

Anderson Intelligencer.

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 15, 1870.

Rev. A. A. Morse will preach in the Presbyterian Church in this place on Sunday next, at 11 o'clock a. m., and 3 1/2 o'clock, p. m.

We are requested to state that the sale of lots at Liberty Hill, advertised to take place on Tuesday last, was unavoidably postponed.

Every one interested in the prosperity of the Anderson Farmers' Association should attend the meeting on next Saturday, 17th of December.

We learn that Prof. Teal, the neocromancer and ventriloquist, gave a creditable performance at the Masonic Hall on Thursday night last. The audience of ladies and gentlemen were happily entertained.

The State Auditor has issued instructions to County Treasurers throughout the State to proceed at once against delinquent tax payers, by levying upon any personal property found in their possession. All persons in arrears for taxes will do well to look after this matter immediately, and thus save themselves much trouble, vexation and unnecessary cost.

The Columbia Phenix contains an obituary notice of Archibald M. Smith, who died at his residence near Chappell's Depot on Thursday, 17th of November, in the 48th year of his age. Mr. Smith formerly resided at Williamston, and was well known to many of our citizens. He was a warm-hearted, generous man, and endeared himself to all within the circle of his acquaintance.

Greenville Female College.

We are gratified to learn, from good authority, that this institution is in a flourishing condition. Between seventy and eighty pupils are now in attendance. It is under charge of Rev. B. Manly, Jr., and Prof. C. H. Judson, who are devoting their abilities and learning to the advancement of its interests. Young ladies will be received at any time, and there is ample room for additional pupils.

Election of Judges.

On Friday last, the Legislature re-elected J. J. Wright, (colored,) as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of this State. Col. R. F. Graham, of Marion, was also elected Judge of the First Circuit, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge Carpenter. The election of Graham is a reward for his joining the Radical party last summer. He was defeated for the Legislature in Marion.

Business Holiday.

We understand that the merchants of this town have agreed, in response to a petition from their clerks and employees, to close their stores on Monday and Tuesday, 26th and 27th of December instant. By this arrangement, our young men will have an opportunity to enter more fully upon the enjoyment of Christmas festivities; and as the public is now advised of the fact, it will not interfere with business arrangements to any considerable extent. It affords us pleasure to commend the liberality of our merchants in promptly acceding to this reasonable request of their employees.

Nickerson House.

The Columbia Phenix says: "Having recently enjoyed the hospitality of the host of the Nickerson House, we can say that the reputation of the house is fully maintained. A courteous host, attentive servants and good fare are the elements that render this notice a just one."

We take pleasure in endorsing this expression of our cotemporary, and likewise to advise any of our friends visiting Columbia to give friend Wright a trial. He is "the right man in the right place," and keeps everything right about his hotel.

Christmas Festival.

We are authorized to state that a number of amateur musicians and youthful singers propose entertaining the citizens of Anderson during the holidays with something rich, rare and racy! An Oratorio, entitled "The Indian Summer," and performed by a number of persons, is in process of preparation; and circumstances and weather permitting, they hope to appear before a large and appreciative audience on Tuesday evening, December 27th, in Masonic Hall. The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to an enclosure for the Baptist churchyard. Further particulars will be announced next week.

Our Cotton Trade.

The increasing business of Anderson as a cotton market has induced an examination into the facts concerning the shipment of cotton from this depot. The accommodating Agent, O. H. P. Fant, Esq., has furnished us with the following: Number of bales shipped from Anderson Depot from Sept. 1st to Dec. 1st, 1870.....3700 Number of bales on platform ready for shipment Dec. 1st, 1870..... 650 Total number of bales.....4350 This is a large increase over any previous year since the war, and we have no doubt will compare favorably with any market in the up-country. Some of our neighbors would do well to examine the figures before claiming to excel as a cotton market. Our merchants engaged in the cotton trade are numerous, active and enterprising, and steadily maintain the reputation of this market as among the foremost in this region. As a general rule, they pay higher prices than any neighboring town, and this fact is so well understood that wagons are constantly upon our streets from adjoining counties in this State and Georgia.

Masonic.—At the regular communication of Hiram Lodge, No. 68, A. F. M., held on Monday night last, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing Masonic year: James A. Hoyt, W. M. S. M. Pegg, S. W. S. H. Langston, J. W. F. O. V. Borstel, Treasurer. J. Baylis Lewis, Secretary.

An extra communication will be held on Thursday evening next, December 22d, at which the annual installation will take place.

Arrested.

We learn that Messrs. John M. Simpson, Thos. A. Sherard, Claude S. Beatty and A. G. Cook, all prominent and influential citizens of the Dark Corner, have been arrested upon warrants issued by Dr. J. L. Crumley, United States Commissioner, charged with unlawful interference with and exercising undue influence upon colored voters at the election in October last. The information upon which these warrants are predicated was furnished by three colored men of this town, who were sent to the Dark Corner precinct on the day of election, but by whose authority and for what purpose we have not ascertained.

The gentlemen above named have undergone a preliminary examination before U. S. Commissioner Crumley, but so far the evidence does not sustain the charges against them. We are satisfied that this prosecution is based upon prejudice and partisan rancor, not only against the accused, but towards the citizens generally of the Dark Corner, irrespective of race or color, as that locality is thoroughly Democratic and anti-Radical.

It is undoubtedly true that there were fraudulent and illegal practices during the late election in this county, but they were confined to the Radical party, so far as our information extends. Now, that the ball has been set in motion, we think it the duty of every good citizen to lend his aid and influence to ferret out the offenders. Many negroes voted under age and some of them voted twice, while there is abundant proof to sustain charges of intimidation and bribery against many of their leading men. Let a few examples be made, in order to teach a lesson to intermeddling, officious characters.

Election of United States Senator.

The Legislature met in joint assembly on Wednesday last, for the purpose of balloting for a Senator to represent this State in the United States Senate for six years from the 4th of March next. Both Houses balloted separately on the day before, in accordance with the requirements of a United States law, but without resulting in a choice. The election caused much interest and excitement among the Radical majority, as there were several aspirants for the position, and it was freely stated that large amounts of money were used to secure the coveted honors. The principal contestants among the Radicals were Hon. T. J. Robertson and Chief Justice Moses. Cardozo, Delaney and other colored individuals were nominated, and although the question of color was vigorously pushed, it does not seem to have had any decided weight in this contest. The Reform members, and a few moderate Republicans, united upon Gen. M. C. Butler, and gave that gentleman a handsome vote. It was a fitting tribute to his worth and manly endeavors in behalf of the State.

A single ballot in joint assembly terminated the contest in favor of Mr. Robertson. He will, therefore, continue to serve the Commonwealth in the United States Senate. His past course has been mainly conservative, and he bears the reputation of an industrious member. As chairman of the special committee on Political Disabilities, we believe that Mr. Robertson has been liberal in his views and conduct. In the Legislative proceedings, the full vote on joint ballot will be found, to which our readers are referred.

The Laurens Prisoners.

Judge Vernon issued a writ of habeas corpus in the case of the Laurens prisoners, one day last week, requiring the Sheriff of Richland County to bring the prisoners before him at Spartanburg. The Sheriff proposed to obey the writ, and on Saturday morning, accompanied by the prisoners, started to take the train for Spartanburg. On reaching the depot in Columbia, the Sheriff served with a subpoena requiring him to appear as a witness before a Special Committee of the Legislature, at 10 o'clock on that day, and bring with him any orders, writs or judicial papers in his possession, signed by Judge Vernon. This subpoena bore the signature of Joe Crews, Chairman of the Special Committee! The Sheriff submitted, and had the prisoners driven back to the jail. And thus, the mandate of Crews is shown to be more powerful than the writ of habeas corpus, emanating from one of the Circuit Judges of the State! Judge Vernon has likewise been summoned to appear before Crews' tribunal, and is now in Columbia to answer charges against him. In the meantime, the Laurens prisoners are incarcerated upon hearsay evidence, away from their homes, upon the charge of murder. We do not believe them guilty, but there is no doubt that evidence will be procured by Crews from among his minions to obtain a conviction before a packed jury of prejudiced and ignorant negroes, if he can accomplish these nefarious ends.

Telegraph Line.

We are informed that the Greenville and Columbia Railroad contemplates the erection of a telegraph line along the entire route of that Road. It is stated that a contract for four thousand posts has already been made. This move is a good one, as the entire up-country has been suffering a great deprivation for many years for the want of telegraphic facilities, and the public generally will fully appreciate the convenience and improvement. President Bush is desirous of securing the co-operation and assistance of our citizens in this enterprise, and has sent a subscription list to Mr. O. H. P. Fant for that purpose. We would suggest that our citizens should take concerted action upon this subject, and be prepared to sustain and assist the Railroad authorities at the proper time.

Teachers' Convention.

The second meeting of this body will be held in the city of Columbia on Tuesday next, 20th of December. The invitation to attend is extended to all persons desirous of advancing the cause of education in this State. Delegates will be passed over the different railroads for one fare, and will be entertained at the Nickerson House for reduced rates. All intending to be present are requested to notify Mr. Hugh S. Thompson, chairman of the Executive Committee, at Columbia. Prof. J. W. Carlisle, of Spartanburg, who has such a wide reputation as a speaker and writer, will deliver an address on the occasion.

Mail Routes.

The Postmaster General advertises that proposals will be received until March 1st, 1871, for conveying the mails of the United States from the 1st of July, 1871, to the 30th of June, 1875, on the following routes in Anderson county, and by the schedule of departures and arrivals therein specified. Any person wishing to bid for carrying the mails upon these routes can obtain full instructions on application to the Post Office Department. Decisions will be announced on or before the 30th of March next: 5656 From Anderson C. H. by Saddler's Creek and Ford's Store, (Ga.) to Carnesville, 40 miles and back once a week. Leave Anderson C. H. Monday at 6 a. m. Arrive at Carnesville by 7 p. m. Leave Carnesville Tuesday at 6 a. m. Arrive Anderson C. H. by 7 p. m. 5657 From Anderson C. H. by Townville, Oakway and Bachelor's Retreat, to Walton's Ford, (Ga.) 42 1/2 miles and back, once a week. Leave Anderson C. H. Friday at 6 a. m. Arrive at Walton's Ford by 8 p. m. Leave Walton's Ford Saturday at 6 a. m. Arrive Anderson C. H. by 8 p. m. 5658 From Anderson C. H. by Storeville, Stony Point, Muffatsville and Craftsville, (Ga.) to Rockfordsville, 36 miles and back, once a week. Leave Anderson C. H. Friday at 7 a. m. Arrive at Rockfordsville by 7 p. m. Leave Rockfordsville Saturday at 7 a. m. Arrive Anderson C. H. by 7 p. m. 5659 From Belton, by Line Creek, Tumbling Shoals, and Goodjon's Factory, to Laurens C. H., 40 miles and back, once a week. Leave Belton Friday at 6 a. m. Arrive at Laurens C. H. by 7 p. m. Leave Laurens C. H. Saturday at 6 a. m. Arrive at Belton by 7 p. m.

ITEMS—EDITORIAL AND OTHERWISE.

—Wm. Beales, senior proprietor of the Boston Post, died on Thursday last, aged 86 years.

—The Lee Memorial Association of Charleston have received contributions to the amount of \$428 84.

—Wm. M. DeLorme, Esq., one of the oldest and most respectable citizens of Sumter, died on the 6th instant.

—The Prussians sent a flag of truce into Paris announcing the fall of Orleans, and the death of General Duroc.

—The Legislature of North Carolina will impeach Gov. Holden for his crimes and misdemeanors in office.

—The Democrats have elected Mayors of Augusta, Ga., Mobile, Ala., and Boston, Mass. Just to think of Boston!

—Chancellor Johnson, of Marlboro, has removed his office to Marion for the purpose of practicing law.

—The Alabama Legislature has elected Judge Goldthwait, (Democrat,) United States Senator for six years from the 4th of March next.

—From North, South, East and West, there is but one response to Gen. Butler's speech at Boston advising war against England: "Let us have peace."

—The Greenville Enterprise endorses the bill of Col. Warren D. Wilkes, favoring a re-enactment of the Usury Laws, in an able and lengthy editorial.

—The Laurens Railroad was purchased at auction on the 7th inst. for \$104,500. Col. J. P. Patterson, of the Greenville and Columbia Railroad, is the purchaser.

—The centennial anniversary of Freemasonry in North Carolina will be celebrated by the Grand Lodge of that State on the 14th of January, 1871.

—The Prussian cavalry have succeeded in cutting the telegraph wires between several of the French cities. The line between Orleans and Tours has been broken.

—The National Board of Trade has passed a resolution to the effect that the best interests of the country demand a restoration of the specie standard of values.

—The Republican majority this year in New Jersey is exactly the same as the Democratic majority in 1867, that is, 3,423. A curious political incident.

—Speaker Blaine, and other prominent members of Congress, express the belief that the bill repealing the income tax will be passed during the present session of Congress.

—Mr. George E. Isaacs, the well-known conductor of the Greenville and Columbia Railroad, is slowly recovering from the injuries received in the railroad accident on the 10th ult.

—Gen. Jordan has been arrested in New York on a charge of fitting out an expedition and enlisting men for Cuba in October last. He gave \$10,000 bail to answer at the February term of Court.

—"Christmas is coming," says the New York Mail, "but there is no Dickens to beguile us with the recital of its lessons of loving kindness and good-will. How we shall miss the voice of the enchanter."

—The hog crop of East Tennessee is larger this season than it has been since the war. The farmers have been blessed with an unusually large corn crop, a favorable season, and no interference from the ravages of the cholera.

—Another collision on the South Carolina Railroad occurred Saturday morning, by the engine stationed at Aiken, running into the rear car of the up Augusta night train for Charleston, damaging the car, but hurting no one.

—The present census will show that the United States has fifteen cities of more than one hundred thousand inhabitants. There are but three countries that exceed this—the East Indies with twenty-one cities, Great Britain with sixteen, and China with fifteen.

—The Sixteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States has been introduced into Congress, and provides for woman suffrage. It will be known as "sweet sixteen," but the women must acknowledge they are twenty-one years old before they can vote.

—Thomas Young Simons, son of Col. Thos. Y. Simons, of the Charleston Courier, was buried in that city on Wednesday last. His death was caused by the accidental discharge of a weapon in his own hands. He was a promising and amiable youth, and was recently a Cadet at the Yorkville Military Academy.

—Maj. John Harlee, an old citizen of Marion, S. C., died in Robinson County, N. C., on the 30th ult., aged 81 years. Maj. Harlee belonged to an old and distinguished family. He was a Lieutenant under Gen. Jackson, and was noted for gallantry in the war of 1812. He never married, and spent the evening of his life with a relative in North Carolina.

—The war in Europe is believed to be near its end. Severe fighting occurred last week, in which the Prussians were victorious. On the part of France, Gambetta has asked an armistice to enable the National Convention to assemble, and to this body he proposes to submit the alternative of another struggle or peace. It is reported that a council of war has decided to bombard Paris.

—John H. Surratt has written an interesting lecture, confessing his plan for abducting Lincoln, but denying that the Confederate Government had any knowledge of the scheme. He did not credit the first reports of the assassination, which reached him at Elmira, and was amazed when he heard Booth's name connected with it, as the assassination had formed no part of their plan, and it was never spoken of.

—It is stated that the late Wilkes Booth, shortly before the famous events which preceded his death, deposited \$4,000 in a bank at Montreal. None of his family would draw this deposit, and it still remains to his credit. Neither his mother nor brother will receive it, although our authority maintains, it has been offered to them several times. It appears that eventually it will go to the British Crown.

LEGISLATURE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1870.

SENATE.

The Senate met at 12 m. Notices were given of the following bills: By Mr. Greene—A bill to extend the jurisdiction of the Courts of Probate; a bill to amend "An Act to revise, simplify and abridge the rules of practice and pleading."

By Mr. Wilson—Allow judgment debtors to sell or otherwise dispose of their real or personal property, in compliance with certain conditions; a bill supplementary to the Acts "To determine" and "To further determine and perpetuate the homestead."

The report (being unfavorable) of the Committee on Charitable Institutions, on a resolution to authorize the President to appoint a Standing Committee of Five on the Lunatic Asylum, was read and taken up for consideration.

Pending the consideration of the report, a message was received from the Governor, which was made the special order for this day, at 2 p. m.

The consideration of the report of the committee was then resumed, and the report agreed to, and the resolution ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Whitmore introduced the following resolution: That the Committee on Charitable Institutions be required to investigate all matters pertaining to the same, and report immediately. Ordered for consideration on Monday next.

A bill to provide for the construction and keeping in repair of public highways and roads, was read and referred to the Committee on Roads, Bridges and Ferries.

The Committee on the Judiciary introduced a bill to amend "An Act to provide a mode to perpetuate testimony in relation to deeds and other papers destroyed or lost during the late war," and on a bill to vest the title of the State in a lot of land in the village of Orangeburg, in the purchasers who shall pay for the same under a sale by decree of the Probate Court of Charleston County, were read the first time and ordered for a second reading and consideration on Monday next, and to be printed.

A resolution to authorize the Committee on Privileges and Elections to send for persons and papers in the contested election case of P. B. Tompkins vs. F. A. Clinton, Senator from Lancaster County, was taken up, and its consideration postponed till Monday.

A resolution requesting the Secretary of State to forward to the Senate election returns for Senator, from Charleston County, was adopted.

A resolution to direct the Committee on Privileges and Elections to inquire as to the eligibility of D. T. Corbin to a seat in the Senate, was made the special order for Tuesday next, at 1 p. m.

A resolution by Mr. Whitmore was adopted, that the Senate and House of Representatives enter into a joint assembly, to elect an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court and a Judge of the First Circuit, at 2:30 p. m., this day.

A resolution to appoint a committee of three to examine the account of the State Treasurer, was laid on the table.

A bill to provide a salary for the Lieutenant-Governor, was taken up for consideration. Mr. Swails moved to amend the first section, by substituting \$3,000 for \$2,500, which was not agreed to. The bill was read and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

At 2 p. m., the Senate went into executive session.

After the disposal of executive business, the Senate resumed business.

A joint resolution to provide for the adjustment of the Fire Loan debt, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

The report of the Committee on Education on a bill to amend "An Act to establish a system of Free Common Schools," was made the special order for Monday next, at 1:30 p. m.

The report of the Committee on Education on a House concurrent resolution to investigate the claims of school teachers, was taken up and the resolution ordered to lie on the table.

A bill to repeal so much of the Act of 1839 as prohibits Clerks of Courts from acting as Attorneys and Solicitors in said Courts, was read and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A bill to repeal the bastardy laws was read and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A bill to provide for the creation and regulation of independent Agricultural Societies was read and referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

The report of the Committee on Privileges and Elections on a resolution of inquiry as to vacant seats in the Senate for Abbeville, Charleston and Georgetown Counties, was recommended to that Committee, with instructions to report separately on said vacancies.

A bill to amend "An Act to amend the charter of the City of Greenville," was taken up and its further consideration was postponed to Monday next.

A bill to amend "An Act to regulate the fees of Probate Judges and other officers," was read and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A bill to provide for the protection of personal property and the public peace and to take real estate for the expense of the same, was read and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred the resolution of Hon. George F. McIntyre, asking the appointment of a special committee to investigate the accounts of N. G. Parker, State Treasurer; also, the accounts of the Land Commissioner; also, a concurrent resolution for the House of Representatives to appoint a joint special committee to investigate the transactions of the Land Commissioner; also, the concurrent resolution of Hon. E. S. J. Hayes asking the appointment of a committee of three Senators and members of the House, reported back the same, and recommended that the resolutions of Mr. McIntyre and the House Committee resolution do lie on the table, and the resolution of Mr. Hayes be adopted.

Mr. Whitmore, from the same Committee, submitted a minority report, with a recommendation that Messrs. Whitmore, Owens, and Corbin be appointed a Special Committee to investigate the affairs of the Land Commissioner, past and present, with power to send for persons and papers.

Both reports were ordered for consideration on Monday next and to be printed.

The Senate then, at 2:30 p. m. took a recess for ten minutes, at the expiration of that time the President called the Senate to order.

The House returned to the Senate with concurrence, a Senate concurrent resolution to enter into an election for Judges, at 2:30 p. m.

Pursuant to this resolution, the Senate at 2:30 p. m., proceeded to the hall of the House and entered into the election. After the joint committee was adjourned, the Senate was called to order, and immediately adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House met at 12 m. A message was received from the Governor, transmitting the report of the State Superintendent of Education.

Mr. Wilkes, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported favorably on a bill supplementary to an Act to authorize fiduciaries to sell certain evidences of indebtedness. Also, favorable on a concurrent resolution to authorize the Attorney General to summon an additional Solicitor, and recommend that the three Solicitors be paid \$10 per day each. Also, on a joint resolution to authorize the State Librarian to purchase certain books and recommend that the resolution be referred to the Committee on the Legislative Library. Adopted.

The Speaker announced the members of the Committee on Contingent Accounts.

Mr. Wilkes presented the petition of certain citizens of the town of Belton, praying an Act of incorporation.

Mr. Wilson presented the petition of certain citizens of the town of Belton, praying that it be not incorporated. Referred to the Committee on Incorporations.

Mr. Wilkes introduced a bill to provide for the administration of derelict estates; a bill to punish persons obtaining property under false pretences; a bill to cede to the United States jurisdiction of the State in lands acquired for public purposes by the United States. Read the first time and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. Also, a bill to incorporate the South Carolina Savings and Building Association, No. 2. Read the first time and referred to the Committee on Incorporations.

Mr. Hedges introduced a bill to authorize the Land Commission to purchase certain lands on Edisto and Wadmalaw Islands. Read the first time and referred to the Committee on Public Lands. Also, gave notice of articles of impeachment of Judge T. O. P. Vernon. Also, of a bill to appoint three commissioners in each County to draw jurors.

Mr. Mickey introduced a bill to regulate the payment of grand and petit jurors. Received its first reading and referred.

Mr. Levy introduced a bill to appoint inspectors of bridges and trestle works. Received its first reading and referred to the Committee on Bridges, Roads and Ferries. Also, gave notice of a bill to amend a joint resolution, authorizing the appointment of Fish Commissioners. Also, gave notice of a bill to compel the County Treasurers to receive County orders in payment of County taxes.

Mr. Andel gave notice of a bill to authorize the Land Commissioner to sell lands in parcels less than 25 acres.

Mr. Whipper rose to a question of privilege, and referred to an article in the Phenix, arraigning him as being disqualified for a seat in the General Assembly, and requested that the House would now decide the question as to his qualification. The Clerk, at his request, read the article.

Mr. Whipper charged that Mr. Hurley wrote the article. Mr. Hurley denied it. Mr. Whipper repeated his request, that the House decide the question, that he might immediately vacate his seat, if they decide that he is ineligible, and moved that W. J. Whipper be expelled.

Mr. Byas seconded the motion.

Mr. Hurley requested W. J. Whipper to withdraw the motion, and he did so, temporarily. Mr. Hurley said that the question of Mr. Whipper's eligibility never occurred to him before this morning. He desired Mr. Whipper to remain a member of the House, and hoped Mr. Whipper would at some time ascertain who wrote the article. He thought the writer was a member of the last General Assembly.

Mr. Whipper renewed his motion.

Mr. Byas renewed his second, and said that he did so in order that the House might show to the author of the paper in the "contemptible, scurrilous journal of this city," their opinion of the member, and that justice might be done to Mr. Whipper, either by expelling him, or deciding that he is eligible.

Mr. O'Connell moved that the question be referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. Moses, having left the chair, introduced as a substitute:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this House, the position of Commissioner to codify the laws is a mere position of employment by the State, and does not conflict with the right to hold a seat in this body.

The substitute was adopted, and the resolution contained in the substitute was then considered. Mr. Doyle earnestly protested against deciding such a grave question so precipitately.

Mr. Hunter thought the Attorney General ought to be requested to give a written opinion, before the question is decided.

Mr. Whipper said that it might be said hereafter that the Attorney General gave an opinion influenced by personal reasons.

Mr. Moses thought it insulting to the intelligence of the House to propose to obtain the opinion of the Attorney General or a committee. The yeas and nays were called on the question of adopting the resolution, and it was adopted. Mr. Whipper requested that the names of the members be read, which was done.

A message was received from the Senate, announcing that they had amended the House joint resolution to meet on the 10th December for election of Associate Justice of the Supreme Court and Judge of the First Circuit, by substituting 2 o'clock, on the 9th December.

Mr. Byas moved to rescind the said joint resolution. Adopted.

On motion, the concurrent resolution of the Senate was adopted.

Mr. Mobley offered the following resolution: That a committee of three of the House and of the Senate be appointed to investigate the affairs of the constabulary. Adopted.

At 1:30 the Senate came to the hall of the House, to enter into a joint ballot for an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court and a Judge of the First Circuit. J. J. Wright, Frank Arden, S. L. Hoge, Lawrence Cain and C. D. Melton were nominated for Associate Justice. Wright received 90 votes; Melton 20; Hoge 14; Cain 1. J. J. Wright was then declared elected.

For Judge of First Circuit, R. F. Graham, W. J. Whipper, W. Whaley and W. R. Jervey were nominated. Graham received 90 votes; Whaley 11; Whipper 4; Jervey 2. R. F. Graham was then declared elected.

The House was again called to order at 3 p. m.

The following resolution was offered and adopted: That when the House adjourns, it be to meet on Monday next, at 12 m.

The Chair announced the names of the members of the committee to investigate the official conduct of Judge T. O. P. Vernon.

The House then adjourned.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1870.

SENATE.

The Senate met at 12 m. A bill to make appropriations for the per diem and mileage of members of the General Assembly was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills, and read the third time.

Mr. Hayne gave notice of a bill to repeal the Act establishing the constabulary force.

Mr. Allen introduced a bill to authorize the Governor to appoint a Sheriff for Greenville, to fill the unexpired term of A. B. Vickers, deceased.

A resolution was received from the House, to appoint a committee to investigate the affairs of the Constabulary Department. Referred to Committee on Retrenchments.

Mr. Cardozo gave notice of a bill to authorize the State to support the inmates of the Lunatic Asylum, instead of the Counties, as heretofore.

Mr. Greene introduced a bill to amend an Act to abridge and simplify the rules, practice and pleading in the Courts of the State; also, a bill to extend the jurisdiction of Probate Judges; which were ordered for a second reading to-morrow.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill to define the law in relation to certain easements, and for other purposes.

Mr. Greene introduced a joint resolution to authorize the Attorney General to employ assistance in certain suits now pending, and to make an appropriation to pay for the same.

Reports (majority and minority) of the Committee on Public Lands (minority) of the Hon. Geo. F. McIntyre, concurrent resolution from the House of Representatives, and concurrent resolution of E. S. J. Hayes, relative to the appointment of committees to examine the affairs of the Land Commission, and also of the State Treasurer, with power to send for persons and papers, were presented. Mr. Hayes' resolution was adopted.

A resolution to require the Committee on Charitable Institutions to investigate all matters pertaining to the same and report, was adopted.

A bill to alter and amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide a mode by which to perpetuate testimony in relation to deeds, wills, choses in action, and other papers and records destroyed or lost during the recent war," was struck from the calendar.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES