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J. F. CLINKSCALES, EDITORS AND C. C. LANGSTON, PROPRIETORS

ONE YEAR......\$1 50 SIX MONTHS .....

TERMS:

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1894. A new paper man has started on ar

pedition to the North Pole. If he n't find it, it will be because it is not faThe West has forsaken the South or the question of the repeal of the tax on State banks. The measure is thought to

Philip D. Armour is a millionaire who believes in being the executor of his own gifts. His latest gift is one of a half milon delfers to endow a manual training ichool in San Francisco.

The political signs of the times indicate that the gubernatorial race will soon be parrowed down to two men. One of them will represent the Irby or the Allince lawyer faction and the other the Farmer's Alliance faction.

The Southern Passenger Association as granted the cheap rate to the South-Dailas, Tex. The rate will probably be he usual certificate plan rate of full fare going and one-third fare returning, the or three shapes. The very poor are colocartificates to be signed by the Secretary nized by being sent to institutions out-

Mes Cara Barton writes from Beaufort that the Red Cross Association, of which she is President, will ask from a us public no further help for the sufferors. If the supplies on hand are not sufficient the Red Cross rerees will make up the deficiency un-Il the crops come in.

The p evailing opinion seems to be ase up and that better times are shead people. With the tariff bili try will have a more solid base upon ch to work and a general wave of he business interests of the nation are

A ciliz n of New York City comes for ward with a plan for the celebration of the Christian era, to be held in that during the year 1900. His plan conlites all the features of the World's ind he believes if the right support giver him, New York will have an ing of the kind that has yet been

ir. S. Paul Brown, formarly of this Florida Hustler, published at neille, has announced the follownetimal ticket for 1896: For Presina, for Vice President, Hon. William Ruce II, of Marsachusetts. Mr. Erown tor Morgan on the financial

repeal the tax on the issue o to banks. According to the poll, there st solidly against it. The Constitudent thinks that the only ce for repeal is for the Democrata to is upon the matter, and agree upon bill that they can make a party meas-

nited States Department of Agrishout to issue a farmers' bulletilizers for cotton. This bulletin n prepared by Dr. J. M. Mopresident of the Virginia Agri-Coffege and director of the rainis experimental station, and gives account of numerous experider h s supervision in South Carolina. It also omtains directions as to the selection, compounding, and application of fertilize s for this crop. The bulletin will be sent on application to the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Hon. Alfred H. Colquitt, United State Senator from Georgia, who was stricken with paralysis about ten days ago, died at his home in Washington last Mondy corning. The House and Senate adrned Monday in respect to his memry, and brief funeral services were held in the Benate chamber. The remains, excorted by a committee from both the Tuesday for Macon, Ga., where the in terment will take place to-day. He was bout 70 years of age. Senator Colquitt was a Christian statesman, and his life as been one succession of honors. He served his State and County well, and on he pages of Georgia's history there will oe no mame that posterity will more highly revere than his.

known that frequently the Chief Executive finds provisions in these bills that
are objectionable to him, yet rather than
sacrifice the numerous items which
would result from a veto he signs the would result from a veto he signs the bills and they become laws as a whole. Fruitless efforts have been made in previous Congresses to remedy this unsatisfactory condition of affairs, and in this Congress another attempt will be made. entative DeArmond, of Missouri, has introduced in the House a resolution amending the Constitution so as to empower the President to veto any one or more items of appropriation bills.

All the indications point most unmis takably to a low price for cotton next season. Even if a smaller area is planted and a short crep is made the price will still range about six cents during the early part of the season. The mills are over stocked now-the warehouses are filled to overflowing and no inconsiderable quartity still remains in the hands of the producers. In July and August the Texas crop will be ready for market, which with the stock on hand will keep the price down below even present prices. These facts we glean from one who has pusiness interests and connections all over the country, and they are stubborn facts which should not be unheaded in pitching the crops for the year. What does reason and sound judgment suggest as the best course? The matter should be carefully weighed before action.

A Washington correspondent says should the Bland seigniorage bill, which has passed both the House and the Sonate, tecome a law, the coinage of \$55,000,-000 of silver bullion will have to be done at the mints of Philadelphia, San Francisco and New Orleans, which are in fact the only mints of the Government now in operation. Exclusive of other necessary coitage the Philadelphia Mint, it is thoughf, could turn out about \$1,000,000 than war and pestilence and famine comper month; the San Francisco Mint bined,

about the same amount, and the New Orleans Mint about \$800,000 per month. The San Francisco Mint, however, has only about \$16,000,000 in silver bullion on hand, and the New Orleans Mint only about \$9,500,000. So that after the supply now on hand at these mints had been exhausted the remaining \$30,000,000 would have to be coined at the Philadelphia Mint alone. The whole time, therefore, which would be necessary to coin the seigniorage would be approximately about two years and two months.

No two subjects have provoked more

comment in recent years than the trend of population to our great cities and the poverty that finds its home in such populations. Prof. Francis G. Peabody, of Harvard, who has personally studied the great social question of poverty in all the principal European countries, combines a discussion of these two subjects in a most instructive article in the March Forum. He points out that one causethe prime cause perhaps-of poverty in the United States is the rush of people to the great centres of population. He finds a remedy for poverty, therefore, in the contrary movement, that is to say by colonization. After pointing out the efforts that have been made in Holland and in Germany and in England to colonize the unfortunate of the cities by making homes for them in the country, he shows how, to a great extent at least, a movement of this sort contains the so-Bin Bapt at Convention to be held out in | lution of a great problem that concerns us. As a matter of fact, colonization from the city is already going on in two side the cities. Organizations like the Children's Aid Societies are constantly removing the young from city life. At the other social extreme, people of sufficient means are more and more making their homes, and especially the homes for their children, in the country. Professor Peabody's study of this group of subjects combines the two very rare qualities of scientific investigation, method and accuracy, and the zeal of the re-

A Few Ideas from a Sandy Farmer.

Editors Intelligencer: I agree with "Squire Fewell" that the farming masses already know how to make enough cot-ton, but at the same time that is not exton, but at the same time that is not experily will sweep over the country. Inside the same time that is not exactly will sweep over the country. Inside the same time that is not exactly will sweep over the country. What we want, or rather what we need. What we ought to do is to make as much cotton ss we can, with as little actual cost as possible. In regard to using commercial fertilizers I admit at the present day and the condition of our lands it does not pay us to plant cotton without some kind of compost or fertilizer. But the question arises, does it pay us as farmers to use commercial fertilizers? (I don't propose to enter into a debate or controvery against commercial fertilizers, but

Ciristian era, to be held ir that tring the year 1900. His plan contest all the features of the World's not be believes if the right support to the him, New York will have an it in 1900 that will far surpass as of the kind that has yet been so the kind that has a nounced the follow-that tiket for 1896: For Fresisantar John T. Morgan, of Alstor Vice President, Hon. William so the ingredients will not get thoroughly mixed, and keep dry. Put it up fifteen or twenty days before you are ready to put in the field. Put in the same way you do guano.

and thirks he is the only public sho has a record for a sound policy.

But here comes the point. Some will say I have not get the cotton seed, stable or lot manure or lime, either; therefore it is impossible for me to make compest. They will be like the old colored sister was n one occasion when a number of her lends came to see her, and she had nothing to set before them to eat. She was much troubled, and went to her nistress much troubled, and went to her nistress for advice as to what would be best for her to do. Her mistress says: "Well, Jane, do the best you can, and when you have done that, then make apologies." The colored sister, catching a long breath, said: "Lordy, Missus, I havn't got any batter to make then apologies out of!" That will be the way of our brother farmer—he will say he has not anything to make compact ron clad or lightning note, mortgage or room decurity. Suppose you say to your ruand agent: "I don't want any guano his year, but I want the worth of a ton of ruano in cotion seed, say twenty dollars. Will give you the same kind of a note for beauty of the for your paper." He will be just the seed I do for guano." He will be just as eager to sell you seed as he is guano Suppose you buy twenty five dollars worth of cotton seed at his reason.

You will get one hundred and fifty-six bushels, that is equal to a ton of guano in orice. Now, suppose you put them up with a little stable or lot manure, and let with a little stable or lot manure, and let them go through a heat to prevent them from coming up, and put the compost on ten acres of land, which will be at the rate of fifteen and six tenth bushels per acre, could we not expect a much larger yield, even the first year; and the beauty of it is improving our lands, while com-

s it is improving our lands, while com-mercial fertilizers don't do any good be-rond one season or crop. But as I said in the beginning I don't ropose to enter into a debate or contro ersy against commercial fertilizer. But other farmer, bring it close home. You ow some one who has made his mark in know some one who has made his mark in the world farming—who always has the brag cotton in the neighborhood, who makes more corn, wheat and potatoes than anybody else—go to him and ask him what kind of guano he used, and if he did not use some compost or home made manure of some kind? I'll venture to say he will answer you in the affirmative. To bring it still nearer home, ask your wife or mother what kind of guano she wants this year for the garden and Irish potato patch? or had she rather have some of your compost instead of guano? I'll venyour compost instead of guano? I'll ven-

well, some may say "Sandy Red's"
motto may suit some countries and some
people, but it don't suit this country or me,
either; besides there is a lot of extra labor
attached to it. I admit that compost is not The question of amending the Constitution of the United States so as to give the President the right to veto items of apprepriation bills has long been one that many members of Congress have given considerable thought to. It is well the constitution of the United States so as to give a considerable thought to the singular considerable thought to. It is well to the singular considerable thought to the singular considerable the singular considerable the singular considerable the singular considerable to the singular considerable considerable considerable considerab

> I would like to hear from some one who perience than the humble writer.

After the Spies.

The State has received from Augusts a copy of the circular with which that city was flooded yesterday. The circular bears in big type the inscription "Watch the Tillman spy. He is here and has several assistants." It then proceeds to say that the commander of the gang placed in Augusta one W. H. Johnson of Batesburg and he has several assist-ants, among them being a man named Mosely. Amusing cuts of the spies were given, and an accurate description of each is furnished. The circular calls upon the people of Augusta to get together and take some action to rid the town of such cattle. It denounces their operations in Augusta as an outrage to the community. Augusta as an outrage to the community. It says: "Lets get together and send these spies back to South Carolina, where they were instrumental in passing a law that will ever be a stain—a non-erasable blot—upon the escutcheon of that great State. Let's show Tillman that 'tis the duty of every man to attend to his own business, When these spies come into your place of business show them the door. Put 'em out. Let's keep Augusta bright with freedom's holy light."—State, 22nd.

— Alvan Clark and some Harvard pro-fessors are at work on the Yerkes tele-scope that is to be the biggest ever con-structed. They ridicule the claims of structed. They ridicule the claims of Louis Gathman, the Chicago optician, who says that for \$50,000 he can build a telescope that would enable a person to pick up plus on the moon if his arms were long enough.

A clergyman's wife in one of the interior cities of Massachusetts declared in a paper lately read before a local convention that "more harm to the health and

Home Folk in Washington. Special News and Courier.

Washington, March 19,—The Gover-nor arrived here this morning and met Senator Irby by appointment. Together they called at the treasury department to see Secretary Carlisle and Commissioner of Internal Revenue Miller to complain ainst Revenue Collector Townes, who, is said, is not executing the internal revenue laws in accordance with the Governor's ideas. In other words, Collector Townes's administration of his Federal office conflicts with the dispension sary law. The Governor is also opposed to the proposed removal of the internal revenue collector's office from Columbia to Greenville. Those who advocate the removal claim that Greenville is in the very heart of the "moonshine district," and therefore the change is in the interest of the service.

of the service.

While at the treasury Governor Tillman called upon the auditor who has charge of the adjustment of the direct tax case, in which South Carolina has a large unsettled interest. Not being very successful with his Government business successful with his Government business the Governor proceeded to the Capitol, where he gave himself over to the conideration of State politics with Senator Irby and Representatives Latimer, Strait and Talbert. During the day he also made a formal call upon Representatives Shell and McLaurin, and it is supposed that he desires to "bury the hatchet," so far as the two last named gentlemen are

oncerned.

The Governor is not averse to discussing his Senatorial prospects and he is quite confident that he will defeat Senator quite confident that he will defeat Senator Butler. In conversation with some of his friends he remarked that he proposes to make a fair and square fight against Senator Butler, and he has no desire to engage in a mud-slinging match, but if his opponents commence that kind of a campaign two can play at the same game. Some of the members of the South Carolina colony say that the Governor is greatly disturbed at the inroads Senator Butler is making into the "Reform" Democratic lines and his visit to Washington is to placate Representatives Shell and McLaurin, who appear to be drifting away from him. There is no end of speculation among the South Carolina politicians here as to the probable outcome of the Butler-Tillman contest, but come of the Butler-Tillman contest, but all agree that it will be a stubbornly fought battle from start to finish.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Governor

Washington, March 20.—Governor Tillman says he had a satisfactory conference with the commissioner of internal revenue to-day, and an amicable adjustment of the controversy with Collector Townes was reached. The liquor which Collector Townes seized in violation of the Dispensary Act is to be turned over to the State authorities, and hereafter the State and Federal officers will endeavor to work together in harmony in the execution of the laws. In cases where the national laws have been violated the State authorities will not interfere with the collector in his efforts to punish the guitty parties. In cases where the State laws are set at defiance the State officers will seize the liquor and dispose of it according to the State law on the subject.

So much for the official character of the Governor's sudden visit to Washington.

So much for the official character of the Governor's sudden visit to Washington. When Governor Tillman comes to Washington even his closest friends and followers regard his visitation with suspicion. He always manages to agitate the South Carolina colony and sets them to guessing as to what is his real mission. In the present instance there are numer. In the present instance there are numer-ous rumors aftoat as to why he came here at this time. Here is the way his mission is explained in an afternoon mission is explained in an afternoon paper: "Governor Tillman is here, primarily to confer with the officials of the treasury department over the recent seizures by an internal revenue agent in the Palmetto State of liquors claimed to be under the control of the Governor's dispensary assistants. There is come

be under the control of the Governor's dispensary assistants. There is some politics in the Governor's journey northward also. Senator Butler's term expires on the 3d of next March, and it is generally believed that Governor Tillman has been casting envious glances towards a seat of the front row to the right of the Vice President. He has heard, it is understood, that the South Carolina Congressional deligation instead of being favorably disposed towards his candidacy is not united as cohesively as imagined, but that Congressman Strait, who is an Alliance Democrat, and Talbert and McLaurin, who are Straightouts, are in favor of Senator Butler's re-election. How-ever, Governor Tillman is not the only tatesman who comes to Washington an mixes whiskey and politics, and he will probably reach a final if not a satisfactory understanding on both subjects before his mission is concluded."

some of his friends here that he is conti-dent he will succeed Senator Butler, and also that John Gary Evans will be the next Governor of South Carolina. In conversation with your correspondent He is suspicious of newspaper representatives, as well as of his political followers. Men who suspect others of being unreliable need watching.

unreliable need watching.

A further evidence that the Governor's visit here had a political flavor is shown by an interview with him published in the Baltimore Sun to-day. He was asked if the report was true that he would be a candidate for the United States Senate

candidate for the United States Senate against Senator Butler.

"Most assuredly, I shall," he replied.

"I shall not be a candidate for renomination or re-election as Governor of the State. Whether there will be other candidates besides Gen. Butler and myself I annot say. Politics is so uncertain that it is difficult at this stage of the contest to

"Do you satisfast in South Carolina are lively and I assume that the next one will be no exception to the rule. The primaries for the election of the members of the lection will least the speech that was much praised by some of the reformers. He is still in the race made short speeches cleaning up some charges that had been made against them. There were 334 persons present at the encampment where the speaking of the Legislature which will elect the Senator will be held in August. The chief contest will occur I suppose at the primaries. Gen. Butler and myself not primaries. Gen. Butter and myself not only reside in the same county, but in the same township, and there will no doubt be a spirited contest by each of us to carry our county. It will not be a mud-slinging campaign. Gen. Butler has declared his aversion to such a procedure, But if he or his friends throw mud at me I guess I can find some to throw not attend the meeting. They said they took no stock in such speaking. You may set it down that the meeting has settled nothing.—Special to News and at me I guess I can find some to throw

back."
"Do you expect any bloodshed, as has been intimated?" "Not at all. There is no necessity for any. We are getting along pretty well down in our State without it, and I see no reason why our anicable relations should not continue. I am not, however, to be intimidated or buildozed by any threats. I went through a campagn of that charac-ter when I was elected Governor and

ATLANTA, GA., March 25.—A special to the Constitution from Homer, Banks County, says that J. F. Willis was killed last week by his daughter Lillian and his wife. The news of the tragedy did not transpire for several days, when a son, Francis, 11 years old, told it to some neighbors. The daughter and mother were both arrested, taken to Homer and given a preliminary trial. escaped, notwithstanding the numerous threats." "How is your State dispensary system succeeding?"
"Very well, indeed. Thus far the State has derived about \$100,000 and the several counties about \$75,000. It is a magnificent plan and is bound to succeed the several training the several training to produce home from work about dark and, setting his bottle of whiskey on the cupboard, called for his supper. After beginning to eat his meal a difficulty arose between in every respect. I wish you to understand that all of our contests in South Carolina are conducted strictly within the lines of the Democratic party, and that we do not solicit any Republican or Populist aid or any aid from the Federal Government."

Governor Tillman left for home toght. Washington, March 23.—From a political standpoint Governor Tillman's ecent visit to Washington appears to have been a dismal failure. After conhave been a dismal failure. After con-sultation with his friends and his foes in this city, I am impressed with the belief that he came here to learn what Capt. shell proposes to do in the coming cam-

the throat of her father and seeing that he was not dead, she picked up the axe and finished him. Her plea was that she did the deed to save her mother's paign.
I am informed by one of the Gover nor's friends that he is considerably annoyed over the situation at home. The Governor suspects that something is going on under the surface with which Hubert Estes, of Macon, were appointed to defend Mrs. Willis and the girl; R. B. he is not familiar. Those who have heretofore consulted him about every the State. The crowd remained anxiousmove they intended to make now meet him with a mysterious, far-away expression, and refuse to give him their entire confidence. This is exasperating to Gov-ernor Tillman. As he has recently been in the habit of dictating to others, it is The verdict was met with demonstra tions of applause by those in the Court treated with something akin to contempt by those who were but a short time ago supposed to be his abject followers.

Tex., is ninety-nine years old, having been born in May, 1795. He is over six feet high, and quite erect and active. It is said here that the Governor sus-— T. B. Clare, and son, T. B. Clare, Jr., the former having consumption and the latter pneumonia, died on the same day at their home in the southern part of La-vaca county, Texas. Both were buried in pects Capt. Shell of further political ambitions, which many interfere with his plans for reaching the Senate. I am confident that Capt. Shell is determined to try and prevent the re-election of Sena-tor Irby, and to accomplish that end he might be induced to go into the ap-proaching Gubernatorial race. Capt. Shell will not admit that he has either Capterstorial or Senatorial sanirations. - Evangelist Moody's work in Wash ington so far has resulted in 4,000 con-versions and the expenses have been but Gubernatorial or Senatorial aspirations, but in talking with his personal friends he does not hesitate to say that he does not intend to let Senator Irby have a second term in the Senate if he can prevent it. He further states that he has \$200. The converts are assigned to such churches as they express desire to join. More men than women were converted.

- There are at the present time stored

LOCAL NEWS. COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE.

bluff about the whiskey business, and

then made a formal call upon Capt. Shell. The Governor was disposed to be very communicative and he was at times play-

ful in his conversation in his efforts t

smoke out the crafty Captain. The latte

maintained a discreet and exasperating

late at night to help him defeat Senator Butler for the Senate. The Captain may

It is said that Senator Irby is equally confident that the Governor is losing his

tor's apartments, at which the Senator presided and led the discussion on every

presided and led the discussion on every question (principally the distribution of the Federal patronage) that came up.

These gentlemen have learned by experience, either here or at home, that Senator Irby has no more influence with

the present Administration than they have. They also realize that their annual

than his colleague, and they appreciate the fact that he has more influence with

the Administration.

In this article there is no intention to reflect upon any of the gentlemen men tioned, but I have simply endeavored to

give some of the news and gossip of the South Carolina colony during the past

Burned to Death.

EDGEFIELD, March 21.-A few days

since Mrs. Thomas Gardner, wife of one of

the leading young farmers of the western

the leading young farmers of the western section of the county, met with an awful death. She was assisting her husband in some light farm work when her clothing caught on fire from burning brush; she was so terribly burned that, despite the best medical aid rendered by Dr. W. P. Butler, death followed in a few hours. Mrs. Gardner belonged to one of the best families, and had only been married one year.

Shot the Cashler Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26 .- Shortly

after the branch of the San Francisco

Herrick, the assistant cashier. All of the

to the floor. The assassin then walked

outside, and fired another shot at his vic-tim through a window. As the murderer fied, C. S. Melvin, the bookkeeper, snatched a pistol and fired twice at him,

but without effect. A crowd of citizens followed and attempted his capture, but

this was not effected until several police men had joined the pursuers, one of whom

shot the murderer. He is not believed to be seriously wounded. His name is Frederick Bonnemann, and he states that his crime is due to his desperate cir-

A Small Meeting at Spartanburg.

SPARTANBURG, March 25 .- The politi-

cal meeting to-day did not decide any-thing except that there were some very earnest office-seekers here. John Gary Evans, W. D. Evans, Ellerbe and Pope, Gubernatorial candidates, made their speeches. One of the Reform leaders

speeches. One of the Reform leaders said this morning that this was Ellerbe's last chance; if he broke down he was to be ruled off the track. He made a

and he says he will stay till the finish. The Congressional candidates also spoke.

took place and about one-fourth of them

about 200 farmers in the town who did

A Whiskey Tragedy in Georgia.

given a preliminary trial.

The boy testified that his father came

father and mother, but the former saidown on a chair before the fire, when

Lillian, the girl, about 15 years old struck him with an axe, cutting a gash

in his skull. Raising up and screaming Willis threw back his head and the

The deed was done, and in a very short time Willis died. The girl says she

struck the blow with the axe, after hav-ing cut her father's throat with a razor, while Willis was choking her mother to

death, After drawing the razor acros

Judge J. B. Estes, of Gainesville, and

vesterday afternoon, when the jury ren-

dered a verdict turning the girl loose

- A Mexican living at Commanche

then took the axe from the girl and cut him across the throat with it.

Poverty Ridge Items. Everything is quiet on the Ridge, Mr. Editor. Farmers are busy preparing for another crop. We have had three nice weeks for farm work. There will be silence, and generously allowed the Governor to do most of the talking. The result of the consultation was a "water haui," as they say in the fishing season, and the Governor failed to get the Captain to show his hand. about the same acreage planted in cotton as last year. The Governor is probably aware by this time that Capt. Shell will not sit up

Have any of you, after an absence of twenty-five years, visited the Church of your boyhood days? I did last first Sun-day, and Barker's Creek was the place. I Butler for the Senate. The Captain may decide to keep handsoff, but his sympathies are surely with Senator Butler. In conversing with a friend on this subject recently he stated that so far as his personal preference goes he wants to see Senator Butler returned to the Senate on his merits. He and Butler have been warm personal friends since 1861, when the latter spilled his blood side by side with Capt. Shell. with Capt. Shell.
Since he came to Congress he has maintained the most cordial personal relations with Senator Butler, and the coming contest over the Senatorship will not intertest over the Senatorship will not inter-fere with their pleasant relationship. In 1803, Polly Hunt 1802, Caleb Cullins 1806, fere with their pleasant relationship. In view of these circumstances, there is apt to be more than ordinary significance attached to Capt. Shell's appearance at the Spartanburg meeting.

In spite of all that is said to the contrary Senator Irby and Governor Tillman are simply maintaining a perfunctory political friendship. Both men appear to be suspicious of each other. While the Governor was here it is said that he remarked to one of his confidential friends that Irby is "a dead card" in South Carotata the cause of it?

1803, Polly Hunt 1802, Caleb Cullins 1806, Andrew Armstrong 1808, Thos. M. Branyon 1814, John Shirley 1821, R. N. Wright 1812. There were several more who were regular attendants at the time I speak of, who were buried at other places. The men that were boys forty years ago are the old men now. There are but few men (probably not more than a dozen) in Honea Path Township now over seventy years old. Why is it we have fewer old men now than formerly? Was the war that Irby is "a dead card" in South Caro-lina politics, and at the proper time he will be dropped out of the "deal box." Rev. Mr. Hawkins is the pastor at Bar-

ker's Creek, and is much beloved by the Miss Mamie Bell, of Due West, has charge of the school, and is liked well as a teacher. She has done good and faithful work. The school will probably close this week. She does not think Webster made his old speller wrong side in front, but that Senator Irby does not cut such an important figure with the other members of the South Caroline 2 to the school will probably close this week. She does not think Webster made his old speller wrong side in front, but that a child should learn their letters some time in the beginning of their education. You must teach for the school will probably close this week. She does not think Webster made his old speller wrong side in front, but that a child should learn their letters some time in the beginning of their education. You must teach

that Senator Irby does not cut such an important figure with the other members of the South Carolina delegation now as he did at the beginning of the present Congress. Representatives Latimer, Strait and Talbert used to hover around the junior Senator and listen to the words of wisdom that fall and the senator and listen to the the junior Senator and listen to the words of wisdom that fell from his lips. reformation I don't know what they did the daily conferences held in the Sena-Sheriff. Mr. Leach worked on the rail-road for a number of years. He was working away one day with a regular railroad lick, when Sheriff Nance chanced to pass by and said, "hurrah, uncle Reuben, that's the way I got my start." Uncle Reuben replied, "and what did you do with it?" I say, hurrah for Joshus. I believe he meant reform and means it yet, and if the common people had any voice in the matter he could be elected again. But what about the bosses? Well, time

Messrs. Editors, I seat myself at d take

have. They also realize that their annual compensation is equal to that of Senator Irby; hence they are more independent in thought and action so far as State politics are concerned. Senator Irby seldom goes over to the House to consult the members of the delegation, and the delegation generally seek Senator Butler when they go to the Senate for information. They realize that Senator Butler has a wider experience in national affairs than his colleague, and they appreciate Messrs. Editors, I seat myself at d take my pen in hand to write you a few lines to let you know that we are all well at our house, and hope these lew lines will find you enjoying the same good blessing. If I could see you I could tell you a lot, but I can't think of anything to write now, only Mr. Sam Pruitt's youngest child is very sick, but the Doctor thought it was a little better this evening. We wish for it a speedy recovery.

I also beg to inform you that some of our farmers began planting cotton last week, whilst there are a few who have not yet put in any of their guano. A gentleman remarked to one of them that 'twas early for marked to one of them that 'twas early for planting cotton, and he replied with a

planting cotton, and he replied with a knowing smile "that the early bird catches the worm." Just say to him, Mr. E., that the worm would not have been caught had he not been out so early.

Messrs. Matthew and W. T. Banister were off on a trip to Eureka recently; also, Mr. and Mrs. Earle Mayfield, of that

also, Mr. and Mrs. Larte mayletd, of that place, were visiting here last week.
Mr. Henry Bouchillon, of Bordeaux, is visiting here at this writing.
Mr. Edward Mitchell was out chopping wood the other day, and a piece of timber flew up, striking him in the left eye, and it is thought he will not recover its sight. it is thought he will not recover its eight.

Mr. John H Young, accompanied by a
distinguished gentleman of Cook's, spent
last Sunday at Fountain Head, 'so they say." We have heard that the last named will be a candidate in this campaign. We

this morning, an unknown man entered the place and, without warning, fired three shots from a revolver at William A. think him fully qualified for that position errick, the assistant cashier. All of the and if long legs count for anything he will allets took effect and Herrick fell dead the floor. The assassin then walked Born, on the 23rd inst., to Mr. and Mrs. John A. Brown, a daughter. Mr. H. L. McKinney, living near An derson, spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents.
Winter has returned again. Ice in the

water vessels at this writing-10 a.m. Box flowers have been hustled back into their winter quarters.

Miss Resa Banister, a charming young lady from Eureka, is spending a week with the family of David McAlister.

Don't forget the singing which will be here on the 14th and 15th of April. It will be conducted by Prof. T. M. Lock, The public is invited. Rev. J. T. Morgan will conduct a prayer and praise meeting at the Baptist Church next Saturday night. Let every body at-

Holland's Store.

Mrs. Holland and two sons, I. N. and Berry, and Johnnie and Miss Nora Whittaker, all of whom have been quite ill with pneumonia are up and able to attend to their affairs. We are glad to note the above, as fears were entertained at one time that they would not recover. Wedding bells will ring in this community ere the INTELLIGENCER reaches

Our farmers are progressing finely with their business for the last few weeks: Considerable corn has been planted, guano is about all in the ground and some few patches of cotton planted. Not many of our farmers but what will plant sufficient corn to do them. Wheat is looking excellent, also oats are booming. Mr. Baylis Cooley has a large quantity of fall oats that are looking exceedingly well. The health of our community is better

than a few weeks ago.
Miss Addie Cheek, a young lady of the
Moffattsville section, spent a week visiting friends and relatives in this section Mr. J. M. Jones and wife spent la

Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. Joe C. Winter, at this place. Mrs. J. M. Cardin and Mrs. J. C. Wakefield, of Hart County, Ga., spent some time last week with the family of Mr. J. H. Evins, in this locality. Considerable gardening has been done but the cold snap has somewhat put a damper on advanced vegetation. The peaches are not all killed yet, but the indications to-day are that the prospect for a fruit crop is slim. More anon.

Alice News.

The farmers are sharpening their plows and hoes to fight, "Gen. Green" has made his appearance. Mr. Bass. Hall had a runaway last Sunday, but escaped any injury.

Mr. J. O. McAdams has built a new werandah to his house. Some of his friends say that means a wedding shortly. It is reported that Mr. Whitt. Hall is in the matrimonial market.

Mr. James Blarnet, who has been working in the Anderson Cotton Mills, her moved beek to his form as moved back to his farm. This Tuesday morning we had a heavy freeze and a big frost. We fear the fruit has been killed.

The small grain is looking fine. At a certain church meeting not long since a certain man was nominated as a candidate for a position and then appointd teller of the election. We never of a similar proceeding.

Miss Dessie Cann has returned from a risit to friends in the Dark Corner.

Flat Rock Dots,

The farmers are all nearly ready to plant. Mrs. Glenn, from Anderson, is visiting er son in our section.

Mr. Thomas Hayes has been visiting iends and relatives here. We give Mr. Tucker our sympathy in his We give Mr. Tucker our sympathy in its sad bereavement of the loss of his wife.

Mrs. Tucker was highly esteemed by everybody, and was truly a Christian lady.

Wheat is looking fine in our section.
One of our farmers says he has planted about an acre in onions. We think he must be going to feed the candidates.

Fatherul.

- Last year no fewer than 2,378 children were taken up drunk in Liverpool 113 being under 10 years of age. - The Hartford Courant, in response

went it. He further states that he has been and is now being urged by many of his friends in all parts of the State to come out and make the race for the Government been paid. The spirits on which has not been paid. The spirits on which has not been paid. The sportanburg meeting next Saturday, and it would not surprise me if he should be called upon to address the meeting. If the call is made he is apt to respond with all the force and power at his command, and his remarks will make interesting reading for certain persons.

In the one warehouses over to the time worn question, "When and where was the first gun of the civil war fired?" answers: "Although it would seem that the shot fired from Morris Island against the steamer Star of the West, on January 9, 1861, was the first shot of the war, the legal existence of the war dates from April 12, 1861, when a battery on Fort Moultrie opened fire upon Fort Somter. In the same way the end of the war is believed commonly to date from reading for certain persons.

It was to ascertain Capt. Shell's intentions that prompted the Governor to come on to Washington. He made a leleyen and a half miles in length.

The Courter Journal claims that this is the largest tow that any boat has ever attempted to handle on any river. The coal would have loaded a train of cars gal end of the war occurred on April 8, 1866, nearly a year later,

— James Pate, a white farmer of Anson county, North Carolina, accidentally shot his seven year-old daughter in the head. Though several shot entered her brain, the physicians say she will recover.

> Strength and Health. If you are not feeling strong and healthy OIL.

If you are not feeling strong and healthy try Electric Bitters. If "La Grippe" has left you weak and weary, use Electric Bitters. This remedy acts directly on Liver. Stomach and Kidneys, gently alding those organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with Sick Headache you will find speedy and permanent relief by taking Electric Bitters. One trial will convince you that this is the remedy you need. Large bottles only 50c, at Hill Bros. Drug La Grippe.

During the prevalence of the Grippe the past seasons it was a noticeable fact that those who depended upon Dr. King's New Discovery not only had a speedy recovery, but escaped all of the troublesome after effects of the malady. This remedy seems to have a peculiar nower in effecting rapid to have a peculiar power in effecting rapid cures not only in cases of La Grippe, but in all Diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs, and has cured cases of Asthma and Hay Fever of long standing. Try it and be convinced. It won't disappoint. Free Trial Bottles at Hill Bros. Drug Store.

"TONYMAINE."

MY Hambletonian Stallion, "Tony maine," will make the Spring Season in Anderson County. Those wishin tis services will see my man, Andrew Jones, or address me at Pendleton.

W. F. C. OWEN.

March 28, 1894 39 4

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned will sell to the high-est bidder, in front of the Court House door at Anderson, S. C., on Salesday in April, 1894, at the usual hours of public sales, Certificate of Stock for one hundred Shares in the Williamston Alliance Store Company, par value \$1,000.

Terms of Sale—Cash. T. J. CRYMES, Adm'r. de bonis non.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ANDERSON COUNTY. By W. F. Cox, Judge of Probate.

By W. F. Cox, Judge of Probate.

WHEREAS, Andrew W. Pickens has applied to me to grant him Letters of Administration on the Estate and effects of Norman S. Clardy, deceased.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all kindred and creditors of the said Norman S. Clardy, deceased, to be and appear before me in Court of Probate, to be held at Anderson Court House, on the 14th day of April, 1894, after publication hereof, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand this 24th day of March, 1894.

W. F. COX, Judge of Probate.

March 28, 1894

further "that the provisions of this Act shall not apply to certificates now in force," and provided further "that all first grade teachers who have been teaching for ten years shall be exempt from further examination as long as they remain in active service in the public schools of this State, or until revoked by the County Board of Examiners." Teachers who hold first grades that are not of ten years standing will govern themselves accordingly, remembering, of course, that all now held are good until they expire by limitation. Teachers of ten years' standing will report to this office and have their names enrolled and receive a certificate to that effect. and receive a certificate to that effect.
D. H. RUSSELL, School Com.
March 28, 1894 39 3

RICHARD A. MCCURDY, PRESIDENT For the year ending December 31, 1893

Received for Premiums - \$33,504,337 09 From all other sources - 8,358,807 70 \$41,953,145 68

Disbursements To Policy-holders - - \$20,885,472 40 For all other accounts - - 9,484,507 47

Assets United States Bonds and other | Securities | Sec 872,030,822 41

8186,707,680 14 serve for Policies and other 168,755,071 28 Surplus - - - 317,952,608

\$708,602,542 40 Norm-Insurance merely written is discarded from this statement as wholly misleading, and only insurance actually ssued and paid for in each is included.

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct.

CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned ROBERT A. GRANNISS. VICE-PRESIDENT

WALTER R. GILLETTE ISAAC F. LLOYD / FREDERIC CROMWELL EMORY MCCLINTOCK LL.D. P.L.A.

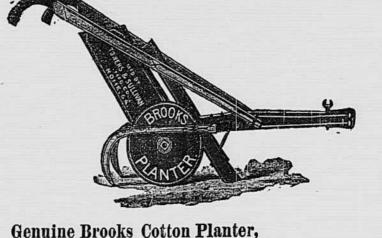
F. H. HYATT. Gen. Agent for South Carolina, COLUMBIA, S. C.

Just a Word with You, Please!

JUST RECEIVED a pure article of Mus-covado Molases, N.O. Molasses, Su-gar, finest Roasted Coffee. You already gar, finest Roasted Collee. You already know about my Tea, Cream Cheese, Candles and Starch. Have now in stock over 3000 Rolls Wall Paper, Borders and Decorations for beautifying your houses. I also have a number of articles that I sell at much less than the cost. According to the Southern Cultivator I have the best Lich Potatoes for planting to be found in Irish Potatoes for planting to be found in town. Also, other Garden Seeds.

Will Insure your property against loss by Fire, Tornado and Cyclone. Give me a call—I will treat you right.
A. B. TOWERS,
No. 18 Whitner Street.

## TO FARMERS!



Terrell Cultivators, Pennington Harrows,

Terrell Heel Sweeps, Handled Hoes,

Including the SUBLETT PATENT STEEL HOE-a new Hoe-a great Hoe. Call and see it. Labor-saving Grass-killing Implements,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

A BURNING QUESTION!

WHAT KIND TO BUY

AND WHERE TO BUY IT.

PURE WATER WHITE

EVERY GALLON FULLY

GUARANTEED.

MAKES A PURE WHITE

LIGHT.

NO SMOKE. NO SMELL.

HAVE AGREED TO SELL

FIFTY BARRELS

Just as soon as we can, and must have your assistance.

PRICE 15C. GALLON.

MERCHANTS

Supplied at Guaranteed Prices.

NO WATER.

ALL OIL.

We sell Oil Cans and Tanks that hold from half gallon to sixty gallons at prices competition cannot meet.

Yours always truly,

C. S. MINOR, and 10c. STORE.

Who will be the Lucky One? ON the 15th day of May we will present to our customers five nice Presen

as follows: . China Tea Set 2. China Cup and Saucer...... 3. Palmetto Lunch Basket.... 4. Pound Fine Candy...... Large Dish Pan... Every customer who buys goods to the amount of one dollar will have their name put in an envelope and put in a box, and on the 15th day of May the box will be well shaken and the names taken out, one

at a time. The last name in the box will receive as a present the handsome Tea Set, the next to the last the pretty Cup and Saucer, and so on. Come and examine these nice Presents. We are now prepared to supply our friends with all their— GROCERIES,

CONFECTIONERIES, TOBACCO, CIGARS, TIN and WOODENWARE. Prompt and polite attention given to all, Goods delivered to any part of the city free as soon as bought.

A. H. STOKES & CO. P. S.—Just received a nice line Blanke's Fine Candies.

SPANISH JACK.

If you wish to breed your Mare to the finest Spanish Jack in the State, breed to the O. A. Bowen Jack, Will stand the season at McGee & Dillingham's Stable, and at Thos. E. Watkins' in Hopewell Township. Two weeks at a time at each place. Fee \$10.00.

March 14, 1894 37 6

New Blacksmith Shop. WISH to inform the public that I have moved into my new Shop, nearly op-site the Anderson Machine Works, and am

prepared to do first-class work in my line. Farm work solicited. Horse Shoeing a specialty. I will give satisfaction.
ABE BENSON.

## GARDEN SEEDS!

IN PROFUSION,

Three Papers for Five Cents! \_ AT ---

TODD & EVANS'.

HAVING bought the Stock of DEAN, GEER & MOORE, I can give you Bargains in all lines.

Cheaper than you have ever bought them. MOLASSES, SUGAR, COFFEE AND TOBACCO,

At prices that will down all competition. You will save money by getting my prices before buying.

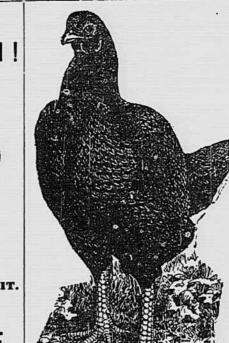
Thanking the public for the past liberal patronage, and hoping for a continuance same, Yours truly, M. A. DEAN.

WE ARE NOT SELLING OUT AT COST! Unless you mean what it costs you, but still lead on OUR SPECIALTIES,

Flour, Coffee and Tobaccos. We are the only house in this City that can sell you Ballard's "Obelin," "Favorite," "Blue Bird," "Waterloo," or "Old Hickory." We sell several other brands, and can sell you sound Flour from \$2.75 to the finest patent

to you means to sell you. Dry Goods, Shoes and Hats Cheaper than Ever.

Yours, anxious to please, BROWNLEE & VANDIVERS.



OUTINGS,

NAINSOOKS,

HILL BROS., Druggists, DEAR SIRS: I have thoroughly tried your Choleracide and am highly pleased with results. I believe it to be a preventive as well as cure. I

have tested a number of cholera cures but "Choleracide" has given better results than any of them. W. G. HEMBREE. People who know Walter Hembree need no explanation of the above; to those who do not, we will say that he is the champion fine chicken raiser of Anderson County, handles as many and as good breeds of fine chickens as

anybody, and among his neighbors and people who know him his word is as good as gold.

Anderson, S. C.

Don't wait until your chickens begin to die, but begin the use of Choleracide at once. Manufactured by HILL BROS., Druggists

ANDERSON, S. C.

## **NEW ARRIVAL**

GINGHAMS,

PRINTS,

LAWNS,

DOTTED SWISSES, In White, Pink, Blue, Green, Orange and Black,

LACES and EMBROIDERIES,

Many other things we are going to sell Cheap.

- AND -

CALL AND SEE US.

Yours truly,

BROWN, OSBORNE & CO. WEBB & WEBB.

NO FILTH. WE HAVE JUST OPENED UP A DAISY LINE OF-

STAPLE AND FANCY CROCERIES, Glassware, Crockery, Lamps, &c., At the WEBB COBNER, and earnestly invite everybody to call and see us. We will sell Goods at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES, deal with you fair and square, and give

R. C. WEBB. W. M. WEBB.

Don't forget to call on us when you come to town. We will make it to your in-

FREE CITY DELIVERY.

THE BIGGEST LOT OF READY MIXED PAINTS.

> COLORS. VARNISHES. STAINS. GLASS AND PUTTY,

Ever Brought to this City. GUARANTEED-your house repainted without extra charge if Paint does not give entire satisfaction.

> TODD & EVANS, Druggists, ANDERSON, S. C.

IF YOU BELIEVE

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY MADE It will pay you to examine the BARGAINS in

Coats and Vests!

TAYLOR & CRAYTON

Are offering this week!

GREAT BARGAINS.

Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats, &c.,

We bought our stock of MOLASSES so very cheap that to show them

SULLIVAN HARDWARE CO. P. S.—We are Agents for the Imperial Phosphate Com-