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ANDERSON C. H., S. C. THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 15, 1872.

Returned.

The editor of this paper returned home last week, and has again entered upon the duties and labors of the sanctum. Although we have enjoyed the brief recreation, and have seen much to admire in other communities, there is a pleasure in being at home and in the midst of friends that counterbalances all other attractions.

In this connection, we cannot refrain from publicly tendering our thanks to J. C. C. Featherston, Esq., for the able and excellent manner in which he discharged the duties of editor pro tem during our absence.

We learn that Mr. Samuel Reid, an estimable citizen of Oconee County, died last Saturday, aged 70 years. He was buried at Walhalla on Sunday.

A bunch of small keys has been left at this office, and the owner can obtain the same on application. The keys were found two or three weeks ago in the street.

We are informed that Mr. Andrew Shearer, of the Rock Mills neighborhood, died last Sunday night, after a brief illness, in the 83rd year of his age. His remains were buried at Providence Church on Tuesday morning.

Preparations are making for the opening of the State Savings and Insurance Bank of Anderson, and in a few days the business operations of the Bank will begin. The Cashier, Mr. J. A. Brock, has arrived in this place, prepared to enter upon the duties of that position. The Bank will be located at No. 6 Brick Range.

The State vs. G. W. Rankin.

In the Supreme Court, on Monday last, an opinion in the above stated case was delivered by Chief Justice Moses, granting the motion for a new trial. Without an arrangement is made to effect a compromise, which we learn is being attempted, we presume that this celebrated action will come up again for adjudication at the September term.

The Working Christian.

This able exponent of the Baptist faith has recently changed hands. Its editor and proprietor, Rev. Tilman R. Gaines, has sold the entire establishment to our friend, Capt. C. M. McJunkin, who will hereafter control its columns. He has secured Dr. J. L. Reynolds as corresponding editor. We trust the Baptists of this State will accord to the new management an united and hearty support.

Anderson Farmers' and Mechanics' Association.

We understand that the President and Directors of the Anderson Farmers' and Mechanics' Association have entered into a contract with Col. F. A. Hoke for the erection of a suitable building in which to hold the approaching County Fair. The building will be completed on or before the 15th of October next. The site for the Fair grounds has not yet been selected, but we learn that a choice will be made shortly from several lots offered for that purpose, when the contract for an enclosure and other buildings will be awarded.

The Fifth Annual Fair of this Association will be held about the usual time, and an enlarged and comprehensive Premium List will be issued at an early day. Subscribers to the capital stock of the Association will be expected to pay the amount of their subscriptions in ample time to meet the obligations now being incurred, and persons having lists are earnestly requested to renew their efforts forthwith towards increasing the capital stock. We trust that the farmers of Anderson will promptly come forward, and by their means and influence secure the permanent success of this Association.

The Saluda Baptist Association.

As previously announced through our columns, this body convened at the Baptist Church in this place on Thursday morning last. The introductory sermon was preached by Rev. J. E. Earle, when the roll of churches was called and an organization effected. Rev. W. E. Walters was elected Moderator; Rev. B. F. Mauldin, Clerk; C. E. Horton, Assistant Clerk and Treasurer. All the churches composing the Association were duly represented. Business sessions were held in the morning and afternoon, and the utmost harmony and kind feeling prevailed. The business was concluded at an early hour on Saturday afternoon, when many of the delegates returned to their homes. There was preaching at the stand—which had been erected near the Drennan spring—on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, and also preaching in the Baptist Church every night. Among the ministers from a distance, we noted the presence of Rev. Tilman R. Gaines, Agent of the Palmetto Orphan Home; Rev. A. W. Lamar, Agent of the State Board of Missions, and Rev. James K. Mendenhall, Agent of the Furman University. Each of these gentlemen presented the claims of their respective interests, and were successful in obtaining pecuniary aid in behalf of the several enterprises named. They likewise preached to large audiences, and on Sunday morning Mr. Mendenhall delivered the Missionary Sermon at the stand, after which a collection was taken up for the various benevolent objects in which the Association is interested.

Good order was maintained, and the throng of visitors was quite a happy accession to our town. The hospitality of our citizens seemed gratifying to delegates and friends, and most certainly the occasion will be pleasantly remembered in our midst.

The next meeting of the Association will be held with Union Church, eighteen miles south of this place, beginning on Thursday before the second Sunday in August, 1873.

The Anderson Meeting.

So far as any expression of opinion has reached us from other quarters, the call for a State Convention on the 28th inst. seems to be regarded as premature. It is evident that the movement cannot practically go into effect, since the time is too short for the various counties to appoint delegates, after thoroughly digesting the proposed scheme; and in the peculiar condition of State politics, there is every incentive to deliberate and prudent counsels among the people. We cannot too calmly and discreetly weigh the effect of every movement at this juncture. The prospect of an irreconcilable split in the Radical party is plainly apparent, and it behooves the Democratic element to be united and ready to form a coalition with any portion of the Radical party promising a decent, respectable and honest government in South Carolina. It was in this spirit, we are informed, that the meeting at this place on Saturday contemplated action, and to that extent we reiterate the approval of this journal. But we coincide with the expression that the call is premature, and might be damaging to the object in view, provided the Radical State Convention could be worked upon to heal any difference in that party and concentrate their strength as heretofore. We think there is time enough, after the full development of plans and purposes by the opponents of thieving and plunder who are within the ranks of the Radical party, to inaugurate a movement that will effectively unite the white people and aid in the overthrow of corrupt officials.

From the Sandwich Islands.

We make the following extract from a private letter received not long ago from Capt. Walter M. Gibson, formerly a citizen of Anderson, and for some years past a resident in the Sandwich Islands:

"Our islands are now in a flourishing condition. Sugar planting is rapidly assuming very large proportions. Owing to the rejection of our proposed Reciprocity Treaty with the United States, which I advocated at Washington, we have, in seeking for new markets, opened up a large and lucrative intercourse with Australia, and gained large accessions of foreign population from the British Colonies, so that the result is now probable that we will become Australianized, rather than Americanized, which latter ought to be the case, had the American Senate given us a proper consideration."

"We take a lively interest in political movements in the States; and I will mention to you, merely as an item, showing the political sympathy of the Pacific, that all former political opinions in the Islands are now united in a cordial endorsement of the nomination of Horace Greeley for the Presidency, and hope for his election. Of course, he was a bitter disturber of the peace in the South, but if he brings peace now, amnesty, and some return to States' rights, I suppose you ought to hail him, in the absence of something better. It would be very curious, though."

The North Carolina Election.

The intelligence that the Democrats had gained a complete victory in North Carolina was heralded over the country last week, and caused much rejoicing at the prospect of another Southern State being thoroughly redeemed from Radical misrule and oppression. But the majority claimed for Merrimon, the Democratic candidate for Governor, was steadily reduced by later returns, until finally the result was announced that Gov. Caldwell had been re-elected by about 1200 majority. The Democrats allege that the most infamous frauds were perpetrated by their opponents, and steps are being taken to contest the election.—Enough is left, however, to make us congratulate the conservative voters of North Carolina, as a large majority of the Legislature just elected are Democrats, and five out of the eight Congressmen belong to the same party. We believe that old Rip Van Winkle will record her vote for Greeley and Brown in November next.

Southern Baptist Theological Seminary.

Our readers are aware that several cities have been in competition for the permanent location of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, which is now located at Greenville, S. C. The Southern Baptist Convention, at its recent session in Raleigh, appointed a committee to determine the location, and the announcement is made that Louisville, Ky., has been selected as the place. The next session, however, will be held in Greenville, beginning at the usual time.

To Liberal Republicans.

Mr. J. Evans Britton, President of the Liberal Republican Club of Charleston, invites a conference of Liberal Republicans in the city of Columbia, on Tuesday next, 20th inst., for the purpose of forming a State Executive Committee, and to organize for a thorough canvass on National and State affairs.

Another Call.

Edward F. Stokes, the champion Democrat of South Carolina, and who signs himself a "member of the Executive Committee of the Democratic party of the United States," has issued a call for "the true Democrats of South Carolina" to meet in Convention in the city of Columbia on Friday, Aug. 23rd, for the purpose of electing delegates to the National Democratic Convention, which will be held at Louisville, Ky., on the 3rd of September. We opine that the Convention will be principally confined to the signer of this call, unless Dr. Ensor could be persuaded to send delegates from the institution over which he presides.

Nominating Convention.

The Pickens Sentinel of last week contains the proceedings of the Democratic Convention held at Pickens C. H. on the first Monday in this month, and we learn therefrom that it is proposed to hold a Nominating Convention at this place on the 3rd of September next, for the purpose of selecting a candidate for Solicitor of the Eighth Judicial Circuit. We append the preamble and resolutions relating to the proposed Convention, which were unanimously adopted, as follows:

WHEREAS, the delegates of the Conservative Democratic party of Pickens County, in convention assembled, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various County offices, feel the vital importance of securing the election of a Democrat to the office of Solicitor of the Eighth Judicial Circuit; and whereas, the Radicals have instructed their delegates from each Judicial Circuit to their State Convention on the 21st inst., to nominate candidates for Solicitor for each Judicial Circuit in the State; and whereas, we feel the impossibility of electing a candidate to that office without a concentration of our forces upon one candidate. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That a Circuit Convention is called to meet at Anderson C. H., on the 3rd day of September next, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the office of Solicitor of the Eighth Judicial Circuit, and that the counties composing said Circuit are requested to send five delegates each to the said Convention.

Resolved, That this Convention, now in session, select five delegates to represent this County in the said Circuit Convention at Anderson C. H., on the 3rd day of September next, and that they be instructed to vote for the nomination of the present incumbent, Col. W. H. Perry, as the choice of the people of this County.

The chair appointed the following gentlemen as delegates to the Circuit Convention, viz: Messrs. R. A. Child, D. F. Bradley, J. R. Holcombe, Jas. M. McFall and R. A. Bowen.

For the Anderson Intelligencer.

To the Afflicted.

HOSEA PATH, S. C., Aug. 6, 1872. I have been an invalid ever since the second year of our late civil war. My whole system dilapidated and nervous structure shattered, perhaps brought on by a long, laborious practice of my profession. In 1862 I had camp fever and dysentery, followed by palsy and rheumatism. This was cured in one year, but left me in a shattered state. I have attended several fashionable watering places, tried medicine, but with little benefit. Recently I visited Williamston Springs, and can with joy exclaim "Eureka," and say with honesty and candor, the water has relieved me and improved my health more than anything fate or fortune has thrown in my path-way for nine years.

The analysis of the water is before you, but the effects of it on the system is what you want to know, and ought to know. I am prepared to detail them. The carbonate of iron builds up and gives tone to the whole physical organization, and by increasing the red globules of blood gives color; also, gives tone to the stomach and bowels. The sulphate of magnesia breaks up constipation, and acts just right on the bowels. (Victims to diarrhoea, don't be afraid of it, it will benefit you.) The iodine and sulphur act as alternatives, and will reach almost any case of impure blood. Some quality about the water acts as a sedative, and brings on most delightful sleep. It also produces buoyancy of spirit. When I arrived at Williamston I was dull and dejected, walked like an old man, and wanted to shun company. Very soon I got to be a pretty jolly fellow, and could walk as straight as any man. I have been home, and my family and friends complimented me so highly on my improved appearance, that I feel taller, younger and bigger than I have since the war. I am now on my way back, in fine spirits. Dear afflicted friends, I know how you feel, I know how to sympathize with you, and I know how to advise you. Come away from your dreary, solitary and melancholy scenes of suffering and affliction. Come to Williamston Springs and get bran new. You will meet a cordial greeting, and get as comfortable quarters, among as nice and as clever people as Carolina affords.

Yours in sympathy,

R. C. BOWEN, M. D.

P. S.—Anybody wanting further information can get it freely, by writing to me at Cokesbury or Williamston.

R. C. B.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—In pursuance of a resolution of the Democratic Convention, held in June last, I do hereby appoint the following named persons to constitute the State Central Executive Committee:

- 1. M. C. Butler, Richland.
2. Wade Hampton, Richland.
3. Thos. Y. Simons, Charleston.
4. M. P. O'Connor, Charleston.
5. F. W. Dawson, Charleston.
6. Jno. S. Richardson, Sumter.
7. S. P. Hamilton, Chester.
8. J. P. Thomas, Richland.
9. Johnson Hagood, Barnwell.
10. W. W. Sellers, Marion.
11. M. W. Gary, Edgefield.
12. Sam'l McGowan, Abbeville.
13. Henry Melver, Chesterfield.
14. W. H. Wallace, Union.
15. W. D. Simpson, Laurens.

The committee has been distributed over the four Congressional Districts of the State, and it is respectfully suggested that the gentlemen named take measures in their respective districts to secure an organization in each county of the State.

W. D. PORTER, President late Democratic Convention.

—Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, of Pennsylvania, has written a letter on the political situation and squarely advocates the election of Greeley and Brown.

For the Anderson Intelligencer.

MR. EDITOR: It is conceded by all that there is a strong feeling among a large portion of our people disapproving of County nominations, and it is in view of that fact, and because of the near approach of the day of election, that I desire a short space in your valuable paper to express my views upon the subject. The result of the elections in this County two years ago, which resulted in the defeat of nearly every candidate of the Reform party, would seem to indicate the uselessness of nominations, but when we consider the political standing of some of the Independents, then professedly Democrats, now avowedly Radicals of the extreme type, it would not be unreasonable to hope for a different result in the approaching election. In 1870 our fellow-citizens in the country were taught to believe that there was a clique in the village, organized for the purpose of monopolizing all the offices, either in their own behalf, or in that of particular friends. The Independents preached that over and over again—not from selfish motives, oh, no! It was to defeat the clique and promote the interests of the country. They also claimed to be as good Democrats as the regular nominees. The people now know whether or not they were sincere in their professions, and it is my belief that they could not be so easily imposed upon another time.

Again, considering the large number of candidates now before the people, with an unknown number yet coming, the most careless observer knows beyond a doubt that the Radicals will fill every office in the County unless some arrangement be made to consolidate the Democratic vote. How is that to be done? It is almost impossible for the candidates to decide who shall withdraw and who shall continue the canvass. Each has his particular friends, and such a course would lead to inevitable defeat. There is no other way under Heaven whereby we can elect Democrats to office in this County than by a convention of the whole people, to nominate and present to the voters of Anderson such men as are known to be acceptable to the masses. Any other course will result in ignominious defeat, because no other course will produce anything like unity among the whites, and without that it is useless to make any contest whatever.

When we recollect that we have a majority of at least a thousand and are then defeated, it is a sad commentary upon the wisdom which guides our action—it is lamentable, it is humiliating. We should never stultify ourselves by claiming an intelligence superior to that of our colored fellow-citizens. They are greatly in the minority, yet their excellent organization and their unity in all political matters enables them to control Anderson County. I have written this in the hope that it may arouse the earnest thought of our people, and that some action may be inaugurated whereby unity may be secured.

The Radical Convention in Greenville.

We are in receipt of the proceedings of the Greenville County Convention, held on Saturday last, with a request to publish in our columns. Fifteen townships were fully represented, and the action of the Convention was united and harmonious. We insert the main portion of the proceedings as follows:

On a ballot for delegates, the following persons were elected:

To the State Convention.—Wm. E. Earle, James M. Allen, James M. Sullivan and F. A. Williamson.

To the Congressional Convention.—Hon. Jas. M. Allen, Hon. Wilson Cook, Thomas Briar and Wm. H. Mounce.

After the election of delegates, Wm. E. Earle, Esq., addressed the Convention at length in denunciation of the present corrupt State Government, and demanding that the party purge itself from the thieves and scoundrels who now rule it, as a duty which they owe to themselves and the country. He then offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted amid great enthusiasm:

That we, the Republican voters of Greenville County in Convention assembled, recognizing Gen. U. S. Grant and Hon. Henry Wilson as true exponents of the National Republican party, heartily approve their nomination as candidates for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency, and do pledge ourselves to their earnest support.

That we profoundly regret the discredit and shame which has been brought upon the Republican party, not only of this State, but of the United States, by the maladministration of the government of this State, by the misconduct of most of the executive officers of this State, by the notorious abuse of their official trusts, and shameless corruption of many of the executive officers, and members and officers of the General Assembly, who, in their capacity of public servants, have wrongfully enriched themselves at the expense of those from whom they derive their power. Among other shameful abuses practiced by these officers, it appears by the sworn statement of Treasurer Parker, that the sum of \$441,899.65 has already been paid out of the Treasury of the State for the expenses of the late session of the General Assembly. At least three-fourths of this amount was wholly unnecessary, and is believed to be illegal. In addition to this sum, there is known to be in the hands of the various County Treasurers of this State, pay certificates to an immense amount, and purporting to have been issued to members and employees of the General Assembly. For this criminal extravagance and patent fraud, Franklin J. Moses, Jr., Speaker of the House of Representatives, is largely responsible. Notwithstanding these facts are well substantiated, this Convention learns with pain and regret that the said Franklin J. Moses, Jr., has announced himself as a candidate for Governor, and has received the endorsement of a few bodies of Republicans, who have declared that his course is acceptable to them.

That the drawing of money from the Treasury under the pretence of the Armed Force Bill, for the purpose of defeating their impeachment by Governor Scott and Treasurer Parker is a betrayal of the confidence of the party, and is conclusive of their utter unworthiness of the positions which they hold.

That the people feel outraged when they contemplate the fraudulent sale of the Blue Ridge Railroad by the Sinking Fund Commission, and the wholesale swindle perpetrated upon them under the name of "Relief," by scheming lobbyists and corrupt legislators, who, claiming to be Republicans, have disgraced the principles they pretended to espouse.

That the so-called "Validating Bill" is equivalent to a confession of "guilt" of the over-issue of bonds by the Financial Board.

That the fact that Democrats have received large sums from the Land Commission, the Sinking Fund Commission and other frauds, is no palliation for the betrayal by public officers of the sacred trusts confided to them. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That there is demanded an entire change in the State offices now filled by men who have proved recreant to their trusts, who have disgraced their party and misgoverned the State.

Resolved, That the delegates elected by this Convention be, and they are hereby, instructed in making their selection of candidates for State officers, to vote only for men of known and tried integrity.

Resolved, That the said delegates be, and

they are hereby, instructed not to support for nomination to any State office F. J. Moses, Jr., nor any member of the Land Commission, the Sinking Fund Commission, or the Financial Board.

A speech was made by Maj. William Stone, who gave a calm and dispassionate account of the condition of affairs, and advised the Convention that the Republican party owed it to themselves to work out the reform which is so much needed. They have it in their power to do it, the men with which to do it, they alone can do it, and the responsibility rests with them.

Several other speeches in a like vein were made, which were enthusiastically received by the Convention.

A resolution was unanimously adopted, declaring the preference of the Convention to be for the re-nomination of Hon. A. S. Wallace as a candidate for Congress.

The delegates to the State Convention were instructed to cast the vote of the County for Absalom Blythe, Esq., as candidate for Solicitor of the Eighth Judicial Circuit.

The proceedings of the Convention were most harmonious, and the entire body acted with a united purpose.

The Radical State Convention.

The Columbia correspondent of the Beaufort Republican gives his impressions about the forthcoming Radical Convention in the following manner, which will prove interesting to persons outside the camp of the Philistines, who are now quarrelling among themselves:

As the day approaches for the meeting of the State convention, the politicians become more and more uneasy, doubtful and bewildered. The numbers, earnestness and industry of the opponents of radicalism in the Republican party has so alarmed the ring that they are ready to promise anything that may be required and are casting about to form a ticket satisfactory to the malcontents. Two months ago this would have been an easy matter. To-day it is too late. Nothing will now satisfy the people but the utter overthrow of the whole horde.

There is no doubt, therefore, that there will be two Republican conventions. The regulars will head their with Chamberlain or Moses, and with Hoge, Parker and Melton for Comptroller, Treasurer and Attorney General. The ornamental offices of Lieut. Governor, Secretary of State, Superintendent of Education and Adjutant General being assigned to the colored element.

The Reformers are generally agreed upon Tomlinson for Governor, Edwin F. Gary for Treasurer, and Wm. E. Earle, of Greenville, for Attorney General. Gen. Warren, of Charleston, is named by some for Superintendent of Education, but Jilison is quite generally named for the place. The balance of the ticket, as in that of the regulars, will be given to colored men, among whom are named Roseman, of Charleston, Henry Cardozo, of Kershaw, and Henry Hayne.

L. Cardozo and Ransier are candidates for Congressman-at-large. Cardozo will easily be able to secure the nomination from the regular convention. Ransier wants a nomination, but wants an election also. He is dreadfully uncertain as to which party will win. He alternately counts both sides. He prefers Congressman-at-large, but would accept a re-election to his present position or would be quite willing to go to Congress from the Second District.

B. F. Whittemore intends to dispute with Rainey for the latter's seat in Congress.—Should he succeed in getting the nomination, Rainey will probably be put on the Reformers' ticket for Lieut. Governor.

From all parts of the State the reports are favorable to an overwhelming defeat of the ring. The Columbia men are slow to believe it, but they have so accustomed themselves to see and hear only the servile slaves who depend upon them for a living, that they are the least informed of any men in the State as to the true drift of popular opinion.

South Carolina Real Estate, Planting and Mining Company.

To the People of the State of South Carolina:

At the last session of the Legislature of this State a charter was obtained by the South Carolina Real Estate, Planting and Mining Company, "for the purpose of securing foreign and domestic capital in the purchase and improvement of lands and other property, and for the working of the same," or, as it is more fully expressed in the fourth section of the charter, "The said corporation shall have power to purchase, acquire, hold, use, work and dispose of real estate in any of the counties of this State, to work and operate mines, to work and operate farms and plantations within the State, and to dispose, generally, of the products of the same."

This company has been duly organized under the charter, and fifteen responsible citizens selected by the stockholders as a board of directors, by whom one of their number, the Hon. William Aiken, a gentleman of the highest repute, both at home and abroad, has been chosen president. At a recent meeting of the board of directors, it was resolved that the undersigned be appointed a committee to lay before the people of the State a prospectus of the company, and to solicit donations of land, or subscriptions to the capital stock of the company, in cash or in lands, in shares of one hundred dollars each.

In presenting this enterprise to your favorable consideration, we are not unmindful of the prejudices against untried experiments, and if your experience in the past, of your condition in the present pointed us hopefully to a prosperous future, we might shrivel. From the task of attempting to produce a population to build up our waste places and restore us to our natural material vigor and vitality. But what are the facts of the case? Seven years of continued exertions have well exhausted our energies, and failed to revive us as a State or resuscitate us as a people. The present condition of the civil affairs of this Commonwealth is lamentable in the extreme, and if allowed to continue forbodes naught but irretrievable ruin to our people and the State. To avert such a destiny is one of the prime motives of the organization of the South Carolina Real Estate, Planting and Mining Company. Our efficiency to improve the condition of ourselves and our people will depend upon the means placed at our disposal.

Combined effort is the popular idea of the times. Stupendous projects are undertaken and successfully accomplished thereby; co-operation surmounts obstacles with apparent ease, that individual enterprise would not dare encounter. Throughout the South combination is daily effecting mighty results for the public weal. Shall we not make an effort to accomplish as much for our down-trodden State? Do not our depleted treasury, our abused credit, our debased officials and the general depression of our people convince us that a change is imperative?

There is a vast amount of unoccupied land in South Carolina. The proprietors would enrich themselves by dealing a moiety of such lands to any company that would settle upon a thrifty, honest, industrious population; for, be they farmers, mechanics, tradesmen or miners, they would enhance the value of the adjacent lands by every improvement made upon their own. In addition to this, they would also share in the profits derived from sales to immigrants, the working of lands that may be placed under cultivation, or such other operations, as mining, spinning yarns, &c., that may be determined on by the company as being to the most advantage.

Any parties disposed to aid this laudable enterprise, by donations or subscriptions of land to the capital stock, will please address either of the undersigned.

- D. WYATT AIKEN, Cokesbury.
GABRIEL CANNON, Spartanburg.
W. W. HARLEE, Mars' Bluff.
WM. M. SHANNON, Camden.
W. M. LAWTON, Charleston.

—Gen. John F. Farnsworth, of Illinois, in a letter to the Secretary of the Republican State Committee, declines to make speeches for Grant and Wilson, and comes out strongly in favor of Greeley, who "will bring peace, good order and fraternal good-will in the South." He thinks it high time we should give our attention to issues which concern the present and future welfare of the country, instead of fighting our battles over again, and repeating the same old, state denunciations. The most wasteful and extravagant use of public funds, with the least accountability of disbursing officers, has marked the administration of Gen. Grant, and there should be a change in order to treat the tendency to federalism and centralization.

—The caterpillar is creating much damage to cotton in Florida.

HYMENEAL.

"MARRIED," at the residence of the bride's father, on Tuesday, 6th inst., by Rev. David Paine, Mr. JAMES W. ESKEW, of Anderson, S. C., and Miss MOLLIE F. WHEELER, of Franklin County, Ga.

At the residence of the bride's mother, on Wednesday evening, 31st of July, by Rev. W. F. Walters, Mr. JOHN A. REESE and Miss SUE CARPENTER, all of Anderson County.

Letter from Hon. John Wilson Approving the Singer Sewing Machine.

ANDERSON C. H., S. C., August 14, 1872.

MR. JOHN H. CLARKE, Agent Singer Sewing Machine:

SIR—Your letter of over a month ago, making enquiry in regard to the performance of the Sewing Machine you left with my family some month or six weeks before, as well as for my opinion in reference to the construction and arrangement of its machinery, came duly to hand. You must, however, pardon me for purposely delaying to answer your enquiries until sufficient time had been given me for fully testing the merits of your Machine.

Now, however, after its having been kept in almost constant operation by the members of my own family and others, for at least three months, being ample time to test its operations, I am now happy to inform you that it has performed admirably, and to my entire satisfaction.

My opinion in regard to the construction and arrangement of its machinery, was, perhaps, as well and fully intimated when I selected your machine in preference to any one of the other machines now in the market for sale, as I could possibly express it by words. It may be well, however, for me to state that in selecting a machine, I was not governed alone by its price, but the simplicity and durability of the machine. In a word, I wanted a machine that could be operated with ease, perform its work accurately, durable and easily kept in order, and one that persons but little skilled in the management of machinery could operate successfully.

Suffice it to say, then, (and without disparagement to others,) that when I purchased your machine, all of those desirable objects were fully attained. Very respectfully,

JOHN WILSON.

August 15, 1872. 6

A Perilous Season.

Glorious and delightful as the Summer weather is, its tropical heat is a severe trial to the vital powers. Even the strongest are sometimes prostrated by its effects. The common phrase applied to this condition of the body is "general debility." Now, general debility arises from, and includes a variety of ailments. The liver is more or less affected, the bowels are either constipated or too much relaxed, the stomach half performs the work of digestion, the appetite is poor, and the spirits depressed. This is what is called general debility. It is a general disarrangement of all the physical functions, and requires as a remedy a medicine that will regulate them all. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is specially adapted to this purpose. Its general operation is confined to a single organ. If the liver is affected, it restores its tone. If the stomach is torpid, it regenerates it. If the nerves are tremulous and weak, it braces and reinforces them. If the mind, which ever sympathizes with the body, is gloomy and despondent, it relieves the difficulty, and soon brings about the whole mechanism of the body into harmony with the laws of health.

There is no civilized nation in the Western Hemisphere in which the utility of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, as a tonic, corrective and antiperiodic medicine, is so well known and appreciated. Throughout the tropics it is considered, both by the people and the profession, the standard specific. While it is a medicine for all seasons and all climates, it is especially suited to the complaints generated by the weather, being the purest and best vegetable stimulant in the world.

Beware of the Bitters made of acid and dangerous materials, which unscrupulous parties are endeavoring to foist upon the people. Their name is legion, and their value is as false as their claims. Beware of cheap imitations. Adhere to the tried remedy, Hostetter's Bitters, sold only in glass, and never in kegs or barrels.

Tetter, Salt Rheum and all Skin Diseases cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

The People's Stamp of Value.

The Government endorsement, which legalizes the sale of Plantation Bitters, is not the only stamp affixed to that famous Vegetable Tonic. It bears, in addition to that official sanction, the stamp of the highest quality of public approbation. This inestimable voucher of its rare properties as a Tonic, Corrective and Alternative, is of much earlier date than the Government credential: for millions of sick persons had pronounced it the Grand Specific of the Age long before Congress thought of taxing proprietors of medicines. It is unnecessary to repeat, in detail, the properties of this wonderful Vegetable Invigorant. The best reference that can be offered to those who desire the full particulars of its virtues, is the General Public. Ask those who have tried it as a remedy for Dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, intermittent fevers, nervous debility, rheumatism, sea sickness, low spirits, or loss of vital power, what Plantation Bitters has done for them, and be governed by the response they make to your inquiries.

Dr. Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues which long experience has proven to possess the most safe and efficient Alternative and deobstruent properties for the cure of Scrophulous, White Swellings, Ulcers, Cancerous and Indolent Tumors, Mercurial and Syphilitic Affections, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Bones, Glands, or of the Womb, Spleen and Kidneys; all the various Diseases of the Skin, such as Tetter, Ringworms, Boils, Pimples, Sore Eyes, &c.; Nervous Affections, Dropsy, and all diseases originating from a depraved state of the blood. Also, many affections peculiar to Females, as Suppression, Irregularity, Leucorrhoea or Whites, Sterility, and all Uterine Dropsy, &c. It is purely Vegetable.

While using Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills, no restraint of diet or occupation is necessary. You may eat or drink as usual. They are purely vegetable.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye leaves no Ridiculous Tints.

AGRICULTURAL. COL. D. WYATT AIKEN, of Cokesbury, S. C., will deliver an address at Anderson C. H. on Thursday, the 22nd August next, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the subject of Agriculture, the State Agricultural Society, the "Rural Carolinian," and more particularly the Patrons of Husbandry. The citizens generally, and the farmers and their families particularly, are invited to be present.