

It will be seen that a Greeley electoral ticket for this State is announced. The election takes place on Tuesday, 5th of November.

A special meeting of the Anderson Baptist Church will be held on next Sabbath, after the usual morning services, with a view to calling a pastor for the ensuing year.

A Radical mass meeting is advertised to take place at Anderson C. H. on Saturday, November 2nd. The meeting is to advance the prospects of Grant and Wilson in this section.

The railroad authorities have recently erected a new bridge over the railroad cut on Main street. The work was badly needed, as the old structure was much dilapidated and considered unsafe by many persons.

The Palmetto Orphan Home, located in Columbia, is making satisfactory progress. The Board of Trustees has selected a lot of six acres, with a spacious house, which will fix the amount for each at \$250. We would be glad to receive contributions for this purpose from any of our citizens.

We are requested to announce that a Charade Entertainment, for the benefit of the Masonic fraternity, will take place on next Wednesday and Thursday evenings. Suitable refreshments for the inner man will likewise be provided, and which can be obtained at reasonable prices. We hope to see a full attendance on both nights, as the corps of performers and programme for the occasion give promise of an elegant entertainment.

It has been suggested that all places of business be closed on Thursday and Friday of next week, so as to give every person an opportunity of attending the Fair. We hope our merchants and business men will take this matter into consideration, and agree upon the time of closing each day. The intermission for a short time could not materially interfere with business operations, and such a course would add interest to the occasion and meet with general approbation.

By arrangement with the Greenville and Columbia Railroad, all articles sent to Anderson for exhibition at the Fair will be charged regular rates of transportation from the point where they are put up on the cars. If taken back to the point from which sent, they will be returned free. Parties desiring to send stock by railroad must give timely notice to agents at their respective depots. Return tickets will be issued to visitors for one fare, which will be good until the close of the Exhibition.

At the recent organization of the State Grange, a resolution was adopted to appoint one Deputy in each County, whose business it will be to organize subordinate Granges. In accordance with this resolution, the Master of the State Grange, Col. Thomas Taylor, has published the list of appointments, from which we learn that Mr. James A. Hoyt has been appointed Deputy for Anderson County.

We are unable to give the complete returns of the vote for Solicitor of this Judicial Circuit. From the statements already received, we conclude that Wm. H. Perry, Esq., has been re-elected by a small majority, probably less than one hundred votes. We shall be gratified to have this statement confirmed by the full returns, as Mr. Perry has discharged the duties of Solicitor with ability and impartiality, opposing none and endeavoring to give justice to all classes of citizens.

The magnificent bridge over Twenty-Three Mile Creek, on the Blue Ridge Railroad, was destroyed by fire on last Thursday night. The fire doubtless originated by a spark from the engine, which passed over the bridge after sundown, as the fire was discovered in the early part of the night. The bridge was sixty feet high, and one hundred and sixty feet long. It was admirably built, being one of the most complete structures of the kind in the State. The railroad authorities have made arrangements to transfer the mails, passengers and baggage around the break, so as to facilitate travel and make the regular connections. A new bridge will be constructed without delay.

The Columbia papers announce the fact that Gov. Scott has removed Edwin F. Gary, Esq., from the position of State Auditor, and has appointed Dr. J. L. Neagle to that office. Mr. Gary publishes a communication in the Phoenix of last Tuesday, exposing the reasons for which he was removed, and showing the probable action of his successor. According to this letter, the State Auditor has persistently refused to levy a tax to pay the interest upon the fraudulent debt of the State, which was to include a levy of three mills on the dollar to redeem \$450,000 of the Blue Ridge scrip, and hence he was forced to give way for a more willing tool and corrupt ally of the Ring. We will publish Mr. Gary's letter next week.

There seems to be a steady falling off in the white vote of this County at every election. It is understood that the census of 1870 gives the total white vote at 2600 and the colored vote at 1450. At the election two years ago, the white vote was only 2073 and the colored vote 1414, making a total of 3487 votes. At the recent election, there were 1866 white persons voted and 1367 colored persons, making a total of 3233 votes. These figures show a decrease of 207 white votes from the election two years ago, and the absence of 784 whites from the polls, if the census of 1870 is correct. The colored vote remains within less than one hundred of its full strength. The indifference and apathy of the white people is no less striking than the persistent voting propensities of the colored population.

The returns are not sufficiently correct to enable us to give the exact complexion of the next Legislature, but it is conjectured that the Senate will be composed of twenty-one regular Republicans, four Bolters and eight Conservatives. There are seventeen white Senators and sixteen colored. The House of Representatives will probably stand as follows: Regular Republicans, 84; Bolters, 20; Conservatives, 20. Two vacancies by death have recently occurred in the Senate, from among the Senators elected two years ago, and one of the candidates for the House of Representatives died just before the election.

In looking over the returns, we are gratified to note the election of several gentlemen, whose presence in the next General Assembly will doubtless give efficiency and strength to the opponents of corrupt legislation. Gen. W. H. Wallace, of Union, Hon. Gabriel Cannon, of Spartanburg, Henry A. Meetez, Esq., of Lexington, besides gentlemen from other Counties who are not so generally known throughout the State, afford a guaranty that the reeking corruption of the past will not be repeated without a vigorous protest at every step. We can only lament that such men are not more numerous in both branches of the General Assembly, from whence we might expect more enlightened and wholesome legislation. There will be many new members in both Houses from the ranks of the Radical party. As a general rule, these men are unknown and untried, and ordinarily it would be harsh to prejudge their actions. But we fear that many of them sought the position from wrong motives and erroneous ideas as to the duties of a Legislator, founded upon the glittering, bewildering success of their predecessors in making hay while the sun was shining. Let us hope, however, that there are enough decent, honest Republicans, white and colored, to unite with the Conservatives in preventing further disgrace and spoliation upon the State.

Both of the amendments proposed to the State Constitution are doubtless confirmed by the people, and it remains to be seen whether or not they will receive the concurrence of two-thirds of the next General Assembly, which is requisite to secure their final adoption. In all the counties, except Georgetown, there appears to be an overwhelming majority in favor of the amendments, and a correspondent of the Charleston News states that the Moses faction furnished the tickets in Georgetown with "No" printed to both amendments. The vote in Anderson County stands as follows: For the Constitutional Amendment, changing the time of election, 2532 votes; against, none. For Constitutional Amendment, Art. 16th, prohibiting creation of a public debt, 2738 votes; against, none.

We have received from the publishers, Messrs. E. J. Hale & Son, New York, the second number of Mr. F. G. De Fontaine's "Cyclopedia of the Best Thoughts of Charles Dickens," which we have heretofore commended to the favorable consideration of our readers. It is a compilation of choice extracts from the writings of the great novelist, and would prove a valuable addition to any library.

We are in receipt of the Premium List of the Fourth Annual Fair of the Abbeville Agricultural Society, neatly printed in pamphlet form at the office of the Abbeville Medical. The Fair takes place at Abbeville C. H., October 30th and 31st and November 1st.

Hon. Ethan Allen, Chairman of the Liberal Republican National Committee, has issued a stirring appeal to the citizens of the United States, setting forth the frauds perpetrated on the ballot-box in the recent Northern elections, and exposing the corruption and profligate expenditure of money by the Grant party. He concludes this earnest invocation for the preservation of liberty and purity of the elective franchise as follows: "Fellow-countrymen, the purity of the ballot-box must be defended or dangers the most momentous threaten the republic. The ballot is the very corner-stone of our national existence. When that fails, ruin envelops all. Unbounded wealth has been the bane of nations before our time. Has this disease by which other States have fallen attacked us at last in the most vital part, the sanctity of the ballot-box? Our people will bow in submission to an honest election, but who shall declare that an Executive chosen by dishonest means, which annuls the popular will, may command popular obedience. Corruption grows with its own success, and as may be expected, let the base deeds of the dominant party be repeated in November, and who shall say that the hour may not be fast approaching when some energetic spirit shall thunder in the willing ear of an outraged nation that physical resistance to such infamy is obedience to God."

"Fellow-countrymen, the remedy is in your own hands. Rebuke those who in open day so shamelessly bring disgrace upon us. Our national security demands your action. The vote is yet in your hands, and the insult to these three great commonwealths may be avenged. In spite of the frauds perpetrated, we have carried Indiana, reduced the vote greatly in Ohio, and lost Pennsylvania only by startling corruption. The future is full of promise. Georgia proclaims in her great majority that the suffering Southern States, in their desire for equal rights before the law, will give 125 electoral votes to Horace Greeley. An honest, Christian sympathy in the North will add to this more than enough votes to make his election sure. There is every cause for encouragement, and every reason to hope for success."

"Let there be no laggard now. He is a traitor who falters as the combat opens. Forward along the entire line, and by an overwhelming victory in November, not only declare for national reconciliation and reform, but at the same time let the lesson be effective and lasting, that money cannot purchase the office of President nor political infamy go unrebuked."

OFFICIAL RETURN OF THE ELECTION HELD ON WEDNESDAY, 16th OF OCTOBER, 1872. Table with columns for House of Representatives, County Commissioners, Sheriff, Clerk of Court, Probate Judge, S. Com., Cor. and various candidates with their respective vote counts.

THOMAS J. WEBB, Chairman Commissioners of Election for Anderson County.

The Vote for State Officers.

Table listing votes for Governor (Reuben Tomlinson 1808, Franklin J. Moses, Jr. 1209), Lieutenant Governor (James N. Hayne 1449, R. H. Gleaves 1260), Attorney General (Macon B. Allen 1473, Henry E. Hayne 1261), Comptroller General (John T. Green 1518, Samuel W. Melton 1261), State Treasurer (J. Scott Murray 1184, Solomon L. Hoge 1260), Superintendent of Education (Benjamin L. Roberts 1368, Justus K. Jilison 1255), Adjutant and Inspector General (Philip Ezekiel 1402, Henry W. Purvis 1274), Member of Congress, 3rd District (Samuel McGowan* 410, Robert B. Elliott 1281), Congressman at Large (Louis E. Johnson 626, Richard H. Cain 1272), Solicitor, Eighth Circuit (William H. Perry 1723, Absalom Blythe 1267).

*Not a candidate.

An Encouraging Sign for the Future.

The Columbia Phoenix, in commenting upon the recent election in this State, evokes a sign of encouragement for the future, namely, the independent action of many colored voters throughout the State. It gives us pleasure to add that this noticeable feature was plainly visible among the colored people of Anderson County, and that we concur with the sentiments of our cotemporary. There is reason to hope that much good will result to the commonwealth, now that the eyes of the blacks are even partially opened to the realties and plundering proclivities of their recent leaders. They are fast becoming convinced that their rights and privileges under the law are fully secured, and that their white neighbors are not at all disposed to interfere or prevent their legitimate exercise. Hence, we unite with the Phoenix in its expression of encouragement and hope:

There is one feature of the State canvass just ended, which we regard as the first hopeful sign yet given of the possible political reformation of our plundered and misgoverned State. We refer to the independence which large numbers of the colored people exhibited at every election in the State since their participation in the rights and privileges of citizenship, they have voted, in a solid mass, the party ticket, without questioning, and, apparently, without caring for the character of their candidates. They had been taught to regard it almost a crime to depart, in the least degree, from the course dictated by their leaguers and conventions. They looked upon their ticket with eyes of idolatrous devotion, and were utterly deaf to all appeals, which might be made to them to alter, or amend it in any way. This time we find their vote fluctuating to a surprising extent, even among the candidates upon the regular ticket. As a general thing, the men of better character have polled the largest vote. At any rate, a preference has been shown, and thousands of the colored people have voted as in their judgment was best, and not simply as their leaders directed. If the Bolters had been elected, the colored people would have been freed at once from the thralldom of party tyranny, and the final redemption of the State assured. As it is, the ice has been broken, and we are firmly impressed with the inspiring faith that South Carolina's night of degradation and misrule is drawing to a close. We shall have an ugly time of it, doubtless, for two years more, and subjected to a taxation far more burdensome than any we have yet experienced. But the feast of the thieves is drawing to a close. There is an outside pressure in the daily increasing public sentiment at the North in favor of a change of the national policy towards the South, and an inside pressure from a large portion of the colored citizens in the State, which the public plunderers who have been despoiling the State for the past four years cannot much longer successfully resist. If the white people remain true to themselves, and true to their State, her redemption is assured, and a future in store for us more glorious than our past. There is no State on the Atlantic coast more admirably situated than our own. We have two fine harbors, large and increasing railroad facilities, the finest climate in the world, fertile soil, large mineral resources, manufacturing advantages of a high order, an active, energetic, high-toned people, in short, every requisite except good government to make a prosperous, happy and great commonwealth. Good government we must and will have if our people remain staunch and true, and will take the necessary steps to insure success. We believe that the best and most capable man in the State can be made Governor at the next election.

The Conservative ticket, headed by Hope for the Senate, has been elected from Lexington over both the Bolters and the Regular ticket. There is a general feeling of encouragement among the whites there as to the result of the election on account of the independence shown by the colored voters. The power of the leaguers seems broken, and it is confidently expressed on all hands that an honest ticket will stand a fair chance in the future.

PROGRAMME

OF THE FIFTH ANNUAL FAIR OF THE ANDERSON FARMERS' and MECHANICS' ASSOCIATION, OCT. 30TH and 31ST, and NOVEMBER 1ST, 1872.

WEDNESDAY.

The Secretary's books will be opened at his office on the Fair Grounds at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of receiving entries, and will close at 6 o'clock p. m. Articles will be arranged for exhibition by the Superintendent of each Department, who will take charge of the articles after they are entered upon the Secretary's books. Entries of live stock only will be received after 5 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, and these entries must be made before 11 a. m. Thursday, at which hour the books will positively close.

THURSDAY.

The gates will be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. The building will be thrown open to visitors whenever the articles have been properly arranged in the several Departments. At 12 o'clock, the Committees will proceed to the examination of all articles on exhibition in their respective Departments. The Horses to be brought forward as called for by the Committee; at the close of the examination, all that are entered on exhibition will be led around the track. The trotting match will then take place—at the conclusion of which, the halter-broke cattle will be led around the ring.

FRIDAY.

The gates to open at 9 o'clock a. m. At 10 o'clock the Committees will make their awards and attach the badges. At 1 1/2 o'clock, the trotting match will take place, to be followed by exhibition of Saddle Horses, after which the Premiums will be distributed, when the Fair will close.

The Liberal Electoral Ticket for South Carolina.

To the People of South Carolina: On the 6th day of November the people of South Carolina, in common with the people of all the United States, will be called upon to elect a President and Vice President to serve for the ensuing four years. The course that has been pursued by the present administration has been so subversive of all local self-government, and hostile to the rights and liberties of the citizen, as to have excited the greatest apprehensions for the safety of our free institutions, and has aroused the intelligent and conservative masses of the nation to a united and determined effort to rescue, if possible, the government from the hands of its present adventurous and unscrupulous rulers, and bring it back to its constitutional bearings. More than this—a alarming and wide-spread has been the growth of corruption in high places as to have tainted all the fountains of public justice, and so reckless the use of corrupt instrumentalities by public officials as to undermine every principle of honor and honesty in the breasts of the people, and prepare the way for the rapid and almost sure decay of all public virtue. To arrest the spread of these evil and dangerous tendencies, and to save to the people the substance as well as form of a constitutional republic, the citizens of all classes and parties have organized a holy, firm, indestructible alliance in behalf of purity in government and sympathy and reconciliation between sections. The cardinal principles of this movement were promulgated from Cincinnati on the first of last May, and solemnly ratified by the Democracy of the whole Union in general convention at Baltimore on the 9th of July. Horace Greeley of New York and Z. Gratz Brown, of Missouri, chosen as the standard bearers of this cause, have been hailed with patriotic enthusiasm by the friends of law, order and well regulated liberty throughout the land. The principles which have been embodied upon our banner in the hopeful words of our illustrious candidate cannot die, but must and will survive even defeat, if defeat were possible. South Carolina, recognizing this as the only movement in the present crisis calculated to overthrow a monstrous centralization, and to secure to the present generation the blessings of a just and free government, has, through a convention of her people, recorded her adhesion and pledged her support to the movement. While we are not permitted to speak the language of assured victory to our people in this State, it is, nevertheless, our solemn duty to adjure them by their enlightened love of country and their devotion to its institutions, to summon to their aid that highest fortitude in man, of fidelity to principles even in the midst of disaster, and rallying around our colors, give to our candidates a manly, a generous and a united support. Animated by the foregoing sentiments, and profoundly sensible of the responsibility devolved upon them, and to insure the action which is recommended, the State Central Executive Committees of the Democratic and Liberal Republican parties, after a joint conference, have determined, under the auspices of the undersigned representing this State in the National Executive Committee of the two parties, to present the People of South Carolina and invoke their suffrages for the following ticket of electors: State at Large—M. P. O'Connor, of Charleston; W. H. Wallace, of Union; S. A. Pearce, of Richland. First District.—W. W. Walker, of Georgetown. Second District.—Johnson Hagood, of Barnwell. Third District.—Simeon Fair, of Newberry. Fourth District.—W. R. Robertson, of Fairfield.

THOS. Y. SMONS, National Dem. Executive Com. S. A. PEARCE, National Lib. Rep. Executive Oom. —The defeat of Horace W. Voorhees for Congress is explained by the fact that the Legislature of Indiana recently re-arranged the Congressional Districts, so as to give a Radical majority in the District so long represented by Mr. Voorhees, and which heretofore was strongly Democratic.

ITEMS—EDITORIAL AND OTHERWISE.

—Willie, the youngest son of Jefferson Davis, died in Memphis last Thursday, of diphtheria.

—Among the attractions of the coming State Fair may be mentioned a steam plough which will be on exhibition.

—Not a single disturbance or interruption of the public peace on election day has been reported from any part of the State.

—The Grand Division of South Carolina (Sons of Temperance) will hold its annual meeting in Columbia on Wednesday, 23rd inst.

—The gin house of Reuben Hay, near Hartsville, was destroyed by fire one day last week; supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

—The grain merchants of Chicago estimate the corn crop of this year at 1,250,000,000 bushels, which is the largest ever raised in the United States.

—Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks is the first Democratic Governor elected in Indiana since 1856. He has three times been a candidate—in 1860, in 1868, and in 1872.

—Gen. J. C. Winans has assumed editorial control of the Carolina New Era, published at Spartanburg C. H. It is a Radical organ, supported by official patronage.

—The gin house of Mr. E. J. Lide, of Darlington, together with its contents, and sixteen bales of cotton, were destroyed by fire on Wednesday morning, supposed to be incendiary.

—Mr. Seward's announcement that "there is a higher law than the constitution," was made in a speech March 11, 1850. It was taken up by his opponents, and became a political proverb.

—The Columbia Phoenix says that Major James H. Morgan, who was seriously wounded in the Melton and Montgomery difficulty, has recovered sufficiently to enable him to ride out in a carriage.

—The military authorities are again making arrests in Laurens county. Six respectable citizens were arrested on Sunday night before the election, for alleged offences against the United States.

—Bowen has carried Charleston County by a majority of 1,011 votes over Mackey for Sheriff. The legislative ticket is made up from both parties, a majority of the members elect being adherents of Bowen.

—The premium of \$500 offered for the best bale of cotton exhibited at the St. Louis Fair was awarded to Capt. T. G. Holt, Jr., of Bibb county, Ga. The second premium of \$250 was awarded to Judge Knott, of the same county.

—The German vote was not fully brought out in Ohio or Indiana in the recent election; but we have assurances that it will be largely increased in both States in the November election, and Greeley and Brown will get the benefit of this increase.

—The death of Lucius Wimbush, Senator from Chester County, is announced. Senator Wimbush's term expires in 1874, and an election to fill the vacancy thus created must be held. It is stated that Judge T. J. Mackey is already a candidate.

—Hiram W. Duncan, Senator from Union County, died at his residence in Unionville on Sunday night, Oct. 13th, of congestive chill, after an illness of five days. It is thought that a Democrat will be elected to fill the unexpired term of the deceased Senator.

—The Union Times says: While Mr. D. A. Thomas was assisting at the election in Santa some scoundrel set fire to his new gin house, and burnt it down, with a bale and a half of seed cotton, fodder, and some valuable machinery. Loss from \$700 to \$1,000.

—The Sumter News says the drought now prevailing throughout that section is becoming serious if not alarming. The dust is exceedingly disagreeable; many wells have become dry and all are failing. There has been no rain of any consequence for three months.

—The official vote of Marion County, all the polls being held from, is as follows: Regular ticket 2402, Bolter ticket 2236; majority for Regular ticket 166. The County Republican ticket is elected by the same majority, the Democrats voting with the Bolters.

—The gin house of Capt. W. S. Moore, of York County, was burned on Tuesday last, with some twenty bales of cotton. The fire was caused by the spindle of the brush wheel becoming heated. The lint room was filled with loose cotton, which burnt like powder.

—Col. Wm. Johnston has resigned the Presidency of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad, which position he filled for seventeen years with energy and tact. His administration has been efficient and successful, frequently illustrating his financial ability and systematic management.

—The Democratic gain in Cincinnati, Ohio, is very encouraging. Hamilton County, which it is, two years ago gave a Radical majority of 2,797; last year of 1,564. It reversed the engine this year, wiped out the 1,564 Radical majority and gave a Democratic and Liberal majority of 5,646 for Secretary of State and 8,876 for Supreme Court Judge.

—The Columbia Phoenix states that a colored man named Jacob Brown, living near Dorn's Mine, in the hauled on the night of election, while sitting in his cabin, because he had refused to go to the polls. The authorities are on the track of the assassins, and it is expected they will be brought to justice speedily.

THE STATE OFFICES AND CONGRESSMEN.

The following is a list of the State officers elected on Wednesday, 16th of October, to serve for the next four years, with the exception of Governor and Lieutenant Governor, whose term of service expires in two years, viz: Governor—Franklin J. Moses, Jr. Lieutenant Governor—R. H. Gleaves, colored. Attorney General—S. W. Melton. Secretary of State—Henry E. Hayne, colored. State Treasurer—Francis L. Cardozo, colored. Comptroller General—S. L. Hoge. Superintendent of Education—Justus K. Jilison. Adjutant General—Henry W. Purvis, colored. The following is a list of the Congressmen elected. With two exceptions, (Cain and Ransier), the delegation remains the same as in the last Congress: State at Large—Richard H. Cain, colored. First District—J. H. Rainey, colored. Second District—Alonzo J. Ransier, colored. Third District—R. B. Elliott, colored. Fourth District—A. S. Wallace. Ex-Governor Perry is probably defeated by a majority of 1,443.

Condition of the Cotton Crop.

WASHINGTON, October 18. The following is a synopsis of the statement of the department of agriculture upon the condition of cotton in October: "The cotton prospect has undergone no serious changes since the September report. The weather has been generally favorable for picking. No violent storms are reported, and the drought has not prevailed the rain fall in nearly all the cotton States exceeding two inches in September. Florida alone reporting fully four inches, and Tennessee three. The devastations of the caterpillar have extended further North, even into North Carolina, and have involved the top crop partially, and in many places wholly. The influence of the drought in the late summer months has been cumulative in its effect, and exhausted vitality is more apparent than in September, yet there are districts which report exemption from this premature decay, and promise enhanced results, the effect of fertilizers in advancing the opening in the Atlantic States. The continued effort of worms is shortening the season of growth and will greatly hasten the close of picking. In some places the crop is already gathered, and in many other the fields will be clean early in November. The general average of condition is reduced from ninety-one in the first week of September to eighty-two in October—in October last year the average was seventy-six, which was a material reduction from that of the present month. It will be seen that the condition is still placed higher than in last year's report for October, while the area, according to the State averages thirteen per cent greater. The State averages are as follows: Virginia 87; North Carolina 90; South Carolina 88; Florida 75; Georgia 88; Alabama 82; Mississippi 78; Louisiana 72; Texas 85; Arkansas 76; Tennessee 90."

Col. John B. Palmer, of Columbia, has been elected to succeed Col. Wm. Johnston as President of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad. The business sagacity of Col. Palmer has been securely established in the various responsible positions which he has already filled with credit and success, and we predict a successful career in the management of this important Railroad.

THE MARKETS.

ANDERSON, Oct. 23, 1872. The cotton market has been brisk and active for the past week, sales amounting to 500 bales. Quotations to-day middling 17. Corn 1.00; Flour \$11 to \$14; Bacon 13 to 16; Peas 1.00.

Tribute of Respect.

WHEREAS, it has pleased the Supreme Architect of the Universe to remove hence our Brother, McFearson Williams, who departed this life at his residence in Anderson County, on the 27th of September last, and whereas, it becomes his surviving brethren to pay a Tribute of Respect to departed worth, as a true and worthy Master Mason, and member of this Lodge. Be it

Resolved, That in the death of our beloved Brother, McFearson Williams, our fraternity has lost a worthy brother and member.

Resolved, That we, the sympathizing brethren addressed, and family of said deceased brother in their irreparable loss, and commend them to the God of the widow and fatherless.

Resolved, As a respect for departed worth, a page of our record book be inscribed, with his name and date of his death.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the Anderson Intelligencer, and that a copy of the same be sent to the family of said deceased.

J. J. ACKER, Secretary.

Letter from J. Clark Bedell, of Charleston.

Mr. JOHN H. CLARKE, Anderson, S. C., Agent for the sale of the Singer Sewing Machines. MY DEAR SIR: Perhaps a few lines in reference to our "affairs" in Charleston might not be uninteresting to you. I am just in receipt of two hundred Singer Sewing Machines, and have an invoice of two hundred more, making four hundred, and yet we are only in our infancy. We hope to do a large business in Sewing Machines after we have become better known.

The people used to know the Old Singer Machine, and that was popular; but after they become more familiar with our "New Family" Machine, we shall doubtless sell more than other Companies together. During 1871 we sold 82,000 more Sewing Machines than any other Company in the year 1870, and we are sure to speak for us. Trusting you will pardon my trespassing upon your time,

I remain yours, very truly,

THE SINGER MANUFACT. CO.

J. CLARK BEDELL, Agent.

Liver Complaint and Biliousness.

Dr. Tait's Liver Pills exert a direct and powerful influence on the Liver, and will with certainty relieve that important organ from disease, and restore its normal functions.

Dr. Tait's Hair Dye Imparts a Glossy Color.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, mouth tastes badly, poor appetite and tongue coated, you are suffering from Torpid Liver or "Biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and so manfully as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Lovelessness on the Increase.—A marked increase of female lovelessness is the eye-delighting result of the immense popularity which HAGEN'S MAGNOLIA BALM has obtained among the ladies of America. Complexions radiant with snowy purity and tinged with the roseate hue of health are commonly met with whenever it is used. For the sallow and unwholesome appearance of the face and neck, which utterly counterbalances the effect of any personal attraction the owner may possess, it substitutes a clear, pearl-like complexion which is such a desideratum in the complexions of women, and renders the roughest skin as soft as Genoa velvet. No one is more astonished than the person using it at the marvellous transformation which it effects in these particulars.

To Neutralize Offensiveness.

In many forms of use disinfecting agents.—Impure breath, caused by bad teeth, tobacco, spirits, or catarrh, is neutralized by SPOONBURY'S "It is a healthful perfume, and a great luxury as a deodorant. The repulsive breath is by its use rendered as fragrant as a rose, and coldness by friends or lovers will no longer noticed.

Spalding's Glue mends everything.

Building Interests.

We again call the attention of our many readers to the advertisement in another column of Builders materials and supplies. To those in want of any of the complexions which are furnished for clients and price lists from the great Southern Factory of these goods, and extensive sales-rooms of builders hardware, marble mantle-pieces, French and American window glass, &c., &c. Address P. P. Toole, 20 Hayne Street, Charleston, S. C.