that year. This year the shipments, actual and established, up to 1st next January, will vary ten bales from 2460, which shows a little less than a third of the product of 1865. The same proportion would make the product of Georgia 170,000 bales, or thereabouts, and of the whole South about 1,400,000. But we think Monroe has done better than an average. The talk among the planters of the county is, that but for the drought they would have made half of a crop; but we presume this would have been done at a sacrifice of corn, which will not again be thought of in future agricultural operations." The New Orleans Times would have the people of Louisiana discountenance croakers, make the best of the present, and look forward hopefully to the future. Among other arguments and illustrations, it cites some facts in relation to the sugar culture, as follows: "1. That the crop of this year will reach fifty thousand hogheads. 2. That the crop of last year was sixteen thousand hogheads. 3. That if the crop of this year amounts to fifty thousand, only extraordinary obstacles will prevent a production of one hundred thousand next year; and that in this ratio, the old ante-bellum crop of four hundred and fifty thousand hogheads will be restored in three years. That these figures and calculations are not unreasonably, will be proved by the testimony of all our planters who

ponderous bodies move slowly. This is strikingly the case with the tribunal above-named. It is quite otherwise with its co-ordinate branch in the Government. Congress is emphatically a fast body, and gets through a most unobscurable amount of legislation. They have long since ceased to stop and reflect whether or not any Bill under consideration can stand the constitutional test. The Executive veto proved no barrier; this faint opposition being more considered in the light of a stimulus to "override" said veto. They appear to have altogether forgotten that there is a third arm of the Government, empowered to decide between the Executive and the Congressional view of the Constitution. It is only within the last few days some of these new laws, involving constitutional questions, have come before the Supreme Court, and its decisions being against Congress, and the party represented by the dominant majority in both Houses, a hue and cry is at once set up for a reconstruction of the Supreme Court. The New York Herald comes out in a violent onslaught on this Court, and counsels Congress to dismiss the old Judges, and get new ones who shall approve the Acts of Congress. But there is a difficulty here. Such reconstruction can only be effected by another amendment to the Constitution. That instrument declares (Art. 3, Sec. 1) that "the Judges, both of the Supreme and inferior Courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior." The Supreme Court is, therefore, independent of Congress, and will so remain till the people see fit to amend the Constitution for the purpose of destroying the independence of the Judiciary, which we incline to think will not happen very soon. In the meantime, says the Transcript, there is a powerful hook in the nose of the Congressional Leviathan, and the territorializing of the Southern States is a matter about which more than one department of the Government will have something to say.

That our readers may know who these Judges are, we give their names, and the date of their appointment. It will be seen from these dates that the majority, five out of nine, have been appointed since the commencement of the war, and may be reasonably supposed not to be "Copperheads,"—having all been nominated by President LINCOLN, and confirmed by a Republican Senate. Eight of the nine, moreover, are Northern men:
1863—S. P. Chase, Ohio, Chief Justice.
1835—James M. Wayne, Georgia.
1845—Samuel Nelson, New York.
1846—Roger Taney, Pennsylvania.
1862—Noah M. Swaine, Ohio.
1862—David Davis, Illinois.
1862—Samuel F. Miller, Iowa.
1863—Stephen J. Field, California.

FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.
We published, a few days ago, the Act in relation to this subject, just passed by our General Assembly, and in commenting upon it, remarked that the importance of this subject is not as generally felt among our people as it should be. They have been so long wedded to African labor that, notwithstanding the changed relation of the negro to the planter, they are slow to perceive the necessity of providing for a gradual supply of new labor, in the event of the growing uselessness or extinction of the old. Strange as it may seem, there are some of our citizens still averse to the introduction of the foreigner, and we are told, General WAGNER's Bill met with considerable opposition in the Legislature. It was for the benefit of these gentlemen we remarked that climate, soil, mineral and other resources, of themselves do not confer wealth upon a State, but that population was the first and most important factor in the pursuit of such a result. The "Act," as passed, falls very far short of what it should have been,—by its restrictions nearly defeating its object. Still, as we said before, it is a beginning, a step in the right direction, and as such to be commended.

As pertaining to this subject, we copy the following well-conceived article from the Baltimore Transcript, of Thursday, on GERMAN IMMIGRANTS. Every word of which we heartily endorse:
The South, in looking abroad for immigrants, cannot find a more thrifty and industrious people than the Germans. We have only to look at what they have accomplished in the West, to appreciate the value to all the great material interests of a State of such a population. We have, indeed, only to look at German character and history to impress us with the importance of such an acquisition. There is not on the face of the earth a more intelligent and laborious race; not one which is more steady, pains-taking, and economical. We do not refer to the great achievements of Germany in the heroic, political and literary enterprises of life, for these are not to the present purpose. Every American who has visited Germany is deeply impressed with the stability of character, the depth of energy, and the dogged affectionate home attachment of the German people. While no race of mankind is more plodding, more patient, and thrifty, none more devoted to social enjoyment, and there are few whose festivities are so innocent, so amiable, so unselfish. The introduction of German emigrants to the South will be hailed with satisfaction by those who know how to appreciate the productive energies, the sterling qualities, and the attractive traits of German character. We can assure the Germans that they can find nowhere in the Western world a more congenial home than in the South. Its fertility of soil, its richness and variety of resources, its salubrity of climate, render it the garden of the American Continent. It has lofty mountains teeming with mineral treasures, plains rivaling the richness of Lombardy, noble rivers intersecting a large portion of the territory, and harbors unsurpassed on the North American Continent. It presents to the emigrants, especially in this latitude, the advantage of being within a day's sail or ride of all the great centers of American trade, and of an easy communication with his own native country. It has the additional inducement of an old society, with churches, schools, and regular, simple habits of life, like those of the German fatherland. We trust that active measures will be taken to direct the emigration of our people from the teeming West of German population to the fertile and sunny South.

A few days ago we published in our "News Summary" column the report that the above named gentleman is about to write a "History of the War between the States," since then we have had private advices confirming this report. Such a book, we feel assured, will be well received by both Northern and Southern readers. Mr. STEPHENS, all things considered, is perhaps of all men the one best qualified to write a fair and impartial history of our late struggle. It is well known that he was not an "original secessionist"—no fire-eater. Having occupied a very exalted position in the Confederacy, he had the fullest opportunities of making himself acquainted with every part of its history; much material being at his command which others are debarred of. Mr. STEPHENS cannot be considered as having been identified with any particular party during the progress of the war. Owing, we believe, principally to his ill health, he lived in a very secluded manner during a great part of the war, and thus is in a better position to present a dispassionate picture of the events that transpired around him.

Of Mr. STEPHENS' abilities as a thinker, writer, orator or statesman, we need not speak here, as these are well known to all our readers. We shall look forward with interest to the publication of this volume. The National Publishing Company of Richmond Va. are to act as sponsors.

RE-ORGANIZATION OF THE FRENCH ARMY.
Our readers have, from time to time, been informed, through our telegraphic dispatches, of a great change now in progress of execution in the organization of the French Army. For a better understanding of this important topic, we propose to give them a synopsis, prepared from late numbers of La Patrie and other sources.
The late war in Germany doubtless must be looked upon as the immediate cause of this reform. Prussia had long enjoyed a great reputation for the excellence of her military system; but the world at large was satisfied to make this general acknowledgment, just as the superiority of the Prussian system of common schools is conceded. The military prowess of Prussia had to be demonstrated in a short, brilliant and decisive campaign, such as we saw last summer, before her neighbors began to see the importance of taking example of their formidable rival, to look within and set their own houses in order.

This influence has been felt in the war office of every capital in Europe, and was entered upon more promptly, and with more energy in France than by any other power. This may mean something more than merely to have a large number of well-drilled battalions with breech-loading arms. Were it not that the industrial Exhibition precludes all ideas of a European war during the next twelve months, we might very reasonably have anticipated lively work on the banks of the Rhine and the blue Moselle.

The following comparative statistics will prove interesting in this connection:
The population of France, in 1866, was estimated effective force of the army, on a peace footing, was fixed at 400,000, while on the war footing it would amount to 757,727 men. Prussia, in 1866, had a population of 19,000,000, or just about one-half of the population of France. In time of peace its standing army was 208,518, about one-half of the French army, and therefore in the same proportion to the total population; but whenever it should become necessary to put the army on a war footing, Prussia could, within a few weeks, bring into the field a thoroughly disciplined army of 609,000 men, or, if the reserve troops were added, of 714,000 men; thus equaling France in the number of her soldiers, notwithstanding the double number of inhabitants in the latter country.

In consequence of the war, 10,000,000 of German are to form, with Prussia, the North-German Confederation. The most important object Prussia had in view in establishing this Confederation was the incorporation of the minor States with that of Prussia. This point has been secured even before the meeting of the North-German Parliament, and Prussia, as a military power, represents, therefore, a population of 29,000,000 of men. She is straining every nerve to complete the introduction of her entire military system into the minor States. This being accomplished, Prussia would have on the Peace footing an army of over 300,000 men, in time of war, an effective force of more than 1,000,000 men. No one, moreover, doubts that the South German States, which have a population of 8,000,000, must very soon drift into a union with the Northern Confederation, and in case of a foreign war, they would even now be almost sure to go hand-in-hand with Northern Germany. Their annexation would raise the Prussian army to the grand total of 1,800,000.

Such being the formidable attitude of her Eastern neighbor, it was natural that France should feel anxious for her frontier. The Military Commission was charged with the task of devising measures for changing this relative disproportion. The report of the Commission has not yet been published. It has been rumored that they designed raising the army to 1,200,000 men, but that the discontent with this measure was so unbecomingly all classes of the population, that it had to be abandoned. La Patrie, however, still maintains that this is the outline of the plan. There will be a permanent standing army of 400,000 men, and a contingent force of 800,000 of the best men, well drilled, and all belonging a period of life when the physical qualities have their highest degree of development.

The duration of military service will thus be increased to ten years; a larger number of able bodied men will be withdrawn from the productive industry of the country. The cost of this increased army will be very much heavier on the tax payer. No wonder, therefore, that the "reorganization" is not well received by the people at large.

The New York Times proceeds to compound its prescription for the South, and then observes: "The lesson is not a pleasant one, we admit; it is as nauseous as medicine to a querulous child; but the South must learn it sooner or later."

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WANTED.—A SITUATION AS COOK, by a young man who had had extensive country trade. For further particulars address C. W., through the Postoffice. December 31.
NURSE WANTED.—WANTED, A WHITE NURSE, with good references. Apply at No. 4 WESTWORTH STREET, between Anson and East Day streets. December 31.

PARTNER WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED SEA ISLAND COTTON PLANTER wishes a Partner with a cash capital, to work a Plantation on Wardlaw Island or Topogooe. Ample security will be given for the amount invested. The Lands are some of the finest on the coast, and will be under the immediate management of the partner. For particulars, apply to Messrs. GEO. H. WALTER & CO., Adger's Wharf. December 31. mh3

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GOLD! GOLD! GOLD!!!
WANTED.
GOLD, SILVER, BANK-BILLS, UNITED STATES COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, UNITED STATES 7-30 BONDS, STOCKS, BONDS, &c., of all kinds, purchased at highest rates, by ANDREW M. MOERLAND, Broker, No. 6 Broad street, new 2255
December 5

BOARDING.
BOARD WANTED FOR A GENTLEMAN, Wife and one child, in a private family, or two furnished or unfurnished Rooms, with use of kitchen for servant. Address, stating terms, Box 41 Postoffice. December 29

BOARDING.—MRS. H. KAMLAH IS PE- RMITTED to receive Boarders, at No. 146 Meeting street, up stairs. Many friends and acquaintances will please bear this in mind. December 16

REWARDS.
A SUITABLE REWARD WILL BE PAID for the recovery of a small CHESTNUT FAIR 14 hands high, with two white feet and white in the face. Strayed from W. H. Rinder, then at Eight Mile Station. Had on her a bridle and army saddle. Apply at this office. December 27

FOUND.
FOUND A GOLD RING, WITH INITIALS on it. The owner can have the same by paying for this advertisement. Apply to J. KLEIN, No. 888 King street. December 31

SILVER PLATE FOUND.—A PIECE OF SILVER PLATE, belonging to some of the Taylor family, was taken from a negro some time since, which can be had by proving property and paying for advertisement. Apply at this office. November 29

HOTELS.
VICTORIA HOTEL.
F. OPEDECK, Proprietor.
THIS HOTEL IS NOW OPENED ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN. It has been remodelled and refurnished throughout. The travelling public, transient visitors, or others, will find in it all the luxuries of a FIRST-CLASS ESTABLISHMENT, combined with the comfort of home. The location is one of the most airy and pleasant for summer. A Billiard Saloon for the lovers of this healthful exercise is attached. No pains or expense spared to give entire satisfaction. F. OPEDECK. May 12

MISCELLANEOUS.
WINDOW SHADES.
HARRISON BARNET, MANUFACTURER AND IMPORTER OF WINDOW SHADES, CORNICES, Bands, Pins, Tassels, Gimpes, Looms, Cord, &c., White and Buff Hollands; No. 126 WILLIAM STREET, between Fulton and John streets, New York. Store and Office Shaded made to order. mh3dec 24

TEMPLE OF FASHION.
269.
JUST RECEIVED, SEVERAL NEW, "THE HOLIDAY HAT." ALSO,
25 doz. MEN'S and BOYS' CAPS, 50 cts.
25 doz. MEN'S WOOL HATS, 75 cts.
FIRST QUALITY BEAVER, \$4 00
The remaining stock of FURS to be sold at cost at
C. H. JOHNSON'S,
NO. 269 KING STREET.
December 29

THE
FLORENCE
MACHINES may be seen in operation at HAYDEN'S JEWELRY STORE, corner of King and Hasel streets, where the truth of the above will be demonstrated to all who may call.
AGENTS WANTED
In every District in the State, to whom liberal inducements will be offered.
For further information, call on, or address
C. W. DENNIS & CO.,
General Agents for South Carolina. mh3
December 29

BREWSTER & SPRATT,
Attorneys at Law & Solicitors in Equity
OFFICE NO. 98 BROAD STREET.
November 9

LEUCOPOIETIC
LOTION.
December 25
JACOB G. RENTIERS,
MEASURER AND INSPECTOR OF LUMBER, TIMBER AND WOOD, to be found at Office of STEINMEYER & SON, Factors, 306 Beaufort street, respectfully offers his services to the public in above capacity. Captain FREDERICK ACKENBACH, of Orangeburg, will be happy to see his friends at above Office.
The Harned Sentinel and Edgedale Advertiser please publish notice.
December

C. J. SCHLEPPRELL,
No. 37 LINE-STREET,
BETWEEN KING AND ST. PHILIP.
LUMLER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND BUILDING MATERIAL constantly on hand at the lowest market rates. mh3
T. D. MERNAUGH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
No. 30 BROAD STREET,
CHARLESTON, S. C. mh3dec 18