I BELLEVE BENEVE

A Story of the Times, with a Moral.
Old Farmer Brown came into the house,
and wrathfully slaumed the door,
and flooped himself down in the chair,
And dopped his had off the floor. For Farmer Brown was dreadfully wroth, And his dander it was up ; The And he looked around with an angry scowl,

And write tracked the pup. "I'm tired from head to foot," he said,
"And hungry as I kin be!
Fd like to have a monthful to gat

Is dinner most ready?" said he.

The farmer's wife, she was pale and thin;

And hungry and wan was she;

And her dress was a sight to see.

*Your dinner is ready," she meekly said...

And the dodgers is smoking hot,
But I've scraped the meal all out pathemon,
And the last jint's chest from the pet."

He mischief you have!" said Farmer Brown
Heaving a doleful sigh,
Than's plenty of basen and corn in town,
And I've no money to buy."

Then spoke the farmer's daughter, Marier;
And she hadn't spoke before:
"Thar's cotton out under the shed," said she,
"Some dozen bales or more."
"Cotton the death" said Farmer Brown,
It is dreamily wrong to swear,
"It is dreamily wrong to swear,
work." With never a bale to spare.

"Well, then," his daughter up spoke again,
"If that won' do for lead,

• You've got two or in see wagon loads or more
Of Dickson's Prolific Seed."

"Do you think me a beast?" said Farmer Brown,
"I'm neither cow nor steer;
And what if I was? I've hardly enough Of seed to plant this year."

"Thar's guano, lots," she said,
"Thar's twenty sacks full into the barn,
And barrels under the shed."

"Guaret the Lud" sat Farmer Brown,
"I need all the precious stuff,
To put on my cotton land this year,
And then not have enough."

But when the former had eaten his fill, He fell into thought profound, And smoked the topacco which cost at least Some ninety cents per pound.

And then he muttered: "Thar's something wrong
About my farming I swear!
We flon't have even enough to eat,
Nor half enough to wear!

"My mules are almost starving to death, My cows are dreadfully thin; Thar's barely a ear of corn in the crib And nary oat in the bin!

"The times ain't like they once have been, When I was young and spry; We had fat horses and mules in the lot, And fat hogs in the sty.

"My moke-house groaned with meat;
We then had plenty of clothes to wear,
And always enough to eat.

'By jingo! I'll change my habits at once, From woeful experience larn— This year my oction Ull plant in a patch, And plant my fields in corn."

MORAL:

All you whose farms are going to wreck— Who ve neither corn nor meat— Just make the resolve of Farmer Brown, And go for something to eat.

How little down know of our children! We love them, take pleasure in their society, are proud of them, praise them or blame and represide of them, praise them or blame and rehuke them, but understand them we do not and
carnot. It seems strange that we should forget
so utterly. Yet, although we have all passed
through childhood we remember scarcely anything of that which was inmost to us, and the
heart and soul of this age are almost as dark
mysteries as though they concerned the future
state: We come to the duty of training children almost as unprepared for it as the babes
themselves are to battle with the world they
have just entered. Our whole course is conducted in ignorance or in the most imperfect
knowledge, and is often marked by blunders
that would be serious, were it not that they are
overruled from on high.
Parents are thought to be supposed to exag-

Parents are thought to be supposed to exag-erate the gifts of their children; to think bet-ter of them than they deserve; to forecast a career for them greater than they can fulfill. This opinion is a mistake. We believe that the disposition of the average parent is of opposite character, and that it leads him to underrate rather than everrate the worth and capacity of children. The world is full of boasting about supposed signs of precocity. There is no lack of a viration for traits which may strike the fancy as distinguishing one's own from other's children. Yet such boasting and such admiration may exist alongside of an entire unconsciousness of the real powers and real promise of the little one, and may consist with derogation of the little one, and may consist with derogations of the little one, and may consist with derogations of the little one, and descriptions of the little one. tion and depreciation of shem. The traits which please is are most often only eccentricities. They would be harmless if undeveloped, yet, when cultivated, are likely, to become deformities. We can hardly doubt that they are too often nursed at the expense of the better

qualities, of which we never, perhaps, become aware, till it is too late to develop them. Our powers of discernment are limited to the sight of the outward devolopment of the child.
This is imperfect and one-sided. To communicate one's thoughts to others is one of the last and most difficult things to be learned. While an infant is struggling with this art, he has an experience, a mental growth, which we cannot in any degree realize. Knowledge has been flowing to his young mind constantly, from all directions and sources. He has observed, and thought, and studied, and reasoned, and passed through a whole course of mental processes of through a whole course of mental processes of which we are totally ignorant. We never learn what they were, or that they existed. After speech comes, it is still behind thought for many years, for it has to be learned, a word and form at time, from without; while thought has been already for a long time fully under way, and is going on constantly growing upon itself. This is why childhood is such a mystery to us, we can know it only by what it tells us, and it can never tell the half of itself. In the same way, we may account for our forget-fulness of our own feelings as children. They occurred with us before we had words with which to give them shape; as we gained the words, they were rubbed out, as it were by the thoughts that came to be more definitely fixed,

thoughts that came to be more definitely fixed, and are consequently now to us as though they had never been.

"I know, but I can't tell," is the frequent plea of the poor scholar in the school. He never gets credit for the "know," but only a demerit for the "can't tell," and it is a surprise demerit for the "can't tell," and it is a surprise to those who call him stupid to find that he grows op into a capable man after all. The same plea is given in the nursery as the only explanation for some act for which we think punishment must be administered, when, if a full explanation were possible, a very different view of the case might be taken. A vast amount of pain might be saved on both sides if parents were fully able to the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law; and those indebted to said Estate must make payment immediately.

Jan 7, 1875

State of Mrs. Malissa Cosper, deceased, will present them, properly attested, to the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law; and those indebted to said Estate must make payment immediately.

Jan 7, 1875

The same plea is given in the nursery as the only and those indebted to said Estate must make payment immediately.

Jan 7, 1875

Flows if parents were fully able to understand their children, or children fully able to express what they feel and think. Much of it might be saved as it is if parents would reflect how im-

possible it is to get such understanding. Thus, in some of the most important respects, we take care of the insignificant manifestations of our children's character, while we overlook the real trials which are to lie at the foundation of the real trials which are to lie at the foundation of the real trials which are to lie at the foundation of the real trials which are understanding. Thus, we have the content of the real trials which are understanding. Thus, in some of the most important respects, we take care of the insignificant manifestations of our children's character, while we overlook the real trials which are to lie at the foundation of the most important respects, we take care of the insignificant manifestations of our children's character, while we overlook the real trials which are to lie at the foundation of the most important respects, we take care of the insignificant manifestations of our children's character, while we overlook the real trials which are to lie at the foundation of the most important manifestations of the most important manifestations of the most important manifestation of the most important manifestations of the most important manifestations of the most important manifestations of the most important manifestation manifestation manifestati their mandy being, and are surprised to see them grow up different from what we expected

them grow up different from what we expected them to be.

Many parents require too much of their children. They forget that knowledge and character have to be built up one step at a time—"line upon line; precept upon precept, here a little and there a little"—and are prone to act as though they were expected to be the spontaneous growth of an hour. No one knows right and wrong by instinct. He must learn to distribute between them; while he is learning, he is subjected to influences which are as likely to lead him astray as aright, and by which the process is made doubly long and painful. Al ways to avoid the wrong and choose the right is a task to which most men are luneousl. For a child to do it without frequent failures would be a great victory indeed. Yet how little do we consider this fact in dealing with children. How little of that patience and consideration which we exact of them in regard to our own conscious acts, even when in regard to their unconscious acts, even when we are wrong, do we exercise towards them in regard to their unconscious faults.

Besides what we see of it, the child's life is a struggle to maintain himself against misunderstanding and depreciation, to lift himself over the obstacles which our own lack of knowledge may have contributed to put in the way of

his proper development.

The training of children is the most difficult and delicate duty that is imposed upon man. It should be approached with thoughtful study of one's self, with careful self-restraint, and with persistent effort to discover those traits in the child which are not manifest, and to pay them the regard which they deserve.

NOT MUCH OF A MARTYR .- The New York Herald, reverting to Gen. Grant's assertion in one of his messages that he was the vtctim of more slander and abuse than any man in America, does not think he can really claim to be a martyr. It says: "He was elected President at a time when he had no political opinions he was willing to express; all his errors were excused on account of his inexperience in civil affairs; he was again elected, and he was the first President who had his salary raised. the first President who had his salary raised. Nevertheless, Gen. Grant has always considered himself one of the great political martyrs; he made a personal sacrifice when he gave up the Generalship of the Army, a position for life, to oblige the American people by accepting the responsibility of the Presidency; he again sacrificed himself in 1872, and he is willing to endure the same anguish in 1876. In this martyr-like spirit the President has consistenly visited his righteous wrath upon the people who ited his righteous, wrath upon the people who have offended him. The South annoys him by its attempts to govern itself, and he sends an army to govern the South; Louisiana perplexes him, and he disperses its Legislature by the bayonet. He is like one of those martyrs who, when bound to the stake, revenged themselves by working miracles of punishment upon their persecutors."

- "What station do you call this?" said a man, as he crawled out of the debris of a railroad smash-up. "Devastation," replied the urbane conductor.

— Now is a good time to buy thermometers.

They are lower now than they have been since

last spring.

— The happiest women, like the happiest nations, have no history.



NEARLY all diseases originate from Indigestion and Torpidity of the Liver, and relief is always anxiously sought after. If the Liver is Regulated in its action, health is almost invariably secured. Want of action in the Liver causes Headache, Constipation, Jaundice, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Chills, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, bilious attacks, palpitation of the heart, depression of spirits, or the blues, and a hundred other symptoms, for which SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is the best remedy that has ever been discovered. It acts mildly, effectually, and being a simple vegetable compound, can do no injury in any quantities that it may be taken. It is harmless in every way; it has been used for 40 years, and hundreds of the good and great from all parts of the country will vouch for its being the purest and best.

Simmons' Liver Regulator, or Medicine,

Simmons' Liver Regulator, or Medicine, Is harmless, Is no drastic violent medicine, Is sure to cure if taken regularly, Is no intoxicating beverage,
It is a faultless family medicine,
Is the cheapest medicine in the world,
Is given with safety and the happiest results
to the most delicate infant,
Does not interfere with business,
Does not disarrance the system

Does not disarrange the system,
Takes the place of Quinine and Bitters of
every kind,
Contains the simplest and best remedies. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. July 16, 1874 34

CAROLINA COLLEGIATE

INSTITUTE, FOR MALES Anderson, S. C.

THE Exercises of this Institute will be resumed MONDAY, 18th of JANUARY, 1875. It affords to young Ladies every facility for receiving a thorough Collegiate education, and to young Men the same facility for receiv-

ing an Academic education of the highest or-der, or for preparation to enter any of the best Universities or Colleges in the country. TUITION-PER TERM.

Primary Department, -Intermediate Department, --Collegiate Department, --Entranse Fee, --Entranse Fee, - - - Music, (on Piano), - - - German and French, each, Ornamentals, each, - 5 00
It is probable that the rates of tuition for scholars between six and sixteen years of age will be reduced materially by the allowance from the public school fund, as was the case the

past year. Board in private families from \$12.50 to \$15.00 per month, varying according to arrangements made for furnishing washing, fuel, lights, &c. For further particulars, apply for Catalogue

W. J. LIGON, President. Dec 24, 1874

beautiful Stock of New Goods at the Waverly House Corner, just arrived from New York,

For

Sale LOW FOR CASH or COTTON.

The Cheapest Goods

In market. I have on hand a full Stock of BUGGY MATERIAL, Iron, Hardware, Crock-ery, Bagging and Ties, Hats, Caps, Boots

And

Shoes, Bridles, Saddles, etc., etc. Special attention is invited to my stock of CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.

Be Sure

In the Newest and most Fashionable Styles from the prettiest Patterns,

At the Emporium of Fashion,

Where can be found Dress Goods, Prints, Shoes, Hats, Ribbons, Laces, Perfumes, Fancy Goods, and everything which you may need.

With

Every facility for carrying on a first-class Ladies' Store, I hope to give satisfaction to all customers, and invite their attention to the beautiful Goods just arrived. I am also agent

The Celebrated Amercan Sewing Machine,

The best for family use, which I am selling on easy terms. A liberal discount allowed to Clubs purchasing five or more Machines.

Oct 15, 1874. A. REED.

SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.

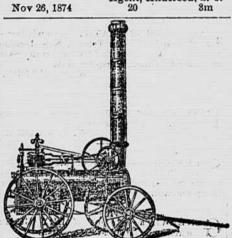
\$46 Cash-\$53 on Time, without Interest.

PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY'S COM-POUND ACID PHOSPHATE of LIME for Composting with Cotton Seed—\$30 Cash—

for Composting with Cotton Seed—\$30 Cash—\$35 Time, without interest.

To accommodate Planters, they can order now and have until 1st April to decide whether they will take at time or cash price. When delivered from Factory by car load, no drayage will be charged. This Guano is now so well known in all the Southern States for its remarkable effects as an agency for increasing the products of labor, as not to require special recommendation from us. Its use for nine years past has established its character for reliable excellence. The supplies put into market this season are, as heretofore, prepared under the superintendence of Dr. St. Julian Rane Nel, Chemist of the Company, at Charleston, NBL. Chemist of the Company, at Charleston, S. C., hence Planters may rest assured that its quality and composition is precisely the same as that heretofore sold.

J. N. ROBSON,
Agent for South Carolina, Charleston, S. C.
JOHN S. REESE & CO., General Agents, Baltimore.
W. S. SHARPE,
Agent, Anderson, S. C.
20 8m



The Above Cut Represents Tozer's Improved AGRICULTURAL ENGINE!

OF which there are now more than a dozen at work in Anderson County.

For further information, apply to N. K. SULLIVAN & CO., Auderson, S. C., or address the understand dress the undersigned.
RICHARD TOZER,

Columbia, S. C.

21 Dec 3, 1874

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF ANDERSON. IN THE COURT OF PROBATE.

WHEREAS, Joseph J. Copeland, who is appointed sole Executor of a paper, claimed to be the last Will and Testament of claimed to be the last Will and Testament of Griffin Breazeale, deceased, has filed his petition in this Court, praying the said paper, of which he is appointed Executor, bearing date the 3rd day of March, 1874, and which he is required to prove in due form of law; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that William Breazeale, Louisa Bennett, and husband, Charles B Bennett, Sarah J Wallace and husband, Augustus Wallace, heirs at law of the late Griffin Breazeale, reside beyond the limits of this State. On motion of John B. Moore, of this State. On motion of John B. Moore, Sol. Pro. Pet., it is

Ordered, That they do appear in a Court of Probate to be holden at Anderson Court House, in the County and State aforesaid, on the 24th day of February, 1875, when proceedings will be had to test the legal validity of said Will, proving the same in due form of law.

Given under my hand and seal, this sixth day of January, A. D. 1875.

W. W. HUMPHREYS,

Ludge of Probate.



THE only DOOR, SASH and BLIND FAC-TORY owned and managed by a Carolinian in this City. All work guaranteed.
WATSON & SON, Agents, Anderson, S. C. Sept 24, 1874

> TOWERS & BROYLES Are offering their

Their Large and Handsome Stock of Goods AT LOW PRICES. Dec 17, 1874

WHY DON'T PEOPLE PAY WHAT THEY OWE US Wonderful Medicine.

Merchandize and Guano.

THE Merchant has to pay for his purchases of Goods promptly. He also has to pay the Farmer promptly for his Cotton and other produce. Will the people not, therefore, DO AS THEY ARE DONE BY—come forward and pay what they owe us. It is to the interest and tluty of people to pay their debts. 'May we not, therefore, expect EVERYBODY to come forward by the First of January, 1875, and pay us up all they owe; and when they go TO DIE, let them DIE EASY and with a CLEAR CONSCIENCE. We NEED our MONEY.

We have still a large STOCK OF GOODS on hand for sale. We allow high prices for Cotton. We are agents for as good FERTILIZERS as ARE MADE. We sell PLOUGHS, COTTON GINS, and many other things.

BLECKLEY, BROWN & CO. S. BLECKLEY.

Anderson, Dec. 10, 1874.

Sept 10, 1874

Lodges, Schools, etc.

New Advertisements. KENMORE UNIVERSITY HIGH SCHOOL,

AMHERST C. H., VA.

AMHERST C. H., VA.

H. A. STRODE, (Math. Medalist, U. Va.,) Principal, and
Instructor in Mathematics, Engineering and Natural Sciences.

H. C. BROCK, (B. Lit., U. Va., recently Asst. Prof.
Latin, U. Va.,) Instructor in Greek, Latin, French and
German. One of the leading High Schools of the State.
New term commences Feb. 1st, 1875. Charge \$150 for
board and suition. References—Hon. C. G. Memminger
and J. E. Adger, Esq., Charleston, S. C. Catalogues mailed
to all applicants.

TEAS-The choicest in the world,—Importers' article—pleases every body—Trade continually increasing. Agents, wanted every where—best indecements—don't waste time—send for Circular to ROBERT WELLS, 43 Vesey Street, N. Y., P. O. Box 1287.

500 PIANOS AND ORGANS

New and Second-Hand, of First-Class Makers, will be sold

at LOWER PRICES for Cash, or on Installments, or for rent, in City or Country during these Hard Times and the

Holidays, by HORACE WATERS & SON, 481 Broadway,

than ever before offered in New York. Agents wanted to

sell Waters' New Scale Pianos, and Concerto Organs. Il-lustrated Catalogues Mailed. Great inducements to the

Trade. A large discount to Teachers, Ministers, Churches

ANOTHER

TURNS OF THOUSANDS, IS OFFERED BY THE POSTPONEMENT OF PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KY. TO

THE 27th of FEBRUARY NEXT, OF THEIR FIFTH

AND LAST CONCERT AND DRAWING. THE MAN-

AGEMENT ARE PLEDGED TO THE RETURN OF

THE MONEY IF THE DRAWING SHOULD NOT

TO HAVE GOOD HEALTH

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Has become a staple family medicine. Purely vegetable— Cathartic and Tonic—for all derangements of Liver, Sto-mach and Bowels. Will clear the complexion, cure sick-heatache, &c. Shun Imitations.

TRY SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.

\$5 a \$20 per day at home. Terms free: Address GEO, STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars Free. P. O. VICKERY & Co., Augusta, Me.

CALL AT THE

CLERK'S OFFICE

AND GET YOUR

MORTGAGES,

WHEN you sell your Cotton, secure your Titles, that your land may not be trespassed

HENRY BISCHOFF & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

AND DEALERS IN

CAROLINA RICE,

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco,

&c., &c., &c.,

197 and 199 East Bay Street,

Sole Agents for South Carolina for the Sale of

OLD VALLEY WHISKEY.

Notice of Final Settlement.

JAMES McLESKEY, Adm'r.

23 🗳

Aug 20, 1874

Dec 17, 1874

CHARLESTON, S. C.

DEEDS.

JOHN W. DANLELS, C. C. P. & R. M. C. 18

LIENS,

COME OFF AT THE DAY NOW APPOINTED.

ONE GRAND CASH GIFT. ONE GRAND CASH GIFT. ONE GRAND CASH GIFT. ONE GRAND CASH GIFT. ONE GRAND CASH GIFT.

25 Cash Gifts, 30 Cash Gifts, 50 Cash Gifts, 100 Cash Gifts, 240 Cash Gifts, 500 Cash Gifts, 12,000 Cash Gifts,

6 Cash Gifts, \$20,000 each. 10 Cash Gifts, 14,000 each. 15 Cash Gifts, 10,000 each.

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST. GREAT HOME-MADE FERTILIZER.

SIMPSON, HILL & CO.

MOBILE E.

We would respectfully inform our customers that our OLD ACCOUNTS from the year 1870 to 1873, inclusive, MUST BE PAID. We have waited long enough. We do not wish to be harsh—but the money MUST COME.

SIMPSON, HILL & CO. Noy 19, 1874

FARMERS, MAKE MONEY BY MANURING YOUR WHEAT WITH

MAPES' SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME

THIS SPLENDID FERTILIZER HAS GIVEN UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION THIS SEASON.

PRICE-Sixty Dollars per Ton, Cash-or on time to 1st January, 1875, Sixty Dollars per Ton, with interest from day of sale at one per cent. per month.

C. A. REED.



Nos. 3 Broad Street and 109 East Bay Street CHARLESTON, S. C.

STATIONERS PRINTERS BINDERS

FIRST-CLASS WORK OUR SPECIALTY, YET, BY USING CHEAPER GRADES OF STOCE.

WE CAN FURNISH WORK AT LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

FINE FASHIONABLE STATIONERY, Piries Paper and Envelopes. Wedding and Ball Invitations ON THE BEST STOCK AND PRINTED IN THE LATEST STYLE.

Sept 10, 1874

250,000 100,000 75,000 50,000 25,000 100,000 150,000 100,000

THE GREAT SOUTHERN DRY GOODS HOUSE

Whole Tickets \$50. Halves \$25. Tenth, or each Coupon \$5. Eleven Whole Tickets, \$500. 275 King Street, Charleston, S. C. For Tickets, or information, address THO. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Oil Cloths,

The Cheapest Dry Goods, Notions,

Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, etc., This Side of New York.

For Prices, see special notice column. Sept 3, 1874

M. GOLDSMITH.

PHŒNIX IRON WORKS. COLUMBIA, S. C.

GOLDSMITH & KIND, FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS

HAVE always on hand Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers for Saw Mills, etc., Saw and Grist Mills, Cotton Presses, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies, etc. Castings of every kind in Iron or Brass. We guarantee to furnish Enin Iron or Brass. We guarantee to lurnish Engines and Boilers of as good quality and power, and at as low rates as can be had in the North. We manufacture, also, the Gaddy Improved Water Wheel, which we recommend for power, simplicity of construction, durability and cheapness. We warrant our work, and assure promptness and dispatch in filling orders.

GOLDSMITH & KIND, Columbia, S.C. May 28, 1874 46

WM. C. BEE & FACTORS

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Adger's Wharf, - - Charleston, S.C. LIBERAL advances made upon consignments of Cotton or other Produce to them in Charleston, or through them to their correspondents in Liverpool, New York and Balti-

more.

320 Particular attention to sale of Upland
Cotton.
Oct 29, 1874

16

4m*

Notice of Final Settlement. TOTICE is hereby given that I will on the

THE undersigned hereby gives notice that he will make application to W. W. Humphreys, Judge of Probate for Anderson County, on Tuesday, 19th of January next, for a Final Settlement of the Estate of Edward OTICE is hereby given that I will on the
20th of January next apply to W. W.
Humphreys, Judge of Probate, for a Final Settlement of the Estate of John Hopkins, Sr.,
deceased, and a final discharge as Executor of Tolaver, deceased, and a Final Discharge theresaid Estate. WILSON ASHLEY, Ex'r.

Dec 17, 1874

THE FAMOUS GLOBE FLOWER SYRUP!

CURES, AS IF BY MAGIC, COLDS, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, OBSTINATE LUNG AFFECTIONS, ASTHMA,

CROUP, BLEEDING OF THE LUNGS. PLEURISY, DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING LOSS OF VOICE, and willcure

CONSUMPTION, As 50,000 grave-robbod witnesses testify. No epison. Nothing poisonous. Delicious to take. The earthly as-

riour, to all afflicted with affections of the Throat and Lungs. Bequenths to posterity one of the greatest blessings, SOUND LUNGS and immunity from CONSUMP-AG- Over one hundred thousand bottles have been used, and not a single fallure known. Thousands of testimo nials of wonderful cures, such as the following, can be

Atlanta, Ga., or will be sent on application, to any who For sale by all Druggists. DR. J. S. PEMBERTON & CO. Proprieters, Atlanta, Con

een at the office of the Proprietors, No. 60 Broad Street

READ! READ! Consumption Cured!

OFFICE OF O. SACKETT, Drugs and Medicines, New Albany, Ind., April 10, 1874. Dr. J. S. Pemberton, Atlanta, Ga .- DEAR SIR: I have re ceived your circulars, and in consequence of the distribu-tion, I have sold about six dozen Globe Flower Syrup in the last two weeks. The Globe Flower Syrup is gaining reat celebrity. I recommended it in two cases of consumption. One case was bed-fast: had not laid on but one side for two years; hemorrhages almost every day; much emaciated, and expected to die. He has taken six bottles of Globe Glower Syrup; his troubles are all gone, except prostration, which is rapidly improving. He will certain-

y get well. The other case is similar, with some good results. I can soud you many testimonials if you want

Yours truly, etc., O. SACKETT.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, ATLANTA, GA., Jan. 26, 1874.

Dr. J. S. Pemberton—Dear Sir: I have used your Globe Flower Cough Syrup myself, and in my family, with benefits so marked as to leave unquestioned the merits of a remedy, which, in my experience, has proved one that excels everything for colds, coughs and obstinate lung affections. I shall always use it with perfect confidence, and recommend it to the public as a remedy which will afford that satisfaction experienced by me and mine.

Nov 26, 1874

Very respectfully yours, JAMES M. SMITH,

Governor State of Georgia,



THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

which can be cured by a timely resort to this standard preparation, as has been proved by the hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. It is acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be the most reliable preparation ever introduced for the relief and cure of all Lung complaints, and is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years. When resorted to in season it seldom fails to effect a speedy cure in the most severe cases of Coughs, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Colds, Sore Throat, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Liver Complaint, Bleeding at the Lungs, &c. Wistar's Balsam does not dry up a Cough, and leave the cause behind, as is the case with ... most preparations, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs, and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston, Masse, And sold by Druggists and Dealers generally.



DR. SIMMONS affirms that this is the very best Liver Medicine to which his name has ever been connected; and we know from the many testimonials that we receive, there is no medicine equal to it for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Chills and Fever, Bilious Croup or Wind Colic, Bilious, Sick or Nervous Headache, and for all other diseases arising from a disordered state of the Liver. For sale by

SIMPSON, HILL & CO., Anderson, S. C.

W. P. CANNON & CO., Williamston, S. C.
COX & GEER, Belton, S. C.
Sept 17, 1874 10 the many testimonials that we receive, there is

THE IMPROVED

Home Shuttle Sewing Machine.

Home Shuttle Sewing Machine.

This Machine does the same kind of work as any high-priced Machine, making the Lock-Stitch, and using a straight needle.

The price of the "Home Shuttle" places it within the reach of all persons who are needing Machines, and can't afford to pay for a high-priced Machine.

We are also agents for the "HOME" MACHINE, than which there is no better high-priced Machine in the country. Both of these Machines are warranted by the company who manufacture them for five years, and if any part fails from any imperfection during that time, said part will be supplied free of cost.

Prices of "Home"—from \$60 to \$125. Prices of Home Shuttle from \$25 to \$80.

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March 5, 1874

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