The Board of Directors of the Atlanta Exposition have decided not to open the Exposition on Sundays. This is a wise

There is a rumor affeat that the railway companies and express companies are about to split and that the railways will hereafter carry their own express matter.

Governor Culberson and the State of Texas seem to be somewhat disfigured, but are still in the ring and may knock out Corbett, Fitzsimmons, Stuart & Co.

The principal thing needed to make Democratic success next year a certainty is party harmony. With harmony the party can win; without harmony it cannot possibly win.

Henry Watterson announces that he is entirely out of politics, and will make no further political speeches under any circumstances. He will go to Europe next year, to be wholly out of the campaign.

Sam Jones says he has a supreme contempt for the pharisee who loves to pray ding in the synagogue, while he keeps his property in his wife's name to keep from settling with creditors. And Sam's "bump" of contempt is pretty well developed.

We regret that the resolution introduced by Hon. George D. Tillman in the Constatutional Convention, providing a whipping post for punishing certain offences, was killed. It is a wise mode of punishment and would reach a certain class of criminals where everything else would

The end of the present year will find our people better off than they have been since the war. Business of every kind is good and improving. Southern manuictores are prosperous and Southern agriculture has been prosperous. The sources and advantages of the South are receiving just recognition and the future is very bright for this section.

The Constitutional Convention has been in session three weeks, and comparatively nothing has been done yet. The past week has simply been a week of lebate on any and all kinds of matters, and Ben. Tillman has been the leading spirit at the last moment in nearly every debate that has taken place. He is boss of the Convention, and whenever he cracks his whip the coat-tail swingers fall in line and obey his commands.

This astonishing statement is made by the Manufacturer's Record: "One thousand million dollars a year would be the annual value of the cotton of the South if it were all manufactured at home, and the time is fast coming when the world's cotton mills must come to the world's chief cotton field-the South. This means wonderful increase in the wealth of the South: it means a rate of progress and a degree of prosperity never seen be-

The Columbia Evening News, which has been a strong supporter of the Tillman-Evans administration, thus speaks of the Noble Leader: "Senator Tillman has been plunging about like a demented being in the Convention. His fierce onslaughts upon men, and his active partisanship for local measures seemed trange and inexplicable. But stranger still has been his mode of reasoning, if it can be dignified by that term. A feeling of discontent against him is widespread among the Reformers in the Convention There is no use disguising the fact."

Nothing speaks higher for a community than the presence of good roads. A prossective land buyer going into a section of country looking for a farm is influenced very greatly by the condition of the publie highways. He knows if those are well kept that the community is both prosperous and progressive. It is not a matter for the eye alone. There is economy in good roads, expensive though they may seem. On a solid smooth road every teamster knows he can haul heavier loads with greater ease, to say nothing of the wear and tear of the vehi-

Connecticut is the latest State to enac a "good-roads law." The Act is a simple one. It provides for a commission of three members, to be appointed by the Governor, whose duty it shall be to over see the work of macademizing roads, and assess the cost of the improvement in three equal parts-on the towns, the county and the State. The State's outlay is limited to \$75,000. The road improving is to be limited by the towns themselves; after the roads are selected, it is for the commissioners to see that the work is properly done, and the cost duly

The resolution formulated by the executive committee of the national silver nmittee call for a conference for the third Tuesday of December, 1895, at Chicago, "to take action in formulating a plan for holding a national convention to nominate candidates for president and vicepresident of the United States upon a platform, with the sole plank providing for the restoration of silver to its constitutional place in the currency of our country-without awaiting the action of any other nation on earth." Now here is an opportunity for Ben Tillman and those of his followers who desire to go

It now looks as if the Port Royal and Western Carolina road will be sold on the 17th inst. The indications were a few days ago that there would be no sale. Receiver J. B. Cleveland said this was because the Central Trust Company of New York had taken an appeal. Since then important developments have taken place in New York in regard to the securitles of the Port Royal and Western Carolina held by the Central Trust Company. They were sold at public auction and bid in by Messrs. Thomas and Ryan, representing the Central Railroad Company. This was a preliminary step and

that the managers were forced to turn down applicants by the thousands because they could not be cared for. In New York city a number of buildings were built in anticipation of the increase children and making available all the room at their command the managers were compelled to refuse the admittance to 40,000 children. Just think of it. Forty thousand young boys and girls knocking at the door of the seat of learnsuch a thing to happen in these days of enlightenment and progress. In Chicago the situation was worse than in New York. In that modern metropolis the public school authorities turned away 60,000 children.

shrieked as the lid was raised, "For God's sake, don't shoot."

The arrest has caused great excitement and there are threats of lynching the murderer, but Mayor Salmonson says he proposes to keep his pledge to protect Singleton. The military companies are under arms ready to protect the jail from a mob.

Roanoke river bottoms where ten days ago only ten bales were open, 700 bales are now open. The superintendents of the State's farms declare that in three weeks all the cotton worth picking will be open. Picking is going on rapidly. Shedding of bolls and leaves continues, and the estimate is that there will be only half an average crop in the State. 60,000 children.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

Special Correspondence of the Intelligencer COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 30, 1895. Like Banquo's ghost it appears that the dispensary will not down. The Committee on Police Regulations reported a section which was regarded as a compromise and which it was thought would be entirely satisfactory to all elements. It was proposed to recognize the constitutionality of the dispensary law and to leave the settlement of the matter in the hands of the General Assembly, as the exigencies demanded. The committee had before it a resolution that "the General Assembly shall have no authority to license the sale of intoxicating liquors or beverages by persons or corporations in this State." The committee, however,

declined to incorporate this provision, but when the matter came up on the ficor of the house a strong and well considered fight was made for its adoption. Every the advanced price, notwithstanding the one seemed to be willing to admit that great stocks on hand, testify to the belief the dispensary law was still in its experimental stage, but no one seemed inclined to say a kind word for the saloon of the past. It was only through the persuasion of Senator Tillman that the Clayton, or anti-saloon resolution, was not passed in its original shape. He urged that in view of pending litigation and possible complications that it would be best not to adopt an irone ad provision by which the State would be forced to have prohibition if the dispensary did not stand. He, too, was against the old style barroom and offered a substitute by which, if the State should ever return to the license system, the dispensary features as to the original packages and early closing would be adopted. The whole matter is still under discussion, and about the only thing that seems certain is that the old barroom

The first fight of the week was on the matter of the term of office of the Governor. There was a lively and sharp fight over the matter, and coupled with the algorous support of Senator Tillman and the committee's report, the two-year-term advocates carried the day by a vote of 64 to 47. Although it was not expected the Conservatives were practically unanimous for the two-year term,

system has precious few friends among

The new county matter is in about as much a tangle as it has ever been. The committee has been equally divided, and the Convention has consented to allow both of the sections of the committee to report. The small county portion of the committee has reported on a four hundred square mile basis for new and old counties. The old county is not to have less than ten thousand inhabitants nor be educed to less than a million and a half of taxable property. The other half of the committee provides that an election shall be held, and if a majority of the vo-ters vote "yes," that then the matter of ters vote "yes," that then the matter of the new county may be taken up. This report provides that new counties shall not contain less than four hundred square miles and old counties shall not be left with less than five hundred square miles. The report of this committee makes a further provision that no new county less provision that no new county line further provision that no new county line shall be run nearer than ten miles to an established Court House. Every one expects that when this fight comes up before the Convention that it will be one of the most vicious during the entire session of the Convention. There has already been more exhibition of feeling about this matter than anything else that has yet come up, and the Convention itself has not yet had an opportunity to say anything on it.

The right of removal has gotten to be almost a perennial subject for legislative consideration. It has consumed considcrable time in the Convention, and after a long discussion the right of suspension was finally agreed upon. This, however, was not done until it was agreed that the grand jury brought in a true bill against the official supposed to be short in his accounts. In this way the State is given ample protection and the Governor hasn't the arbitrary power that has all along been feared in connection with this power.

er.

The unwritten law which has compelled the Legislature to adjourn at Christmas, after a session of only about thirty days, necessarily resulted in hasty legislation, which, in the end, cost the State more than the extension of the session would have done. For a long time there has been an effort to effect a change in the time of meeting of the Legislature, and it has at last been accomplished. The Convention on Saturday, by a large maand it has at last been accomplished. The Convention on Saturday, by a large majority, changed the time of meeting to the second fuesday in January. It was argued that such a time would sult farmers better than any other, and that, as there would be no great incentive for members to hurry home, what they did would be done after due deliberation and thereasth discussion. Senator Tillman. thorough discussion. Senator Tillman, however, made a vigorous fight for a lim-itation of the time of the sittings, and itation of the time of the sittings, and succeeded in having it made forty days with pay, leaving it optional with the Legislature to sit longer if it wished without compensation. The provision for a forty days' session will not apply to the four sessions after the Constitution is adopted The first session under the new order will be held in January, 1897, which will make no Legislature for the year 1896. The question of compensation for the members was not definitely settled on Saturday, but a test yote showed that the adopted The first session under the few order will be held in January, 1897, which will make no Legislature for the year 1896. The question of compensation for the members was not definitely settled on Saturday, but a test vote showed that the Convention favored \$4 per diem instead of \$3 as the committee recommended.

of \$3, as the committee recommended.
The forty day provision was excepted
from affecting the four succeeding sessions after the adoption of the Constitution, because it is believed with the organio law changed the Legislature should not be limited in making present laws and future ones conform to the new order

ion people won by a majority of one. A recess was then taken and the expectarecess was then taken and the expecta-tion was that the fight would be renewed with redoubled vigor, but on reassem-bling Senator Tillman introduced a meas-ure permitting municipalities to exempt such factories provided a majority of qualified voters so decided at an election. As the law now stands any factory, no matter what its capital stock may be, may be exempted from taxation for five years provided the yoters so decide.

The Convention yet has a vast amount of very important work to do.

The Committees on Suffrage, Educa-The Committees on Surrage, Education and Judiciary have yet to make their reports and recommendations, and in all of them there is a great diversity of opinion as to what is best to be done. The Suffrage Committee will report a plan modeled on the Mississippi plan, and the chief question at issue among the Committee men is whether to have one supermitteemen is whether to have one supervisor or a non-partisan board. With all this in store there is absolutely no telling when the Convention will get through. Those best informed predict that at least one month more will have to be spent here before the Convention can complete

The Committee on Corporations has toned down its report very materially, and has taken out the section with reference to interest that it was feared was going to cause much trouble. The Convention has agreed to hold hight sessions regularly. A. K.

night sessions regularly. A Murderer in a Trunk.

makes the way easy for the Central to bid in the Port Royal and Western Care to in the Port Royal and Western Care to in the Port Royal and Western Care to in the larger cities of those States, had the effect of sending to the school houses such an enormous swarm of children that the managers were forced to turn. JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Sept. 30 .- A spe-The mayor accepted the proposition, and was informed that Singleton was at a house in the suburbs occupied by Ella Murray, a negress. Officers went to the house and searched it, but did not find Singleton.

As they were shout to leave a County of the mayor accepted the proposition, and negro is considered down here as poiso ous as that of a rattlesnake, and it almost always necessary to amputate the part affected.—New York Sun.

One ned as hy Magic

lance, but after crowding the As they were about to leave a Saratoga trunk was noticed, and some one suggested that it be searched. Ella Murray refused to give up the key, and the officers summoned a dray and had the trunk conveyed to the county jail. There it cotton crop is injured 33 per cent. this

Possibly the course of cotton prices will serve to convince some of our fanati-cal free silver friends that they were going a little too fast in flouting the law of supply and demand. They will doubtless be prepared to admit that there has been no change in the silver situation to account for the advance in the price of cotton within a twelve-month from 5 cents to 8½ cents; while on the other hand they behold a great increase in the demand for cotton goods and a reduction of three million bales in the crop, or thirty per cent. Our farmers need free dom for silver coinage. A contracted currency unquestionably necessitates low

The Cotton Crop.

prices; but prices would not be so low as to be unremunerative if the supply were not in excess of the demand.

Neill, of New Orleans, whose cotton crop estimates have been singularly verified for the last several years, judges the present crop to be from 7,000,000 to 7,250,000 bales, and so great is the confidence in his judgment that prices have again risen sharply and are now higher than they have averaged for five years. The large purchases of spots in Liverpool at of manufacturers in the permanence of the improvement. Indeed, the general belief seems to be that cotton will go considerably higher before it reaches its level of value, for consumption is heavy and constantly increasing with the advance of the business revival.

A friend writes us from Memphis:

"My business engagements carry me into portions of six States which I have covered regularly for the last year. I have just finished making a trip over five of these States right in the heart of the greatest cotton country in the world. greatest cotton country in the world. wing to the very excessive hot weather Owing to the very excessive hot weather the cotton has matured very rapidly and there is at least 85 per cent. of the crop open and ready for gathering. There is, however, an unusual amount of sickness among the laborers. Could they have a fair chance at picking the crop would be all housed by November 1, without a

large sections the crop will be 40 per cent. short on the acreage planted, which is estimated to be 75 per cent. of last year. have observed the conditions very losely, and have no hesitation in writing you, so that you may, if you see proper, advise our farmers as to the dis-position of their crop. "The farmers out here are better fixed

than for many years, in the way of supplies, and the business men are all in good spirits, as they have not advanced largely this year and will collect well They look forward to a good winter's trade." The only danger we can see now is that the unusually rapid opening of cotton, and perhaps the necessities of the farmers, may force the crop to market too
fast, and thus depress the price. It seems
to us that cotton ought to bring over nine
cents before the close of the year if it is
marketed with moderation. That would be just twice the price that a great deal of cotton was sold for last year. For two weeks last December cotton brought only

t cents in the local market. Yesterday t brought 8 cents. What an infinite difference in the condition of our people that implies! We not only have present and prospec-tive prices which would have been considered good ten years ago but the cotton has been made fully 33 per cent. cheaper, and the farmers have raised their own supplies. This ought to be a winter of debt paying and prosperity, teaching a lesson of infinite value to the farmers of the South.—Columbia State.

Playing with Fire,

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 25 .- The dispensary war has broke out afresh here and though the authorities will not give out the figures, it is no secret that the dispensaries here have been doing a losing business for the last three or four months. They are patronized only by the negroes, and who buy the lowest grade of goods on which there is very

Very recently the force of dispensary constables has been doubled and the police authorities have madelarge details Very recently the force of dispensary constables has been doubled and the police authorities have made large details of policemen to aid them. The two forces, however, operate each on their own account and a dozen raids are made daily. The latest and most unique method adopted by the State constabllary was exposed last night.

Two constables took seats in a swell the men in high stations in South Carollina and other States.

Wonday and the functional take place the day following.

Judge Bryan was very prominent during his career as a lawyer and while on the bench, from which he retired a few years ago. He was widely known as a man of learning and high intellectual ability and his friends include many of the men in high stations in South Carollina and other States.

Notice of Dissolution.

restaurant on King street and watched every customer from the time he entered the place till he left and followed them the place till he left and followed them even into the private dining rooms. These tactics will be followed up in the hope of crushing the "blind tigers" and will be succeeded shortly by numerous arrests of proprietors of supposed "blind tigers," who will be held for contempt of court in violating the injunctions that has been covered upon them. In the has been served upon them. In the mean time the whiskey constables are disregarding the orders of the Federal Court forbidding them to seize liquors sent into the State for private persons and are seizing everything in sight.

A squad of constables board every incoming steamer of the Clyde line and pounce on everything they see that looks like a liquor package.

Sawed Through the Bars. Somewhere between 1 and 4 o'clock yesterday morning, says the Columbia State, a bold escape was made from the their blankets with them, and by this means made a rope to let themselves down to the ground, and then securing a ladder they made their way over the outer wall to liberty. The authorities of the penitentiary are making diligent search for the men, and have published a descriptive list and an offer of reward,

and future ones conform to the new order of things.

One of the most interesting and hotly contested fights of the session so far was over the matter of exempting factories to be established from taxation for five years, by municipal corporations. Col. Talbert led the tight against exemption and Senator Tillman for it. Two votes were taken and both times the exemption railroad as a content of the session so far was over the matter of exempting factories to be established from taxation for five years, by municipal corporations. Col. Talbert led the tight against exemption and Senator Tillman for it. Two votes were taken and both times the exemption railroad as a content of the first place of nativity North Carolina, term six years; received February 9, 1895; height 5 feet 11½ inches, black hair, blue eyes and fair complexion, small scar on forehead, long nose and crooked to left; escaped September 26, 1895.

Landrum Williams, alias R. L. Williams (white), aged 24, crime shooting into railroad as a content of the second of the session so far was over the matter of exempting factories to be established from taxation for five years, by municipal corporations. Col. Talbert led the tight against exemption and Senator Tillman for it. Two votes were taken and both times the exemption and senator Tillman for it. Two votes were taken and both times the exemption and senator Tillman for it. scar on forehead, long nose and crocked to left; escaped September 26, 1895.

Landrum Williams, alias R. L. Williams (white), aged 24, crime shooting into railroad car, and assault with intent to kill, county Spartanburg, term four years; received February 9, 1895; height 5 feet 11 inches, black hair, brown ever and fair complexion; sear over eyes and fair complexion; scar over right eye, scar under right shoulder and on right arm above elbow; escaped September 26, 1895.

We will pay a reward of \$50 each for the capture and delivery at this office.

A Girl Minus two Lovers.

SAVANNAH, September 24 .- A Thom-SAVANNAH, September 24.—A Thomasville special to the Morning News says:
News has reached this city of a very bloody impromptu duel between C. W. Ragan and M. T. Shaw, two young men living near Meigs. The fight occurred over the line in Mitchell county. Each man fired five shots at his antagonist, four other taking effect in each case. four shots taking effect in each case. Ragan was killed on the spot, while Shaw was mortally wounded and died yester-day. It is said that the young men quarrelied over a girl. They had gone to see the girl together and were returning home when the quarrel took place. They got out of their buggy and fought it out. The young men belonged to the respectable farming class.

Bitten by a Blue-Gum Negro.

CORDELE, GA., August 26 .- This afternoon physicians amputated the right arm of Will Fuller, a negro, who came in from Abbeyville. The amputation was necessary on account of blood poisoning, resulting from the bite of a blue-gum negro. Fuller was working for contractors near Abbeyville. Friday, the 22d instant, he fought with Jim Pope, also an employee of the contractors. During the fight Pope bit Fuller on the forefinger of the right hand. The finger began to available to once and the availing soon the right hand. The inger began to swell at once, and the swelling soon spread to the hand and arm. To-day his arm was swollen to within three inches of the shoulder, and poison was affecting all the glands. The bite of a blue-gum negro is considered down here as poisonous as that of a rattlesnake, and it is almost always agreessary to amount to the

RALEIGH, Sept. 26 .- The drought con was opened and, as was expected, the murderer was found inside nearly suffocated. He had a pistol in his hand, but shrieked as the lid was raised, "For God's Roanoke river bottoms where ten days

The Historic Red Shirt.

GALVESTON, Sept. 26 .- F. A. Lewellyn In yours of the 13th inst. is a "special" today committed suicide by shooting himself in the temple with a 44-calibre from Honea Path, boosting the proposed new county, with Honea Path as the county seat. At that time it was intended to call the new county "Gary," and your correspondent said: "It is proposed to name the new county Gary, after the im mortal hero of 1876, the old 'Bald Eagle of Edgefield,' the man who did so much to free us trong perms domination upon the county seat. At that time it was intended to the Galveston creosote works. He was the Galveston creosote works. He was employed at the Galveston creosote works. He was the Galveston creosote works and the Galveston creosote works and the Galveston creosote works and the Galveston creosot to free us from negro domination, who inaugurated the red shirt movement and Lewellyn threw him down and held him inaugurated the red shirt movement and believed to drive the Radicals and the own head and fired. carpet-baggers from the borders of the

Determined to Die.

Playing with a Pistol.

playing with a pisto!. A shot was hear and the mother rushed into the room an

surely be an interesting one. The spec

plenty of men who, after casting off th gray, came here in pursuit of fortune, an found it. If the parade comes off we sha

print the names of some of these Confed

erate veterans living here, and we fe certain that many New Yorkers will

how large a number of Confederate veterans have won success here, or have an comprehension of their pride in their was

- A Nebraska woman has a case delirium tremens from the abuse of coffe

For many years she has been addicted

the use of very strong coffee in excessive quantities, frequently taking as many a

a dozen cups at a meal. Her nervousystem has suffered seriously as a resul

and on several occasions she has attemp to break off the habit, but without succe

aged to get along without touching t seductive beverage. At the end of

second day, however, her nerves were i

a state of almost complete collapse, and

few hours later an attack of what close resembled delirium tremens set in. T

physician called was at first deceived be the symptoms, but when the nature

Two Lives Saved.

Old people who require medicine t regulate the bowels and kidneys will fin

the true remedy in Electric Bitters. Th

NOTICE.

Teachers' Examination.

House on Friday, October 21, 1895, beginning at 9 a.m. Renewals are abolished

by law, and teachers whose licenses have

expired will present themselves for exam

ination. Taose who have taught ten con-secutive years in the County can have a

ten years an one County can have a ten years exemption certificate issued upon application. Applicates will bring pen, it and paper. D. H. RUSSELL, Oct 2, 1895 School Com.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold to the highest bidder at Anderson C. H., S. C., before the Court House door on Salesday in Novem-

ber next, at the usual hours of sale, the Lands of G A. Moore, deceased, if not

sold at private sale before that time. Sold

For distribution among the heirs.

Said Land adjoining the Town of Belton, the lands of Dr. Geo. Brown and A. C. Latimer on the South, Jesse Fant and John Telford on the East, W. F. Cox on

the North, G. W. McGee on the West, containing 259 acres, as surveyed and platted. Said Land is in a good state of

cultivation; about 50 acres desirable original forest for building location. Said place being well watered—two good wells,

place being well watered—two good weils, half-dozen good springs, with Broadmouth Creek running through said farm—desira-ble for a good strck farm. Large dwelling house, 7 rooms; cook house, 4 rooms; stables, barn; also, 3 tenant houses. N. H. Weloorn on the place will take

pleasure in showing said place to any one wishing to purchase, or A. R. Cox, at Honea Path, or address me at Summer

ville, Ga., Chattooga County, for furthe

information. Terms made known on day of sale. Purchaser to pay for papers. WM. MOORE,

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

THE Treasurer of Anderson County will open the Tax Books for the collection of State, County and Poll Taxes

for the fiscal year 1894 and 1895 at his office

in Anderson from October 15th to Decem-

ber 31st, 1895, except four days in Novem

ber. I will collect taxes at Pelzer one day,

at Piedmont one day, at Honea Path one day, at Cook's Station one day. The dates I will give later.

All parties owning property in more than one Township will make it known when

All male persons between the ages of 21 and 50 years are liable to Poll Tax.

The tax is as follows:

J. M. PAYNE, Treas A. C.

2 mills

+ mill

10 mills

Executor G. A. Moore, deceased.

Sept 30, 1895

size 50c. and \$1.60.

lmost frantic with grief.

Far be it from me to detract in the slightest degree from the meed of praise due to Martin Witherspoon Gary, the intrepid leader of the Edgefield Democracy in that famous campaign. He was my friend for twenty years prior to that great event in our history, and during the campaign of '76 we conferred many times and oft as to the means of gaining the redemption of our beloved State. But it is not right, at this late day, to give him credit for more than he did, and to ascribe praise for anything which is not justly mirers would do him an injustice in mak-

Gen. Gary did not inaugurate the red shirt movement, and is not entitled to the credit of it. He used it to very great advantage in the campaign, but this move-ment originated in Anderson County, and there were red shirts at Honea Path by the hundreds in the campaign meeting held there, at which Hampton spoke, and this was long before the meeting at Edge-

Not a red shirt was in South Carolina until after Hampton was nominated. In a few days after he became the standardbearer of the Democracy, a ratification meeting was held at Anderson, and there was an immense torchlight procession. The Democracy of Anderson County was thoroughly organized at that time, with upwards of twenty-five clubs, and in each club there was a company of mounted men who were regularly officered, and who were subject to the orders of the county chairman. The company at Pendieton was commanded by Augustus J. Sitton, who served as a private in the of South Carolina. He went to Anderson clad in the first red shirt that was ever made for this purpose in our State, and a few of his men were in like costume. The idea at once became popular in Anderson County, and when the campaign opened at Anderson, not only did Capt. Sitton bring his company fully uniformed in the red shirt, but there were hundreds of others in the long procession, which was headed by Hampton, who greeted their leader in this picturesque

form, and lost no time in putting Edge-field's Democracy into red shirts so that when the campaign got down that way he had thousands of men in this historic garb.
This correction is made simply to give honor where it is due. Mr. Sitton was the originator of the red shirt beyond question, and is entitled to whatever credit attaches to that feature of '76. He is a modest, unassuming man, and is leading a quiet life near Pendleton. His claim to this honor was recognized by Governor Hampton, who made him an aide-decamp in the spring of 1877, and the writer hereof knows the fact that Governor Hampton's appointment was based upon Mr. Sitton's being the originator of the red shirts. The files of the Executive office will show that this is true history.

Gen. Gary was one of the speakers at

the opening in Anderson, and he saw the red shirts there for the first time. He

expressed great admiration for the uni-

Death of Judge Bryan.

It was Anderson and not Edgefield that inaugurated this style of campaign.— "Verilas," in Columbia Register.

States District Judge George D. Bryan, died suddenly here this afternoon. He had been in poor health for some years and his death was not unexpected. The as a tonic and alterative, It acts mildle body will be taken to Charleston on on the stomach and bowels, adding strengt Monday and the funeral will take place and giving tone to the organs. thereby

He was the father of Isaac M. Bryan, learned lawyer of Greenville, J. P. Kennedy Bryan and Geo. D. Bryan, Jr., of Charleston, the former one of the most talented members of the bar of that city and the latter the collector of the port.

Told in a Dream.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 26 .- Yesterday fternoon the 17 months girl baby o James Green, living five miles south o Asheville, suddenly disappeared. By dark hundreds of persons were searching for the little toddler. One of the searchers was Jacob Morris, employed on the Vanderbilt estate. He searched till midnight and then went home and to bed, there he had a vivid dream to the effect that the child was lying asleep in an old field three quarters of a mile from her home. Morris started for work this morning, but soon felt compelled to turn back and visit the location indicated in back and visit the location indicated in his dream. There be found the baby sleeping soundly, where it had wandered, rag doll in hand, head pillowed on a stone. She was unharmed except that her legs were torn by briars.

Morphine Instead of Quinine.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Sept. 27.—A special to the *Times Union* from Ocala says that Guy Williams, of Crystal River, a bright youth of eighteen, died last night at 11:30 o'clock. He was the son of Mrs. Mary Williams Allen, one of the best known business women in the State. The son had been suffering from fever and his mother administered what she thought was quinine capsules, but found-too late —that they contained morphine. The youth was preparing to leave Monday to attend school at Gainesville, Ga. The mother's grief is heartrending at her mistake and its fatal result.

Beyond the Borders.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Sept. 30.-It was learned here this morning that negotiations have been quietly in progress for several days between the Florida athletic club and railroad officials in Mexico, looking to the pulling off of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight in that country across the river from Eagle Pass, or at some point below there on the line of the Mex-ican International road, in case it was found impossible to have it at Dallas or the Indian Territory. It is stated that the governor of Coabuila, Mex., guaranthe governor of Coandia, Mex., guarantees protection to the fighters.

President Stewart writes a friend here that he will positively pull the fight off somewhere on or before Oct. 31, if the principals are alive and ready to meet

He Did Not Die.

SELMA, ALA., Sept. 24.—Jeff Cobb, an aged man living in Summerfield, eight miles north of Selma, has been an invalid for three years. He called his children around his bed yesterday and told them that he was dying. A few minutes later his heart stopped beating. He ceased to breathe and his eyes became glassy and set. His grave was dug, a messenger was sent to this city for a coffin and grave clothes. Several hours later life returned to the supposed corpse and after stimu-lants were administered Cobb was able to talk. He is still alive to-day but it is feared he cannot live. The coffin and grave clothes are held in an adjoining

For nearly a year work has been done owards the artistic improvement of Untowards the artistic improvement of the cle Sam's paper money, and in the near future new one, two, five and ten dollar bills will be issued that the officials be-lieve will be the most artistic notes ever issued and that they will probably be in the hands of the public by the first of

PROPHYLACTIC --- "Preventive of Disease."

School Tax.

Public Roads.

Ordinary County Past Indebtedness

THE PROPHYLACTIC TOOTH BRUSH!

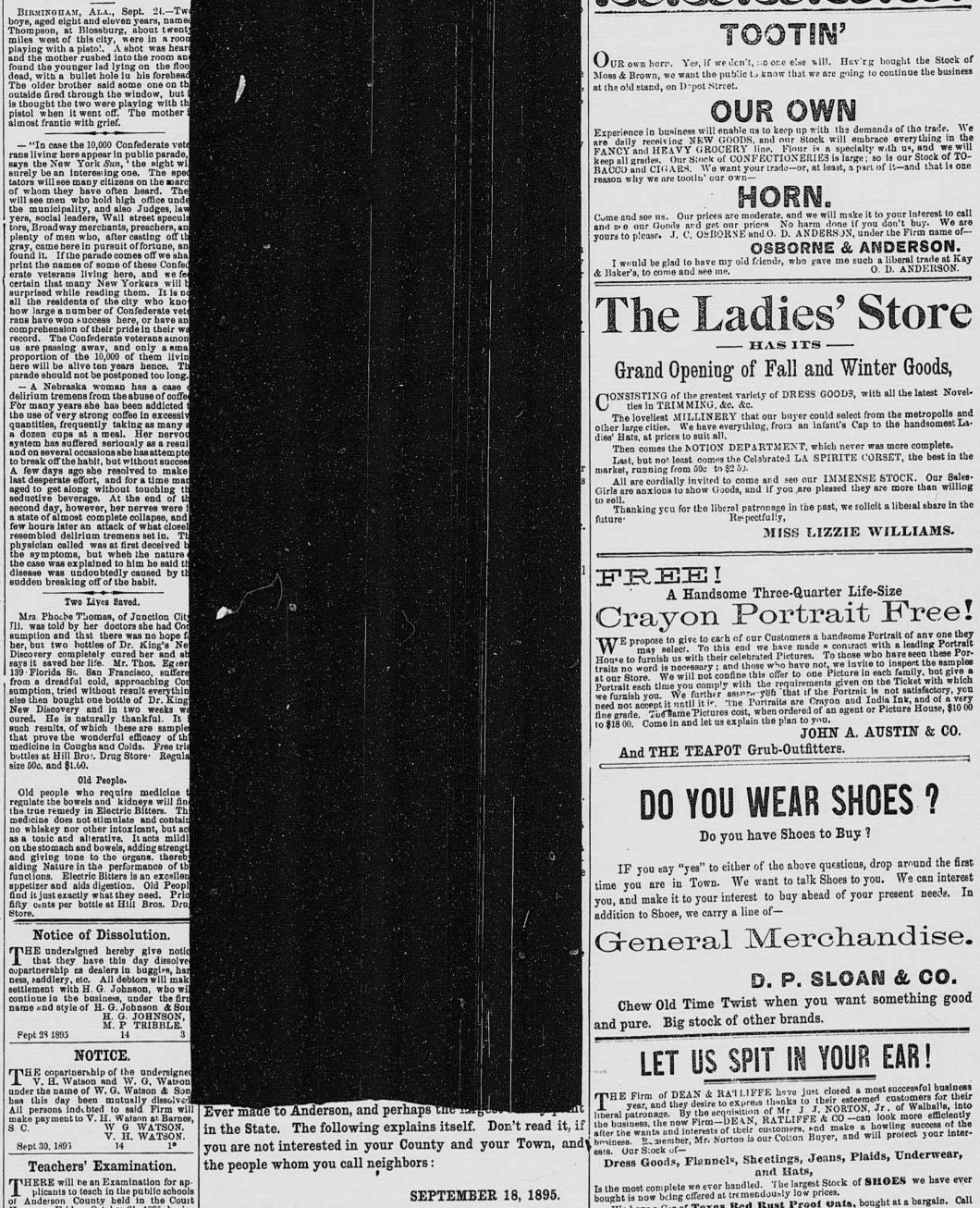
Unlike other Brushes in Construction, Use and Results.

IT CLEANS THE TEETH! - FOR SALE BY -

ORR & SLOAN.

Fall Announcement!

OUR MR. OSBORNE has just returned from the Northern and Eastern markets, and it affords us much pleasure to announce to the trading pub-



SEPTEMBER 18, 1895.

C. S. MINOR & CO.

GENTLEMEN: I have the pleasure of stating that we have received at this depot, marked to your address, one and one-third Car Loads of Crockery, all shipped from same place at one time. The one-third Car Load had to be shipped in separate Car, as it all could not be put in one Car.

To the best of my knowledge, this is two and a half or three times larger than any previous single shipment of Crockery to this point.

I understand that you have another shipment now on the way. I congratulate you and this community.

You will accommodate us by removing these Goods as early as you can make room for them, as we hardly have sufficient space for storing so large a lot of this ware in our depot for any length of time. J. REESE FANT,

Agent Port Royal and Western Carolina Railway.

You say Anderson is growing. Well, it must grow, in order to make room for the GREAT and GOOD---

No. 27, South Side of Public Square.

If above interests you, be sure and don't mention it to your neighbors.

Figures Talk!

 ${f B}^{ ext{Elow}}$ we give prices on a few of our goods. Remember, we carry a full line of—

Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Hats, Trunks, Staple and Fancy Groceries, etc., etc. We can only give prices on a very few things in our limited space, but a straw will show which way the wind blows:

The best yard-wide Sheeting at only 5c. per yard.
The best Indigo and Turkey Red Calicoes 5c. per yard.
A good Outing Shirt for only 15c.
Shoes from 20c. to \$5.00 per pair. Hats from 20c up.

We have the largest and best Stock of TOBACCO in Town, from 10c. per pound to 50c.
On GROCERIES we are acknowledged to be the leaders of the Town. Sugar 20 pounds for \$1 00, Coffee 6 pounds for \$1.00, Soda 7 pounds for 25c., Soap 7 hars for 25c.
Yours very truly, D. C. BROWN & BRO.

"THE BOYS' STORE!"

BESPECTFULLY invite one and all to call and inspect their NEW STORE and FRESH STOCK OF GR New Store between R. R. Cut Bridge and Hill Bros. Drug Store,

On North Main Street, and are receiving FRESH GROCERIES every day. Below is a list of a few things that have already arrived:

N. Y. Biscuit Co's. Fine Cakes, Crackers and Nic-Nacs, Blank & Bros. Fine Can dies, Clemson College Full Cream Cheese, Half Pound Can Columbia River Salmon, Dixie Baking Powder—we give a spoon with every Box we sell. Come and see it.

Can Goods of every description always on hand Also, Country Produce and Vegetables in season can always be found at "THE BOYS' STORE."

Honer us with a call, and we will endeavor to make you feel repaid for your tron-Honor us with a call, and we will endeavor to make you feel repaid for your trou-Yours very respectfully,

"THE BOYS," RUSSELL & BREAZEALE.

P. S .- Prompt City Delivery.

The One Crop System

or farming gradually exhausts the land, unless a Fertilizer containing a high percentage of Potash is used. Better crops, a better soil, and a larger bank account can only then be expected.

Write for our "Farmers' Guide," a 142-page illustrated book. It is brim full of useful information for farmers. It will be sent free, and will make and save you money. Address, GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau Street, New York.

TOOTIN' OUR own horr. Yes, if we don't, no one else will. Having bought the Stock of Moss & Brown, we want the public to know that we are going to continue the business at the old stand, on Dapot Street.

Experience in business will enable us to keep up with the demands of the trade. We are daily receiving NEW GOODS, and our Stock will embrace everything in the FANCY and HEAVY GROCERY line. Flour is a specialty with us, and we will keep all grades. Our Stock of CONFECTIONERIES is large; so is our Stock of TO-BACCO and CIGARS. We want your rade—or at least a part of it, and that is one BACCO and CIGARS. We want your trade-or, at least, a part of it-and that is one reason why we are tootin' our own-

HORN.

Come and see us. Our prices are moderate, and we will make it to your interest to call and see our Goods and get our prices. No harm done if you don't buy. We are yours to please. J. C. OSBORNE and O. D. ANDERSON, under the Firm name of— OSBORNE & ANDERSON.

I would be glad to have my old friends, who gave me such a liberal trade at Kay

Baker's to come and see me.

O. D. ANDERSON.

The Ladies' Store

Grand Opening of Fall and Winter Goods,

CONSISTING of the greatest variety of DRESS GOODS, with all the latest Novelties in TRIMMING, &c. &c. The loveliest MILLINERY that our buyer could select from the metropolis and other large cities. We have everything, from an infant's Cap to the handsomest Ladies' Hats, at prices to suit all.

Then comes the NOTION DEPARTMENT, which never was more complete. Last, but not least comes the Celebrated LA SPIRITE CORSET, the best in the All are cordially invited to come and see our IMMENSE STOCK. Our Sales-Girls are anxious to show Goods, and if you are pleased they are more than willing

Thanking you for the liberal patronage in the past, we solicit a liberal share in the MISS LIZZIE WILLIAMS.

FREEI

A Handsome Three-Quarter Life-Size

Crayon Portrait Free! WE propose to give to each of our Customers a bandsome Portrait of any one they may select. To this end we have made a contract with a leading Portrait House to furnish us with their celebrated Pictures. To those who have seen these Portraits no word is necessary; and those who have not, we invite to inspect the samples at our Store. We will not confine this offer to one Picture in each family, but give a Portrait each time you comply with the requirements given on the Ticket with which we furnish you. We further assnre you that if the Portrait is not satisfactory, you need not accept it until itie. The Portraits are Crayon and India Ink, and of a very fine grade. The same Pictures cost, when ordered of an agent or Picture House, \$10.00 to \$18.00. Come in and let us explain the plan to you.

JOHN A. AUSTIN & CO. And THE TEAPOT Grub-Outfitters.

DO YOU WEAR SHOES ?

Do you have Shoes to Buy?

IF you say "yes" to either of the above questions, drop around the first time you are in Town. We want to talk Shoes to you. We can interest you, and make it to your interest to buy ahead of your present needs. In addition to Shoes, we carry a line of-

General Merchandise.

D. P. SLOAN & CO.

Chew Old Time Twist when you want something good and pure. Big stock of other brands.

LET US SPIT IN YOUR EAR!

Is the most complete we ever handled. The largest Stock of SHOES we have ever bought is now being offered at tremendously low prices. We have a Car of Texas Red Rust Proof Gats, bought at a bargain. Call early and get your supply.

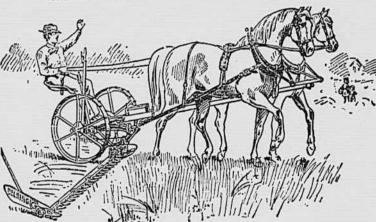
A nice assortment of any kind of Tobacco you wan', from Little Resper to omething cheaper.

If you will inspect our Stock of Molasses and Flour and fail to buy, you will

Yours very traly, be ashamed to tell it. DEAN, RATLIFFE & CO. Mr. F. A. Spellman, Cotton Buyer, will have his headquarters with us again, and will give you the top of the market for your Cotton.

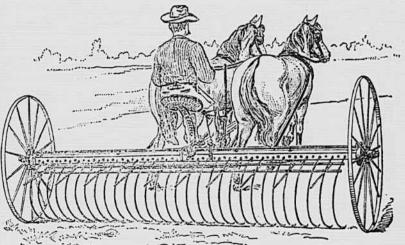
Deering Ideal Mowers!

With Roller and Bycicle Ball Bearings.



Lightest Draft of All.

Shaves the ground clean, the most difficult grasses, and Is Strong, Durable and Efficient.



Deering Hay Rakes.

See how the Teeth are Hung. Strong, Reliable, Easily Operated, Light of Draft and Durable.

Call on us or write for prices. Yours truly,

BROCK BROS.