# HATS!

## For Men And Boys.

IT is more important that good taste should be exhibited in the selection of a Hat than any other article of wearing exact purpose no one seems to know apparel. A man may be richly dressed, but no one but himself will appreciate the fact unless he is attired in a stylish

### LONGLEY HATS,"

and becoming Hat. We are sole agent of the renowned-

Which have attained a degree of excellence in the art of Hat thing as this, however, should not making second to none in the world, and are recognized as such by the most fastidious. We have just received our new styles, and you are invited to inspect them. The Longley Hats are priced \$3.00, but we have a variety of other good Hats at from \$1.00 to \$2.50, and at every price between.

# B.O. Evans & Co.

THE SPOT CASH CLOTHIERS.

WHITE FRONT.

### HOLD TIGHT

To what you have until you see our lines and Prices of everything in-

General Merchandise.

Percales, Piques, Ducks, White Goods,

And other Spring Goods. You special attention to our Grocery Department. FLOUR. MOLASSES, TOBACCO, Etc. In big lots to go cheap. Yours truly,

> MOORE, ACKER & CO, Wholesale and Retail Merchants.

R. B. DAY, M. D. EVANS & DAY, PENDLETON, S. C.

DRUGS and MEDICINES. Perfumery, Toilet Articles.

Fancy Scaps, Sponges, Combs, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Rubber Goods and Druggist Notions, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dyes, Buists' Garden Seeds.



#### WE ARE REACHING

OUT for more business and want to do your LAUNDRY WORK. Our place is the best equipped in the city. Everything that would improve the quality of the work and enhance its finish is done, as all of our operators are experts and their skill, experi ence and care insure perfect results.

ANDERSON STEAM LAUNDRY CO. 202 East Boundary St.

R. A. MAYFIELD, Supt. and Treas. PHONE NO. 20.

wa. Leave orders at D. C. Brown &

## WOOD'S HIGH GRADE

to-day one of the largest in this Country. A result due to the fact that quality has always been our first consideration. We supply all Seeds required for the Farm

**GRASS & CLOVER SEEDS.** Cow Peas, Cotton Seed, Seed Oats, Seed Corn, Soja, Navy & Velvet Beans, Sorghums, Broom Corn, Kaffir Corn, Peanuts, Millet Seed, Rape, etc.

Wood's Descriptive Catalogue gives the fullest information about these and all other Seeds; best methods of culture, soil best adapted for differerent crops and practical hints as to what are likely to prove most profitable to grow. Oatalogue mailed free upon request.

T. W. WOOD & SONS.

FROM THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

From Our Own Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19, 1900. The muddled condition of the Republican party in regard to Porto Rico should be highly encouraging to the Democrats, who, sticking fast to the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution, can afford to watch with complacency the struggles of their or ponents to square their consciences with their dealing and with political expediency as well. With the House pulling one way, the Senate pulling the other and the President on the fence ready to flop, it is difficult to tell just how the matter will finally be adjust-ed. It now seems likely, however, that the \$2,000,000 gift bill will be joined with the tariff bill so amended as to strike out duties on goods sent from the United States to Porto Rico. The provision for a delegate in Congress will also be stricken out, for what unless it is to enforce the fact that the Porto Ricans are a "subject people." The combined bill as amended will supply the Porto Rican government with necessary money for temporary expenses, will put its markets at the mercy of American manufacturers and will still retain 15 per cent. protection for the United States sugar and tobacco trusts. Thus everybody ought to be happy, except the Porto Rican people who will pay the duty and be taxed without representation. Such a little trouble Americans whose ancestors went to war with the greatest empire in the world because of its attempt to enforce a similar state of affairs against them. How clearly all this is a matter of expediency is shown by the fact that the agreement was only obtained by the threat of Senator Foraker that if something of the kind was not decided on, he would introduce a bill giving full territorial rights to Porto Rico, and force it to passage by the assistance of the Democratic votes.

The administration continues to oppose the Davis amendment to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and Secretary Hay has gone so far as to supply the British with a reason for rejecting it if adopt-ed, by asserting officially that a similar provision in the Suez convention was omitted intentionally "because the conditions were different." When Lord Salisbury quotes his own language back to him, Mr. Hay will doubtless be at a loss to reply. The amendment, however, in the opinion of all Demo-cratic Senators, is worse than useless, in that it does not give us the right to fortify. Without that right, we can only "defend" the canal by keeping a fleet of warships at each end of it, and can be produced at home. that we are likely to have no warships to spare after defending our enormous coast line against any first-class power. However, the Republicans have got to do something to hold up their end, and not confess defeat on every suggestion and policy that they make, and so it is prebable that the treaty will be amended and

The publishers of the country continue to make bitter attacks on the Loud Postal Bill. One of them, John Elderkin, of New York, said recently: "Mr. Loud does not realize the trouble he is making for the administration. His bill, if it passes, will cause more loss and embarrassment to the country press than anything that has happened in twenty-five years. If Mr. Loud wishes to know how limiting sample copies to 500 of any one issue will affect the country press in towns of over five thousand inhabitants, let him talk with Perry Heath or any other well informed newspaper man who has had experience in building up the circulation of a newspaper in a small city. The country newspapers did an immense service in the campaign which resulted in the election of McKinley, and the ten thousand and more newspapers which did the work are entitled to some consideration from Mr. Loud. although he seems to think that the principal thing to be accomplished by the passage of his bill is his vindica-

The hold up of General Wheeler's resignation is likely to have serious consequences for the soldier-statesman and will probably result in his having to be re-elected before he can take his seat in Congress, which, it is rumored, was exactly the end which the man who held it up had in view. If General Wheeler's resignation had been accepted before Congress convened he could have taken his seat without a word of protest, but now he cannot do so. The question is who in the War Department was able to work his spite against the little general-Otis, Corbin or some underling? When the general, on his arrival at San Francisco from the Philippines, announced that he had resigned from the army last. November, Adjutant General Corbin stated in positive terms that he had not before heard of the resignation. The next day Gen. Corbin said Gen. Wheeler's resignation had just reached him from the White House, where it had lain, according to the Adjutant General, for nearly two months. Hence it is probable that unless General Wheeler, who is mainly interested, insists upon an explanation, the matter will be allowed to remain just as it is, doubtless to the infinite relief of General Otis and the Adjutant General. The country, however, will not be so well pleased, to learn of the possibilities for carelessness and spite work in the military service disclosed by the incident. jutant General Corbin stated in posiSelling Crops in Advance.

Regarding the proposition that Southern farmers should sell on a basis of New York futures for September and Octobor delivery their crops of cotton not yet planted, Col. A. B. Shepperson, of New York, writes in last week's Manufacturer's Record as

"No farmer could sell his crop on the basis of prices for September and October delivery unless he agreed to deliver it during those months. He could deliver only a small proportion of his crop by that time, as picking usually goes on until December and and sometimes n uch later. He could for the purpose of selecting a commitonly sell with safety for delivery in November and December, and New York future; for these months all of delegates to the reunion at Louisville nearly half a cent lower than for September delivery. The present price for November delivery would leave the farmer, after paying freight, commissions and other charges, about seven cents a pound for middling cotton. This should not be regarded a very tempting price, since it has been exceeded during every calendar year, with one exception, since 1826.

"Should the farmer sell now for next fall or winter, and prices before then should advance for any reason, he would have to make a deposit of money equal to the advance, and the raising of this money might prove inconvenient and expensive. If the farmer should sell more than his crop turned out to be he would have to buy of his neighbors to make up the quantity. In the event of higher prices ruling at that time than he had sold at, he might thus suffer a considerable loss, besides having to part with all of his crop at a lower price than his neighbors were receiving. If, from the condition of his crop late in the summer, the farmer should feel reasonably confident of making 200 bales of cotton it would be wise, perhaps, to sell 100 bales for November or December delivery, against his crop, if the price was satisfactory. This would be safe and perfectly legitimate, and is frequently done through Southern factors.

"The old adage that a 'shoemaker should stick to his last,' though very homely, is nevertheless true in a general way, the exceptions but serving to prove the rule. A farmer should not try to be a speculator. His training, his environment and his faculties are ail against his success, and handicap him in the struggle with men of keener wits, greater opportunities and less innate honesty.

"Let the farmer use better and more scientific methods, studying closely the needs of his soil, so as to get the greatest yield at the least cost of production. Let him buy nothing which

proper selection and more liberal use of fertilizers would give far better results to the cotton growers than the large increase in acreage which is now so generally expected."

#### Talk About the Fertilizer Fuss.

A few days ago the State gave the figures as to the sale of fertilizer tax tags for this year, showing that up to date the fertilizer companies had bought very nearly as many tags as for the whole of last year, an increase of over \$18,000 more than had been bought at the same time last year, all of which indicated that if the companies were not actually selling more fertilizers than last year they at least expected a heavier business.

Yesterday one of the leading farmers of the State, who is a well known Allianceman, and who is well posted on such matters, was seen in the city, and asked if he thought the farmers were not sticking up to their resolutions. He said that while the figures seemed unquestionally to show that more fertilizers were being bought this year, he did not think that this was really the case. As his reason for this he said he thought the farmers, being in better shape, were buying their fertilizers earlier than usual this year.

He cited the instance of a mill that had sold out its supply as early as February this year, whereas it had not sold out last year until the last of April. He also stated that the farmers were really not paying more than the 10 per cent, advance on last year's price, which they agreed upon in all their anti-trust meetings. In a few instances here and there small farmers had been caught napping by jobbers, but as a general thing the bulk of the sales have been within the 10 per cent. advance. He went on to say that there would undoubtedly be a large crop of cotton planted this year and he thought there was bound to be another season of good prices, come what may. The South Carolina crop, however, he does not expect to be as large as the planting would indicate. He says he has nover known a big crop to follow a wet winter such as this winter has been. He looks for a midsummer drought that will demoralize the cotton crop and reduce the production very mate-

The State. Alliance wlll meet on the second Tuesday in July in this city and the speaker thought by that time the truth of his view would be apparent .-The State.

- Although the Transvaal is 1,000 miles nearer the equator, the temperature averages much lower than at Pendleton Items.

Mr. W. J. Martin has been very sick. We are glad to say he is better, and trust that he will soon beable to be out

Miss Catherine Martin is very sick. We wish her a speedy recovery.

Mrs. Lay is quite sick with la grippe. Mr. H. J. Martin has been at his father's sick for some time, but we are glad to say he is much improved.

Miss Pearl Norris, who has been teaching school at Melton Academy, has returned home.

Camp Tallie Simpson, 1,006, are requested to meet Saturday, March 31st, tee man to confer with General Walker in reference to the plans, route, &c., Ky. Come one, come all old Vets.

Miss Lettie Grice, who has been teaching school near Pelzer, has returned home. TELL TALE.

#### Pisgah Items.

We thought, Mr. Editor, when we last wrote that we would not give you any more news until the rain had ceased, although we have waited these weary weeks of wet weather, until we have decided to give you a few dots, rain or shine.

There has been but little progress on the farm, although we have plenty of time to prepare more land yet than we can cultivate.

During these dark and rainy daysour section has been honored by several visitors, which has helped to keep us in good spirits.

Dr. James E. Algood, one of young men of bright intellect who has been attending the lectures at the Atlanta Medical College for the past sersion, is at home and is looking as if Atlanta agreed with him.

Mr. Burdine Smith, who has taken a business course in Macon, Ga., has returned home

Mr. Rufus McAlister, of the Easley High School, spentSunday with his pa-

Quite a large large congregation worshipped at this place on Sunday. Our pastor, Rev. D. W. Hiott, preached an excellent sermon. Mr. Hiott is beloved by all, and is doing an excellent work ans Reunion will now be wholly in the in our Church and community. We charge of those conducting the pre have a flourishing Sunday-School which never went into winter quarters. Mr. Wm. E. Long is our superintendent.

price of cotton. Look out, dear fellows, don't indulge too heavily in take five cents this Fall.

Mrs. Belle Smith and childred have moved to her father's, Mr. B. F. Maul-

Mr. J. F. McAlister has purchased the stock of goods of the late J. L. Smith and will do a general merchandise business at the same stand. Mr. McAlister is a most energetic man and we wish him much success.

Mrs. J. M. Webb has been unwell for some time we hope she will soon re-UNCLE REMUS. cuperate.

#### Mormon Elders Infest Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 14'-Two mormon elders who came here several weeks since are making determined efforts to convert the city. Nothing seems to daunt them.

Falling in their scheme to be allowed the privilege of preaching on the streets and falling also in their effort to lease a park for religious purposes, they have undertaken the house to house canvass. Many stories have been told by indignant people who have been forced to listen to the door step preaching of the crow flies to the nearest law book and

The elders have been taking a special delight in trying to get their doctrines forced into the minds of the female population of the city. They have been through every portion of the house in connection with his hotel, city. It makes but little difference to them who answers the ring at the door bell, and the ower of the first head to appear is asked to accept the faith of offered to bet Hoover, the defendant's Brigham Young as the only true guide to a happy life.

Enough Mormon literature has been scattered in the city within the past two weeks to stock a whole country in | rally at a loss how to parry this forcible Utah, and the elders are still at their work. They are out for the converts, but have been receiving very little encouragement.

- The Czar of Russia's army is the only one in Europe that can boast of feminine medical officers.

— The German war authorities have duplicates of all bridges in France. If, in case of war, any of these bridges were destroyed they could be replaced in six hours.

#### How's This.

We offer Ose Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

We, the undersigned have known F... Chency for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, C. WALDING. KINNAM & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Hall's Family Pills are the test.

General News Items.

Boston is noted for its charitable institutions, and yet a woman starved to death on the streets the other day. - The United States Monetary League will meet at Kansas City on the same day the national democratic convention does, and will probably act in concert with the convention in spirit if

not in formal acts. -- A Florida correspondent writes the American Agriculturist that he now frequently makes \$1,200 worth of lettuce on an acre of swamp land thought a few years ago to be worthless for growing anything valuable.

- The souvenir badge of the Confederate Rennion at Louisville, May 30 to June 3, will be a celluloid canteen with the profile of Winnie Davis, daughter of the Confederacy, on the one side and the Winnie Davis rose on

prophesy that before the twentieth dom, to which she will return from her century reaches middle age farming in England will be mostly carried on by syndicates. His conclusion is that the laborer's dislike to the soil is rooted and permanent, and that the only way against their religion to kill even venonous rentiles. to get on will be by cultivating large areas and making a free use of ma-

- The Court and the ministers of Uniontown, Pa., has started a crusade against profanity and blasphemy on the streets and a number of arrests have been made. Among those locked up the other night was a woman, who ternoons this Spring and Summer. was arrested while indulging in a flow of profanity on Main street. The Court has instructed the constables to clean out the bar rooms where ribald blasphemy in rampant.

- In a divorce case in Kentucky, brought by the husband against his wife on the ground that she was a habitual drunkard, Judge Storey re fused to grant the divorce because the evidence showed that the husband had been married before and had entered into the second marriage within four months of the death of his first wife, and in so doing he had been guilty of a want of ordinary care.

- Louisville's appropriation of \$20 000 for the coming Confederte Veterparations for the meeting, as a voucher was approved last Tuesday night by both boards paying to Mr. Attilla Cox, as

has gone him one better. He holds that society would be greatly improved planting this crop. You may have to if the commonwealth would kill off its criminals of high and low degree and execute all cripples, panpers, idiots, imbeciles-moral and mental. - Sunday night while walking along

Lincoln street near the new trestle of the Seaboard Air Line, Mr. Eads, one of the trestle foremen, was attacked by some four-legged animal. Mr. Eads kicked the animal off, but it returned to the attack with the viciousness of a wildcat. Mr. Eads defended himself as best he could, backing away as fast as possible. Finally he stepped on a long iron trestle bolt. He kicked the animal away and as he did so picked up the bolt, meeting the renewed attack with a heavy blow which kille the animal. He then struck a match ! and found that he had been battling in the dark with an extraordinarily large muskrat. Where it came from can only be a matter of conjecture .-The State, March 13.

- In one of the remote counties of the Panhandle of Texas two lawyers were trying a case before a justice of the peace. It was sixty miles as the the attorneys differed, of course, as to the law upon the main issue in the case. They were trying the case without the intervention of a jury and his Honor, who conducted a gambling saloon and livery stable, was in doubt as to what his decision ought to be. Finally Miller, the plaintiff's counsel, attorney, ten dollars that he was right. Hoover did not happen to have that much of the circulating medium concealed about his person and was natuargument. The Court waited a few moments for Hoover and finally said: "Well, Mr. Hoover, the Court has waited long enough. Miller's proposition seems to be a fair one, and since you don't put up I will decide this case in favor of the plaintiff." -- As is well known the Standard Oil

company has recently advanced the price of kerosene oil three cents on the gallon, which seems on its face a mere bagatele, but it is not. The Standard Oil company produces 1,700,000,000 gallons of coal oil annually, and it sells only 850,000,000 gallons in the United States. Multiply this by the cents, and you have \$25,500,000, as the profits on the increase alone, and when we add as much more to the foreign sales we have the stupendous sum of \$51,000,000 poured into the coffers of Mr. Rockfellow by the poor people of the world in one year, as aresult of this insignificant raise of three cents per gallon.

A tragedy, the causes leading to still a mystery, occurred at Blackville, Barnwell county, last week. B. R. Carroll, of that town, was, according to reports, coming up the street from a blacksmith shop, where he had been, when D. P. Johnson emerged from the store of Briggs, Buist & Co. and fired twice at Carroll with a shotgun loaded with buckshot. The range was so close that the wads entered the clothing. Carroll fell mortally wounded, and then Johnson, stanling over him, emptied the contents of a revolver into his head. Carroll lived three hours, despite his wounds. No explanation is given. Carroll was to have been tried for his life at the approaching term of court on the charge of murdering James Bolin last Christmas. He leaves a wife and two children. The street was filled with peo-

ple at the time of the killing. - Mrs. Conger, wife of the minister of China, has many pleasant words to -- An agricultural expert ventures to say for her life in the Oriental King-

#### Notice.

ALL persons laving business with me are requested to call during the farencon. acmy office will be closed during the af-

JOSEPA N. BROWN,

#### FOR SALE.

ONE "Empire" Wheat Drill and Gu-ano Distributor. New and in good condition. Also, one "Kemps" Manure Spreader. For particulars address R. W. SHELOR, Seneca, S. C.

Have seen this machine in operation-t does nice work. G. W. Gientilliat. T. M. Lowery. March 21, 1900

#### Notice to Creditors.

ALL persons having demands against the Estate of W. L. Prince, deceased, are hereby notified to present them, properly proven, to the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law, and those indebted to make payment.

GEO. E. PRINCE,
J. M. RICHARDSON,
Executors.

March 21, 1900 39 3

#### NOTICE.

Mr. Long is a man of high Christian character, and how manage a Sunday-School successfully.

The people of this vicinity have set apart Saturday, the 24th inst., to clean off the cemetery. We hope the community at large will turn out and put the cemetery in respectable condition.

Quite a number of our farmers are wearing broad smiles over the fancy price of cotton. Look out, dear felution and the increase of the Capital Stock as proposed to said maximum amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Immediately upon the adjournment of the Special meeting there will be held the regular Annual Meeting of the Stock-holders to transact such business as may come before them.

W. F. COX, Pres. and Treas,

March 21, 1900 Opening Books Subscription.

#### State of South Carolina.

County of Anderson.

County of Anderson.

DURSUANT to a Commission issued to the undersigned as Corporators by M. R. Cooper, Secretary of State, on the 12th day of March, 1900, notice is hereby given that Books of Subscription to the Capital Stock of the Pendleton Oil and Fertilizer Company will be opened at Bank of Pendleton, in the Town of Pendleton, State and County aforesaid, an April 3rJ, 1990, at 10 a. m. The said proposed Corporation will have a Capital Stock of \$20,000, divided into 200 Shares of the par value of \$100.00 each, with its principal place of business at Pendleton, S. C., and will be empowered to engage in the business of manufacturing the products of Cotton Seed, Fertilizers, &c.

M. M. HUNFER,
J. J. SIFTON,
S. L. ESKEW,
March 21, 1900.

Corporators.

#### Road Tax Notice.

Office of County Commissioners,
Anderson, S. C., March 6, 1900

A Ta meeting of the Board of County
Commissioners the following resolution was adopted:
Resolved, That the County Treasurer
be, and he is hereby instructed, to receive
the one dollar commutation road tax up
to and including the last day of March
inst., and after that date not to receive
less than one dollar and fifty cents from
any one under any circumstances, and less than one dollar and fifty cents from any one under any circumstances, and the Township Sub-Commissioners must require four days' work instead of three or collect \$1.50 from each delinquent, and on their failing to collect \$1.50 each or requiring four days' work, they will be held accountable. The last session of the Legislature made the change in the law to four days instead of three as heretofore.

That this resolution be presented.

The information of these concerned.

J. N. VANDIVER,

H. F. CELY,

J. T. ASHLEY,

Board Co. Com. That this resolution be published for

#### Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given that the part-nership heretofore existing be-tween A. C. Strickland and W. J. King, under the Dental firm name of Strickland de King, expired by the term of the partnership agreement on December 3ist, 1899, and the undersigned will not be liable for any debts or contracts of said firm after said date. All outstanding accordes of the above firm must be settled at once with the undersigned. W. J. KING.

March 15, 1900.

P. S.—I will continuo business at the old stand in Masonic Temple. Thanking the public for past favors and soliciting a continuation of the same. I am, yours truly,
W. J. KING