The state of the cold sailor, Bonjafor the first insertice, and Fifty Cents per inches "sheeping it sent insertice, and Fifty Cents per inches "sheeping it sent insertice, and Fifty Cents per inches "sheeping it sent insertice, and Fifty Cents per inches "sheeping it sent insertice, and Fifty Cents per inches "sheeping it sheeping it shee was a cigar case in which were several boxes of cigars. There was also a broken flower pot, containing a geranium, which seemed to be struggling hard for an existence. Several easy chairs were placed around the room and the floor was

placed around the room and the floor was covered with a much worn carpet of doubtful colors. But the most noticeable of all, was a large, wide bed near the center and to one side of the room. It had on it simply a heavy mattress covered by a light spread. As the head of the bed was a small spirit lamp used for cooking and smoking the opium.

Just then the proprietor, Jas. Morrison, who was a heavy-set, dark-eyed person, entered the room. He appeared glad to see us, and was very accommodating. My friend told me afterwards comthing of his life. He is a strange character. Ho was from some where in Missouri, and for five years in his early life was a Methodist preacher. He got to drinking, and was turned out of the church in disgrace. He went to California, where Methodist preacher. He got to drinking, and was turned out of the church in disgrace. He went to California, where he went into the mines. While there he robbed a miner one night of \$3,500 in gold, for which he came nigh being caught and lynched. He, however, made his escape and went to New Orleans, where he ingratiated himself into the good will of a respectable family and married an elderly widow lady with considerable property. He could not keep straight long, and soon squandered most of his wife's money in drinking and gambling. When he could at last get no more of her money in drinking and gambling. When he could at last get no more of her money he left her and came to Chicago, where he started a gambling den. From that he came into this opium business. He asked us to look through its apartments, and showed us through a number of rooms all like the one already described. In one of the rooms, on the bed lay two men lazily drawing from a large pipe and swallowing the smoke. The sight was a diagusting one. One of the men was in a state of torpidity, while the other was fast approaching it. He was highly excited, and in an excited manner talked of his own greatness and wealth. It seems to always have the effect upon them to make them believe that they own the entire town and to talk accordingly. I watched him for a short time, when he too, fell init, that same state of torpor.

We then passed into the front room, where the heat, who is very enthusiastic on the subject, proceeded to show us how it was done, after vainly trying to have us try for ourselves. Lying down on the bed on one side, he lighted his spirit lamp and, taking a piece of opium about the size of two peas in his hand, twisted it around a small ivery pointer and began to cook it over the lamp. He cooked it until it had become about like sealing wax, occasionally stopped to knead it against the palm of his hand or the bowl of his pipe. This, he sxplained, was to take the peison out of it. After it had been thus baked he placed it in the bowl of his pipe and, putting the stem in his mouth and the bowl over the lamp, so that the hlaze would keep the opium burning, he began to smoke. After amoking for a short time he seemed to be effected similar to the other men and talked of his immense wealth. A few words size it was wonderful to see what was going on here. Disreputable men and women congregated together here uightly and sucked these sour, dirty pipes and awallowed the poisonous smoke day, until it became such a misance that it was parily shut down on.

The habit once formed is a difficult one to break up. The pain which leads torpor.
We then passed into the front room,

The habit once formed is a difficult The habit once formed is a difficult one to break up. The pain which leads to it is rather pleasing and very seductive. Many a man has gone into one of these places, and out of curiosity fried a pipe. It was so very pleasing, and feeling strong in his powers to resist becoming an "opium smoker," he has gone again and again, sill finally he lease his power to control himself and becomes a conficulty manager. There are many prominents manager. nent men in Ohleago to-day whom it would surprise the community to know that they inhabit such places. There are aged many somen who are equally as had. This may seem strange and unmatural, but it is nevertheless true. The habit is a more dangerous one than that of drinking, and will more surely and smeedily stemoralise a man. The sense-tion produced is very similar, but rather more pleasant than that produced by alcohol.

- The Grant and anti-Grant forces in The Grant and anti-Grant forces in the Republican party are already crystal-lining. The antis have organized at Albary, N. Y., on the Republican State platform of 1872 denousing the idea of a third term for anybody, and at Olevoland, Obil, the Leuder, the Grant organ, counters the interviews of the Regard with Garman Republicans of the City who nd. Obli, the Lence;
nd. Obli, the Lence;
content the interviewe of the
velid German Republicans of the vity who
oppose Grant from the word "no" by the
opinions of 100 picked men, 54 of whom
are for Grant, 59 for Shorman and 19 for
Elaine. Jacob Homberger, a rich Harristury (I.s.) brukes and a lineral contributury (I.s.) brukes and a lineral contributure to Romalinan made says that Grant's [you ever know one who was well when
nontrinsion will cost the Republicans
1 000 German votes in that county abuse.

The contribution of the broad.

Spain gives w minister planipotent
and, while a favorite but
and that Hop Bitsers would not
contributed or fine the contributed of the c

Twenty kegs of gold were received question.—Times.

The Holgard from Nork a few days ago, and dentained \$75,000, making \$1,000,000 in all. This money was sent by Jim Reene to payment for wheat.

Carre? Ask your neighbor this same question.—Times.

—Spain gives a minister plenipotentiary \$6000 a year, while a favorite bull-fighter receives \$50,000, with many present payment for wheat.

How Burr's Daughter Died.

The publication of a dying sailor's story of the fate of Mrs. Theodosia Burr Alstor Aaron Burr's only daughter, uearly three-quarter's of a century ago, has aroused renewed interest in the mys-

the other two were put before the mast. All went well until the third or fourth night out when the "Patriot" was off the New Jersey coast. Mrs. Alston was auxious to reach New York, and asked the captain when he thought the vessel would arrive. The captain told the lady that if the weather continued favorable they would arrive at the Sandy Hook light before morning. The night was clear and the stars shone brightly. The captain and most of the crew went below. The men who had been befriended by Capt. Overstocks were on deck. The mate was in command of the watch.

Soon the men on deck were joined by the cook and one or two of the ship's original crew. About midnight a plot that had been matured among the trio from Charleston and part of the regular crew was put into effect. The mate was knocked senseless upon the deck and thrown overboard. The hatches were battened down and all below were imprisoned. The pirates then secured all the silver and valuables on board and scuttled the vessel. She went down with colors flying. The pirates, with their booty, pulled ashore in the long boat and secreted the valuables in the woods. The next day there came on a heavy snow storm, and the pirates having neglected to mark the place where they had hidden their spoils, were never able to find them.

The loss of the "Patriot" was for a

find them.

The loss of the "Patriot" was for a The loss of the "Patriot" was for a long time a complete mystery. Aaron Burr fitted out an expedition in search of the vessel on which his daughter had sailed, and the coast between New York and Charleston was secoured, but no trace of the missing vessel could be found. The first indication of her fate was the recognition of two of the Charleston pirates in New Orleans: Suspicion was fastened on them and they were arrested. One of them confessed the story told above, but neither said anything of making the passengers and crew of the vessel walk the plank. Both were convicted of piracy and hanged.

How Russian Nihilists Die.

The latest Russian papers bring particulars of the execution at Odessa on December 19, of three Nihilists, recently sentenced to death by the Odessa court martial. The execution took place under orders from Gen. Todleben, the Governor-General and Coramander-in-Chief of the troops. Early in the morning the House of Detention, in which the condemned men were confined, was surrounded by four regiments of infantry and one regiment of Cossacks. At 11 o'clock the At 11 o'clock the ment of Cossacks. At 11 o'clock the gates leading into the courtyard of this House of Detention opened and gave passage to a black wagon drawn by two horses, in which the three condemned men were seated, with their hands firmly tied behind them, and again bound to a bar affixed to each side of the vehicle. The victims were Victor Alexejeff Ma-linka, a young nobleman, 25 years of age, and a volunteer to the 192d Battalion of he Infantry Reserves; Josefoff Mardan-Regiment of Husars, 25 years of age, and Ivan Wassilwitsch Drobiaskin, 28 years of age, the son of a priest. They were all enveloped in the customary long white garment. From around the neck of sech of the prisoner was a second was a sech of the prisoner was a second was a s

were all enveloped in the customary long white garment. From around the neck of each of the prisoners was suspended a large black placard, bearing the inscription, "Traitor to the State."

During the whole ride from the prison to the place of execution the three prisoners tried their utmost to make their voices heard by the dense crowds which lined the way. The wagon was escorted by the Thirteenth Battallon of Chasseurs and 100 Cossacks. In addition to this escort the wagon was guarded by five gendarmes, who role by its side with drawn swords. As Drobiaskin would not heed the reiterated command to cense addressing the people, but, on the contrary, shouted at the top of his voice, one of the gendarmes struck him so severe a blow on the head with the flat of his sword that it stunned him. Upon this one of his fellow-prisoners cried out: "Do not hew us down; unfortunate minion of the Czar," but the gendarme, threatening him also with the sword, only answered by the injunction, "Silence, hound!"

When the place of execution was reached the three condemned men were unbound from their seats in the wagon and led to the gallows. Their sentence being read, Mainka was deprived of his rank as nobleman. He was then delivered over the town, who inquired if he would are like to confer with the priest. Malinka, after scornfully glancing at him, turned to the hangman and said, "Now,

links, after scornfully glaceing at him, turned to the hangman and said, "Now, servile wretch, do your work."

Drobisakin was the rest to be placed under the rope. When in this position a priest approached him with a crucifix, but was repulsed with the words, "Let me alone, brother; I do not want any of that hambug." When the last prisoner, Markianski, was placed in the executioner's hands, he shouted out to the Rabbi, "Get out of my sight; let me not set eyes upon you."

At 10:80 e'clock all three were hanged, ad at 12 e'clock the bodies were out lown and cast into the graves which had the spot cast into the graves which had been dug on the spot. The earth was thrown upon them and stamped down. Maj. Gen Krok then gave the word of command, and the troops, marching off the ground with their band playing, passed over the graves and trod down the earth yet lighter.

THE LAWS OF THE STATE. ets Passed by the Legislature at the Late

An Acr to create a Department of Agriculture and defining its purposes and duties, and charging it with inspection of Phosphetes and regulation of sale of Commercial Fertilizers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carelius, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same: An Aca to create a Department of Agri

same:

Section 1. That a Department of Agriculture is hereby created and established, which shall be under the control and supervision of a board, which shall be constituted as follows, to wit: The Governor, who shall be ex-officio chairman, the Master of the State Grange of Patrons of Husbandry, the President of the State Agricultural and Mechanical Society for the time being, and two other persons to be elected by the General Assembly, who shall hold their office for two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

SEC. 2. The Board shall meet for the transaction of business in the city of Columbia as often as they may deem expedient, but at least twice in each year; they shall receive no compensation, but shall be allowed, except the Governor, the sum of three dollars per diem and five cents per mile actually travelled while engaged in the duties of the Board, not exceeding fifteen days in any one year.

not exceeding fifteen days in any one year.

SEC. 3. There shall be a commissioner of Agriculture, who shall be an agriculturist. He shall be elected by the General Assembly and shall hold his office for a term of two years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualify; he shall be paid a salary of twenty-one hundred dollars per annum, payable monthly, and shall give bond with sureties conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of his office, in the sum of \$5,000, to be approved and filed in like manner as the bonds of State officers. He shall be empowered to employ an officient clerk whose salary shall be \$1,200 per annum, payable monthly.

SEC. 4. The Board shall prescribe the duties of the commissioner, and said commissioner shall observe all rules prescribed and execute all orders issued by said Board not inconsistent with law.

SEC. 5. The Board shall be empowered to hold in trust and exercise control over donations or bequests made to them for the purpose of promoting the interests and purposes of this Act.

SEC. 6. The Board may prescribe forms for and regulate the returns of such County Agricultural Societies as may be chartered by this State, and furnish such blanks as may be necessary to secure uniform and reliable statistics of their

blanks as may be necessary to secure uniform and reliable statistics of their operations.

operations.

SEC. 7. The Board shall have power, and it shall be their duty, to prescribe blanks and have them issued, through the Commissioner, to the Auditors of the various counties, with complete instructions for the collection of agricultural statistics and information; and it shall be, and is hereby, made the duty of the County Auditors to fill all such blanks in accordance with instructions sent and return the blanks, when filled, promptly to the Commissioner of Agriculture.

SEC. 8. The Board shall investigate such subjects relating to the improvement of agriculture and for the inducement of immigration and capital as they may think proper, including sheep husbandry, diseases of cattle and other domestic animals and their cures, the ravages of insects and remedies to abate the same, fences, reductions of cost of same,

same, fences, reductions of cost of same,

SEC. 9. The Board shall have power in cases of contagious disease among any kind of stock or animals to quarantine or have the same killed and burned.

have the same killed and burned.

SEC. 10. The Commissioner of Agriculture shall prepare and keep in the Department books of registry, wherein any person may have entered, upon payment of registry fee of one dollar for each tract or lot, any real estate for sale, with terms, and file in the office any plats, descriptive papers, &c., desired; also, books in which may be entered the wants of laborers seeking labor, the registry fee of one dollar to be paid by the person making it, and the books open to the inspection of all persons free of charge.

SEC. 11. The Commissioner of Agriculture shall communicate, correspond

culture shall communicate, correspond and co-operate with the Commissioner of Agriculture of the United States, and re-ceive from him and distribute most ad-

vantageously all seeds, plants, documents and information.

SEC. 12. It shall be the duty of the Commissioner to collect specimens of wood, suitable for manufacturing purposes, agricultural, mineral and phosphatic denosits of the Steep and phosphatic denosities poses, agricultural, mineral and phos-phatic deposits of the State, and deposit the same in his room at the Canital, and cause correct analyses of such as may be deemed expedient to be made and re-corded in a substantial book to be kept

corded in a substantial book to be kept for the purpose.

SEC. 13. The Board and Commissioner shall make an annual report of all the proceedings of the Department to the General Assembly.

SEC. 14. The Commissioner of Agriculture shall be ex officio Fish Commissioner of this Eate, and be charged with all the duties and invested with all the powers of Fish Commissioner. He shall appoint two or more fish wardens in every county of the State, who shall add in the detection and prosecution of all offenders against the fishing laws, and they shall receive one-half of the penalty recovered and paid in for any offence against said laws directed; by them.

SEC. 15. The Board provided for in the first Section of this Act shall have supervision over the fish interest and Commissioner of this State, and with the supervision of and onforcement.

vision over the fish interest and Commissioner of this State, and with the supervision and enforcement of the laws and regulations which are or may be enacted in this State for the sale of commercial fertilizers and seeds.

SEC. 16. That the office of Phosphate Inspector and that of Phosphate Agent be, and the same are hereby, abolished, and that the Agricultural Bureau are charged with all the duties devolving upon said offices necessary for the protection of the rights and interest of the State in the phosphate rock and thus

upon said offices necessary for the protection of the rights and interest of the State in the phosphate rock and pleasy phatic deposits belonging thereto.

SEC. 17. That the Board and Commissioner of Agriculture shall have power and authority to appoint a special assistant and to attend to the phosphate department and royalty, and said assistant shall receive a salary of \$1,200 per annum, payable monthly.

SEC. 18. That all persons or companies engaged in the manufacture or sale of fertilizers or commercial manures shall pay to the Commissioner of Agriculture twenty-five cents per ton for every ton of such fertilizer or commercial manures sold or offered for sale in this State, the said amount to be paid into the State treasury for the exclusive use and benefit of the Department of Agriculture. Any person or officer or agont of any corporation neglecting to pay the sum provided in this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined in the dispretion of the a misdemesnor, and upon conviction shall be fined in the discretion of the Court, which fine shall be paid into the fitate treasure for the State treasury for the exclusive use and sensit of the Department of Agricul-

SEO. 19. That every bag, barrel or other package of such fortilizers or commercial manures as above disignated, officered for sale or delivered after sale in this State, shall have thereon a plainly printed label or stamp, which shall truly iset forth the name, location and trade mark of the manufacturer, also the chemical composition of the contents of such package and the real percentage of any of the following ingredients asserted to be present, to sait Soluble and precipitated phosphoric acid, soluble potassa, ammonia or its equivalent in nitrogen, together with the date of its analysis, and that the privilege tax provided for in the privilege tax provided for in the contents of the privilege tax provided for in the contents of the privilege tax provided for in the contents of the privilege tax provided for in the contents of the privilege tax provided for in the contents of the manufacturer.

CKKI, Section 18, be, and the same is bereby, amended by adding at the end of said Section the words "from the time of oviction."

Sec 2, All Acts of parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act are hereby reported.

Approved December 12, 1879.

— It has been figured out that rum costs this country seven times as much as religion, and some folks believe it is because religion, and some folks believe it is because religion. The carried in a bottle, and the privilege tax provided for in the contents.

Section 18 has been paid; and any such fertilizer as shall be ascertained by and tysis not to contain the ingredients and percentage set forth as above provided shall be liable to seizure and condemnation, and when condemned shall be sold by the Board of Agriculture for the exclusive use and benefit of the Department of Agriculture. Any merchaet, trader manufacturer, agent or person who shall sell or offer for sale or deliver after sale or receive any commercial for

after sale or receive any commercial fer-tilizer without having such labels and

after sale or receive any commercial fertilizer without having such labels and stamps as hereinbefore provided attached thereto, shall be liable to a fine of ten dollars for each separate bag or barrel or package sold or offered for sale, to be sued before any trial justice, and to be collected by due process of law. The amount so recovered, after paying costs, shall be equally divided between the party or parties suing and the Department.

SEC. 20. The Department of Agriculture shall have power and authority, at all times, to have collected samples of any commercial fertilizers offered for sale in this State, and have the same analyzed, and such samples shall be taken from at least ten per cent; of the lot from which they may be selected.

SEC. 21. The Department shall, as soon as practicable, prepare a convenient hand-book, with the necessary illustrative maps, which shall contain all necessary information as to the mines, minerals, forests, soils, or their products, golimates, water and water-powers, fisheries, mountains, swamps, industries, and all such statistics as are best adapted to give proper information of the attractions and advantages which this State affords to immigrants, and shall make illustrative advantages which this State alfords to immigrants, and shall make illustrative exposition thereof, whenever practicable, at International or State exhibitions.

SEC. 22. That all moneys arising from the tax or licenses from fines and forfeitures, fees for registration of lands for sale or employment wanted not herein other.

ures, fees for registration of lands for sale or employment wanted not herein otherwise provided for shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be kept on a separate account by the Treasurer as a fund for the exclusive use and benefit of Department of Agriculture; and until such fund can be made available as aforesaid, the sum of five thousand dollars shall be, and is hereby, appropriated to the support of this Department out of any moneys arising from the phosphate royalty, and to be drawn by warrant of Commissioner, countersigned by the Governor, ex officia chairman of the Board of Agriculture.

Agriculture.

SEC. 23. The agricultural Commissioner shall, in connection with his duties as enumerated in this Act, establish a department of mechanics, the object of which shall be to prepare such statistics as may be of general interest to this class of workmen, and furnish all necessary information tending to the development of this industry.

of this industry.
SE2. 24. That all Acts and parts of Acts any wise in conflict with this shall be, and the same are hereby repealed.
Approved December 23, 1879.

\*So written in the Act—a palpable error for "employers."
\*An evident error for detected.

An Acr to limit the Plaintiff in an action for recovery of Realty to two actions for the recovery of Lands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the

Assembly, and by the authority of the same:

Section 1. That the plaintiff in all actions for the recovery of realty be, and is hereby, limited to two actions for the same and no more; Provided, That the costs of the first action be first paid, and the second action be brought within two years from the rendition of the verdict or indement in the first action, or from the judgment in the first action, or from the granting of a new suit or discontinuance

granting of a new suit or discontinuance therein.

SEC. 2. That the said second action shall be finally to clusive on the part of every such plai. If, and of or from any other action or suit for recovery of said lands he shall be, and is hereby, debarred and forever excluded, and the right and title of the defendant in and to the same shall be from the page forth finally estitled. shall be from thenceforth finally settled as against such plaintiff, heirs and assigns: Provided, That nothing contained in this Act shall prevent any person from being entitled to two actions for the recovery of such realty, after the passage of this Act.

SEC. 3. That all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith he and are hereby

nconsistent herewith be, and are hereby,

Approved, December 23, 1879. As Acr to amend Section 17, Chapter LXXXVIII, Title IV, Part 2, of the General Statutes in relation to Administration and Distribution of Intestate

Estates.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General

Assembly, and by the authority of the That Section 17, Chapter LXXXVIII. Title IV, Part 2, of the General Statutes be, and the same is hereby, amended, by striking out all of the said section after the word "death" in the third line there-

Approved December, 28, 1879.

An Acr to amond Section 74, Tide 5, Chapter 122, Part 3, of the General Statutes relating to claim and delivery of Personal Property.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Caroline, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same:

That Section 74, Title 5, Chapter 122, Part 3, of the General Statutes be amend-ed in the fourteenth line of subdivision 5 of said Section, by inserting the word "aummons" after the words "with a copy of the undertakting". of the undertaking," Approved December 23, 1879.

An Acr to Regulate the Recording of Deeds and other Instruments in Writ-ing executed without the Limits of this Be it ena ed by the Senate and House

of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the

That any deed or other instrument in writing executed without the limits of this State may be recorded in the proper office within this State if the same be office within this State if the same be proved in due form of law before a Notary Public: Provided That such Notary shall affix to the attestation his official seal, stamped thereon; and provided further, that the official capacity of the Notary Public shall be certified to by the Clerk of a Court of record of the County in which such deed or other instrument in writing was executed.

Approved December 18, 1879.

An Acr to amend Title IV, Chapter OXXI, Section 18, of the Revised Stat-ntes, regulating Dam-see in Case of Eviction.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House

of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same: TON 1. That Title IV, Chapter

OXXI, Section 18, be, and the same is hereby, amended by adding at the end of said Section the words "from the time of

Dr.TUTT'S Expectorant l

IN 25CTS. AND SI BOTTLES. Its properties are Demulcent, Nuffi-tive Balsamic, Soothing and Healing. Combining all these qualities, it is the most effective LUNG BALSAM ever offered to sufferers from pulmonary

DR. J. F. HAYWOOD,

Of New York, voluntarily indorses it.

-READ WMAT HE SAYS:

Dr. TUNT:

Dear his—During this year! which is nited an entered eases of lung decases. In the liver w. rds of the city the cases were of a very severe ty.e. It was there my attention was called to Tutt a Expectorant, and I confess my sur-yies at its wonderful power During a practice of twenty years. I have never inquest as medicine to ack as promptly, and with such happy effects. It instantly subdued the most violent fits excouping, and invariably curely had desaid in a few days. I chewfully indores it is the base lung medicine I over used.

J. FRANCIS HAYWOOD, M. D. A NEWSPAPER PUB. WRITES.

Office, Rening News, Augusta, Ga.
Dr. TUTT: Dear Big-My little son, was attacked
with poseumonia last winter, which left sim with ry
violent cough, that lasted till within a mouth since
for the cure of which I am indebted toyour valuable
Rapectorant. I had tried most every thing recom
wended, but none did any good until I usedy, or Expostorant, one bottle of which removed the cough
satirely. With many thanks, I am yours truly
JOHN M, WEIGER Had terrible HIGHT SWEATS. Dr. TUTT: Sir-I have been suffering for nearly two years with a severe cough. When I commenced to king your Expectorant I was reduced to the hundred and sixteen pounds in weight. I had tried almost everything; had terrible night events. I have taken this dozen bottles. The night sweats. I have taken this dozen bottles. The night sweats have left me the cough has disappeared, and the very gained fifteen; 1 2006s in fisch, I secondared to I will be friends. With great respect, OLI MER RIUE.

IMPORTANT QUESTIONS.

IMPORTANT QUESTIONS.

Reader, have you caught a cold? Are you unable to raise the philegin? Have you an irritation in the throat? A sense of oppression on the lungs, with short breath? Do you have a fit of coughing on tying down? A sharp pain now and then in the region of the heart, shoulders and back? If so, our Advice is take at once a dose of Tatt's Expectorant; you will soot be able to raise the philegm. In an hour repeat the Expectorant, place a hot fron to the feet, take two of Tatt's Fills. You will soon fall into a pleasant along and waste up in the morning cough gone, lungs working freely; easy breathing, and the bowels moving is anatural manner. To prevent a return of these symptoms use the expectorant several days. torant several days,

Office, 35 Murray Street, N. Y. TUTT'S PILLS
TUTT'S PILLS GRAY HAIR OR WHERE & changed to a ULORY BLACE by a single application of this DYR. It im-parts a Natural Color, acts instanancoust, and is as Harmless as spring water. Sold by Druggisth, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

The Largest and Cheapest STOCK OF

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, AND SILVER PLATED WARE;

Eyer offered for sale in the Town of Anderson. Call and exam-ine my Stock before you leave Town and see for yourself!

I Defy Competition. HAVE a beautiful line of Goods suitable for Christmas Presents. Head-quarters for Spectacles, Eye Glasses, &c. if you want to save money give me a call pefore you purchase anything in my line of business. I buy goods for cash and sell for eath only.

cash only.

Remember Capt. Wren is still in charge of my Photograph Gallery, and guarantees satisfaction or no charge.

My thanks for your kind patronage in the past.

Respectfully,

J. D. MAXWELL.

No. 4 Brick Range,

21

HOP BITTERS. (A Biedicine, not o Drink,)

CONTAIN BUCHU, RANDRAHE,

DANDELION,

DANDELION,

ALL OTHER BYTHE CALLED

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Lit Eldneys, and Urbaary Organs, Nervouscas, St Issuess and ospeciality Furnale Compulsity. S1000 IN GOLD. Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them. Ask your druggles for Hop Bitters and try them before you steep. Take no other.

for Conus Counts the expetant, enfort and less Ask Children. The Hop Pap for Postmanh, Livin and Eldinov is sup-view to all others. Ventry absorpts in Ask druggist.

D. E. G. is an absolute and travsistible ours for drumb-emann, use of optime, folsoes and marcotten

spend for circular. [BullAbove old by drugs in Hop Billing Hill, Co. Bichester, N.Y.]

WEHAVE A LARGE STOCK OFVIRGINIA CASSIMERES, Kentucky Jeans, Blankets, Homespuns, Tickings, &c. Also, Saddles and Saddle Blankets.

Boots and Shoes in endless variety and vary, cheap. Heavy and Fancy Groceries. Fine Teas as secialty. Hardware and Buggy Material, ail of which we will sell very low. We mean business, and will make it to your interest to call and buy from us, for we intend to make "Quick Sales and Small Profits." A. B. TOWERS & CO. No. 4, Granite Row. Oct 23, 1879

WATER WHEELS. MANUFACTURERS OF

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS, MACHINE MOULDED GEARING. GRAPTING, PULISTS AND HARDERS A SPECIALTY C. POOLE & HUNT,

WANTED A LIMITED NUMBER of active, energege in a pleasant and profitable business,
Good men will find this a rare chance.

TO MAKE MONEY.
Such will please answer this advertiseneat
by letter, enclosing stamp for reply, stating
what business they have been engaged in,
None but those who mean business need
apply. Address.

FINLEY, HARVEY & CO.,
March 20, '79—1y Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta & Charlotte Air Line R.TR Seneca GOING WIST 9 18 a m
Night Mall and Passenger Train,
Seneca 538 a m
Seneca 504 a m
Day Pas 2 per Train,
5 15 p m

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## Best material, good workmanship, handsome styles, strong and durable Vehicles in every respect.

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Manufactured by EMERSON, FISHER & CO., are now in use in every part of the American Continent.

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GALVA. ILLINOIS, July 16, 1879.

Messes. Emerson, Fisher & Co.: I have used one of your Top Buggles three years in my lbery stable, and they have given me perfect satisfaction and are in constant use.

OSCAR SMALLEY. NEWBERR 1, S. C., July 17, 1879.

Messrs. Coppock & Johnson—Dear Sirs: I have been using the Emerson & Fisher Buggy I bought from you as roughly I suppose as any one could. I had a fast horse, drove him at full speed, sometimes with two grown ladies and myself in the buggy, and it is to-day worth all the money I paid for it. I say the Emerson & Fisher Buggies will do.

A. M. TEAGUE, Farmer.

The favorable reputation the Carriages have made in localities where they have been used for several years by Liverymen, Physicians, Farmers and others requiring hard and constant use, has led to an increased demand from those localities, to meet which the manufacturing facilities of their mammoth establishment have been extended, enabling them now to turn out in good style,

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THE HOUSEHOLD FAVORITE HEATING STOVES J. E. PEOPLES, Anderson, S. C.

F. W. WAGENER & CO., CHARLESTON, SOUTH CARCLINA

Cotton Factors, Wholesale Grocers,

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Oriental Gun Powder,
Fruits and Flowers Smoking Tobacco,
Celebrated Reversible Cotton Tie,
Wagener and Georgia Grange Fertilizers.

amples of anything in our line sent on application with pleasure

F. W. WAGENER. April 10, 1879 G. A. WAGENER.

VIRGINIA HOUSE, No. 41 Main Street, near the State House. THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he will hereafter be found at the Virginia House, and will give it his personal attention and devote the whole of his time to the interest and comfort of the guests, and do all in his power to give satisfaction to those who may stop with him. My rates are low, to suit the times. Terms \$1.50 per day.

A. J. DODAMEAD, Proprietor.

MARCH UCH

SMITH'S WORM CIL!

ATHENE, GA., December 8, 1878. ATHENS, GA., December S, 1878.

A few nights since I gave my son one dose of the Worm Oil, and the next day he passed sixteen large worms. At the same time I gave one to my little girl, four years old, and she passed eighty-six worms from four to fifteen inches long.

W. F. PHILLIPS.

WORM OIL for sale by Drussists generally. Prepared by E. S. LYDON, Athens, Georgia. Price 25 cents.

March 14, 1879

25

19

Is a perfect Blood Pumpies, and is the only purely Vegerante remedy known to set-ence, that has made radical and Pressanery Cures of Syrmits and Scroyula in all their

is thoroughly removes mercury from the stein; it relieves the agonies of mercurial cumulism, and speedily cures all skin dis-For sale by SIMPSON, REID & CO. anderson, S. C. April 17, 1879 40 1y

FOUTES HORSE AND CATTLE POWEARS

Bold everywhere.

DAVID E. POUTE, Proprietor,
EALTIMORS, Ma
For sale by WILHITE & WILHITE, Ande
and M. W. COLEMAN & CO., Beneza Chy.
Nov 18, 1879

PRESERVE YOUR OLD BOOKS. E. R. STOKES,

General Bookbinder,

HAS moved opposite the City Hall, where he is fully prepared, with first-class workmen, to do all kinds of work in his line. chass workmen, to do all kinds of work in his line.

BLANK BOOKS RULED to any pattern and b und in any style desired.

My facilities and long acquaintance with the business enable me to guarantee satisfaction on orders for Blank Books, Railroad Books, and Books for the use of Clerks of Court, Sheriffs, Probate Judges, Masters in Equity, and other County officials.

Pamphlets, Magazines, Music, Newspapers and Periodicals, and all kinds of publications bound on the most reasonable terms and in the best manner. All orders promptly attend to.

E. R. STOKES. Main street, opposite New City Hall, Columbia, S. C. Nov 13, 1879 18

Greenville and Columbia Railroad. CHANGE OF SCHEDULE. On and after Monday, Nov. 10, 1879, the passenger Trains over the Greenville and Columbia Rail-road will be run daily, Sundays excepted: UP. Leave Columbia at..... .12 00 a m .1 34 a m .2 84 p m .5 10 p m .6 65 p m .7 42 p m Leave Hodges...... Leave Hodges...... Leave Belton..... Arrive at Greenville. Leavo Seneca City., Arrive at Walhalla.

G 00 a m

G 00 a

Steamers.
Sleeping cars are run on Night trains to Charleson and Augusta, Hate only \$1.50 for a double
berth. A. B. Disarsaure. Agent, Columbia.
JOHN P. FELK, Goo. Sapt.
D. C. ALLEN, Gon. Tieket Agt., Charleston, S. C.

in my practice, and by the for more than 35 years, SEND FOR CIRCULAR. S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 102 BROADWAT.

AND RELIABLE. STORD'S LIVER INVIGORATO

Att Parity Remedy for

a sof the Liver, Stomach

t Bowles, -- It is Purely sectable. -- It never

Dillitates—It is

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF ANDERSON. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

John C. Whitefield, Plaintiff, sgainst Nathaniel Smith and John Owens, Defendants.—Summons for Relief—Complaint not Served.

To the Defendants Nathaniel Smith and John Owens:
YOU are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, a copy of which is filed in the office of the Clork of the Court of Common Pleas, at Anderson C. II., & C., and to serve a copy of your answer to the said Complaint on the subscribers at their office, at a control of the court of the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, at a court for the control of the said complaint within the those aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the rolled demanded in the complaint.

Dated 3rd January, A. D. 1889.

[SEAL] W. L. BOLT, Deputy C. C. P.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY OF ANDERSON. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS sarah Barksdole, Plaintiff, against Mabel Barksdole, Richard Barksdole, Yaney M. T. Barksdole, Ludy B. Barksdole, Charles Barksdole, Lawrence O. Burton and Anna J. Burton, Defendants.—
Summons for Belief—Completial Served.

To the Defendants above named. To the Defendants above named.

You are hereby summoned and required to analysis and the Clerk's office for Anderson County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at their office, Anderson C. H., S. C., within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Jan. 6, A. D. 1980.

FEA THERSTON & BROWN,

FEA THERSTON & BROWN,

[I. 84-J. W. DANIELS, Clerk.

To Mabel Barksdale and Richard Barksdale. To Mabel Barksdele and Richard Barksdale.

Thake Notice that this action is commenced to confirm the sale of the real estate of A. S. Barksdale deceased, the sale having been made by order of the Probate Court to pay debts, partition, &c. And that a summons in this action, of which the foregoing is a copy, was filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for Anderson County, S. C., on the 6th day of January, 1889.

FEATHERSTON & BRUWN.

Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Anderson C. H., S. C.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

[SEAL] WM. L. BOLT, Deputy C. C. P. [SEAL] WM. L. BOLT, Deputy C. C. P.

To the Defendants Martha J. Sister, Elizabeth Leverett and Emeline Rucker:

Take notice, that the object of this action, in which a summons is herewith served upon you, is to set aside a Deed made by Mrs. Martha Harkins to the Befendant, Lorenzo D. Harris, of the promises described below, and to-obtain partition of the same to be made among the owners thereof, by Commissione; to be appointed for the purpose, or to obtain a sale thereof to be made, and a division of the yrocceda, if partition cannot be made without prejudice to the interests of the owners.

The premises in question are described in the complaint as follows: A certain Tract or parcel of Land, containing six hundred and seventy-five acres, more or less, situate, lying and being in the State of South Carolina, and County of Anderson, on waters of Rocky River, and Soluda Liver, and lying on both sides of the Greenville and Columbia stailroad, one mile southeast of Belton, bounded by lands of Wm. C. Brown, William Teilord and others.

No personal claim is made against you.

No personal claim is made against you.
MURRAY & MURLAY, Plaintinh' Att'ys.
Dec 25, 1879 24

OF

The Ectric Magazine reproduces from foreign particulents all those articles which are valuable to American readers. Its field of selection embraces "Il the leading Foreign Reviews, Magazines, and Journals and consults the initial of all causes of readers. Its plan includes

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E. R. PELTON, Publisher,

25 Hond Street, New York.

COUNTY OF ANDERSON. Defendants.—Summons for Relig—Complaint not Served.

To the Defendants Marths, J. Slater, Elizabeth Leverett and Emeline Rucker:

WOU are hereby summoned and required to an—

which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, at Anderson C. H., S. C., and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at their office, Anderson C. H., S. C., within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fall to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Anderson C. H., S. C., Dec. 25 A. D. 1879.

MURRAY & MURRAY.

[SEAL WAY, L. EDIT DEM Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER

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ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS DELUTATION.

il apply to the the complaint.

Dated 3rd January, A. D. 1880.

ORR & TRIBBLE, Plaintiff's Attorney

To the Defendants—
Take notice that the Complaint filed in this case is to forcelose a mortgage made by Nathaniel Smith and Mary Smith to Harrison & Whitefield 18th November, 1876.

ORP & TRIBBLE

amuel Smith, Robert Smith and John M. Smith, Plaintiffe, against Lorenzo D. Ravis, Matida Harris, Naucy Stephenson, John Darrymple, William Dalrymple, Naucy Ceacy, Martha J. Slater, Elizabeth Leverett and Eucline Rucker, Defendants.—Summons for Editef-Complaint not Served.

Foreign Literature, Science and Art.

The following lists comprise the principal period-cals from which selections are usede and the names f some of the leading writers who contribute to hem:

Rt.Hon. W.E. Gladstone Alfred Tennyson. rolessor Tyndall.
lich. A. Proctor, B. A.
lich. A. Proctor, B. A.
Morman-Lockyer, F.R.S.
Dr. W. B. Carpenter.
E. B. Tylor.
Professor Max Muller.
Professor Owen.
Matthew Arnold.
D. L. Peagunn, D. C. I.