Anderson Intelligencer.

BY CLINKSCALES & LANGSTON.

ANDERSON, S. C., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1900.

VOLUME XXXV---NO. 51.

SITS

Lined and unlined Suits of a cloth that doesn't muss easily; that if soiled cleans easily; that if wet doesn't leave water marks-

THAT'S SERGE.

Our kind is blue, extremely light weight—single or double breasted. Full Suits \$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.50 and \$15.00.

the Republicans into a panic. They did not dare to vote against such a motion and they could not afford to

Evans' \$3.50 Shoes

Are like a patent medicine, good for both extremes of all cases. They are becoming to tall and short men alike. They are the correct Shoes for daylight and darkness. They are worn by rich and poor.

Straw Hats.

Our Straw Hats are made by the Brigham Hopkins Co. of Baltimore, and we have the exclusive sale for them in this territory. They are different from the ordinary Straw Hats in make, style and finish. If you want an up-to-date Hat "we've got your company."

B.O. Evans & Co.

THE SPOT CASH CLOTHIERS

WHITE FRONT.

WHERE TO BUY?

IS a question often asked by people who want the BEST VALUE for their Dollar. We have endeavored to sell Goods at prices to suit the "times," and so far have been successful. We do not intend stopping at this, but propose to give you more "sound" Goods for your Dollar than we have heretofore WE WANT YOUR TRADE, and if prices and square dealing will help to get it we can keep it. We carry full lines in-

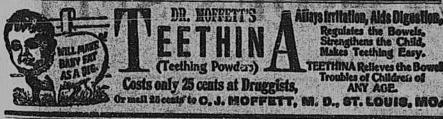
Dress Goods, Summer Goods, Trimmings, Notions, Millinery and Shoes.

In our Grocery Department you will find only the best Goods at low

Flour, Tobacco, Molasses and Corn.

We guarantee Prices and Goods. Yours truly,

MOORE, ACKER & CO.



CHAMPION BINDERS, MOWERS, AND REAPERS.

THE purchaser of a Champion Binder or Mower gets a written warrany containing this clause:

"The eccentric wheel on the Champion Binder is warranted to give a gain of sixteen and two-thirds per cent in power for binding. The force feed elevator on the Champion Binder is warranted to waste less grain than the elevator, on any other Binder. The Master wheels on the Champion Draw Cut Mower are warranted not to lift from the counter har meets an all several to the cutter bar on the Champion Draw Cut Mower in warranted to be adjustable, so that the valor end may be brought forward to eep the cutter bar in line with the pitman, and the sections may be kept vays properly centered in the guards."

Think of it. These are important features on Binders and Mowers. No ther machine contains them. There are more genuine improvements on the Champion Machines in the last few years than all of the others put together. There are more of them in use in Anderson County than any other make, and every purchaser is more than satisfied. This speaks for itself.

We have a Binder put up ready for operation at our Store, and we would

glad to show it to you.

Remember that we are the sole Agents, and Champion Machines cannot obtained from any one class in this territory.

McGULLY BROS

FROM THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

From Our Own Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11, 1900. The real attitude of the Republican party towards the anti-trust bill passed by the House with such a flourish of trumpets the other day, was shown in the Senate on Monday, when Senator Pettigrew tried to get immediate action taken upon it. The bill, of course, was never intended to become a law and was passed in the House only to enable the Republicans to pick the fat pockets of the trusts this fall, with the intention of allowing it to die after the election was over. But Mr. Pettigrew, who really favors the bill, asked that it be placed directly on the calendar of the Senate (from which it could be called up at any moment), and not to be referred to a committee at all. This caused a sensation among the Republicans, and Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, at once objected and asked that the bill be referred to the proper committee. Thereupon Pettigrew asked for a yea and nay vote. This threw vote for it, for it is not by the passage of the bill that they can bleed the trusts for campaign funds, but by holding it over their heads. At the last moment, Senator Allison came to the rescue, moving that the Senate go into executive session. Such a motion takes precedence over everything else, and with joy in their hearts the Republicans acceded to the suggestion, leaving the anti-trust bill hanging in the air, where it will remain until the Democrats get into power, when they will pass a genuine act, which will really control the trusts, instead of merely bleeding them.

The administration called Rathbone's bluff, insisting that he shall not leave Cuba at present. It was the only thing it could do, in view of the open-ness of his threats of exposure if he were interfered with. But it's a safe bet that he will not be punished after all. From later revelations, it appears that Mr. Smith, the Postmaster Gen-eral, is nearly as much to blame as Rathbone, so far as neglect of duty went. From a source, the authenticity of which cannot be doubted, it is learned that upon the presentation of the first report of Director General Rathbone in January last, the Postmaster General was surprised at the enormity of the expense account, and promptly wrote that official to begin a system of retrenchment and reform, in order that the expenses might be immediately reduced. But the menths went by and no duced. But the menths went by and no reports ever came. Until the explosion occurred, the Postmaster General had never received a single later report from Rathbone. To write to an official having unlimited control of as much money as Rathbone, that his accounts were out of order, that he was too extravagant, and that he must retrench, and then let months go by without hearing from him, and without taking any steps to find out whether the instructions were being obeyed or not, is surely as gross negligence as can well be imagined. Mr. Smith denies that he had the order increasing Rathbone's solary deted back three manths and volume, owever, appears as we read chapter after chapter.

Dr. Newton is by nature eminently fitted for such a task. He possesses the observant faculty for collecting facts and the philosophical acumen for interpreting them.

The wealth of his material is deftly woven into a beautiful whole. The style is fluent, the descriptions vivid. At times there is a poetic touch and a picturesque etching, adding artistic chapter.

The author speaks of Japan's religion salary dated back three months, and says that the increase was made on June 19, 1899, and a letter of that date notified General Rathbone and distinctly stated that the per diem of \$5 per day would be discontinued. Yet

the slightest step to see that his order was obeyed, and the per diem was not discontinued. It is hardly probable that the device of granting permission to the House Ways and Means Committee to sit during the summer to prepare a plan for reducing the war revenues, will satisfy the country. The present surplus in the Treasury is over \$63,000,000 and the available cash balance is over \$147.-000,000 exclusive of the gold reserve of \$150,000,000. The chances are the receipts will increase and the expenditures will fall off during the coming year, and it will not be unreasonable to assume the surplus for the next fiscal year will be from \$75,000,000 to \$100,000,000. Therefore, before the war taxes are likely to be repealed, the Treasury will have a surplus of from \$225,000,000 to \$250,000,000. All this, of course, will have to be withdrawn from circulation. An overwhelming majority in Congress favors the repeal of the stamp taxes, but every member who hopes to get a public building for his town or who has his eye on a river improvement item, or who is particularly favorable to the construction of the Nicarasman Comai, or who, above all, is a friend of the ship subsidy bill, is naturally led to believe these measures will all be easy of passage if there is a large surplus. On the other hand, if the surplus is a small one, public buildings, internal improvements, canals and subsidies will all have to stand the test of the ability of the Treasury to furnish the money for such costly schemes. This is the Republican argu-ment for non-action, but, as a matter of fact, their leaders continue to resist the Nicaraguan Canal and other important plans, and retain the money

apparently merely for the purpose of lending it to the banks in return for contributions to the campaign funds of the party. Meanwhile, the country suffers from the vexations and unneed-

platform tinkers are busying themselves with the utterly useless labor of constructing declarations on the various subjects to be touched in the Philadelphia proclamation. Some of those engaged in this occupation have been requested to submit their views, but the large majority are volunteers. It might be said almost the entire talent of the Republican party in Congress is at this work. It should be understood this does not, by any means, include the entire Republican membership, for much of it is devoid of talent of any kind, except the talent of obedience. This labor is spoken of as useless because the platform will undoubtedly be prepared at the White-House and will be written by Mark Hanna and President McKinley. After the convention is over and after the campaign is at an end, there will be a great deal of contention as to the authorship of the more important sections, and in the multitude of claimants the question will probably forover remain unsettled in the public mind. But Hanna will know.

"Japan, the Country, Court and People."

The above is the title of a book just issued from the press by its author, Rev. J. C. C. Newton, D. D., who is a native of Anderson County, and has many friends and relatives in the County who no doubt will secure a copy and read it with interest. Dr. Newton has been serving the M. E. Church, South, as a missionary in Japan for a number of years, but on account of his failing health was forced to return to the United States, and is now living at Crittenden, Va. In a recent issue of the Central Methodist Rev. H. G. Henderson, of Parkersburg, W. Va., refers to the book as follows:

It is encouraging to know the South is growing richer in her literary output

The pens of Southern writers are pro-lific in prose and poetry and the power of the one is equaled by the plaint of

of the one is equaled by the plaint of the other.

The multiplicity of authors in the Southland is a welcome augury. Of the legends and lovers of the Sunny South and of Dixie's prowess and pride, none can sing so well, nor speak so tenderly, as those born beneath her genial sky.

Not the least cause of gratification is the fact that our own church is contributing to the fund of authorship and that some of the best works of the growing list are the productions of Southern Methodist penmen. Of two recent books I wish to write in this paper. "Japan, the Country, Court and People," by Rev. J. C. C. Newton, D. D., is the first. Dr. Newton is well-known to many readers of the Central Methodist, having been a beloved and successful pastor in the Kentucky Conference before becoming a mission-ary.

stantial covering, the excellent quality of the paper, the large clear type and the instructive illustrations suggest solid merit.

domiciled with his family at the orphanage.

—It is reported that the Virginia-

the appetice. The true worth of the volume, owever, appears as we read

The author speaks of Japan's religion and philosophies, her languages and laws, with the judicious tone of a trustworthy annalist, while with the facility of a specialist he catalogues her flora and fauns.

of a specialist.

Of Japan's customs, arts, industries, institutions, arms, progress and general history Dr. Newton writes with an air of one familiar with the better side of her social, civic and national life. He has been a student of her religious and educational movements and is no stranger to the subtle rationalistic and materialistic tendencies of the thought of this semi-civilized nation. Paragraphs of rare beauty abound in the book. Information of a reliable character enhance every chapter.

This is a capital reference book for missionary workers, Epworth Leaguers and those interested in this progressive mission field and prosperous empire. the Postmaster General did not take

Obituary.

On April 1st, 1900, our Heavenly Father removed from earth to heaven our friend and sister, Mrs. C. B. Lewis. She was converted and made a profession in early life, united with the Church at Big Creek, where she lived a Christian life until her Father called her home. While we miss her and our hearts are sad, we humbly submit to the Divine will, knowing that our God is love and doeth all things well. May her loved ones follow in her footsteps like she walked in her Saviour's steps. She bore her afflictions with uncomplaining resignation, knowing that she would soon depart to be with Jesus. The hymns that she delighted so much to hear while with us will now be some and that the delighted so much to hear while with us will now be some and that the delighted so much to hear while with us will now be some and the feel assured that our friend is basking in a Father's love, where there is no more pain nor weeping but eternal bliss. When the holy angels meet her, As she goes to join their band, She will know the friends that greet

her In the glorious spirit land. A FRIEND,

Catarri Cannot be Cared

with LOUAL APPLICATIONS, as they can reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a bit or constitutional disease, and in order to cur you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on blood and mucous surfaces. Hall a Catarrh C is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed one of the best physicians in this country years, and is a regular prescription. It is copied of the best tonics known, combined with best blood purifiers, acting directly on mucous arfaces. The perfect combination of two ingrelients is what produces such wander results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonic free.

STATE NEWS.

-The State campaign opens at Orangeourg to-morrow.

- There are 748 census enumerators now at wor! in South Carolina.

- Good rains have visited every section of the State during the past week. - Laurens will have a stock show and agricultural exhibit next fall.

- Next year the South Carolina College will be one hundred years old.

- The irrepressible G. Walt Whitman has filed his pledge and paid his assessment as a candidate for governor.

- The eighty acres of corn at Clemson, it is reported, "is a marvel to behold. It promises a yield of 70 bushels to the acre." - The new hotel at Greenville will

be located between the post office and the court house, will be five stories and will cost \$100,000.

- There was a whole sale jail deliv ery in Laurens on Saturday. Half a dozen prisoners sawed out of a steel cage with an old case knife and got

- The Democratic County Executive Committee of Newberry County, at a recent meeting, decided to have Master and Magistrates of that county chosen by primary election; also, to have a separate box for the vote on the liquor

question. - There is only one pauper, an old colored man, at the Greenwood county poor house, notwithstanding that the institution has been in operation for any other county in the State can show so clear a record.

- The dispensary on Jervais street in Columbia which was recently burned is now said to be short in its account, but it is supposed that the shortage can be explained by the fact that negro candidates. all records of the business done were destroyed by fire.

- A negro preacher in Sumter Coun-Saturday and attempted to rape another young girl. He had a narrow es cape from lynching by a crowd of negroes, but was finally lodged in jail. He confessed the crime.

- Jule Gibson shot, killed and buried his brother, Perry Gibson, in Darlington county, June 1. The grave was discovered, suspicion was aroused. the crime detected, the slayer arrested and he confessed, claiming to have acted in self defence. Both colored.

- Rev. A. T. Jamieson, of Camden, who was elected superintendent of the Connie Maxwell Orphanage at the

- It is reported that the Virginia-Carolina Chemical company, which owns practically all the fertilizer factories around Charleston will consolidate their works and shut down all but one plant. This will throw out of employment a great number of men in that section.

- In a pile of rubbish at the State Capitol Clerk Gantt ran across an interesting copy of the South Carolina and American General Gazette, of Charleston, bearing date of Friday, March 7, 1777. It is Volume XX, No. 948. It contains some valuable information for students of history.

- At Hugh Falls, ten miles from Walhalla, and near the Georgia line. William Cannon was slain by his brother, Tom. The men were both married each having two children, and they were among the most prominent farmers in Oconee county. There were no witnesses. The killing was done with a large pocket knife, several ugly wounds being inflicted on the victim's head and just over the heart.

- Senator Tillman has returned to his home in Edgefield. It is likely that he will be at the opening campaign meeting at Orangeburg, and it may be that he may attend some others, but he will not make "the rounds" He expects to go to South Dakota and make speeches in favor of Senator Pettigrew, whose scalp the Republicans are after. He will also make speeches in different States in the interest of Bryan during the presidential campaign.

- A horrible accident is reported from the Peniel section, five miles from Timmonsville. Mrs. P. R. Bowen was scalding a pot in the house and turned quickly and threw boiling water ont of a window. Her little child, who had perched in the window unknowingly to its mother, received the entire contants of the pot. The water strack the little fellow squarely in the face. It was a horrible moment for the mother, for she knew that it was death to the child. The child lived only a few hours and suffered agonies. The devoted mother, it is said, is crazed nigh unto death with grief.

- A corset steel did a Newberry colored woman a service out of the ordinary line last Friday. It saved bor life. Will Ruff, her husband, living on Benj. Halfacre's place, got angry with her because she did not consult him about a purchase of a new hat and some other articles which she made with her own money in town last Thursday. His fit of anger led him to commit the articles to the flames, and the asles only remained. The wife remonstrated with him, and he fired his nistol at her. The ball struck a steel in her corset and no doubt saved her life.-Newberry Observer.

General News Items.

- General Otis says the Filipinos will have to be suppressed for some

- Milliners in New York have agreed not to use the plumage of song birds for decorating hats.

-The State of Kentucky has presented the battleship named after her with a handsome silver service.

Paulding, O., former Congressman Simon W. Cramer killed his wife.

power of speech. -It is reported from the Pacific

has ever known. - Three of the six hundred Brooklyn enumerators who started out on the

after an hour's experience. - By the end of the fiscal year 1901 in the wars in Cuba, Porto Rico and

the Philippines \$613,800,238. - The number of killed and wounded among the Filipinos, as far as the tute grounds, and was witnessed by a official records of the American army

go to show, are about ten thousand. - An epidemic of black cancer rash prevails at West Derby, a surburb of tors. At the conclusion of the drill nearly six months. It is doubtful if Newport, Vt. Several deaths have occurred, the victims being sick only

> - A move is on foot in Philadelphia among the prominent negro bishops, ministers, editors and lawyers to place a presidental ticket in the field with

- In some parts of Indiana the wheat crop is being destroyed by Hessian flies, and the prevalence of these flies ty ravished a 10-year-old negro girl is attributed to the destruction of quail, which feed especially on them.

- The increase in the circulation of national bank notes for the fiscal year which ended May, 31, 1900, was \$58,-424,835. The money in circulation in this country at present is stated to be \$26.58 per capita.

- Tc avoid the usual fees, George Kocher and Ella Baird married themselves in the presence of the constable and commissioner's clerk, at Tunkhannock, Pa. The only expense connected with the ceremony was the 50 cents which had to be paid for the marriage

- Coal has been selling in Austria at i \$10 a ton, and some of the German schools have been closed for lack of fuel Exports of American coal to 2nd Speaker—Corp. J. E. fuel. Exports of American coal to Europe are becoming common. An English syndicate is said to have contracted for 2,000,000 tons of Alabama coal to be forwarded by way of New

- Russians consider that they possess the art of making tea beyond that of any other nation. Their mode of brewing the beverage is to make a of the affirmative. strong essence by infusing a large quantity of tea in a small supply of water, and a little is put into a glass, which is then filled with hot or cold water, as desired. The true Russian never puts sugar into his cup. He bites a piece as he sips his tea.

- A correspondent of the Boston Post writes asking: "Why not devote some of our 'prodigal' charities to the sending of the 30,000 surplus and marriageable women of Massachusetts out to Australia, where there are 300,000 marriageable men in excess of the supply of maids?" It's an excellent suggestion, but would the maids consent?

- Mrs. Ernest Richards, wife of a young Englishman, died in Wilmington, N. C., recently and her deathbed request was that her husband should tion, source of Political Power." immediately marry her friend, Miss Minnie Pearce, of Southport. Richards and Miss Pearce were married Thursday at Fayetteville, the young lady's mother objecting to the marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Richards will leave at once for England on a visit.

- The only dangerous weapon that Arthur Hamel, of Holyoke, Mass., carries, is a three-foot snake, which he totes around under his shirt bosom. Arthur was taken to the lock-up a few days ago and when asked if he had any weapons produced his snake, which perched upon his shoulder and struck at the cops who came near him. He subject of education. shares his bed and board with the

- A novel method of encouraging forestry was undertaken by the Indiana Legislature last year, and as it makes it worth the farmer's while to set out and maintain trees, there are signs that it will be productive of much good in the course of time. Most every farmer has some land on his place of small value, yet he must pay a good average tax on the whole. By setting out 170 trees to each acre of this poor land and maintaining it for three years the farmer can go to his county auditor and have the valuation for taxation reduced to \$1 per acre. This land may not be pastured till the trees attain a growth of four inches in diameter, when they are beyond the attacks of horses, cattle or sheep. That considerable interest is being taken in this plan may be seen from the fact that there is no reason why, in the course of the next quarter of a century, Indiana may not be reforested pretty thoroughly.

The optimist enjoys life whether

The P. M I. Commencement

Last Sunday morning at 11.30 o'clock

the commencement exercises of the Patrick Military Institute for 1900 were inaugurated at the First Baptist Church, the occasion being the delivering of the baccalaureate sermon by Rev. H. R. Mitchell, of Greenville. Mr. Chapman, pastor of the Church, and Mr. Campbell, pastor of the First - While trying to shoot a rat at M. E. Church, occupied seats on the rostrum and assisted in the services. A very large congregation was present. - The conviction is growing on the The cadets occupied the pews immedipublic that Admiral Dewey is willing ately in front of the rostrum, which to be vice president on the Bryan had been reserved for them. Mr. Mitchell selected as his text these - Acitizen of Philadelphia. Thomas | words from the book of Judges: "I will Collison, 25 years old, fell from his bi- go out as at other times before and cycle, broke his larynx and has lost the shake myself." The theme was the "Force of Habit," and the preacher lost no opportunity to impress upon coast that the fruit crop of this year the young gentlemen the danger of promises to be the largest California evil habits and evil companions. In a clear and forceful manner he pointed out to them the possibilities that lay before them and urged them to grasp census June 1st resigned their places | those opportunities. All in all it was one of the most appropriate, practical baccalaureate sermons it has ever been the United States will have expended our pleasure to listen to, and no doubt will result in great good.

On Monday afternoon the prize drill of the cadets took place on the Instilarge crowd of our people. The drill was perfect in ever maneuver and was watched with interest by the specta-Col. Patrick, in a few appropriate remarks, delivered the gold medal, which had been offered by Cadet Captain Timmerman for the most soldierly cadet, to Cadet J. F. Rawl.

On Monday evening the annual celebration of the Calophemian and Polyhemian Literary Societies took place in the chapel, which was beautifully and tastily decorated for the occasion. with flowers, evergreens and miniature United States flags. Following is the programme of the exercises of the

Music. Prayer by Rev. J. D. Chapman. Declamations.

Corp. W. L. Alston, "The Future Glory of our Nation." Instrumental Solo-Miss Ayres. Cadet H. A. Phelps, "The Putting

up of the Strve." Vocal Solo-"A Dream," arranged by J. C. Bartlett-Miss St. Armand.

Debate. Subject: "That Modern Inventions are Beneficial to the Laboring Classes." 1st Speaker-Cadet F. V. Tribble. Instrumental Solo-Selection from

3rd Speaker-Corp. J. L. Sanders.

4th Speaker-Corp. Eff Ridgell. Violin Solo-"Legandre Wieniawiski"-Mr. Silverman.

The debated question was referred to a committee consisting of Rev. J. D. Chapman, J. E. Breazeale, Esq., and Mr. J. J. Gilmer, who decided in favor

The speeches of all the cadets who participated in the exercises were well delivered, and the debate was one that would have done credit to older heads.

Yesterday at 11 o'clock a. m. another large crowd assembled in the chapel to greet the graduating class and listen to their orations. The following are the graduates and the subjects of their

Cadet E. R. Parker, of this County. Subject-"Literature, an Exponent of National Life." Cadet J. B. Felton, of this County,

subject-"Little Things." Cadet E. H. Nardin, of this city, subject-"Samuel Davis."

Cadet G. B. Timmerman, of Edgefield County, S. C., subject-"Educa-

These young gentlemen handled their respective subjects in an able and interesting manner, evincing deep study and careful preparation.

The four graduates were then presented with their diplomas by Col. Patrick.

On account of the Southern train being late, Dr. Lee Davis Lodge, President of Limestone College, who was the annual orator for the occasion, was delayed in reaching the city. While waiting for his arrival J. L. Tribble, Esq., at the request of many! of those present, made a practical talk on the

It was after 1 o'clock when Dr. Lodge arrived and he was carried immediately to the chapel. In a few well chosen words Col. Patrick introduced the distinguished orator. The Doctor's address was framed on the subject of manhood, which, indeed, was very appropriate to the occasion. The three main points were faith in God, faith in man and faith in himself. It was throughout a most interesting and scholarly address and will make a lasting impression on all who heard it.

Col. Patrick and his assistants deserve the congratulations they are receiving on the success of the commencement.

- A duel to the death was fought by Emmet Coy ane Bonifacid Perez, cowboys, in Hidalgo County, Texas, with rifles, both men falling in their tracks. - An expedition, consisting entirely