ight systems of our little city. Last December this Company conclud-al to utilize a small water-power, known as High Shoals, on Rocky River, about amps, to furnish electricity for the city, and power adapted to light machinery and small industries. Heretofore their ant has used steam power to drive sir pumps and dynamos, and it was to ve the cost of their coal-bills, and to instrate the practicability of electricity for lighting and power purposes, when transmitted from a distance, that this water-power was resorted to and developed. It has been furnishing lights to our city for a month or more, and hree or four small motors are now in sufficient to demonstrate the occess of the application of the power, and to open the way for the establishment in our midst of small industries,

low is the time and here is the place o set up such industries. They will have nothing to do but to put up their hinery, buy a motor, attach the pires and lo! the power they want is at and and at work. We understand that the Company is

spared to furnish about 175 horsewer, not more than one-third of which will be required to work their water nump, and that will perhaps be applied night time, when it will not be eeded for other machinery. So that the Company will be in a position to supply or furnish the entire complement of their ower in the day-time to such industries s may see fit to adopt and use it, and can e if it is necestary.

We feel very proud to be able to boast it having the pioneer Company in the state, or indeed in the South, as we are informed, to demonstrate the practicallity of electric power by what is known is the long distance transmission system ; und we hope that our contemporaries will ike due notice of the fact and give to us r due meed of praise.

he attention of the News and Courier at dubbed as "The Electric City," to our ement in this respect, and to re-Las become the scknowledged chamon and exponent.

We have the power, now let the small matries come on and utilize it. Any dustry that wants from 1 up to 175 horse-power can be accommodated. We about prafer, however, to see it distribuestries, rather than see it all absorbed one or two. The Company controls rand larger water-power on Seneca River, nine miles distant, that can furish anywhere from 3,000 to 7,000 horsewhenever the larger industries Il take hold. It has got its hand in now, and would be glad to expand and plarge its operations if the occasion res, say for instance, if some of those bulatory New England cotton mills will come and locate here. 'We have the cotton, the climate, the labor, and can furnish the power if they will but come. We cannot conclude this editorial notice without giving the meed of praise where

justly belongs. Mr. William C. Whit-Electrical Engineer, who projected and entit our combined water and light system and is its General Manager, is entitled to the credit of conceiving, planning and constructing the present power plant. He is one of those enterprising, progresing pace with science in its praclication to the mechanic and usefol arts, and neither falters at difficulties or is held back by the timid.

In the execution of this enterprise he has been faithfully and efficiently aided by Mr. Reuben Long, a young man and practical engineer of fine judgment, who has, as manager of machinery, been idenfiled with the plant from its inception; and by Mr. J. L. Manldin, its Superintendent, who is an enthusiastic believer in the possibilities of electricity. He has also had to the fullest extent the confidence and encouragement of the stockholders in designing and constructing this work. Nothing is now wanting, we sel saured, to make it a success except the industries to take up the power.

Gen.' Watts is pushing the matter of tate militia force. He says he has deided that the encampment shall be held oring the month of July and finds that all the troops are heartly in favor of it. city or town will offer the best inducents to secure the encampment. He wants to hear from all points desiring to compete before he decides upon the place for the encampment. We suggest that our people make an effort to bring the ampment to Anderson.

In another column we publish a short communication from President E. B. Craighead, of Clemson College, in reference to holding Farmers' Institutes this summer. He proposes to have one in each Congressional District of the State. This is a step in the right direction, and if the farmers will show sufficient interest in the matter they can make it a big uccess and be greatly benefited. The Third Congressional District should have an Institute, and it should be held in Anderson. What say our farmers?

Gov. Gvans, who recently attended the Memphis Silver Convention, in an interview with the Columbia newspaper reporters, says: "The Convention at Memphis was one of the largest ever held in the South and most enthusiastic. It was not composed of millionaires nor politicians, but of men whose faces showed that they earned their bread by the sweat of their brow' (italics ours.) This is certainly the best joke of the season, and reminds us of the fish stories that we often hear and read of.

"The free silver people would not vote for Christ if he was nominated on a gold platform."-B. R. Tillman, of South Carolina, at the Memphis Convention. This is the language of a man who will empt to represent South Carolina in years. Not even in "the days of good stealing," when John Patterson and Tom Robentson, sat in the United States Senate from South Caroling, were such bloomed. from South Carolina, were such blasphemous words ever heard from the lips of

The latest estimate of Egypt's cotton rop this year puts the figures at 1,000,on bales. These figures are suggestive, showing, as they do, how rapid is the increase of the production of cotton in that country. Southern farmers should take

The New York Chronicle claims that here is a reduction of about 15 per cent. in the cotton acreage. South Carolina's lecrease is put down at 10 per cent. The crop is late. The weather up to the last week of May was unfavorable. The acreage stands 17,169,663, against 20,107,247

We are indebted to President Woodrow for a copy of the catalogue of the South Carolina College for the session of 1894-95. It is handsomely gotten up, and contains some fine illustrations of the College buildings and campus. The catalogue shows for the past session an enrolled scholarship of 160.

Southern Trade for June gives a list of some 200 new industrial enterprises in the South. It includes 29 cotton mills at so many different points; also 13 oil mills, five miles distant, for the generation of 9 electric light plants, 17 saw and planing socricity with which to run their water mills, 9 canning factories and 22 mines and quarries. The journal's crop and trade reports from the different States of the South are nearly all favorable.

An Appeal From the Forty.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 13 .- The Execu tive Committee of the "forty," which was called to meet here to-night, adjourned at called to meet here to-night, adjourned at 1 o'clock. There were present at the session the following committeemen: Reformers, J. E. Ellerbe, Marion; D. E. Finley, York; T. J. Kirkland, Kershaw; T. P. Mitchell, Fairfield; Louis Appelt, Clarendon; J. W. Hamel, Lancaster. Conservatives, C. E. Spencer, York; Frank H. Weston, Richland; Geo. Johnstone, Newberry; J. W. Ferguson, Laurens; B. H. Boykin, Camden; T. H. Ketchin, Fairfield; Henry B. Richardson, Clarendon; Capt. Henry T. Thompson, Darlington. son, Darlington.
This is the representation based upon

This is the representation based upon an organization in every County in the State except Charleston. Altogether fourteen committeemen out of sixty-eight were present, and it was said that there was no need for delegates from such Counties as had already acted.

The working committee announced at the outset that it would give the press what it had to say to the people, and the newspaper men waited patiently. At the adjournment the committee gave out the following address, which was announced

following address, which was announced to embrace all that was intended to be made public. The address reads:

To the White Voters of South Carolina: To the White Voters of South Carolina:
The working committee, constituted by
authority of the conference of Reformers
and Conservatives which met in Columbis on the 27th March last, commonly
known as the committee of the forty, in
view of the grave conditions still confronting the people of this State,
deem it proper and expedient to make
some recommendations in furthersome recommendations in furtherance of the well known objects and purposes of its organization. We desire to call attention again to the cardinal principle set forth in the platform adopted by ple set forth in the platform adopted by that Convention, namely, the mainte-nance of white supremacy "by fair and constitutional methods," and to earnestly, urge upon every patrictic son of South Carolina, without regard to political fac-tion, the importance in this crisis of contributing everything in his power to the attainment of that end. To those who have labored for a reunited Democracy, ind it that here is another step in that dustrial progress in the State in which among the white people of the State it is a source of gratification that a number of

ounties have already taken such action counties have already taken such action in regard to the election of delegates to the Constitutional Convention as will obviate all friction among the people of our race and will insure the selection of men whose undoubted qualifications and lofty patriotism eminently fit them for the important duties they will be called upor to discharge. We cannot appeal too strongly to those Counties which too strongly to those Counties which have not yet acted in this matter to take immediately some steps that will place them in line with this movement, and will render it general throughout the State. The practical method of solving the problem is after all one that every County must settle for itself. The time for action is very short. The crisis that confronts us, it goes without saying, is imminent. We believe the white voters of South Carolina fully realize this. It is for them to act and act now.

THOMAS J. KIRKLAND, Chairman,

THOMAS J. KIRKLAND, Chairman, FRANCIS H. WESTON, Secretary. When a committeeman was asked as to whether any action was taken in reference to the primary he said that the address explained that and that the attitude of the forty to the primary ought to be too well known to be explained. Reports were received from the various Counties. They are said to be encouraging.

The meeting passed off pleasantly and harmoniously.—Special to News and Cou-

Propose to Emigrate.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 11.—The news of the reversal of Judge Goff's decision on the registration laws came to the people of Columbia as a shock, exhilerapeople of Columnia as a shock, value ting to the mass of white people, but terribly depressing in its effects upon the negroes and very chilling to their white

the most delighted man in the city. He was the recipient of many congratulations, but would have nothing further to say than that he was highly gratified. The other members of the administration in the city were exuberant and they all seem to feel that a great victory has been gained for the State. Governor Evans is in Memphis, so no expression of opinion could be had from him.

could be had from him.

The negro leaders are very much distressed over the matter. Few of them will have much to say. Rev. E. H. Colt, pastor of the largest colored church in the city, says he will advise a wholesale emigration. Rev. W. D. Chappell, chairman of the Ministerial Union, which has been controlling the policy of the negroes for some time, says that as for himself, he will leave the State and that he does not see how the negro race can afford to not see how the negro race can afford to risk its chances of prosperity in South Carolina with the present lights before it. He will advocate emigration to some of the other Southern States. He believes the South, outside of South Carolina, to be the best place for the negro. Rev. Daniels, another negro leader, agrees with

Rev. Chappell.

A race Convention to consider the con-A race Convention to consider the condition of the negro race in the crisis that is upon them has been called for July 10th. The negroes throughout the State have been called upon to meet on July 4th at their several county seats in mass meeting to send delegates to this convention. Dr. Clayton, the most prominent white republican in the city, says that he takes the decision as a practical disfranchisement of the negro race and that their recourse now is to leave the State.

Bryan Would Bolt.

Jackson, Miss., June 11.—Congressman Bryan of Nebraska, being en route from New Orleans, where he spoke last night, to Memphis, where he will attend night, to Memphis, where he will attend the bimetallic Convention to-morrow, stopped off here and addressed a large au-dience. While the audience was composed largely of Jacksonites, distinguished citi-zens from all neighboring towns were present. He was introduced by Chair-man Williamson of the Bimetallic League, and made about the same speech as at

Toward the close Mr. Bryan was asked what he would do in case the next Dem-ocratic Convention declared for the gold ocratic Convention declared for the gold standard. He dodged the question in every way possible by quoting what Mr. Whitney said would happen if the silver standard was adopted. Bryan was pressed for an answer to the question, and squirmed by exclaiming, in tragic style, that he was born and raised a Democrat, nursed by a Democratic mother and learned Demogracy from his father. nursed by a Democratic mother and learned Democracy from his father.
When he was nominated for the Senate the administration men had bolted the meeting and put out a Republican to defeat him. He did not believe that a gold plank would be inserted in the Democratic platform. He was as certain Democratic platform. He was as cortain that it would not, as he was that he was standing there. This was no answer to standing there. This was no answer to standing there. This was again put: the question, and it was again put:
"Will you vote the Democratic ticket if
a gold plank is inserted therein?"
The excitement was intense. Five

- A convict in the Kansas State pen-

The campaign of 1896 is beginning very

early. The Republican candidates are laying their wires and working day and night. New York is headquarters for what promised to be a long life.

Tentral years of a life sentence for murder, petitioned the Governor a few days ago to sign his death warrant and order that he be executed as soon as possible, saying he preferred to be hanged at once rather than suffer imprisonment, with no hope of release, for what promised to be a long life.

The campaign of 1896 is beginning very Governor a few days ago to sign his death warrant and order that he be executed as soon as possible, saying he preferred to be hanged at once rather than suffer imprisonment, with no hope of release, for what promised to be a long life.

The campaign of 1896 is beginning very Governor a few days ago to sign his death warrant and order that he be executed as soon as possible, saying he preferred to be hanged at once rather than suffer imprisonment, with no hope of release, for what promised to be a long life.

The campaign of 1896 is beginning very Governor a few days ago to sign his death warrant and order that he be executed as soon as possible, saying he preferred to be hanged at once rather than suffer imprisonment, with no hope of release, for what ever source could not make the negro a successful political factor.

His rights at the ballot box can be Wright and J. T. Cox.

Recess.

AUTERMOON SESSION.

W. E. Lee and Dr. John A. Robinson.

The importance of impressing upon the minds work? Spoken to by Eider Wm. Brown, W. P.

Soon as possible, saying he preferred to white people in whose midst he lives.

"I think the one defense left the negro is work? Spoken to by Eider Wm. Brown, W. P.

Wright and J. T. Cox.

Recess.

AUTERMOON SESSION.

W. E. Lee and Dr. John A. Robinson.

The importance of impressing upon the minds work is not proved to be a long life. itentiary, who has served six years of a

The Democrats of Oconee.

WALHALLA, June 15 .- The Democratic county executive committee met at the Court House to-day and took action looking to a division of delegates to the Constitutional Convention. entitled to three delegates. The committee took important action in this re-spect. After considerable discussion by members of the committee and conferring together of members of both factions the ollowing resolutions were adopted: "Whereas, we fully recognize the.importance of having the approaching Constitutional Convention composed of our very best, wisest, most broad, liberal-minded and patriotic men, statesmen rather than politicians, and realizing that agitation by political factions does not archy, we would not be responsible for the always or usually place such men at the Resolved, That we heartily concur in

the purpose of the State executive committee ordering a general primary election for the State to be so conducted as to secure Democratic nominees selected upon their merits and upon non-factional lines so far as possible. Resolved, further, that we recognize as an existing fact that the bitter partisan spirit that has pervaded our politics for some time past has engendered much mutual distrust of each other between the two leading factions of the white people in our State, and in order to induce all of them to come together and participate and them to come together and participate and aid in the selection of the very best men in said primary, with the full assurance to each faction that the other will treat it

fairly, we hereby make and promulgate the following rules to govern said pri-First. This committee shall in good faith carry out the rules made by the State committee to equally divide the managers of election and clerk between ne two factions. Second. The candidates who run for nomination as delegates to the Constitu-tional Convention shall in filing the pledge required by the State committee declare to what faction they belong.

Third. The person who receives the highest number of votes of all the candidates running, whether Reformer or Conservative, shall be declared as one of es. The Reformer receiving the highest number of votes of all the candidates who have declared themselves as belonging to the Reform faction shall also be declared one of the nominees. The Conservative who receives the highest number of votes of all the candidates who have declared themselves to be Con-servatives shall be declared as one of the

Tillman of South Carolina.

nominees. In case the nominee first provided for happens to be declared Re-former or Conservative, then the next

highest Reformer or Conservative shall

be also declared the nominee of that fac-

tion, so that if the person who is declared nominated because he has received the

nighest number of votes of all should be

a Conservative, then there will be two

of the nominees Conservatives, and i

he should be a Reformer then two of the nominees shall be Reformers.

MEMPHIS, TENN., June 12.—There may be twelve hundred delegates in attendance at the free silver blow out, though yesterday friends of the movement claimed there would be twenty-five hundred. there would be twenty-five hundred. Every mothers' son of them is a politician. Beginning with Stewart, of Nebraska, and ending with John H. McDowell, of Tennessee, every political creed is represented. The convention was called to order promptly at 2 p. m. by W. N. Brown, president of the bimetallic league of Memphis, and Col. Casey Young, of Memphis, delivered an address of welcome. Senator Turpie, of Indiana, was made permanent chairman and delivered an address. There is danger of the wild and woolly element getting the reins. Ben Tillman is most outspoken. He says the free silver people would not vote for Christ if he was nominated on a gold platform.

Governor Warner is here yelling for

gold platform.
Governor Warner is here yelling for the free silver people to get together, and while he will not say so, he is working for a separate free silver party. Bryan is here nursing a boom. There are a dozen senators present. Bate and a few others do not fancy being cheek and jowl with Marion Butler, John Henry McDowell and others of their ilk. There may be trouble if the steering committee is not exceedingly careful for there are lots of exceedingly careful for there are lots of jarring elements in the make up of the

This Case Not Affected.

Attorney General Barber was the first man in Columbia to hear of the decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals' action in reversing the decision of Judge Goff in the Mills' registration appeal case, and in a short time being posted on the newspaper bulletin boards, it was known all over the city and was the sole topic of discussion. The friends of the administration were very naturally ejoiced and did not hesitate to so express hemselves on all sides. The negroes who read the bulletins seemed to be very much downcast. Nearly everyone seem-ed to be of the opinion that the decision of the Court affected all the registration

of the Court affected all the registration cases now pending.

Just about the time that the news reached the city Mr. J. F. J. Caldwell arrived in the city, coming from Newberry en route to Lexington. He is the leading counsel in the other case.

A representative of the State at once called apon him and asked the case. called upon him and asked him what he had to say about the decision, and how it affected his case. Here is what he had to say:
"The only definite intelligence we have is that Judge Goff's injunction against the Supervisor of registration for Richland County has been dissolved by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.
We can not ascertain the ratio decidend.

the real ground of the decision-unt we have the opinion of the Court in full It is hardly worth while to speculate in the meantime about the points involved in the controversy, or about the particular issues determined by that Court. It may be that the Court holds that the Courts of the United States have no authority to interfere in contentions between a State government and the citizens. tween a State government and the citi-zens of that State in the absence of ex press race discriminations or proven personal injuries. It may be that the Court holds the proceeding premature. It may be that the Court holds that every injured citizen must apply for his own peculiar remedy—a mandamus, for instance; and that every man of fifty thousand or a hundred thousand excluded

citizens of South Carolina must go into Court and ask for an order to be registered. We cannot tell.
"But this much is very clear, as a matter of pleading and practice, that Court could decide nothing beyond the issue before it. The issue was, whether or not the Supervisor of Richland County should be allowed to proceed with the registra-tion of voters in that County. There was no prayer in the bill for the registration of any voters. There was no prayer that unregistered voters should be allowed to vote. There was no prayer for injunction against the holding of elections for dele-gates to the proposed Constitutional Convention, or for an injunction against the

helding of such a Convention. The whole charge in the suit was, that the registration laws of the State are contrary to the Constitution of this State and con-trary to the Constitution of the United States. It is said that no race discrimina-tion was alleged, and the only request made of the Court was that a specified Supervisor should be forbidden to proceed in registering voters under the Act of 1894. Everything outside of that prayer is obiter dictum.

"However much we may respect the

opinion of the Chief Justice, or that of his associates, on general theories or principles, the decision of the Court has no weight, as a matter of law, beyond the one issue submitted to the Court.
"The suit of Pratt and Price agains John Gary Evans, Governor of South Carolina, and others, brought by Dr. Carolina, and others, brought by Dr. Pope and myself, is by no means concluded by any judgment, opinion or reasoning which may have been promulgated by the Cironit Court of Appeals. Our case looks, not to the closing of registration, but to the prevention of the Convention. Its whole trend is to that point. The agendment making the Newberry The amendment making the Newberry Supervisor a party and praying the stay-ing of his operations was a mere incident. Our bill is not affected by any removal of the restraint heretofore imposed on that

Supervisor.
"We can move, and you will see us move before long, for the preyention of the outrage commonly known as the Constitutional Convention of South Car-olina. The Constitution of the United the people of South Carolina have rights which they may assert with hope of suc-

Appeals the negro is virtually disfran-chised in the State. chised in the State.

"I have always felt that outside influence from whatever source could not

to disfranchise the negroes en masse as a race." - Columbia State, June 12.

Which Shall It Be! DEAR MR. EDITOR: The citizens of this community are brought face to face with an issue vital to our professions of Chris-tianity. It is high time that we were settling the question as to whether or not religious principles are to govern us. If so, let every Christian man and woman see to it that their hearty support is given to the ordinance recently passed by our Council, prohibiting secular work on the Sabbath. If not, the sooner we understand that to become a Christian forfeits all rights of citizenship, then the better for all concerned. Were we living under an absolute mon-

laws by which we are governed, but in a land where the government is "of the people, for the people, by the people," every man is a lawmaker to the extent of his belief and influence. ballot and influence, and to that extent is he responsible for the laws by which he and his fellow-citizens are controlled. We cannot shake off this respon-sibility. The voters have the power of saying what shall be the character of the laws under which they live, and a fearfu power it is. All the acts of men are either right or wrong. In this country we profess to have but one standard of right, and that standard is not the opinion of the public, neither the desires of any man or set of men, but it is the Word of God. This Word strictly forbids the prosecution of secular business on the Sabbath day. Our laws and our conduct alike must conform to this standard if we would have the Divine approval. Again, what is right for one is equally so for another. Now it is either right or wrong to traffic in any ordinary business on the Sabbath—leaving out the questions of mercy and emergency. If it be right for a newsdealer to sell his papers on Sunday, then the hardware dealer has the same right to open up his place of business and sell plows and machinery. If it be right for the livery stable to run its tape or formality. To farmers interested business seven days in the week, it is in tobacco raising I shall endeavor to ge also right for the grocery man to do the same thing. If it be right for barber shops and soda founts to remain open on Sunday, then let the dry goods stores be to secure for them Prof. Hart or some thrown open also, and let the Square wear the same aspect on Sunday that it does on the other six days of the week. Let us not do things by halves! The issue is brought squarely before us. Our little city is to be governed according to God or according to the Davil. Right must rule, or wrong run rampant over every principle of righteousness. It rests with the Christian people of our city to say which it shall be.

Our Councilmen have set the pace. Shall we sustain them? or shall we re-mand them to the rear and let godlessness

make provision for works of necessity and mercy on the Sabbath. Does any one suppose our Council possessed of so little sense as to undertake by their ordinance to set aside the Statute of the State and the law of God? Why, then, is all this ado made about some things that may be necessary on the Sabbath, unless it be to becloud the issue

Both the law of God and of the State

and attract the attention of the people away from things covered by the law to things which are not even hinted at?

The only objection I have to the ordinance is, that it isn't quite strong enough, but it is vastly better than none. I say 'all honor to our worthy Council,' and I call on every Christian in the city to stand by them in the strict enforcement of the law. Yours sincerely, G. P. WATSON.

Teney Creek Notes.

The farmers are getting on nicely with their crops. Nearly all of them have their cotton thinned out and it is looking real nice. A little longer for the men to hurry, the good wife up to get early breakfast and dinner on time, and then all can be at leisure. Oh! what a happy time it will be when the work is over and the apples, peaches and watermelons are ripe and the crops are all looking fine. We all look forward to laying-by time with no little After seven months of toil at the school

house at Shady Grove, Miss Lucy Gambrell has closed her school to take the long-looked for rest by her and the faithful students. While some of the children seemed to still want to go on, others were glad to take a rest We shall all miss the smilling face of Miss Lucy. The closing exercises took place on June 7th. The Selectory Whit Sutherland. Salutatory-Whit Sutherland. Recitation-' The Collier's Dying Child," Eu.a.

aughn. Dislogue—"The Little Mothers," three little Recitation-"A Little Boy's Speech," Frank Acker.

Recitation—"The Elf Child," Ellen Acker,

Song—"What I bought," Ruby Cox.
Recitation—"How Jimmie "Tended the Baby,"
Henry Norris."

Recitation—"How Jimmie Tended the Baby,"
Renry Norris."
Recitation—"A Naughty Little Girl's Views of Life, Mary Sutherland.
Song—"The Five Stages of my Life," Emma Vaughn.
Recitation—"Rellie's Troubles," Ruby Cox.
Dialogue—"Young School Marm's Soliloquy, several boys and girl."
Recitation—"Tommic's Prayer,"Minnie Vaughn.
Parting Hymn—Whole School.
Prizes were given to Eula Shirley, Ella Rei v. 18, Amanda Vaughn, Ruby Cox, Carrie Foster, and were delivered by Rev. R.
J. Williams. Mr. Frank Msjors was present and was so kind as to call out the proent and was so kind as to call out the pro gram and make a few remarks. Music was furnished by Mrs. Joe Cox. There was alarge crowd present and everything passed off nicely. All returned home happier by being present. We hope to secure Miss Lucy sgain, as she is a faithful and accomplished teacher.

The Rev. R. J. Williams preached an accelerate service.

excellent sermon to a large congregation at Shady Grove last second Sunday. It was communion day.

Lost, between Mr J. S. Acker's and Shady Grove, or on the church ground, a handsome, black silk fan. Any one finding it will oblige the owner by leaving it at Mr. Acker's.

Mrs. Dr. Cannon is still real feeb!e and confined to ber bed, Mrs. Dr. Cheshire has gotten home after. staying away three weeks under medical treatment in Anderson. 'Tis hoped by her many friends that she will soon be herself again. She is getting on real nicely.

Fred. Cox has been sick for the la

Mr. Andy McDavid spent the day with Mr. Aloy McDavis spont the day with his uncle, Mr. J. S. Acker, last Monday. Mr. J. A. Mattison, who has been away three years at Nashville, Tenn., has been visiting his grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Acker, who are now about the oldest folks in this community, both being in their 70.h year. They have eight children, all living, forty-nine living grand children and twenty-five great grand-children. It would be a grand time to have them all

meet together.
Little Grady Acker, aged five years, son of W. H. Acker, commenced going to school to Miss Lucy Gambrell in the spring. He knew his letters, and when school closed last week he had finished the 2nd reader. He is a bright boy.
'Tis a qestion asked by many, "What has become of the flies." We hope it will be decided that it is unconstitutional to have them during this summer. If that will be the case we say hurrs for the reformed the case we say hurra for the reformed party, Tillman or any other man.

A Former Citizen,

LUELLA, TEXAS, June 11, 1895.

Editors Anderson Intelligencer: In perusing your valuable paper of May 29th, I read with much pleasure an article writ ten by that honorable and cultured gentle man, schoolmate and personal friend of mine, Prof. W. A. Dickson, on the ante bellum days of the now Fork Township. A goodly number of those valiant and noble men I knew well, and, by the way, it was my good pleasure to spend a few hours on the 11th of June with a gentle-man that belonged to one of the companies, in the person of Hon. Carson Diokson, of was born and partly raised on Six-Twenty creek, between Anderson and Old Pendle-ton, on September 13, 1811, and afterward, for many years, an excellent neighbor and citizen of the Fork. He is now about 84 citizen of the Fork. He is now about 34 years of age, and, with the exception of his eyesight, which has almost failed him, and, to use his own expression, eats and sleeps hearthy, and says that he never suffers any pain. His mind is perfectly clear, and from his conversation he has that assurance when this mortal life is ended he expects to join the mighty hosts above. He has many friends in the Fork who will be gird to hear of his whereshouts. be glad to hear of his whereabo With best wishes to Intelligencer and

Sunday School Institute. Program of the Saluda Baptist Sunday School Institute to convene with the Pelzer Church on the 12th, 13th and 14th July, 1895; 1. Friday, 12th, at 8:30 p. m., introductory ser-mon by Edder M. McGee.

B P. Mitchell, from 9 to 9:30 a.m.

3. Organization.

4. The Holy Spirit the life of Sunday School work. (1.) Is there a promise of His help? (2.) How can His co-operation be secured? '(3.) Is His power apparent in modern Sunday School work? By Elders R. W. Burts, W. B. Hawkins and J. J. Farmer.

5. Are we making progress in our Sunday School work? Spoken to by Elder Wm. Brown, W. P. Wright and J. T. Cox.

Recess.

Reduced Colton Area.

of the young the various benevolent institutions fostered by us. By Elders B. J. Williams, A. C. Stepp and C. E. Burts.

8. At 8:30 p. m. Some evil tendencies to be guarded against in our Sunday Sebool work: (1.) Superficiality. (2) Irreverence, by Elder W. R. Earle. (8.) The disposition to regard the Sunday School as an additional and independent institution, by Elder T. H. Garrett.

7. Some leasons from the character of Prophet Daniel, by Dr. P. B. Carwile.

The Pastor and officers of Church and Sunday School will please arrange for the Sunday's service. Each appointed speaker will be allowed twenty minutes, then opened for general discussion in ten-minute speeches.

The change of the appointed time of meeting from the 9th and 10th was made at the earnest request of the Pastor and some of the officers of the Pelzer Church.

A. B. Cox, 1st Vice Pres. ing cotton for fun or five cents, which is about the same thing, have determined to raise the price by reducing the acreage of that product which was once king. Those of Louisiana announce a reduction i acreage of 25 per cent. It is claimed that the same influences at work in Louisiana are at work in many other cotton-growing States. The influence of this reduction of at least one-fourth in the annual crop of the cotton belt is bound to be farreaching. The area not planted in cotton will be employed for raising corn and other food stuffs which many of the Southern planters have hitherto purchased from the North. Northern methods of farming in the South are bound to contribute to the wealth of that section. As the South becomes independent of all Northern food supplies, wheat, there will The Woman's Mission Union, District No. 2, Saluda Association, will meet at Williamston Church on Saturday before have to be another readjustment of mar kets. With a soil rich in resources and climatic advantages unexcelled, the South is likely to become an exporter of many products which she has hitherto

He Thought the Gun was Empty.

EDITORS INTELLIGENCER: At the last meeting of the board of trustees of the Clemson Agricultural College I was requested to notify the farmers at large of the willingness of the board to co-operate with them in the work of holding far-mers' institutes, at least one in each Congressional district. The trustees will send professors of the college, and, when-ever possible, expert farmers, to talk upon such subjects as may be of special interest to the farmers in whose neigh-borhood the institute may be held. To make such institutes profitable it will be necessary for the farmers to attend and to join in discussions that may from time to time arise. Such an institute should be an agricultural school for the ordinary farmer, and should be free from all red to secure for them Prof. Hart or some other expert dairyman. In short, where farmers desire an institute, I shall be pleased to co-operate with them in making it meet as far as possible their especial needs. As we shall be able to hold but one institute in each Congressional district, I shall be pleased to have letters from farmers suggesting the proper time and place for holding the same. It has been suggested that between the middle been suggested that between the middle of July and the middle of September will

All correspondence in regard to same should be addressed to President E. B. Craighead, Clemson College, S. C. The Discovery Saved his Life. Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beavers-ville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Dis-covery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I are King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use, and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Hill Bros. Drug Store:

be the most suitable time.

T. T. WAKEFIELD, Sec. 1st Vice Pres.

Mission Union.

the fifth Sunday in June, at 10 o'clock a

the fifth Sunday in June, at 10 o'clock a.
m., instead of 2.30 p. m., as first stated.
All Societies please take notice and send
up delegates with liberal contributions.

MRS O. K. BREAZEALE, for Com.

Farmers's Institutes.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure, and the most dreaded habitual siok headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constinction Electric Ritters cares bitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at Hill Bros. Drug Store The farmers of the South, tired of rais-

imported, The fact is that Georgia and Alabama have been already exporting corn, as the destitute inhabitants of Nebraska can testify.—Philadelphia Ilem.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., June 12 .- Tilden McKinley, a farmer's boy of eighteer years, accidentally discharged a pistol sending a ball into the neck of Roxie Echols, the nine-year-old child of a neighbor, producing instant death. The ceident occurred last night on Mission Ridge at the house of Mrs. Amy Echols where McKinley had been sent on an errand. The boy was committed to jall to-day without bail, charged with murder, but stoutly declares he thought the gun - How's this for a comic opera plot! It is the story of a romantic marriage in Berlin, the details of which are worth relating. A young prince, not royal, but

still a nobleman, fell in love two years ago with a beautiful young artist who had her studio in the northwest of the city. He made up his mind, on finding his love returned, to marry her, and to satisfy the demands of his rank, for the young girl was of an humble family, the following plan was arranged and carried out by the young couple. A come-down count in Hungary, of good and ancient lineage, was unearthed, who was only too willing to accept a large sum of money down in payment of what was required. However, was to have your plant of what was required. ed. He was to marry the lady, giving his word of honor to renounce all marital claims and be divorced very speedily. This was all carried out to the letter. They were married in Berlin and the newly-wedded countess eloped with the prince. A divorce was applied for and obtained, and Prince and Princess X are at this moment at Nice on a blissful honeymoon.

THE County Board of Commissioner will meet Monday, July 1st. All ersons having claims against the County must file them on or before Saturday, 29th There will be no Checks issued on the

NOTICE.

day of the merting.
W. P. SNELGROVE, Supervisor. NOTICE.

WILL be let to the lowest responsible bidder on Friday, 28th inst., at 11 a.m., the building of a new Bridge over Eighteen Mile Cresk, near J. C. Stribling's. Plans and specifications made known on day of letting. Contractor will be required to give bond for double the amount of contract for the faithful per formance of work.

W. P. SNELGROVE, Co. Sup.

EVERYTHING ON ICE.

WE have just got up our large Market Refrigerator, and after giving it a thorough test are satisfied that it will do all that is claimed for it. Therefore, we feel perfectly safe in saying to our customers that we are better prepared to give you satisfaction in.

Meats, Eggs, Butter and Vegetables,

Than any one in the City, for we keep everything of the kind in the Cold Storage Department of this large Refrigerator, and there can be no denying the fact that our goods are bound to better than the average. In addition to our Meat and Vegetable Department we carry a

NICE LINE OF GROCERIES.

And can sell them just as cheap as any one can in the business.

Remember, that we guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

Very respectfully,

P. S .- For the satisfaction that it will afford us as well as our customers, we in-

THEY have established five maxims that should be memorized by every

reader of THE INTELLIGENCER :

1. They have got the Goods to sell. 2. They want to sell them.

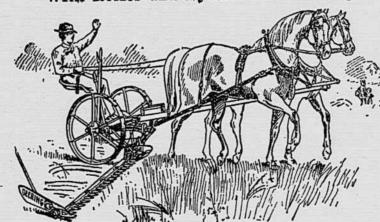
3. They must sell them.

4. They are selling them cheap. 5. They want YOU to come and buy them. Yours till eternity,

D. C. BROWN & BRO., At No. 17 Peoples' Blook.

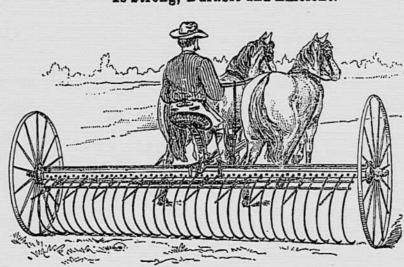
Deering Ideal Mowers

With Roller and Bycicle Ball Bearings.



Lightest Draft of All.

Shaves the ground clean, Cuts the most difficult grasses, and Is Strong, Durable and Efficient.



Deering Hay Rakes. Gets all the Hay.

See how the Teeth are Hung. Strong, Reliable, Easily Operated. Right of Draft and Durable. Call on us or write for prices.

BROCK BROS.

Yours truly,

AN ORDINANCE

For the Better Observance of the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday or the Sabbath.

BE IT ORDAINED, By the Mayor and Alde men of the City of Anderson, South Carolina, in Council assembled, and by authority of the same, as follows, to wit 1 That, from and after the publication laborer, or other person whomsoever, shall do or exercise any worldly labor, busine sor work of their ordinary calling upon the Lord's Day, commonly Sunday or the Sabbath, or any part thereof, (works of necessity or charity only excepted,) within the City of Anderson South Carolina.

2. That, from and after the publication hereof, no person or persons whomsoever shall sell, or expose for sale, within the corporate limits of the City of Anderson. South Carolina, except in cases of necessi ty, any wares, merchandise, fruit, herba, goods or chattels whatscever, upon the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday or the Sabbath, or any part thereof. 3. That, from and after the publication hereof, no public sports or pastimes, as base ball playing, foot-ball playing, horse-

racing, or other games, exercises, sports or

or need on the Lord's Day, com : only

called Sunday or the Sabbath, by any person or persons whomsoever within the corporate limits of the City of Anderson, outh Carolina. 4. That each and every person violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in a sum not less than One Dollar nor more than One Hundred Dollars, or be imprisoned for not less than One Day nor more than Thirty Days, in the discretion of the

5. That all Ordinauces and parts thereof consistent with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed.

Done and ratified in Council Chamber
at Anderson, S. C., and the Seal of
[SEAL] the Corporation affixed, this 17th day of June, 1895 G. F. TOLLY, Mayor.

Attest: JNO. K. HOOD, C. C. C.

TREASURER'S REPORT

(Continued from Supplement. 633 J A Austin 3 20 633 May B McLeess 251 17 \$487 68 SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23, PLEDMONT. 601 J R Vandiyer \$ 317 31 236 Jas L Orr SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 24, HUNTER. 759 C B Burriss 625 A M Darracott..... 628 CB Burriss 171 W G Craig

16 James A Richie 227 O T Porcher 228 " 264 W G Craig... 274 A R Robinson. 33 A R Robinson.

5 25

25 00

\$21 75

1515 1

\$17061 49

904 82 572 51

\$14600 o7

\$419 99 SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25, EUREKA. 368 T H Garrett... 689 O S Stewart ... 35 T M Elrod.... 39 T H Garrett... \$162 23

NORMAL SCHOOL. 666 Fanuie C McCants.. 40 00 COUNTY BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

50 J M Parick. 302 C O Burriss... 82 J M Patrick.

School Commissioner's salary.... 287 Attorney's fee RECAPITULATION.

Roads and Bridges . 4503 48 1154 of Special Constables.... Lunacy............ Jail Expenses........ Office Supplies.
Special Road Commissioners
Printing.
Coroner's Luquests.
Post Mortem......

Clerk Co. Commissioners—salary. Assistant Assessors.... County Commissioners—salary... State Account...

RECAPITULATION SCHOOL FUND. 1 Fork District...... 2 Pendleton District. 3 Garvin District... 4 Brush Creek District... 5 Rock Mills District.... 6 Centreville District....

7 Hopewell District ... Savannah District .. o Varennes District..... 1 Broadaway District.... 12 Belton District........ 13 Dark Corner District... 5 Martin District. 6 Honea Path District. 17 Anderson District..

20 Williamston College District ... 22 Pelzer District... 24 Hunter District... School Commissioner's Salary Normal Institute .. Attorney's Fee Board of Examiners.

\$18121 86 SCHOOL FUNDS. BORROWED MONEY. armers and Merchants Bank....3500 00 BORROWED MONEY FOR 1893-4. 169 W T McGill, Clerk Board....\$ 755 5

1163 " ... 1193 J J Sitton, int... 1195 The Bank of Anderson.. 1190 J Van Straten..... 1194 J J Sitton, Cas. Pendleton B. 190 W T McGill, C. Board, int... 1189 J Matt. Cooley....... 1196 Edward Whitten.....

BORROWED MONEY FOR 1892-3. 1192 J J Sitton, interest... " int, 640 00 349 Bank of Anderson, OFFICE OF COUNTY TREASURER.

I, J. M. Payne, County Treasurer of Anderson County, S. C., do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and cor-rect statement of disbursements on ac-count of County and School Funds for the fiscal year commencing November 1st, 1893 and ending October 31, 1894. J. M. PAYNE, County Treasurer

NOTICE. ALL parties having business in my office are hereby notified that I will be in my office on Tuesdays and Saturdays and Salesdays. My duties require me to be in the country the rest of the time.

Hon. J. E. Breazeale, whose office is adjoining, will issue checks, file claims, etc., in my absence. W. P. SNELGROVE, Sup. A. C.

FRUIT JARS.

FRUIT JARS, One doz. in a box, convenient for carrying home with

JELLY GLASSES. Brennon Celebrated GANE MILLS. EVAPORATORS and FURNACES. Also, repair old Evaporators. ENGINE SMOKE STACKS made to order.

GLASS and TINWARE—nicely assorted. Call and see us whether you want to buy or not. Will to ure in showing you around, and don't forget the-IRON KING AND ELMO STOVES. Also, the \$8.00 and \$10.00 Stoves.

JOHN T. BURRISS.

CLEARING OUT.

Embroideries,

To be rushed during the Summer months. SHOES, SHOES.

A big Stock to be sold CHEAP, notwithstanding the advance in Leather.

Groceries of all kinds in abundance.

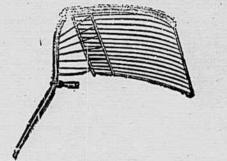
MOLASSES-From the low grade Sugar-house to the best imported. Muscovado and Mayaguez-the finest thing you over say in the way of Molasses. Come and call for Mayaguez Molasses.

FOR THE NECESSARIES OF LIFE

HEADQUARTERS.

Yours truly,

BROWN, OSBORNE & CO.



- BY BUYING THE GENUINE -

ONNI DOLL TT TIER OF That we are offering this Season with the BEST

STEEL BLADES, GROUND SHARP, and READY FOR USE.

It will cost you no more than you will have to pay for imitations

IF YOU NEED

DOORS, SASH and DLINDS, We can show you as nice Goods as can be made out of the Georgia Pine. Car Load just arrived, and will be sold at BOTTOM PRICES.

SULLIVAN HARDWARE CO.

Physicians'

Prescriptions.

Prescriptions Should be prepared with the greatest care, and this is not the only particular point to watch in such delicate work. In order to get the best results and prompt action, and to give entire satisfaction to the Physician, be sure that your drugs are perfectly

Pure and Fresh. That they have not laid upon the shelves for months and years before being called for. We have an entire new stock of Fresh Drugs and Pure Chemicals, and we are receiving fresh supplies to replenish what has been used. Send us your

\$ Politeness. \$ Capital. \$ Quality.

\$ Ideas.

\$ Enterprise.

\$ SUCCESS.

EVANS' PHARMACY.

EVANS' PHARMACY. THE

A NATURAL RESULT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., Special and Peculiar Advantages of a Mutual Benefit Policy which are not Combined in the Policies of any other Company.

ARGE ANNUAL DIVIDENDS, which may be used in Cash Reduction of Premiums, or applied to the purchase of pald-up participating insurance payable with the Policy. EQUITABLE SURRENDER VALUES which are indorsed on the Policy, so that the Insured can stop paying Premiums without loss by forfeiture.

1. A LIBERAL CASH SURRENDER VALUE.

2. EXTENDED INSURANCE in the full amount of the Policy for as long a period as the value of the policy will pay for at low term rates. 2. EXTENDED INSURANCE in the full amount of the Policy for as long a period as the value of the policy will pay for at low term rates.

3. A PAID UP POLICY for a reduced amount payable whenever death occurs.

CASH LOANS are made up to the Cash Surrender Value when a satisfactory assignment of the Policy is made as collateral security. The Insured may thus prevent the lapse of the Policy if he happens to be short of funds; or he may secure a cash loan to meet any sudden emergency. If the Insured forgets to pay a Premium on the loan to meet any sudden emergency. If the Insured forgets to pay a Premium on the loan to meet any sudden emergency. day it is due, his insurance is continued in force by the Company WITHOUT ACTION ON HIS PART. If he is well, he has three years' time in which to revive the Policy by payment of arrears of Premiums with interest; while if he is sick, or unable, to pay the Premium, he is protected by his Extended Insurance.

Policies are Incontestable after the Second Year.

Manager for South Carolina, (successor to Webb & Mattison.) ANDERSON, S. C. FIRE INSURANCE also written, and at rates 15 to 33 per cent less than by other agents.

BUTTER MILK SOAP!

5c. A CAKE,

ORR & SLOAN'S.

TWO WAYS OF MAKING MONEY! First-Get a Job in a Mint.

Second-Buy your Groceries of THE TEAPOT

THIS IS NO JOKE, as those who are our customers will testify. We call attention this week to a few of our Specialties:— Finest Parched or Ground COFFEE.

Remember, we will put on sale to day twenty-five cases hand-packed TOMATORS J. A. AUSTIN & CO.

Finest TEAS.
Finest BUTTER.
Finest FLOUR—(Grandeur)—in Barrels, half Barrels and Sacks.
Finest CANNED GOODS of all varieties.

All White Goods,

Laces, Etc.,

Must be sold to make room for Fall Stock.

DRY COODS AND NOTIONS

ON FLOUR we can meet all competition. CORN and BACON constantly on hand.

- WE ARE -

Come and see us.

GET READY FOR HARVEST!

