Fresh Turnip Seed.

Our stock of New Crop Turnip Seed has arrived, and we again offer our usual Prize of

FIVE DOLLARS

For the LARGEST TURNIP raised from OUR SEED, payable November 15th.

Don't forget the Watermelon and Canteloupe prizes, payable August 15th, 1894.

It costs you nothing to compete for these Prizes, and if you happen to get one you are just five dollars ahead.

ORR & SLOAN, BENSON HOUSE CORNER.

WOFFORD COLLEGE,

JAS. H. CARLISLE, LL.D., Prest.
Two Full Courses.
Necessary expenses for one year, **one hundred and fifty dollars.**
For Catalogue address,
J. A. GAMEWELL,
Secretary of Faculty.

SPARTANBURG, S. C.

CALL ON!
JOHN T. BURRISS
FOR

FRUIT JARS

One Dozen, Nicely Packed in a Box.

CAN be bought CHEAP, as there is very little fruit. A large stock of Jars on hand. Merchants can get a low price on them.

I also handle Brennon & Co's. GREAT WESTERN CANE MILLS, superior to any for lightness and durability.

I manufacture EVAPORATORS much cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere. Also, ENGINE PIPE.

Headquarters for Crockery, Glass, Lamps, Fly Traps and Fans. Also, the Iron King and Elmo Cook Stoves. I can sell you a fine Stove, with ware, for $8.00 and $10.00. Buy while they are cheap—I need money.

JOHN T. BURRISS.

STRONG TALK!

— BUT —

Brownlee & Vandivers

Prepared to Prove It.

WE will give Cash Customers some of the RAREST BARGAINS ever offered in Staple DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS and GROCERIES.

We carry a select and splendid stock of bran New Goods, and can certainly sell you if you give us a chance.

You will do us a favor and save yourself money by seeing us before making your purchases.

We want YOU for a Customer.

Yours in earnest,

BROWNLEE & VANDIVERS.

F. S.—New Car of MOLASSES just received, cheaper than you ever
B. & V.

"HOT STUFF!"

Just Get in a Cool Place and Read this Ad.

8-Day Walnut Clocks, warranted 5 years $2.00
The best Fountain Pen ever made $1.00
Triple Plated Knives and Forks, per Set $2.50

Special Bargains in Gold and Silver Watches.

A Good Watch for $2.00—warranted.

ENGRAVING FREE! PROMPTNESS in everything.

Drop around next to Farmers and Merchants Bank and get a cool drink of Ice Water and a fan to keep cool with free—no charge.

WILL. R. HUBBARD, THE JEWELER.

FOR NINETY DAYS REGARDLESS OF COST!

YOU will find me below Moss & Brown's, on DEPOT STREET, where I am temporarily located until my new Storeroom on Granite Row is completed. I have on hand a big line of—

Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats, Etc.,

That I do not care to move again, consequently they must be SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST. If you need anything in this line now is your chance to buy it cheaper than you ever did in all your life.

Come and see me and I will show you that I MEAN BUSINESS STRICTLY. These Goods must be sold by September 1st.

I can give you prices on FLOUR, MEAT, COFFEE and MOLASSES that will interest you. Do not buy until you see me. Yours truly,

M. A. DEAN.

EAT AND BE MERRY.

You can find PLENTY to EAT from now on at

Ligon & Ledbetter's.

Their Bill of Fare is as follows:

Canned Tomato Soup,
Canned Tomato Stewed,
Green Corn Pie,
Fresh English Peas,
Fresh Roast Beef,
Truffled Chicken Livers,
Nice Prepared Turkey,
Kingan Reliable and Magnolia Hams,
Cranberry Sauce, Best brand of Pickled Olives,
French Prunes, Almonds to be salted,
Cream Cheese and Peach Blow Crackers,
With Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Coffee.

Come and dine with our delicacies. The above prepared with very little cost. Come and see us.

LIGON & LEDBETTER.

FURNITURE AT PANIC PRICES.

The Greatest Bargains in Furniture ever offered in South Carolina are offered at

G. F. TOLLY & SON'S,

DEPOT STREET.

They have the Largest, Cheapest and Best Selected Stock in the State, and challenge any Furniture House in the State for a comparison of prices.

WALNUT and OAK SUITS cheaper than they can be bought from any Factory.

BUREAUS at prices unheard of before.

PARLOR SUITS cheaper than any.

AND EVERYTHING in the Furniture line.

Come and see for yourselves and be convinced that what we say is true

Come and look at our Stock, whether you want to buy or not. We will be pleased to show you around.

Caskets and Coffins furnished on Day Night.

G. F. TOLLY & SON,
Depot Street, Anderson, S. C.

Anderson Intelligencer.

WED BY WIRE.

STORY OF AN ELECTRIC MARRIAGE.

"Mr. Leary, are you a married man?"

"Very, sir."

"Very! Why do you say very?"

"Because my dear little wife and I are bound together by wires."

"Latimer Leary, you talk enigmas."

"Then, sir, to be plain as a primer, I will inform you that I was married by telegraph!"

"You don't say?"

"Yes, I do."

"Then tell the company all about it."

"I will, with pleasure. Ladies and gentlemen, my wife is a second cousin, and is also a Leary. She once resided in the city of Indianapolis, while I was a resident of Centerville, in the same State. I was a bachelor of 30, but full of romance and general love because I had not made a concentration.

"'Why don't you take a wife?' was continually buzzing in my ears. 'Whom will I take?' said I. To this query a score of my friends would say, 'Your relative, Kate Leary.'

"'Kate Leary? Why, she is my cousin!'

"'Only a second cousin,' they would retort, 'and your opposite, Latimer. Kate is a blonde, and you are as dark as Erebus, or the ace of clubs.'

"I had never seen Miss Leary; but this continual association of the young lady with my wedded life had an influence.

"One day a member of congress exclaimed:

"'Mr. Leary, were I single, I would assuredly pay court to your magnificent cousin. As I am married and you are my best friend, I earnestly hope you will possess the luxury.'

"At this period I was a merchant. Having discharged a thieving clerk, I was so confined to my store that a journey to Indianapolis was out of the question. I was growing wild to see one whom all praised and so many wished me to wed.

"In a few days from the call of my legislative friend, his brother, a noted judge, appeared at my store. The judge was also my devoted ally, a position intensified by his recollection of being educated by my deceased father.

"Drawing a photograph from his coat, said he, 'I wish to show you something nice. There, what do you say to that?'

"I told him it was absolutely enchanting.

"'This, my dear friend, is Miss Kate Leary, the lady I wish you to marry.'

"'Tell me,' exclaimed I, 'is she—is she all they claim for her?'

"'My dear friend, honestly as I value truth, I have not heard her sufficiently praised.'

"'Why don't some man try his luck?'

"'I am glad you asked. Simply because she is overcourted and consequently hard to please. She is romantic, and, you clearly see, not winnable by ordinary methods.'

"'You say she is very particular?'

"'She is, sir.'

"'Then good-bye for me.'

"'Not at all; she is rapturous over your likeness, and sends her cousinly love, with an invitation to visit her. I pledge you I omitted not a single good point in your body, calibre or character.'

"'So you consider her photograph accurate?'

"'I can tell you it don't flatter her. She has extraordinary beauty, and the kind that is more striking in animation or conversation.'

"While mutual friends in Centreville were lauding my fair cousin, mutual friends in Indianapolis were loud in their eulogies of me, and preparing her mind for an alliance.

"I am not self-conceited. Believing such concord to be born of an obvious fact, I settled on the idea of marrying this wonder in beauty, soul and accomplishment.

"My intent was quickly confirmed upon hearing that a very wealthy and influential banker from Gotham was in the melting mood. I remember it was at midnight. I hinted from my store the last batch of chronic loungers, and selected the best stationery in my establishment. I was to write my first letter to Kate.

"From all that had passed, a fine style was easy. I always flattered myself on my syntax, and will ungotistically affirm that my missive was at once tender, audacious, dignified, wild and intense. It struck her like an electric shock. The banker was laughed out of competition, and your humble servant was master of the situation.

"Such a reply as I received! Well—you must see—you shall see it. I have good gas works, but I am inadequate. In a brief time we learned that each knew the other well. This much said by so many mutuals, superadded by to our photographs and letters, made us a comprehending couple; in fact, we confessed our love—a full, round, ripe and luscious article. There could be no unsafety in the case. Our lineage was common, and every fact known. What followed is clear—an engagement—yes, between unseen lovers and cousins.

"I was 'dying' to fold her to my heart; but my solus condition and maturing appointments postponed it indefinitely.

What did you say? Why didn't she visit one of our friends at Centreville? I answer you cheerfully. She was an oddity. She had her notions and would entertain them. Though we were plighted, she declared that it should not be said that she made the first visit. Many believed she was right. I don't argue that point, but merely answer a question.

"Weeks passed, letters were numerous and copiously saccharine. The time arrived when I could bear my single condition no longer. What if some one were to cut me out at the 11th hour? With such a love, what would become of me? I was determined to own her, even if I did not see her in a decade.

"An idea dawned—a brilliant one. It was to compass a speedy marriage, and to satisfy her thirst for romance. After a flood of tenderness by way of dramatic preoration, I wrote: '——, my adored one, let us depart from the stale routine, and wed by telegraph.'

"The idea took her by storm. Her answer was characteristic. It ran thus: 'Darling, I will. The idea is savory, but is it legal?'

"Immediately I sent for my friend, the judge. Soon he faced me; said I, 'Judge, is a marriage by telegraph legal?'

"'Certainly, sir; I see no objection to a contract by telegraph. I readily perceive how all the requirements can be accomplished.'

"'Will you state this opinion on paper, and prescribe an electric wedding?'

"'With pleasure, sir.'

"The judge understood me and gladly complied. The result I forwarded to Kate by return mail, and soon received word that on the following Thursday she and proper authority would present themselves at the Indianapolis office according to said formula, there to enter upon the holy state of matrimony.

"I tell you the appointed day was a great one among the mutual friends at each end of the wire. The affair was so novel, that all was eclipsed by the contemplation of it.

"Clergymen and witnesses assembled at the termini. There, in full costume, two unseen lovers were to be made man and wife. The instrument began its tick, tick, ticking. The operator read, clergyman put questions, I answered; the instrument did more work, and soon I was saluted as the husband of Kate Leary. Happy was I, though the possessor of a lady I never beheld.

"One week passed, and I was still without help. My brain was becoming frenzied; I must see Kate, and I must go to her first, for it was her fiat, and well did I know what a Leary was.

"By entreaty, I prevailed upon a brother merchant to loan me his clerk. Soon as he put his foot in the store, I put mine in the stage, en route for the capital of Indiana.

"When about 12 miles from the city, we stopped for a passenger. It was a young lady. Such a being I never beheld. She resembled my likeness of Kate, but far more beautiful. I own my heart went out to her. Call me fickle, say what you please, and I will bear it. I repeat, my heart gushed forth in a flood of love.

"Here was a fix! I, a married man, going to see his telegraphed bride, and as telegraphically in love with another woman. I began to repent my haste, and when too late, saw the crime of marrying one I had never put eyes upon. What would I do? What could I do? The lady was already married, for I heard the driver call her madam.

"How she eyed me! I spoke about the coach window being raised to suit her. She thanked me in tones that acted like arterial stimulant. I was gone. Much conversation followed, and I was a goner. I saw she was giving me some sweet, yet pleading looks. Heavens! thought I, she is unhappily mated. Suppose I give her my sympathy. Yet should I jeopardize myself before such transcendent charms? Suppose I betray my love, how would I feel when in the presence of my wife, and what power would I confer to a total stranger? I had it. I would betray nothing, but offer consolation to a flower most neglected. We were the only passengers, and what a good chance.

"'Madam,' said I, 'please pardon me, but you seem to exist under a cloud.'

"She sighed deeply.

"'May I ask if you are a widow?'

"'Well, sir, not a widow; though I don't live with my husband.'

"'Poor soul!' continued I.

"She put her handkerchief to her mouth. I thought about half of it; but of course it was to stop her emotion.

"'You are not happy, madam?'

"'Very far from it, sir; I am miserable.'

"So was I—miserable to put my arm about her neck.

"'Where do you reside, madam?'

"'In Indianapolis.''

"'Have you friends there?'

"'Many, sir.'

"'No doubt of it. Allow me to ask, do you like this husband?'

"'Devotedly, sir.'

"'Then why don't you live with him?'

"'I would be glad of the chance, sir.'

"'When did you see him last?'

"'I have never seen him, sir.'

"Here she again half swallowed the handkerchief.

"'Never seen him? Why, what do you mean.'

"'Sir, have you never read of a telegraphic wedding?'

"'Julius Cæsar!' cried I. 'Tell me; are you Mrs. Kate Leary?'

"'I am!'

"'Then fall over here!' And I took her to my bosom convulsively.

"As I relaxed, she said, 'Go on, Latimer. I knew you from your photograph.'

"I will not prolong this, but merely remark that Kate is my next to the Great One above. I have never felt ashamed of my inconsistency, and would not lose her for all the wealth of the Orient. I ever consider us as bound together by 'wire;' and when asked if I am a married man, I always feel like saying 'very.'"

Animal Sentries.

The too eager sportsman is often balked of a shot by the watchful sentinel posted to guard the flock or the herd against surprise. Posting a sentry is the most universal of the instincts which use organization as a means of defense. Chamois, ibex and other mountain antelopes always post a sentinel. Always when a herd of seals are sleeping on the rocks there is a watcher. This instinct, the *Spectator* says, survives even in animal captivity, as the following illustration will show.

"When the prairie dogs at the voo occupied a small paddock, they always kept a sentinel on duty, although he seldom uttered his warning whistle, having learned probably that the visitors would not come inside the railing. The prairie dogs at the Jardin d'Acclimatisation of Paris observe the same precaution." As is well known, wild geese are particularly wary in this respect. Mr. St. John says that "they seem to act in so organized and cautious a manner when feeding or roosting as to defy all danger. When a flock of wild geese has fixed on a field of newly sown grain to feed in, before alighting they make numerous circling fights, and the least suspicious object prevents them from pitching.

"Supposing that is all right and they do alight, the whole flock for a space of a minute or two remain motionless, with erect head and neck, reconnoitering the country around. They now appear to have made up their mind that all is safe and contented to leave one sentry, who either stands on some elevated part of the field or walks slowly with the rest—never, however, venturing to pick up a single grain of corn, his whole energies being employed in watching. The most curious part has to follow. When a sentry thinks he has performed a fair share of the duty, he gives the bird nearest him a sharp peck."

Mr. St. John declares that he has seen the sentry occasionally pull out a bunch of feathers when the first hint was not attended to and at the same time utter a querulous cry. Wild swans are almost as cautious as wild geese. The signal of danger differs with the species of animals, but the alarm note seems to be universally understood by the sentinel's followers. Wild geese and swans have a peculiar call, as of a bugle; rabbits and sheep stamp on the ground; wild ducks utter a low and cautious quack; elephants, ibex and mountain sheep whistle.—*Rod and Gun.*

— A typical Southern African household described by Olive Schreiner, had an English father, a half Dutch mother with a French name, a Scotch governess, a Zulu cook, a Hottentot housemaid, and a Kaffir stable boy, while the little girl who waited on the table was a Basuto.

— There is sufficient energy latent in a cubic foot of air to kill a regiment.

The Pay of Preachers.

Mr. Henry King Carroll, who has been in charge of the religious statistics of the century, furnishes for the August *Forum* an article on "The Pay of Preachers," which supplies interesting facts concerning the support of the clergy. The Society of Friends is adopting the nearly universel custom, though for a long time it has been the only body which did not provide regular clergy for its people. The ministerial salaries are generally higher in cities than in towns and villages. The Bishops form a class of ministers by themselves. The largest Episcopal income is $12,500, including house rent, but the lowest is $3,000 a year, with $300 for travelling expenses. The average income of a Bishop is $5,000 a year. The salaries of the Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church average $5,000 and those of Roman Catholic Bishops range frem $3,000 to $5,000 and a house. The college presidents receive as incomes $5,000 and upward.

The Methodists have 16,500 travelling preachers, and their average salary is $847, though the income of some of the foremost Methodist preachers is from $5,000 to $7,000. The vast number receive on an average not more than $500 a year. The Congregationalists are very liberal toward their ministers. The average salary in Massachusetts is $1,474, and there are two churches in Boston which pay $7,000 each. There are in the denomination thirty-six pastorates which yield each $5,000 and upward. The average salary among the Presbyterians is between $1,000 and $1,200 a year. They have one parish, that of Dr. John Hall, of New York, which pays $15,000 a year and a parsonage, and as a rule their ministers are liberally provided for.

The wealthiest denomination in the United States is the Jewish, but it makes no returns of its salaries. The average clergy in the Episcopal Church obtain $800 a year, but in many cases the income is $10,000, and in a large number of instances it is $6,000. The Baptists pay very low salaries. Probably no Baptist pastor in any of our cities receives more than $6,000, with one exception. The Lutherans pay small salaries, but usually give in fees and other perquisites quite as much as in the salary. In only a single instance do they pay $6,000 a year.

These facts are the essential features of the pay of the clergy in the United States. They show that when compared with the incomes of the physicians and the lawyers, except where the great prizes are concerned, the clergy are quite as well off pecuniarily as any other great professional class. The minister gets half-rates or reductions at many points where he would not think of asking it if he were in any other profession, and his social and educational privileges are of the highest order. On the whole, the clergy throughout the country have nothing to complain of. They are well and fairly treated by the people. In the division of such a large amount of money, and in the exigencies of life, it is impossible that there should not arise instances of hardship where the salary is too scant for the clergyman, but wherever those cases exist there are proper methods of removing the difficulty, and a vigorous use of Christian common sense applied to the situation usually brings relief.—*Boston Herald.*

Caution to Liquor Seizers.

A few days ago, at North Adams, Massachusetts, the chief constable seized a jar of rum and arrested the party in whose possession it was found, for selling intoxicating liquors. At the examination before the District Judge, he swore and testified that he had seized the liquor, and made a detailed statement of the facts. Hon. Shepard Thayer, the attorney for the prisoner, asked him if he knew it was liquor. He replied "Yes, it was rum." He was then asked how he knew it was rum, and he replied, that he had drank some of it. The prisoner, who was a woman, was then called as a witness in her own behalf, when the following questions and answers were put and received:

Q. Did you have any liquor in your house when the State constable called there?

A. Yes, I had some rum in a jar.

Q. How long have you had it.

A. About six months.

Q. Did you have it to sell?

A. Oh! no. I don't sell liquor.

Q. What did you have this rum for?

A. I kept it to wash the baby.

Q. Had you ever washed the baby in this rum?

A. O, yes, often! I used to turn some out in a dish, wash the baby in it, and then turn it back in the jar again.

Q. Do you mean to say that this was the same liquor of which the State constable drank?

A. The very same.

There was great laughter in the court, and the State constable declared he would seize no more liquor that was kept in a jar. He is about the only man in North Adams that will take offense if you ask him to take a drink.

The Beauty of Death.

If there is one thing especially of which many people possibly cannot believe that, under any circumstances, it would seem beautiful, I suppose it must mean death. That must always be dreadful. Men seldom see any misery in life so great as to outweigh the misery or leaving it. But yet it comes to all of us that He who made death made it, like all things else, to be beautiful in His time. When a life has lived its days out in happiness, grown old with constantly accumulating joys, and then, at last, before decay has touched it, or the ground grows soft under its feet, the door opens, and it enters into the new youth of eternity; when a young man has tried his powers here and dedicated them to God, and then is called to the full use of their perfected strength in the very presence of the God whom he has loved; when a man has lived for his brethren, and the time comes that his life cannot help them any longer, but his death can put life into dead truths; and send enthusiasm into fainting hearts; when death comes as a rest to a man who is tried with a long fight, or as victory to a man who leaves his enemies baffled behind him on the shore of time—in all these times, is not death beautiful? "Nothing in all his life became this man like leaving it," they said of one who died.—*Phillips Brooks.*

— I know an old soldier who had chronic diarrhœa of long standing to have been permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, says Edward Shumpik, a prominent druggist of Minneapolis, Minn. "I have sold the remedy in this city for over seven years and consider it superior to any other medicine now on the market for bowel complaints." 25 and 50 cent bottles of this remedy for sale by Hill Bros.

— Animal and vegetable oils are more efficient in stilling troubled waters than mineral oils.

— The first number of the organ of the Ohio penitentiary was issued last week. It is edited by a convict.

Have You Indigestion?

"Troubled with indigestion, are you? Feel all puffed up, eh? Well, it's a pity that some one couldn't treat you the way my brother-in-law's wife treated her chickens. That was when they lived out in Lewiston, Pa.

"Going to tell us another story now, I suppose, like those about catching herring in the grass and hunting shad with a dog and gun, ain't you?"

Without paying any attention to this slighting remark the Jerseyman went on.

"My brother-in-law's wife had a fine crop of chickens that summer. They were all hatched that spring and were growing well, when one day the whole flock got at a bag of dry corn meal and filled their crops full of it. The first my brother-in-law's wife knew of this was when the meal began to swell and turn sour, and the whole troop of chickens were waddling around with crops twice their regular size and every chicken looking like the bass drummer in a German band. You see, the chickens had either got at water too soon or else didn't have gravel enough in their crops to grind up the meal, and it wouldn't digest and seemed likely to burst them.

"There was no one by to give help or advice, and my brother-in-law's wife was not going to lose that lot of more than 100 fine chickens if she could help it, so she started right in to do the best she could. The children caught the chickens and brought them to her, and with her buttonhole scissors she cut a slit in each one of their crops. She squeezed out the cornmeal, washed their crops out and sewed them up again. The chickens seemed grateful. They were kept quiet for a couple of days, fed lightly, and every one of them recovered."—*New York Sun.*

— Mother—Jane, you must choose between the two. Will you marry the man who loves you, or the man who can dress you? "Mamma, as an up-to-date girl, I must reply that although love is a very desirable thing, clothes are an absolute necessity."

— One of the strangest fractures known to the profession was recently treated at the Pennsylvania hospital, where a young man appeared with his arm broken between the shoulder and the elbow. He said that he had tried to throw a stone that was too heavy for him and in bringing his arm around the bone snapped. It seems hardly possible that the elbow and shoulder joints should be firm enough to stand a strain that would break the bone, and the doctors decided that there must have been some softening of the bone. Such cases have happened before, but it has always been with growing boys, whose bones are brittle enough to break at any unusual strain.

— Steel is now cheaper than iron. It hardly seems possible, remarks the *Boston Cultivator*, but the estimates of cost in a recent bidding for a bridge in Pennsylvania to be made with steel strings and steel rivets was lower than a like estimate for the same bridge made with iron stringers and iron rivets. Four bids were made, and in each case the bridge could be made cheaper of steel than of iron. The successful bid was $1,965, as against $2,157, which was the lowest bid for the iron bridge. Owing to the greater strength of steel, the weight of metal in the steel bridge is much less than it must necessarily be for one of iron.

Bucklens Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Hill Bros.

Hall's Catarrh Cure for sale by Wilhite & Wilhite.

— One town in India has seven magnificent temples, each of which was hewn from a single block of stone.

— In the temperate zones the maximum of summer heat is attained about a month after the longest days of the year.

— The word "mugwump" occurs several times in Eliot's translation of the Bible. In that book it signifies a great chief.

— The prayer of christendom after the fall of Constantinople was: "Lord save us from the devil, the Turk and the comet."

— Malaria is said to be caused by a vegetable micro-organism inhabiting the blood of man and some of the lower animals.

— Petroleum is derived from vegetable and animal substances that were deposited in and associated with the forming of rocks.

The Belton High School,

BELTON, S. C.

OPENS Monday, the third of September, and continues nine months—a short vacation for Christmas.

The Principal is prepared to take a few boarders, boys or girls, at $9.00 per month.

REV. H. TURNER SMITH, A. M., Principal.

Aug 8, 2894 6

Presbyterian College of S.C.,

Clinton, Laurens Co., S. C.

HEALTHFUL location, 800 feet above sea. Moral influence, strictly prohibition town, pious community. Classical, Scientific and Business courses. Good preparatory school. Total expenses—$120 to $140. Write for catalogue.

REV. E. C. MURRAY, President.

Aug 1, 1894 5 3

NOTICE.

THE State Board of Medical Examiners will meet in the city of Columbia on the 9th day of October, 1894. All persons intending to engage in the Practice of Medicine or Surgery in this State who are not registered according to law must appear before this Board.

W. H. NARDIN, M. D.,
Chm'n. State Board Med. Ex.
C. F. McGAHAN, M. D., Sec. & Treas.

July 18, 1894 3 3

Application for Charter.

NOTICE is hereby given that we, the undersigned Corporators, will apply to the next session of the General Assembly of South Carolina for a Charter to build a Railroad from Greenwood, South Carolina, via Due West, Anderson, Townville and Westminister, S. C., to the South Carolina and Georgia line at or near the point where the Blue Ridge Railroad crosses said line, to be called "The Greenwood, Anderson and Western Railway."

J. C. Maxwell, T. F. Riley, J. K. Durst, J. S. Bailey, J. G. Simmons, B. W. Cobb, H. P. McGee, M. B. Clinkscales, G. P. Tolly, D. C. DuPre, W. L. Durst, R. B. Wilson, W. B. Millwee, D. A. P. Jordan, J. W. Wideman, R. S. Galloway, Geo. E. Prince, Corporators.

Aug 22, 1894 8 3m

Application for Charter.

NOTICE is hereby given that we, the undersigned Corporators, will apply to the next session of the General Assembly of South Carolina for a Charter to build a Railroad from Greenwood, South Carolina, by way of Cokesbury, Pelzer and Piedmont to Greenville or Easley, South Carolina, to be called "The Saluda Valley Railway."

J. C. Maxwall, T. F. Riley, J. K. Durst, J. S. Bailey, J. G. Simmons, B. W. Cobb, D. C. DuPre, E. A. Smythe, T. J. Ellis, W. L. Durst, R. B. Wilson, W. B. Millwee, D. A. P. Jordan, G. W. Connor, J. C. Moore, G. B. Riley, J. L. Orr, T. E. Polhill, Corporators.

Aug 22, 1894 8 3m

A Joke on Smith.

A Galveston female school teacher was on intimate terms with the male teacher in the same school. He was in the habit of strolling into her room during the recess and chatting with the object of his affections. His name was Smith. One day the lady teacher endeavored to make the class comprehend the omnipresence of God. She explained to them that God was everywhere.

"Now, my dear children, suppose you all go out of this room, except myself and I stay in here. Am I alone?" asked the female teacher.

"No," exclaimed one of the little girls; "Mr. Smith will be with you."

— Nutmeg hickory is the strongest wood which grows in the United States.

— Fifteen species of American wood, when perfectly seasoned, will sink in water.

— Most of American slate is quarried in eastern Pennsylvania and New England.

— One region in New Mexico contains more Aztec ruins than any other part of the continent.

— A single corporation controls more than nine-tenths of the entire world's product of diamonds.

The Successful Advertizer!

Is the man who writes something the people will read, and reading, believe. In this age of education and enlightenment, when men read and think for themselves, all that stuff about "selling goods cheaper than your competitors buy them," being the "only competent dealers in the line," "handling better stuff than anybody else," &c., is mere clap trap, and subjects the writer and the firm back of it to the contempt of all right-thinking people. The man who has something to offer, and then tells the folks about in a plain, business way, is the man who "gets there," and getting there, stands.

Lots of people handle Paint. Some handle one kind, some another, but they all realize, if they have any business sense at all, that in order to make that business a permanent success it is absolutely necessary to give the people the very best material. This we have tried to do, and at a price that puts it in the reach of all.

In this connection we call attention to the fact that crops are about laid by, time is plentiful, and a little paint not only freshens and beautifies, but improves wonderfully the sanitary condition of the premises. If your house is all right maybe the fence needs a coat. A little Paint would keep that old buggy from falling down, and the wagon might last a year or two longer by spending seventy-five cents or a dollar in Paint on it.

Remember this, the longer you put it off the more it takes and the less good it does. Remember another thing, it costs just as much, and takes just as much time, to have cheap paint put on as it does good Paint. Always buy the best, even if you pay more for it.

HILL BROS., Druggists,
ANDERSON, S. C.

COLUMBIA FEMALE COLLEGE,

COLUMBIA, S. C.

FALL Session opens September 27, 1894. Twelve departments of instruction. Able faculty and distinguished corps of lecturers. Work thorough. Spirit progressive. Elective courses. Reading rooms, libraries, fine telescope, new chemical and physical apparatus. All rooms carpeted, well furnished and lighted with gas. Open fireplaces. Hot and cold baths. Health unsurpassed. Thorough course in instrumental and vocal music. For catalogue and further particulars, address REV. JNO. A. RICE, President.

Railroad Charter.

NOTICE is hereby given that we, the undersigned corporators, will apply to the next General Assembly of South Carolina for a Charter of a Railroad running from Piedmont, in Greenville Co, to Abbeville C. H, by way of the Towns of Pelzer, Williamston and Belton, and from there to Abbeville C. H. by the most desirable and practicable route.

J. C. Klugh, W. C. McGowan, W. A. Templeton, Dr. J. A. Anderson, A. M. Erwin, J. E Wakefield, R. B. A. Robinson, T. L. Clinkscales, Jr., J. T. Ashley, G. W. Sullivan, E. A. Smythe, Jas. L Orr, J. T. Rice, L. D Harris, R. A. Lewis, Dr. J. W. Wideman, M. B. Clinkscales, R. C. Brownlee. 7—12

Notice to Contractors.

Office of County Commissioners,
Anderson, S. C., Aug. 7, 1894.

WILL be let to the lowest bidder on Friday, August 24, 1894 at 10 o'clock a. m., at the ford on Little Beaver dam, on new road near Rev. E Brown's, the repairing of the ford or the building of a bridge.

Plans and specifications made known on day of letting.

R. E. PARKER, Chm'n.
B. T. MARTIN,
W. P. SNELGROVE,
Board Co. Com. A. C.
W. T. McGILL, Clerk.

Aug 15, 1894 7 2

FRANK. M. MURPHY. J. FURMAN EVANS.

MURPHY & EVANS,

Attorneys at Law,

ANDERSON, - - S. C.

COLLECTIONS and Commercial Law given special attention.

OFFICE—Over Farmers' and Merchants' Bank

June 6, 1894 49 6m

LADIES

SUFFERING FROM NERVOUS PROSTRATION, DEBILITY and FEMALE WEAKNESSES,

GOOD NEWS.

A postal card with your address secures it. Write now to NATIONAL SURGICAL INSTITUTE, Atlanta, Georgia, or P. O. Box 74, Atlanta, Ga. 2—3m*

NOTICE FINAL SETTLEMENT.

The undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of Elias Winston, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will, on the 15th day of September 1894, apply to the Judge of Probate for Anderson County for a Final Settlement of said Estate, and a discharge from his office as Administrator.

TENUS WINSTON, Adm'r.

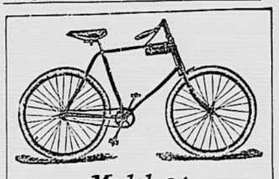
Aug. 15, 1894 7 5

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

All persons having demands against Estate of Rev. J. S. Murray, deceased, are hereby notified to present them, properly proven, to the undersigned within the time prescribed by law, and those indebted to make payment.

CLAUDIA R. MURRAY, Ex'r.

Aug. 15, 1894 7 3



Model 34

Columbia,

Price, $125.

A new machine in many important points of design and construction, retaining also the best features of previous light Columbias. It is regularly fitted with an easily detachable front wheel brake, rat-trap pedals, and either single or double tire as ordered. Weight, 30 pounds with, 29 without brake. Full description in Columbia catalogue, which is furnished free.

— ALSO, —

Agents for HARTFORD BICYCLES—best medium priced wheels in the world. Bicycle Supplies of all kinds—Tires, Spokes, Bells, Cyclometers, Lanterns, Etc.

EUGENE F. BATES,
GREENVILLE, ... S. C.
June 20 51 8

ASTHMA,

Distressing Cough,

SORE JOINTS —AND— MUSCLES.

Despaired OF RELIEF. CURED BY

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

"Some time since, I had a severe attack of asthma, accompanied with a distressing cough and a general soreness of the joints and muscles. I consulted physicians and tried various remedies, but without getting any relief, until I despaired of ever being well again. Finally, I took Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and in a very short time, was entirely cured. I can, therefore, cordially and confidently commend this medicine to all."—J. ROSELLS, Victoria, Texas.

"My wife had a very troublesome cough. She used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and procured immediate relief."—G. H. PODRICK, Humphreys, Ga.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Received Highest Awards AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
·LADIES·
$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.

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W. L. DOUGLAS,
BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes,

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by

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ANDERSON, S. C.
GEER BROS., Belton, S. C.

A. B. TOWERS

WILL SELL YOU—
Buttons,
Children's Stockings,
Men's White Cotton Gloves,
And many other articles,

Cheaper than you can buy them anywhere else. A few FINE SHIRTS. No. 16 and 16½, the best fitting Shirts I ever had at less than cost.

I am still Headquarters for Wall Paper, FINE TEA, Roasted Coffee, New Orleans Pure Muscovado Molasses, Kerosene Oil, and a few Barrels Flour at prices to surprise you.

A. B. TOWERS,
Insurance Agent, 18 Whitner Street.

FOR TWO CENTS

(a stamp) any reader of the ANDERSON INTELLIGENCER can have a sample copy of the THE SOUTHERN MAGAZINE by dropping a line to its publishers at Columbia Building, Louisville, Ky., and can obtain a club rate on the magazine and this paper by addressing the publishers of the INTELLIGENCER, Anderson, S. C.

JOHN K. HOOD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ANDERSON, - - S. C,

Port Royal & Western Carolina Railway.

J. B. CLEVELAND, Receiver.
IN EFFECT JULY 1, 1894.
(Trains run by 75th Meridian time.

BETWEEN AUGUSTA AND ANDERSON.

Eastern Time.	No. 6 Sunday. only		No. 20 Mixed Daily Ex Sun
Lv Andersor	12 45pm		11 00 am
Lv Lowndesville	1 45pm		12 35 pm
Lv Calhoun Falls	2 12pm		1 17 pm
Ar McCormick	3 20pm		3 00 pm
Ar Augusta	5 15pm		5 15 pm
		No. 5	No. 19
Lv Augusta		2 35 pm	2 35 pm
Lv McCormick		4 30 pm	4 35 pm
Lv Calhoun Falls		5 39 pm	6 18 pm
Lv Lowndesville		6 05 pm	7 00 pm
Ar Anderson		7 05 pm	8 35 pm

BETWEEN AUGUSTA, GA., AND SPARTANBURG, S. C.

Eastern Time.	No. 1 Daily.
Lv Augusta	2 45 pm
Lv McCormick	4 23 pm
Lv Greenwood	5 23 pm
Lv Laurens	6 24 pm
Ar Spartanburg	8 05 pm
Lv Spartanburg	11 15 am
Lv Laurens	1 20 pm
Lv Greenwood	2 28 pm
Lv McCormick	3 30 pm
Ar Augusta	5 15 pm

Close connection made at Calhoun Falls with Seaboard Air Line going north and south.

Through Palace Sleeping Cars on Trains Nos. 3 and 4 between Augusta and Savannah, Ga.

Close connections at Augusta for all Florida points.

For any other information write or call on

W. J. CRAIG, Gen. Pass. Agt.
R. L. TODD, Trav. Pass. Agt. Augusta, Ga.
J. R. FANT, Agent.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT APRIL 8, 1893.

NORTHBOUND. No. 38. Daily.	No. 134. Daily.	Eastern Time. Except Atlanta.	SOUTHBOUND No. 127. Daily.	No. 41. Daily.
8 15pm	6 05pm	lv...