CLINKSCALES. | EDITORS AND LANGSTON, | PROPRIETO

THURNDAY, DEC- 3, 1891

TERMS: ONE YEAR. SETTOM XIE

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY. The General Assembly of the State of Sorth Carolina met in annual session on sday of last week. Nothing of spemportance has been transacted up to save the election of a Chief Justice to naced Justice Simpson, deceased. in Wednesday the Governor's message s read, and referred to the proper

he bill providing for marriage licenses s passed to a third reading, the administration bill authorizing the rernor to remove Sheriffs on certain

The bill providing for the naming o newspaper in each County to do all cial advertising was killed without a

be bill to make a new County, to be led Calhoun, has been acted upon ad-

resolution to investigate the managent of the phosphate interests for the

year was adopted.

bill prohibiting State officers and nbers of the General Assembly from ing free passes has been introduced. The prohibition bill promises to give se to a protracted fight in the House. A bill has been introduced to change the present plan of County government. This bill provides for the election of one unty Supervisor, who shall have control of all County matters now attended to by County Commissioners. One Road formissioner is to be appointed in each viship. The Supervisor and the Road remissioners will constitute the Coun-Board of Road Commissioners, and in act the Board of County Commissioners. On Tresday Associate Justice Henry McIver was elected Chief Justice of the preme Court. The election to fill the vacancy made by his promotion will occur soon, and Judge Wallace will likey be elected to this place.

A Joint Resolution has been passed providing for a Constitutional Conven-

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

We suppose the Governor's message inted in our supplement of last week, has been generally read by all who feel interest enough in such matters to wade through so lengthy a paper. We furnished our readers with a copy of the message on the same day that it was given to the public at large.

As has been well said, the message is inly one of Tillman's campaign speeches worked over to suit his present purposes. It falls very far short of attaining to the mity and statesmanship that should mark such a document coming from the Chief Executive of the commonwealth of South Carolina. It contains much abuse of men better than himself-men whose patriotism and ability have been tried in war as well as in peace. It attacks former officials by Tillman's favorte plan, viz., by insinuations and innuendoes of corruption and fraud. Its tone fact presented by one of the papers quoted in the article in question, regarding the failed for \$300,000 at the town of Spokane, in its author-"the only man in South Carolina with brain enough and nerve mough," &c., &c.—and it seeks to establish that fact by bemeaning others where their opinions come in conflict with his own, as is done in the case of Judge Wallace. At least in this instance the paper is positively discreditable to any man holding the exalted position of Governor South Carolina. n his eager desire to make it appear

that under his administration the treasury of the State is in a more healthful condition on October 31, 1891, than it was October 31, 1890, under the last admintration, the message claims a difference of \$87,523.08 in favor of the year ending october 31, 1891, whereas ex-Treasurer McIver points out the fact that the Governor has made a mistake of nearly \$40,-900 in his figures, and that all that can be justly claimed in favor of the fiscal year ending October 31, 1891, is \$47,002.49, and, therefore, Tillman has been under the necessity of admitting the mistake.

We think his suggestions as to a change in County government will be found impracticable, and would be more costly to the taxpayers than the present system. The message is not such a document as was expected at this time. Its tendency is to keep alive the animosities created by last year's campaign. Instead of a comprohensive report of the condition of the State and its institutions, it is turned into an argument to justify the ill-advised charges and statements made in a heated campaign, and a channel through which to lash those who have fallen under the ban of his displeasure.

The Governor could have prepared a message that would have suited his most extreme supporters, and at the same time proven conciliatory to those unfriendly to him. He unwisely chose to widen the breach between himself and his oppo-

Over thirty thousand new recruits were army of pensioners. This is more men than the United States have in their regcruit them for its pension rolls in a single month it shows the power of patriotism when the market for it is being "bulled."

Without consulting Mrs. Jefferson Davis, the Virginia Legislature will probably appropriate for her benefit a moderate sum in the form of a voluntary testimonial fund as the basis for the general fund to which all of the States of the former Confederacy will be invited to contribute. That is the plan of the Richmond committee having the affair in charge and it appears to be a very good

The silver question is one which threatens to give the Democrats considerable annovance, and, of course, all the leaders who have in view the success of the ticket in 1892 are anxious to avoid an issue on that question which might make a division in the party, which would handicap them in the Presidential contest. The situation is a delicate one, but many think it may be settled through conservative influence, if the eagerness of hotheads and inexperienced men does not

The plan now on foot to establish branches of the South Carolina Historical Society in each County is an excellent one. Many items of historical interest are being lost from the fact that they are not in permanent shape. Our old men are passing away and with them many valuable made to formulate and preserve them no succeeds in sipping between his teeth.

complete history of our State can ever be His sufferings are terrible, and unless he compiled. A history of each County

Keitt on Irby.

ENORGE PLANTATION, S. C., November 21, 1891. To the Editor of the Greenville News. How few of us realize to the full our duy to God and our country and the magnitude of the responsibility that rests upon us! The manhood of the State will have to be up and doing if our Christian saved from the barbarism of the vile. All right thinking men should unite in

the good work.
The Greenville News, of the 17th inst., has just reached me. From it I learn that the notorious Irby, who for nearly one year has been at his old trade, hiding out, has crawled out of his hole and prates. He is represented to have used

the following language:
"The farmers' alliancemen of the State are Democrats, and they may be relied upon to vote for the Democratic nominee, if it is the devil." "There may be a few like Keitt who will not vote for him, but this will not amount to much." Because alliancemen in the chaos and confusion that reigned supreme last year were de-ceived and in some instances voted for the servants of the devil these vile creatures now think they can deceive them again and influence them to vote for their god, the devil himself with his horns, grid irons and pitchforks and so declare. That Irby belongs, soul, mind and body to the devil and has served him faithfully all his days is well known. It was a waste of words for him to de-

clare that he worships at the shrine of the devil and gives him his full support. If this creature has any shame, if he has as much virtue in him as Judas Iscariot had he will 30 and hang himself and save the tate from further disgrace.

The writer is sure he is without an element of virtue. When he goes to Washington he will be shunned by the virtuous and upright as a leper. People of integrity can have nothing to do with such a character. His published interviews show he would have the world believe allianceman in South Carolina are as low as he is—worshippers of the devil. Offi-cial position cannot elevate an unworthy man, but a scurvy fellow drags the posi-tion down to his low level. South Carolina is in total eclipse Let the curtain drop. Respectfully,
ELLISON S. KEITT.

Jerry Rusk on Fine Cotton.

WASHINGTON, November 29.—"Uncle Jerry" Rusk, the picturesque and affable Secretary of Agriculture, endorses the views contained in a recent editorial in the News and Courier to the effect that Egyptian cotton imported here should be made to pay a duty. The discussion arose from a statement made in these dispatches by Congressman Elliott, whose attention had been directed to the matter attention had been directed to the matter by various editorials on the subject in the News and Courier, indicating his purpose to introduce in the coming Congress a bill or resolution providing for the impo-sition of a duty upon foreign raised cot-ton, which now comes in duty free, in di-rect competition with the cetton grown in ton, which now comes in duty free, in di-rect competition with the cotton grown in South Carolina and adjacent States. The New England manufacturers, who are benefited from the free importation of Egyptian cotton, through their protection organs took issue with Col. Elliott and those who believe with him that unjust discrimination is being exercised under he existing tariff law to the disadvantage

of Southern cotton-growers.

A copy of the News and Courier, of November 9, was submitted to Secretary Rusk by your representative, and his attention was specially directed to the aricle therein on Sumatra tobacco and Egyptian cotton. Being subsequently asked for an expression of his views in reference to the subject discussed in this article, the Secretary replied very frankly, as follows: "Yes, I have read that aricle with a great deal of interest, and I fully concur in the suggestion that the imports of foreign cotton, in the face of the great increase of such imports during the past year, should be subjected to an analysis of the great increase of such imports during the past year, should be subjected to an analysis of the state of the st adequate duty. The experience of the wool grower has shown that he has been greatly aided by a judicious tariff on raw greaty aided by a judicious tarin on raw wool, and it has also been shown, notably in the case of one of the coarse or carpet wools, that an inadequate duty was seri-ously prejudicial to his interests. The advance in prices of tobacco grown in New England, as a result of the advance in the tariff on foreign tobacco, prove conclusively the advantage to the tobacco grower of such protection, and I am for the application of similar protection to the cotton-grower, where it is needed. I am a Protectionist, and advocate a protecam a Profesionis, and attocks a pro-tive tariff on the lines indicated by one of its chief advocates, namely, the pro-tection of our American homes, the home of the farm laborer as much as the home of the mill operatives. The greatest good of the greatest number is good American doctrine, and it must not be forgotten that there are at least three times as many eople in the United States laboring in he fields for the production of raw material as there are at work in the mills and factories producing manufactured ar-

A Greenville Failure.

GREENVILLE, S. C., November 27.—Dacus & Jordan, one of the largest mercantile establishments of this city, made an assignment to-night to J. C. Rogers, their bookkeeper, for the benefit of their creditors. The assignment is without preference, except that those creditors who accept its terms are to be paid first. The firm has been in financial trouble for some time and the efforts to compromise with its creditors at 50 cents on the nise with its creditors at 50 cents on the dollar cash, or 66 cents by waiting until next fall, failed, some of the creditors refusing to accept those terms. Suits were then begun, resulting in the assignment.

then begun, resulting in the assignment. The liabilities are \$31,000; actual and nominal assets about the same. The largest creditors are H. R. Claffin & Co., New York, \$4,800, Hurst, Purnell & Co., Baltimore, \$2,200; Myer, Rhinehardt & Co., Baltimore, \$1,700; Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, \$1,300.

The firm has done a large time business, and about \$11,000 is owing them. The establishment was known as the "Alliance Store," because the Alliance had selected it as the place to do its

had selected it as the place to do its trading. The firm had offered the Alliance better terms than any other. A meeting of creditors will be held Friday,

Asking Leading Questions.

RALEIGH, N. C., November 25:-Secretary Barnes, of the State Farmers' Alliance, has raised a great stir and caused one of the sensations of the season by sending an irregular letter to office holders. This says that the alliance has adopted a resolution as follows: "That the State Secretary he inserved to write the State Secretary be instructed to write a letter to each of the Senators, Represen-tatives, State officers, Judges of Supreme and Superior Courts, and Solicitors, making inquiry if he has used a railroad pass since the election. If no reply is re-ceived, the secretary shall send a registered letter making the same inquiry, and then, if no reply is received, he shall have the letter published and kept in some of the reform papers. He says that in obedience to that resolution he asks an answer as to whether the pass has been used since the election, and Barnes is receiving some scorching letters, the writers of which tell him in plain language that hey consider that the alliance ight to make such inquiry, but that the resolution and his letter are gratuitously mpertinent. Some of the office holders will publish their letters, as they do not thin! 'he reform press will publish them in ungarbled form.

Slowly Dying from Lockjaw. Auburn, N. Y., November 22.—Wil-liam Pangburn, a resident of Savannah, Wayne County, and a traveling salesman Wayne County, and a traveling satesman for the Osbourne Company, of this city, is reported dying from lockjaw, resulting from a most singular cause. Although he is 60 years of age, two weeks ago a large tooth made its appearance in his iaw, cutting through the gum at the extreme end of the jaw, back of his wisdom tooth, on the left side. The cutting of the tooth was attended by the most intense pain, and when it had forced itself through he gum, Pangburn's face began to swell. The pain continuing Pangburn went to a dentist, who made a vain effort to extract the tooth. These efforts aggravated the

Pangburn's face continued swelling, and it now measures more than a foot across. The tooth continues growing, and Pangburn cannot open his jaws, which are tightly pressed together. All traditions, and unless some effort is which are tightly processives is what he the nourishment he receives is what he

broken in many places

The Secret of Success.

To the Editor of the News and Courier As it may be of interest to your subscribers I will give my experience in raising the ribbon sugarcane in the Piedmont section at Cokesbury, in Abbeville County. This year I planted on the 15th of April, which was late for ribbon cane, a plot of ground eighteen feet by ninety. April, which was late for ribbon cane, a plot of ground eighteen feet by ninety feet long, the twenty eighth part of an acre and I gathered and made twelve gallons of good syrup, besides what I sold, eat, and what was stolen from the patch. That is at the rate of 336 gallons per

botter when made than sorghum and will yield more. Then, too, you can make vide a market route for the field of pro-sugar from it with very little trouble. ducts of the country. Already a curren quarter of an acre well fertilized will make all the sugar and syrup one waters thus set in motion. It is propos-family would need. That is much better ed to drain 8,000,000 acres in all, and the than raising cotton at six and seven cents per pound to buy it. Let us raise our own supplies at home and we will pros-per.

B. C. HART

Anti-Sub-Treasury Alliance.

Considana, Texas, November 28 .-The anti-sub-treasury members of the Farmers' Alliance in session here have reorganized the order under the original charter. The new constitution provides for prohibiting any man from becoming a member who believes in, belongs to or aids in any way any secret class organization that makes political demands on its members, or in any way exercises any distinctive functions of any political

The ritual prohibits any man from be-coming a member who favors socialism, communism, or anarchy.

J. B. Kendrick, of Waco, was elected President, J. S. Gilbert, of Kaddo, Vice-President, W. G. Cass, of Bonham, Secretary and Treasurer. The movement, it is claimed, will absorb the sub-treasury

— The sun gives 600,000 times as much light as the full moon; 7,000,000,000 times as much as the brightest star in the sky, and 36,000,000 times as much as all the combined stars of the heavens.

- Apples are said to be so abundant in New York this Fall that very fine large fruit has been offered at a town in Greene county called Hunter, at a re-markably low price of five cents a bushel - About ten thousand corn cob pipes are manufactured daily in this country, all being made in three factories at St. Louis, Greenwood, Neb., and in Kansas.

The cobs are all procured in Missouri, and are supplied by the Collier variety of corn, on which they grow usually heavy, - wm. H. Fizzle was hanged in the jail yard at Abilene, Texas, for the murder of his wife, which was committed in Comanche county. Texas in Level in the orchard.

The next day the wounded soldier complained that his arm troubled him. It was all doubled up, has aid and the committee of the commi Comanche county, Texas, in January, 1891. He seemed to think he had distin-

guished himself and requested that the Abilene cornet band be permitted to play at the hanging. - "China for the Chinese" is the mottoof the Ka-lo-ko Society of China the membership of which is numbered by millions. The society is secret. One of its main objects is to prevent foreigners from living in the Celestial Empire, and another is to dethrone the present Emperor and restore the ancient Ming dynasty.

- Col. J. B. Bates, of Bennett Springs, Barnwell County, has a young orange tree growing in his yard which ripened two beautiful specimens of the golden fruit this fall. The tree has stood the cold of several winters without any pro-tection except that afforded by the house. When the last blizzard came it was in full

- The Indians enlisted out West as cavalry troops are praised by the army officers who have recently inspected them, who say that they are easily disciplined, learn to drill readily, and soon acquire the esprit de corps. The enlisted Indians learn the arts of civilization during their term of service. These views are sustained by the Secretary of War.

it owned a silver mine in Idaho among other assets turned over to the receiver. Within the past few days that mine was sold for \$600,000 to a Milwaukee syndicate. That pays all debts of the defunct bank and leaves a big fortune for a divi-dend among the stock holders. Not so bad a failure after all.

- The richest man in New York is John D. Rockefellow, who is said to have nearly \$180,000,000. Then follow the Astors with probably \$150,000,000, Cornelius Vanderbilt with about \$125,000.000 and Jay Gould, who may have \$100,000,000. The richest man America has ever seen was William H. Vanderbilt, who, at the time of his death, was said to be worth

\$200,000,000.

— Mrs. Mary McVey, who is nearly 70 years old, is astonishing the doctors of Braddock, Pa., by her long fast. She has now been 141 days with no other food than buttermilk. She drinks about a pint of this daily. Mrs. McVey is suffering from cancer, which formed last March. In July she conceived an abhorrence of all food and drink, and since then she has refused to take aught but buttermilk.

buttermilk. - An interesting little war story has Governor Jones, of Alabama, for its hero. At the time Gordon was resisting Sher-man's advance Jones, then a staff captain, was delivering a message from his chief, when he saw a little child clad only in night clothes, hiding in terror behind a frame house in the direct tracks of the bullets from both armies. Jones rode forward, took the child on his horse and galloped back with her to the Confederate line. When the Union forces saw the brave act they ceased firing, and there was an impromptu cessation of hostilities until the child had been carried to a point of safety.

- There is now in China a comprehen-— There is now in China a comprehensive system of telegraph lines running to all parts of the country. The Governors of the provinces keep watch over the line and take care that they are maintained in working order. The Pekin Government is now preparing to establish a railroad system not less comprehensive, with main and branch lines extending all over the empire from the northern boundary to the seaboard. Shin loads of rails have to the seaboard. Ship loads of rails have just arrived at Shanghai within the past few months, and it is reported that the work of laying them will begin early next

- George Washington was one of the richest men of his time in America. He attached to his will bearing the date of July 9, 1799, a schedule of his property and placed the total valuation of the same at \$530,000. His estate was undoubtedly worth more, and all of \$700,000, and even more. The estimate of \$530,000 was considered by Washington himself a very low one, for in the notes which accom-panied the will and schedule he frequently reters to the "moderate value" and "lowest price affixed" of he various pieces of property. The Ohio lands in-cluded in the estate increased immensely

- The number of Ex-Confederates in

the Northern States is so great that Gen. Gordon, the commander of the United Confederate Veterans, has deemed it advisable to organize the Order into two divisions. One division is to have its headquarters in New York and the other in Chicago, with subordinate camps wherever it may appear advisable. existing organizations will thus be consolidated into the two divisions, according to Gen. Gordon's order, with the camps affiliated to either the one or the other division, according to their locality. The object of the organization is purely benevolent. It is "to assist poor Ex-Confederate soldiers, and the widows and orphans of soldiers, and to have the care of the graves in the cemeteries where Confederates are buried." The last is not the least of the duties of the organization, for large numbers of Confederate prisoners died on Johnson's Island, at Camp Mitchell, at Fort Dela-

ware and a good many other places North

— A movement in favor of better roads has been inaugurated in Accomac County, Va., and at the coming session of the Legislature an effort will be made to se-cure a special road law for that county. A plan has already been formulated which, it is claimed, would result in the securement of good public roads. Each magisterial district is to be a road district, provided with a roadman to be appointed by the Governor at a salary not exceeding \$600 per annum. The county is to furnish the necessary machinery and His sufferings are terrible, and unless he can soon be relieved in some way, his physician says, it does not seem possible to survey all the roads in the county and that said that his life can be seved.

The bleet is to be the best kidney and Liver medicine, make me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters to be the best kidney. can soon be relieved in some way, his physician says, it does not seem possible that his life can be saved.

— Gen. E. Kirby Smith leaves his university chair in the Tennessee mountains to mix now and then with his old friends in Nashville. He-has become a patriarch in appearance, with gray hair, and a long, flowing white beard. But there is no sign of physical breaking in him, for his ove is bright and he walks with a firm step and erect carriage. No other man in Tennessee is more generally honored than late 18.

— Compiled. A history of each County should be written, and it is pleasant to note that is pleasant to note that in several Counties this is pleasant to note that in several Counties this is pleasant to note that in several Counties this is being done.

— The number of Presidential electors on the number of Presidential electors on the new basis will be 444.

— The National Democratic Committee will meet in Washington in February to fix the time and place of the National Democratic Convention of 18(2.

— It has been computed that between 18,000,000 and 57,000,000 babtics are born in one sign of physical breaking in him, for his eye is bright and he walks with a firm step and erect carriage. No other man in Tennessee is more generally honored than late 18.

— The number of Presidential electors on the new basis will be 444.

— The National Democratic Committee will meet in Washington in February to fix the time and place of the National Less than the county and make a map of the same, and that said engineer instruct the roadman in half actions of the new has will be 444.

— The National Democratic Committee will meet in Washington in February to fix the time and place of the National Democratic Committee will meet in Washington in February to fix the time and place of the National Democratic Convention of 18(2.

— It has been computed that between 18, and a capitation nate of the National Places and the county and the north that said engineer instruct the roadman fact the roadman and a capitation nate

-The Jewish Tidings says that in New York "no Jew need hesitate to aspire to political honors. His religion will prove no barrier to his success. Every man is rate! at his true value, regardless of his

religion."

- A great part of the work of draining the Florida swamps west of the Kissi-mee, which the Disston syndicate, of Philadelphia, has undertaken, is done, and the improvement of the land is almost inestimable. Tracts that a few years ago were four and seven feet under water have produced heavy crops during the last season. In the midst of the Ever-glades are the fine lakes connected by in the up-country that the ribbon cane can be raised successfully in the Piedmont section of the State. It is much botter when made than sorghum and will make the Evergiades navigable and products of the country. Already a current of three miles an hour flows through the summer tourists will be one of the gainers by the enterprise. When the work began the little town of Kissimee was nothing but a cypress swamp. Now it has a big hotel, a brick court-house, many handsome residences and a busy popula-

— A Shelbyville, Ind., special says: "The case of Miss Maggie Dennagher, who has been living on deg flesh for two weeks or more, is exciting interest. For several years she has been an invalid, and for weeks before she began cating dog flesh she was confined to her bed-a confirmed type of consumption. Her phy sician had informed her that there was no remedy for her. She takes the oil, drinks broth, and eats the meat and has finished an entire dog. To-day she was up doing her work and superintending the killing of another dog. Since it has become known that she is improving six prominent citizens have commenced using dog met. In 1870 Dr. Fred Vanbaughen, a Ger-man physician, located in this city, successfully troated many consumptives by administering dog oil. Physicians here are divided in opinion as to the merits of dog flesh as a remedy for consumption. Some of them said that tubercular bacillus is not consumption, but is merely a result of a consumptive condition, and that nutrition and proper assimilation ot only prevent supperation but expell

- The doctors say that a man can feel nothing in the arm that has been cut off, but that is all nonsense. Any man who has lost an arm or a leg will tell you that the fingers and toes on the missing members sometimes get as cold as any other part of his anatomy. I knew a man who was shot in the arm at Shiloh, and after the battle was over he was taken to a farmhouse near by, where the doctors performed the amputation. The man of the house put the arm in a candle-box, nailed it up and buried it in the orchard. or three days without anybody paying much attention to him, for the house was full of wounded men, and the doctors were two busy so spare time to look after the amputated arm, but finally he became so troublesome that they concluded to try a little experiment. So, without telling him what they were going to do they went to the orchard, dug up the arm, took it out of the candle-box, laid it straight, placed the fingers in a natural position, wrapped it in cotton batting, put it in a longer box and buried it again. The man declared he felt his arm relieved at the very moment they were straightening the missing member, and never complained again. They told him nothing of what they had done until he was about to be discharged from the hospital, and then they gave him the story in

The First Telegraphic Dispatch.

The first telegraphic dispatch was sent in 1844. It announced the result of the Whig convention at Baltimore, which nominated Henry Clay for president and Theodore Frelinghuysen for vice president of the United States. The only telegraph line in existence extended from Washington to Annapolis Junction. A number of people who had attended the convention were on their way back to Washington, and when they stopped at Annapo-lis Juncton they sent a dispatch to the capital saying "Clay has been nomi-nated." "Of course Clay has been nominated," said the people in Washington, "we knew beforehand that he would Your belegram trick is too thin.' Nobody believed that transmission by elegraph was an accomplished fact. Pretty soon another dispatch was received saying: "Frelinghuysen was nominated for vice president." "Who is Frelinghuysen?" everybody asked. Nobody seemed to know him. When he train reached Washington the doubters found out that the telegraph had announced the ticket correctly. It was that incident which first gave faith in the telegraph. The first dis-patch that passed between Baltimore and Washington was sent by Professor Morse from the former city to the president of the United States. It read: Glory be to God in the highest; peace on earth; good will to all men.

-Letter in Chicago Tribune.

A Remarkable Statement. I know a non-hysterical woman who, in her trances, knows facts which altogether transcend her possible normal consciousness, facts about the lives of people whom she never saw or heard of before. I am well aware of all the liabilities to which this statement exposes me, and I make it deliberately, having practically no doubt whatever of its truth. My own impression is that the trance condition is an immensely complex and fluctuating thing, into the understanding of which we have herdly begun to penetrate, and concerning which any very sweeping generalization is sure to be premature. A comparative study of trances and subconscious states is meanwhile of the most urgent importance for the comprehension of our nature.—Professor William James in Scribner's Magazine.

Co-operative Housekeeping. The most successful experiment in o-operative housekeeping is in France, 100 miles north of Paris, at Cuise. It has been in successful existence twenty-nine years, and, beginning with 600 persons, now numbers 2,000. Not only is it an experiment in co-opera-tive housekeeping, but in the care and education of children. The association was founded by one large hearted, large brained man of wealth, who planned the scheme and furnished the apital. But so great have been the profits of the association that the workers now own nearly half of the social capital, and at no distant day will own the whole.—Miller's Journal.

Mamma (to Tommy)-I'm sorry you and your sister quarreled over that orange, and that James had to interfere. Whose part did he take? Tommy-Whose part? He took the

whole orange.—Harper's Bazar. La Grippe Again.

During the epidemic of La Grippe last season Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, proved to be the best remedy. Reports from the many who used it confirm this statement. They were not only quickly relieved, but the disease left no bad after results. We ask you to give this remedy a trial and we guarantee that you will be satisfied with results, or the purchase price will be re-funded. It has no equal in La Grippe, or any Throat, Chest or Lung Troubles. Trial bottles free at Hill Bros. Drug Storo. Large bottles, 50c. and \$100.

Happy Hoosiers. Wm. Simmons, Postmaster of Idaville Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman of same place, says "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kid-

C. F. Jones & Co's, Tailor made Suits settle. You will feel better, and I will

Stolen or Strayed.

ON Tuesday night, December 1st, a me-dium-sized, dark mare Mule, seven years old, was stolen or estrayed from the wagon yard, on South Main Street, in An-derson. A liberal reward will be paid for its return or any information con A. KELLY, cerning

Notice to creditors.
All persons having cla

to make payment.

Dec 3, 1891

clock a, m.

All persons having claims against the Estate of Ivy C. Lowe, deceased, are hereby notified to present them, properly proven, to the undersigned within the

time prescribed by law, and those indebted

Administrator's Sale.

THE undersigned, as Administrator of

ceased, will sell at her late home on Friday 18th December, to the highest bidder, for

Fodder, etc. Sale will commence at 10

Notice to Road Overseers.

Office of County Commissioners, Anderson, S. C., Dec. 1, 1891.

LL Overseers of Roads are hereby no-tified to call out the hands respec

W. T. McGILL, Chm'n.,

tively assigned and work the Roads the remainder of the time required of them on or by the 20th instant. This is our last ex-tension of the time, and all Overseers fail-

Assessment Notice.

nesday, 2nd and 3rd February.

Brushy Creek—At Wigington's Store,

Brushy Creek—At Wighigon's Store,
Thesday 2nd February.
Brushy Creek—At J. W. Rosamond's,
Wednesday, 3rd February.
Brushy Creek and Garvin—At Equality,

Thursday and Friday, 4th and 5th Feb

ruary.

Brushy Creek and Williamston.—At
Piedmont, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
11th, 12th and 13th February.

Dark Corner and Hall—At Iva, Tuesday,

Dark Corner-At Sherard's Store, Thurs-

day, 4th February.

Dark Corner, Hall and Sayannah—At
Starr, Wednesday, 3rd February.

Dark Corner—At Moseley, Friday, 5th

February. Fork—At G. W. Farmer's, Tuesday and

Wednesday, 2nd and 3rd February. Garvin-At Estate Larkin Newton, Mon-

day and Tuesday, 8th and 9th February. Honea Path—At Honea Path, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, 2nd, 3rd and

4th February.

Hopewell—At Williams & Guyton's,

Wednesday, 10th February.

Martin—At Clinkscales' Mill, Friday

and Saturday, 5th and 6th February.
Pendleton—At Pendleton, Thursday and
Friday, 11th and 12th February.
Pendleton—At Pendleton Factory, Mon-

day, 8th February. Rock Mills and Savannah—At Holland's

Store, Tuesday, 9th February Varennes—At Starr, Wednesday, 3rd of

February. Williamston—At Williamston, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, 8th, 9th and 10th

Williamston-At Pelzer, Thursday, Fri-

lay and Saturday, 11th, 12th and 13th

Real Estate is not to be assessed this year,

unless the Legislature now in session

hanges the law,) except in cases where

new structures erected between the 1st of

January, 1891, and the 1st of January, 1892, have to be assessed, and together with

the Personal Property, examined by the Township Boards of Assessors; and where parties have made any changes in their

they must get their Returns made by the 20th of February, 1892, or the changes

annot be made.

Building and Loan Associations, Life,

Fire, and all other Insurance Companies,

Farm products, such as Cotton, Corn, Peas, &c., on hand the 1st of January, 1892, are not taxable, but all those articles on hand the 1st day of August, 1891, are

taxable for this year, 1892.

Assessors and Tax Payers will enter the

first given name of the Tax Payer in full, and in backing their returns, enter their

urname first, also make a separate return

for each party for the Township the prop

the collection and preventing errors.

Every male citizen between the ages of twenty-one and fifty years on the first day

of January, 1892, except those incapable of earning a support from being maimed, or from other causes, shall be deemed taxable

All returns that are made after the twen-tieth of February next have to be placed on the Additional List, and fifty per cent. penalty added thereto, unless prevented by

sickness, or out of the County during the time of listing. Not knowing the time of listing is no excuse; and all owners of real

estate might do their Tenants, who cannot

read or take a newspaper, a great favor by making their returns, or telling them the

time of listing, and that if they fail to make their returns that the valuation has

to be increased fifty per cent, unless they

The assessing and collecting taxes is all done now in the same year, and we have to aggregate the number and value of all the horses, cattle, mules, &c., as well as the

acres of land, lots and buildings and their value that there is in the County, and have

the same on file in the Comptroller General's office by the thirtieth day of June each

year, and from that time to the first of October each year the Auditor and Treas-urer's Duplicate has to be completed, and

an abstract of the work in the Comptrol-ler's office by that time, which will show, at a glance, that the Auditor has no time to take in returns, or anything else much,

between the first day of March and the first

day of October each year, but work on the

pooks and blanks. Therefore, hope that

Auditor Anderson County.

all Tax Payers will do us the favor of

NOTICE.

NO those who are indebted to me for

professional services, I beg to say that I am compelled to be absent from

home for some weeks in deference to my health, and that payment may be made to

Frierson & Cochran, who are my authorized collectors, and who have my books

and accounts. I am in great need of mon-ey, and would appreciate prompt settle-ment. I have worked bard for you, and

consider it only reasonable that you should

Very respectfully and truly, E. C. FRIEESON, M. D.

CHRISTMAS.

Yes, yes, this I see, That something done has got to be, For those boys, six feet high,

Yes, yes, this I know, That D. C. Brown has made it so; Bacon down and Sugar cheap, And on Flour he can't be beat,

Yes, yes, this is condence, Selling Candy at eight cents, For old man Deck is a mighty boy, And he's going to sell the Xmas Toy.

Have packed goods to the sky.

Yes, yes, this is rash,

They are selling for the cash Credit none, but honor all, Selling goods to large and small.

D. C. BROWN & BRO.,

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

ALL who owe me by Note or Account

or for Guano, are requested to call and

some to my aid now.

Nov 26, 1891

making their returns in time.
THOMAS J. WEBB,

have a good excuse

are taxable.

parties have built new structures. Al

2nd February.

J. E. GRIFFIN, Adm'r.

the Estate of Mary L. Breazeale, de

JAS. A. PRUITT, Adm'r.

No. 6 Webb Clock.

HARD TIMES

PRICES TO SUIT. WILL SELL UNTIL FURTHER NOTIFIED-

3 pound Tomatoes 9c. per Can spot cash, 2 pound Tomatoes 7c, per Can spot cash, Green Corn 10c per Can spot cash, Salmon 11c, per Can spot cash, Sardines 5c per can spot cash, Starch 44c, per pound spot cash. Soap 34c, per pound spot cash. Raisins \$1.90 to \$2.40 per box spot cash. English Currants 7c per pound spot cash. Candy 63c, per pound by the package spot cash. Northern Apples \$1.00 per bushel spot cash. Coconnuts 5c each spot cash.

Recollect these are spot cash figures. None will be charged for thirty days

LIGON & LEDBETTER, Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Anderson, S. C.

Cash, the following property:
Household and Kitchen Furniture,
Mules, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, a Wagon and
Buggy, a lot of Farming Tools, and Corn, TAYLOR & CRAYTON, The Tireless Toilers for Trade!

No. 42 Granite Row,

ARE AFTER YOUR PATRONAGE,

And are going to have at least a portion of it, if fair dealing will get it.

ing to work as required by law, and to make and file in this office by said date a report of their workings, will be prosecu-HEY don't claim the Largest Stock, but they have WHAT YOU WANT in B. C. MARTIN,
R. E. PARKER,
Board Co. Com. Anderson Co., S. C.
Per E. W. LONG, Clerk. GROCERIES, in the FRESHEST GOODS, LOWEST PRICES and courteous

> WE HAVE THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF CANNED GOODS

> > IN THE CITY.

THE Auditor's office will be open from the first day of January, 1892, to the twen-tieth day of February, 1892, to receive Re-turns of Real and Personal Property for taxation in Anderson County for the year 1892, and for the convenience of Taxpay WE buy direct from the manufactory, and will sell as CHEAP as any house in ers will have Deputies at each of the places the State, taking freights in consideration, either wholesale or retail. named below to receive Returns for the said year:
Belton-At Belton, Tuesday and Wed-

Our Stock of Christmas Goods is the Best we Ever Had. GIVE US A CALL.

We have Fifty Boxes of RAISINS that must be sold. We have a Case of FIGS just imported from Liverpool.

D. S. MAXWELL & SON,

No. 5 Chiquola Place. HEADQUARTERS

SOME may we are not Headquarters for CHRISTMAS GOODS, TOYS, &c., but when you see our Stock, so varied and well assorted, and everything to please the you will say you have been misinformed by those who think differently. Don't take our word, but come-we will price and show you around, and if you are not pleased, don't buy. It will cost you nothing to look around and price our Goods. We know we can show you the prettiest Store in Anderson, and we will undersell any one. Cups and Saucers 15c, Vases 10c to 25c, Cups and Saucers 15c, Plates 30c. Crockery, Glass and Tin

STOVES A SPECIALTY.

We buy your RAGS, BEESWAX and HIDES-dry or green.

Come and see us.

Yours very truly,

PEOPLES & BURRISS.

A. N. TODD. A. N. TODD & CO.,

for each party for the Township the prop-erty is in, and where the Tax Payer owns Real Estate to insert the Postoffice as their place of residence, and those who only own Personal Property to give the parties name who owns the land they live on as their residence, which aids the Tax Payer as well as the County Treasurer in making the collection and properting errors. W E ARE FILLING IN A COMPLETE LINE OF-DRUGS AND MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, &c., And are receiving a Large and Elegant assortment of Toilet Articles and Faney Goods. Call and see us. A share of your patronage will be appreciated. Our motto is square and honest dealing, with prices to suit the times. A, N. TODD & CO., No. 4 Hotel Chiquola Block.

P. S.—All persons indebted to Todd Bros. will please make settlement at once with us, and save cost of collecting by law.

A. N. T. & CO. FRUITS! FRUTS, FRUITS.

A FRESH STOCK OF FRUITS, including SEEDLESS RAISINS, CLEAN-ED CURRANTS, and everything necessary for your Christmas Cake.

FRUITS!

APPLES, ORANGES, BANANAS, PEARS, GRAPES, NUTS and FANCY CANDIES.

Supply of Oat Flake, Buckwheat Flours and New Orleans Syrup just W. H. HARRISON & CO.

BIG DRIVE!

For the next Thirty Days at

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, TRUNKS, CLOTHING, &c. Our Stock of DRESS GOODS is complete, consisting of the latest styles in

Henrietta, Cashmere, Serge, Mohair, Flannel, &c. We would call special attention to our line of BLACK GOODS, which cannot SILKS-A nice line of Silks, comprising the latest styles of Faille, Bengaline,

BLANKETS, BLANKETS. A big lot of Blankets, Comforts and Quilts cheap. FLANNELS. Red and White wool Flannels. Also, a big lot Cotton Flannels, white and

Pean de Soie, Surah, China, &c.

CLOTHING. CLOTHING-CHEAP, CHEAP. BOOTS AND SHOES

That must be sold. A large stock of the Anderson Shoe and Leather Co's, memade Shoes—the best on the market, every pair guaranteed.

Our Stock-taking season is near at hand, and in order to reduce our stock we aslaughtered the prices. Come and see and he convinced we meen what we Homemade Shoes-the best on the market, every pair guaranteed. have slaughtered the prices. Come and see, and be convinced we mean what we say. They must be sold. Yours truly,

SYLVESTER BLECKLEY COMPANY. To those who owe us we will say that the money must come. We cannot |-two doors below th run our business without money, and we insist that you come in and make some arrangement about your debts, so as to save you trouble and expense. We mean

Van Wyck's



POPULAR

## HOUSE. NO. 37 GRANITE ROW.

BIGGEST and FINEST LINE OF

FINE SHOES,

For Ladies, Gents, Misses and Children, Ever seen in Anderson, AT PRICES THAT CAN'T BE EQUALLED.

To our Friends in the Country:

Yours, anxious to please,

DON'T forget us when you come to Town, and don't believe the slick tongue, long-winded fellows when they say they can beat my prices, for I am HEADQUARTERS on BOOTS and

I HAVE A FIRST CLASS SHOE SHOP

In rear of my Store, where you can get your Repairing done theap. Fine work a specialty. All work not done satisfactorily in hand sewing, hand welts, or on the finest hand turned goods, no charge will be made.

O. B. VANWYCK.

COMPOUND SYRUP RED CLOVER,

- FOR -

ALL BLOOD DISEASES,

MANUFACTURED AND SOLD ONLY BY

ORR & SLOAN.

We respectfully invite the attention of our friends to the fact that we sell the Standard High Grade Kerosene Oil at 13c. per gallon. Best grade, pure water white Oil at 15c per gallon.

Large Lump Gloss Starch at 5c per pound.

In fact, we are reducing prices on everything in our house.

Call every time you are in town, and see our New Goods and new Prices.

Always truly,

C. S. MINOR AND 10°C. STORE.

THAT STOLEN HORSE!

HAS NEVER BEEN RECOVERED, AND THE THIEF

S still at large; but our friends, ar preciating our n sfortunes, have cheerfully rallied to our help, and for the past, ten days our sales have exceeded our most

"EVERYBODY'S STORE,"

and we will cheerfully "show you 'round." Don't forget Is still on the "outside" 'Mammoth" Alliance Store.

E. G. FANT, Proprietor. A. EVINS BROWNE, Manager.