THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1879.

The Republicans of Ohio have nominated Hon. Charles Foster for Governor, which shows that they intend making a prudent and determined fight for the control of the Buck-eye State. Mr. Foster is an able and conservative man, and will make the strongest race possible for his from the President on this ground would party. If, however, the Democrats put up a judicious ticket it is more than probable that they will carry the State. The election is a very important one in its

Illinois has a novel liquor law which is founded upon very sensible theory. It provides for a vote in the towns and townspips of the State upon the question of granting licenses. On this both male and female citizens are allowed to vote, from which we predict that very few licenses will be granted, for ladics favor temperance nine times out of ten. They are the ones most seriously affected by intemperance, and it is very proper that they should be consulted as to the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The indications are that Congress will certainly at the next session adopt an income tax. A bill providing such a system is now perding, but its advocates could not obtain the two-thirds vote necessary to take it up out of the regular order. A large majority, however, voted in favor of it, and hence when it is reached there is very little doubt of its | That majority ought to govern wisely, adoption. The operation of the bill will not be unfavorable to the South, for there are not a great many men in this that terrible appeal." A peep in at the section whose incomes would be greater than the amount exempted from taxa-

The silver bill has been amended in the Senate so as to make fractional silver currency a legal tender up to ten instead of twenty dollars, and to strike out the provision making it receivable for stamps to the sum of three dollars. Other unimportant amendments were made and the bill now returns to the House, where

will be concurred in, after which the President will no doubt veto it. The bill is a necessary and wise one, which meets the wants of the people, and ought to receive the President's signature, but as he has become the watch-dog of the Republican party he considers it his duty to defeat as far as possible all

Individuals of small statue and strong mind frequently terrify and control much larger persons who possess weaker wills. It also appears to be true in politics. The Republican minority in Congress, by its determined position, has so wrought upon the timidity of the Democratic majority that our party may now be said to be in full retreat. It is to be hoped, however, that something will, as Mr. Micawber would express it, "turn up" to the advantage of the Democratic major ity, which will enable us to stumble into electing another President. Possibly, as we have both the Senate and the House of Representatives now we might be able to inaugurate a President if elected, provided the Republicans do not cry out when that fact is not under his considerthat the South will be responsible if a ation, except in his own imagination; Democrat is inaugurated, in which event and after he has, to his own satisfaction, the adoption of the programs above outproven the constitution of the existing lined, that the President cannot justifiant men, so-called, would think we had bet ter let the Republicans have their way "this time," and reserve the right to "appeal to the people."

The Pickens Sentinel says: "Corn is scarcer in this section at this time than we have known it for several years, and sells readily at 75 cents cash, or one dollar on time. The wheat crop in this section is promising, and if no disaster befalls it breadstuffs may decline somewhat when the crop is harvested. The area sown is as large as usual. Good seasons of rain have fallen in this section, and cotton, corn, and all kinds of vogetation have been greatly benefited thereby." This is the situation in many other Counties, also, except that the price of corn is considerably higher, and and the small amount of corn, we fear that it will continue so for a long time to come. Our people are wonderful in this respect. They raise large quantities goes to Western farmers, while the railroads also receive a share for freights. It has become a habit, however, and it is difficult to convince people that it is not

The question is, Who got the Demo crats into the present Congressional muddle? We hear of plenty of distinguished gentlemen who did not favor the movement, but we are at a loss to know how it was carried in caucus with so few persons to vote for it, and against the wishes of so many Democratic Senators and Representatives. We wonder if the programme could have been counted in by means of tissue tickets, or some other irregularity (?) If so, an investigating committee should immediately be appointed and the fraud exposed, in order to vindicate the consistency of Democratic Congressmen who are now, and of course have always been, opposed to the programme heretofore carried out. In seriousness, however, we suggest to those who wish to appear opposed to the policy, but did not express themselves in that way at the beginning, that the best thing they can do is to make as little fuss over their ideas as possible. The time to tell what they thought has passed. The Democratic masses are in no temper to take as foresight in this matter what is nothing more nor less than the most inexcusable demagoguery in those who measure their views by results, and not by the issues as they arise. It is not likely to redound to the credit of the man who prates about his opinions when the issue is reached, but is acquiescent in another course before, or who shows that he has no other insight of public measures than that which he gets by looking behind.

- Gen "Joe" Johnston, once lieutenant-general of the Confederate Army, of-fered the resolution vesterday under which the House of Representatives adjourned in honor of Decoration Day. It was a grateful act.—N. Y. Tribune, May

The action of the Democratic party, fied by the result as were their predicas announced in the programme elsewhere, is likely to prove a great blunder, for it virtually receive from the position assumed by the party, and at the same time offers the President another opportunity of putting in a veto, which he will no doubt avail himself of, to the utter confusion of the Democracy. If we cannot pass the appropriation bills with the riders on as a permanent law, we cannot pass them with what is tantamount to them for one year. A veto

confuse us more than all the others combined. If Congress would pass both appropriation bills with the riders on them, and adjourn without waiting for effects upon the Presidential race of next | the President's signature, the responsibility of withholding supplies from the government would be shifted from the shoulders of the Democratic party to those of the Republican President, where it really ought to rest now. It is not the Congress, which offers the supplies under wholesome restrictions, that is blocking the government, but it is the Republican President who asserts his will as stronger than the wishes of the representatives of the people. Instead of defending our action, we ought to be raising a tempest of popular indignation against the undue use of power on the

part of Mr. Hayes.

If Henry Clay, who in his day and time was considered pre-eminently a conservative man, had lived in this age he would certainly not have said: "The great principle which lies at the foundation of all free governments is that the majority must govern, from which there is nor can be no appeal but the sword. equitably, moderately and constitutionally; but govern it must, subject only to present session of Congress would immediately convince the departed stateman that he was mistaken, for we see minority controlling the majority, who in defrence to their wishes, back down from the measures passed, and actually cringe before that minority, to the extent of claiming that in attempting the proposed changes in the law they had no idea of enforcing them, if they were sufficiently appropriations for the support of the claiming that in attempting the proposed distasteful to the Republican minority to induce the President to withhold his signature. Our course at the time when Tilden was elected President by more than a quarter of a million majority, and yet Mr Hayes obtained the office, would also confirm him that he was mistaken. Mr. Clay, however, would no doubt have a contempt for the majority which would be run over in such a man ner, and if we do not mind that is the feeling which the course of our party will engender in the public estimation.

President Hayes keeps his vertebræ a properly regulated tension, and as fast as Congress sends him appropriation bills This clause is already on the statute he politely returns them "without his signature with his objections thereto." His latest exploit in this direction is the veto of the civil service appropriation bill, on the ground that he does not like idea on exprendiction bills in general. riders on appropriation bills in general, and especially because he does not like the riders on this bill in particular. The clause taking away from supervisors the right to make arrests occupies a large share of his attention, which he devotes to insisting that the law is constitutional, law, he proceeds to argue its expediency bly withhold his signature from an ap on the ground that it tends to preserve propriation bill merely because it omits to make provision for a particular object, law, order, peace, security of the ballot ner that the Republican Senators and crat will have accomplished for the next Representatives spoke in Congress.

Taken all together the veto is skilfully complished for an indefinite period of Taken all together, the veto is skilfully drawn, and presents the President's side in as plausible light as possible. Like the other vetoes it is condemned by the Democrats and approved by the Republicans. It is only one step more in the

The Republicans, with their usual lack of principle and cunning depravity, sent one of their most pliant tools down to Mississippi, where he has engaged in probably be held on Monday evening.

In response to objections raised by journalism as one of the staunchest from the large amount of cotton planted Democrats, and at the beginning of the present session of Congress wrote the article exulting over Southern power and progress, and abusing the North in the most violent and offensive manner. of cotton, a very large per cent. of which It has since transpired that this was the mission upon which he was sent, and his articles have been copied by the Radical papers extensively to show the hatred which the South intertains for the North. Of course his articles are read and believed to be genuine by a great many, but a letter from him which has recently been made public shows his real characterso clearly that no more harm will like ly flow from his unprincipled utterances Like the wasp, in trying to sting, he has destroyed his power to sting any more. The letter confesses as follows: OFFICE OF THE "SOUTHERN STATES."

OKOLONA, Miss., April 30, 1879. General J. S. Roberson: The papers have been sent agreeable to instructions.

The points are made red-hot this week, and all of them will hit hard. It is advisable to have them as extensively copied as possible. We will mark them for our Northern exchanges. Congressman Fry regards it as a great

We will give them hell according to the extent of the circulation. The lar ger the subscription list, the louder the Yours with respect, WILL H. KERNAN.

When Congress was about to pass the bill remonetizing silver, the advocates of the gold standard asserted that gold would go up, and great distress follow the enactment of the law. Their croak ings, however, were not powerful enough to hold back the needed reform. The bill was passed-yes, even over a veto, and became a law. Instead of going up and causing a panic, gold immediately came down to par, and the people felt the only financial relief that has been extended them for ten years by the general government. These same men and papers who tried by adverse predictions to prevent the remonetization of silver, to prevent the remonetization of silver, formed that violence was imminent at are the very ones who are now trying to the poils, and that there had already prevent its free coinage. The represen- been a breach of the peace, and asked tatives of the people, however, will no to be saved the disgrace of arrest, promdoubt pass the bill, and if it becomes a doubt pass the bill, and if it becomes a rear of the court house. This having law the predictions of the gold standard been done, witness instructed the Sheriff

men are likely to be as completely falsi- to take no further action.

tions of avil as to the remonetization Weasire. When men have shown themselves such miserable financial prophets once, no confidence should thereafter be placed in their monetary predictions.

HE DID HIS DUTY.

The Democrats of the Illinois Legisla ture passed resolutions complimenting Judge Davis on his able and patriotic speech on the Army appropriation bill, to which he made the following re-

"U. S. SENATE CHAMBER, WASHINGTON, May 17, '70. "Gentlemen: I have had the honor to receive your letter of the 3d inst., covering resolutions of a joint cancus of the Democratic members of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois.' It is hardly necessary for me to say that I am in favor of perfect freedom of elections from the interference or the presence of any part of the army at the polls, because that opinion was emphatically expressed on the floor of the Senate. This is a Government of legal authority founded on the Constitution and the laws made in pursuance thereof. One of the grievances which our forefathers complained was that the King had quartered troops or them, and sought by military power to coerce them into submission. It is little ess than a public scandal after a century of national existence that any party could venture to ask the people's approval of species of tyranny that is forbid could venture to ask the people's den in England and wherever else the parliamentary principle is respected.

Very truly, "DAVID DAVIS. "The Hon. William A. Day and the Hon. Charles Robinson, House of Representatives, Springfield, Ill."

CHANGING FRONT IN ACTION.

Washington, May 31. The two advisory committees of the House and Senate Democratic caucuses held a joint meeting to-day, and reached a substantially unanimous agreement a to the course of action that should be adopted by the dominant party with regard to the appropriation bills. After very full interchange of views and an especially minute examination of the President's veto messages in connection with sundry existing statutes prohibiting interference by the army with elections throughout the fiscal year, but containing a proviso that no portion of the money therein appropriated shall be used for the pay, transportation, equipment, or subsistence of any troops used for police purposes to keep peace at polls. It was further decided to recommend the passage of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill in substantially the same terms as last year's bill, and for the same amounts, except that they shall be more minutely specified, and except also that it shall not make any provision for the pay of supervisors or deputy marshals of elections.

The new bill will, however, contain a

clause proving that no office shall be ap-pointed, or obligation incurred, for any pject for which a specific appropriation shall not have been made by Congress "or obligation incurred," and there is also a law existing which prohibits the separate measure embodying those sec tions of the vetoed bills which provide for amendments of the law concerning In view of the fact that the President, in his veto message, makes no comment on these, it is believed that he will promptly approve them when presented in a

endent bill. and that in the anticipated event of his time by the former bills, and what they may continue to accomplish by simila legislation as they remain in power. The joint meeting was adjourned until Monday, by which time the recommen-

dations agreed upon will have been pro-mulgated in appropriate phraseology by direction of thoroughly solidifying both a sub-committee, consisting of Senators Thurman, Eaton, Vance and Bailey, and Representatives Chalmers, Springer, Ewing and Reagan, and submitted for fina approval preparatory to their presenta-tion to the joint caucus of the Democratic members of both Houses, which will few of those who participated in the meeting that the adoption of this policy be construed as backing down o been individual utterances in favor of withholding supplies in the event of failure to secure the enactment of the political clauses originally embodied in the appropriation bills, it is not true that

any such stand has ever been taken by authority of the party. On the contrary the question whether such stand should be taken has never been acted upon by a Democratic caucus of either branch Congress, or by a caucus committee until

Judge Mackey before the Wallace Committee.

WASHINGTON, May 28. T. J. Mackey, Circuit Judge in South Carolina, testified before the Wallace Committee that he was in affiliation with the Republican party until 1866, wher he left it. He was present at the election for State officers, Presidential electors and Congressmen in Chester, in 1876 and was called on to interpose his officia authority to check interference by the military and deputy marshals at the polls. Several deputy marshals declared their purpose to carry the election for the Republicans, and exhibited a circular, purporting to be signed by Attorney General Taft, addressed to United States marshals, to disregard the process of State courts. At 2 o'clock the chief deputy marshal, at the head of a band of colored men, assaulted the voters at Carmel, tearing Hayes and Hampton tickets from their hands. Several who refused to surrender their tickets were knocked down. He subsequently saw the military (nineteen men of the 18th Infantry march into the Court House yard, form ing in two lines. Voters were required to pass to the polls under fixed bayonets. On complaint to witness that voters were interfered with by the military, he issued a warrant for the arrest of Lieutenant Hinton, who commanded the detach-The Sheriff made a verbal report that Hinton stated he had been summoned by the chief deputy marshal to bring the troops to the polls; that there were no breaches except such as were committed by the deputy marshals who had taken ballots from voters : and fur-

ther, that Hinton declared he was in-

ising he would remove his troops to the

SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS.

Gleanings from our State Exchanges. Rock Hill Herald: We have received intelligence (though meagre entirely re-liable, we think,) that a man named Saunders was deliberately that a few days ago, just west of Broad River, on the Union County side, upon the most frivolous pretext, by a tramp who for some time had been infesting that neighborhood. His name our informant is not certain about, but thinks it was given him as Edwards. He is described as being a small man with a scar on his face. At last accounts sixty men were hunting

him in the western part of this county .....We learn from private sources that the old Briggs gold mine, situated in King's Mountain, partly in York County, S. C., and partly in Gaston County, N. C., is now turning oitt the richest ore which has yet been found in either of the Carolines. A top of the are recently Carolinas. A ton of the ore recently shipped to Philadelphia is said to have assayed \$400 in pure gold. The mine was sold several years ago by Mr. Briggs, of Yorkville, to a Northern capitalist for \$15,000. We learn that the present owner will soon have extensive machinery with a large force at work in the mine, with a view to a rapid development of the hidden treasures

Columbia Register: Bachy Nunna-maker, son of Mrs. Margaret Nunna-maker, who resided in Lexington County, about five miles from Columbia, accidentally shot and killed himself last Thursday afternoon, with a single barrel shot gun. It seems that he was drawing his loaded gun from a wagon with the muzzle toward him, when the hammer caught in something, and in releasing it, the gun was discharged, the whole load entering deceased's right breast, killing him instantly. Bachy Nunnamaker was him instantly. Bachy between twelve and thirteen years of

Abbeville Press and Banner: On the fourth Sunday in June the Cedar Springs Church at Fraziersville will celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of the organization of that congregation. The records show that the first sermon ever preached at that place was by Rev. A. D. Clark, D. D., in June, 1770, and whose remains now lie in front of the house of vorship. Rev. Samuel Lead, of Edgefield, a member of the Methodist Episco-pal Church, will address the concourse on that day. The subject will be "Cedar Springs Fifty Years Ago.".....Treasurer Perrin, up to the night of the 25th, had collected \$4,310. 92 in taxes.....Dr. Neel was in town yesterday. He had in his pockets a dozen twenty dollar gold pieces which had been coined from Abbeville gold. Abbeville Medium: More mortality

among the colored people and several deaths during the past week. The exo-dus is taking a different turn altogether, and there are agents along this new route. .....Our farmers are getting ready to har-vest their oats crop, which promises to be as fine as the county has ever produced. ....There is an under current of activity among the old Radical politicians that should be watched with great care. All the night meetings of late, and all this hobnobbing with certain white folks, is something very striking ..... Our farmers all make very encouraging statements the crop condition and prospects, and indeed there never was fairer promise of a fruitful year. The grain crop is especially good, and the fields are already whitening for the barvest. The rust has attacked the wheat, but without any injury to it, the exceedingly favorable weather having prevented its spread, and the oats are full grown and heavy-head-ed. The yield will be very large on even

poor land, and as there is a large acreage in grain this year, the county will have bread enough and to spare.....Mr. W. H. Adamson's dwelling-house, together with Sunday. He and family had gone to lor's warehouse was torn to pieces, and church in the morning, to Cedar Spring, several small houses, stores and stables and on returning to their home found it in flames. They succeeded in saving part of their furniture, but lost by far the reater part of their provisions, clothing,

report good crops of corn and cotton all Irving says that the storm at that point over the county. The grain crops are blew down fifteen houses, killed very fine, especially that of oats. Some persons and wounded about twenty of our farmers have already commenced

last week Pickens White and John twelve others were totally demolished. Thomas, two colored men engaged at The Presbyterian Church, public school work on the railroad bridge over Fishing Creek at Cedar Shoals, became involved Creek at Cedar Shoals, became lavel in a difficulty, in the course of which the former used his knife with fearful effect blown down. A committee with funds, provisions and lumber was left at Chison, provisions and lumber was left at Chison, upon the latter.
Spartanburg Herold: There is more

cotton planted in Spartanburg County this year, and it has a better stand and gives promise of a larger crop, than any

Laurensville Herald: Colonel Lipscomb, during his visit to this county met one of the convicts running about loose" in the road, arrested him, brought him to this place and locked him up. Colonel L. expressed the determination to carry said convict back to the penitenitentiary, where he will be a little more closely guarded. The person who had said convict in his employ made application to Colonel L. to regain possession, but was refused. This may serve as a hint to others in charge of the zebra tribe to be a little more careful in their disci-

pline. Walhalla Courier: The road bed of the Rine Ridge Railroad still continues to be improved. Nine thousand more new cross-ties are being put in position along the road this week. The road by fall will be in first class order, so that rapid transit can be made for freight and passengers......James H. Robins, the Sheriff of Oconee County, fathers the following item of news: He says that after a rain as many as 300,000 whippoorwills may be seen together at any time on and around Whetstone Mountain, in this county.....Mr. J. J. Ansel has invented a cotton chopper. The machine is exceedingly simple and promises to be very We forbear to say more until Mr Ansel files his application for a pat-

Barnwell Sentinel: One of the Penitentiary convicts engaged at work on the Barnwell Railroad escaped from the guard on Monday last about 2 o'clock, and up to this hour has not been captured ..... Severe hail storms visited various portions of our county on Wednesday and Thursday of last week, doing considerable damage to crops..... A little negro child was found dead in a spring near Ellenton last week.

Barnwell People: The treasurer has so far collected about \$2,700—a very small percentage of our taxes.

Greenville Advertiser: Messrs. Dickson & Sheldon, of Fair Play, Oconee County, have purchased a steam engine which propels itself over common roads at the rate of about twenty-five miles per day. It went from Seneca City to Walhalla and thence to Fair Play, where it will be used for sawing lumber.

Beaufort Cresent: John Brown was rought down and incarcerated in jail l'uesday, for the murder of Sam Ber ley, on Mr. Bissell's place, on Combalice. It appears that the two men, (both colored) were employed as ploughmen, and had a quarrel for the possession of some gearing claimed by both, when John Brown struck Sam Beaseley senseless and then stabbed him through the heart with a dagger, killing him instantly.

Beaufort Sea Island News: A point made by the Coosaw Mining Company that dredges were not taxable property was overruled by the board of equalization, and the assessment of two dredges and three washers at \$50,000 was sus-Camden Journal: Daniel P. Johnson

dren was severely burned, and he barely escaped. The fire was the work of an ncendiary. Both his dwelling and his barn were burned last Christmas, and there is every reason to believe that he is thus persecuted because he is a Democrat......We least that a difficulty occurred last Tuesday evening about two miles from town, between Mr. J. L. Mickle and Mr. Henry Smith, in which the latter was cut with a knife very severely on the left arm.

FATAL ACCIDENT .- Another death

from the careless handling of fire-arms is chronicled by the News and Courier. Mr. Diedrick Buhre, of Charleston, was sitting in a chair in his house, when a lad of 10 years, named Lamble, entered and began talking about the target shooting at Hibernian Park the day previous. Buhfe was tenzing the lad, of French extraction, about the French not being able to shoot, when Lamble picked up a Winchester rifle, which leaned in the corner, and appeared to be out of order. He pointed it at Mr. Buhre, when an explosion followed, and Mr. B. fell from the chair, gasped a few times, and died, the ball having passed through his heart. The boy dropped the gun and fled, but was captured by his brother He was so terribly shocked at what he had done and frightened at the conse quences that it was believed he would go into convulsions or lose his mind if he were confined; therefore the coroner committed Lamble to the custody of his brother, to be produced when wanted. The evidence before the coroner shows that the terrible tragedy was entirely ac-cidental. Neither Mrs. Buhre nor her husband knew that the rifle was loaded, and young Lamble is positive he did not cock it. The most probable theory is that the rifle was left at a full cock, and in attempting to lift it to his shoulder the little fellow touched the trigger with the fatal result above recorded. another terrible warning against the careless use of fire-arms, and should be a lesson to those who put aside loaded weapons.

A VETERAN OF THE FIELD AND FORUM.—The sudden death of Gen. James Shields yesterday closes a carcer at once honorable and unique. An Irishman by birth, he has won and worn, in his adopted country, such a succession honors as no other American citizen native or foreign-born, has ever enjoyed At various periods in his life he sented three sovereign States-Illinois, Minnesota and Missouri-in the Nation-Senate, besides having filled many public positions of less prominence. In the Mexican war, he served first as Brigdier, and afterwards as Major General with conspicuous gallantry, and was des-perately wounded, being shot through he lungs. Strange to say, he recovered and was awarded a sword of honor by State of South Carolina, the Palmet to Regiment having formed part of his In the Confederate war, he erved on the Northern side, and shared with Banks and Fremont the distinction of being handsomely whipped by Stoneinclife, until a short time ago, when he vindicate the law. He pleaded with them used to fill the manner from dissouri to fill the manner and the same to give them every assistance in his power to enforce, uphold and vindicate the law. He pleaded with them not to stain his administration. wall Jackson in the Valley of Virginia

ear. He was a man rather of high principle and unflinching bravery than men of America are proud, as they have reason to be, of his splendid record and blamcless life .- News and Courier.

TERRIFIC TORNADO IN KANSAS.-A Atchison, Kansas, dispatch of May 31, says that a terrible rain and wind storm visited Frankfort, Marshall County, Kan sas, lasting over two hours. T. B. Taymore or less damaged. The houses of Messrs. Fox, Cater and Vaughn, three miles from town, were blown down, and the inmates considerably injured. Fox's house and its contents were blown into the river. A messenger just in from persons and wounded about twenty-five. building and Irving elevator were com-pletely destroyed. The east span of the railroad bridge crossing Blue River was on the Central Branch Railroad, this afternoon, to supply the wants of the They know the sweet uses of the bitter sufferers, and another committee is soliciting additional aid.

MOUNT ÆINA AGAIN IN ERUPTION -A dispatch from London dated May 30th says: The eruption of Ætna in creases in force. The quantity of ashes thrown out is less, but the volume of vapor has greatly increased in density. On Wednesday night a number of brilliant balls of fire were thrown to a great height, and burst aloft like rockets, emitting a fiery shower. A stream of lava is flow ing apparently in the direction of the town of Randazzo, but the exact line has yet been verified. During the whole of Wednesday night loud reports like the

rolling of artiflery were heard. CATANIA, May 30.-Fresh craters have opened on Mount Ætna, endangering Bianca, Villa Randuzzo and Castigleone Mount Ætna, endangering Clouds of ashes overhang Piedmon which is in almost total darkness.

ROME, May 30 .- The latest advice from Randazzo report that craters have formed on two slopes of Mount Etna and a double eruption is proceeding. The Aurele and Catania Road is blocked and considerable damage has been done.

ABSCONDING OF D. I. HENDRIX, EX COUNTY TREASURER .- On Friday night, 23d inst., D. I. Hendrix, our late County Treasurer, bought, at Summit, a ticket for Charlotte, N. C., leaving a letter in which he, in substance, stated that, find ing himself unable to make a settlement with the Auditor, he had decided to leave. Since then nothing is known of his whereabouts. From the Auditor we learn that Mr. Hendrix was due \$2.682. 45. He left between \$1,200 and \$1,300 in cash, which is now in the hands of his bondsmen and will be deducted from the above deficiency, leaving him in arrears something over \$1.400. He left a schedule of his property with his bonds men with instructions to sell and apply to the deficiency. We find from the Auditor's duplicate that Mr. Hendrix's total return of property amounts to \$875. His bondsmen hold a meeting to-morrow, at Summit, at which the Auditor will be present.-Lexington Dispatch.

ALLEGED OUTRAGE AND MURDER.-The Camden Journal gives the particulars of an inquest held on the body of a young colored girl near that place, from which it appears that, her sister says. it appears that, her sister says while with her in a plum orehard was attacked by a negro tramp, and her sister going off and returning with help found her dead. However, Dr. Raruch, who made the post mortem examination could find no indications of sudden or violent death. The jury found a verdict

DEATH OF A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE

-Hon. Thomas Jones, member of the House of Representatives from Edgefield, county, died at his residence in John at 11 a'clock Sunday night. He ston's, at 11 a'clock Sunday night. He had been confined to his room almost continually since the adjournment of the Legislature. Mr. Jones was a very prominent and popular citizen of Edgea colored Democrat, living in the Pine-tree neighborhood, had his house and its field, a bright Mason and a gentleman of contents destroyed by fire on Friday sound political views. He morning, the 23d ult. One of his child Ridge Spring on Tuesday. sound political views. He was buried at

A Special Complimentary Excursion Tendered the South Carolina Press Association.

The following letter from Major W. J. Houston, General Passenger and Ticket Agent of the Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line Railway, will explain itself. shows a degree of liberality, enterprise and courtesy worthy of imitation by other railroad companies within our own State:

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, ATLANTA & CHARLOTTE A. L. RAILWAY, ATLANTA, GA., May 20, 1879. Mr. T. C. Crews, President S. C. Press As-

sociation, Laurens, S. C. DEAR SIR: We understand that your association will meet at Spartanburg on June 11th. Presuming that a body of such extended information would like to see more of the country than would naturally fall under observation while en route from their homes to Spartanburg, and as the Atlanta and Charlotte Air Line Railway passes through a section which is now attracting more attention than any other section for beauty of natural scenery, water falls, etc., the man-agement feel particularly desirous of tendering the members of the association and their families a special complimentary excursion to such point on their line as you may designate.

Please do us the honor to reply, and, f possible, arrange before the assembling of the convention the preliminaries, designation point which you may desire to visit, and the approximate number of excursionists, that we may provide ample and comfortable accommodations for the party.

I send herewith a directory to our sum

mer resorts and watering places, which may aid you in making selection. Yours, W. J. Houston, G. P. & T. Agent. Members of the press of the State, whether members of the association or not, will please extend this notice, either

of these articles leave the vessel without caking and the usual waste. Yours truly by reproducing Major Houston's letter or otherwise .- Laurensville Herald.

Trouble in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, May 26, 1879. Saturday and yesterday fourteen men (four whites and ten blacks) were arrested near Murfreesboro on the charge of having been guilty of burglary, robbery, arson and murder. Great excitement has since prevailed, and things have looked rather stormy for the prisoners, the indignation of the public having been stimulated by the confession of John Hall and Burrell Smith that they were together at the killing of Major Pugh about a week ago. Things have taken such a serious turn that, in answer to dispatches from the authorities. Governor Marks went to Murfreesboro this afternoon, and to-night delivered a strong speech, urging the people to join with him in an honest, carnest effort to uphold and enforce the law. The removal of the prisoners to an adjoining county for safe-keeping had been suggested. wanted to confer with and rely upon the people to guard their own prisoners. was chosen United States Senator from Missouri to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Bogy.

Gen. Shields was in his seventieth year. He was a mate rether the late senator Bogy. special term of the Criminal Court for rinciple and unflinching bravery than the purpose of having a criminal trial. Four prominent citizens also made speeches in favor of the law. The crowd

manifested impatience to learn when the Murfreesboro at 10 o'clock. The success of his mission is a question upor which there is a diversity of opinion. MURFREESBORO, TENN., May 27 .- A 11 30 P. M., great excitement prevailed here. Immense crowds were on the streets, expressing a determination to

hang three or four robbers. A whole-sale lynching is expected to occur before THE QUININE MONOPOLY !- Cannot the Southern Congressmen turn their strength to good account by insisting on the repeal of the import duty on quinine About 1,200,000 ounces of quinine are consumed annually in the United States; four farmers have already commenced and that several are missing. The residences of James S. Warden, Mr. Armdenstrand delphia; the import duty is 60 cents an strong, J. Wells, Mr. Thomson and ounce, which amount is added to the quinine manufactured in this country. In this way over \$700,000 go into the pockets of two firms in Philadelphia. commonly supposed to be worth \$10,000, They get this bonus, in addi tion to their regular profits on the manu

facture of the quinine.
Will the Southern members stand it? The ex-Brigadiers know the exact taste and peculiar virtues of quinine and whiskey. They are aware that life without quinine is hardly worth having Free trade in quinine, therefore, will be a popular cry, and, if there is Revolution in demanding it, the Philadelphia jobhers and the Protectionists must make the best of it .- Charleston News and Cou

- By the death of his sister Vice-President Wheeler is left entirely alone in the world, without family, his wife having died at Washington in 1875, and no children ever having been born to him, and without kin, except a solitary cousin, a clergyman, of Pittsburg, who discovered his relationship during the Presidential campaign of 1876.

- The discovery of the extent to which color blindness prevails emphasizes the advantage of adopting some system of railroad signals independent of color. Such a system is now being tried on the elevated railroads in New York, the state of the road being indicated to the engineer by the proposition of the signal, as it is horizontal or vertical, instead of by its color. By using a light at either end and the experiment premises to prove successful, and thus entirely remove one possible cause of accidents

GRANGE DEPARTMENT. Under the Supervision of the Executive Committee of Pomona Grange

Grange No. 71 will meet in their hal on Friday next at 10 o'clock a. m. Brethren will verify their usual punctu ality.

Grange No. 242 will hold its monthly meeting in their hall on Saturday next at 2 o clock p. m. Members are requested to attend promptly. The Executive Committee of P. G. P.H.

met on Saleday and investigated the condition of the order as best we could. Not having a crowd of the members present, we were not able to extend our investigations very generally over our jurisdiction, and therefore adjourned to meet again with Pomona Grange on the 1st Saturday in July next st 10 o'clock a, m, STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

ANDERSON COUNTY. By W. W. Humphreys, Judge of Probate WHEREAS, A. S. Armstrong has applied to me to grant him Letters of Administra-tion on the Personal Estate of Andrew Mitchell Armstrong, deceased. These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors

of the said A. M. Armstrong, deceased, that they be and appear before me in the Court of Protate, to be held at Anderson C. H. on of Probate, to be held at Anderson C. H. on Friday, the 20th day of June, 1879, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forepublication hereof, at 11 o cook in the fore-noon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted. Given under my hand, this 31st day of May, 1879. W. W. HUMPHREYS, J. P.

Assessment Notice.

THE Auditor's Office will be open for re-ceiving Tax Returns of Real and Personal Property in Anderson County for the year 1879, from this date until and in-cluding the 20th of July, 1879. cliding the 20th of July, 1879.

Tax-payers can make their Returns in their own Townships or at the Auditor's office, and we suggest that they remember

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ANDERSON COUN

By W. W. Humphreys, Judge of Probate

WHEREAS, Mrs. M. E. Hale has applied

to me to grant him letters of admin-istration, on the Personal Estate and ef-fects of W. C. Hale, deceased. These are therefore to cite and admon-

ish all kindred and creditors of the said

not be granted. Given under my hand

this 4th day of June, 1879. W. W. HUMPHREYS, J. P.

LADIES,

READ THIS

THE STEAM COOKER which

June 5, 1879 47

the Townships they have property in; also the number of Returns they make, and when they pay their taxes to be sure and call for all the Townships, and to get as many receipts as returns made, which may save cost, penalties and trouble.

THOMAS J. WEBB, A. A. C. June 5, 1879

> Dated May 24th, 1879. MOORE & ALLEN.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF ANDERSON. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Frances S. Riley, Plaintiff, against Clarissa Gaines, William A. Gaines, Tilman R. Gaines, Marshali B. Gaines, Edmund P. Gaines, Lawson P. Gaines, Carrie A. Gaines, Maxwell C. Gaines, Jane Ramsey, David M. Ramsey, Lou Ramsey, Laura Ramsey, Mattie Ramsey, and the State Savings and Insurance Bank of Anderson, S. C., Lefendants.—Stemmons for Relicf—Complaint not served.

To the Defendants Clarissa Gaines, William A. Gaines, Tilman R. Gaines, Marshall B. Gaines, Edmund P. Gaines, Lawson P. Gaines, Carrie A. Gaines, Maxwell C. Gaines, Jane Ramsey, David M. Ramsey, Lou Ramsey, Laura Ramsey, Mattie Ramsey, and the State Savings and Insurance Bank of Anderson, South Carolina:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, at Anderson C. H., S. C., and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the suiscribers at their office, Anderson C. H., S. C., within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesald, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Courfor+herellef demanded in the complaint.

Dated Anderson, S. C., May 20th, A. D. 1879
[SEAL] JOHN W. DANIELS, c. c. P. MURRAY, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

have been advertising is recommended by the following housekeepers who have purchased since my advertisement first ap-"Steam Cooker" to give perfect satisfaction in all the articles cooked, and in rice and hominy it is a decided saving, as the whole

caking and the usual waste. Yours trul Mrs. A. A. FRIERSON. MR. L. H. SEEL-Dear Sir : I am happy to say that the "Steam Cooker" purchased of you has given entire satisfaction. It cooks admirably, and is a desirable addition to the culinary department.

Mrs. G. F. TOLLY. MR. L. H. SEEL-Dear Sir: I have used

the "Steam Cooker," and take pleasure in stating that it gives entire satisfaction. Would not be without it. Yours truly, MRS. L. P. SMITH. MR. L. H. SEEL-Dear Sir: I have suc cessfully used your "Steam Cooker" two months, and I can recommend it to all

housewives. Mrs. LETHE J. RUSSELL. Mr. L. H. SEEL-Dear Sir : I would ad-

vise every lady to buy one of your "Steam Cookers" who has not yet bought. Mrs. WM. BURRISS. MR. L. H. SEEL-Dear Sir: We are using your "Steam Cooker," and are delighted with it.

Mrs. W. G. WATSON. MR. L. H. SEEL—Dear Sir: I am using your "Steam Cooker," and I would not be without it. Mrs. A. B. BOWDEN.

without it.

A NEW and Valuable COOK STOVE. I also now have for sale the new KEROeconomical and convenient culinary arrangement for cooking generally that can be found anywhere. It saves cost in wood, is perfectly safe, and works admirably. It will afford pleasure to have you call and examine it for yourself. I have made a practical test of it, and can recommend it work heartly. In order to present induces most heartily. In order to present inducements to try this arrangement, I will sell a Steam Cooker, Bake Oven and Kerosene Stove at the following

Extraordinary Low Prices : No. 2 at \$7.00; No. 3 at \$10.50; or No. 31 at \$12.00.
Call and see me in West End of Waverly House, Anderson, S. C.
L. H. SEEL. May 29, 1879 46

J. B. CLARK & SON.

MERCHANT TAILORS,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED from New their line, consisting of

Cloths. Doe Skin Cassimeres. Worsted Diagonals, English and - American Suitings, Fancy Cassimeres.

Which are the most beautiful we have ever had the pleasure of exhibiting to our customers before.

Call and see them and select a Suit befor hey are all gone.

We GUARANTEE SATISFACTION, both in style and fit and good work.

We respectfully ask our friends and the public generally to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. April 3, 1879

FOR SALE.

THE Fine, Thorough-bred, Short-Horn American Herd Book registered Bull PRINCE OF GRASS HILL. He was imis a full l'edigree, showing him to b out of the choicest milking strain to be found on the Continent. For further par-ticulars address H. F. W. BREUER, care of Brener & Kohnke, Charleston, S. C. May 22, 1879 45

A CARD.

HAVING completed my course at the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, I respectfully offer my Professional services to the people of Anderson and the surrounding country. SAMUEL M. ORR, M. D.

QUICK SALES

SMALL PROFITS our motto, and we can make it to your interest to call and see us when you are in need of anything. We will sell yo od Goods at low prices.
A. B. TOWERS & CO.,

April 17, 1879 No. 4 Granite Row, FEED CUTTERS. &C. WE have just received another lot of
Brennan & Co.'s superior machines—such as Dexter Feed Cutters and
Corn Shellers, Grain Fans, Cider and Sorghum Mills. The very best.
A. B. TOWERS & CO
April 17, 1879
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STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF ANDERSON. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

W. Stewart, John J. Stewart and Elizabeth Her-ring, Plaintiffs, against Amanda Stewart, Nioma Stewart, et al., Defendants.—Summons for Relief.— Stewart, et al., Defendants.—Summons for Rettef— Complaint Serred.

Fo the Defendants Sally McConnell, Bettle Her-ring, Martina Bobo, Elizabeth Stewart, Mary Stew-art, J. S. Russell, Nancy Crowder, John Russell, Clarissa McKee, Maritta C. Dobbins, Pulo Scott, Martha Ann Day, Mary West and Clarissa Bowie. V7011 are berely summoned and required to an-Martha Ann Day, Mary West and Clarissa Bowie.

You are bereby summoned and required to anony is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office at Anderson Court House, South Carolina, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

The Defendants will take notice that the complaint herein filed is for the confirmation of the proceedings had before the Probate Court relative to the Real Estate of Adam Stewart, deceased.

Complaint filed May 24th, 1879.

MOORE & ALLEN, Plaintiffs' Att'ys.

May 29, 1879 6

W. C. Hale, deceased, to be and appear before me in Court of Probate, to be held at Anderson Court House, on Friday, the 20th of June, 1879, after publication hereol, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said administration should not be cranted. Given under my hand

To the above named Defendants, Carrie A. Gaines and Maxwell C. Gaines:

Take notice that the complaint in this action, in which a summon is herewith served upon you, was fied in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for Anderson County, and State of South Carolina, on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1879, and that the object of the said action is to obtain partition of the Real Estate of Nathanie. Gaines, deceased, containing six hundred and seventy acres to land, situate in the County of Anderson, and State of South Carolina, among the owners thereof, by Commissioners to be appointed for the purpose, or to obtain a sale thereof, to be made, and a division of the proceeds, if a partition cannot be made without prejudice to the interest of the owners, and also to authorize the Master for Anderson County to execute titles to the purcha-Anderson County to execute titles to the purcha-sers of certain tracts of lands sold by the said Nathaniel Gaines in his life time.

MURRAY & MURRAY, Plaintiff's Att's.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY OF ANDERSON. COURT OF PROBATE. COURT OF PROBATE.

James McDavid, Executor of Ann Wil
James McDavid, Executor of Ann Wil
James, Humphrey Williams, John B.

Williams, Ira C. Williams, Harriet Hor
ton, William Clement and wife, Eliza
beth Clement, Joshua Acker and wife,

Matilda Acker, Mary McDavid, Ira C.

Gilgerson, Louis A. Williams, and chil
dren of Laura Ann Calhoun, names and

ages unknown. Defendants.—Summons for

dren of Laura Ann Calhoun, names and ages unknown, Defendants.—Summons for Relief, &c.—Complaint not Served.

To the Defendants as above—

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the petition in this action, of which a copy is filed in the Probate Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said petition on the subscribers at their office, at Anderson Court House, South Carolina, by the 18th of July, 1879, and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the

this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Anderson, S. C., 13th May, A. D. 1879.

EARLE & WELLS, ORR & TRIBBLE,

To the Defendant—
You will take notice that the object of
this action is for an accounting, final settlement of, and discharge from Estate of Mrs.
Ann Williams, deceased. EARLE & WELLS, ORR & TRIBBLE,

W. W. HUMPHREYS. Judge of Probate.

May 15, 1879

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THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. COUNTY OF ANDERSON. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. J. O. Jones and wife, Pallie Jones, Plain-tiffs, against W. B. Millwee, Margaret A.

Tattian, Martha E. Harper, Sophia C. Millwee, et al., Defendants.—Summons for Relief—Complaint not Served.
To the Defendants W. B. Millwee, Margaret To the Defendants W. B. Millwee, Margaret A. Pattian, Martha E. Harper, Mary J. Wilborn, Samuel B. Millwee, Fannie M. Jones and husband, David Jones, Sophia A. Lewis and husband, J. W. Lewis, James M. Millwee, Robert B. Millwee, Sophia C. Millwee, Amaziah Hall and S. S. Newell.

YOU are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this ac-

to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, at Anderson, South Carolina, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 1, 1879.

MOORE & ALLEN,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Anderson, S. C.

Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Anderson, S. C. The Defendants will take notice that the The Detendants will take notice that the complant herein filed is for the purpose of confirming, or legalizing, the proceedings had before the Probate Judge, relative to the Real Estate of Samuel Millwee, deceas-ed, and for such other relief as is demanded

in the complaint. MOORE & ALLEN,

May 8, 1879 Plaintiffs' Attorneys STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF ANDERSON.
COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

James T, Holland and Major C. Holland,
Plaintiffs, against John Holland. Adaline
Holland. Mary Holland, Thomas Holland, Mitta Holland, the children of Marion Holland, deceased, to wit: Annie
Holland and Mamie Holland, A. J.
Stringer and J. B. Lewis, Defendants.—
Summons for Relief—Complaint not Served.
To the Defendants John Holland, Adaline
Holland, Mary Holland, Thomas Holland, the children of Marion Holland, to
wit: Annie Holland and Manie Holland, A. J. Stringer and J. B. Lewis:

You are hereby summoned and required
to answer the complaint in this action, a copy of which is filed in the office
of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas
for Anderson County, and to serve a copy of
your answer to the said complaint on the

your answer to the said complaint on your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, at Anderson, South Carolina, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. Dated May 6, A. D. 1879. JOHN E. BREAZEALE,

To the Defendants John Holland, Adaline Holland, Mary Holland, Thomas Holland and Mitta Holland: TAKE NOTICE that the complaint in this action is for the confirmation of the sale of the Real Estate of William Holland,

deceased, and was filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1879. JOHN E. BREAZEALE, May 8, 1879 Plaintiff's Attorney.

MONEY IN IT!

Brennan & Co.'s superior machines—such as Dexter Feed Cutters and Corn Shellers, Grain Fans, Cider and Sorghum Mills. The very best.

A. B. TOWERS & CO

April 17, 1879

Ry B. M. WOOLLEY, Atlants, Georgia. Reliable evidence given, and reference to C U R E cured patients and physicians. Send for my book on The Habit and its Cure. Free.

Brennan & Co.'s superior machines—superior machines—superior to any days of the Patent Right for COSTON'S GIN SHARPENER, for Pickens, Oconee, Anderson and Abbeville Counties, and for Hart County, Ga., and having formed a copartmership with him for the use of this Patent, I am now prepared to sharpen your gin saws better and cheaper than you have ever had it done before. This Gin Sharpener is superior to any that has been used in this country, and does the work better than it can pessibly be done by hand. I will travel through the country and sharpen your Gins at your houses, or you can

ANOTHER LOT

OF well-selected Goods that will not fail to please the eye and fit the purse. Call early and often. They are going off rapidly.

A. B. TOWERS & CO.

Well-selected Goods that will not fail in your orders at once, and be prepared for the cotton season. I am also prepared to do early other work that may be needed.

B. F. WILSON, Anders m. S. C.

May 22, 1879

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May 22, 1879

ANOTHER LOT