

Anderson Intelligencer

BY CLINKSCALES & LANGSTON.

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BLUE SERGE SUITS.

Lined and unlined Suits of a cloth that doesn't muss easily; that if soiled cleans easily; that if wet doesn't leave water marks—

THAT'S SERGE.

Our kind is blue, extremely light weight—single or double breasted. Full Suits \$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.50 and \$15.00.

Evans' \$3.50 Shoes

Are like a patent medicine, good for both extremes of all cases. They are becoming to tall and short men alike. They are the correct Shoes for daylight and darkness. They are worn by rich and poor.

Straw Hats.

Our Straw Hats are made by the Brigham Hopkins Co., of Baltimore, and we have the exclusive sale for them in this territory. They are different from the ordinary Straw Hats in make, style and finish. If you want an up-to-date Hat "we've got your company."

B. O. Evans & Co.,

THE SPOT CASH CLOTHIERS.

WHITE FRONT.

WHERE TO BUY?

IS a question often asked by people who want the BEST VALUE for their Dollar. We have endeavored to sell Goods at prices to suit the "times," and so far have been successful. We do not intend stopping at this, but propose to give you more "sound" Goods for your Dollar, than we have heretofore. WE WANT YOUR TRADE, and if prices and square dealing will help to get it we can keep it. We carry full lines in—

Dress Goods, Summer Goods, Trimmings, Notions, Millinery and Shoes.


In our Grocery Department you will find only the best Goods at low prices.

Flour, Tobacco, Molasses and Corn.

We guarantee Prices and Goods.

Yours truly,

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DR. MOFFETT'S
TEETHING TABLETS
Alleviate Irritation, Alleviate Digestion, Regulate the Bowels, Strengthen the Child, Makes Teething Easy.
Costs only 25 cents at Druggists.
Or mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., ST. LOUIS, MO.

CHAMPION BINDERS, MOWERS, AND REAPERS.

THE purchaser of a Champion Binder or Mower gets a written warranty containing this clause:

"The eccentric wheel on the Champion Binder is warranted to give a gain of sixteen and two-thirds per cent in power for binding. The force feed elevator on the Champion Binder is warranted to waste less grain than the elevator on any other Binder. The Master wheels on the Champion Draw Cut Mower are warranted not to lift from the ground when the cutter bar meets an obstruction. The cutter bar on the Champion Draw Cut Mower is warranted to be adjustable, so that the outer end may be brought forward to keep the cutter bar in line with the pitman, and the sections may be kept always properly centered in the guards."

Think of it—These are important features on Binders and Mowers. No other machine contains them. There are more genuine improvements on the Champion Machines in the last few years than all the others put together. There are more of them in use in Anderson County than any other make, and every purchaser is more than satisfied. This speaks for itself.

We have a Binder put up ready for operation at our Store, and we would be glad to show it to you.

Remember that we are the sole Agents, and Champion Machines cannot be obtained from any one else in this territory.

MCCULLY BROS.

FROM THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

From Our Own Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 18, 1900.

The course of the United States in Chinese affairs will unquestionably be far different to-day from what it would be at some future time—say next summer—under similar circumstances. By the later time the election will be over and the President, whether he is Bryan or McKinley, will be free to act without much regard to the exigencies of politics. To-day it is quite possible that McKinley may hesitate to carry out his obligations to protect British interests in China while she is attempting to crush the Boer Republics. He knows that for the United States to go to war with Russia for the sake of England, would be very unpopular, and will probably drift along, hoping that all may turn out for the best. He has already gone as far as he dare, doing what no other President has ever ventured to do before by committing the United States to the "concert of the powers," in fact, if not in name. In diplomatic circles here it is roundly affirmed that Russia is behind the Boer rebellion and that she is trying to take advantage of the engagement of British in South Africa to establish herself firmly in the heart of China, shutting out the rest of the world. If the United States will not really oppose her seriously, the only way to stand in her way is Japan and the universal belief here in government and diplomatic circles is that war between Russia and Japan, is likely to break out any day.

While the Republicans pretend to be hostile to trusts and passed a farcical anti-trust resolution in the House during the closing days of the session, their real attitude on the subject is well known. If there were nothing else, their action on the armor plate proposition would be conclusive. Senator Hanna, as high priest of the armor trust, denounced with extraordinary vigor the proposition of Democratic Senators to fix a price for armor and, in the event the manufacturers would not accept contracts at the figure named, to build a government armor for the manufacture of armor. The Ohio Senator, who is also chairman of the Republican National Committee, insisted that the time had come to "take the armor plate question out of politics" and to make it purely and exclusively a "business matter." This it may be said, is also the view of the armor plate manufacturers and monopolists generally. They are as anxious to get the question of high prices out of politics and to make it wholly a business transaction as the Republican politicians. With the assistance of the Republican majority in both branches of Congress they have succeeded. The "discretion" of the Secretary of the Navy is all that stands between the United States Treasury and the exorbitant demands of the armor plate manufacturers. If Mr. Long decides that our navy must have the new ships authorized by Congress without delay the Armor Trust will get any price it sees fit to exact. Mr. Long is a man of integrity, but under the act of Congress he is authorized by the representatives of the Republican party in Congress to pay whatever he regards as a reasonable price, and he may conclude that any price the armor makers may demand is reasonable in the year of presidential election. This is the result of applying the McKinley-Hanna designates "business principles" to transactions between trusts and the government. It is an elegant arrangement for the trusts, but a bad thing for the Treasury. The trusts should be willing to contribute handsomely to the campaign fund under such circumstances.

In every Congress there are a number of men who devote more time to their private business than they do to the affairs of the nation. This has developed into a crying abuse, and Representative Gaines, of Tennessee, thinks it ought to be corrected. He introduced a bill on the last day of the session prohibiting a member of either branch of Congress from accepting private employment while holding public office. Mr. Gaines' bill was particularly aimed at the corporations, though the effect of it ultimately would be to cut members of Congress off from all of the avenues of private employment. The theory upon which his proposition is based is that the business cares very seriously interfere with the public duties of the lawmaker, to say nothing of the influence upon his judgment and vote which connection with business institutions may have. "I do not expect to get my lift through this Congress," said Mr. Gaines, "though I am going to push it with all my vigor at the next session. I shall keep it before the country until the Democrats get control of Congress, and then my bill will become a law. I am convinced by my experience in Washington that no legislator can do his duty properly by serving two masters at the same time. When I get tired of Congress or my constituents get tired of me I shall quit and go back into business. But as long as I am a member of Congress I propose to devote myself wholly to my public duties. The record shows that the men who have followed this rule have made the best Congressmen and have remained here longest. I shall try to have the Democrats make this proposition an issue in the forthcoming Congressional campaign."

Billy Mason, the rotund Senator from Illinois, and President McKinley have kissed and made friends and both are expected to re-appear to the Republicans this year. Billy will cease his attacks on the President, abandon the Boers, introduce no resolutions of inquiry or sympathy without first finding out whether they will be agreeable to the President, attend the Republican convention and take the stump for McKinley. The latter, on the other hand, will see that Billy is restored to good fellowship and that he is admitted to the public trough and has jobs enough to make himself solid for re-election some two years from now. A most ingenious story of the way the reconciliation was brought about is told. It is said that the President told no less a personage than Senator Hanna that while he regretted the attitude of the former Senator from Illinois on the policy of the government, he believed Senator Mason was sincere, and notwithstanding the attacks upon the administration he entertained a warm feeling for him. This information, it is claimed, reached the ears of the Senator, who was naturally pleased to know that he had not gained the enmity of the President by the furious attacks made upon him.

The two met at the capital on the day before adjournment, bowed, smiled, blushed, shook hands and decided to let the cruel war be over.

The State Campaign Begins.

The following is a report of the first campaign meeting sent out by the Associated Press from Charleston under date of June 14:

The State campaign meeting started out to-day at Orangeburg in red hot fashion. Tillman said it was a regular monkey and parrot outlook.

It is evident that the plan outlined is to push Hoyt and McSweeney to the wall. Patterson took the lead in the attack and jumped on McSweeney vigorously. To begin with, Patterson accused McSweeney with being in political league with the blind tigers in Charleston and Columbia and then, to round off the period, read a recent editorial from the Oconee News in which Editor Verner said he had the proof against McSweeney that he patronized tigers. McSweeney got up and emphatically said the charge was false, and there that matter ended. The proof is the next step if there be any.

Then Patterson said every one thought the Governor was paying for all the papers he was getting and paying for, but he found the State was paying for them all, and even paying for the Hampton Guardian and the Herald and News. McSweeney explained that it has been the custom, and he wanted data on State affairs.

Patterson also jumped on the Governor for paying \$20 for a picture of the Governors of the State.

Gary favored dispensary, but wanted each county allowed the chance to say what it wanted.

Patterson and Gary both jumped on Hoyt for an editorial in The Mountaineer last January, in which he is alleged to have written in effect: That prohibitionists and opponents of the dispensary should go together as far as they could and destroy the great whiskey machine, which is the impediment to prohibition, and let's agree as we can upon a plan which will give prohibition a major part of the territory wrested from the common enemy. Col. Hoyt was in this thought to be insincere.

A. Crane Jones entered the race for Senator and made a brief speech. Tillman was received with old time ardor, and he said he would go to South Dakota or elsewhere and enter contests if he could do any good there. He will attend but few meetings. Jones made a general argument, making no attack.

W. D. Evans, J. H. Wharton, J. N. Etheridge, J. E. Pettigrew, B. B. Evans, and T. N. Berry entered the race for railroad commissioner. B. B. Evans was lively.

Ellison Capers, Jr., and J. J. McMahon had a bit of a scrap in their contest.

J. H. Moore is running against Belinger, but does not expect much.

R. H. Jennings and Dr. Timmerman are having a pleasant race.

Derham and Brooker lived up a bit.

Sloan, Blease, Winkler, and J. H. Tillman are in the race for Lt. Governor.

Tillman got after Blease and Winkler for buying Harris Lithia water.

The Election in Cuba.

HAVANA, June 17.—Gen. Alejandro Rodriguez, Nationalist, was elected mayor of Havana yesterday, polling 13,073 votes, against 6,543 cast for Senor Estrada Mora, independent. The total vote fell about 4,500 below the registration.

The National party elected its entire ticket, eighteen councilmen, the treasurer, one correctional judge and three municipal judges. The other correctional judges fell to an independent candidate, as did also the fourth municipal judgeship. Of the six other councilmen, four are Republicans and two Nationalists, who ran independently.

Reports from every part of the island go to show that perfect order prevailed at the polls. Not a shot was fired, nor was there any sign of disturbance anywhere.

The attorney general has given out an opinion in which he holds that county boards of dispensary control are without authority, unless the members hold commissions from the Governor. Up to this time none of the newly appointed members of county boards have been commissioned, and consequently all are without authority.

—Mr. H. H. Beard, manager of the Southern express office at Yorkville, released 97 carrier pigeons at daylight on Monday, 11th inst., for a flight to New Egypt, N. J. A postal card from D. W. Busson, manager of the pigeon loft, stated that one of the birds arrived at 7:34 p. m. the day of their release. Three other birds got in before dark; but the remainder of the flock did not report until next day.

Cataract Cannot be Cured
with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Cataract is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Cataract Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Cataract Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Cataract. Send for testimonials free.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

STATE NEWS.

—The capital of the Lancaster Cotton Mill is to be increased to one million dollars.

—One of the candidates in an upper county carries a hoe around with him in his buggy.

—It will not be more than four weeks now before South Carolina will have some new tobacco in the market.

—Mr. Walt. Whitman has been ruled out of the gubernatorial race. He could not raise the \$50 assessment.

—The Greenville News says that farmers in that county will have enough wheat this year to sell and bring them \$75,000 to \$100,000 in cash.

—The colleges of the State in the recent meeting of the executive committee at Columbia "set down" on all paid base ball players for the coming year.

—It is said the Atlantic Coast Line is about to reconstruct the Port Royal and Western Carolina road, straighten out its kinks and put it into first-class condition.

—There is a farmer living within four miles of Newberry who never bought a thing in his life on a credit and has not purchased a bushel of corn within twenty-five years.

—In Darlington County a white boy killed his mother a few days ago for the sake of her pension, which she had just drawn. At best he did not get more than twelve dollars for his bloody work.

—The board of trustees of Wofford College has persuaded Dr. Jas. H. Carlisle to act as president for another year. The announcement created great enthusiasm and general rejoicing in the State.

—The fact that Edmund M. Rhett, of Charleston, stands fourth in this year's graduating class at West Point shows that the Southern cadets still make their marks at our national military academy.

—George Calhoun, colored, who lives on Mr. James Steife's farm near Bradley, unhitched his mule from the plow and rode under a tree to take shelter from a storm when a thunderbolt killed Calhoun and the mule.

—A little son of Mr. C. F. Tillman, of Edgefield county, about ten years old, was bitten in the back last week by a mule supposed to be mad. A mad-stone was applied to the wound, but it did not adhere. The mule has since died.

—Mrs. Mattie Hughes, who has been tried four times for killing her husband in Greenville and who is under bond on half a dozen indictments for selling liquor, has disappeared. Her stock of goods is worth \$10, and is mortgaged for \$540.

—Dr. E. H. Murfee, of Tuscaloosa, Alabama, has been elected President of the Greenville Female college to succeed Dr. Riley. Dr. Murfee is a graduate of the University of Alabama in the class of 1860 and has been engaged in college work all his life.

—Dispenser Brown, of Cheraw, has been found \$305 short in his accounts, and, upon further investigation, it has been discovered that Mr. Brown had given no bond. It is the same old story over again and the State will probably be the loser as usual.

—Mr. Jas. H. Moore, of Charleston, who is a candidate for Attorney General, is advancing some very sensible propositions concerning the policy of the State government. A local option law for liquor control and a penitentiary term for Col. Bill Neal are among them.

—At Winona, near Florence, a freight train ran over two little boys, sons of Henry Grant. They were asleep on the track between the rails and must have raised up their heads as the engine passed over them. One was killed outright, and the skull of the other was horribly crushed.

—The eight months old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Crisp, of Gays, died after suffering for three months or more from a peculiar accident. The little fellow was given a box of buttons to play with, and got a button or hook in his windpipe, from which he suffered for several long weeks until death relieved him from pain.

—The death of Lewis Kinard, a colored man living near Saluda Old Town, was caused by an accident in handling a shot gun. He was mounted on a horse and when the gun was handed him by a companion, it was discharged in some unaccountable way. The load took effect in his left arm and he died from the shock and loss of blood in a short time.

—Hon. Thos. N. Berry, of Darlington, who was chairman of the Prohibition conference held in Columbia on the 28th of May, was authorized to select a committee of five who will have charge of the campaign in the State on behalf of the Prohibition candidates. Mr. Berry has made the following selection: Jos. A. McCullough, of Greenville, chairman; C. C. Featherstone, of Laurens; W. P. Housel, of Newberry; J. W. Hamel, of Lancaster; and D. J. Bradham, of Manning. This committee under the terms of the resolution providing for its appointment will look after the county organizations. In a number of the counties there are campaign committees already at work, but it is intended through this means to perfect an organization that will effectively urge the cause of Prohibition in every township of the State.

General News Items.

—One Georgia fruit grower has ordered 5,000 barrels in which to ship his pear crop.

—Four men were killed and fourteen were badly shocked by lightning at Jacksonville, Fla., June 7.

—It is estimated that the Egyptian cotton crop this year will be equivalent to 1,000,000 American bales.

—In Philadelphia during the month of June marriage licenses have been issued at the rate of 128 per day.

—The governor of Arkansas has offered the Boers 5,000,000 acres of land if they will colonize in that State.

—It is estimated that the increased price of cotton this season has left two hundred million dollars more in the South.

—The acreage in cotton is more than a million acres greater than last year as estimated by Lathan Alexander & Co., New York.

—It is reported that John R. McLean, of Cincinnati, has sent his personal check for \$25,000 to Bryan to be used in the campaign.

—Dr. Broughton says there is a divorce for every twelve marriages in Georgia and an even larger ratio in the city of Atlanta.

—Nearly six million people are being fed by the world's charity in the famine district in India. Rain has fallen there at last.

—A census enumerator in Philadelphia was informed by a woman living in the Sixth ward, with smiles and pride, that she was the mother of 21 children.

—The largest number of immigrants ever received at an American port in one day arrived at New York on May 17. They came in six ships and numbered 5,382.

—Among the few congressmen who have been unanimously renominated John B. Kescham, of New York, holds the record, having been chosen by acclamation sixteen times.

—W. D. Bender, who died at the College Hill Sanitarium at Cincinnati, Ohio, a few days ago, destroyed \$43,000 worth of Government bonds before his relatives could interfere.

—The U. S. court of claims has decided in favor of Admiral Sampson against Commodore Schley, in Sampson's claim for the prize money on account of the destruction of the Spanish fleet.

—Governor Mount, of Indiana, has refused to honor the requisition of Gov. Beckham, of Kentucky, for the return of W. S. Taylor, holding that the man could not get a fair trial in Kentucky.

—Levi Brisson, of Danville, Ct., is the father of forty-two children. He is a French Canadian, 72 years old, and weighs 110 pounds. His present wife is his third. His first wife bore him six children and his second twenty-five.

—Belle Boyd, the famous Confederate spy, died at Kilmourne, Wis., June 13th, aged 57. She did good service for the Confederate army during the war. After the war she married a Federal officer named Hardinge. For several years past she supported herself by lecturing.

—Out in West Virginia twelve Italian laborers were found dead in the woods. A contractor who was building a railroad lost provisions from his store house. The negro cook put rat poison in flour and meat which was also stolen. There was some connection between the stolen meat and the dead Italians.

—Robert Avery, of Winsted, Conn., who had his clothes stolen while in bathing, wandered in the woods adjacent to the stream for two days and nights. He was shot at and chased by dogs as a wild man whenever he appeared, until finally one courageous man got close enough to hear his story and bring him some clothing.

—One of the most remarkable laws ever passed will soon go into effect in Winchester, W. Va. The city council of that place passed a law requiring every citizen to pour kerosene oil on every open pool, and that every open rain barrel shall have the spigot at the bottom. The town is infested with mosquitoes, and the law was enacted in order to make the place an attractive resort for summer boarders.

—When women go to buy a dress in Japan they tell the shopkeeper their age, and if they are married or not, because there are special designs for the single and double relations of life as well as for ages. The consequence of this painful custom is that you can tell the age of every woman you meet and know whether she is married, precisely as though she were labeled.

—A full-blooded Jersey cow, owned by the members of the Oak Island life-saving crew, performed a unique feat near Babylon, L. I., the other day. The cow became possessed with a desire to return to her home on the mainland, and had been running wildly up and down the meadows for some days. Suddenly she plunged into the lagoon opposite the station and struck out for the mainland, five miles distant. There was a strong wind blowing and a heavy sea rolling, which broke over the cow at every stroke she took, but she made the distance and climbed up on meadow land on the country seat of Benjamin Stephens, a New York millionaire, where she was overtaken by members of the crew who had started in pursuit. The cow seemed uninjured by her adventure. It took twenty-five minutes to swim the five miles.

Municipal Ticket.

Mr. Editor: Allow me in the interest of good government and a wise, economical administration of the affairs of the city to suggest the following ticket for municipal offices, to serve during the next two years:

For Mayor—Jno. K. Hood.
For Aldermen:
Ward 1—Fred G. Brown.
Ward 2—Dr. J. C. Harris.
Ward 3—C. S. Sullivan.
Ward 4—Jno. E. Harris.
Ward 5—P. K. McCully, Jr.
Ward 6—R. E. Ligon.

VOTER.

A Plea for Good Roads.

Good Hope, S. C., June 19.
Mr. Editor: Will you kindly grant us a small space in the columns of your paper, in which to present to the Honorable Board of County Supervisors of Anderson County the condition of the public roads in the Corner Township, with the hope that they may see fit to have some needed improvements made on them.

We have returned up to the present from making complaints with the hope that our roads would be worked out, but as very little work of any consequence has been done, and as our roads, as a whole, are in a bad state of improvement, and seem likely to remain so, it is our conscientious right as tax paying citizens to inquire why our roads have not been thoroughly overhauled and put in first class condition.

The middle of June has passed and July almost upon us; our taxes have been collected, and some paying \$1.00, delinquent tax payers paying \$1.50; and not withstanding all this not a single road has been worked over with a scrape, and as to convict labor, we can scarcely expect that, as they are utilized in the road and delinquent section, or some other portion of upper Anderson County. Now, such things ought not to be, and it is the duty of the County Supervisor to see that we get good roads, and as we have elected him to that office, and as he promised to give us better roads, we certainly look to him and not to any one else to give us what we ask.

It seems as though other portions of Anderson County have been more highly favored, especially those living on the mud and gravel roads leading in to Anderson, for a radius of about 6 or 8 miles out, therefore we cannot understand why it is that we cannot get our roads put in the same good condition.

Our taxes, as we have said, have already been collected, and we are in the place of the good roads that we ought to get for it, we have only a mere pretention at roads, in some places not much better than an ordinary Indian trail.

True, our Township Supervisor has had a few deep holes filled up, but as to any work of any consequence having been done, none has been done. We ask the County Supervisor to look into this matter and see that our roads are put in first-class fix. Last summer and year before our roads were only run over in August or September and dusted, and if such is the case, we get this summer, we would be glad to have the scrape kept out, as such roads are worse than no roads at all.

Now, if we have a road law in Anderson County requiring all public highways to be worked out and put in good fix and as we have paid our taxes to the same and as the time has come and passed when they should have been worked out and as they are needing it, then it is our right to demand that they be worked or know the reason why they are not, and to know what has become of our money.

A prominent gentleman of Anderson spent two days in the Corner recently and traveled over all the roads and he expressed surprise at our bad roads, and said they were a disgrace to Anderson County.

We hope our Supervisor will see his way clear to send hands into our Township and have our roads worked out as we are tired, yes, worn out and disgusted, with what we have. Also we would be pleased to see some places widened, as there is scarcely room for our buggies to pass. The law gives 30 feet.

Hoping to get better roads at a very early date, and wishing the same to the rest of the County and thanking you, Mr. Editor,

We are, very respectfully,
J. M. STY.
ALBERT S. BOWIE.

A New Suggestion as to the Whiskey Question.

Mr. Editor: As prohibition is going to be one of the issues in the campaign this year, I do hope the candidates who run on the prohibition platform will give us some feasible solution of the liquor question. As a prohibitionist myself I claim it is just as much harm or sin to buy as it is to sell liquor, for no man can sell anything except there be a buyer; besides the wrong consists not in the buying and selling, but in the abuse of use of alcoholic drinks. Everybody admits there is no harm in the use of whiskey for medicinal purposes. Now, Mr. Editor, as it is no more harm to sell than to buy, and no man can sell except there be a buyer, just let our Legislature members see to it that a law be enacted to make it a crime to buy, sell or drink liquor, except for medicinal purposes strictly. Now I know full well that this will not suit some, and possibly most of the so-called prohibitionists, for they only want to prohibit the other to the public drinking while they can still satisfy their own beastly lust at pleasure. Now, Mr. Editor, as to the mode of punishment for the breaking of the law, say, for instance, drunkenness, let the punishment be six months (or a greater or lesser period) in the public works of the County, and if the one who is drunk will furnish sufficient evidence to convict the one who sells him the intoxicant, then give him half of the punishment, otherwise let the drunken one pay the full penalty, and let the same rule apply to follow from the selling. Of course, we all know we will never have the old barroom system in vogue again, and if we cannot have prohibition that will prohibit, let's keep the dispensary and keep on improving and enforcing it rather than have prohibition in name only.

I make these suggestions that the people may ponder them. Of course there are a great many minor details not described here in reference to the enforcement of the above propositions.

VOTER.

—The new tax on cigarettes has already paid \$3,500,000 into the treasury.