at advertising rates.

To Correspondents.—In order to receive at the factor communications must be accompanied tention, communications must be accompanied to the writer. Re-To Correspondents.—In order to receive attention, communications must be accompanied by the true name and address of the writer. Rejected manuscripts will not be returned unless the necessary stamps are furnished to repay the postage thereon. \*\*Ep\*\* We are not responsible for the views and opinions of our correspondents.

All communications should be addressed to "Editor Intelligencer," and all checks, drafts, money orders, &c., should be made payable to the order of E. B. MURRAY & CO.

## "A Crapping Mortgage,"

"Don't know what a crapping mort-gage is! To be sure you ain't never lived in the country, then," said an hon-est, hard-working and thrifty farmer of small means, who lives in an eastern county, to one of our lawyers, as emineut for his bonhomie as for his admirable talents; "you a lawyer and don't know

the road in my neighborhood to buy a few articles that was needed at home, and few articles that was needed at home, and when I got 'em in the cart to go home, my friend, Sharpman—he is the merchant, you know, who keep, a little store down there—just a little country store—Sharpman, he said to me, 'What is the use of bothering along with little things of this sort? Why don't you make a crapping mortgage, and then you can get anything you want, and wont have to may for it until your crap come in, and pay for it until your crap come in, and then you can pay it off with a bale of

cotton or so.'

"It sounded mighty easy like, so I signed one of the cussed things and started off home with my load. Well, sir, them mortgages is curious things. I hadn't mor'n got up the red hill going home before I commenced to think of what I needed, and the infernal thing made me think of things that I must have that I never had wanted before. You see I always had money on hand to what me and the old woman wanted, and I had fought shy of debt all my life, but all the neighbors was a trying their hands on crapping mortgages, and I thought I would go in for a little, too. Well, I did. I kept on wanting things, and I kept on getting things. We all got along fine, and Sharpman sold the old woman lots of nice things that we never had wanted before, but that we was bound to have after I signed the crapping mortgage. They breed wants,

"At last the crap came in. I sent two down all my fodder, but that didn't do it. I talked the matter over with the old woman, and she got up all the ducks, chickens and eggs, and I sent down all the corn that I had made, and that didn't do it; so I just got on my horse and rode down to the store to see about it. I looked at what we had bought, all figured up, you know, and there was always what you call a balance agin me. So I just took out my pocket book that had had the mortgage in it all the time, and paid off the mortgage, and took the confound-ed thing and went back home. Well, when I got there I thought I'd read over that paper that always managed to keep a balance agin me somehow or other, and Well, now, what do you think was in that crapping mortgage? I hope the recordin' angel ain't listening, but I wish I may be d—d if that 'ere litthe crapping mortgage weren't spread all over my land. My horses, my mules, my stock, my farming utensils, my household and kitchen furniture, even the dish-rag was flung into it. I always thought that the things must have India rubber in 'am they stratched so and rubber in 'em, they stretched so, and through paying it, and when them store fellows tell you how easy it is to get things and pay for 'em in the fall, you remember what I tell you about a crap-

ping mortgage."
And having finished his description of these little engines of oppression, he pulled out his twist of homemade tobacco, that looked as rich and brown as walnut wood, and cut off a chew with his horn-handle knife, put it into his mouth, put the knife and tobacco back breeches' pocket and walked

Judge Logan, of Springfield, Ill., was Linceln's partner, two farmers who had a misunderstanding respecting a horse trade went to law. By mutual consent the partners in law became antagonistic in this case. On the day of the trial Mr. Logan, having bought a new shirt open in the back with a huge standing collar, dressed himself in extreme haste and put on the shirt with the bosom at the back, a linen coat concealing the blunder. He dazzled the jury with his knowledge of "horse points," and as the day was sultry took off his coat and summed up in his shirt sleeves. Lincoln, sitting behind him, took in the situation, and, when his turn came, remarked to the jury: "Gentlemen, Mr. Logan has been trying for over an hour to make you believe that he knows more about a horse than these honest old farmers who are witnesses; he has quoted largely from his 'horse doctor,' and now, gentlemen, I submit to you (here he lifted Logan out of his chair and turned him with his back to the jury and the crowd, at the same time flipping up the enormous standing collar,) what dependence can you place in his horse knowledge when he has not sense enough to put on his shirt? The roars of laughter that greeted this crysity that ed this exhibition, and the verdict that Lincoln got soon after, gave Logan a permanent prejudice against "bo shirts."—Decatur Sun.

REMEDY FOR BITE OF A MAD DOG .-As the cry of mad dogs has been raised, the following, which we clip from an exchange, may be worth a perusal:

A Saxon forester, named Gastell, now at the venerable age of eighty-two, un-willing to take to the grave with him a se-cret of such importance, has made public in the Leipsic Journal, the means he has usedfor fifty years, and wherewith he af-firms he has rescued many human beings and cattlefrom the fearful death of hydrophobia. Take immediately warm vinegar or tepid water, wash the wound clean therewith and dry it, then pour upon the wound a few drops of muriatic acid, be-cause mineral acids destroy the poison of the saliva, by which means the evil effects of the latter are neutralized.

 An art critic going into a gallery in state of mild inebriation to criticize some pictures, sees himself in a glass, and taking out his note book, writes as follows: "First room, head of drunkard, no signature has a great deal of character; red nose remarkably truthful. Must be a portrait from life; think I have seen that face somewhere."

accin six inches in diameter. The vine at Coloma is an Isabella; the other three are of the Mission variety.

BRAIN WORKERS.—Clergymen, law-

THE CADETS IN THE SADDLE.

How the Boys at West Point are Taught

A letter to the New York Times from West Point, dated June 10, says: The drill for to-day was "school of the sol-dier, mounted," which took place in the great riding hall. As the title indicates the drill is an exhibition of individual skill in horsemanship. It is said to be a great favorite with the boys, but the severity of training they have to undergo before attaining the degree of skill deemed necessary for an officer is something they never forget. The record of broken arms, strained wrists, dislocated shoulders, fractured legs, and days spent in the hospital by reason of limbs rubbed raw, attests the fact that there is no child's play in the teaching of West Point. They don't do things here for fun, and little sympathy is wasted on the unfortunate youth who in his early ef-forts in the saddle comes to grief with a broken bone. He is more likely to get reprimanded for his awkwardness than be condoled with. There was a great crowd present at the hall when the drill began, too large, indeed, to find places in the galleries of the place; so when these were full of ladies, the more agile among the male spectators climbed upon wintalents; "you a lawyer and don't know what a crapping mortgage is! Well, I'll tell you.

"I made one of them durned things done; the way of it was this: You see I casion on which the observer might be justified in supposing that the work done was a good deal for show, because here the road in my neighborhood to buy a it is that the excited spectators appland every boy who goes through well. Let him take every head, and he is certain of a hearty round of applause. The comments of the spectators are often comments of the spectators are often very amusing. When boys commenced to use their revolvers some one in the gallery anxiously inquired if they had "real bullets" in them, and seemed rather relieved when assured that they did not, and there was consequently no danger of any stray lead finding its way upward. When the order was given to dis-mount and mount at speed the area of the hall was instantly a scene of galloping horses, riders jumping off, others jumping on—some down in the tan bark; others clinging to the mane and bridle, desperately struggling to get astride; horses rearing and plunging, and generally a remarkably lively time for all; then the women began to utter little screams, which increased to a general shout when which increased to a general shout when one of the boys making a spring for the horse's back (there were no saddles) went clear over it and ploughed up the bark in the middle of a rush of galloping beasts, to the imminent danger of his brains. "Why, this is quite dangerous!" exclaimed an individual in the gallery, exclaimed an individual in the gallery, indignant at the idea of the boys being made to run such risks. The good gentleman seemed to suppose that the services were merely for show. It is needless to say that the boys did well; they always do; but, while none fall below a certain level, there are vast differences store to pay it off, as Sharpman said it would do, but it didn't. I then sent down all my fodder, but that didn't. work, and feel as much at nome cutting and slashing about on a bare-backed horse as in a rocking-chair, while to oth-ers it never becomes easy. They do the work, but it is hard. The actual move-

A Curious Bit of Atlanta History.

ments of the drill with sabre and pistol are few. The soldier is started from the

company to make the circuit of the hall.
Putting his horse to a gallop, he begins
by firing at a head on a post, returns
pistol to the holster, draws his sabre

and, at full speed, makes a thrust at an-

other head on a post, then at one lying on the ground, then jumps a hurdle, and in jumping, slashes a head from a post beside it, or thrusts at a suspending ring on a level with his own head; and lastly,

makes a right thrust at another head on

a post. To go through this performance

on a horse without a saddle, and a big

pair of spurs on one's heels, is not an ea

sy task, and if any one thinks it is he had

better try it in the nearest riding school.

The different cuts are, of course, as against infantry or cavalry.—New York Times.

A special dispatch to the Augusta human being this morning by workmen ground."

And since the publication of this tele-gram, our old friend and tellow citi-zen, Mr. Robert E. Kenney, has been to see us and unraveled this mystery. Mr. Kenney, it will be remembered, into his breeches' pocket and walked away. He turned round after walking a little way, and said, reflectively: "Don't never you sign one in the world; if you do, you will never get through paying it off."

ANOTHEE LINCOLN STORY.—While

ANOTHEE LINCOLN STORY.—While of course there was no Atlanta then. On the contrary, the site was a spot of wild woods, where the train stopped for wood and water. But still Mr. Kenney knows it to be the precise site of the Gate City. The regiment encamped here a night; and during that night, private Reuben Gerald, of Co. D. (our Edgefield company) died. In the morning, before the regiment moved, his body was buried in the very spot where the bones have been so recently discovered. Mr. Kenney went to Atlanta in 1866 or 1867, and then revisited the spot, in a few steps of the hotel at which he stopped, and asked several citizens if any body or bones had ever been disinterred. He found no one who had ever heard of any such thing. Col. Cary W. Styles, so prominent in Georgia politics and journalism, was a corporal in Company D., and Mr. Kenney has the impression that he, Corporal Styles, commanded the squad that buried Reuben Gerald. The latter was not an Edgefield man, but a North Carolinian, who was wandering about our parts—a handsome and a brave fellow. Mr. Kenney who is now in his sixty-third year, is a very intelligent and well-informed man, and has a very decided taste for antiqua-rian matters.—Edgefield Advertiser.

BIG GRAPE VINES .- California has probably 20 vines, each of which produces more than 500 lbs. of grapes as an average crop. Among these are vines at Coloma and Blakes, and near Montecito and Stockton—representing the Sirerra Nevada, coast the mountains north San Francisco, the San Joachim Valley, the southern coast, the level of the sea, and an elevation of 3000 feet above it. The Stockton vine, a mile southeast of the town, in the yard of Mr. Phelps' house, is a foot in diameter, and has this year produced 5000 lbs. (2½ tons), according to the *Independent*. We have heard nothing lately of the yield of the Montecito and Colomo big vines. We saw the lat-ter in 1867 when young, and it then bore 1500 bunches of grapes. The Montecito vine grew from the cutting of the old big vine at the same place, set out in 1795 and cut down in 1875, when 80 years old. It had a diameter of 15 inches, covered an arbor 114 feet long by 68 wide, and averaged three tons as its annual yield. The big vines of Blakes separates, at the surface of the ground, into two stems, each six inches in diameter. The vine

Price's Floral Riches Cologne gratefully refreshing. The handkerchief wetted in the face occasionally, and applied to the face occasionally, and sickness cannot approach you. Price and sickness cannot approach you. Price of the circulation, inducing to the proper use of Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills, and sickness cannot approach you. Price of the circulation, inducing to the feel uncomfortable.

BRAIN Workers.—Clergymen, law-yers, physicians, orators, and all classes of the university fell, has sent in his resignation as President of Washington and Lee University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of the University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of Washington and Lee University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of the University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of the University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of the University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of the University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of the University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of washington and Lee University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of Washington and Lee University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of washington and Lee University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of Washington and Lee University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of Washington as President of Washington and Lee University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of Washington as Presi vigorous action.

A FOURTH OF JULY ORATION. Advance Report of the Address Delivered at Springfield by ex-Gov. D. H. Chamber-

lain, of South Carolina. FELLOW-CITIZENS: I have been asked, as a Southerner, to address you of the North on this anniversary day of the birth of our common Union. As a Southerner, I deeply feel the significance of the request. Could our representative men be brought more frequently into contact with the masses of your people, could we oftener meet, as to-day, to exnency of the glorious fabric which our fathers builded, and to join in the expression of sentiments appropriate to this occasion, I know that much of the mischange congratulations on the permaunderstanding, jealousy and suspicious ha-tred that now alienate the sectors would disappear like the sulphurous smoke of yonder cannon that lately boomed. Therefore, I come willingly and frankly, in the true spirit of the Fourth of July,

bringing to Massachusetts the friendly and

sisterly greeting of my own beloved South Carolina. For South Carolina, the State of my adoption and choice, is also the State of my love. Born and bred elsewhere, with family ties and domestic associations else-where, I, nevertheless, yielded up to her my love and loyalty when I entered her palmetto-fringed borders in the dark days of reconstruction. I went there without money, without political influence, without previous acquaintance with the people among whom I had cast my lot, but fortified with a strong moral purpose, and animated by a sacred missionary spirit, I stood by South Carolina through all the vicissitudes of the experiment of universal suffrage-an experiment fraught with much personal danger, but of transcendently great importance to civilization. I stood by South Carolina while her citizens grew poorer and poorer, and only left her when unavoidable circumstances comways. It is true that my residence is no longer in South Carolina; true that my professional and personal interests. centre elsewhere, yet my heart is still there, and an indictment for felony com-mitted within her borders still binds me to her sunlit groves and smiling cities with a bond of exceeding strength.

Therefore, as a representatives South Carolinian, I thank you, men of Massa-

chusetts, for the compliment which you have paid to my cherished State. An exile thanks you from the bottom of his loyal heart. Whatever may have been my political course during the happy and eventful years spent at Columbia, I feel that I at least brought away the affec-tionate solicitude of my neighbors. I feel that they remember me, and will continue to remember me. I know that hey are anxious to get me back. I know that they recall my disinterested acts as Attorney General, and afterwards as reform Governor, with emotions of the liveliest character. They never can and never will forget the days when I, surrounded by men like Moses and Parker and Neagle, and Cardozo and Honest John Patterson, but nominating them all by the force of intellect and purity of motive, exercised a permanent influence upon the destinies of the beloved State. They still recall my official utterance, lofty, ringing and patriotic, as when wrote,"There is an indefinite verge for expansion of power before us. It is proposed to buy \$350,000 worth of Green-ville and Columbia stock. This, with the \$433,000 of stock held by the State, will give complete control to us. We shall have in Greenville and Columbia 168 miles, in Laurens 31, and in Spartanburg and Union 70 miles-in all 269 miles—equipped and running. Put a first mortgage of \$20,000 a mile on this, sell the bonds at 85 or 90, and the balance, after paying all outlays for costs and repairs, is immense—over \$2,000,-000. There is a mint of money in this—

or I am a fool!" Nor can it ever be forgotten that at the darkest hour of South Carolina's darkest day, when a burden of debt was crushing the people of South Carolina to the earth and grinding their estates and homesteads into the dust, when and they ought to be called dish-rag mortgages, oughtn't they? Well, let me tell
you, never sign one. You never will get
vails here over the finding of bones of a

sky and darkened the future, when
they were provided the whole sky and darkened the future, when
they were provided to be a state debt of
twenty-six millions filled the whole
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the sky and darkened the future and whom the sky and darkened the future and able financiers like Parker an engaged in excavating for the cellar of Governor Brown's building, in front of the passenger depot. This is the old city park, and it is a mystery how they came there. They were near the edge of the sidewalk and not deep in the ground."

able Innanciers like Farker and Moses and Cardozo were in despair, when the people were on the point of revolution, I, clear-headed and self-possessed, the ruling spirit of the storm, flooded Wall street with fraudulent paper, and calmly wrote to Kimpton in my letter of September 3, 1870 the memorable words: ruling spirit of the storm, flooded Wall street with fraudulent paper, and calmly wrote to Kimpton in my letter of September 3, 1870 the memorable words: "Do the commissions foot up pretty well?

> Eh 217 Fellow-citizens of Massachusetts, do you wonder that the people of South Car-olina are anxious to get me back? But it cannot be. An inexorable fate and a very considerable interest in my own personal liberty keep n.e far away from her beloved borders. I must remain an exile, consoling myself as best I can with the mitigating reflection that John Pat-terson was wrong—there is no more good stealing in South Carolina.—New York

A Boy's PRACTICAL JOKE .- A youth living on Bragg street rolled an apple barrel to the curbstone the other after-noon, filled it with cobblestones, headed it up, and marked the barrel "Appleshandle carefully." The youth retired to await further developments, and they soon came. A saw dust wagon came along, and the driver jumped down and teckel long look at the hears! He probab. took a long look at the barrel. He probab-reasoned that it had been delivered by a grocer, and he doubtless wondered why it had not been rolled into the cellar. Dusk was coming on, and the man drove off. In a quarter of an hour he returned. "Apples" were there yet, and he drove up close to the barrel. No one was in sight, and he made a dash for the prize. He probably expected a rather heavy lift, but when he felt the weight of those cobblestones his surprise must have been great. He gave one awful lurch, lifted the barrel about an inch, and as his fingers raked over the hoops he groaned in agony and leaped into his wagon as if a leaped dog had been reaching for his coat-tail.
At various times during the night vehicles were heard halting and driving suddenly away, but when day broke the "Apples" were still there, though only two hoops were left on the barrel.—From the Detroit Free Press.

- A friend of the President is credited with the statement that he "saves over forty thousand dollars a year of his salary." It must be considerably more than that. From all accounts of the style of living at the White House it is not probable that the whole cost of the family there is five thousand a year. There are no state dinners worth tioning, no wines, nothing expensive ex-cept what the government pays for-LeDuc's cabbage and flower gardens supply the vegetables and ornaments for the table; the servants are nearly all paid by Congress, and the fuel and gas are in the appropriation bills; there are no "small vices" in the household; no diplomatic or other social entertainments-nothing. in fact, that can make a material hole it the salary. There is apparent, y nothing to hinder Mr. Hayes from taking home with him, in 1881, nearly the whole of his four years' pay .- Chicago Times.

- Gen. G W. C. Lee, upon whom the mantle of his father Gen. Robert E. Lee, as President of Washington and Lee

Children and Money.

Most persons seem to believe that children, even after they have reached an age of intelligence and discrimination, should not be trusted with money; that those who are so trusted are almost invariably ruined. More harm is done, in our judgment, by an exactly contrary If children,-at least when they are fairly out of leading strings,—are not allowed to have small amounts of money, how can they possibly learn its proper use? Wisc spending is the result of experience, instead of theory, even with grown persons. How then should the merest youngster learn to use sixpences and shillings steadily withheld from them?

Human nature is always benefitted by a sense of responsibility and children are by no means an exception. So long as they are deprived of money, they can have no clear idea of its value, and later in life, when they begin to get some they very naturally waste it in order to make up for their early deprivation. A boy should be allowed to buy his own tops, marbles and skates instead of having them bought for him. In this way he will enjoy them more, and have a more thorough appreciation of them. If he makes a mistake, chooses a bad top or imper-fect marbles, or poor skates, do not re-place them with such as he would like, but let him use those of his own selection till he has the money to buy others. Next time he will know what not to buy will be more careful in deciding, and will have gained a desirable feeling of self-dependence. It is, perhaps, a little hard for tender parents to compel chil-dren to abide their own mistakes. The rule seems harsh; but the world is so infinitely harsher a school than any home can be, that, for ultimate good, present pain may be endured.

Children accustomed to money in mod-

eration have little, if any temptation, to get it by improper or dishonest means. It then ceases to bear the attraction of forbidden fruit, or to appear to their arin any form; it is an innocent preparadent fancy as if all happiness were inclu-ded in its power of purchase. Are not the boys who pilfer, or carry from the tion, not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant. household anything they can turn into cash, frequently those who have been im-MIFUGE bears the signatures of C. Mcpelled to it by a scant allowance of pocket money from parents to whom it would have been a trifle? With legitimate indulgence they very soon learn that a shilling is worth but a shilling, and that a dollar is only a dollar; that, badly used, one or the other will bring discom fort as well as pleasure; and this lesson cannot fail to be of permanent benefit the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, to them. The boy who has learned to use sixpences judiciously while he is ten or twelve, will be pretty apt to understand the proper value of dollars before he is out of his teens. Dyspepsia and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

A Remarkable Prophecy.

The following, which is known as "Mother Shipton's Prophecy," was first published in 1488, and republished in 1641. It will be noticed that all the events predicted in it, except that mentioned in the last two lines-which is still in the future-have already come to pass. It is truly wonderful, to say the least:-

Carriages without horses shall go, And accident fill the world with woe. (1) Around the world thoughts shall fly In the twinkling of an eye. (2)
Waters shall yet more wonders do;
Now strange, yet it shall all be true. (3)
The world upside down shall be,
And gold be found at root of tree. (4)
Through hills ands mountains men sha
ride,
No horse or ass be at his side. (5)
Under water men shall walk;
Shall ride, shall sleep, shall talk. (6)
In the air men shall be seen,
In white, in black, in green. (7)
Iron in the water shall float,
As easy as a wooden boat. (8) In the twinkling of an eye. (2)
Waters shall yet more wonders do:

As easy as a wooden boat. (8) Gold shall be found, and found In a land that's not now known. (9) Fire and water shall wonders do. (10) England shall at last admit a Jew. (11) The world to an end shall come In eighteen hundred and eighty-one. (12)

1. Railroad coaches. 2. The Telegraph.

3. In the form of steam. 4. The discovery of gold in South

5. The tunnelling of the Alps, and other hills.

6. Submarine armor. 7. In balloons.

Iron steamship. 9. In California.

10. Drive machinery as steam. 11. Disraeli, a Jew, is prime minister

of England.
12. All Bible students admit that the

end of this dispensation is near at hand.

SLAVERY IN AFRICA.—The idea that slavery in Africa disappeared with the ab-olition of the foreign slave trade, an idea which seems to be prevalent both in Europe and America, is nevertheless a mistaken one. Slavery not only exists, but its evils are very much aggravated by the fact for want of a foreign market the supply is in excess of the demand. The value of the slave has depreciated until the preservation of his life and health has become a matter of no conse quence to his owner. The increased and growing export trade of Africa is the product of slave labor. The slave not so well fed or cared for is raising groundnuts in some distant part of his own country, as far away from his home and his kin as though he were cultivating sugar on a Cuban plantation. It is safe to say that money and sympathy expended upon the negro slave has in no wise ameliorated his condition. On the contrary, the trade that was made contraband and abolished at sea has added to its cruelties the thousand times greater evils of transportation overland through the jungles and marshes, where hundreds perish by the wayside from famine and exposure.

West Point, Ga., Sept. 16, 1870.

Gents—My daughter was taken on the 23th day of June, 1863, with what was supposed to be Acute Remarkable under the same with no success. In March, following, pieces of bone becan to work out of the right arm, and continued to appear till all the bone from the elbow to the shouler joint came out. Many pieces of bone becan to work out of the right foot and leg. The case was then pronounced one of White Swelling. After having been confined about six years to be red, and the case considered hopeless, I was induced to reare very the trade that I have continued the use of it until the present.

My daughter was taken on the 23th day of June, 1863, with what was supposed to be Acute Remarkable and was and was taken on the 23th day of June, 1863, with what was supposed to be Acute Remarkable and was and was taken on the 23th day of June, 1863, with what was supposed to be Acute Remarkable and was and was taken on the 23th day of June, 1863, with what was supposed to be Acute Remarkable and was and was taken on the 23th day of June, 1863, with what was supposed to be Acute Remarkable and to wat of the right area to work out quence to his owner. The increased and growing export trade of Africa is the product of slave labor. The slave not so well fed or cared for is raising groundnuts in some distant part of his own country, as far away from his home and

- Mr. Curran, riding over one day by the country seat of a Judge whom he knew, became interested in a group of lovely children. He stopped to inquire to whom all those fine children belonged, "Pray, my good woman, how many has

"There are twelve playing about the yard and this one in my arm is the thir-

"Then," said Curran, "the Judge has a full jury and may proceed to trial, whenever he chooses; and the youngest one will make an excellent crien

— A goat always begins a sentence with "But"—And sometimes steps one with it.—Norristown Herald. — A woman with two heads has just arrived from Europe. Eight bonnets a year!—only think of it!—Buffulo Express.

- Mrs. Partington has been reading officer's weekly report, and thinks "total" must be an awful malignant disease since as many die of it as all the rest put to-

— It is common to speak of those whom a flirt has jilted as her victims.

This is a grave error. Her real victim is a man whom she accepts. A happy This is a grave error. Her real victim is a man whom she accepts. A happy simile thus runs: "A coquette is a rose from whom every lover plucks a leaf; the thorn remains for her future husband."

Leave Seneca Ci Leave Seneleto Leave Andersot Cave Andersot Leave Lea tion often asked, and the answer is, "it cannot," for Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is an

innocent remedy, warranted to contain neither Opium, Morphia, or anything injurious. Price 25 cents a bottle. Every mother in the land should know the value of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup and never be without it. It is free from opi-

THE GENUINE

THEY HAVE COME!
THOSE GRAIN CRADLES we spoke of, and we hope you will call and see them. We can offer you bargains.

A. B. TOWERS & CO.,

No. 4 Gravite P. A. B. TOWERS & CO.

WORM SPECIFIC

OR

VERMIFUGE

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

TIME countenance is pale and leaden-

ally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms

are found to exist,

will certainly effect a cure.

IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

The genuine Dr. McLane's Ver-

LANE and FLEMING BROS. on the

LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy "for all

AGUE AND FEVER.

No better cathartic can be used preparatory

to, or after taking Quinine.

As a simple purgative they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Each box has a red wax seal on the lid with he impression Dr. McLane's LIVER PILLS.

Each wrapper bears the signatures of C.

Insist upon having the genuine Dr. C. Mc-

spelled differently but same pronunciation.

YELLOW FEVER-BLACK VOMIT.

It is too soon to forget the ravages of this terri-

Dr. Pemberton's Stillingia or Queen's

REMARKABLE CURE OF SCROFULA; &c.

Case of Col. J, C. Branson.

Case of Col. J, C. Bramson.

KINGSTON, GA., September 15, 1871.

GENTS—For sixteen years I have been a great sufferer from Scrofula in its most distressing forms. I have been confined to my room and bed for fifteen years with scrofulous ulcerations. The most approved remedies for such cases had been used, and the most eminent physicians consulted, without any decided benefit. Thus prostrated, distressed, desponding, I was advised by Dr. Ayer, of Floyd County, Ga., to commence the use of your Compound Extract Stillingia. Language is as insufficient to describe the relief I obtained from the use of the Stillingia as it is to convey an adequate idea of the intensity of my suffering before using your medicine; sufficient to say, I abandoned all other remedies and continued the use of your Extract of Stillingia, until I can sav truly, "I am carred of all pain," of all disease, with nothing to obstruct the active pursuit of my profession. More than eight months have clapsed since this remarkable cure, without any return of the disease.

For the truth of the above statement, I refer to any gentleman in Bartow County, Ga., and to the members of the bar of Cherokee Circuit, who are acquainted with me. I shall ever remain, with the deepest gratifude, your obedient servant,

J. C. BRANSON, Att'y at Law.

A MIRACLE.

W. B. BLANTON.

WEST POINT, GA., Sept. 16, 1870.
GENTS—The above certificate of Mr. W. B. Blanton we know and certify to as being true. The thing is so; hundreds of the most respected citizens will certify to it. As much reference can be given as may be required. Yours truly, CRAWFORD & WALKER, Druggists.

HON. D. H. WILLIAMS.

DR. PEMBERTON'S STILLINGIA is prepared by A. F. MERRILL & CO. Phila., Pa. Sold by all Druggists in S.00 bottles, or sent by express. Agents wanted to canvass everywhere. Send for Book—"Curious Story"—free to al. Medicines sent to poor people, payable in install-

Greenville and Columbia Railroad.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ANDERSON BRANCH & BLUE RIDGE R. R.

QUICK SALES

AND

SMALL PROFITS

On and after Monday, June 2nd, 1879, the

Leave Columbia at....

Leave Newberry..... Leave Hodges...... Leave Belton..... Arrive at Greenville

Leave Greenville at.

Arrive at Columbia

Leave Delton.

WEST POINT, GA., Sept. 16, 1870.

The reports of wonderful cures of Rh

The genuine are never sugar coated.

McLane and Fleming Bros.

--:0:---DR. C. McLANE'S

Call early and often. They are going off

COSES ENVER INVIGORATOR

Version of the liver of the liv colored, with occasional flushes, or circumscribed spot on one or both heeks; the eyes become dull; the puils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eye-lid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough Inverse Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results. sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but gener-SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., NEW YORK CITY DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE ANY DECOGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION. \*

SMITH'S WORM OIL!

ATHENS, GA., December 8, 1878.

A few nights since I gave my son one dose of the Worm Oil, and the next day he passed sixteen large worms. At the same time I gave one to my little girl, four years old, and she passed eighty-six worms from four to fifteen inches long.

W. F. Putters inches long. W. F. PHILLIPS.
WORM OIL for sale by Drussists generally. Prepared by E. S. LYDON, Athens,
Georgia. Price 25 cents.
March 14, 1879 35 1y LANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name McLane,

WANTED A LIMITED NUMBER of active, energage in a pleasant and profitable business. Good men will find this a rare chance TO MAKE MONEY.

Such will please answer this advertisement by letter, enclosing stamp for reply, stating what business they have been engaged in.

apply. Address, FINLEY, HARVEY & CO., Atlanta, Ga. March 20, '79-1y



Is a perfect Blood Punifier, and is the only purely Yeserable remedy known to selence, that has made radical and Premaser Curss of Syrilles and Schottla in all their

For sale by SIMPSON, REID & CO Anderson, S. C. April 17, 1879

MANUFACTURERS OF THE POOLE & HUNT LEFFEL TURBINE,

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS, MACHINE MOULDED GEARING, SHAPTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS A SPECIALTY & POOLE & HUNT,

WANTED! A No. 1 YOKE of OXEN. APPLY TO

J. M. Matthews, Belton, S.C. (Formerly of Ninety Six,) ANUFACTURER of the Palmetto Cotton Gin and Condenser. Agent the New Economizer Steam Engine and for the New Economizer Steam Engine and Boiler, the Farquhar Thresher and Separa-tor, Saw Mills, Grist Mills and other Machinery.

Repairing faithfully done. Letters by

mail receive prompt attention. April 3, 1879 38 The Nineteenth Century adds the Eighth Wonder of the World.

The Holman Liver Pad. PLASTERS and SALTS,

Cures without medicine, simply by absorption. A sure cure for Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Biliousness, and all

Call at once, ye invalids. Sold in the Town of Anderson only by SIMPSON, REID & CO., Benson House Corner. 30 ly March 20, 1879

such Diseases.

LUMBER! LUMBER! A LARGE lot of good Lumber is kept constantly on hand at my Lumber Yard at the Blue Ridge Depot in Anderson, and orders for large or small lots of any kind desired will be promptly filled at low prices. Mr. Robert Mayheld is my agent for the sale of Lumber at Anderson, and will furnish any information desired to persons wishing to make an order.

John Kaufman.

Jan 30, 1879 29 1y

Atlanta & Charlotte Air Line R. R. On and after Sunday, June 1st, 1879, Double Daily Trains will run on this road as follows:
GOLGE EAST.
Night Mail and Passenger Train.

Arrive Seneca.

Leave Seneca.

Day Passenger Train. GOING WEST. Night Mail and Passenger Train. Seneca Day Passenger Train, ... 6 34 a m

Arrive Seneca... City, Greenvine and C. East and West. W. J. HOUSTON, G. P. and T. Agent. FRESH ARRIVALS.

A NOTHER of of beautiful Calico, Pique,
Long Cloth, Cottonades; Ginghams,
Checked Homespuns, Cashmurets, &c.
A. B. TOWERS & CO.
April 17, 1879
40 ANOTHER LOT well-selected Goods that will not fail to please the eye and fit the purse.

A. B. TOWERS & CO.

F. W. WAGENER & CO.,

CHARLESTON, Cotton Factors, Wholesale Grocers,

LIQUOR DEALERS. AGENTS FOR

Oriental Gun Powder,
Fruits and Flowers Smoking Tobacco,
Celebrated Reversible Cotton Tie, Wagener and Georgia Grange Fertilizers.

Samples of anything in our line sent on application with pleasure.

F. W. WAGENER.

April 10, 1879 G. A. WAGENER.

## EXTRA FINE FLOUR, CHOICE N. O. MOLASSES,

And BACON in abundance. Call in get Prices before Buying.

A FINE VARIETY OF RIO COFFEE, from 15c. to 20c. per pound. There are

Staple Dry Goods, Hats and Shoes,

SCYTHES AND CRADLES, HOES and PLOWS. And other Farming Implements for sale at the very lowest cash prices.

NEW FIRM.

STILL FURTHER REDUCTION IN FREIGHTS AND PRICES OF ALL CLASSES OF COODS.

WE now have in Store, and are receiving from the Northern and Western markets a full Stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE. One Car Load of Bacon,

One Car Load of Flour, One Car Load N. O. Molasses. In addition to these things, we have a fresh stock of Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing, Glass, Crockeryware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold low for cash or barter. If you want anything kept in a well-assorted stock of the above articles, or those usually found in first-class

nercantile houses, call on us for it, and we will supply you at the very cheapest prices. BARR & CO., NO. 10 GRANITE ROW, ANDERSON, S. C.

P. S.—All indebted to the old firm of BARR & FANT are notified to call and make payment of their Notes and Accounts at once.
Feb 13, 1879

12

1y

GREAT REDUCTION

HATS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND GROCERIES AT LOWEST PRICES. HARDWARE, IRON

BUCCY MATERIAL.

The place to buy a SEWING MACHINE, any kind you want, at Very Lowest SEWING MACHINE, Figures. I do not haul Machines about to sell them-therefore do not have to include any expen-

AGENCY FOR FIRST-CLASS FERTILIZERS.

C. A. REED, Agent.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

TOLLY the Leader of LOW PRICES.

LOOK at some of the figures at which you can buy Furniture at in Anderson :-

Good Hard Wood Cottage Bedsteads at \$2.50; without Slats and Castors, \$2.60.
Towel End and Drawer Washstands, \$1.35. Large Wardrobes, \$11.00.
Large Tin Safes, with two doors and drawer, \$5.50.
Good, strong Rocking Chairs, \$1.40. Cane Bottom Chairs, per set, \$6.00.
Painted Chamber Sets, consisting of Dress Bureau, Bedstead, Washstand and
Table, \$14.00; with four Chairs and Rocking Chair, complete, \$19.75.
Walnut Chamber Suits, consisting of high head-board French Bedstead, Bureau,
with Arch Standard and Glass, Washstand and Table, \$23.75; with four fine
Walnut Chairs and Oval Back Rocking Chair, \$32.75.

And everything else in proportion.

I have on hand a very large Stock, from a fifteen dollar Suit up to a two hundred dollar Suit. I claim to sell cheaper than Greenville, and will duplicate any bill that can be bought there.

G. F. TOLLY, Depot Street.

BRADLEY'S PATENT PHOSPHATE COMBAHEE ACID PHOSPHATE.

WE are agents for the above celebrated Fertilizers, having sold Bradley's Patent for several years, we know it to be good. As to the ACID there is none better. See Mr. B. A. Dayls' certificate attached. Could give more, but one is sufficient. Our terms are as favorable as any Standard Guano. Give us a call before buying.

A. B. TOWERS & CO.

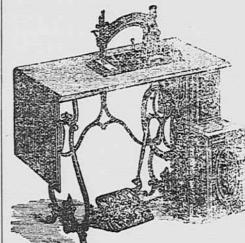
ANDERSON, S. C., Sept. 30, 1878—Messirs. A. B. Towers & Co.—Dear Sirs: I beg leave to say to you that I am well pleased with the Bradley's Guano that I bought of you last Spring. In fact I do not think there is any other guano equal to it except perhaps one other, and there is no man who has used a greater variety of fertilizers than I have. I shall want it again, and a great many of my neighbors expect to use it hext year, just from seeing my cotton.

21

B. A. DAVIS. 31

VIRGINIA HOUSE. COLUMBIA, S. C.

A. J. DODAMEAD, THIS House is conveniently located—41 Main street, near State House—being within five minutes' walk of the business portion of the city and the depot. The rooms are large and well ventilated. Beds clean and comfortable. The table is supplied with the best the market aflords. Rates reduced to suit the times. Board and Lodging, per day. \$1.50—ministers, \$1.00.



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Euy only tho

It has Self Settine .

Cover Orealis the Three Morer Chi a Stitche . i. helighted Ital. The Simplest, the Heat

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ARTED. J. S. DOVEY Manager, " D. Charles Street, Baltimere, Md.

C. A. REED, Agent, Anderson, S. C. 23 jupods inducements for cah.

e, and in Every Resp. ?