Rates of Subscription.

Single copies for one year - \$2.00.

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Rates of Advertising.

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Obitinary Rotices exceeding five lines, Tributes of Respect, and all personal communications or matters of individual interest, will be charged for at advertising rates. Announcements of marriages and deaths, and notices of a religious character, are respectfully solicited, and will be inserted gratis.

Under no circumstances will an advertisement be received for insertion in our reading columns.

columns.

An undeviating rule is to require Five Dollars in advance for the announcement of every candidate for office.

Eleminiscence of Hayne and Webster.

Hon. Henry S. Foote devotes one of his reminiscences, now in course of publication, to Senator Robert Y. Hayne, of this State, giving an account of the way in which, as described by himself, he overcame the habit of stammering in youth, and adding a graceful tribute by him to his old antagonist, Daniel Webster. Mr.

Foote writes: Gen. Hayne was of medium stature, well-shaped, and of a singularly animated and mer-curial aspect. His eyes were very bright and dazzling, and of a light hazel color. His countenance wore a very mild and benignant ex-pression. His face was cleanly shaven, and he was elegantly but unostentatiously attired. His manners were marked with a graceful and winning affability which I have never seen sur-passed. I asked him how he had been able to acquire such wondrous facility of expression, and such remarkable capacity for keeping alive the interest of his audience. He answered my queries without any false modesty, and without a particle of vulgar egotism, very nearly in these words: "You give me credit for much facility of expression, and for having success-fully cultivated to some extent the graces of rhetoris display. I shall surprise you, I do not doubt, when I tell you that at sixteen pears of age I was an awkward, stammering boy. I desired to become a lawyer, and was assidnously preparing myself for the legal profession. A youth more ambitious of oratorical distinction than I was I am sure has never lived. But my friends and relatives all joined in urging me to give up the hope of future re-nown as a speaker, and to devote myself to aome other calling better adapted to the slen-derness of my faculties. They told me that it was absurd and ridiculous in one who stuttered so abominably to think of becoming even a tolerable pleader of causes. This mortified me much, but I did desist from the struggle in which I had so zealously enlisted. I thought much of the difficulties of a similar kind which so communicate ideas to the mind of others; that I had heretofore unduly hurried my syllable upon each other, or rather, tried to do so, so that the vocal sounds became inextricably intermingled and hopelessly indistinct, and that every fresh effort had involved me in greater and greater embarrassments. I came at last to the conclusion that the first step I had to take in order to acquire the complete control of my vice was to put my own feelings under the strictest discipline, to habituate myself to sober thought, and to learn the indispensable art of keeping the fervent sensibilities with which I was endowed under thorough command; and after I had done these things in an effectual manner it would then be indispensable that I should strive to enunciate each syllable that I had to utter clearly and emphatically before attempting to emit a succeeding one, and so on that the whole sentence, whether ically before attempting to emit a succeeding one, and so on until the whole sentence, whether one, and so on until the whole sentence, whether long or short, should have passed from my lips. By pursuing this course rigidly for a considerable period of time, I hoped that at last I might accomplish the great object that I was seeking to attain, and that I should become able to speak fluently and without pain either to myself or to others. I practiced constantly upon these ideas, and if I now speak with ease, as you seem to think, I am indebted for my power in this respect to the labors which I have just described. This is so certainly the case that I assure you were I even now to attain and other internal organs, thus unbalancing the whole circulation, and injuring every organ of the body. To prevent cold feet have your shoes or boots of thick, firm leather, water-proof, and be sure that they are not tight. A very tight-fitting boot or shoe radiates the heat as fast as the circulation can provide it. If the boot or shoe is large enough to admit of a good supply of air around the foot, the temperature will be much more easily maintained. Tight stockings and tight garters are also among causes of cold feet. case that I assure you were I even now to attempt to express myself in the rapid manner

national Senate, now nearly half a century ago, and asked him what he thought of Mr. Meister's powers as a speaker. He at once answered that he supposed him, upon the whole, to be the most consummate orator of ith the supposed him is a speaker. The at once answered that he supposed him, upon the whole, to be the most consummate orator of ith the supposed him is a speaker. The at once answered that he supposed him, upon the feet together and pressing them alternately against the footboard, as though you were either ancient or modern times; that his abili-ty as a reasoner, he was confident, had never been exceeded; that his imagination was as fertile and vigorous as that of Milton or Homer; that his humor was both exquisite and abundant; that his knowledge was unlimited; that he had the most happy command of his temper at all times, and that on certain great occasions he had excelled all the speakers that had ever lived, not excepting either Domos-thenes or Cicero. I then saked him what he thought of Webster's manner. He replied that it was always grand and impressive, that he had never heard him utter a word in a careless or vulgar style; that he seemed never to forget his own dignity, or to be unmindful of the character and feelings of others, and that, when thoroughly excited, the sublime grandeur of his thoughts and language derived great additional potency from his noble and soul-moving enunciation, and his few but impressive ges-tures. I then said to him: "But Gen. Hayne, every one in the South admired your speeches on the occasion to which you have been refer-ring more than they did those of Mr. Webster, and it is said that Gen. Jackson was so much

This gentleman, when a member of the United States of Subscription.

This so?" To which he replied: "I believe this to have been true; the people of the South generally approved of my speech, because they believed that I had been defending in it their own local interests and honor. Gen. Jackson own local interests and honor. Gen. Jackson painful disease which deprived him for some admired it because he thought that I had successfully vindicated the Democratic cause, to the support of which his own life had been devoted. But you know that in a few months thereafter, when our nullification experiment had developed its gigantic proportions, and after the memorable contest had occurred in the Senate between Mr. Calhoun and my ancient antagonist, Mr. Webster, Gen. Jackson became so great an admirer of the Senator from Massachusetts that he thought seriously of making him Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States upon the decease of the venerable Marshall. "Be assured, sir," he continued, "I never for one moment have thought of comparing that speech of mine, made in direct as-sailment of Mr. Webster and the old Federal party of old, and to the defence of which I had thought proper to challenge him, to his great and unequalled speech in reply thereto; though it is certain that for a day or two it seemed by many that I had come off victor in the contest."

A Mystery in Maryland.

Late one afternoon in the summer of 1867, while an eastern bound train of the Cumberland and Pennsylvania Railroad was passing at land and Pennsylvania Railroad was passing at Lonaconing Station, Md., one of the passengers coming aboard was a thickly-veiled, handsomely dressed lady, who, with an infant in her arms, stipped abruptly, just after entering a car, as hough suddenly remembering something left behind, and hastily requested the nearest matron to hold the child while she requested to the platform for a moment. The request was made so quickly that the person to whom it was addressed had no time for negative consideration, and, catching some hurried babe to her arms while its owner darted supposably to recover her missing property. Almost simultaneously with the incident the locomotive of the belated train gave a sharp whistle and off started the cars with a swift jerk, peremptorily separating the two adult parties to the infantile transfer. The lady thus summarily left in charge of the human mite was Mr. Goodrich, of Ocean, Cumberland county, on her way home from a friendly visit, and before she could bring her bewildered senses down to a consecutive comprehension of her emberrassing predicament the train was too her emberrassing predicament the train was too ana, on the day before. her embarrassing predicament the train was too far from Lonaconing for any practicable attempt to restore the veiled lady's treasure. She informed the conductor of her dilemma, and at each succeeding station expected a telegram thus promptly to acknowledge his error and weakness, and to express to the honorable Sentrom the bereaved parent; but, as the conductors of the conductor of the conducto each succeeding station expected a telegram from the bereaved parent; but, as the conductor professed himself unable to do anything in the matter, and no telegrams came, the kind matron finally decided to take the baby home with her, and thence institute the proper with her, and thence institute the proper duced a thrill through the whole Senate, and when the two Senators advanced and cordially shook hands, the faces of all the Senators home, any more than while on the cars, was Mrs. Goodrich able to discover what had become of the veiled stranger. Inquiries at Lonaconing, and all along the railroad either way, brought no tidings nor trace of the mysterious momentary passenger, and at last the humane family in Ocean adopted the juvenile imposi-tion as a foster-relative, and rejoiced in the acquisition. Nearly six years have elapsed since then: in that time several supplies of hand-some clothing and monied enclosures have come anonymously and by secret agencies to the Goodrich home for the child; but, until a very recent event, not a hint has been gained of the little one's origin and true name. Some days ago the family had their first revelation on the latter subject from a well known and wealthy citizen of Lonaconing, who, to their mingled amazement and grief, claims the waif of the rallroad train as his grandchild, and demands custody of the same. In their attachmands custody of the same. In their attachment to the youthful charge, now a very pretty, interesting member of the nousehold, the Goodriches refuse to acknowledge the claims of the old gentleman—whose name is given by the Cumberland News as Rittenour—until he has accounted circumstantially for the incident of the cert in 1867 and given such proof of the Demosthenes was reported to have encountered, and of the successful efforts made by him to overcome them. I essayed to find out all the mysteries which belonged to our complex vocal organ. I labored from hour to hour, and from minute to minute, to ascertain the precise nature of those particular impediments to a clear and easy articulation under which I was suffering. I pondered this subject by day, and it was with me the prompter of many a painful and of many a pleasing dream. At length the light broke in upon me. I found that I had never before learned to talk; that I had been suffered all my life to jabber confused and untelligible senue. suffered all my life to jabber confused and untelligible sounds. I learned at last that to speak, in the true sense of the word, was to articulate distinct vocables; that the order of my temperament was such, as well as my ambition, to communicate ideas to the mind of others; that I had heretofore unduly hurried my syllating each other or rather, tried to do so.

amount of sickness are attributed to habitual coldness of the feet. There are few hygienic precepts more important than the first clause of that which says, "Keep the feet warm and the head cool." The large supply of bloody vessels to the brain, and the remote position of the feet from the centre of circulation, show why the head is so liable to be oppressed with accumulated blood, and the feet so chilled by its deprivation. Habitual coldness of the feet means conception of the brain and other internal organs, thus unbalancing the whole circulation, and injuring every organ of the body.

To prevent cold feet have your shoes or boots of thick, firm leather, water-proof, and be sure that they are not tight. A very tight-fitting boot or shee radiates the heat as fast as the circulation can provide it. If the boot or shoe is defined as a statistic formulation and injuring every organ of the body.

To prevent cold feet have your shoes or boots of thick, firm leather, water-proof, and be sure that they are not tight. A very tight-fitting boot or shee radiates the heat as fast as the circulation can provide it. If the boot or shoe is done to habitual coldness of the feet warm and the remote position of the character of the person who had invited him to a seat with him, and misapprehending him to a seat with him, and misapprehen culation can provide it. If the boot or shoe is large enough to admit of a good supply of air around the foot, the temperature will be much more easily maintained. Tight stockings and tight garters are also among causes of cold feet. But when the feet are cold at bed time, in spite of exercise, artificial heat should be resorted to. No one should retire to bed with cold feet without some provision to warm them. which has become so common of late among young men of fiery temperament and of unchastened moral organism, I should inevitably stuffer just as disgustingly as I did forty years ago."

After this interesting recital had closed, I wentured to refer to the great oratorical contest between himself and Mr. Webster, in the national Senate, now nearly half a century ago, and asked him what he thought of Mr. Weighter's rowers as a specific without some provision to warm them. A hot brick, wrapped in several folds of cloth, will keep them warm nearly all night, as will bottles of hot water or bags of sand. These are better than heated flannel, because they are more retentive of heat. But if you are obliged to go to bed with cold feet, do not draw them ago, and asked him what he thought of Mr.

Meight has become so common of late among of exercise, artificial heat should be resorted to. No one should retire to bed with cold feet without some provision to warm them. A hot brick, wrapped in several folds of cloth, will keep them warm nearly all night, as will bottles of hot water or bags of sand. These are better than heated flannel, because they are more retentive of heat. But if you are obliged to go to bed with cold feet, do not draw them up to the body: extend yourself at full length. against the footboard, as though you were walking. In due time they will become warm, if you have blood enough to do it. To cure habitual cold feet, hold them for five minutes in sympathies and efforts were for the South all

> An experienced husband in Lafayette, Ind., sent two switches home to his wife from whom she was to make a selection, but before doing it he changed the tags, putting the twen-ty-five dollar one on the ten dollar switch and vice versa. After a critical examination by herself and lady friends, the choice fell upon that labelled twenty-five dollars, and she decided to keep it, notwithstanding the husband's plain-

morbid thirst common to this season, a small pebble stone held in the mouth will accumulate ly about among the crowds in the corridors. in and it is said that Gen. Jackson was so much persone stone here in the mottal will accumulate the first of your speeches in the saliva in sufficient quantities to fully supply all the parlors, and on the piazza for half an hour, shouth the had it printed on satin for distinguishing among his friends at a distance. Was drinking too much. tribution among his friends at a distance. Was drinking too much.

wife, but in a condition that excited the pro-found sympathy of all who observed him. In the debates which arose in the Senate he was always a close listener, and never failed to take a part when the subject invited the expression of his views and was one in which he call long practice and experience at the bar, in which most of the Senators had graduated, Mr. Davis was frequently provoked in the warmth of discussion to language of a passionate and violent character, which his cooler adversaries would turn to advantage, or make the occasion for placing him in the apparent position of an unprovoked aggresser. But when restored to calmness and reflection, Mr. Davis quickly discovered and always promptly recognized his error, and invariably volunteered atonement therefor or yielded it when demanded of him.

Now, it happened on one occasion in a debate in the Senate, that Mr. Davis selected our own distinguished Senator, J. P. Benjamin, as the object of one of his wrathful and menacing explosions, and hurled at him an offensive and personal invalue. tive consideration, and, catching some hurried cordingly the next day he appeared in that remark about a handkerchief dropped, took the floor, arose and addressed the President in one

These words, delivered in the peculiar, earnest and melancholy tones of Mr. Davis, produced a thrill through the whole Senate, and when the two Senators advanced and cordially shook hands, the faces of all the Senators were lighted up with an expression of cordial sympathy and admiration of the high bearing and magnanimity of the heroic Mississip-

THE ART OF MAKING MONEY .- One great cause of the poverty of the present day is the failure of many people to appreciate small failure of many people to appreciate small things. They say if they cannot have large sums they will not have anything. They do not realize how a daily addition, be it ever so small, will make a large sum. If the young men and women of to-day will only begin, and begin now, to save a little from their earnings, and invest it in some savings bank, and weekly as mostly reads to their mite, they will wear a or monthly add to their mite, they will wear a happy smile of content and independence when they reach middle life. Not only the pile itself will increase, but the ability and desire to increase it will soon grow. Let the clerk and tradesman, laborer and artisan, make now and

the addition of a course shirt, a pair of threadbare trousers, and a little 'backer.' "

DEATH OF A NOTED MAN.—George N. Sanders died at his residence in New York recently, of heart disease, in the 62nd year of his favor of the annexation of Texas. He was Consul at London under Pierce, and Navy Agent at New York under Buchanan. When Douglas was a Presidential candidate Mr. Sandiscomfort, and then dip them in moderately cool water for half a minute and wipe dry. It is useful, also, to follow the foot-bath with a brisk walk or active friction. This should be repeated each evening at bed time.

through the war, and near its close he, with Horace Greeley, attempted to bring about those peace negotiations at Niagara which Mr. Lincoln avoided. Since that time Mr. Sanders has been out of active political life. He was widely known, and gained by his generally widely known, and gained by his generous dis-position and social character many personal friends among his most direct political opponents.

— Long Branch correspondent says that, at one of the principal hotels is a lady so careful of her complexion, which is said to be remarkable in many respects, that she never leaves her room during the day, and has all her meals brought to her. She remains in a darkened keep it, notwithstanding the husband's plaintive protest that he could not afford to pay out more than ten dollars for such an article.

— A correspondent writes that, to allay the The Best Hope of the Intemperate.

Years ago a distinguished advocate of tem-

a condition of great debility and nervous irritability. The mental vigor and spirit of the man would not, however, permit him to absent himself from his place in the Senate. He was, therefore, always in his seat during the sitting of the Senate, to which he would be led by his wife, but in a condition that excited the profound sympathy of all who all the debt. perance, who had spent many years in the cal. Alcoholic disease requires medical treatment. But the moral and religious difficulties a part when the subject invited the expression of his views and was one in which he took an interest. Naturally of a quick temper, always earnest and zealous, and not disciplined by the tions, vows, and pledges, like a stream that has been damned up and then swelled by a great rain until it overflows its banks and breaks down the barriers. Reformed inebriates know what it is to fight this fiend which rages within

truth kept before them, with kindly encourage-ments to seek help from Him who is "mighty to save and almighty to redeem" them. We have known some very striking cases of recovery whose thoroughness and permanence can be attributed only to the power of religious prin-ciple, after all other attempts at a reformation failed. Indeed, this article has been prepared in the light of just such an example, with the hope that it may meet the eyes of some unfor-tunate drunkard, and the Christian friends who

Man judges the inward disposition by the outward acts; God judges of the outward acts by the inward disposition.

 In the olden times in Louisiana, when a

man had a lawsuit, he used to hire a lawyer;

now he has to hire a judge.

— Don't discuss scientific lessons with a lightning-rod man. His arguments are most generally solid and always pointed.

"Who dares to spit tobacco juice on this

car floor?" savagely asked a burley passenger on the Mobile train. "I dare," quietly replied a slender youth, and he did it. "You're the chap I'm looking for," said the ruffian; "give me a chaw."

me a cnaw."

— "I hope, Mrs. Giles," said a lady who was canvassing for a choir at the village church, "you will persuade your husband to join us. I am told he has a sonorous voice." "A snorous voice, marm?" said Mrs. Giles. "Ah, you should have it comin' out of his comin' out of his comin'. should hear it comin' out of his nose when he's

- Once a careless man went to the cellar and stuck the candle in what he thought was a keg of black sand. He sat near it, drinking wine until the candle burned low; nearer and nearer it got to the black sand; near and near-er until at the last the blaze reached the black sand, and-as it was nothing else but sand,

nothing happened.

— An old colored minister, in a sermon on hell, pictured it as a region of ice and snow, where the damned froze through all eternity. where the damned froze through all eternity. When privately asked his purpose in representing Gehenna in this way, he said: "I don't dare tell dem people nuffin else. Why, if I were to say dat hell was warm, some o' dem old rhumatic niggers would be wantin' to start down dar de bery fust frost!"

C. A. REED & CO.

June 12, 1873

GEO. S. HACKER

GREAT

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

WILL be sold at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES from this day to close out my Summer Stock.

No. 4 Granite Row.

July 10, 1873

CLOTHING.

IN order to close out my Stock of SUMMER CLOTHING, prices will be reduced this day. Call soon, or they will be all gone.

A. B. TOWERS. July 10, 1873.

SHOES, SHOES.

A LOT of WOMEN'S SHOES, Nos. 3, 4 and for sale at

\$1 PER PAIR.

Call soon or you will miss a BARGAIN. A Good Stock of other Shoes for sale low by
A. B. TOWERS.
July 10, 1873

INSURANCE COMPANY

CAROLINA

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

ASSETS, - - \$1,100,000.

HON. JEFFERSON DAVIS, President. GEN. WADE HAMPTON,

Vice President, and Superintendent of Atlantic Department. J. D. KENNEDY, State Agent.

WM. S. BROWN, Agent for Anderson County.

DR. P. A. WILHITE,

Medical Examiner. Among its Directors are some of the first business men of the country. We guarantee honesty of management—i. e., speedy settlement of losses. Sept 12, 1872

Notice of Annual Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Board of County Commissioners of Anderson County will be held on the FIRST TUESDAY in SEPTEMBER next, and all persons having bills against the County are hereby notified to deposit the same with the Clerk of the Board on or before the FIRST DAY of September next, and in default thereof, such bills will not be audited at said Annual Meeting.

W. W. HUMPHREYS,

Clerk County Commissioners.

August 7, 1873

5

Landreth's Turnip Seed.

C LOBE, Norfolk, Ruta Baga, Flat Dutch and Seven Top TURNIP SEED, for sale by A. B. TOWERS.

July 31, 1873 4 5

IN PRICES

ANDERSON EMPORIUM

FASHION,

Waverly Hotel Building.

Calicoes from 10 to 12½c. Grenadine, 15 to 60. Piques, 25 to 40.

Dress Linens, 25 to 40,

AND ALL OTHER

Dress Goods proportionally Cheap.

This is no Humbug! We mean what we Say!

PET, ISH Z

CALL and examine our Goods and Prices, and you will be convinced that you can save at least 25 per cent. by purchasing your Goods

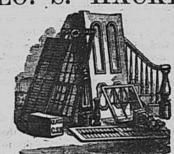
Our stock in Dress Goods is well assorted from the cheapest to the finest fabrics, and our stock in all its branches will be replenished from time to time with everything new and

As it is not always convenient to pay cash for goods, we propose to charge goods to prompt paying customers at cash prices, to be paid for in the fall.

TO ARRIVE.

In a few days we will receive still another invoice of Ladies' and Misses' HATS and MILLINERY GOODS, of the very latest styles; and those who have not yet bought would do well to examine our stock before

C. A. REED & CO.



Door, Sash and Blind Factory, Charleston, S. C.

THIS is as LARGE and COMPLETE a Factory as there is in the South. All work manufactured at the Factory in this city. The only House owned and managed by a Carolinian in this city. Send for price list. Address GEO. S. HACKER,

Post Office Box 170, Charleston, S. C. Factory and Warerooms on King street, op-posite Cannon street, on the line of City Rail-

DOORS, SASH and BLINDS,

MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, STAIR FIXTURES, Builders' Furnishing Hardware, Drain Pipe, Floor Tiles, Wire Guards, Terra Cotta Ware, Mar-ble and Slate Mantle Pieces.

WINDOW GLASS A SPECIALITY.

Circulars and Price List sent free on

White Pine Lumber for Sale.

P. P. TOALE, 20 Hayne and 33 Pinckney Sts., Charleston, S. C.

13 Oct 3, 1872

NEW FIRM.

NEW BUSINESS! For Anderson, though she has long since merited it—yea, more.

THE undersigned have this day entered into partnership in the name of WATSON & SON, for the express purpose of conducting a

General Commission Business.

We tender our sincere thanks to our friends We tender our sincere thanks to our friends and a generous public for liberal patronage the past seventeen years, and we do hope to act in such a way, in this our new business, as to merit a continuance of the same.

Liberal advancements made on everything consigned us on sale.

Office with Lewis & Co., No. 9 Granite Row,

JOHN B. WATSON, L. REED WATSON. March 4, 1873

Anderson, S. C.



This Cut entered according to Act of Congress, in the year
1873, by I. H. HALL & Co., in the office of the
Librarian of Congress, at Washington.

June 26, 1873
51
17



After 30 Years of trial has proved to be the best healing and pain subdu-ing Liniment in the World.

It is recommended with unbounded assurance in all cases of Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains, Rheumatism, Hard Swellings, Bites, Chilbiains, Stiffness of the Joints, Frozen Feet, Fars, &c., &c., among all persons, and for Sprains, Founders, Ringbone, Polifield, Scratches, Wind-Galls, Hoof-ale, Spavins, Springhalt, Saddle, Collar and Harness Galls; also diseases of the Eye and Ear in

Horses, Mules or Cattle.

ure Neuralgis, Theumatism, Gout, Lame Back, Salt Rheum, Poisonous Bites, External Lone and Muscle Affections, Soro Nipples, &c., and may be justly termed the panaces for all

EXTERNAL WOUNDS

FOR Remember, this Liniment did not spring up in a day or a year, producing the most absund and unnatural cures claimed by New-Born and Muscheom Linuxents. But we have the experience of over thirty years of trial, with the most substantial results, and by a multitude of witnesses.

If the Liniment is not as recommended, the

Money will be Refunded. Do not be imposed upon by using any other Lini-ment claiming the same properties or results. They are a cheat and a fraud. De sure and get nothing

Mexican Mustang Liniment. BE-SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND COUNTRY STORES AT 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 per Bottle. NOTICE SIZE OF DOTTLE, STYLE, &C.

LYON MFG. CO

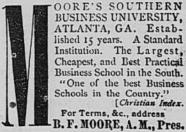


Magnolia Balm

Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is Purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen at felt at once. It does away with the Flushed Appensance caused by Heat, Fatigue, and Excitement. Heals are I remoyes all Blotches and Pimples, dispolling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckies, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded check with

YOUTHFUL BLOOM AND BEAUTY. Sold by all Druggist and Fancy Stores. Depot.



Schools in the Country."
[Christian Index.
For Terms, &c., address
B. F. MOORE, A. M., Pres. June 19, 1873

M. GOLDSMITH. GOLDSMITH & KIND

FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, (PHENIX IRON WORKS,)

COLUMBIA, S. C., MANUFACTURERS of Steam Engines, of all sizes; Horse Powers, Circular and Muley. Saw Mills, Flour Mills, Grist and Sugar Cane Mills, Ornamental House and Store Fronts, Cast Iron Railings of every sort, including graveyards, residences, &c. Agricultural Implements, Brass and Iron Castings of all kinds made to order on short notice, and on the most reasonable terms. short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

Also, manufacturers of Cotton Presses, &c. May 18, 1871