

MR. McLAURIN'S SUCCESSOR

Congressman Latimer A Candidate for the Place.

Washington News and Curious

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The news comes from South Carolina that the political pot has begun to simmer in anticipation of the contest for the United States Senatorship to succeed the Hon. John L. McLaurin.

Those who pretend to know declare that Senator McLaurin will retire from political life at the end of his term, or, perhaps, accept some Executive appointment, which, it is not doubted, he can secure on account of the stand he has taken in the Senate on all measures favored by the Administration.

Prominent among those who are said to be in the race for the Senate is THE HON. A. C. LATIMER, Representative from the 3rd Congressional district.

His career has been unique in the political history of the State and presents a striking example of the wisdom of selecting men of affairs for offices of public trust, and of the benefits to be derived by the people from practical statesmanship.

He became a candidate for Congress in 1892 against the advice of his friends. Being unaccustomed to politics, never having offered for political office before, untrained in public speech, he went before the people in that campaign against the greatest odds.

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To a man of less indomitable will this would have been a serious handicap, as it not only made it impossible to secure appointments, but was also a severe blow to any attempt he might make to control or influence legislation in the House.

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for obtaining a public building, and to the extent of consequence for his district except to speak and vote on questions of general interest to the people, like the tariff. But Representative Latimer has clearly proved the fallacy of that idea, as a brief summary of HIS WORK IN CONGRESS will show.

One of the first measures in which he became interested after taking his seat was the long deferred appropriation for Newberry College for depredations committed by Union soldiers during the civil war. Several attempts had been made to pass this appropriation by former Representatives of the 3rd district without success.

He introduced a bill about this time providing for the allotment by the Government of South Carolina's share of the public land, to which she is entitled as one of the original States, to be used for common school purposes. Great injustice has been done the State by the failure of the Government to make this allotment.

It will be remembered that when Judge Simonton refused to order the railroads in the hands of receivers to pay taxes Mr. Latimer immediately introduced a bill in Congress to compel the payment of the taxes. It passed the House and would have been pressed to its passage in the Senate had not Judge Simonton ordered the taxes paid, thereby bringing into the treasury of the State over two hundred thousand dollars which had been withheld.

Mr. Latimer obtained a favorable report on the Senate resolution providing for taking whiskey out of the articles of Inter-State commerce and placing it within the police power of the States. This resolution would have passed the House had not the Supreme Court decided that whiskey could not be sold in the State except for personal use and in original packages.

One of the most striking illustrations of his influence in Congress is to be found in the reinstatement in the navy of Lieutenant Parker, of Abbeville. Lieutenant Parker was educated at Annapolis and served in the navy several years, resigning to enter other lines of work.

Such a thing had never been done in the history of the Government. It was natural for members of the House to oppose it, for the reason that such reinstatement meant the displacement of their appointees to the Naval Academy. In order to re-enter the navy Lieut. Parker must ordinarily have accepted appointment in the lowest grade.

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as already stated, Representative Latimer is a prominent and successful farmer. The best of his work here has been in the interest of the agricultural classes. He thoroughly understands their needs and appreciates the difficulty of aiding them by any indirect legislation, but has worked consistently for Governmental aid in the latest and most improved methods in planting and cultivating, by experimental station work and the free dis-

tribution of seeds and farmers' bulletins. Since he entered Congress he has been instrumental in increasing the appropriation for the free distribution of seed from forty thousand to nearly two hundred thousand dollars, that being the amount, approximately, carried by the agricultural appropriation bill for the next fiscal year.

Secretary Wilson, of the agricultural department, speaking to a prominent South Carolinian recently in regard to the work that Representative Latimer has done in this connection, said: "Perhaps no other Democrat in Congress wields so much influence in the practical business affairs of the House as Representative Latimer."

Representative Latimer is a Democrat of the Simon-pure type, and his votes on all party measures have been cast in accordance with the time-honored principles and tenets of that party. He is opposed to the imperial policy of the Administration and to all legislation in the interest of classes. He will oppose and vote against the ship subsidy bill, believing it to be the greatest steal ever attempted to be perpetrated upon the Government.

As is well known, he is a prime promoter of the system of rural free delivery. He does not pretend to be the father of the system. It was introduced before his Congressional career began. Having lived for a large portion of his life on the farm, a long distance from the postoffice, and having suffered the inconvenience of not being able to get mail oftener than once a week or twice a month, he has earnestly endeavored to improve the mail delivery system in every possible way.

—Mrs. Mary Black, of Clifton county, Ind., whose affliction with a complicated attack of Addison's disease, known as ossification, has attracted the wide attention of medical men and scientists for eighteen months, is dead.

Charleston has great cause to be grateful because of his efforts in behalf of the Exposition. He actively supported the bill appropriating two hundred and fifty thousand dollars in aid of the Exposition, and by a shrewd move placed the matter in a shape where its consideration at the last session was assured.

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done to obtain votes for the appropriation. The amendment was rejected by the House, as he expected it would be, but when the St. Louis bill went to the Senate he requested Senator Tillman to introduce the amendment there and it was adopted. The hostility, however, of the Speaker of the House was so determined that he would not agree to a conference until he was assured that the Charleston amendment would be disagreed to in conference.

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How to Treat a Horse.

A farm exchange, speaking of a man's attempt to catch a horse in a pasture when he didn't want to be caught, says such an one is about the most unhappy man you can find. And it is true. But why do not all horse owners teach their horses to come to them, when in the pasture? It is a very easy thing to do, and often would save a vast amount of trouble. The proper time for such teaching is when the animal is a colt; but if not done then, or if it is a horse that was bought and not raised, the thing to do is to be gentle with it at all times, and pet it whenever occasion permits.

The best little liver pills made are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They never gripe. Evans Pharmacy.

—"I don't know who first said figures couldn't lie," said the young woman, "but I would bet any old sum that the person was a man." Then, for the fourth time, she tried to make her personal account book balance.

NO MATTER How badly your Vehicle now looks, or how badly out of repair it may be, or how badly it is worn from usage, the time to repair it IS NOW.

DR. RUST'S COTTON ROOT AND PENNYROYAL PILLS. Original and Genuine, always reliable. For safe LADIES, always ask for Cotton Root and Pennyroyal Pills. They never fail and never injure. Mailed to any address on receipt of \$1.00 by EVANS PHARMACY, Sole Agents, Anderson, S. C.

A. H. DAGNALL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Anderson, S. C. PHYSICIAN BY THE POST OFFICE.

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JAPANESE PILE CURE.

A New and Complete Treatment consisting of SUPPO-ORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never-failing cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes operation with the knife, which is painful, and often results in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We pack a White Quinine in a tin of \$1.00. No Cure, No Pay. 50c and \$1 a box, 5 for \$3. Sent by mail. Samples free.

LOW CLUB RATES GIVEN WITH THE INTELLIGENCER.—The growth of the Confederate Veteran, published by S. A. Cunningham, at Nashville, Tenn., is remarkable. Its circulation of eight to ten thousand copies, monthly, aggregated to January, 1900, 1,195,453 copies. Average for 1899, 1,088; 1894, 10,137; 1895, 12,016; 1896, 18,444; 1897, 10,175; 1898, 19,100; 1899, 20,160.

OLD NEWSPAPERS For sale at this office cheap.

Table with columns for stations (e.g., Lv. Augusta, Ar. Greenwood) and times. Includes Southern Railway and Charleston and Western Carolina Railway.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY. Condensed schedule in effect Jan. 17th, 1901.

Table with columns for stations (e.g., Lv. Charleston, Ar. Columbia) and times. Includes Southern Railway.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE BETWEEN CHARLESTON AND GREENVILLE. Pullman Palace sleeping cars on Trains 85 and 86, 87 and 88, on A. and C. division.

Blue Ridge Railroad.

H. C. BEATTIE, Receiver. Effective September 20, 1900. WETBOUND. Daily Mixed. No. 11. S. Anderson to Lv. 8:35 pm. F. Deaver to Ar. 8:45 pm.

TO ALL POINTS North, South and Southwest.

Table with columns for stations (e.g., Lv. New York, Ar. Washington) and times. Includes Southern Railway.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE. TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT. WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 13, 1901. Fast Line Between Charleston and Columbia and Upper South Carolina, North Carolina.

Table with columns for stations (e.g., Lv. Charleston, Ar. Columbia) and times. Includes Atlantic Coast Line.

TRADE MARKS PATENTS. Any one sending a sketch of an invention quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbooks on Patents sent free. Patents taken through our office. No. 10, recovers fees, without charge, in 90% of cases.

Scientific American. A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year in advance. Published by Munn & Co., 311 N. 3rd St., New York.

The Golden Age is the GOLD DUST Age that emancipates women of all ages from the tyranny of hard housework. GOLD DUST Washing Powder is the greatest boon of the century to woman, since it lightens her heaviest work. Large package is greatest economy. The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston.