HERE IS YOUR CHANCE.

WE ARE NOW OFFERING OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS, CONSISTING OF—

Clothing, Overcoats, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, &c.,

AT ACTUAL COST!

BARGAINS for every man in the County. Call early.

SMITH & CO.,

WHITNER STREET, Opposite Auditor's Office.

P. S.—We are going out of business, and therefore must have every cent due us by 1st of January. Call and settle your Accounts promptly, and don't put us to any trouble. SMITH & CO.

Dec 10, 1885 22

SOMETHING NEW FOR ANDERSON.

JOHN E. PEOPLES & CO.'S

CROCKERY STORE!

WE have just received the Largest and most Complete Stock of CROCKERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS ever brought to this market, and we are selling them at extremely LOW PRICES.

Hand Painted China Tea and Dinner Sets at about one-half the usual cost. Decorated Tea Sets, of 44 and 56 Pieces, from $6.00 to $15.00. Decorated Dinner Sets, of 110 and 120 Pieces, from $15.00 to $25.00. Opaque Porcelain Goods, Granite and C. C. Ware at bottom prices.

We have an elegant assortment of Bohemian Glassware, and a select stock of Rodgers & Bros. Silverware, suitable for Bridal and Birthday Presents. Also, a large stock of beautiful Vases, Dolls, Toys, Ladies' Work Baskets, Bird Cages, Feather Dusters, &c. &c.

We continue to keep on hand a large stock of Stoves and Tinware, which we will sell as cheap as anybody.

Roofing, Guttering and Repairing done on short notice.

We invite you to call and see our stock.

JOHN E. PEOPLES & CO.

Oct 8, 1885 13 1y

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Now in Store and to arrive a

A FULL STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, GROCERIES,
HATS AND CAPS,
CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE, SADDLES AND BRIDLES,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,

Bacon, Lard, Corn, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, &c.

ALL of which I will sell LOW for Cash or Barter. Give me a call before buying, at No. 10 Granite Row

W. F. BARR.

CHOICE OLD WHISKEY,

Pure and Unadulterated.

WE OFFER FOR SALE THROUGH

Mr. John O'Donnell, Anderson, S. C.,

Our Celebrated

OLD NECTAR WHISKEY,

Very Old and Choice.

For Excellence, Purity and evenness of Quality the above is unsurpassed by any Whiskey imported, and cannot be improved upon.

F. W. WAGENER & CO.

Oct 8, 1885 13 3m

New Crop N. O. Syrup

Just in—the Cheapest and the Best.

ALSO, A BIG LOT OF

FLOUR AND BACON,

And other Groceries.

BE sure to see us before making your purchases. Remember, we sell Goods just a LITTLE CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

PERSONS INDEBTED TO US,

Either by Note or Account, should come to see us at once. We need money.

W. S. LIGON & CO.

Nov 19, 1885 19

IF YOU WANT TO GET BARGAINS

GO TO

N. O. Farmer & Bro.,

Waverly House Building, Anderson, S. C.

We are Just Receiving our Fall and Winter Stock of

Dry Goods of all kinds, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps,

HARDWARE AND CROCKERYWARE,

AND, in fact, everything generally kept in a General Merchandise Store. We are determined not to be undersold. Come and see for yourself. We will take pleasure in showing Goods and prices.

Those indebted to us must come forward and settle at once, as we need the money, and must have it. Our Accounts are all due as soon as the Cotton is ready for market. We will give the highest market price for Cotton in settlement of Notes and Accounts. Come at once.

N. O. FARMER & BRO.

Oct 1, 1885 12

COME AND SEE

THE COMMON SENSE WATER LIFTER,

— TO BE SEEN AT —

L. H. SEEL'S TIN AND STOVE HOUSE.

ALSO AT THE PUBLIC WELL, North of the Court House. Can be bought for one-half what others cost, and will last a life-time. Windlass cannot slip from the hand, as it has a Patent Rachet attached. A child can draw three gallons of water in half the time it usually takes in the old way.

June 25, 1885 50 6m

When You come to Town it will Pay You to Call at

CUNNINGHAM & FOWLER'S

AND see the LARGE STOCK OF GOODS in every Department, and be surprised at the LOW PRICES they ask for them. We have a large Stock of Goods, and intend to sell them.

Look at our beautiful line of Dress Goods, Dry Goods, Jerseys, Shawls, &c. &c.

Our stock of Ladies' and Gents' Shoes is complete, and can be bought at prices that will astonish you.

We keep a full Stock of Groceries. A car of Flour just in, another to arrive. Can sell you 10 lbs. fine Coffee for $1.00, and anything else you want can be bought at a VERY short profit. If low prices, polite attention and bargains are what you want, we can suit you.

We sell the best Wagons and Buggies on the market, and in fact you can find under some of our roofs anything you may want.

CUNNINGHAM & FOWLER.

N. B.—We say to those who owe us, COME AND PAY US. We are obliged to push collections, and must have our money. A hint to the wise is sufficient.

CUNNINGHAM & FOWLER.

Nov 23, 1885 20

Anderson Intelligencer.

TEACHERS' COLUMN.

J. G. CLINKSCALES, EDITOR.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS MUST CLOSE.

Our readers will remember that soon after the interview of the Anderson *Journal* with County Treasurer, W. H. Frierson, we wrote to Col. Coward, endorsing all Mr. Frierson said, and asked him what course to pursue. He replied as follows:

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 26, 1885.

J. G. Clinkscales, Esq., School Commissioner, Anderson, S. C.:

DEAR SIR—Your County Treasurer is entirely right in his view of the situation. The Legislature created the difficulty, and must cure it. Keep the schools open until you hear from me to do otherwise. I think the only way out of the difficulty is the passage of an Act authorizing the School Commissioners to make the same apportionment for 1885-86 as was made for 1884-85.

Very respectfully,
A. COWARD,
State Supt. Education.

We acted as he advised, and requested the Trustees to run the schools until we could receive further orders from Col. Coward. December 28, he wrote us again:

J. G. Clinkscales, Esq., School Commissioner, Anderson, S. C.:

DEAR SIR—You are right in approving claims against any unexpended balances remaining to the credit of the several school districts from the last fiscal year; but you should not approve any against the school fund of the present fiscal year in advance of the apportionment. It is impossible for you to know what amounts will be placed to the credit of the respective school districts. Any funds drawn in excess of the apportionment, are unlawfully expended.

Very respectfully,
A. COWARD,
State Supt. Education.

As we take it, this amounts virtually to an order to close the schools. We must, therefore, request the Trustees to close their schools at once. We can not approve any claims for services rendered after the 8th inst. The schools can not be opened again before June, possibly not then. This may prove to be best after all. We think it will.

"The other speakers all have on badges: you have none—take mine." This thoughtful proposition made the blushing young speaker happy, and the friend that made it happier. Like many little acts of kindness, apparently insignificant, it showed the true inwardness of the heart, the self-sacrificing spirit that makes a young man lovely.

Many a young man dates the beginning of his downward career with a Christmas frolic. How is it with the boys in your school? did they come through Christmas unscarred? My friend, you may have some work just here that will tax your mind and heart. Save the boys; save the young men from a life of dissipation. And don't forget that the moral tone of a school seldom, if ever, rises above the moral character of its teacher.

We have on our table a number of copies of *The Carolina Teacher*. They are sent here for distribution among the teachers of Anderson County. Let every teacher call or send for a copy. This is a capital paper, edited by gentlemen of experience and ability. We would be glad to see it largely patronized by our teachers. Here, too, we find the *Teachers' Institute*, that excellent educational journal of which we have several times spoken. Each of these papers will cost you only one dollar per year, and is well worth five times the money.

Teachers, like other workmen, must have tools. They must have books and papers, and must use them. No workman can claim to be progressive unless he knows something about the latest improvements in the way of tools used in his line; and so no teacher can be considered progressive, if he makes no effort to acquaint himself with the helps offered by the best thinkers of the day. He must keep abreast or be stifled by the dust raised by the advance guard. Honesty calls for it; the spirit of the age demands it.

Now that you are fairly started on another year's work, would it not be well to candidly and carefully and prayerfully review the work of the last year? Have you made no mistakes? fortunate man! Have made mistakes? and do you see them? and are you determined to profit by them? then, I congratulate you and your patrons and your pupils. It is no disgrace to make mistakes, honest mistakes; it is a disgrace to repeat mistakes that are clearly seen and felt. Wise men make mistakes and correct them, or, at least, studiously avoid their repetition; fools make mistakes and heedlessly repeat them.

You are a teacher. Yes; you are a teacher, but what kind? Have you ever seriously considered the fact that you have set yourself up as a shaper of mind and a moulder of character? Have you? have you ever seriously and manfully thought of the responsibilities that hang about you? have you ever calmly and soberly thought of the possibilities, the grand and fearful possibilities of a teacher? If you have not, if you have been doing your work as recklessly as your youngest boy spends his Christmas holiday, may God have mercy on you and on the minds and hearts entrusted to your care. You are a teacher: then be a true one; an earnest one; a progressive one; an appreciative one; a sympathetic one; a courageous one; fear God, but regard not the opinions of man.

A little money judiciously expended for a strong, sensible book or live paper will let many a ray of clear sun-light into your school-room and make your work much easier and much more satisfactory. Thousands of good books and papers are published daily. You can not get them all—you do not need them all; but you can get such as will be of incalculable service to you as a teacher. One or two, or, if you can afford it, three good educational journals ought to find their way to your room regularly. One good, solid, strong book that can give you something to chew on every time you open it ought to be on your table all the time. The papers are necessary; the good book is indispensable. A wise man recently said: "One may read papers until he becomes as hollow as an empty barrel." He did not mean to discount the real merits of a well-edited paper; but simply to warn against the indiscriminate reading of papers to the exclusion of books. Papers suggest and help; books broaden and deepen and crystalize your stock of information and give strength and energy to your mind. Would you make the year 1886 the best year of your life? subscribe for two or three educational journals and keep on your table all the time some good, helpful books. They are plentiful. Be careful in the selection, but get them.

THE SCHOOL BOYS CONVENTION.

SUPERINTENDENTS' SECTION.

Correspondence The School Bell.

Dear Old School Bell: It has been a long time since we had our School Boys Institute, and I promised to give you an account of our "Superintendents' Meeting." It took a good while to get the boys together, for there was a circus in town and the boys couldn't hardly tell which would be the funniest, a circus or a "Superintendents Section." The circus had to "cave" though, and the "Superintendents Section" was crowded. It took a long time to organize, for everyone wanted to be president, and all the men wanted some real nice lady to be secretary so as to have the long speeches all written out, and a man does hate to write. Tom Squiers finally got it because he run a school journal full of heavy articles and promised everybody lots of taffy in the "weekly." After calling the meeting to order and telling the boys they needn't eat cloves just because the "old fellows" did when the "big association" met, the president called the first speaker.

Jimmie Henry, dressed in full Superintendent's uniform of long-tailed, black frock coat, white vest and tie, black pants, and low cut shoes, and with white socks turned down over the heels, rose and moving over where the reporters could get it all down, began to get in his work on "What I know about the Unknowable." Jimmie took a different view of the subject from what we boys expected. "The Unknowable" he spoke of was his Superintendent, and he called him that because he had never known him. The Supt. couldn't see an ordinary boy without a telescope, and to the boys he became the "Unknowable." Jimmie argued that Superintendents used too much fine spun theory and not enough good horse sense. He claimed that they should "come off" their pedestals and be a little less the picturesque statue and more of a boy, a little less of "from the known to the unknown, and a little more play with the pupils; a little less bugology and more practice in finding the cost of beefsteak and bread; a few hundred doses less of memory gems and a great deal more work in practical letter and composition writing.

Oh, but Jimmie did wade in and give it to 'em. He sarcastically asked 'em if they took any papers for the boys and girls. Whether one solitary paper filled with pondrous articles would do "us" any good? And closed by asking them if they did not think boys and girls *ought* to have a real nice illustrated paper like *The School Bell*. A paper that would influence its readers by its beautiful pictures as well as by its carefully selected reading matter; and one whose artistic beauty gives it a right above all others to be "The Supplementary Reading" to the elegant readers of the present day. [Tremendous applause.]

DISCUSSION.

Bill Shank rose to discuss the paper, a copy of which he had had for six mos. Bill said he couldn't agree with his distinguished friend on the opposite side. For, says Bill, "We boys all know that we have more fun, and don't have to study when the "Unknowable" don't know us." What boy could smoke at recess if the "Unknowable" was on the play ground? Are we to be slaves? Can't we play "hookey" without being known? Are our rights to be thus busted? We don't want to write compositions and letters, and as for being able to calculate the cost of a cord of wood, it makes my back ache to think of it.

As for *The School Bell*, what do we want of it? The old readers are the best. We learn 'em "by heart;" stand on one leg, lean against the desk and just sing 'em off, without bothering about the *meaning*, and the "composition outlines" in the paper make me sick. No, boys, give me the old "Unknowable," bugs, gems and all. Further discussion was given up, as a book agent invited all the boys out to take a drink of ice water and a cigar, and after giving out "subjects" for our next meeting the convention adjourned. The following subjects were announced for discussion at the next meeting. All the boys promising to be on hand early:

1.—What is the best way of defeating an "Unknowable"?

2.—Are the pupils never to have beautiful newspapers "like older people," simply because the "teacher(?)" gets a trash premium or commission for introducing a cheap affair filled with advertisements?

3.—Have pupils any rights that teachers are bound to respect?

4.—If ten dollars will supply a school of forty pupils with *The School Bell* for one year, could not a *live* teacher easily raise the money, if at all inclined?

5.—Can school desks be so made that they will get easier to sit in about 4 p. m.?

6.—Should recess be abolished?

7.—Shall we lend our aid in favor of granting pensions to all faithful teachers after twenty years service?

We hope, Mr. Editor, that you will stand by the pupils in these questions. We have no paper to fight for us, and when one does start up on our side the Superintendent never shows us a copy nor asks us to subscribe. We need a little help, for we pupils are not as bad nor as dumb as we are painted. We would study better and act better if teachers would only remember that they were once young, and that every question has two sides to it.

You will hear from me again sometime. Yours truly,

SCHOOL BOY.

P. S.—We just found out that our "Unknowable" was trying to prevent our taking a newspaper for Supplementary Reading.

— By a decision of one of the higher Courts of Prussia the police authorities of that State are authorized under the common statute law to enjoin saloon keepers from furnishing intoxicating liquors to notorious drunkards.

— When eggs are scarce, remember one tablespoon of corn starch will take the place of an egg in anything you cook.

— A little borax put in the water in which scarlet napkins and red-bordered towels are to be washed will prevent fading.

— A new directory census of Charleston gives that city a population of 60,000 against 50,000 in 1880.

Insuring the Honesty of Employees.

In an account of the arrest of William Kennedy, a defaulting clerk of Wilson Colston & Co., brokers, the Baltimore *American* says: The bank was insured by the Guarantee Company, which will have to make good the entire sum taken by Kennedy, provided it does not exceed $5,000 the amount for which the bank was insured. Since the organization of the insurance companies, of which there are but few, fleeing bank clerks and others employed by money corporations have had to be very careful. No parent watches with more solicitude over his children than do these companies over the men for whose behavior they are responsible. Should any of these men go astray despite their watchfulness, retribution follows surely and quickly. An appeal for mercy is out of the question. The company, unlike the employer, is relentless in its prosecution of the offender. As a warning to others the law is usually allowed to take its course, a settlement as a rule, being refused. The firm or corporation from whom the money has been stolen has nothing to say in the matter. The loss is reported to the company, which, after an investigation, makes good the amount, and then proceeds to punish the offender. Few people have an idea of the immense business these companies are now doing. They began to be organized about five years ago, and were instituted by the heads of leading corporations. Personal security has so often proven worthless that the banks and others grew tired of making a fight with the sureties of absconding cashiers and tellers, and adopted this system of protecting themselves against possible loss. To attempt the capture and conviction of a fugitive single handed was entirely too expensive, so, as a last resort, they formed a company in which leading bank presidents and heads of corporations were made directors. The success of the first, led to the organization of a second company, until now there are a number, and all do a thriving business. They are officered and governed like life and fire insurance companies, premiums being paid and losses divided. Instead of appraisers and adjusters, the surety companies employ detectives, and their system is as complete as that of the United States Secret Service Force. In every city special officers are engaged, whose duty it is to watch over the charges of the company. Should any trusted employee for whom the company is responsible turn out to be a man of bad habits, keeping late hours, drinking, spending much money, &c., that fact is at once reported to the agency and a demand follows for the man's instant discharge. So popular has this method of insuring become, that with few exceptions every bank and moneyed corporation employing men who occupy responsible positions, requires them to give bond with one of the companies as surety. Only a few days ago all the clerks in the employ of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad Company were marched to one of these agencies in a body and insured for future good behavior and faithfulness. In some instances clerks appointed to positions of trust are required to give surety, pay the company a stated sum, like the premium on a policy.

Fair Counterfeit Detectors.

There is a very large amount of counterfeit paper afloat, and some of it finds its way to the treasury, when it is discovered in the redemption division. It is here that all the money sent in from outside sources is counted and examined. The counting and sorting are done by ladies, and they are the most expert in the country. They can tell a counterfeit instinctively, with eyes open or shut, and there is not a bank cashier in the United States, or even among the large contingent now sojourning in Canada, who could compete with them in the matter of determining counterfeits. They can tell a spurious bill as far as they can see it, and the mere handling of the paper is enough for them to decide upon its genuineness.

The silk paper upon which treasury notes are printed can only be made by expensive machinery, and it is a felony to even manufacture the blank paper without due authority. Under the circumstances all counterfeits are printed upon inferior paper, which lends this great facility in the matter of detection. These female experts receive $75 per month for their services. They do nothing but count from 9 in the morning until 4 in the afternoon, and their hands move with a rapidity seldom acquired by the most expert bank clerks. But they make no mistakes. A miscount or a counterfeit overlooked comes out of the wages of the one making the error, and two or three mistakes a month would wipe out a girl's salary, as some of the bills handled are very large.

The great drawback of the position is the poison absorbed by the continuous handling of money. The backs of all treasury notes are printed with a pigment which consists chiefly of Paris green. Small particles of this substance are absorbed, and in a year or two the girl who may have entered the treasury smooth skinned and healthy finds herself a victim of lassitude, and with her hands and face broken out in malignant sores. Each employee is furnished with a sponge to moisten the fingers while counting. A new one is supplied every morning, and by evening its color will have changed to a dull black by the action of the poison. Notwithstanding this drawback, there is never any difficulty in filling vacancies.—*Washington Letter.*

Kissed by Mail.

A young postmaster of a village post-office was hard at work when a gentle tap was heard upon the door, and in stepped a bashful maiden of 16 with a money order which she desired cashed. She handed it to the official with a bashful smile, who, after closely examining it, handed her the money it called for. At the same time he asked her if she had read what was written on the margin of the order.

"No, I have not," she replied, "for I cannot make it out. Will you please read it for me?"

The young postmaster read as follows: "I send you $3 and a dozen kisses."

Glancing at the bashful girl, he said: "Now I have paid you the money and I suppose you want the kissess."

"Yes," she said, "if he has sent me any kisses I want them, too."

It is hardly necessary to say that the balance of the order was promptly paid, and in a scientific manner at that and eminently satisfactory to the country maiden, for she went out of the office smacking her lips as if there was a taste on them she had never encountered before. After she arrived home she remarked to her mother: "Eh, mother, but this postoffice system of ours is a great thing, developing more and more every year, and each new feature added seems to be the best. Jimmy sent me a dozen kisses along with the money-order, and the postmaster gave me twenty. It beats the special-delivery system all hollow."—*United States Mail.*

— "Nervous girl" wants to know how to cure a tickling sensation about the face. Get him to shave off his moustache.

— The proprietors of the Newberry Cotton Factory gave a Christmas tree and banquet to the employees of the Factory.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Hill Bros., Anderson, S. C.

Chauncey Depew's Last Cigar.

The Hon. Chauncey M. Depew was in Albany one day attending the meeting of the New York Central stockholders. Meeting a friend, the tender of a cigar to Mr. Depew recalled an interesting reminiscence, which we give in Mr. Depew's words: "I was a confirmed smoker, smoking twenty cigars a day, up to about a dozen years ago, when I gave up the habit. I now do not use tobacco. Twelve or thirteen years ago I found myself suffering from indigestion, with wakeful nights, nervousness and inability to submit to mental strain. I was in the city of Albany one day and bought a twenty-five-cent Havana. I was walking up Broadway, and at the corner of State Street I took the cigar out of my mouth and looked at it. I had smoked about an inch of it. A thought struck me. I had been reading a German savant's book on the unhealthfulness of the use of tobacco. I looked at my cigar and said: 'You are responsible for this mischief.' I threw that Partaga into the gutter and resolved not to smoke again. For six months I suffered the torments of the damned. I wanted to smoke, but I resolutely refused. My appetite meanwhile was growing better, my sleep was growing sounder, and I could do more work. I did not smoke up to two or three years ago. After I had worked for seventeen hours continuously one day, late at night I thought I would try a cigar as a soothing influence. I lit a cigar. It was delicious. I enjoyed the aroma of the smoke and the pleasure of the cigar more than I can say. The next day I smoked four cigars and the next two. I found the use of tobacco was affecting my physical system and I stopped it entirely and have not commenced again and probably never shall."

MY WIFE!

My wife has been a great sufferer from Catarrh. Several physicians and various patent medicines were resorted to, yet the disease continued unabated, nothing appearing to make any impression upon it. Her constitution finally became implicated, the poison being in her blood.

I secured a bottle of B. B. B. and placed her upon its use, and to our surprise the improvement began at once, and her recovery was rapid and complete. No other preparation ever produced such a wonderful change, and for all forms of Blood Disease I cheerfully recommend B. B. B. as a superior Blood Purifier.

R. P. DODGE,
Yardmaster Georgia Railroad,
Atlanta, Ga.

GREAT GRIEF.

From the Athens (Ga.) *Banner-Watchman.*

Uncle Dick Saulter says: Fifty years ago I had a running ulcer on my leg which refused to heal under any treatment. In 1853 I went to California and remained eighteen months, and in 1873 I visited Hot Springs, Ark., remaining three months, but was not cured. Amputation was discussed, but I concluded to make one more effort. I commenced taking the B. B. B. about six weeks ago. The fifty-year-old sore on my leg is healing rapidly, and yesterday I walked about fifteen miles fishing and hunting without any pain, and before using the B. B. B. I could not walk exceeding half a mile. I sleep soundly at night for the first time in many years. To think that six bottles have done me more good than Hot Springs, eighteen months in California, besides an immense amount of medicines and eight or ten first-class physicians, will convince any man on earth that it is a wonderful blood medicine. It has also cured me of catarrh.

MOUTH!

There is a lady living here, Mrs. ——, who has had catarrh for many, many years. I have known she had it for fifteen or twenty years, and my father once doctored her, as she was then a tenant on our place. For the last two and a half years she has been bedridden, the catarrh or cancer (the numerous physicians have never decided which), during her two and a half years in the bed, had eaten all the roof of her mouth out. She was so offensive no one could stay in the room; she could not eat anything, but could swallow soup if it was strained. She gave up to die, and came so near perishing all thought she would die. Her son bought the B. B. B., and she used several bottles, which effected an entire cure. She is now well and hearty. I have not exaggerated one particle.

LUCY STRONG.

FOR SALE BY HILL BROS.,

Anderson, S. C.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

THE

Lamar Cotton Chopper.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW. It has been THOROUGHLY TRIED and is FULLY GUARANTEED. Chops 8 acres a day with one mule! Pays for itself in a few days. PRICE ONLY $30! Send for Descriptive Circular. Address, BLOUNT & HILL, Atlanta, Ga.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free bottle of my Infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen in city or country to take light work at their own homes. $3 to $4 a day can be easily made; work sent by mail; no canvassing. We have good demand for our work and furnish steady employment. Address, with stamp, CROWN M'F'G COMPANY, 294 Vine St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

ADVERTISERS! send for our Select List of Local Newspapers. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

Jan 7, 1886 25 4

NERVOUS DEBILITATED MEN.

You are allowed a *free trial of thirty days* of the use of Dr. Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt with Electric Suspensory Appliances for the speedy relief and permanent cure of *Nervous Debility*, loss of *Vitality* and *Manhood*, and all kindred troubles. Also for many other diseases. Complete restoration to Health, Vigor and Manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred. Illustrated pamphlet in *sealed envelope* mailed free, by address by

VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

Dec 3, 1885 21 7m

Good News to the People of Anderson and Surrounding Country.

W. A. CHAPMAN

Has Just Received the LARGEST and CHEAPEST Stock of Goods ever brought to this part of the Country,

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES.

WE have a larger stock of Shoes than any other house in the city, and will sell them cheaper than ever before. Come and try a pair of our ZEIGLER BROS. FINE SHOES, which is the cheapest in the market. Our stock of—

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, HATS, TRUNKS, VALISES, Etc.,

Cannot be excelled in quality, quantity, nor price. I MEAN BUSINESS! I am determined to sell more Goods than ever before, if LOW PRICES and GOOD GOODS will do it. I want everybody to examine my stock before buying, and if we don't convince you that we can save you money by buying from us, we will not ask you to do so.

Remember, I am now on Granite Row, (at Arnstein's old stand,)

Thanking my many customers for their liberal patronage in the past, and earnestly asking for a continuance of the same, I am,

Very respectfully,
W. A. CHAPMAN.

Oct 29, 1885 16 1y

A SUM FOR YOU ALL TO WORK OUT!

BY MARY JANE.

I BOUGHT half my Goods this Fall from TAYLOR & VANWYCK, and by so doing I saved half what I spent at other places. Now, how much would I have saved if I had spent all with TAYLOR & VANWYCK. The correct answer given at our office to those who can't work it out.

Now, we propose to make things lively for all those that want it that way from now until Xmas. So come and see for yourself.

We have 200 barrels of FLOUR, from Fancy Patent, the best made, at $6.75, to the cheapest that can be sold on a guarantee of pure white at $5.25 per barrel. All are made under our own special brands, commencing with "Taylor & VanWyck's Patent," "Geer's Darling" and "Maddox's Girl."

Twenty Sacks more of our "Mary Jane Coffee" at 10 lbs. for $1.00.

French Candy 15c per lb.; Georgia XXX Soda Crackers 8c; Lemon Crackers 12c Ginger Snaps 12c; Stick Candy 12½c.

Florida Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Cocoanuts, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Graham Flour, and many other things for the Xmas trade.

Our Dress Goods, Calico, Jeans, Boot and Shoe Department has been replenished in the last few days, and we are going to sell them this month.

Don't think because you don't know us you will trade somewhere else. Come and let's get acquainted, and we will do all we can to save you money and cultivate our acquaintance.

TAYLOR & VANWYCK,
DEPOT STREET.

Dec 3, 1885 21

JOHN M. HUBBARD & BRO.

Are Just the Boys to sell you

Silverware and Jewelry, Clocks, Spectacles and Watches.

We sell them so cheap,
Our competitors weep,
And grumble and tumble,
And lose half their sleep.

We have also knocked the bottom out of high prices. The prettiest line (if not the largest) of Silverware in the City.

WEST END WAVERLY HOUSE, ANDERSON, S. C.

Nov 12, 1885 18

Great and Wonderful Bargains are Now being had at

REED & STEPHENS'

Carriage and Wagon Works,

Main Street, South of the Square.

WE have the largest assortment of Home-made, Columbus and Cincinnati **Phætons, Buggies and Wagons** in Anderson, which we will sell at prices to suit the times. We warrant every Phaeton, Buggy and Wagon we sell; and bear in mind that we sell them at a lower figure than any one else in the business. Call and examine our stock before you purchase. We will be pleased to show you around.

In order to accommodate our large trade, we have opened another Repository in rear of Granite Row. We will not be undersold. REED & STEPHENS.

N. B.—Our Collector has started around. He will ask every one who owes us for what is due. So call at our office and settle up, and save him the trouble of looking for you. Respectfully, REED & STEPHENS.

Oct 15, 1885 14 3m

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

I HAVE now received my Fall and Winter Stock of Goods. I will not say I have the largest Stock ever brought to this market, but I can truthfully say I have as good Goods, and will sell them as low as any other house in town.

DRY GOODS!

Prints, Worsted Goods, Flannels, Marsailles Quilts,
Men's and Ladies' best quality Undervests,
Charlottesville (Va.) Cassimeres—the best goods in the market.
Jeans, Kerseys, Fine Blankets a specialty,
And other articles too numerous to mention.

Hardware, Hollowware, Woodenware, Crockery and Glassware.

BAY STATE BOOTS AND SHOES.

I have been selling Boots and Shoes 45 years, and they are the best I ever handled. If you want a Shoe warranted not to rip, at a low price, give me a call.

WANTED IN MY STORE!

267 Men and Boys who want to buy HATS!

Largest line of **Carpets and Rugs** in Town. Also, **Wall Paper.**

BUGGY MATERIAL.

Fine Tea a specialty. Buckwheat Flour, Oat Meal, Flour, Fancy Groceries, Bacon, Lard, Hams, Sugar, Green and Roasted Coffee. Try my Golden Rio Coffee and Molasses.

I have no Shoddy Goods. Will sell you GOOD GOODS at lowest prices.

A. B. TOWERS.

MONEY WANTED!

I need money to meet my obligations. All who are owing for Merchandise or Guanos, will confer a favor by calling and paying the same.

Highest price given for Cotton.

A. B. TOWERS.

Oct 15, 1885 14

TO BUYERS OF

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS, Clothing and Groceries.

AFTER looking around the market—through the many gorgeous Stores, and you have heard ALL the big speeches of "how much better they could do for you than anybody else"—"with larger stocks" (tremendous!)—"greater facilities"—"rock bottom prices," and other similar expressions of mercantile adroitness to induce your trade, come and see me before you make up your mind to believe all such stuff.

As I will need every dollar that is due me this Fall, for either Merchandise or Guano, I call upon EVERY ONE who owes me—be he prince or peasant, white or black—to come promptly forward and settle up.

J. J. BAKER, Benson House.

Oct 8, 1885 13

WE TOLD YOU SO!

WHEN WE COMMENCED BUSINESS we told you, through the INTELLIGENCER that—

THE SAVANNAH VALLEY RAILROAD

Was going to be built in spite of croakers, and it has become an established fact that it

IS TO BE COMPLETED SOON.

In the meantime, what we told you about our determination to build up a good trade has been verified, and to such a degree that we have been compelled to seek larger and more commodious apartments.

ANDERSON IS ON A BOOM!

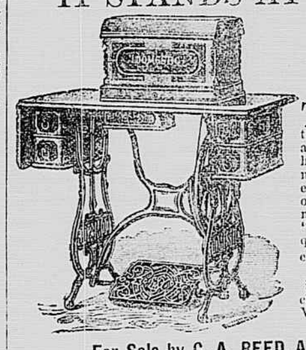
And we are not going to be behind anybody. We can show a beautiful line of Dry Goods, Cloaks, Clothing, Jeans, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, and we carry a full Stock of Groceries and Provisions, Bagging and Ties that we will sell as cheap as any other house.

We have built up a splendid trade by square dealings, and we are now so situated as to stand all the pressure that can be put upon us. Returning thanks to those who have given us their custom heretofore, we bespeak a continuance of their patronage in our new quarters, and we would be glad to see their neighbors, and their cousins, their sisters and their aunts, and all their male kindred. Our Store is now in the New Building on South side of the Public Square. We always pay highest Cash Prices for Cotton.

BROWN BROS.

Sept 10, 1885 9 1y

IT STANDS AT THE HEAD!



THE

Light-Running Domestic.

THIS cut shows the New Style of wood work that the Company is now introducing. Artistically beautiful, without a peer in its mechanical construction, it has no rival. The new line of Attachments that are now being placed with each "Domestic" are specialties. No other machine has them. These Attachments and the new wood-work make the "Domestic" more than ever, without question, the acknowledged standard of excellence.

Agents wanted in unoccupied territory. Address Domestic Sewing Machine Co., 909 Main Street, Richmond, Virginia.

For Sale by C. A. REED, Agent, Anderson, S. C.

July 9, 1885 52 1y

PEMBERTON'S

The WORLDS Great Nerve TONIC

FRENCH WINE COCA

The Commercial Invigorator and EXHILARANT, to impart Health, Strength and Vigor to Mind and Body. The **Ideal Nerve Tonic** and **Intellectual** Beverage, highly endorsed by the elite of the Medical Profession; for the cure and prevention of Mental and Physical Exhaustion, Chronic and Wasting Diseases, Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Affections, Heart Disease, Melancholia, Hysteria, Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Throat and Lung Affections, Tired Feelings, etc. This nerve Tonic acts like a charm. For Convalescents and Invalids this delightful Invigorant is the sine-qua-non. The invigorating and Strength-restoring properties of French Wine Coca are truly wonderful and excel all other Tonics and Stimulants. One trial will charm and excite your enthusiasm. For sale by Druggists. Send for Book on Coca, and Pemberton's Wine Coca. Price, $1.00 per bottle.

I. S. PEMBERTON & CO., M'f'g Chemists, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by HILL BROS., Anderson, S. C.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

COUNTY OF ANDERSON.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Emily Swords, John Swords and Earle Swords, Plaintiffs, against Rachel Swords, Sarah Swords, Mary Swords, Jane Parsons, Susan Evatt, Rebecca Newton, Caroline Conley, Harvey Swords, and the unknown Widow and heirs at law of James Swords, deceased, Defendants.—*Summons for Relief—Complaint not Served.*

To the Defendants the unknown Widow and heirs at law of James Swords, deceased, and Harvey Swords:

YOU are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, at Anderson C. H., S. C., and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, Anderson C. H., S. C., within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated 5th December, A. D. 1885.

BROYLES & SIMPSON,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

[SEAL] F. E. WATKINS, Deputy C. C. P.

To the unknown Widow and heirs at law of James Swords, deceased, and to Harvey Swords:

Take notice that the complaint in this action, together with the summons, of which the foregoing is a copy, was filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for Anderson County on the 5th day of December, 1885, and that the object of this action is to obtain partition of the premises described below, to