

# Anderson Intelligencer.

BY CLINKSCALES & LANGSTON.

ANDERSON, S. C., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25, 1902.

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THERE'S  
LOTS OF  
DIFFERENCE  
IN . . .

## NEGLIGEE SHIRTS!

Some Shirts are made of good material, sewed well, and the only thing lacking is the fit.

Other Shirts fit, but they are not made of good material, therefore don't last.

If you want to buy Shirts that are made of good material, that fit, that are well sewed, and that have the new attractive patterns, you should try the—

## Eclipse Make!

Just one trial is all we ask—you'll be well pleased.

And the next time you want Shirts you'll come here without being asked.

Eclipse Shirts \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

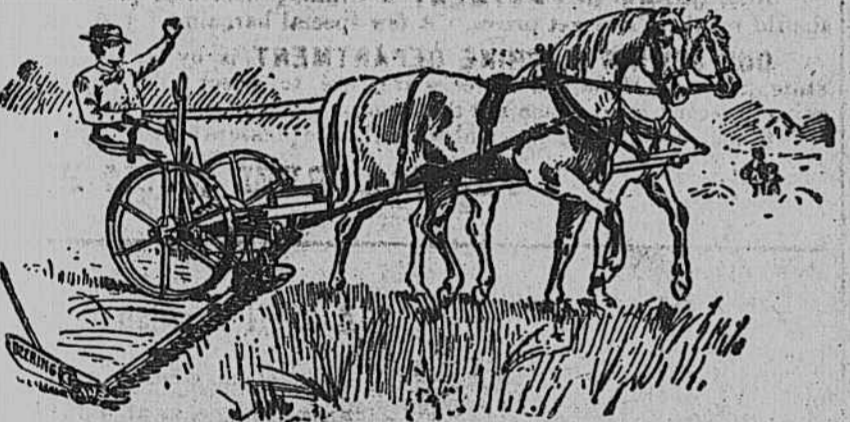
Other good Shirts 50c. and 75c.

## B. O. Evans & Co.

ANDERSON, S. C.

### The Spot Cash Clothiers

"MAKE HAY WHILE THE SUN SHINES!"



It is very easy to make Hay while the sun shines if you have  
**A DEERING MOWER and RAKE.**

THE many advantages the Deering Mower has enables the operator to work it with much more ease than any other machine, and no time lost in going around stumps and trees. This machine is so constructed that the driver is at no trouble in lowering and raising the cutter bar in passing stumps and trees. With no effort scarcely he brings the cutter bar to an upright position without stopping the machine. There are many other advantages the Deering Mower has that we will show you when you want a Mower. The Deering Mower has only two pieces, while all other machines have from ten to twenty-five pieces to wear out and be replaced.

The Mower is not all in looking up an outfit. It is essential to have a good Rake, and the Deering Rake is the simplest Rake on the market. A comparison of our Rake with other makes will convince any farmer that it is the Rake he needs. The devices for dumping are so constructed that a child can operate it without any assistance. If you are in need of an outfit let us show you our Mower and Rake and be convinced.

Now is the time to sow your stubble land in Peas and harrow them in with one of our TORRENT HARROWS.

We are still headquarters for all lines of Hardware, Nails and Wire.

**BROCK HARDWARE COMPANY,**  
Successors to Brock Brothers.

## MASTIC PAINT?

You can put it on yourself—it is already mixed—and to paint your house would not cost you more than

Five or Six Dollars!  
SOLD BY  
**Orr-Gray & Co.**

### STATE NEWS.

—All of the State candidates favor the dispensary law.  
—Greenwood proposes to have a county fair this fall.

—The scheme for a permanent exposition at Charleston has been abandoned.  
—A charter will be applied for at an early date for the new \$25,000 hotel to be erected in Abbeville.

—The South Carolina Pharmaceutical Examiners have instituted a war on the unlicensed druggists of the State.

—James Brook, an aged negro inmate of the Charleston alms house, committed suicide last Wednesday by cutting his throat.

—Walter Taylor, a negro convict working on a changing near Florence, attempted to escape Thursday and was shot and killed by the guard.

—An oil refinery company will be established in Charleston which is expected to refine the oil of all the independent companies in the State.

—Dr. E. J. Forrester, pastor of the Greenwood Baptist church, has tendered his resignation and will go to Washington, Ga., where he has accepted a call.

—Lightning struck the new barn of Ohas. D. Stradley near Greenville, destroying a horse, two hogs, wagon, lumber and farming tools. There was no insurance.

—The homing pigeons which C. H. Brenneke, of Chester liberated on Sunday, June 1st, at 5.23 in the morning, reached Baltimore, a distance of 400 miles, at 4.40 p. m.

—The farmers of Marion County are already curing tobacco. One farmer cured a barn in less than 60 days after transplanting. Tobacco is unquestionably a quick money crop.

—Greenville has five candidates in the State campaign, who are contesting for the offices of Governor, Adjutant General, Comptroller General, Secretary of State, and Superintendent of Education.

—The A. R. P. church at Pleasant Hill, Lancaster County, was moved several inches by a severe wind storm last Sunday afternoon. The pastor had just pronounced the benediction when the storm came up.

—Smith and Dennis, the two white merchants who were accused of setting fire to their store in Timmons-ville last year by which many other stores were burned, were tried last week at Florence. Mistrial resulted.

—Three negroes were recently lynched in Colleton county for the brutal murder of Mrs. W. W. Jones, the wife of the section master at Ravenel. The fourth negro implicated in this murder is alleged to have skipped.

—As is customary a number of the students have been appointed to canvass the State this summer in the interest of the South Carolina College. Examinations for scholarships will be held in the various counties of the State in July.

—While playing on the trestle on the Seaboard Air Line railway at Chester, Johnnie Hogg, 13 years old, became overbalanced and fell backwards from the trestle, his head striking the timbers. He died the following day, from concussion of the brain.

—Allison Black disappeared from York county 30 years ago, leaving a wife and one son. The son heard of him a few days ago in Eastern North Carolina. He has returned to his old home again. No explanation has been made of his long absence.

—The State Hospital for the Insane at Columbia now has 1,165 patients, the largest number ever known. The increase in the past month has been 64. No more patients can be received until some arrangements are made for additional quarters. The institution is now overcrowded.

—The Governor has received a letter from a citizen of Colleton county who says that somebody passed a \$20 Confederate bill on him. He wants all the magistrates of the county removed because they do not know how to bring action against the man who did it. The Governor replied that he had nothing to do with the matter, it being entirely out of his jurisdiction.

—It is reliably stated that the Thornehill Orphanage, at Clinton, has received a gift of securities worth fully twenty-five thousand dollars from an unknown New York friend. The bonds were sent through a Richmond party, who stated that the giver lived in New York, but wished to keep his name a secret.

—W. M. Dibble, president of the Bank of Aiken, was out in his lot Sunday afternoon, and was attacked unawares by a large bull, which got him down and gored him badly. The bull was beaten off by one of the farm hands, who happened to be near. Mr. Dibble is severely but not fatally injured. He was doing well at last accounts.

—J. B. Kinard, who lived about four miles south of Newberry, was burned to death at an early hour Saturday morning, his house burning down on him. He was a bachelor, about 60 years of age, and lived alone. Foul play is suspected. He is thought to have had in his house at the time of his death about \$200 and a silver watch, which was missing.

—G. A. Tucker, a farmer of Abbeville County, recently found in his grain a variety of small grain with which he was not acquainted. He applied to Clemson College for information and received the following letter from J. S. Newman, the professor of agriculture: "The sample of grain is spelt, an inferior grain which is used in some parts of Europe for bread."

### GENERAL NEWS.

—The Supreme Court of South Dakota has been called upon to decide a case growing out of the ownership of a cat.

—The police of New York have captured a still with a capacity of 200 barrels a day, located in the heart of the city.

—Burglars opened the Treasurer's safe of Hardin County, Tex., Thursday night, took all the county money and escaped.

—Two convicts—one under sentence for 13 years, the other for 10—escaped from the Oregon penitentiary after killing three guards.

—A negro has entered suit for \$5,000 against the Pullman Car company for refusing to serve him food in one of the dining cars last March.

—The leading furniture manufacturers of the country have just met at Chicago and advanced the prices on all furniture 10 to 20 per cent.

—Hon. Wm. J. Bryan predicts that Cuba will soon be the scene of a civil war, owing to the discussions among her political leaders.

—President Roosevelt has expressed himself as determined to have Cuban reciprocity at an early date or he will call an extra session of congress.

—Storms at Chicago and Louisville Sunday did considerable damage. In the former city the steeples of three churches were struck by lightning and one of the edifices destroyed.

—There is another movement on foot to combine the cotton mills of the South. U. E. Fries, of Winston-Salem, N. C., a prominent mill man and capitalist, is promoting the plan.

—Mrs. Lois Westrop, of Copiah County, Mississippi, in a fit of insanity killed her six children, burned her home and fled. She was pursued, and when found shot herself with the rifle previously used.

—A lecturer in Washington asserts that 2,000,000 people have been cured and healed by Christian Science during the 35 years of its history, and that 700 churches of the sect have been established.

—The Republicans of the eleventh congressional district of Wisconsin took a stand in their convention demanding complete revision of tariff and the placing of all trust made or controlled articles on the free list.

—O. S. Burnett was sentenced in Chicago on Saturday to 15 years in the Penitentiary for complicity in the suicide of Mrs. Charlotte Nichol. They agreed to commit suicide together; she carried out her part but he failed.

—Captain Hobson, of the Merrimac and kissing fame, who claims to be suffering from a pair of defective eyes, and is trying to be retired from the navy on that account, and having so far failed, now threatens to resign and enter politics in Alabama.

—The Governor of North Carolina has offered rewards, aggregating \$30,000, for the arrest and conviction of the persons who took the two negroes from the Salisbury jail and lynched them. It is said that new evidence reveals the fact that one of negroes lynched is innocent.

—Frank Jones, of Jackson, Mich., a young man who is noted for his daring work on a slack wire, is to walk across Niagara Falls this summer on a copper wire, with his eyes blindfolded and with a man on his shoulders. The wire will be 175 feet above the falls. The fool who is to take the trip on Jones' back has not yet been selected, but one will doubtless be found.

—The race war which has been in progress at Eldorado, Ill., since May 29, when a mob attacked the colored Normal and Industrial institute, still continues. The homes of the colored citizens have been stoned, warnings sent the occupants to leave the vicinity, and shots fired into their homes late at night. Many through fear have left. Many sacrificed their homes and in some instances their crops. Only five families remain, and two of them will leave at once.

—Connecticut has voted, two to one, that it will not have the constitution prepared by the constitutional convention after more than four months of deliberation and discussion. The cities did not like it and many of the county towns also cast a majority of votes against it. The vote was light throughout the State and the indifference of a vast majority of the voters sealed the fate of the instrument.

—Senator Elkins, has introduced a joint resolution in the Senate providing for the annexation of Cuba and for its admission as a State of the union. The resolution grants the consent of Congress to the erection of the republic of Cuba as a State of the union, "to be called the State of Cuba with a republican form of government to be adopted by the people of said republic by deputies in convention assembled with the consent of the existing government."

—Twenty-five thousand American farmers have migrated to Manitoba this spring, and the Canadians are getting a little uneasy lest these pioneers may sometime start a movement for the annexation of the province to the United States. The homestead law has resulted in the taking up of all the available arable land in the United States and Manitoba is the "last chance." It is a great cattle country as well as a good place for raising spring wheat. It will soon be settled up at the rate people are rushing in there this year. Most of the immigrants are from the prairie States.

### Struck by Lightning.

Greenville, June 1.—A thunder storm at 7 o'clock last night was accompanied by wind and hail in some localities near the city, which proved destructive to the growing crops and damaged fruit trees to a considerable extent. The most serious damage was in the vicinity of Gantt, midway between here and Piedmont, where cotton and corn were blown down by the furious wind, and in some instances the crops were almost destroyed.

The electrical display during the storm was quite unusual, the lightning flashes being very frequent and dangerous, as the reports show that trees were struck here and there. At the residence of Mr. J. A. Davenport, not far from the city limits on the Augusta road, a bolt of lightning went through the kitchen and thence into an adjoining room, from which it ascended through the roof, but did not set fire to the building. Mr. Davenport's little daughter was in the kitchen and she was struck by the lightning, which ran around her leg and tore her foot for several inches, but fortunately she was not greatly injured. Her presence of mind was remarkable, as she called one of the neighbors to their assistance before realizing that she was at all injured. Mrs. Davenport was in the room adjoining the kitchen, and was coming through the door when the bolt passed, making a narrow escape, but she was severely shocked and suffered more than her daughter.—The State.

The importance of the registration of voters to participate in the general State elections judging from the small number of registered persons in each community does not seem to be fully realized. This year those who are interested in the future of the South are urging qualified voters to register, and it is hoped that there will be a general compliance.

In order that all may know when they can register and what the requirements are a representative of the State yesterday asked Assistant Attorney General Gunter to prepare the following summary of the laws on the subject of registration:

"The registration books must be opened for the registration of electors entitled to registration on the first Monday in each month at the Court House, until 30 days before the general election, when they shall be closed until after the election.

"In cities and towns of over 500 inhabitants the Supervisors of Registration shall open the books of registration for one meeting at such time as may be designated by the board after two weeks' notice, posted in such town or city, at which meeting shall be registered such qualified electors of the county as may present themselves.

"Persons becoming of age during the 30 days prior to the general election, during which the books are closed, may be registered by applying before the books are closed, if otherwise qualified. The registration books are likewise closed 30 days before any special election.

"All persons registered on or before January 1, 1898, shall remain during life qualified electors, unless afterwards they become disqualified by the constitution for committing crime, etc. Persons moving from one county to another may have their registration certificates changed to the county to which they have moved as soon as it is determined that they were duly registered in the county from which they moved.

"Every male citizen of the State and of the United States, 21 years and upwards, who shall have been a resident of the State for two years, in the county one year, in the polling precinct at which he offers to vote four months before any election, shall have paid, six months before any election any poll tax due, and who can both read and write any section of the constitution submitted by the registration officers, or can show that he has paid all taxes collectible during the previous year on property in the State assessed at \$20.00 or more, shall be entitled to registration.

"Of course persons convicted of certain crimes, such as burglary, arson, adultery, wife beating, breach of trust, forgery, larceny, etc., are ineligible for registration.

"Persons holding a registration certificate are entitled to vote upon proof of the payment of all taxes, including poll tax, assessed against him, and collectible during the previous year."

PRIMARY REGISTRATION.  
In order to vote in the Democratic primaries, in doing which the majority of the voters think they have done their full duty as citizens, the requirements for voting are very simple. The constitution of the Democratic party on this subject says: "At the election only Democratic white voters who have been residents of the State 12 months and the county 60 days preceding the next general election, and such voters as voted the Democratic ticket in 1870, and as have voted the Democratic ticket continuously since, to be shown by the certificate of ten white Democratic voters, who will pledge themselves to support the nomination of such elections, may vote: Provided, That no person shall be allowed to vote except his name be enrolled on the particular club list at which he offers to vote at least five days before the first election. Each club shall have a separate polling place for primary elections. The club rolls of the party shall constitute the registry list and shall be open to inspection by any member of the party, and the election under this clause shall be held and regulated under the act of the general assembly of this State, approved December 23, 1888, and any subsequent acts of the legislature of this State."

### Closing Exercises of the Piedmont School.

Piedmont, S. C., is no indifferent section of the county when speaking of character, and to permit to pass by, unnoticed, our closing school exercises, would be an unpardonable wrong.

On Friday, 20th inst., the large school room and Union Hall contained their fullest capacity the children, parents and friends of the school who gathered to witness the exercises.

On the rostrum Col. Jas. L. Orr maintained the honor of the "Father of the People"—pardon the invention of the tribute. The homage, however, is not invented as the fact proclaimed, which glommed in sparkling pride throughout his audience, while the Col. addressed the parents and children on fundamental principles in childhood education. Complimentary to the Col. on the stage were: County Superintendent Nicholson; Supr. of Education for Greenville County, James P. Davis; Mr. Parker, an educated and cultured gentleman, connected, we were informed, with mills in Greenville and Greer; Mr. Stiles, of the Methodist Church, Mr. Duff Sloan, Mr. J. M. Donald, each of whom, with credit to himself, and much honest compliment to the children, highly entertained the audience.

The children very happily were manly and womanly; it was surprising how, with their few social opportunities the little ones bore themselves with such self-conscious efficiency. Not only the little ones, but the larger ones, who, more unfortunately for the gift, are too often surfeited with a hindering consciousness, they were enabled to drop the mantle of sensitiveness and proceed to their declamation with steadiness, precision and executiveness of a superintendent to his mill.

We could see the Colonel's eyes glisten with pleasure as these young men and young women proceeded and departed with such prompt regularity and finesse of accomplishment. No halting, no humoring, no mumbling. Certainly the practiced eye of a master student mind beheld in them the valuable material for invaluable service in the future. Speaking of their proficiency, later the Col. said: "I have rarely seen in any school or college the satisfactory training manifested by these children of the Piedmont schools."

The Col. dilated on the necessity of education, and heavily scored those parents who during the year neglected their children's opportunities. Said he: "Never before has South Carolina had necessity for education as she has now. Constantly moving on—ward in progress and the mills conducting this progress. More splendid in operation than in any State in the Union, except Massachusetts; more of the improved, or Draper looms, here than in all New England together—Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut; these States combined, having 21,000, and South Carolina 26,000 of the new looms. Educated men and women will be required in these mills. None others will succeed."

The Col. said a man trying to get along without education was handicapped; he only knew what his eyes taught him; he was walking between two high fences which shut out the world. His reading, his intelligent conversation could bring him no knowledge; he had to depend upon his eyes and the narrow little intellectual space

in which he walked. To be sure he could get along and live—in a way—like a man, first-class natural carpenter though he might be, who was instructed to build an elegant residence, but was only given a hatchet with which to work, he could cut and chop with one end of the hatchet and drive nails with the other, but the house, when finished, would be a poor production. Had he had the additional use of a saw, a plane, a square, and other fine mechanical implements he could produce the handsome residence; so would it be with the man without education. Could he only read and write and cipher and understand the geography of his country and in any additional way extend his knowledge, how much finer and complete the success of his life.

The Col. informed his people, by the testimony of the superintendents and commissioners, that the teachers in Piedmont were among the best in the county, and longer hours of education were given children—6 hours a day and 10 months in the year—he would, himself, he said, rather leave the education that might be obtained in that time up to some years of age as a gift to his child than the gift of \$10,000.

Truly the Col. is a great patron and friend of education at Piedmont, and this was appreciated by the parents and children and visitors to the school. We hope the little ones will do well; they have encouraging prospects of mind, body and opportunities. We could not help, while witnessing their successes that day, recalling the lines of the gifted Irish pastor, Phillips, when dominant to some years of age as a gift to his child than the gift of \$10,000.

"How often," said he, "have I thought within that little circle there may exist some mind formed of the finest mould and brought for immortality, a soul swelling in this our own country and stamped with the patent of the Deity, which, under proper culture, might perhaps, adorn, immortalize, or ennoble empires. Some Cincinnati, in whose breast the destinies of a nation may lie dormant to some Milton pregnant with celestial fire; some Curran, who may stand the landmark of his country's genius, rearing himself a mental pyramid in the solitude of time."

May a destiny as great, or perhaps more useful in this our own country and in the South, be in store for these children and awaiting them now with educated minds and hands ready to grasp the opportunity.

R. R. L.

Woman's Missionary Union.

Program of the Woman's Missionary Union, District No. 2, which meets at Eureka Church next Saturday, June 28th, at 10 o'clock a. m.:

Devotional exercises.  
Reading minutes of last meeting and enrollment of delegates.

Election of officers for ensuing year.  
Discussion of the following topics:  
Primary motives in Mission Work.

Opened by Mrs. Rosa Bowen, followed by Miss Allie Major.  
"Diversities of Operations." Opened by Mrs. Eulalie Wilson, followed by Mrs. P. G. Acker.

Reports from Societies.  
Collection.  
All Societies are earnestly requested to send delegates, and to pray for the success of the Union.

Eureka W. M. S.

On the first indication of kidney trouble start by taking Foley's Kidney Cure. Evans Pharmacy.

## AN ARISTOCRATIC

### ARRAY OF

## Men's Furnishings

### — AT —

## Poor Man's Prices!

Good quality considered my PRICES are DECIDEDLY LOWER than any other Store. For instance—

## Men's Negligee SHIRTS.

These Shirts are here in all the noblest and most seasonable colors. Most merchants ask 50c. and 65c. for these Shirts, but I will put them on sale Friday and Saturday only

-- At 38c. --

Bill just received for some Shirts in Tan and all the most popular shades. These Shirts were bought to sell at \$1.25 and \$1.50, but as the season is now so far advanced I will sell them out at \$1.00.

Call on me when in need of Furnishings.  
Polite attention to all.

## C. A. REESE,

Post Office Block. The Furnishing Goods Man.