Y, MARCH 5, 1891. THURS' ONETL SIX MC

The Augusta Chronicle says Represen tative Hatch, of Missouri, is the choice of the Farmers' Alliance for Speaker of the next Congress, and it is predicted that he will have more votes in the Democratic caucus than is generally suspected.

The most corrupt Congress of the the whole country is rejoicing over the fact. Much business has been rushed through during the past few days, and the appropriation bills passed will leave a big deficiency in the treasury.

A canyass of the two houses of Congress shows seven Democratic Senators and twenty-two Representatives who say Mr. Cleveland is no longer a presidential possiility. Five Senators and eight Representatives say he has made a mistake. One Senator and five Representatives endorse his silver utterances.

The Illinois Legislature has not yet lected a United States Senator, and eems in a hopeless deadlock. The farmers, the Democrats and the Republicans, have made a triangular fight. Neither faction has a majority and no two will combine and thus it seems imossible to electa Senator.

Governor Northen, of Georgia, seems to be in hot water with the Farmers' Allisuce of his State, even though he did efuse to dine with Jay Gould. The outhern Alliance Farmer, the organ of the Georgia Alliance, goes for him with gloves off, and the Governor returns the which he is capable.

B. C. Epperson, Superintendent of the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington diision of the L. & N. Railroad, of Louisville, Ky., has been appointed Superintendent of the P. R. & W. C. R. R., to succeed Col. J. H. Averill, who resigned a few days ago. Mr. Epperson took charge of the Road last Monday. He is known in railroad circles by reputation as a most capable railroad official.

At a special meeting of the Committee on ceremonies of the World's Fair in Chicago last week a grand project from the United Confederate Veterans of the United States was considered. The members of that organization, through R. Lee Francis, say that the wish of the South is that feelings of lovalty be more firmly. established by having a great Confederate Army of the Republic, at the dedicatory exercises of the Fair. At the same time it is proposed to erect a costly monument in honor of the 6,000 Confederate dead lying in Oakwood cemetery. The idea is iavorably received by the committee.

The board of regents of the South Atiantic University, of four Presbyterian Synods of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida, met in Augusta last week and decided to establish a Presbyterian University somewhere in the South. The University will be located in the city or town offering the best inducement, and the Board is now ready to receive bids. Asheville, Spartanburg, Augusta and Atlanta have made proposals as regards the location. The statement is made that Asheville will give \$150,000 to secure it. A lady who died recently has bequeathed \$150,000 to the

you to let Jeems C. of Company oneth,
Fifth South Carolina Regiment, come
force bill.—Special to the News and Counome and get married. Jeems is willin', I is willin', his mammy says she is willin', but Jeem's captain, he ain't willin'. Now, when we are all willin' 'ceptin' Jeem's captain, I think you might let up and let Jeems come. I'll make him go ried, and fight just as hard as ever." Mr. Davis wrote on the letter, "Let Jeemsgo." Jeems went home, married the affectionate correspondent of Mr. Davis, returned to his regiment, and did fight as well as

anniversary of the death of John Wesley, the great theologian and founder of the Methodist Church, and the day was observed by Methodists in almost every section of country. In London, England, a statue erected to his honor was unveiled in the presence of a large crowd in front of the City Road Chapel, the headquarters of the Wesleyans. Rev. Frederick William Farrar, Archdeacon of Westminster, took part in the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the statue, and afterward, with Sir Robert Fowler, one of the members of Parliament for London City, addressed the meeting in the City Road Chapel.

As the time approaches for planting corn, says the Chester Reporter, we call attention to the method of soaking seed corn in lime water to prevent the deprecorn. We printed last year the experience of Mr. J. D. Collins of Edgemoor, in which he stated that his corn from lime-soaked seed entirely escaped the drowned. The great valley in Colorado worm. Mr. Collins has received a letter is one vast sea of water as far as the eye worm. Mr. Collins has received a letter can see in every direction. The river has from a farmer living in Alabama saying fallen six feet in every direction. The river has fallen as the can be seen as the that he has adopted this plan for four and is now nearly at a standstill. The years and it has worked well every time. weather is thick and threatens heavy The mixture should be made about the \$2,000,000, of which the railroad will color and consistency of thick milk and the seed corn kept in soak six hours, not longer. This is a simple remedy and will go higher up the hills. within the reach of all. A peck of lime, Mr. Collins says, is sufficient to prepare seed for a whole year's planting.

"Reading the accounts in the papers of the Sherman funeral ceremony," said a New York visitor, "reminded me very forcibly how soon the old notables are forcibly how soon the old notables are forgotten. Business was practically suspended while the funeral was in progress; dense crowds of people lined the streets through which the procession passed, and thousands stood bareheaded in the chill sir. Then as the procession passed out the streets of the cheap sir. Then as the procession passed out the streets of the cheap sir. Then as the procession passed out the streets of the cheap sir. Then as the procession passed out the streets of the cheap sir. Then as the procession passed out the streets of the cheap sir. Then as the procession passed out the streets of the cheap sir. Then as the procession passed out the streets of the cheap sir. Then as the procession passed out the streets of sight they gave possibly a few transient whole of the civilized world, and turned to their numberless occupations with the lower train: Farmer City one car, Dewitt one, Melvin one, Seymour two, Gibson four, and Arrowsmith one. These cars same money making avidity as of yore, were accompanied by forty people. After

Tillman in Washington,

WASHINGTON, February 27 .- Governor Ben Tillman, whose remarkable campaign in South Carolina is familiar throughout the political world by reason of the novel methods he employed on the hustings, is in Washington for the first time in his life. He visited the city to-day with his venerable brother, Mr. Geo. D. Tillman, who represents the 2d Congressional district of South Carolina.

Governor Tillman attracted general at ention on the floor of the house and was presented personally to a large number of the Democratic members. He is a typical farmer in appearance, but in conversation he is quick, direct and plain spoken. His words flow freely; but there is a cautiousness about him which indicates also burned-they were fully insured. shrewdness, but fully justifies his reputation for being one of the greatest roughand tumble political campaigners in the The fire is supposed to be incendiary.

Referring to the political situation in South Carolina, he says there is not the slightest danger of his friends (the Tillman faction) breaking away from the National Democratic party, and he pro-poses to try and make his administration of State affairs so pure and clean that even his political enemies will be obliged to admit that they done him an injustice in charging that he was seeking to destroy the Democratic party in the

He does not hesitate to say that there s still hostility to him in various sections of the State, and he supposes a certain element will continue to oppose him at every point. Notwithstanding this oppo-sition to him and his methods, he will the people who cast their votes for him last November and placed him in the Executive Mansion at Columbia.

Concerning the report that he has aspirations to succeed Senator Butler when the latter's term expires in 1895, Gover-nor Tillman is non committal. He simly says that the election of Senator Butler's successor is too far off for specu-

Senator elect Irby, who succeeds Sen ator Hampton, is expected to join Governor Tillman here to-morrow. Governor the phosphate beds in the navigable waters of South Carolina. He wants the superintendent of the coast survey to blows dealt him with all the vigor of send an officer down there to make a sur-

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Congressman elect George Johnstone, of Newberry, expects to remain here until the present sion of Congress ends. He visits the Capitol daily and is becoming acquainted with many of the members elect and gleaning such information from the proceedings as will be useful to him after he is sworn in. On the Speakership question he is non-committal, but he will probably vote with the majority of the Palmetto

Governor Tillman has just returned to Columbia after a successful visit here on State business. He induced the superintendent of the coast survey to send an of ficer to make a survey of the phosphate lands, and also secured certain advance information concerning the census returns

Senator Gorman says he does not believe there will be any occasion for an extra session of Congress, as all of the general appropriation bills are so far advanced that they can be disposed of before Wednesday at noon. There may be a special executive session of the Senate called to act apon such appointments as accordance with new legislation and there

ter part of March or early in April. By the death of Senator Hearst, of California, the Democratic vote in the Senate Democratic Senator until 1893. Some of Senators Wilson of Maryland, and Hearst of California, and try to put through the force bill. Some of the silver Republicans, who formerly voted with the Democrats against the election bill, are reported as ready to join in such a movement because their free silver bill has been smothered in the House. It is hard been smothered in the House. It is hard the country — Special to the State.

In Jefferson Davis's memoirs the following letter from a young woman is their reduced minority, may still be able printed: "Dear Mr. President—I want to defeat it. Conservative Republicans

The Waste of Waters.

DENVER, Col., March 1.—A special to the Rocky Mountain News from Yuma, Arizona, says that in that town over two hundred and fifty houses are in ruins from the flood, and one thousand four hundred people are homeless, and not a single business house remains standing, and it is feared that hundreds of lives have been lost in the Gila valley. Telegraph wires are down in the valley, and as all the bridges are gone, and the roads impassable no reports can be had from there. The river about the town is seven as suddenly threw a thirty-pound rock through the window, shattering the glass to fragments. As quick as thought he dashed this hand through the opening, picked up a tray of diamonds and dashed up the street. The bystanders and pass-north and west the elements combine to the confusion of the pioneer. In the New England States life has only been rendered possible from the industries of handicraft, the census returns showing that the sterile farms are being constantly in the confusion of the pioneer. In the New England States life has only been rendered possible from the industries of handicraft, the census returns showing that the sterile farms are being constantly in the confusion of the pioneer. In the New England States life has only been rendered possible from the industries of handicraft, the census returns showing that the sterile farms are being constantly in the confusion of the undeath of frost. To the east the tornado makes summer a terror, while to the north and west the elements combine to the confusion of the pioneer. In the New England States life has only been rendered possible from the industries of handicraft, the census returns showing that the sterile farms are being constantly in the confusion of the pioneer. In the confusion of the pioneer in the co Last Monday, March 2, was the 100th there. The river about the town is seven diamonds and a handful of pistol carthe water covers the country in one grand lake over fifty miles across. The railroad company will not have the blockade raised for west bound trains for 4 days,

The town has provisions sufficient for eight more days, and the Southern Pacific Hotel is feeding a thousand people a day. Reports from Jakuno, fifteen miles above here, are to the effect that the flood drove the people into the tree tops, and many becoming exhausted from cold and hunger, dropped into the water and

Reports from reliable sources put the loss of life in the valley somewhere from eighty to one hundred. All along the valley, for twenty miles, everything is in desolation. Costly houses and barns have been washed away like playthings, while stock and fences have been carried down by the flood, leaving the country as bare as a desert. Men who ten years ago were wealthy, are now homeless and

Eighty miles south of here, where five thousand Indians live, the country is flooded for eighty miles square, and as there are no hills for refuge it is reported that more than one hundred have been have to suffer to the extent of \$250,000.

An Exodus from Illinois.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., February 25 .-The largest exodus from Central Illinois air. Then as the procession passed out lands of other States. A large proportion of sight they gave possibly a few transient of them were renters, although many of thoughts to the man whose name and them sold their farms. At this city the fame as a warrior had spread over the following additions were made to the

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

DUBUQUE, IA., Feb. 26 .- John Schneider, living at Dycksville, Wis., attempted to ford a small stream on his way to town Tuesday. The sleigh was over-turned, and Schneider's daughter, who was going to town to purchase her bridal

GREENVILLE, S. C., March 2 .- A very

destructive fire occurred here to night, which totally destroyed the Farmers' Alliance warehouse. The fire was dis covered by a negro man about 9 p. m. The building was totally destroyed. The warehouse was insured for \$4,000. One hundred and fifty bales of cotton were W. P. Fowler, the manager, lost about \$600 or \$700 worth of goods, insured. ALLENDALE, February 26 .- By the falling of a tree across the road this evening Frank Reddy was killed and Bob Badger's thigh was badly crushed. These colored men left town for their homes, riding together in a spring wagon. They

had not gotten more than half a mile from town when the accident occurred. Reddev's neck was broken and his head Both were knocked out of the wagon by the tree, yet strange to say the wagon was not hurt. High winds have revailed here all day. DECATUR, IND., Feb. 27 .- Ex-Judge of the Circuit Court J. B. Bobo, of Decatur, while under the influence of liquor this evening, shot his son Roland, aged

sition to him and his methods, he will endeavor to administer the affairs of the State in accordance with the wishes and desires of an overwhelming majority of the people who cast their votes for him. latter not obeying immediately, father drew a revolver and fired, with the above result. NEW YORK, February 25 .- At

o'clock this afternoon three young toughs attempted highway robbery in thost approved style on Broadway, opposite postoflice, one of the busiest thorough lares of the city at its most crowded hour. The number of divorces has steadily in-One seized a stranger's watch and chain, and when he attempted to catch the thief Tillman's visit here is in connection with | the other two pinioned his arms. The thief with the plunder ran, but was knocked down by a wagon pole while dodging among the teams and horse cars, and a horse stepped on his head, disabling him. The other two thieves escaped. All belong to a gang that has gained notoriety as the "Whio Gang."

FLORENCE, S. C., Feb. 27 .- A few

ninutes after 10 o'clock to-night an

alarm of fire was sounded. The dwelling of B. O'Neale Townsend, a prominent wyer, in the extreme western portion of the town, was on fire. In an extremely short time the building, a two-story cottage, was enveloped in flames. The cry went up, "Townsend is in the house!" everal firemen entered the barning building in search of him, but to no avail. One went to a room where Mr. Townsend was supposed to be, but the room was one mass of flame. The engines finally extinguished the fire, so that everal firemen could go into the ruins. After fishing around in the burning embers for some time, one of the negro firemen found the body, and a mass of burning, sizzling human flesh was pulled out and laid upon the garden walk. There are many theories about the affair. Some persons say that Mr. Townsend was seen on his porch in the afternoon, and that he seemed excited, as though something was worrying him. Others seemed to the President may determine to make in | think he committed suicide and set the house afire himself. His waiting boy may be some diplomatic business which requires prompt attention.

At the White House it is said that the President will be governed by circum—

At the White House it is said that the reading, at 6 o'clock this evening, and that he was perfectly calm and rational. Still others hint at foul play, and think it probable that he may have cessary it may not be called until the lat- been murdered and robbed, and that the criminal set fire to the building to connearest neighbor, says that when he went is still further reduced, and his successor to bed he noticed a light burning in Mr. will be a Republican, although it was intended that California should have a bed when he heard a report like the ex-Democratic Senator until 1893. Some of the extreme partisans in the Republican party are urging the friends of the force room was nothing but flames. He seems bill to take advantage of the unexpected calamity which has befallen the Democratic party in the Senate, the death of Senators Wilson of Maryland, and Hearst O'Neil Townsend was perhaps one of the

> BIRMINGHAM, ALA., February 29 .-A diamond robbery of unprecedented boldness is the sensation of Birmingham dows several trays of diamonds were distridges were picked up in the alley where the robber had dropped them. It is not known what the loss is, but it amounts into the thousands. Rosenthal and one customer were in the store at the time. The former made a dash through the broken window after the robber, but cut an artery of his wrist on the broken glass

The horrible particulars of the murder of two children by a maniac mother, reached here yesterday. Joseph Dawson and his wife, Sallie Dawson, live in the Peter's Creek section of Pickens County. Thursday afternoon a neighbor who chanced to pass by the house of the Dawson family was horrified to see Mrs. Dawson making an attack on one of her younger children with an axe. The neighbor succeeded in stopping the attack before the child had been killed outright, but the little one lay on the ground with blood streaming from its head. The bloody axe was wrested from the mother's hand and other people coming up, an investigation was made at the house, and lying on the bed was found the dead body of the infant child of the crazy mother. It had been choked to death, and the blue marks on its throat showed plainly the desperate maniac's work. The woman was at once locked in a room to prevent her from doing further harm. The details of the shocking affair could not be learned here yesterday, but it is supposed that Mrs. Daw-son first choked the baby to death and went to the spring and washing place, not far from the house, taking the axe with her. There she found the older child and immediately attacked it. The child struck with the axe was not dead

yesterday morning, but there is no probability that it will live. Its skull is thought to be crushed. An inquest was held Friday by the coroner of Pickens County, who lives not far from the Daw-sons. The verdict of the jury is not known. The murderess is a daughter of John Julian, a respectable farmer who lives near Dacusville, in Pickens County. She has not been of sound mind for some time, but it was not thought that she think any injury will result. The scheme - James L. Babcock, the young man whose uncle in 1888 left him a fortune of

BALTIMORE, March 1 .- Cardinal Gibous to-day preached the annual sermon on marriage and divorce. During his remarks he narrated how Pope Clement VII refused to sanction the divorce of Henry VIII from his lawful wife, Cathatrosseau, was drowned. Schneider held rine of Arragon, and how Pius VII, when the reins tight, and the horses pulled him solicited by Napoleon, refused to annul the marriage between the Emperor's brother, Jerome, and Miss Patterson, who were married in Baltimore by Archbishop the country. As long as our farms are under bonds

Carroll in 1803. He continued: "Christian wives and mothers, what an immense debt of gratitude you owe to Christ and His Church for your emancipation and the dignity which you enjoy in a Christian Commonwealth. If you are no longer the slaves of man's passions, like the women of Asia, but his peers and equals,' if you are no longer a tenant at will, like the wives of pagan Greece and Rome, but mistress of your own household, if you are no longer confronted by usurping rivals, like Mohammedan and Mormon wives, but if you are the jueen of the domestic kingdom, you are ndebted for this position to the Church, and especially to the sovereign Pontiffs, who have vindicated your honor when assailed by lustful men.

"I said you are queen of the domestic kingdom. If you would retain that empire shun the political arena, avoid the rostrum, beware of unsexing yourselves. you become embroiled in political agitation the queenly aureola that encir-cles your brow will fade away, and the reverence that is paid to you will disappear. If you have a valu ambition of reigning in public life your domestic empire will be at an end.

"The subject of divorce is invested with a painful interest in our time and country. There are more divorces legally granted in the United States than in any other Christian country-more, perhaps, bined. In the space of thirty years, according to official statistics, from 1867 to inclusive, 360,000 divorces were granted in the United States—that is to creased since that time, and beyond all proportion to the general increase of population. Divorces are granted on the most flimsy pretexts, and throughout the country Divorce Courts are established which are very appropriately called 'divorce mills,' since they grind out divorces with such rapidity and crush out appiness from the domestic roof.

Let the imagination picture to itself the destroying angel, the number of huspands and wives whose hearts are crushed and whose spirits are broken, the number of children that are cast upon the world bereft of a father's protecting arm and of a mother's love, who dare not cling to one of their parents without arousing the jealously and hatred of the other. But is it not cruel and heartless to compel the husband and wife to live ogether who cannot so live in peace, and who are entirely estranged from one another? I answer that the laws of the Gospel do not oblige some persons to dwell together if there is no hope of reconciliation between them. They are allowed to live apart and to obtain a livorce from bed and board.

"But you will insist is it not cruel and innatural to condemn such persons to a life of forced celibacy after they are eparated? Would it not be more merciful to permit them to enter into sacred ! the common good, and every law has its rsonal inconvenience. If you abrogate a law because of its incidental annoyance that principle that the atheist objects to observance of Sunday when he would prefer to work, and that the saloon keeper objects to closing of his store when he nation should perish. Better, far better, that in a few individual cases divorced people should be forbidden to marry, than that the foundations of the sacred edifice of society should be undermined."

The Country We Live In.

The citizen who walks dry-shod upon which to be thankful. At this very moment hundreds of dead

bodies are floating upon the floods in the devastated Gila valley. The poor people who went asleep in security awoke to find themselves swept by the flood which had rushed down upon them; and those whose to-night. Rosenthal's jewelry store is on the main thoroughfares and where numbers of street cars and dummy lines centre. One front is composed of two large plate glass windows at least ten continent, is playing such mad pranks feet square. Before one of these win-In Dakota, rich in soil, the blizzard-

> Amid all these disasters of field and pestilence, the happy inhabitant of the Piedmont country reads of disaster elsewhere through the Constitution, but is secure from all. No flood carries his cabin off in the stillness of night, awaking him by the terrified screams of wife and children. No blizzard bites his ears, and freezes to death the infant at its mother's breast. No tornado sweeps across his fields, rooting up trees, tearing away houses or destroying life. No pestilence compels him to abandon home for refuge elsewhere. An increased for refuge elsewhere. At the fields they mature, population proves that out of his fields they mature.
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> To holders of the said Brown consols, it is a support while the thickening to holders of the said Brown consols, it is a support while the thickening the said Brown consols, it is a support while the thickening the said Brown consols, it is a support while the thickening the said Brown consols, it is a support while the thickening the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the thickening the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols, it is a support while the said Brown consols and smoke stacks, whichever way he looks,

Happy man the Piedmont tiller, happy land, so bright and fair !-Allanta Con-

An Alliance Trust. '

TOPEKA, KAN., March 2 .- A new Alliance move completes the formation of a huge grain and live stock trust, including Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri and Iowa. Frank McGrath, President of the Farmers' Alliance, says that the project s one of the results of the failure of the formed in every Congressional district and provisions are being made for building a cold storage and grain depot. The new scheme is modeled in detail after say that our principles will not admit of that, but we have decided that we must fight the devil with fire-that is we must fight trusts and combinations with trusts and combinations. While this scheme will reverse matters by putting stockmen

fasting for dyspepsia and other diseases the organ and listening to the music with of the digestive organs. Dr. Fisher, the great appreciation. She learned afterhigh priest of the starvation doctrine, is | ward that the dove had been a regular whose ducte in 1888 left nim a fortune of \$500,000 on condition that he marry within five years, is about to take a wife. The bride-elect is Miss James, a sister of C. S. James, a prominent merchant of Waukesha, Wis. Mr. Babcock has been the recipient of more love letters and proposals probably than any other young man or woman of his time.

Whose ducte in 1888 left nim a fortune of \$500,000 on condition that he marry within five years, is about to take a wife. The bride-elect is Miss James, a sister of C. S. James, a prominent merchant of Waukesha, Wis. Mr. Babcock has been the recipient of more love letters and proposals probably than any other young man or woman of his time.

Ward that the dove had been a regular attendant at church for eight orten years, being attracted by the music, of which it was very fond. It was twelve years old, and was the pet of a lady who lived near. After Church the dove was taken to his Sunday-school class by a boy, and seemed to enjoy the proceedings. Unlike many church-goers the weather made to days, and they all claim to have received days, and they all claim to have received many church-goers the weather made to the dove had been a regular attendant at church for eight orten years, being attracted by the music, of which it was very fond. It was twelve years old, and was the pet of a lady who lived near. After Church the dove was taken to his Sunday-school class by a boy, and seemed to enjoy the proceedings. Unlike many church-goers the weather made to the other proposals probably than any other proposals. weeks or months. For my part, I would rather be a live ordinary citizen than a rather be a live ordinary citizen than a dead hero any day."

were accompanied by forty people. After leaving Bloomington one car was added man or woman of his time.

In one year the cost to the Government of twine to tie up mail packages reaches seventy-two thousand dollars.

The trains ment of twine to tie up mail packages reaches seventy-two thousand dollars.

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The trains ment of twine to tie up mail packages reaches seventy-two thousand dollars.

lively interest in the tremendous burden which is being carried by the people of this country on their homes and farms. In our view this is the most solemn question of our civilization. It outranks any other question, and we are not freemen in the best and highest sense so long as this enormous indebtedness of three at \$10 per 1,000 feet the proceeds would thousand millions rest on the farmers of

There are some facts which the present census returns are disclosing which our people would do well to consider. A builetin recently issued by the Census Bureau shows the mortgage indebteduess of the State of Iowa, on January 1st,

1891, to be \$199,034,957; that of Alabama, \$30,027,893. These two States are incipiently taken. as having very nearly the same area and representing pretty accurately the agricultural interests of the West and the

According to this statement the average per capita indebtedness of the two States is, for Alabama, \$26: Iowa, \$104, which would go to show that Iowa's mortgage indebtedness is exactly 4 times that of Alabama. To the average family while Iowa's is \$520. This does not exactly keep on a line

with the estimated mortgage indebtedness of the North and Northwestern States

and the Southern States, which, for the former, exclusive of the Eastern and Northern Atlantic States, is \$2,043,300,-000, and for the latter \$648,600,000, which would put the debt of the Northwest something over threefold that of the Southern States. It is a fact that in the Westers and Southern States 90 per cent. of the mortgage debt of the whole country rests on their farms and homes. This is a tremendous fact, which is going to shape the future policy of the country, let cuts go as they may. These two sec tions constitute the great debtor sections of the country, and they will surely not forget it, and it is going to be difficult for the politicians to keep them from taking counsel with each other and shaping such a financial policy as they deem best for

But it has interested us to see how much t would cost the head of a family of five, at the rate of interest this indebtedness bears, to meet the annual interest on his debt. The rate of interest the Iowa farmers pay is given at from 1 to 20, which would give an average of about 15 per

The Alabama farmers pay, as stated, from 1 to 40, which would show an average of 25 per cent. The Iowa family of five has to meet a debt of \$520 at 15 per cent., which shows \$78 to be met in interest. To pay this would take 251 bushels of corn at Iowa prices, or the product of ten acres; to meet the same with wheat would require 128 bushels, the product of 12.8 acres; or 325 bushels of oats, the product of 10.6

The Alabama farmer, with a debt of \$130 to the family of five would have to meet \$32.50, to pay which would take him about 400 pounds of cotton, or the product of 21 acres; some sixty bushels of corn, or the product of four and a half acres; some thirty-three bushels of wheat, or the product of five acres.

It would thus seem that the average Alabama farmer is in a far better condition financially than the average Iowa ful to permit them to enter into sacred nupitals and enjoy the society of a congenial partner in marriage? You speak of mercy to the separated couple, but is no mercy to be shown to the peace and good order of society? Is no mercy to be —Columbia Register.

The Phosphate War.

CHARLESTON, March 2.-The war he phate Company was inaugurated to day when the Phosphate Commissioners, who went down to Beaufort yesterday, embarked in a tug chartered by the State, and with Governor Tillman on board went the territory to which the Coosaw company claim exclusive right. Possession was taken by each member of the Commission dropping a lead line over-board and sounding the bottom. The Coosaw company has shut down its machinery and is now idle with its 1,000 or more

son or company attempts to move rock in their territory the company will apply to the United States Court for an injunction, as the river now is a naviga-ble stream and under the jurisdiction of the United States. It is understood that it is going to be a war of freeze out. The invoked to prevent anybody else from mining phosphate in the disputed terri-

tory.
The Coosaw company last year shipped 100,000 tons of rock to Europe, and if the litigation is prolonged this much rock land phosphate miners are jubilant and played. About 7 o'clock to-night a man leads the mercury so far below zero that already talk of raising the price of land suddenly threw a thirty-pound rock all trace of it is lost, and out of the unrock to \$9 a ton. The litigation also is expected to boom the recently discovered Florida phosphates. No process has yet been issued by the United States Court here.—Dispatch to Columbia Register

Refunding the State Debt.

COLUMBIA, March 2.—The following is the official notice prepared to-day by State Treasurer Bates for refunding the

consolidated bonds and certificates of stock redeemable 1st July, 1893, and to] holders of the Green consols and oth-

ers:
Notice is hereby given to the holders
of the South Carolina Brown Consols, issued under authority of the Act of 22nd thereto, that provision is made by the Acts of December, 1889, and December, 1890, for the redemption of the principal of said Brown consols in anticipation of the 1st of July, 1893, the date on which

who are willing to accept the terms and provisions of the Acts of December, 1889 from pestilence, more than make up for the alluvial riches of the Gile.

The same on or before the 1st of July, 1892, the State Treasurer is authorized to issue in exchange other. and 1890, referred to, and who will surblandishments of the Gila, while the coupon bonds and stock certificates of metals embedded in our mountain sides | equal face value, the principal payable | must build up wealth in the valleys July 1, 1936, and bearing interest at 4 nually on the 1st of July and the 1st of January in each year. The difference in the rate of interest, viz: 2 per cent. from date of exchange up to 1st of July, 1893. will be prepaid in cash. This exchange will begin at the State Treasury July 1

The new bonds and certificates of stock thus issued in exchange for the Brown consols will be exempt from all taxes in this State and are secured in the same manner as the consols, and the coupons and interest orders are receivable for all Alliance to pass certain bills. McGrath says "that district Alliances are being The law also exempts from all taxation so much of the capital stock of any bank banking association or any other money ed corporation within this State as shall be invested in bonds and stock of this is-

Full circulars with a copy of the Acts of 1889 and 1890 referred to and a schedule of the issues still fundable in Brown consols, etc., can be had upon application Signed: W. T. C. BATES, State Treasurer

town which she visited last summer. Hearing the cooing of a dove, she looked - The latest craze at the capital is a round, and saw a white dove perched on

tive in the legislature from Edgefield, has Some of our exchanges continue to take resigned to run for the senate. His res ignation is announced now to enable the people to choose his successor at the same primary at which the senator is to be

- In Southern Oregon there is a forest 16,000 square miles in extent, and if the timber were cut and put on the market pay our national debt twice over. The estimated amount of merchantable timber on the tract is 400,000,000,000 feet.

- W. L. Anderson, section master on the Georgia Pacific road at Greenville, Miss., was shot twice and probably killed by his wife on Wednesday. The woman during her husband's absence and appears to have shot him simply because she unexpectedly found him at home on her

- John W. Young, son of Brigham Young, has completed a big railway deal in New Mexico by which he and other Mormons have accured control of valuable railroad properties and farming and grazing lands. It is thought that Mormonism will also do well under the genia sun of that latitude.

- The Rev. William G. Herbert, pastor of the High Street Methodist Episcopal Church, was called upon Thursday night to unite a blind couple in wedlock. They were Mr. W. Tuck Levely of Annapolis and Miss Mary Lee of Baltimore County. The marriage was performed at the bride's home, and was witnessed by several relatives. Mr. Levely, the groom, is young and has a beardless face. He is a piano tuner. The bride is young and handsome. She is an accomplished performer on the piano, and is well educated. Both were educated at the Mary land School for the Blind, and it is said in that institution .- Baltimore Sun

MONEY FOUND.

THE undersigned found on Monday last a considerable sum of Money, which the owner can get by calling on me, prov-ing property and paying for this advertise-

J. L. McGEE, Anderson, S. C. March 5, 1891 35 1 SHERIFF'S SALE.

PURSUANT to an Order of Court made by his Honor W. H. Wallace, Presiding Judge, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1891, I will sell at public outery at Belton, S. C., on Wednesday, the 11th day of March, A. D. 1891. within the legal hours of sale, the following Personal Property, to wit. erty, to wit: Five Hundred Bushels of Corn Seized under a Warrant of Attachment as the

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Gossett & Barmore. Terms—Cash. WM. L. BOLT, Sheriff Anderson County.

property of Wasson & Co. at the suit of

THE STATE OF SCUTH CAROLINA. County of Anderson.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. V. C. Garrett and M. E. Smith, Plaintiffs, against John Garrett, Richardson Garrett, Mary E. Oldban, Martha C. Watson, James Garrett, Sa-rah Dyer, and heirs of Hester Killery, decased, names and number unknown, Defendants— Summous for Relief—Complant Served.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, Anderson C. H., S. C., within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time all to answer the complaint within the time foresaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to he Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, Dated February 26, A. D. 1891.

TRIBBLE & PRINCE, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Anderson, S. C. [L. S.] M. P. TRIBBLE, C. C. C.

To the absent Defendants James Garrett, Sarah Dyer, and heirs of Hester Killery, deceased, names and number unknown:
You will take notice that the Complaint in this action, together with the Summons, a copy of which is herewith served upon you, was filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Anderson February 26, 1891

TRIPPLE & PRINCE,



DO YOU BELIEVE

ses can compete with a big house that buys and sells \$500,000 yearly of Pianos and Organs, and has rustling, hustling agents like John L. Haynie & Daughters, who do all their own work, pay small rent, and are satisfied with small profits? Ludden & Bates' Southern Music Hous is the greatest Piano and Organ concern i the South, and when you wish to buy the best instrument at the fairest price, see

JOHN L. HAYNIE & DAUGHTERS, Office just below East End Graded School, 38 Westfield Street,



HARD TIME PRICES

HARD HIME FRIORS.	
Cerosene Oil 14c	2 quart Dairy Pans,
quart Cofiee Pots 10c	3 quart Dairy Pan
quart Coffee Pots 11c	4 quart Dairy Pan
quart Coffee Pots 13c	6 quart Dairy Pan
quart Covered Bucket Sc	8 quart Dairy Pan
quart Covered Bucket 9c	1 quart Deep Pudding Pans
quart Covered Bucket 121	2 quart Deep Pudding Pans
quart Dish Pan, pieced 14c	3 quart Deep Pudding Pans
quart Dish Pan, pieced 20c	4 quart Deep Pudding Pans
quart Dish Pan, pressed 15c l	6 quart Deep Pudding Pan
quart Dish Pan, pressed 25c	1 quart Graduated Messure
0. 6 Wash Pans 5c	2 quart Graduated Measure
0. 7 Wash Pans 6c	6 quart Milk Bucket
o. 8 Wash Pans 7c	8 quart Milk Bucket
inch Pie Plates 2½c	Gem Toilet Setts1
quart Oil Cans 10c	Gem Toilet Setts1
quart Oil Cans 14c	1 gallon Glass Oil Can, best
quart Dairy Pans 3c	Best Rat and Mouse Traps

Also, Roofs Painted. STOVES low down.

Come and see us before you buy, and we will SAVE YOU MONEY. SEEL & ARCHER.

STAND UP TER THE RACK. FODDER ER NO FODDER.

GEN'LEMEN and Ladiz, frienz and fows, we call on u ter witness how kompe-tishun quales, sickens an dize, struck by our machless nock downs. Behold the becawse tha can't grind us sum tu. But tha haint got the nerve ter do like we do. No, the haint got the grit ter make our figgers. In short, the haint got the back-bone that's needed to brace a weak pocket book. Ef yule promis not ter tell we'll giv u the secrit of our figgers, an the motto that brings us sucses: .

By fer Cash---Sel fer Cash! An here's what kepes us hed and showlders abuv evry thing around us: Under By --- Under Sel. FER FORE WEAKS:

l gallou Standard Kerosene Oil for 14c	Britania Metal Dipper 25
l regular size Coffee Pot 5c	Large Cullendar Dipper 10
2 quart Coffee Pot 10c	1 pint Dairy Pan 24
3 " " " 12c	2 quart Dairy Pau 4
4 " " " 140	3 " " " 5
l quart Covered Bucket 5c	4 " " " 7
2 " " " 7c	6 " " " S
3 " " " 10c	12 " " " … 10
4 " " " 13c	1 quart Deep Pudding Pan 4
5 " " 15e	2 " " " " " 5
2 quart Saucepan 8c	4 " " " " 7
5 " " 18c	6 " " " " 9
2 quart re-tinned Saucepan 10c	9 inch Pie Plate 21
quart Milk Bucket, 10c	10 " " "
10 " " 15c	No. 6 Wash Basin 4
14 " "	No. 64 " " 5
quart Milk Cup	No. 8 " " 7
	Footed " "
Wire Milk Strainer 7c	Large Funnel 10
	Small "
quart Oil Can	
Machine Oil Can	
S quart pieced Dish Pan	Wire Vegetable Lifter 10
	Large Potato Grater 10
4 " stamped retinned Dish Pan. 25c	Large Nutmeg Grater 50
1 400	Pic Nic Mug 50
quart Steeple Cake Pan 10c	Drinking Cup 30
pint Cup 2c	Cake Cutter 30
<u>" "</u>	Biscuit Cutter 20
" " 5e	Soup Dipper 100
	Crackling Dipper 100
pint Lipped Measure 5c	Skimmer 50
quart Graduated Measure 5c	Corn Popper 100
" " " 10c	Muffin Ring
No. 1 Stamped Dipper 5c	Basting Spoon 50
10, 2	Flesh Fork
10. 5	Guane Horn 150
Vo. 3 pieced (large) Dipper 10c	" " larger 180
	Beautiful Chamber Set1 40
Ef u don't cum an devide yer scads v	e'll have u 'rested fer hiway indifference
	the mud again,

C. S. MINOR AND TEN CENT STORE. P. S.—This way a minute, please. Say, I'm going West to buy eggs, etc., to-morrow. Can't you do me the kindness to watch the boys a little for me while I'm off? Thanks—watch 'em close. Tell 'em to try and get cost for the goods.

Good bye.

C. S. MINOR.

WE THANK OUR PATRONS

For their Liberal patronage for the past year, and hope to merit it again this year,

EVERYTHING THE MARKET AFFORDS, And will sell at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Arbuncle's Roasted Coffee, — A Newton, Mass., young lady saw a Four Hundred Packages distributed last week by Arbuncle & Co. We have it in peculiar feature in a church in a Maine stock for sale.

> D. S. MAXWELL & SON, No, 5 Hotel Chiquola Place.

THEY ARE HERE.

OUR SPRING SHIPMENT OF GARDEN SEEDS Are in stock—quality the very best—prices the lowest. We have also just received a lot of Genuine French Windaw Glasse which are the same price as ordinary

PAINTS AND OILS. And such Goods as are kept in a first class Drug Store. Give us a call-

TODD BROS., No. 4 Hotel Chiquola.

AT COST.



Cost, and I am Underselling them all, and I making a pretty good living

NOW LISTEN!

I have some heavy Winter Boots and Shoes, fine and coarse, that I will

SELL AT NEW YORK COST!

I have a mammoth Spring Stock to arrive in next thirty days, and will do my best to down the City on prices.

I have all the different makes Shoes on hand now, and want to sell bad, so call on

O. B. VANWYCK'S Shoe Store.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT!

In order to reduce our Large Stock of

Winter Dry Goods, WE WILL NOW OFFER THEM

AT CREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

COMPRISING A COMPLETE LINE OF

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRESS GOODS, &c. We would call special attention to our large and well assorted line of BLACK

CASHMERES, HENRIETTAS and MOHAIRS that can't be best in the city

Our line of Hosiery for Ladies, Misses, Children and Gents is immense.

NOTIONS.

A large line of Notions of all kinds. TABLE LINENS, DAMASK, TOWELS, &c. FLANNELS AT COST.

We are agents for Ferris Bros. GOOD SENSE CORSET and Hall's

TO THE LADIES. We extend a most cordial invitation to call and inspect our entire stock, as we will take pleasure in showing you through, and will guarantee to sell you as cheap as anybody. Promising you prompt and polite attention,

SYLVESTER BLECKLEY COMPANY.

FURNITURE. FURNITURE, FURNITURE!

A MAMMOTH STOCK FURNITURE!

hree Big Stores full of Furniture from Cellar to Garret-The best Selected and Largest Stock of Furniture ever shown in the State of South

G. F. TOLLY & SON'S.

NOW, if you want BARGAINS-BIG BARGAINS-in Furniture, and every thing that is kept in a FIRST CLASS Furniture Store, come to the Old Reliab Furniture Store of G. F. Tolly & Son, that has been in existence for over a quarte of a century, and has successfully competed against all competition, having beaten WE will promise to use our best endeavors to please all who trade with us, and two of the largest Western Manufacturers in furnishing the new Hotel Chiquola; having, during the last mouth, sold and delivered Furniture to Atlanta, Ga. Macon, Ga., Greenville, S. C., and sold at wholesale to a large number of Furniture

The question may be asked, how can you do all this? The answer is plain: Experience! and buy ng in larger quantities than any Furniture Store in the State, and having selected the largest and best Factories to be found, and having exclusive sale of their goods. We can offer better Bargains than any one else. All we ask is to come and see our Stock, full of the best kind of Goods, (no shoddy good

We have fine Bureaus, full Burl fronts, large fine glass standards, large boxes and brackets, for Five Dollars. The very best strong Maple Beds, with bracket rails and steel hooks, (no pine or poplar in any part of them,) for Two Dollars, and EVERYTHING ELSE in proportion.

We invite everybody to come and see our fine line of goods, whether they buy or not. We would like to show them through, as we have some of the FINEST Parlor, Dining Room and Room Suites in the State of South Carolina. So come one, come all. Come everybody, to G. F. Tolly & Son's Furniture Store, and see the IMMENSE STOCK and be convinced.

Caskets and Coffins furnished Day or Night.

G. F. TOLLY & SON.

Most Everybody is Selling Out at