

Anderson Intelligence.

ONE YEAR \$1.50
SIX MONTHS \$1.00

RATES OF ADVERTISING—One Dollar per inch for the first insertion and Fifty Cents for each subsequent insertion less than three months. Advertisements contracted for less than three months will be charged for the full term. Advertisements for three, six or twelve months. Advertisements for one year. Advertisements for one year. Advertisements for one year. Advertisements for one year.

Obituary Notices exceeding five lines. Tributes of respect and all personal communications or matters of individual interest, will be charged for at advertising rates.

Communications—In order to receive attention, communications must be accompanied by the name and address of the advertiser. All communications should be addressed to "Editor Anderson," and all communications or matters of individual interest, will be charged for at advertising rates.

Advertisements—In order to receive attention, communications must be accompanied by the name and address of the advertiser. All communications should be addressed to "Editor Anderson," and all communications or matters of individual interest, will be charged for at advertising rates.

THE CADETS IN THE SADDLE.

How the Boys at West Point are Taught to Ride.

A letter to the New York Times from West Point, dated June 10, says from the drill for to-day was "school of the soldier, mounted," which took place in the great riding hall. As the title indicates the drill is an exhibition of individual skill in horsemanship. It is said to be a great favorite with the boys, and they are very proud of the training they have undergone before attaining the degree of skill deemed necessary for an officer in something they never forget. The record of broken arms, strained wrists, dislocated shoulders, fractured legs, and days spent in the hospital by reason of limbs rubbed raw, attests the fact that there is no severity of training in the school of West Point. They don't do things here for fun, and little sympathy is wasted on the unfortunate youth who in his early efforts in the saddle comes to grief with a broken bone. He is more likely to get reprimanded for his awkwardness than consoled with.

A FOURTH OF JULY ORATION.

Advance Report of the Address Delivered at Springfield by Hon. G. D. H. Chamberlain, of South Carolina.

FELLOW-CITIZENS: I have been asked, as a Southerner, to address you of the North on this anniversary day of the birth of our common Union. As a Southerner, I deeply feel the significance of the request. Could our representatives of men be brought more frequently into contact with the masses of your people, could we often meet, as to-day, to exchange congratulations on the permanence of the glorious fabric which our fathers builded, and to join in the expression of sentiments appropriate to this occasion, I know that much of our mutual understanding, jealousy and suspiciousness, a sense of responsibility and children are by no means an exception. So long as they are deprived of money, they can have no clear idea of its value, and later in life, when they begin to get some they very naturally waste it in order to make up for their early deprivation. A boy should be allowed to buy his own top marbles and skates instead of having them bought for him. In this way he will enjoy them more, and have a more thorough appreciation of them. If he makes a mistake, chooses a bad top or imperfect marbles, or poor skates, do not reprimand him with such as he would like, but let him buy his own. I know that the child will have the money to buy others. Next time he will know what not to buy, will be more careful in deciding, and will have gained a desirable feeling of self-dependence. It is, perhaps, a little hard for tender parents to compel children to abide their own mistakes. The rule seems harsh; but the world is so full of mistakes that a school than any home can be, that for ultimate good, present pain may be endured.

Children and Money.

Most persons seem to believe that children, even from the earliest age, are capable of intelligence and discrimination, should not be trusted with money; that those who are so trusted are almost invariably ruined. More harm is done, in our judgment, by an exactly contrary course. If children, at least when they are fairly out of leading strings, are not allowed to have small amounts of money, they will possibly learn its proper use? Wise spending is the result of experience, instead of theory, even with grown persons. How then should the merest youngster learn to use sixpences and shillings steadily withheld from them?

THE GENUINE DR. C. McLANE'S WORM SPECIFIC OR VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

The countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hicough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

SMITH'S WORM OIL!

WANTED A LIMITED NUMBER of active, energetic canvassers to engage in a pleasant and profitable business. Good men will find this a rare chance.

TO MAKE MONEY. Such will please answer this advertisement by letter, enclosing stamp for reply, stating what business they have been engaged in. None but those who mean business need apply.

P. H. FINLEY, HARVEY & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

F. W. WAGENER & CO.,

CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA.

Cotton Factors, Wholesale Grocers, AND LIQUOR DEALERS. AGENTS FOR

Oriental Gun Powder, Fruits and Flowers Smoking Tobacco, Celebrated Reversible Cotton Tie, Wagener and Georgia Grange Fertilizers.

Samples of anything in our line sent on application with pleasure.

F. W. WAGENER. G. A. WAGENER. July 10, 1879.

EXTRA FINE FLOUR,

CHOICE N. O. MOLASSES, And BACON in abundance.

Call in get Prices before Buying.

A FINE VARIETY OF RIO COFFEE, from 15c. to 25c. per pound. There are some Coffees higher, but none better.

Staple Dry Goods, Hats and Shoes, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

SCYTHES AND CRADLES, HOES and PLOWS, And other Farming Implements for sale at the very lowest cash prices.

REED & HERRICK. July 17, 1879.

NEW FIRM.

STILL FURTHER REDUCTION IN FREIGHTS AND PRICES OF ALL CLASSES OF GOODS.

WE now have in Store, and are receiving from the Northern and Western markets a full Stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

One Car Load of Bacon, One Car Load of Flour, One Car Load N. O. Molasses.

In addition to these things, we have a fresh stock of Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing, Glass, Crockery, Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold low for cash or on trade. If you want anything, call on us, and we will supply you at the very cheapest prices.

BARR & CO., NO. 10 GRANITE ROW, ANDERSON, S. C. P. S.—All indebted to the old firm of BARR & FANT are notified to call and make payment of their Notes and Accounts at once. Feb. 13, 1879.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF HATS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,

In order to reduce my stock in those lines.

GROCERIES AT LOWEST PRICES.

HARDWARE, IRON AND BUGGY MATERIAL.

The place to buy a SEWING MACHINE, any kind you want, at Very Lowest Prices, Figures, I do not haul Machines about to sell them—therefore do not have to include any expenses in the prices.

AGENCY FOR FIRST-CLASS FERTILIZERS.

C. A. REED, Agent. Jan. 27, 1879.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

TOLLY the Leader of LOW PRICES.

LOOK at some of the figures at which you can buy Furniture at in Anderson:—

Good Hard Wood Cottage Bedsteads at \$2.50; without Slats and Castors, \$2.00. Tole End and Drawer Washstands, \$1.35. Large Wardrobes, \$11.00. Large Tin Safes, with two doors and drawers, \$8.50. Care Bottom Chairs, per set, \$6.00. Painted Chamber Sets, consisting of Dress Bureau, Bedstead, Washstand and Table, \$14.00; with four Chairs and Rocking Chair, complete, \$19.75. Walnut Chamber Suits, consisting of high head-board French Bedstead, Bureau, Washstand and Glass, Washstand and Chair, \$25.75; with four fine Walnut Chairs and Oval Back Rocking Chair, \$32.75.

And everything else in proportion.

I have on hand a very large Stock, from a fifteen dollar Suit up to a two hundred dollar Suit. I claim to sell cheaper than Greenville, and will duplicate any bill that can be bought there.

G. F. TOLLY, Depot Street. Oct. 4, 1877.

BRADLEY'S PATENT PHOSPHATE AND COMBAHEE ACID PHOSPHATE.

WE are agents for the above celebrated Fertilizers, having sold Bradley's Patent for several years. We know it to be the best. As to the COMBAHEE, there is not a man in S. C. who is not acquainted with it. It is a sure and sufficient. Our terms are as favorable as any Standard Guano. Give us a call before buying.

A. B. TOWERS & CO. ANDERSON, S. C. Sept. 30, 1878.—Messrs. A. B. Towers & Co.—Dear Sirs: I beg leave to say to you that I am well pleased with the Bradley's Guano that I bought of you last Spring. In fact I do not think there is any other guano equal to it except perhaps one or two, and there is no man who has used a greater variety of fertilizers than I have. I shall want it again, and a great many of my neighbors expect to use it next year, just from seeing my cotton. B. A. DAVIS. Feb. 13, 1879.

VIRGINIA HOUSE,

COLUMBIA, S. C.

A. J. DODAMEAD, PROPRIETOR.

THIS House is conveniently located—41 Main Street, near State House—being within five minutes' walk of the business portion of the city and the depot. The rooms are large and well ventilated. Beds clean and comfortable. The table is supplied with the best of the market. Rates reduced to suit the times. Board and Lodging per day, \$1.50—ministers, \$1.00.

Dec. 5, 1878.

The Best Family Sewing Machine!

Buy only the NEW AMERICAN!

Only Sewing Machine with a Sewing Machine!

THE NEW AMERICAN Sewing Machine is the best of the kind ever made. It is simple in its construction, and will sew any kind of fabric. It is the best of the kind ever made. It is simple in its construction, and will sew any kind of fabric.

AGENTS WANTED.

J. S. DOVIA, Manager, 121 Charles Street, Baltimore, Md. C. A. REED, Agent, Anderson, S. C. 1879.

"Don't know what a crapping mortgage is!"

"Don't know what a crapping mortgage is! To be sure you ain't never lived in the country, then," said an honest, hard-working and thrifty farmer of small means, who lives in an eastern town, to one of our lawyers, as an eminent lawyer, and with his admirable talents. "You a lawyer and don't know what a crapping mortgage is! Well, I'll tell you.

"I made one of them darned things once; the way of it was this: You see I went down to the store at the forks of the road in my neighborhood to buy a few articles that were needed at home, and when I got 'em in the cart to go home, my friend, Sharpman—he is the merchant, you know, who keeps a little store down there—just a little country store—Sharpman, he said to me, 'What is the use of bothering along with little things of this sort? Why don't you make a crapping mortgage, and then you can get anything you want, and won't have to pay for it until your crop come in, and then you can pay it off with a bale of cotton or so.'

"It sounded mighty easy like, so I signed one of the cussed things and started off home with my load. Well, such crapping mortgages is curious things. I hadn't more than got up the red hill going home before I commenced to think of what I needed, and the infernal thing made me think of things that I must have, and the neighbors was trying their hands on crapping mortgages, and I thought I would go in for a little, too. Well, I did. I kept on wanting things, and I kept on getting things. We all got along fine, and Sharpman sold the old woman lots of nice things that she never had wanted before, but that she had bound to have. I signed the crapping mortgage. They breed wants, they do.

"At last the crop came in. I sent two or three bales of cotton down to the store to pay it off, as Sharpman said it would do, but it didn't. I then sent down all my fodder, but that didn't do it. I talked the matter over with the old woman, and she got all the ducks, a chicken, and an egg, and I sent down all the corn that I had made, and that didn't do it; so I just got on my horse and rode down to the store to see about it. I looked at what we had bought, all figured up, you know, and there was always what you call a balance agin me. So I just took out my pocket book that had had the mortgage in it at the time, and paid the crapping mortgage and took the confounded thing and went back home. Well, when I got there I thought I'd read over that paper that always managed to keep a balance agin me somehow or other, and I done so. Well, now, what do you think was in that crapping mortgage? I hope the recordin' agin ain't listening, but I wish I may be d—d if they're 'lie crapping mortgage weren't spread all over my land, and my horse, my house, my stock, my farming utensils, my household and kitchen furniture, even the hide-rag was flung into it. I always thought that the things must have India rubber in 'em, they stretched so, and they ought to be called dishrag mortgages, oughtn't they? Well, let me tell you, never sign one. You never will get anything for it, and when them store fellows tell you how easy it is to get things and pay for 'em in the fall, you remember what I tell you about a crapping mortgage."

A Curious Bit of Atlanta History.

A special dispatch to the Augusta Evening News, dated Atlanta, Ga., June 13, says: Considerable excitement prevails here over the finding of bones of a human being this morning by workmen engaged in excavating for the cellar of Governor Brown's building, in front of the passenger depot. This is the old city park, and it is a mystery how the body came there. They were near the edge of the sidewalk and not deep in the ground.

And since the publication of this telegram, our old friend and fellow citizen, Mr. Robert E. Kenney, has been to see us and unraveled this mystery. Mr. Kenney, it will be remembered, fought through the Mexican war, as a member of the Edgefield Company, commanded by Capt. P. S. Brooks. The Palmetto Regiment, which left South Carolina in the spring of 1847, went as far as Atlanta on the railroad, and marched thence to Opelika, Ala. But of course there was no Atlanta then. On the contrary, the site was a spot of wild woods, where the train stopped for wood and water. But still Mr. Kenney knows it to be the precise site of the Gate City. The regiment encamped there all night; and during that night, private Reuben Gerald, of Co. D. (our Edgefield company) died. In the morning, before the regiment moved, his body was buried in the very spot where the bones have been so recently discovered. Mr. Kenney went to Atlanta in 1866 or 1867, and then revisited the spot, in a few steps of the horse at which he stopped, and asked several citizens if any body or bones had ever been discovered. He found no one who had ever heard of any such thing. Col. Cary W. Styles, so prominent in Georgia politics and journalism, was a corporal in Company D, and Mr. Kenney has the impression that he, Corporal Styles, commanded the squad that buried Reuben Gerald. The latter was not an Edgefield man, but a North Carolinian, who was wandering about our parts—a handsome and a brave fellow. Mr. Kenney, who is now in his sixty-third year, is a very intelligent and well-informed man, and has a very decided taste for antiquarian matters.—Edgefield Advertiser.

REMEDY FOR BITE OF A MAD DOG.

As the cry of mad dogs has been raised, the following, which we clip from an exchange, may be worth a perusal:—

A Saxon forester, named Kastell, now at a remarkable age of eighty-two, is willing to take to the grave with him a secret of such importance, has made public in the Leipzig Journal, the means he affirms he has rescued many human beings and cattle from the fearful death of hydrophobia. Take immediately warm vinegar or tepid water, wash the wound clean therewith and dry it, then pour upon the wound a few drops of muriatic acid, because mineral acids destroy the poison of the saliva, by which means the evil effects of the latter are neutralized.

REMEDIUM FOR BITE OF A MAD DOG.

As the cry of mad dogs has been raised, the following, which we clip from an exchange, may be worth a perusal:—

A Saxon forester, named Kastell, now at a remarkable age of eighty-two, is willing to take to the grave with him a secret of such importance, has made public in the Leipzig Journal, the means he affirms he has rescued many human beings and cattle from the fearful death of hydrophobia. Take immediately warm vinegar or tepid water, wash the wound clean therewith and dry it, then pour upon the wound a few drops of muriatic acid, because mineral acids destroy the poison of the saliva, by which means the evil effects of the latter are neutralized.

BIG GRAPE VINES—California

has probably 20 vines, each of which produces more than 500 lbs. of grapes as an average crop. Among these are vines at Coloma and Blakes, and near Montecito and Stockton—representing the Sierra Nevada, coast the mountains north San Francisco, the San Joaquin Valley, the southern coast, the level of the sea, and an elevation of 3000 feet above it. The Stockton vine, a mile southeast of the town, in the yard of Mr. Phelps' house, is a foot in diameter, and has this year produced 5000 lbs. (25 tons), according to the Independent. We have heard nothing lately of the yield of the Montecito and Coloma big vines. We saw the latter in 1867 when young, and it then bore 1500 bunches of grapes. The Montecito vine grew from the cutting of the old big vine at the same place, set out in 1795 and cut down in 1875, when 80 years old. It had a diameter of 15 inches, and covered an arbor 114 feet long by 63 wide, and averaged three tons as its annual yield. The big vines of Blakes separates, at the surface of the ground, into two stems, each six inches in diameter. The vine at Coloma is an Isabella; the other three are of the Mission variety.

Gen. G. W. C. Lee, upon whom the mantle of his father Gen. Robert E. Lee as President of Washington and Lee University fell, has sent in his resignation as President of the University, and it probably will be accepted.

A man will sit on a picket fence all the afternoon to see a base-ball game, but put him in a church pew for three-quarters of an hour and he will feel uncomfortable.

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!

THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME! THEY HAVE COME!